
Brian M. Adams, Mohamed S. Ebeida, Michael S. Eldred, John D. Jakeman, Laura P. Swiler, J. Adam Stephens, Dena M. Vigil, Timothy M. Wildey
Optimization and Uncertainty Quantification Department

William J. Bohnhoff
Radiation Transport Department

Keith R. Dalbey
Mission Analysis and Simulation Department

John P. Eddy
System Readiness and Sustainment Technologies Department

Russell W. Hooper
Multiphysics Applications Department

Kenneth T. Hu
Validation and Uncertainty Quantification Department

Lara E. Bauman, Patricia D. Hough
Quantitative Modeling and Analysis Department

Sandia National Laboratories
P.O. Box 5800
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185

Ahmad Rushdi
Institute for Computational and Engineering Sciences

The University of Texas at Austin
P.O. Box 4.102
Austin, TX 78712
Abstract

The Dakota (Design Analysis Kit for Optimization and Terascale Applications) toolkit provides a flexible and extensible interface between simulation codes and iterative analysis methods. Dakota contains algorithms for optimization with gradient and nongradient-based methods; uncertainty quantification with sampling, reliability, and stochastic expansion methods; parameter estimation with nonlinear least squares methods; and sensitivity/variance analysis with design of experiments and parameter study methods. These capabilities may be used on their own or as components within advanced strategies such as surrogate-based optimization, mixed integer nonlinear programming, or optimization under uncertainty. By employing object-oriented design to implement abstractions of the key components required for iterative systems analyses, the Dakota toolkit provides a flexible and extensible problem-solving environment for design and performance analysis of computational models on high performance computers.

This report describes the Dakota class hierarchies. It is derived from annotation of the source code and provides detailed class documentation, including all member functions and attributes.
## Contents

1 Dakota Developers Manual 11
   1.1 Introduction ..................................................... 11
   1.2 Overview of Dakota ............................................ 11
   1.3 Services ......................................................... 16
   1.4 Development Practices and Guidance ......................... 16
   1.5 Additional Resources ........................................... 17

2 Coding Style Guidelines and Conventions 19
   2.1 Introduction ..................................................... 19
   2.2 C++/c Style Guidelines ......................................... 19
   2.3 File Naming Conventions ....................................... 21
   2.4 Class Documentation Conventions ............................. 22
   2.5 CMake Style Guidelines ........................................ 22

3 Instructions for Modifying Dakota’s Input Specification 25
   3.1 New XML specification ......................................... 25
   3.2 Deprecated: Modify dakota.input.nspec ........................ 27
   3.3 Rebuild generated files ........................................ 28
   3.4 Update NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp in Dakota/src ............ 28
   3.5 Update ProblemDescDB.cpp in Dakota/src .................... 29
   3.6 Update Corresponding Data Classes .......................... 30
   3.7 Use get,<data_type>() Functions ............................. 31
   3.8 Update the Documentation ..................................... 31

4 Understanding Iterator Flow 33

5 Interfacing with Dakota as a Library 35
   5.1 Introduction ..................................................... 35
   5.2 Basic Dakota library instantiation ........................... 36
   5.3 Configuring Dakota operation .................................. 37
   5.4 Creating a simulator plugin interface ........................ 40
   5.5 Retrieving data after a run ................................... 43
   5.6 Linking against the Dakota library .......................... 43

6 Performing Function Evaluations 45
   6.1 Synchronous function evaluations ............................. 45
   6.2 Asynchronous function evaluations ............................ 45
   6.3 Analyses within each function evaluation .................... 46
7 Working with Variable Containers and Views 47
  7.1 Storage in Variables 47
  7.2 Storage in SharedVariablesData 48
  7.3 Active and inactive views 49

8 Namespace Index 51
  8.1 Namespace List 51

9 Hierarchical Index 53
  9.1 Class Hierarchy 53

10 Class Index 59
  10.1 Class List 59

11 File Index 69
  11.1 File List 69

12 Namespace Documentation 71
  12.1 Dakota Namespace Reference 71
  12.2 SIM Namespace Reference 352

13 Class Documentation 353
  13.1 ActiveSet Class Reference 353
  13.2 Analyzer Class Reference 355
  13.3 ApplicationInterface Class Reference 362
  13.4 Approximation Class Reference 377
  13.5 ApproximationInterface Class Reference 384
  13.6 APPSEvalMgr Class Reference 389
  13.7 APPSOptimizer Class Reference 392
  13.8 ApreproWriter Class Reference 395
  13.9 BaseConstructor Struct Reference 395
  13.10 BootstrapSampler< Data > Class Template Reference 396
  13.11 BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > > Class Template Reference 397
  13.12 BootstrapSamplerBase< Data > Class Template Reference 398
  13.13 BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter > Class Template Reference 399
  13.14 callback_data Struct Reference 400
  13.15 COLINAapplication Class Reference 400
  13.16 COLINOptimizer Class Reference 403
  13.17 CollabHybridMetaIterator Class Reference 408
  13.18 CommandLineHandler Class Reference 409
  13.19 CommandShell Class Reference 410
  13.20 ConcurrentMetaIterator Class Reference 412
  13.21 CONMINOptimizer Class Reference 415
  13.22 ConsoleRedirector Class Reference 421
  13.23 Constraints Class Reference 423
  13.24 DataEnvironment Class Reference 432
  13.25 DataEnvironmentRep Class Reference 433
  13.26 DataFitSurrModel Class Reference 435
  13.27 DataInterface Class Reference 447
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Class Reference</th>
<th>Reference Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13.28</td>
<td>DataMethod</td>
<td>448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.29</td>
<td>DataMethodRep</td>
<td>449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.30</td>
<td>DataModel</td>
<td>463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.31</td>
<td>DataModelRep</td>
<td>464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.32</td>
<td>DataResponses</td>
<td>469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.33</td>
<td>DataResponsesRep</td>
<td>470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.34</td>
<td>DataTransformModel</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.35</td>
<td>DataVariables</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.36</td>
<td>DataVariablesRep</td>
<td>479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.37</td>
<td>DDACEDesignCompExp</td>
<td>492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.38</td>
<td>DirectApplicInterface</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.39</td>
<td>DiscrepancyCorrection</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.40</td>
<td>DOTOptimizer</td>
<td>503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.41</td>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Driver</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.42</td>
<td>EffGlobalMinimizer</td>
<td>509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.43</td>
<td>EfficientSubspaceMethod</td>
<td>511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.44</td>
<td>EmbedHybridMetaIterator</td>
<td>515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.45</td>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.46</td>
<td>NomadOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.47</td>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.48</td>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator</td>
<td>528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.49</td>
<td>ExecutableEnvironment</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.50</td>
<td>ExperimentData</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.51</td>
<td>ExperimentResponse</td>
<td>537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.52</td>
<td>FileReadException</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.53</td>
<td>ForkApplicInterface</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.54</td>
<td>FSUDesignCompExp</td>
<td>541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.55</td>
<td>FunctionEvalFailure</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.56</td>
<td>GaussProcApproximation</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.57</td>
<td>GeneralReader</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.58</td>
<td>GeneralWriter</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.59</td>
<td>GetLongOpt</td>
<td>551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.60</td>
<td>Graphics</td>
<td>554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.61</td>
<td>GridApplicInterface</td>
<td>556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.62</td>
<td>HierarchSurrModel</td>
<td>557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.63</td>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.64</td>
<td>Iterator</td>
<td>570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.65</td>
<td>IteratorScheduler</td>
<td>584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.66</td>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.67</td>
<td>LabelsWriter</td>
<td>595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.68</td>
<td>LeastSq</td>
<td>596</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.69</td>
<td>LibraryEnvironment</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.70</td>
<td>LightWtBaseConstructor</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.71</td>
<td>MatchesWC</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.72</td>
<td>MatlabInterface</td>
<td>603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.73</td>
<td>MetaIterator</td>
<td>604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.74</td>
<td>Minimizer</td>
<td>606</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.75</td>
<td>MixedVarConstraints</td>
<td>614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.76</td>
<td>MixedVariables</td>
<td>615</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.77 Model Class Reference ............................................................... 617
13.78 MPIManager Class Reference .................................................. 648
13.79 MPIPackBuffer Class Reference ............................................... 649
13.80 MPIUnpackBuffer Class Reference ........................................... 651
13.81 NCSUOptimizer Class Reference .............................................. 653
13.82 NestedModel Class Reference .................................................. 656
13.83 NIDRProblemDescDB Class Reference ....................................... 667
13.84 NL2Res Struct Reference ......................................................... 672
13.85 NL2SOLLeastSq Class Reference ............................................. 672
13.86 NLPQLPOptimizer Class Reference .......................................... 675
13.87 NLSOLLeastSq Class Reference ............................................... 680
13.88 NoDBBaseConstructor Struct Reference ................................... 681
13.89 NomadOptimizer Class Reference .......................................... 682
13.90 NonD Class Reference .............................................................. 684
13.91 NonDAdaptImpSampling Class Reference .................................... 695
13.92 NonDAdaptiveSampling Class Reference ..................................... 699
13.93 NonDBayesCalibration Class Reference ..................................... 704
13.94 NonDCalibration Class Reference ............................................ 709
13.95 NonDCubature Class Reference ............................................... 711
13.96 NonDDREAMBayesCalibration Class Reference .............................. 713
13.97 NonDExpansion Class Reference ............................................. 716
13.98 NonDGlobalEvidence Class Reference ....................................... 723
13.99 NonDGlobalInterval Class Reference ........................................ 724
13.100 NonDLocalReliability Class Reference ..................................... 727
13.101 NonDLocalSingleInterval Class Reference ................................. 730
13.102 NonDLocalImpSampling Class Reference ................................... 731
13.103 NonDLocalGlobalEvidence Class Reference ................................. 734
13.104 NonDLocalGlobalInterval Class Reference .................................. 736
13.105 NonDLocalReliability Class Reference ..................................... 739
13.106 NonDLocalSingleInterval Class Reference ................................. 741
13.107 NonDLocalImpSampling Class Reference ................................... 743
13.108 NonDLHSEvidence Class Reference ......................................... 744
13.109 NonDLHSInterval Class Reference ........................................... 746
13.110 NonDLHSSampling Class Reference ......................................... 748
13.111 NonDLHSSingleInterval Class Reference .................................... 750
13.112 NonDReliability Class Reference ............................................ 751
13.113 NonDReliability Class Reference ............................................ 753
13.114 NonDLocalSingleInterval Class Reference ................................. 763
13.115 NonDMultilevelSampling Class Reference .................................. 764
13.116 NonDPDFDarts Class Reference ............................................. 766
13.117 NonDPolynomialChaos Class Reference .................................... 768
13.118 NonDQuadrature Class Reference ............................................ 773
13.119 NonDQUESOBayesCalibration Class Reference ............................ 777
13.120 NonDRKDDarts Class Reference ............................................. 783
13.121 NonDSparseGrid Class Reference ............................................ 784
13.122 NonDSampling Class Reference .............................................. 787
13.123 NonDSparseGrid Class Reference ............................................ 795
13.124 NonDStochCollocation Class Reference .................................... 798
13.125 NonDWasabiBayesCalibration Class Reference............................... 800
CONTENTS

13.12 NonlinearCGOptimizer Class Reference ........................................ 803
13.12 NPSOLOptimizer Class Reference .................................................. 806
13.12 OptDartsOptimizer Class Reference .............................................. 809
13.12 Optimizer Class Reference ........................................................... 811
13.13 OutputManager Class Reference .................................................... 816
13.13 OutputWriter Class Reference ....................................................... 819
13.13 ParallelConfiguration Class Reference ......................................... 820
13.13 ParallelDirectApplicInterface Class Reference ............................. 822
13.13 ParallelLevel Class Reference ........................................................ 823
13.13 ParallelLibrary Class Reference .................................................... 826
13.13 ParamResponsePair Class Reference .............................................. 835
13.13 ParamStudy Class Reference .......................................................... 839
13.13 partial_prp::equality Struct Reference ........................................ 844
13.13 partial_prp::hash Struct Reference ............................................... 844
13.14 PebblBranding Class Reference ..................................................... 845
13.14 PebblBranchSub Class Reference ................................................... 846
13.14 PebblMinimizer Class Reference .................................................... 848
13.14 PecosApproximation Class Reference ........................................... 850
13.14 ProblemDescDB Class Reference .................................................... 855
13.14 ProcessApplicInterface Class Reference ....................................... 865
13.14 ProcessHandleApplicInterface Class Reference ............................. 869
13.14 ProgramOptions Class Reference .................................................. 873
13.14 StudyDACE Class Reference .......................................................... 878
13.14 SUADEDesignCompExp Class Reference ....................................... 880
13.15 PythonInterface Class Reference ................................................... 883
13.15 QuesoJointPdf< V, M > Class Template Reference ........................ 884
13.15 QuesoVectorRV< V, M > Class Template Reference ........................ 885
13.15 RecastModel Class Reference ........................................................ 886
13.15 ReducedBasis Class Reference ....................................................... 895
13.15 RelaxedVarConstraints Class Reference ....................................... 895
13.15 RelaxedVariables Class Reference ................................................ 897
13.15 Response Class Reference ............................................................. 899
13.15 RestartWriter Class Reference ....................................................... 906
13.15 ResultsDBAny Class Reference ...................................................... 907
13.16 ResultsEntry< StoredType > Class Template Reference .................. 909
13.16 ResultsFileError Class Reference .................................................. 910
13.16 ResultsID Class Reference ............................................................. 911
13.16 ResultsManager Class Reference .................................................... 912
13.16 ResultsNames Class Reference ...................................................... 914
13.16 RichExtrapVerification Class Reference ....................................... 915
13.16 ScalingModel Class Reference ....................................................... 917
13.16 ScalingOptions Class Reference ..................................................... 923
13.16 ScilabInterface Class Reference .................................................... 924
13.16 SensAnalysisGlobal Class Reference ............................................ 925
13.17 SeqHybridMetaIterator Class Reference ....................................... 927
13.17 SerialDirectApplicInterface Class Reference .............................. 930
13.17 SharedApproxData Class Reference .............................................. 932
13.17 SharedPecosApproxData Class Reference ...................................... 937
13.17 SharedResponseData Class Reference ............................................ 939
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13.175</td>
<td>SharedResponseDataRep Class Reference</td>
<td>942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.176</td>
<td>SharedSurfpackApproxData Class Reference</td>
<td>944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.177</td>
<td>SharedVariablesData Class Reference</td>
<td>945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.178</td>
<td>SharedVariablesDataRep Class Reference</td>
<td>951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.179</td>
<td>SimulationResponse Class Reference</td>
<td>956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.180</td>
<td>SingleModel Class Reference</td>
<td>957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.181</td>
<td>SNLLBase Class Reference</td>
<td>959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.182</td>
<td>SNLLLeastSq Class Reference</td>
<td>961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.183</td>
<td>SNLOptimizer Class Reference</td>
<td>964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.184</td>
<td>SOLBase Class Reference</td>
<td>971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.185</td>
<td>SpawnApplicInterface Class Reference</td>
<td>973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.186</td>
<td>SurfpackApproximation Class Reference</td>
<td>974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.187</td>
<td>SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer Class Reference</td>
<td>978</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.188</td>
<td>SurrBasedLocalMinimizer Class Reference</td>
<td>979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.189</td>
<td>SurrBasedMinimizer Class Reference</td>
<td>986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.190</td>
<td>surrogateModel Class Reference</td>
<td>990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.191</td>
<td>SysCallApplicInterface Class Reference</td>
<td>994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.192</td>
<td>tabularDataTruncated Class Reference</td>
<td>998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.193</td>
<td>tabularReader Class Reference</td>
<td>998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.194</td>
<td>tabularWriter Class Reference</td>
<td>999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.195</td>
<td>TANA3Approximation Class Reference</td>
<td>999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.196</td>
<td>TaylorApproximation Class Reference</td>
<td>1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.197</td>
<td>TestDriverInterface Class Reference</td>
<td>1002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.198</td>
<td>TrackerHTTP Class Reference</td>
<td>1009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.199</td>
<td>UsageTracker Class Reference</td>
<td>1011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.200</td>
<td>Varicheck Struct Reference</td>
<td>1012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.201</td>
<td>var_check Struct Reference</td>
<td>1012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.202</td>
<td>Variables Class Reference</td>
<td>1013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.203</td>
<td>Verification Class Reference</td>
<td>1022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.204</td>
<td>VLint Struct Reference</td>
<td>1024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.205</td>
<td>VLreal Struct Reference</td>
<td>1024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.206</td>
<td>VLstr Struct Reference</td>
<td>1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.207</td>
<td>VPSApproximation Class Reference</td>
<td>1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.208</td>
<td>WorkdirHelper Class Reference</td>
<td>1029</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 14 | File Documentation | 1035 |
| 14.1 | dakota_dll_api.cpp File Reference | 1035 |
| 14.2 | dakota_dll_api.h File Reference | 1036 |
| 14.3 | dakota_linear_algebra.hpp File Reference | 1037 |
| 14.4 | dakota_tabular_io.hpp File Reference | 1037 |
| 14.5 | dll_tester.cpp File Reference | 1040 |
| 14.6 | JEGAOptimizer.cpp File Reference | 1040 |
| 14.7 | JEGAOptimizer.hpp File Reference | 1041 |
| 14.8 | library_mode.cpp File Reference | 1041 |
| 14.9 | library_split.cpp File Reference | 1045 |
| 14.10 | main.cpp File Reference | 1045 |
| 14.11 | restart_util.cpp File Reference | 1046 |

**Index** | 1048
Chapter 1

Dakota Developers Manual

1.1 Introduction

The Dakota (Design Analysis Kit for Optimization and Terascale Applications) toolkit provides a flexible, extensible interface between analysis codes and iteration methods. Dakota contains algorithms for optimization with gradient and nongradient-based methods, uncertainty quantification with sampling, reliability, stochastic expansion, and interval estimation methods, parameter estimation with nonlinear least squares methods, and sensitivity/variance analysis with design of experiments and parameter study capabilities. (Solution verification and Bayesian approaches are also in development.) These capabilities may be used on their own or as components within advanced algorithms such as surrogate-based optimization, mixed integer nonlinear programming, mixed aleatory-epistemic uncertainty quantification, or optimization under uncertainty. By employing object-oriented design to implement abstractions of the key components required for iterative systems analyses, the Dakota toolkit provides a flexible problem-solving environment for design and performance analysis of computational models on high performance computers.

The Developers Manual focuses on documentation of Dakota design principles and class structures; it derives principally from annotated source code. For information on input command syntax, refer to the Reference Manual, and for more details on Dakota features and capabilities, refer to the Users Manual.

1.2 Overview of Dakota

In Dakota, the environment manages execution modes and input/output streams and defines the top-level iterator. This top-level iterator may be either a standard iterator or a meta-iterator. In the former case, the iterator identifies a model and the environment executes the iterator on the model to perform a single study. In the latter case, iterator recursions are present and sub-iterators may identify their own models. In both cases, models may contain additional recursions in the case of nested iteration or surrogate modeling. In a simple example, a hybrid meta-iterator might manage a global optimizer operating on a low-fidelity model that feeds promising design points into a local optimizer operating on a high-fidelity model. And in a more advanced example, a surrogate-based optimization under uncertainty approach would employ an uncertainty quantification iterator nested within an
optimization iterator and would employ truth models contained within surrogate models. Thus, iterators and models provide both stand-alone capabilities as well as building blocks for more sophisticated studies.

A model contains a set of variables, an interface, and a set of responses, and the iterator operates on the model to map the variables into responses using the interface. Each of these components is a flexible abstraction with a variety of specializations for supporting different types of iterative studies. In a Dakota input file, the user specifies these components through environment, method, model, variables, interface, and responses keyword specifications.

The use of class hierarchies provides a mechanism for extensibility in Dakota components. In each of the various class hierarchies, adding a new capability typically involves deriving a new class and providing a set of virtual function redefinitions. These redefinitions define the coding portions specific to the new derived class, with the common portions already defined at the base class. Thus, with a small amount of new code, the existing facilities can be extended, reused, and leveraged for new purposes. The following sections tour Dakota’s class organization.

1.2.1 Environment

Class hierarchy: Environment.

Environments provide the top level abstraction for managing different execution modes and managing input and output streams. Specific environments include:

- **ExecutableEnvironment**: the environment for execution of Dakota as a stand-alone application.
- **LibraryEnvironment**: the environment for execution of Dakota as an embedded library service.

1.2.2 Iterators

Class hierarchy: Iterator. Iterator implementations may choose to split operations up into run-time phases as described in Understanding Iterator Flow.

The iterator hierarchy contains a variety of iterative algorithms for optimization, uncertainty quantification, nonlinear least squares, design of experiments, and parameter studies. The hierarchy is divided into MetaIterator, Minimizer, and Analyzer branches.

The MetaIterator classes manage sequencing and collaboration among multiple methods with support for concurrent iterator parallelism. Methods include:

- **SeqHybridMetaIterator**: hybrid minimization using a set of iterators employing a corresponding set of models of varying fidelity. The sequential hybrid passes the best solutions from one method in as the starting points of the next method in the sequence.
- **CollabHybridMetaIterator**: hybrid minimization employing collaboration and sharing of response data among methods during the course if iteration. This class is currently a placeholder.
- **EmbedHybridMetaIterator**: hybrid minimization involving periodic use of a local search method for refinement during the iteration of an outer global method. This class is currently a placeholder.
- **ConcurrentMetaIterator**: two similar algorithms are available: (1) multi-start iteration from several different starting points, and (2) pareto set optimization for several different multi-objective weightings. Employs a single iterator with a single model, but runs multiple instances of the iterator concurrently for different settings within the model.

The Minimizer classes address optimization and deterministic calibration and are grouped into:
1.2. OVERVIEW OF DAKOTA

- Optimization: Optimizer provides a base class for gradient-based (e.g., CONMINOptimizer and SNL-LOptimizer) and derivative-free (e.g., NCSUOptimizer, JEGAOptimizer) optimization solvers. Most of these are wrappers for third-party libraries that implement the optimization algorithms. Classes APPS-EvalMgr and COLINApplication provide the function evaluation interface for APPSOptimizer and COLIN-NOptimizer, respectively.

- Parameter estimation: LeastSq provides a base class for NL2SOLLeastSq, a least-squares solver based on NL2SOL, SNLLLeastSq, a Gauss-Newton least-squares solver, and NLSSOLLeastSq, an SQP-based least-squares solver.

- Surrogate-based minimization (both optimization and nonlinear least squares): SurrBasedMinimizer provides a base class for SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer, and EffGlobalMinimizer. The surrogate-based local and global methods employ a single iterator with any of the available Surrogate-Model capabilities (local, multipoint, or global data fits or hierarchical approximations) and perform a sequence of approximate optimizations, each involving build, optimize, and verify steps. The efficient global method, on the other hand, hard-wires a recursion involving Gaussian process surrogate models coupled with the DIRECT global optimizer to maximize an expected improvement function.

The Analyzer classes are grouped into:

- Uncertainty quantification: NonD provides a base class for non-deterministic methods in several categories:
  - Sampling: NonDSampling is further specialized with the NonDLHSSampling class for Latin hypercube and Monte Carlo sampling, and a number of other classes supporting incremental and adaptive sampling such as NonDAdaptImpSampling for multi-modal adaptive importance sampling.
  - Reliability Analysis: NonDReliability is further specialized with local and global methods (NonDLocalReliability and NonDGlobalReliability). NonDPOFDarts implements a computational geometry-based reliability method.
  - Stochastic Expansions: NonDExpansion includes specializations for generalized polynomial chaos (NonDPolynomialChaos) and stochastic collocation (NonDStochCollocation) and is supported by the NonDIntegration helper class, which supplies cubature, tensor-product quadrature and Smolyak sparse grid methods (NonDCubature, NonDQuadrature, and NonDSparseGrid).
  - Bayesian Calibration: NonDCalibration provides a base class for nondeterministic calibration methods with specialization to Bayesian calibration in NonDBayesCalibration, and specific implementations such as NonDQUESOBayesCalibration.
  - NonDInterval provides a base class for epistemic interval-based UQ methods. Three interval analysis approaches are provided: LHS (NonDLHSSInterval), efficient global optimization (NonDGlobalInterval), and local optimization (NonDLocalInterval). Each of these three has specializations for single interval and Dempster-Shafer Theory of Evidence approaches.
  - Experimental: EfficientSubspaceMethod implements a prototype input-space dimension reduction method for UQ.

- Parameter studies and design of experiments: PStudyDACE provides a base class for ParamStudy, which provides capabilities for directed parameter space interrogation, PSUADEDCompExp, which provides access to the Morris One-At-a-Time (MOAT) method for parameter screening, and DDACECompExp and FSUEDCompExp, which provide for parameter space exploration through design and analysis of computer experiments. NonDLHSSampling from the uncertainty quantification branch also supports design of experiments when in active all variables mode.

- Solution verification studies: Verification provides a base class for RichExtrapVerification (verification via Richardson extrapolation) and other solution verification methods in development.
1.2.3 Models

Class hierarchy: Model.

The model classes are responsible for mapping variables into responses when an iterator makes a function evaluation request. There are several types of models, some supporting sub-iterators and sub-models for enabling layered and nested relationships. When sub-models are used, they may be of arbitrary type so that a variety of recursions are supported.

- **SingleModel**: variables are mapped into responses using a single Interface object. No sub-iterators or sub-models are used.

- **SurrogateModel**: variables are mapped into responses using an approximation. The approximation is built and/or corrected using data from a sub-model (the truth model) and the data may be obtained using a sub-iterator (a design of experiments iterator). **SurrogateModel** has two derived classes: **DataFitSurrModel** for data fit surrogates and **HierarchSurrModel** for hierarchical models of varying fidelity. The relationship of the sub-iterators and sub-models is considered to be "layered" since they are not used as part of every response evaluation on the top level model, but rather used periodically in surrogate update and verification steps.

- **NestedModel**: variables are mapped into responses using a combination of an optional Interface and a sub-iterator/sub-model pair. The relationship of the sub-iterators and sub-models is considered to be "nested" since they are used to perform a complete iterative study as part of every response evaluation on the top level model.

- **RecastModel**: recasts the inputs and outputs of a sub-model for the purposes of variable transformations (e.g., variable scaling, transformations to standardized random variables) and problem reformulation (e.g., multi-objective optimization, response scaling, augmented Lagrangian merit functions, expected improvement).

1.2.4 Variables

Class hierarchy: Variables.

The Variables class hierarchy manages design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, and state variable types for continuous, discrete integer, and discrete real domain types. This hierarchy is specialized according to how the domain types are managed:

- **MixedVariables**: domain type distinctions are retained, such that separate continuous, discrete integer, and discrete real domain types are managed. This is the default Variable perspective, and draws its name from "mixed continuous-discrete" optimization.

- **RelaxedVariables**: domain types are combined through relaxation of discrete constraints; i.e., continuous and discrete variables are merged into continuous arrays through relaxation of integrality (for discrete integer ranges) or set membership (for discrete integer or discrete real sets) requirements. The branch and bound minimizer is the only method using this approach at present.

Whereas domain types are defined based on the derived Variables class selection, the selection of active variable types is handled within each of these derived classes using variable views. These permit different algorithms to work on different subsets of variables. Data shared among Variables instances is stored in SharedVariablesData. For details on managing variables, see Working with Variable Containers and Views.

The Constraints hierarchy manages bound, linear, and nonlinear constraints and utilizes the same specializations for managing bounds on the variables (see MixedVarConstraints and RelaxedVarConstraints).
1.2.5 Interfaces

Class hierarchy: Interface.

Interfaces provide access to simulation codes or, conversely, approximations based on simulation code data. In the simulation case, an ApplicationInterface is used. ApplicationInterface is specialized according to the simulation invocation mechanism, for which the following nonintrusive approaches are supported:

- **SysCallApplicInterface**: the simulation is invoked using a system call (the C function `system()`). Asynchronous invocation utilizes a background system call. Utilizes the CommandShell utility.

- **ForkApplicInterface**: the simulation is invoked using a fork (the `fork/exec/wait` family of functions). Asynchronous invocation utilizes a nonblocking fork.

- **SpawnApplicInterface**: for Windows, fork is replaced by spawn. Asynchronous invocation utilizes a nonblocking spawn.

Fork and Spawn are inherited from ProcessHandleApplicInterface and System and ProcessHandle are inherited from ProcessApplicInterface. A semi-intrusive approach is also supported by:

- **DirectApplicInterface**: the simulation is linked into the Dakota executable and is invoked using a procedure call. Asynchronous invocations will utilize nonblocking threads (capability not yet available). Specializations of the direct interface are implemented in MatlabInterface, PythonInterface, ScilabInterface, and (for built-in testers) TestDriverInterface, while examples of plugin interfaces for library mode in serial and parallel, respectively, are included in SerialDirectApplicInterface and ParallelDirectApplicInterface.

Scheduling of jobs for asynchronous local, message passing, and hybrid parallelism approaches is performed in the ApplicationInterface class, with job initiation and job capture specifics implemented in the derived classes.

In the approximation case, global, multipoint, or local data fit approximations to simulation code response data can be built and used as surrogates for the actual, expensive simulation. The interface class providing this capability is:

- **ApproximationInterface**: builds an approximation using data from a truth model and then employs the approximation for mapping variables to responses. This class contains an array of Approximation objects, one per response function, which support a variety of approximation types using the different Approximation derived classes. These include SurfpackApproximation (provides kriging, MARS, moving least squares, neural network, polynomial regression, and radial basis functions), GaussProcApproximation (Gaussian process models), PecosApproximation (multivariate orthogonal and Lagrange interpolation polynomials from Pecos), TANA3Approximation (two-point adaptive nonlinearity approximation), and TaylorApproximation (local Taylor series).

which is an essential component within the DataFitSurrModel capability described above in Models.

1.2.6 Responses

Class: Response.

The Response class provides an abstract data representation of response functions and their first and second derivatives (gradient vectors and Hessian matrices). These response functions can be interpreted as objective functions and constraints (optimization data set), residual functions and constraints (least squares data set), or generic response functions (uncertainty quantification data set). This class is not currently part of a class hierarchy, since the abstraction has been sufficiently general and has not required specialization.
CHAPTER 1. DAKOTA DEVELOPERS MANUAL

1.3 Services

A variety of services and utilities are used in Dakota for parallel computing, failure capturing, restart, graphics, etc. An overview of the classes and member functions involved in performing these services is included here.

- Multilevel parallel computing: Dakota supports multiple levels of nested parallelism. A meta-iterator can manage concurrent iterators, each of which manages concurrent function evaluations, each of which manages concurrent analyses executing on multiple processors. Partitioning of these levels with MPI communicators is managed in ParallelLibrary and scheduling routines for the levels are part of IteratorScheduler, ApplicationInterface, and ForkApplicInterface.

- Option management: Global options controlling behavior are managed in ProgramOptions, with the help of command-line option parsing in CommandLineHandler.

- Parsing: Dakota employs NIDR (New Input Deck Reader) via Dakota::ProblemDescDB::parse inputs to parse user input files. NIDR uses the keyword handlers in the NIDRProblemDescDB derived class to populate data within the ProblemDescDB base class, which maintains a DataEnvironment specification and lists of DataMethod, DataModel, DataVariables, DataInterface, and DataResponses specifications. Procedures for modifying the parsing subsystem are described in Instructions for Modifying Dakota’s Input Specification.

- Failure capturing: Simulation failures can be trapped and managed using exception handling in ApplicationInterface and its derived classes.

- Restart: Dakota maintains a record of all function evaluations both in memory (for capturing any duplication) and on the file system (for restarting runs). Restart options are managed through ProgramOptions (with the help of CommandLineHandler); file management in OutputManager; and restart file insertions occur in ApplicationInterface. The dakota_restart_util executable, built from restart_util.cpp, provides a variety of services for interrogating, converting, repairing, concatenating, and post-processing restart files.

- Memory management: Dakota employs the techniques of reference counting and representation sharing through the use of letter-envelope and handle-body idioms (Coplien, ”Advanced C++”). The former idiom provides for memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism in the following class hierarchies: Environment, Iterator, Model, Variables, Constraints, Interface, ProblemDescDB, and Approximation. The latter idiom provides for memory efficiency in data-intensive classes which do not involve a class hierarchy. The Response and parser data (DataEnvironment, DataMethod, DataModel, DataVariables, DataInterface, and DataResponses) classes use this idiom. When managing reference-counted data containers (e.g., Variables or Response objects), it is important to properly manage shallow and deep copies, to allow for both efficiency and data independence as needed in a particular context.

- Graphics and Output: Dakota provides 2D iteration history graphics using Motif widgets. Graphics data can also be cataloged in a tabular data file for post-processing with 3rd party tools such as Matlab, Tecplot, etc. These capabilities are encapsulated within the Graphics class. An experimental results database is implemented in ResultsManager and ResultsDBAny. Options for controlling output and facilities for managing it are in OutputManager.

1.4 Development Practices and Guidance

The following links provide guidance for core software components or specific development activities:

- Coding Style Guidelines and Conventions - coding practices used by the Dakota development team.
1.5. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- Instructions for Modifying Dakota’s Input Specification - how to interact with NIDR and the associated Dakota classes.
- Interfacing with Dakota as a Library - embed Dakota as a service within your application.
- Understanding Iterator Flow - explanation of the full granularity of steps in Iterator execution.
- Performing Function Evaluations - an overview of the classes and member functions involved in performing function evaluations synchronously or asynchronously.
- Working with Variable Containers and Views - discussion of data storage for variables and explanation of active and inactive views of this data.

1.5 Additional Resources

Additional development resources include:

- The Dakota Developer Portal linked from http://dakota.sandia.gov/developer/ includes information on getting started as a developer and links to project management resources.
- Project web pages are maintained at http://dakota.sandia.gov/ including links to frequently asked questions, documentation, publications, mailing lists, and other resources.
Chapter 2

Coding Style Guidelines and Conventions

2.1 Introduction

Common code development practices can be extremely useful in multiple developer environments. Particular styles for code components lead to improved readability of the code and can provide important visual cues to other developers. Much of this recommended practices document is borrowed from the CUBIT mesh generation project, which in turn borrows its recommended practices from other projects, yielding some consistency across Sandia projects. While not strict requirements, these guidelines suggest a best-practices starting point for coding in Dakota.

2.2 C++/c Style Guidelines

Style guidelines involve the ability to discern at a glance the type and scope of a variable or function.

2.2.1 Class and variable styles

Class names should be composed of two or more descriptive words, with the first character of each word capitalized, e.g.:

```c
class ClassName;
```

Class member variables should be composed of two or more descriptive words, with the first character of the second and succeeding words capitalized, e.g.:

```c
double classMemberVariable;
```

Temporary (i.e. local) variables are lower case, with underscores separating words in a multiple word temporary variable, e.g.:

```c
int temporary_variable;
```

Constants (i.e. parameters) and enumeration values are upper case, with underscores separating words, e.g.:

```c
const double CONSTANT_VALUE;
```
CHAPTER 2. CODING STYLE GUIDELINES AND CONVENTIONS

2.2.2 Function styles

Function names are lower case, with underscores separating words, e.g.:

```c
int function_name();
```

There is no need to distinguish between member and non-member functions by style, as this distinction is usually clear by context. This style convention allows member function names which set and return the value of a similarly-named private member variable, e.g.:

```c
int memberVariable;
void member_variable(int a) { // set
    memberVariable = a;
}
int member_variable() const { // get
    return memberVariable;
}
```

In cases where the data to be set or returned is more than a few bytes, it is highly desirable to employ const references to avoid unnecessary copying, e.g.:

```c
void continuous_variables(const RealVector& c_vars) { // set
    continuousVariables = c_vars;
}
const RealVector& continuous_variables() const { // get
    return continuousVariables;
}
```

Note that it is not necessary to always accept the returned data as a const reference. If it is desired to be able change this data, then accepting the result as a new variable will generate a copy, e.g.:

```c
// reference to continuousVariables cannot be changed
const RealVector& c_vars = model.continuous_variables();
// local copy of continuousVariables can be changed
RealVector c_vars = model.continuous_variables();
```

2.2.3 Miscellaneous

Appearance of typedefs to redefine or alias basic types is isolated to a few header files (`data_types.h`, `template_defs.h`), so that issues like program precision can be changed by changing a few lines of typedefs rather than many lines of code, e.g.:

```c
typedef double Real;
```

**xemacs** is the preferred source code editor, as it has C++ modes for enhancing readability through color (turn on "Syntax highlighting"). Other helpful features include "Paren highlighting" for matching parentheses and the "New Frame" utility to have more than one window operating on the same set of files (note that this is still the same edit session, so all windows are synchronized with each other). Window width should be set to 80 internal columns, which can be accomplished by manual resizing, or preferably, using the following alias in your shell resource file (e.g., `.cshrc`):

```bash
alias xemacs "xemacs -g 81x63"
```

where an external width of 81 gives 80 columns internal to the window and the desired height of the window will vary depending on monitor size. This window width imposes a coding standard since you should avoid line wrapping by continuing anything over 80 columns onto the next line.

Indenting increments are 2 spaces per indent and comments are aligned with the code they describe, e.g.
2.3. FILE NAMING CONVENTIONS

Also, the continuation of a long command is indented 2 spaces, e.g.:

```c
const String& iterator_scheduling
    = problem_db.get_string("strategy.iterator.scheduling");
```

and similar lines are aligned for readability, e.g.:

```c
cout << "Numerical gradients using " << finiteDiffStepSize*100. << "%"
    << finiteDiffType << " differences to be calculated by the "
    << methodSource << " finite difference routine." << endl;
```

Lastly, #ifdef’s are not indented (to make use of syntax highlighting in xemacs).

2.3 File Naming Conventions

In addition to the style outlined above, the following file naming conventions have been established for the Dakota project.

File names for C++ classes should, in general, use the same name as the class defined by the file. Exceptions include:

- with the introduction of the Dakota namespace, base classes which previously utilized prepended Dakota identifiers can now safely omit the identifiers. However, since file names do not have namespace protection from name collisions, they retain the prepended Dakota identifier. For example, a class previously named DakotaModel which resided in DakotaModel.cpp/hpp, is now Dakota::Model (class Model in namespace Dakota) residing in the same filenames. The retention of the previous filenames reduces the possibility of multiple instances of a Model.hpp causing problems. Derived classes (e.g., NestedModel) do not require a prepended Dakota identifier for either the class or file names.

- in a few cases, it is convenient to maintain several closely related classes in a single file, in which case the file name may reflect the top level class or some generalization of the set of classes (e.g., DakotaResponse.[CH] files contain Dakota::Response and Dakota::ResponseRep classes, and DakotaBinStream.[CH] files contain the Dakota::BiStream and Dakota::BoStream classes).

The type of file is determined by one of the four file name extensions listed below:

- **.hpp** A class header file ends in the suffix .hpp. The header file provides the class declaration. This file does not contain code for implementing the methods, except for the case of inline functions. Inline functions are to be placed at the bottom of the file with the keyword inline preceding the function name.

- **.cpp** A class implementation file ends in the suffix .cpp. An implementation file contains the definitions of the members of the class.
• .h A header file ends in the suffix .h. The header file contains information usually associated with procedures. Defined constants, data structures and function prototypes are typical elements of this file.

• .c A procedure file ends in the suffix .c. The procedure file contains the actual procedures.

2.4 Class Documentation Conventions

Class documentation uses the doxygen tool available from http://www.doxygen.org and employs the J-AVA-doc comment style. Brief comments appear in header files next to the attribute or function declaration. Detailed descriptions for functions should appear alongside their implementations (i.e., in the .cpp files for non-inlined, or in the headers next to the function definition for inlined). Detailed comments for a class or a class attribute must go in the header file as this is the only option.

NOTE: Previous class documentation utilities (class2frame and class2html) used the “//” comment style and comment blocks such as this:

```
// Class: Model
// Description: The model to be iterated by the Iterator.
// Contains Variables, Interface, and Response objects.
// Owner: Mike Eldred
```

These tools are no longer used, so remaining comment blocks of this type are informational only and will not appear in the documentation generated by doxygen.

2.5 CMake Style Guidelines

Dakota conventions for CMake files, such as CMakeLists.txt, FooConfig.cmake, etc., follow. Our goal is ease of reading, maintenance, and support, similar to the C++ code itself. Current CMake versions and build hints are maintained at the Developer Portal http://dakota.sandia.gov/developer/.

2.5.1 CMake Code Formatting

• Indentation is 2 spaces, consistent with Dakota C++ style.
• Lines should be kept to less than 80 chars per line where possible.
• Wrapped lines may be indented two spaces or aligned with prior lines.
• For ease of viewing and correctness checking in Emacs, a customization file is available: http://www.-cmake.org/CMakeDocs/cmake-mode.el

2.5.2 CMake Variable Naming Conventions

These variable naming conventions are especially important for those that ultimately become preprocessor defines and affect compilation of source files.

• Classic/core elements of the CMake language are set in lower_case, e.g., option, set, if, find_library.
• Static arguments to CMake functions and macros are set in UPPER_CASE, e.g. REQUIRED, NO_MODULE, QUIET.
• Minimize "global" variables, i.e., don’t use 2 variables with the same meaning when one will do the job.
• Feature toggling: when possible, use the "HAVE_<pkg/feature>" convention already in use by many CMake-enabled TPLs, e.g.,

$ grep HAVE_SYSTEM Dakota/src/CMakeLists.txt
check_function_exists(system HAVE_SYSTEM)
if (HAVE_SYSTEM)
  add_definitions("-DHAVE_SYSTEM")
endif (HAVE_SYSTEM)

$ grep HAVE_CONMIN Dakota/src/CMakeLists.txt Dakota/packages/CMakeLists.txt
Dakota/src/CMakeLists.txt:if (HAVE_CONMIN)
Dakota/src/CMakeLists.txt:endif (HAVE_CONMIN)
Dakota/packages/CMakeLists.txt:if (HAVE_CONMIN)
Dakota/packages/CMakeLists.txt:endif (HAVE_CONMIN)

• When a variable/preprocessor macro could result in name clashes beyond Dakota scope, e.g., for library-mode users, consider prefixing the "HAVE_<pkg>" name with DAKOTA_, e.g. DAKOTA_HAVE_MPI. Currently, MPI is the only use case for such a variable in Dakota, but many examples can be found in the CMake Modules source, e.g.

grep HAVE_ <cmake_prefix_dir>/share/cmake-2.8/Modules/*
CHAPTER 2. CODING STYLE GUIDELINES AND CONVENTIONS
Chapter 3

Instructions for Modifying Dakota’s Input Specification

To modify Dakota’s input specification (for maintenance or addition of new input syntax), specification maintenance mode must be enabled at Dakota configure time with the \texttt{-DENABLE\_SPEC\_MAINT} option, e.g.,

```
./cmake -DENABLE\_SPEC\_MAINT:BOOL=ON ..
```

This will enable regeneration of NIDR and Dakota components which must be updated following a spec change.

3.1 New XML specification

The authoritative source for valid Dakota input grammar is now \texttt{dakota/src/dakota.xml}. The schema defining valid content for this XML file is in \texttt{dakota/src/dakota.xsd}. In the transition period (until parser work is complete), Dakota input grammar will be edited in the .xml file and translated using Java to \texttt{dakota/src/dakota.input.nspec} for consumption by the Dakota build process.

Process overview for updating the XML input definition:

- Make sure \texttt{ENABLE\_SPEC\_MAINT} is enabled in your build and necessary Java development tools are installed (see below).
- Edit the XML spec in \texttt{dakota.xml}.
- Perform a make in \texttt{dakota.build/src which will regenerate} \texttt{dakota.source/src/dakota.input.-nspec}.
- Review that any changes induced in the \texttt{dakota.input.nspec} file are as expected.
- Proceed with verifying code changes and making downstream parse handler changes as normal.
- Commit the modified \texttt{dakota.xml} and \texttt{dakota.input.nspec} with other code changes.

3.1.1 XML Build Requirements

Editing the XML and then compiling Dakota requires

- Java Development Kit (JDK) for Java 6, providing the Java compiler javac. Version 1.6 or newer should work. Can satisfy on RHEL6 with RPM packages \texttt{java-1.6.0-openjdk-devel} and \texttt{java-1.6.0-openjdk}. This is needed to build the Java-based XML to NIDR translator. If this becomes too burdensome, we can check in the generated \texttt{xml2nidr.jar} file.
3.1.2 XML Editing Tools

The following tools will make editing dakota.input.xml easier.

- **Recommended: Eclipse Web Tools Platform.** Includes both graphical and text editors.
  1. Download Eclipse Standard (Classic)
  2. Configure proxy if needed, setting to manual: Window > Preferences > General > Network Connection > Proxy
  3. Install Web Tools Platform
    - Help > Install New Software
    - Work With: Kepler - [http://download.eclipse.org/releases/kepler](http://download.eclipse.org/releases/kepler)
    - Search "Eclipse X" and install two packages under Web, XML, Java
      * Eclipse XML Editors and Tools
      * Eclipse XSL Developer Tools
    - Optionally install C/C++ Development Tools
  4. Optional: add Subclipse for subversion (Subversive is the other major competing tool and I don’t think requires JavaHL) Help > Install New Software Work With: [http://subclipse.tigris.org/update1.6.x](http://subclipse.tigris.org/update1.6.x) Install Subclipse On Linux: yum install subversion-javahl.x86_64
  5. Alternately install Eclipse for Java or Eclipse Java EE development which includes webtools, then optionally add subclipse and C/C++ dev

- **Alternate: Emacs or your usual editor.** For example, Emacs supports an Nxml mode. You can tell it where to find the schema, edit XML, and have it perform validation against the schema. See help at [http://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html_mono/nxml-mode.html](http://www.gnu.org/software/emacs/manual/html_mono/nxml-mode.html)

- **Other Suggested Alternates:** XMLSpy, DreamWeaver, XML Copy Editor

3.1.3 XML Features (with map to NIDR)

Out of necessity, the initial Dakota XML `dakota.xml` closely mirrors `dakota.input.nspec`. Valid Dakota input grammar is constrained by `dakota.xml`, an XML document which must validate against `dakota.xsd`. The top-level element of interest is `<input>`, which is comprised of a sequence of content elements (keywords, alternates, etc.), which may themselves contain additional child content elements. The key content types are:

- **Keyword** (`<keyword>`): specified with the `<keyword>` element whose definition is given by keyword-Type in `dakota.xsd`. The required attributes are:
  - **name**: the keyword name as it will be given in user input; must follow same uniqueness rules are historical NIDR.
  - **code**: the verbatim NIDR handler to be invoked when parsed. In NIDR this was specified with `{N_.macro(...)}`.

Optional/useful parser-related elements/attributes in order of importance are:

- **param sub-element**: Parameters and data types: A keyword may have an associated parameter element with a specified data type: `<param type="PARAMTYPE" />`. NIDR data types remain the same (INTEGER, REAL, STRING and LISTs thereof, but new data types INPUT_FILE and OUTPUT_FILE add convenience for the GUI, mapping to STRING for NIDR purposes. Parameters can also include attributes constraint, in_taglist, or taglist, which are used to help validate the user-specified parameter value. For example `constraint >= 0 LEN normal_uncertain`
3.2. DEPRECATED: MODIFY DAKOTA.INPUT.NSPEC

The master input specification dakota.input.nspec in Dakota/src is the primary file to update when making a specification change. It uses the following syntactic elements:

- **()** for required group specifications
- **[]** for optional specifications
- **|** for alternatives
- **{}** for functions to process keywords to express logical relationships. These syntactic elements can be used to express various dependency relationships in the input specification. It is recommended that you review the existing specification and have an understanding of the constructs in use before attempting to add new ones.

**Warning**

- Do not skip this step. Attempts to modify the NIDR_keywds.hpp file in Dakota/src without using the NIDR table generator are very error-prone. Moreover, the input specification provides a reference to the allowable inputs of a particular executable and should be kept in synch with the parser files; modifying the parser files independent of the input specification creates, at a minimum, undocumented features.
- All keywords in dakota.input.nspec are lower case by convention. All user inputs are converted to lower case by the parser prior to keyword match testing, resulting in case insensitive parsing.

---

- **alias sub-element**: historical aliases for this keyword (can appear multiple times). Alias has a single attribute **name**
- **id**: unique ID for the keyword, usually name with an integer appended
- **minOccurs**: minimum occurrences of the keyword in current context (set to 1 for required, 0 for optional)
- **maxOccurs**: maximum occurrences of the keyword in current context (for example environment may appear at most once)

And optional/useful GUI-related attributes are:

- **help**: a pointer to the corresponding reference manual section (deprecated as not needed with new reference manual format which mirrors keyword hierarchy)
- **label**: a friendly label for the keyword to use in the GUI
- **group**: category or group for this keyword, e.g., optimization vs. parameter study

- **Alternation** ( `<oneOf>` ): Alternation of groups of content is done with the element `<oneOf>` which indicates that its immediate children are alternates. In NIDR this was done with the pipe symbol: OptionA | OptionB

- **Required Group** ( `<required>` ): A required group can be specified by enclosing the contents in the `<required>` element. In NIDR this was done by enclosing the content in parentheses: ( required group... )

- **Optional Group** ( `<optional>` ): An optional group can be specified by enclosing the contents in the `<optional>` element. In NIDR this was done by enclosing the content in brackets: [ optional group... ]
CHAPTER 3. INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODIFYING DAKOTA'S INPUT SPECIFICATION

- Since the NIDR parser allows abbreviation of keywords, you must avoid adding a keyword that could be misinterpreted as an abbreviation for a different keyword within the same top-level keyword, such as "environment" and "method". For example, adding the keyword "expansion" within the method specification would be a mistake if the keyword "expansion_factor" already was being used in this specification.

- The NIDR input is somewhat order-dependent, allowing the same keyword to be reused multiple times in the specification. This often happens with aliases, such as lower_bounds, upper_bounds and initial_point. Ambiguities are resolved by attaching a keyword to the most recently seen context in which it could appear, if such exists, or to the first relevant context that subsequently comes along in the input file. With the earlier IDR parser, non-exclusive specifications (those not in mutually exclusive blocks) were required to be unique. That is why there are such aliases for initial_point as cdv_initial_point and ddv_initial_point: so older input files can be used with no or fewer changes.

3.3 Rebuild generated files

When configured with -DENABLE_SPEC_MAINT, performing a make in Dakota/src will regenerate all files which derive from dakota.input.nspec, including NIDR_keywds.hpp, dakota.input.summary, NIDR_gui_keywds.h, and dakota.input.desc. If you commit changes to a source repository, be sure to commit any automatically generated files in addition to any modified in the following steps. It is not strictly necessary to run make at this point in the sequence, and in fact may generate errors if necessary handlers aren’t yet available.

3.4 Update NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp in Dakota/src

Many keywords have data associated with them: an integer, a floating-point number, a string, or arrays of such entities. Data requirements are specified in dakota.input.nspec by the tokens INTEGER, REAL, STRING, INTEGERLIST, REALLIST, STRINGLIST. (Some keywords have no associated data and hence no such token.) After each keyword and data token, the dakota.input.nspec file specifies functions that the NIDR parser should call to record the appearance of the keyword and deal with any associated data. The general form of this specification is

\{
  startfcn, startdata, stopfcn, stopdata
\}

i.e., a brace-enclosed list of one to four functions and data pointers, with trailing entities taken to be zero if not present; zero for a function means no function will be called. The startfcn must deal with any associated data. Otherwise, the distinction between startfcn and stopfcn is relevant only to keywords that begin a group of keywords (enclosed in parentheses or square brackets). The startfcn is called before other entities in the group are processed, and the stop function is called after they are processed. Top-level keywords often have both startfcn and stopfcn; stopfcn is uncommon but possible for lower-level keywords. The startdata and (if needed) stopdata values are usually pointers to little structures that provide keyword-specific details to generic functions for startfcn and stopfcn. Some keywords that begin groups (such as "approx_problem" within the top-level "environment" keyword) have no need of either a startfcn or a stopfcn; this is indicated by "\{0\}".

Most of the things within braces in dakota.input.nspec are invocations of macros defined in NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp. The macros simplify writing dakota.input.nspec and make it more readable. Most macro invocations refer to little structures defined in NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp, usually with the help of other macros, some of which have different definitions in different parts of NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp. When adding a keyword to dakota.input.nspec, you may need to add a structure definition or even introduce a new data type. NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp has sections corresponding to each top-level keyword. The top-level keywords are in alphabetical order, and most entities in the section for a top-level keyword are also in alphabetical order. While not required, it is probably good practice to maintain this structure, as it makes things easier to find.
Any integer, real, or string data associated with a keyword are provided to the keyword’s startfcn, whose second argument is a pointer to a Values structure, defined in header file nidr.h.

**Example 1:** if you added the specification:

```plaintext
[methodSetting REAL {methodSetting_start, &methodSetting_details}]
```

you would provide a function

```plaintext
void NIDRProblemDescDB::methodSetting_start(const char *keyname, Values *val, void **g, void *v)
{
    ...
}
```

in NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp. In this example, argument &methodSetting_details would be passed as v, val->n (the number of values) would be 1 and *val->r would be the REAL value given for the methodSetting keyword. The methodSetting_start function would suitably store this value with the help of methodSetting_details.

For some top-level keywords, g (the third argument to the startfcn and stopfcn) provides access to a relevant context. For example, method_start (the startfcn for the top-level method keyword) executes

```plaintext
DataMethod *dm = new DataMethod;
    g = (void*)dm;
```

(and supplies a couple of default values to dm). The start functions for lower-level keywords within the method keyword get access to dm through their g arguments. Here is an example:

```plaintext
void NIDRProblemDescDB::methodStr(const char *keyname, Values *val, void **g, void *v)
{
    (*(DataMethod**)g)->**(String DataMethod::**)v = *val->s;
}
```

In this example, v points to a pointer-to-member, and an assignment is made to one of the components of the DataMethod object pointed to by *g. The corresponding stopfcn for the top-level method keyword is

```plaintext
void NIDRProblemDescDB::methodStop(const char *keyname, Values *val, void **g, void *v)
{
    DataMethod *p = *(DataMethod**)g;
    pDDBInstance->dataMethodList.insert(*p);
    delete p;
}
```

which copies the now populated DataMethod object to the right place and cleans up.

**Example 2:** if you added the specification

```plaintext
[methodSetting REALLIST {{N_mdm(RealL,methodCoeffs)}]
```

then method_RealL (defined in NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp) would be called as the startfcn, and methodCoeffs would be the name of a (currently nonexistent) component of DataMethod. The N_mdm macro is defined in NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp; among other things, it turns RealL into NIDRProblemDescDB::method_RealL. This function is used to process lists of REAL values for several keywords. By looking at the source, you can see that the list values are val->r[i] for 0 <= i < val->n.

### 3.5 Update ProblemDescDB.cpp in Dakota/src

#### 3.5.1 Augment/update get_ <data_type>() functions

The next update step involves extending the database retrieval functions in ProblemDescDB.cpp. These retrieval functions accept an identifier string and return a database attribute of a particular type, e.g., a RealVector:
const RealVector& get rv(const String& entry_name);

The implementation of each of these functions contains tables of possible entry_name values and associated pointer-to-member values. There is one table for each relevant top-level keyword, with the top-level keyword omitted from the names in the table. Since binary search is used to look for names in these tables, each table must be kept in alphabetical order of its entry names. For example,

... else if ((L = Begins(entry_name, "model."))) {
    if (dbRep->methodDBLocked)
        Locked_db();
    #define P &DataModelRep::
    static KW<RealVector, DataModelRep> RVdmo[] = {
        // must be sorted
        {"nested.primary.response.mapping", P primaryRespCoeffs},
        {"nested.secondary.response.mapping", P secondaryRespCoeffs},
        {"surrogate.kriging.conmin_seed", P krigingConminSeed},
        {"surrogate.kriging.correlations", P krigingCorrelations},
        {"surrogate.kriging.max.correlations", P krigingMaxCorrelations},
        {"surrogate.kriging.min.correlations", P krigingMinCorrelations}};
    #undef P
    KW<RealVector, DataModelRep> *kw;
    if ((kw = (KW<RealVector, DataModelRep>*)Binsearch(RVdmo, L)))
        return dbRep->dataModelIter->dataModelRep->*kw->p;
}

is the "model" portion of ProblemDescDB::get rv(). Based on entry_name, it returns the relevant attribute from a DataModel object. Since there may be multiple model specifications, the dataModelIter list iterator identifies which node in the list of DataModel objects is used. In particular, dataModellist contains a list of all of the data_model objects, one for each time a top-level model keyword was seen by the parser. The particular model object used for the data retrieval is managed by dataModelIter, which is set in a set_db_list_nodes() operation that will not be described here.

There may be multiple DataMethod, DataModel, DataVariables, DataInterface, and/or DataResponses objects. However, only one specification is currently allowed so a list of DataEnvironment objects is not needed. Rather, ProblemDescDB::environmentSpec is the lone DataEnvironment object.

To augment the get_<data_type>() functions, add table entries with new identifier strings and pointer-to-member values that address the appropriate data attributes from the Data class object. The style for the identifier strings is a top-down hierarchical description, with specification levels separated by periods and words separated with underscores, e.g., "keyword.group.specification.individual_specification". Use the dbRep-&gt;listIter-&gt;attribute syntax for variables, interface, responses, and method specifications. For example, the method_setting example attribute would be added to get_drv() as:

{"method_name.method.setting", P methodSetting},

inserted at the beginning of the RVdmo array shown above (since the name in the existing first entry, i.e., "nested.-primary_response.mapping", comes alphabetically after "method_name.method_setting").

### 3.6 Update Corresponding Data Classes

In this step, we extend the Data class definitions (DataEnvironment, DataMethod, DataModel, DataVariables, DataInterface, and/or DataResponses) to include the new attributes referenced in Update NIDRProblemDescDB.-cpp in Dakota/src and Augment/update get_<data_type>() functions.

#### 3.6.1 Update the Data class header file

Add a new attribute to the public data for each of the new specifications. Follow the style guide for class attribute naming conventions (or mimic the existing code).
3.7. USE GET,<DATA_TYPE>() FUNCTIONS

3.6.2 Update the .cpp file

Define defaults for the new attributes in the constructor initialization list. Add the new attributes to the assign() function for use by the copy constructor and assignment operator. Add the new attributes to the write(MPIPackBuffer&), read(MPIUnpackBuffer&), and write(ostream&) functions, paying careful attention to the use of a consistent ordering.

3.7 Use get,<data_type>() Functions

At this point, the new specifications have been mapped through all of the database classes. The only remaining step is to retrieve the new data within the constructors of the classes that need it. This is done by invoking the get,<data_type>() function on the ProblemDescDB object using the identifier string you selected in Augment/update get,<data_type>() functions. For example:

```cpp
const String& interface_type = problem_db.get_string("interface.type");
```

passes the "interface.type" identifier string to the ProblemDescDB::get_string() retrieval function, which returns the desired attribute from the active DataInterface object.

Warning

Use of the get,<data_type>() functions is restricted to class constructors, since only in class constructors are the data list iterators (i.e., dataMethodIter, dataModelIter, dataVariablesIter, dataInterfaceIter, and dataResponsesIter) guaranteed to be set correctly. Outside of the constructors, the database list nodes will correspond to the last set operation, and may not return data from the desired list node.

3.8 Update the Documentation

Doxygen comments should be added to the Data class headers for the new attributes, and the reference manual sections describing the portions of dakota.input.nspec that have been modified should be updated. In particular, the reference manual tables summarizing keywords provide help data to the Jaguar user interface so need to be kept updated.
Chapter 4

Understanding Iterator Flow

This page explains the various phases comprising Iterator::run_iterator(). Prior to Iterator construction, when command-line options are parsed, Boolean run mode flags corresponding to PRERUN, RUN, and POSTRUN are set in ParallelLibrary. If the user didn’t specify any specific run modes, the default is for all three to be true (all phases will execute).

Iterator is constructed.

When called, run_iterator() sequences:

- initialize_run(): unconditionally called, virtual. Performs common initialization such as allocating workspaces, setting communicators and evaluation counts. When re-implementing this virtual, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s initialize_run(), typically before performing its own implementation steps.

- Not implemented: pre-run input

- IF PRERUN, invoke pre_run(): virtual function; default no-op. Purpose: derived classes should implement pre_run() if they are able to generate all parameter sets (variables) at once, separate from run(). Derived implementations should call their nearest parent’s pre_run(), typically before performing their own steps.

- IF PRERUN, invoke pre_output(): non-virtual function; if user requested, output variables to file.

- Not implemented: run input

- IF RUN, invoke virtual function run(). Purpose: at a minimum, evaluate parameter sets through computing responses; for iterators without pre/post capability, their entire implementation is in run() and this is a reasonable default for new Iterators.

- Not implemented: run output

- IF POSTRUN, invoke post_input(): virtual function, default only print helpful message on mode. Purpose: derived iterators supporting post-run input from file must implement to read file and populate variables/responses (and possibly best points) appropriately. Implementations must check if the user requested file input.

- IF POSTRUN, invoke post_run(): virtual function. Purpose: generate statistics / final results. Any analysis that can be done solely on tabular data read by post_input() can be done here. Derived re-implementations should call their nearest parent’s post-run(), typically after performing their specific post-run activities.

- Not implemented: post-run output
• `finalize_run()`: unconditionally called, virtual. Purpose: free workspaces. Default base class behavior is no-op, however, derived implementations should call their nearest parent’s `finalize_run` after performing their specialized portions.

`Iterator` is destructed.
Chapter 5

Interfacing with Dakota as a Library

5.1 Introduction

Tightly integrating or linking Dakota into another application can improve user experience by delivering a more unified, inter-operable software tool for optimization and UQ analyses, improving performance by eliminating file system-based interfaces, and reducing challenges with parallel computing inter-operation. This benefit has been realized within several Sandia and external simulation applications. This section describes how to link Dakota into another C++ application.

Dakota has two primary application programming interfaces (APIs). The LibraryEnvironment class facilitates use of Dakota as an algorithm service library within another application. In this case, the simulation application is providing a "front end" for Dakota. The second API, provided by the DirectApplicInterface class, provides an interface for Dakota to call the simulation code directly to perform function evaluations in core. This permits the simulation to be the "back end" for Dakota. The most complete library integration of Dakota would use both in combination, with the overall simulation framework providing both the front end and back end for Dakota, creating a sandwich, as loosely depicted here:

```
[------------
| Application
|  |
|  { ----- |
|  { Dakota  {LibraryEnvironment}
|  |
|  {   { Function evaluation callback to Application  {via DirectApplicInterface}
|  | {   |
|  | <-----/
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  { ----- |
| [------------
```

Attention

Dakota may be integrated as a library in other software applications subject to the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPL). Refer to http://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html or the LICENSE file included with Dakota.

When Dakota is compiled and installed, the relevant library API headers are installed to CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/include and the runtime libraries primarily to CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/lib/ on some platforms,
to CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/bin/. The core C/C++ code is in the library dakota_src, while Fortran code lives in the dakota_src_fortran library. Information on using the API in Dakota headers is included throughout this section, while considerations for configuring and linking against Dakota and its various required and optional third-party libraries are emphasized in the section Linking against the Dakota library.

Steps involved in integrating Dakota into another application typically include:

1. Writing C++ code for your application to instantiate, configure, and execute Dakota's LibraryEnvironment ("front end"); see Basic Dakota library instantiation and Configuring Dakota operation.

2. Writing C++ code for Dakota to call a function in your application to perform function evaluations ("back end"); see Creating a simulator plugin interface.

3. Compiling Dakota and linking into your application (Linking against the Dakota library).

Several source code examples demonstrate Dakota library interfaces. The classes SIM::SerialDirectApplicInterface and SIM::ParallelDirectApplicInterface demonstrate serial and parallel simulation function evaluation plug-ins. The file library_mode.cpp includes a main program that exercises Dakota libraries in serial and parallel modes with these mock simulator programs, with various ways of configuring Dakota problem definition and operation. Finally, library_split.cpp demonstrates running Dakota as a library modular on an MPI sub-communicator.

5.2 Basic Dakota library instantiation

The function run_dakota_parse() in library_mode.cpp demonstrates the basic use of Dakota library objects as one would in another main application that embeds Dakota. In this example, Dakota is configured based on a typical user-provided text-based Dakota input file (the same that would be provided at the command line with dakota -i dakota_optimization.in) and a function evaluator derived from a DirectApplicInterface is plugged into the Dakota library environment.

First, an object of type ProgramOptions which manages top-level Dakota settings is instantiated and configured to specify the name of the Dakota user input file. Additional options for output and error redirection, restart operation, and more may be set via ProgramOptions. See its class documentation for details.

```cpp
string dakota_input_file = "dakota_optimization.in";
Dakota::ProgramOptions opts;
opts.input_file(dakota_input_file);
```

Next, a LibraryEnvironment is created, passing the desired settings from opts:

```cpp
Dakota::LibraryEnvironment env(opts);
```

This standard constructor will parse the specified input and create Dakota objects. It assumes many default settings, including that the parent application initialized MPI if running in parallel mode. (In this case, Dakota will detect whether MPI was initialized and not call MPI_Init or MPI_Finalize.) For more advanced use cases described below, alternate constructors allow constructing based on MPI communicators, with delayed finalization, and with Dakota database update function callbacks. Then the application’s function evaluator implementing Dakota’s DirectApplicInterface is plugged in with a convenience function serial_interface_plugin() or parallel_interface_plugin(). Finally, the Dakota analysis is run by calling

```cpp
env.execute();
```

The next two sections offer additional details on (1) alternative and supplementary ways to configure Dakota’s operation (Configuring Dakota operation) and (2) how to specialize Dakota’s DirectApplicInterface to provide a function evaluator plugin to Dakota (Creating a simulator plugin interface).
5.3. CONFIGURING DAKOTA OPERATION

Remarks

After **LibraryEnvironment** construction, all MPI communicator partitioning has been performed and the **ParallelLibrary** instance may be interrogated for parallel configuration data. For example, the lowest level communicators in Dakota’s multilevel parallel partitioning are the analysis communicators, which can be retrieved using:

```cpp
// retrieve the set of analysis communicators for simulation initialization:
// one analysis comm per ParallelConfiguration (PC), one PC per Model.
Array<MPI_Comm> analysis_comms = parallel_lib.analysis_intra_communicators();
```

These communicators can then be used for initializing parallel simulation instances when registering the plugin interface, where the number of MPI communicators in the array corresponds to one communicator per **ParallelConfiguration** instance. This is demonstrated below in **Derivation**.

5.3 Configuring Dakota operation

This section describes several alternate ways to initially set and later manipulate Dakota’s configuration, including alternatives to using a text-based input file. The algorithm configuration for a particular Dakota analysis run is managed in its **ProblemDescDB**, which can be populated via an input file, string literal, or C++ API, and later modified through Dakota’s C++ API. All Dakota objects then draw information from this database upon instantiation.

5.3.1 Input data parsing

The simplest way for an application to configure a Dakota analysis problem is to use Dakota’s normal input parsing system to populate its problem database (**ProblemDescDB**). This is done by providing standard Dakota input file syntax through the library interface, via either a file name or string literal. An advantage is that native Dakota syntax can be used, but disadvantages include the requirement for an additional input file beyond those already required by the parent application and that application users also need to know Dakota syntax.

The two ways to configure Dakota via input parsing are shown near the beginning of **run_dakota_mixed()** in **library_mode.cpp**. Here the **ProgramOptions** are set to either parse from a named file:

```cpp
Dakota::ProgramOptions opts;
opts.input_file(dakota_input_file);
```

or from a string literal provided by the wrapping application:

```cpp
string serial_input = "% Dakota input file ...";
opts.input_string(serial_input);
```

This library approach is coarse-grained in that input is parsed, objects constructed, and the environment is immediately ready to run. The next approaches are more modular.

5.3.2 Problem database insertion

A second approach to configuring Dakota’s operation is to bypass parsing phases and directly populate the **ProblemDescDB** with information on the methods, variables, interface, responses, etc., that define the Dakota analysis problem. This approach requires more interaction with Dakota classes and data structures. However, it can offer usability benefit when the integrating application does not want their users to interact with the full Dakota syntax, or efficiency benefit when for example there are a large number of variables to configure.

In the direct database population approach, Dakota **DataMethod**, **DataModel**, **DataVariables**, **DataInterface**, and **DataResponses** objects are instantiated and populated with the desired problem data. These objects are then
published to the problem database using `insert_nodes()` . An example of this approach is available in `run_dakota_data()` in `library_mode.cpp`, where the OPT++ Quasi-Newton method is configured to work on a plugin version of `text_book` or `rosenbrock`. The data objects are populated with their default values upon instantiation and are often sufficient for basic Dakota studies. Only the non-default values need to be specified. Moreover the default Dakota Model is a `SingleModel`, so this object need not be configured unless tailoring its configuration or using a more advanced model type. Refer to the `DataMethod`, `DataModel`, `DataVariables`, `DataInterface`, and `DataResponses` class documentation and source code for lists of attributes and their defaults. Here is an excerpt of `run_dakota_data()` that specifies the OPT++ solver after default construction of `DataMethod`:

```cpp
dakota::DataMethod dme;
dakota::DataMethodRep* dmr = dme.data_rep();
dmr->methodName = dakota::OPTPP_QNEWTON;
```

When using direct database population, it is critical to leave the database in an open, accessible state after initial construction. In this `run_dakota_data()` example, a flag `check_bcast_construct` is passed into the `LibraryEnvironment` constructor, indicating that it should not finalize the database and construct Dakota objects. Moreover, it is only necessary to populate the database on rank 0 of the MPI Comm on which Dakota is running. After database objects are inserted or adjusted, the `LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db()` function must be called before proceeding to execute. This synchronizes problem data across all ranks and constructs Dakota objects needed to run the specified analysis.

```cpp
bool check_bcast_construct = false;
dakota::LibraryEnvironment env(MPI_COMM_WORLD, opts, check_bcast_construct);
if (rank == 0) // insert/modify DB, then lock and proceed:
  env.done_modifying_db();
  env.execute();
```

### 5.3.3 Mixed mode, callbacks, and late updates

The `LibraryEnvironment` API also supports mixed approaches that combine the parsing of a Dakota input file (or input string literal) with direct database updates. This approach is motivated by large-scale applications where large vectors are cumbersome to specify in a Dakota input file or where later updates to an input template are needed. The example `run_dakota_mixed()` in `library_mode.cpp` demonstrates the combination of these more advanced approaches: (1) input text parsing, (2) database updates via a callback, (3) database updates via direct manipulation, and (4) further runtime updates to the Model before running.

First, a `ProgramOptions` class is instantiated and configured to parse either an input file or input string literal (as in earlier examples). The passed input data must contain all required inputs so the parser can validate them. Since vector data like variable values/bounds/tags, linear/nonlinear constraint coefficients/bounds, etc., are optional, these potentially large vector specifications can be omitted from the input file and updated later through the database API. Only the variable/response counts necessary for sizing, e.g.:

```cpp
method
  linear_inequality_constraints = 500

variables
  continuous_design = 1000

responses
  objective_functions = 1
  nonlinear_inequality_constraints = 100000
```

and not the lists of values are required in this case. To update or add data after this initial parse, we use the `ProblemDescDB::set()` family of overloaded functions, e.g.

```cpp
dakota::RealVector drv(1000, 1.); // vector of length 1000, values initialized to 1.
problem_db.set("variables.continuous_design.initial_point", drv);
```
where the string identifiers are the same identifiers used when pulling information from the database using one of the get_<datatype>() functions (refer to ProblemDescDB for a full list). However, the supported ProblemDescDB::set() options are a restricted subset of the database attributes, focused on vector inputs that can be large scale.

Second, the example demonstrates a user-provided callback function which Dakota will invoke after input parsing to update ProblemDescDB. In library_mode.cpp, callback_function() is a user-provided post-parse callback that implements the type Dakota::DbCallbackFunction.

```cpp
static void callback_function(Dakota::ProblemDescDB* db, void *ptr);
```

When Dakota calls this function it will pass back pointers to the ProblemDescDB instance and to user-provided data, so the application may convey its settings by calling methods on the ProblemDescDB, optionally using the provided data. An example of a user data structure is demonstrated in callback_data. In this case, when the LibraryEnvironment is constructed, it is constructed with the input data to initially parse, the callback function, and to leave it unlocked for further updates:

```cpp
bool done_with_db = false;
Dakota::LibraryEnvironment env(opts, done_with_db,
                                callback_function, &data);
```

Third, the example demonstrates changes to the database after parsing and callback-based updates. Again, these only need happen on Dakota’s rank 0 before finalizing the DB with LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db(). The example demonstrates:

1. Getting access to the database through env.problem_description_db()
2. Setting the database nodes to the appropriate method through problem_db.resolve_top_method()
3. Getting data from the DB with a get string array function: problem_db.get_sa("interface.application.-analysis_drivers")
4. Setting update data with problem_db.set("variables.continuous_design.initial_point", ip);

After any of these three types updates, calling LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db() will broadcast any updates (including potentially large vector data and post-process specification data to fill in any vector defaults that have not yet been provided through either file parsing or direct updates. (Note: scalar defaults are handled in the Data class constructors.)

Fourth and finally, run_dakotaMixed() demonstrates modifying a Model’s data after database operations and interface plugin are complete. This involves finding the right Model (or other class) instance to modify, and directly adjusting its data through the public API. Since the database is finalized, any updates must be performed through direct set operations on the constructed objects. For example, to update other data such as variable values/bounds/tags or response bounds/targets/tags, refer to the set functions documented in Iterator and Model. As an example, the following code updates the active continuous variable values, which will be employed as the initial guess for certain classes of Iterators:

```cpp
ModelList& all_models = problem_db.model_list();
Model& first_model = *all_models.begin();
Dakota::RealVector drv(1000, 1.); // vector of length 1000, values initialized to 1.
first_model.continuous_variables(drv);
```
Remarks

If performing such data updates within the constructor of a \texttt{DirectApplicInterface} extension/derivation (see \textit{Creating a simulator plugin interface}), then this code is sufficient since the database is unlocked, the active list nodes of the \texttt{ProblemDescDB} have been set for you, and the correct method/model/variables/interface/responses specification instance will get updated. The difficulty in this case stems from the order of instantiation. Since the \texttt{Variables} and \texttt{Response} instances are constructed in the base \texttt{Model} class, prior to construction of \texttt{Interface} instances in derived \texttt{Model} classes, database information related to \texttt{Variables} and \texttt{Response} objects will have already been extracted by the time the \texttt{Interface} constructor is invoked and the database update will not propagate.

Therefore, it is preferred to perform these database set operations at a higher level (e.g., within your main program), prior to allowing \texttt{Environment} to broadcast, construct, and execute, such that instantiation order is not an issue. However, in this case, it is necessary to explicitly manage the list nodes of the \texttt{ProblemDescDB} using a specification instance identifier that corresponds to an identifier from the input file, e.g.:

\begin{verbatim}
problem_db.set_db_variables_node("MY_VARIABLES_ID");
Dakota::RealVector drv(1000, 1.); // vector of length 1000, values initialized to 1.
problem_db.set("variables.continuous_design.initial_point", drv);
\end{verbatim}

Alternatively, rather than setting just a single data node, all data nodes may be set using a method specification identifier:

\begin{verbatim}
problem_db.set_db_list_nodes("MY_METHOD_ID");
\end{verbatim}

since the method specification is responsible for identifying a model specification, which in turn identifies variables, interface, and responses specifications. If hard-wiring specification identifiers is undesirable, then

\begin{verbatim}
problem_db.resolve_top_method();
\end{verbatim}

can also be used to deduce the active method specification and set all list nodes based on it. This is most appropriate in the case where only single specifications exist for method/model/variables/interface/responses. This is the approach demonstrated in \texttt{run_dakota_mixed()}. In each of these cases, setting list nodes unlocks the corresponding portions of the database, allowing set/get operations.

5.4 Creating a simulator plugin interface

The \texttt{DirectApplicInterface} class provides an interface for Dakota to call the simulation code directly to perform function evaluations mapping variables to responses. This provides the "back end" for Dakota to call back to the simulation framework. Two approaches to defining this direct interface are described here. The first is less common, while the second is recommended when possible.

5.4.1 Extension

The first approach involves extending one of the existing \texttt{DirectApplicInterface} subclasses (\texttt{TestDriverInterface}, \texttt{MatlabInterface}, etc.) to support additional direct simulation interfaces. For example, Dakota algebraic test problems are implemented in \texttt{TestDriverInterface}. One could add additional direct functions to Dakota in \texttt{TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac()}. In addition, \texttt{TestDriverInterface::derived_map_if()\texttt{ and TestDriverInterface::derived_map_of()}} can be extended to perform pre- and post-processing tasks if desired, but this is not required.

While this approach is the simplest, it has the disadvantage that the Dakota library will need to be recompiled when the simulation or its direct interface is modified. If it is desirable to maintain the independence of the Dakota library from the host application, then the derivation approach described in the next section should be employed.
Remarks

If the new direct evaluation function implementation will not be a member function of one of the Dakota classes, then the following prototype should be used in order to pass the required data:

```cpp
int sim(const Dakota::Variables& vars, const Dakota::ActiveSet& set, Dakota::Response& response);
```

If the new function will be a member function, e.g., in TestDriverInterface, then this can be simplified to

```cpp
int sim();
```

since the data access can be performed through the DirectApplicInterface class attributes.

5.4.2 Derivation

The second approach is to derive a new interface from DirectApplicInterface and redefine several virtual functions. As demonstrated in SIM::SerialDirectApplicInterface and SIM::ParallelDirectApplicInterface, a typical derived class declaration might be

```cpp
namespace SIM {

class SerialDirectApplicInterface: public Dakota::DirectApplicInterface {

public:

    // Constructor and destructor
    SerializableDirectApplicInterface(const Dakota::ProblemDescDB& problemDB);

    ~SerializableDirectApplicInterface();

protected:

    // Virtual function redefinitions

    int derived_map_if(const Dakota::String& if_name);
    int derived_map_ac(const Dakota::String& ac_name);
    int derived_map_of(const Dakota::String& of_name);

private:

    // Data
}
}
```

where the new derived class resides in the simulation’s namespace. Similar to the case of Extension, the DirectApplicInterface::derived_map_ac() function is the required redefinition, and DirectApplicInterface::derived_map_if() and DirectApplicInterface::derived_map_of() are optional.

Typically the new derived_map_ac() implementation delegates to the main simulation application for a function evaluation. Here Dakota variables would get mapped into the simulation’s data structures, the simulation executed, and derived response data computed for return to Dakota.

Once a derived application class is created, it must be plugged in, or registered, with the appropriate Interface in the LibraryEnvironment. In MPI cases where Dakota is potentially managing concurrent evaluations of the simulation, the plugin must be configured to run on the right MPI sub-communicator, or Dakota analysis.comm. The simpler case is demonstrated in serial_interface_plugin() in library_mode.cpp, while a more advanced case using the analysis communicator is shown in parallel_interface_plugin().

The Dakota LibraryEnvironment provides a convenience function to plugin an Interface. This example will replace any interface found matching the given model, interface, and analysis driver with the passed plugin interface:
std::string model_type("" Retrieving available interfaces or models)
std::string interface_type("direct");
std::string an_driver("plugin_rosenbrook");

Dakota::ProblemDescDB& problem_db = env.problem_description_db();
Dakota::Interface* serial_iface =
    new SIM::SerialDirectApplicInterface(problem_db);

bool plugged_in =
    env.plugin_interface(model_type, interface_type, an_driver, serial_iface);

The LibraryEnvironment also provides convenience functions that allow the client to iterate the lists of available interfaces or models for more advanced cases. For instance if the client knows there is only a single interface active, it could get the list of available interfaces of length 1 and plug in to the first one. In the more advanced case where the simulation interface instance should manage parallel simulations within the context of an MPI communicator, one should pass in the relevant analysis communicator(s) to the derived constructor. For the latter case of looping over a set of models, the simplest approach of passing a single analysis communicator would use code similar to

Dakota::ModelList filt_models =
    env.filtered_model_list("single", "direct", "plugin_text_book");
Dakota::ProblemDescDB& problem_db = env.problem_description_db();
Dakota::ModelLIter ml_iter;
for (ml_iter = filt_models.begin(); ml_iter != filt_models.end(); ++ml_iter) {
    // set DB nodes to input specification for this Model
    problem_db.set_db_model_nodes(ml_iter->model_id());
    Dakota::Interface& model_interface = ml_iter->derived_interface();
    // Parallel case: plug in derived Interface object with an analysisComm.
    // Note: retrieval and passing of analysisComm is necessary only if
    // parallel operations will be performed in the derived constructor.
    // retrieve the currently active analysisComm from the Model. In the most
    // general case, need an array of Comms to cover all Model configurations.
    const MPI_Comm& analysis_comm = ml_iter->analysis_comm();
    // don't increment ref count since no other envelope shares this letter
    model_interface.assign_rep(new SIM::ParallelDirectApplicInterface(problem_db, analysis_comm), false)
};

The file library_mode.cpp demonstrates each of these approaches. Since a Model may be used in multiple parallel contexts and may therefore have a set of parallel configurations, a more general approach would extract and pass an array of analysis communicators to allow initialization for each of the parallel configurations.

New derived direct interface instances inherit various attributes of use in configuring the simulation. In particular, the ApplicationInterface::parallelLib reference provides access to MPI communicator data (e.g., the analysis communicators discussed above), DirectApplicInterface::analysisDrivers provides the analysis driver names specified by the user in the input file, and DirectApplicInterface::analysisComponents provides additional analysis component identifiers (such as mesh file names) provided by the user which can be used to distinguish different instances of the same simulation interface. It is worth noting that inherited attributes that are set as part of the parallel configuration (instead of being extracted from the ProblemDescDB) will be set to their defaults following construction of the base class instance for the derived class plug-in. It is not until run-time (i.e., within derived_map_if/derived_map_ac/derived_map_of) that the parallel configuration settings are re-propagated to the plug-in instance. This is the reason that the analysis communicator should be passed in to the constructor of a parallel plug-in, if the constructor will be responsible for parallel application initialization.
5.5 Retrieving data after a run

After executing the Dakota Environment, final results can be obtained through the use of `Environment::variables_results()` and `Environment::response_results()`, e.g.:

```cpp
// retrieve the final parameter values
const Variables& vars = env.variables_results();

// retrieve the final response values
const Response& resp = env.response_results();
```

In the case of optimization, the final design is returned, and in the case of uncertainty quantification, the final statistics are returned. Dakota has a prototype results database, which will eventually provide better access to the results from a study.

5.6 Linking against the Dakota library

This section presumes Dakota has been configured with CMake, compiled, and installed to a `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX` using `make install` or equivalent. The Dakota libraries against which you must link will typically install to `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/bin/` and `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/lib/`, while headers are provided in `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/include/`. The core Dakota C and C++ code is in the library `dakota-src`, while Fortran code lives in the `dakota-src/fortran` library. Runtime libraries for any configure-enabled Dakota third-party software components (such as DOT, NPSOL, OPT++, LHS, etc.) are also installed to the lib/directory. Applications link against these Dakota libraries by specifying appropriate include and link directives.

There two primary ways to determine the necessary Dakota-related libraries and link order for linking your application. First, when running CMake, a list of required Dakota and Dakota-included third-party libraries will be output to the console, e.g.,

```
-- Dakota_LIBRARIES: <include list>
```

While external dependencies will be output as:

```
-- Dakota_TPL_LIBRARIES: <include list>
```

Note that depending on how you configured Dakota, some libraries may be omitted from these lists (for example commercial add-ons NPSOL, DOT, and NLPQL), or additional libraries may appear.

A second option is to check which libraries appear in `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/bin/` or `CMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX/lib/`, or more accurately, see the file `Makefile.export.Dakota` in the Dakota build/src/ or installation include/directory. Here are some additional notes on specific libraries:

- Some Boost libraries (`boost_regex`, `boost_filesystem`, `boost_system`, `boost_serialization`) are required, and other Boost library components may be required depending on configuration, e.g., `boost_signals` when configuring with `HAVE_ACRO_BOOL=TRUE`

- System compiler and math libraries may need to be included, as may additional system libraries such as Expat and Curl, depending on how Dakota is configured.

- If configuring with graphics, you will need to add the Dakota DGraphics library and system X libraries (partial list here):

```
lXpm lXm lXt lXmu lXp lXext lX11 lSM lICE
```
• When configuring with AMPL (HAVE_AMPL:BOOL=ON), the AMPL solver library may require dl, funcadd0.-o and fl libraries. We have experienced problems with the creation of libamplsolver.a on some platforms; use the dakota-users mailing list to get help with any problems related to this.

• Optional library GSL (discouraged due to GPL license) and if linking with system-provided GSL, gslcblas may be needed if Dakota was configured with them.

• Newmat: as of Dakota 5.2, -lnewmat is no longer required

Finally, it is important to use the same C++ compiler (possibly an MPI wrapper) for compiling Dakota and your application and potentially include Dakota-related preprocessor defines as emitted by CMake during compilation of Dakota and included in Makefile.export.Dakota. This ensures that the platform configuration settings are properly synchronized across Dakota and your application.
Chapter 6

Performing Function Evaluations

Performing function evaluations is one of the most critical functions of the Dakota software. It can also be one of the most complicated, as a variety of scheduling approaches and parallelism levels are supported. This complexity manifests itself in the code through a series of cascaded member functions, from the top level model evaluation functions, through various scheduling routines, to the low level details of performing a system call, fork, or direct function invocation. This section provides an overview of the primary classes and member functions involved.

6.1 Synchronous function evaluations

For a synchronous (i.e., blocking) mapping of parameters to responses, an iterator invokes Model::compute_response() to perform a function evaluation. This function is all that is seen from the iterator level, as underlying complexities are isolated. The binding of this top level function with lower level functions is as follows:

- Model::compute_response() utilizes Model::derived_compute_response() for portions of the response computation specific to derived model classes.
- Model::derived_compute_response() directly or indirectly invokes Interface::map().
- Interface::map() utilizes ApplicationInterface::derived_map() for portions of the mapping specific to derived application interface classes.

6.2 Asynchronous function evaluations

For an asynchronous (i.e., nonblocking) mapping of parameters to responses, an iterator invokes Model::asynch_compute_response() multiple times to queue asynchronous jobs and then invokes either Model::synchronize() or Model::synchronize_nowait() to schedule the queued jobs in blocking or nonblocking fashion. Again, these functions are all that is seen from the iterator level, as underlying complexities are isolated. The binding of these top level functions with lower level functions is as follows:

- Model::asynch_compute_response() utilizes Model::derived_asynch_compute_response() for portions of the response computation specific to derived model classes.
- This derived model class function directly or indirectly invokes Interface::map() in asynchronous mode, which adds the job to a scheduling queue.
- Model::synchronize() or Model::synchronize_nowait() utilize Model::derived_synchronize() or Model::derived_synchronize_nowait() for portions of the scheduling process specific to derived model classes.
• These derived model class functions directly or indirectly invoke Interface::synch() or Interface::synch_nowait().

• For application interfaces, these interface synchronization functions are responsible for performing evaluation scheduling in one of the following modes: master dynamic, peer dynamic or peer static.

• **NOTE:** The Interface evaluation scheduling in Dakota was refactored for releases 5.4 and 6.0. Discussion of the new Interface-related functions is currently missing here.

### 6.3 Analyses within each function evaluation

**NOTE:** The Interface evaluation scheduling in Dakota was refactored for releases 5.4 and 6.0. Discussion of the new Interface-related functions for analyses is currently missing here.

The discussion above covers the parallelism level of concurrent function evaluations serving an iterator. For the parallelism level of concurrent analyses serving a function evaluation, similar schedulers are involved to support synchronous local, asynchronous local, message passing, and hybrid modes. Not all of the schedulers are elevated to the ApplicationInterface level since the system call and direct function interfaces do not yet support nonblocking local analyses (and therefore support synchronous local and message passing modes, but not asynchronous local or hybrid modes). Fork interfaces, however, support all modes of analysis parallelism.
Chapter 7

Working with Variable Containers and Views

Variable views control the subset of variable types that are active and inactive within a particular iterative study. For design optimization and uncertainty quantification (UQ), for example, the active variables view consists of design or uncertain types, respectively, and any other variable types are carried along invisible to the iterative algorithm being employed. For parameter studies and design of experiments, however, a variable subset view is not imposed and all variables are active. Selected UQ methods can also be toggled into an “All” view using the active all variables input specification. When not in an All view, finer gradations within the uncertain variable sets are also relevant: probabilistic methods (reliability, stochastic expansion) view aleatory uncertain variables as active, nonprobabilistic methods (interval, evidence) view epistemic uncertain variables as active, and a few UQ methods (sampling) view both as active. In a more advanced NestedModel use case such as optimization under uncertainty, design variables are active in the outer optimization context and the uncertain variables are active in the inner UQ context, with an additional requirement on the inner UQ level to return derivatives with respect to its “inactive” variables (i.e., the design variables) for use in the outer optimization loop.

For efficiency, contiguous arrays of data store variable information for each of the domain types (continuous, discrete integer, and discrete real), but active and inactive views into them permit selecting subsets in a given context. This management is encapsulated into the Variables and SharedVariablesData classes. This page clarifies concepts of relaxed (formerly merged) vs. mixed, fine-grained vs. aggregated types, domain types, and views into contiguous arrays.

We begin with an overview of the storage and management concept, for which the following two sections describe the storage of variable values and meta-data about their organization, used in part to manage views. They are intended to communicate rationale to maintainers of Variables and SharedVariablesData classes. The final section provides a discussion of active and inactive views.

7.1 Storage in Variables

As described in the Main Page Variables, a Variables object manages variable types (design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, and state) and domain types (continuous, discrete integer, and discrete real) and supports different approaches to either distinguishing among these types or aggregating them. Two techniques are used in cooperation to accomplish this management: (1) class specialization (RelaxedVariables or MixedVariables) and (2) views into contiguous variable arrays. The latter technique is used whenever it can satisfy the requirement, with fallback to class specialization when it cannot. In particular, aggregation or separation of variable types can be accomplished with views, but for aggregation or separation of variable domains, we must resort to class
specialization in order to relax discrete domain types. In this class specialization, a RelaxedVariables object combines continuous and discrete types (relaxing integers to reals) whereas a MixedVariables object maintains the integer/real distinction throughout.

The core data for a Variables instance is stored in a set of three contiguous arrays, corresponding to the domain types: allContinuousVars, allDiscreteIntVars, and allDiscreteRealVars, unique to each Variables instance.

Within the core variable data arrays, data corresponding to different aggregated variable types are stored in sequence for each domain type:

- continuous: [design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state]
- discrete integer: [design, aleatory uncertain, (epistemic uncertain), state]
- discrete real: [design, aleatory uncertain, (epistemic uncertain), state]

Note there are currently no epistemic discrete variables. This domain type ordering (continuous, discrete integer, discrete real) and aggregated variable type ordering (design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state) is preserved whenever distinct types are flattened into single contiguous arrays. Note that the aleatory and epistemic uncertain variables contain sub-types for different distributions (e.g., normal, uniform, histogram, poisson), and discrete integer types include both integer ranges and integer set sub-types. All sub-types are ordered according to their order of appearance in dakota.input.nspec.

When relaxing in MixedVariables, the allContinuousVars will also aggregate the discrete types, such that they contain ALL design, then ALL uncertain, then ALL state variables, each in aggregated type order; the allDiscreteIntVars and allDiscreteRealVars arrays are empty.

### 7.2 Storage in SharedVariablesData

Each Variables instance contains a reference-counted SharedVariablesData object that stores information on the variables configuration. This configuration data includes counts, types, IDs, and labels, which are often the same across many Variables instances. Thus, SharedVariablesData is intended to reduce the memory footprint by allowing the sharing of a single copy of redundant information among different Variables instances.

One of the purposes of this shared information is to support mappings between variable types, IDs, and indices into the storage arrays. Variable "types" refer to the fine-grained variable types a user would specify in an input file, as enumerated in DataVariables.hpp, e.g., CONTINUOUS,DESIGN, WEIBULL_UNCERTAIN, DISCRETE_STATE_RANGE, etc. variablesComponents is a map from these variable types to counts of how many are present.

In contrast, the variablesCompsTotals array stores total counts of each "aggregated type" (design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state) which might be selected to be active in a given view. Thus this array has length 12 to track the combinations of three domain type storage arrays with four possible aggregated variable types: \{continuous, discrete integer, discrete real\} x \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}. For example, the first entry of this array stores the number of continuous design variables, the second the number of discrete integer design (including both discrete design range and discrete design set integer types), and the last the number of discrete real state variables.

The arrays allContinuousTypes, allDiscreteIntTypes, and allDiscreteRealTypes are sized to match the corresponding core domain type storage arrays. They track the fine-grained variable type stored in that entry of the data array (since when relaxed, the continuous array may be storing data corresponding to discrete data).

Finally allContinuousIds stores the 1-based IDs of the variables stored in the allContinuousVars array, i.e., the variable number of all the problem variables considered as a single contiguous set, in aggregate type order. For relaxed (formerly merged) views, relaxedDiscreteIds stores the 1-based IDs of the variables which have been relaxed into the continuous array.
7.3. ACTIVE AND INACTIVE VIEWS

These counts, types, and IDs are most commonly used within the `Model` classes for mappings between variables objects at different levels of a model recursion. See, for example, the variable mappings in the `NestedModel` constructor.

7.3 Active and inactive views

The pair `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesView` tracks the active and inactive views of the data, with values taken from the enum in `DataVariables.hpp`. The valid values include EMPTY and the combinations \{relaxed, mixed\} x \{all, design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, uncertain, state\}. The ALL cases indicate aggregation of the design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, and state types, whereas the DISTINCT cases indicate either no aggregation (design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state) or reduced aggregation (aleatory+epistemic uncertain). The active view is determined by the algorithm in use, managed in `Variables::getView()`. Any inactive view is set based on higher level iteration within a model recursion (e.g., a NestedModel), which enables lower level iteration to return derivatives with respect to variables that are active at the higher level. In the case where there is no higher level iteration, then the inactive view will remain EMPTY. It is important to stress that “inactive” at one level corresponds to active at another, and therefore the inactive set of variables should not be interpreted as the strict complement of the active set of variables; rather, active and inactive are both subsets whose union may still be a subset of the total container (more precise terminology might involve “primary” active and “secondary” active or similar). An active complement view could potentially be supported in the future, should the need arise, although this view would require management of non-contiguous portions of the aggregated arrays.

Given these groupings (views), the active and inactive subsets of the `allContinuousVars`, `allDiscreteIntVars`, and `allDiscreteRealVars` arrays are always contiguous, permitting vector views of the underlying data using either Teuchos::View (for numerical vectors) or Boost.MultiArray (for book-keeping arrays) views.

When a `Variables` envelope is constructed, its letter is initialized to either a `RelaxedVariables` or `MixedVariables` object depending on the active view. The derived classes size the contiguous storage arrays to accommodate all the problem variables, and then initialize active views into them, which could involve either subsets (DISTINCT active views) or views of the full arrays (ALL active views). Inactive views, on the other hand, are initialized during construction of a model recursion (e.g., a call to `Model::inactiveView()` in the `NestedModel` constructor). Thus, active variable subsets are always available but inactive variable subsets will be EMPTY prior to them being initialized within a `Model` recursion.

Accessors for continuous variables include:

- `continuous_variables()`: returns the active view which might return all (ALL views) or a subset (DISTINCT views) such as design, uncertain, only aleatory uncertain, etc.
- `inactive_continuous_variables()`: returns the inactive view which is either a subset or empty
- `all_continuous_variables()`: returns the full vector `allContinuousVars`

and this pattern is followed for active/inactive/all access to discrete_int_variables() and discrete_real_variables() as well as for labels, IDs, and types in `SharedVariablesData` and variable bounds in `Constraints`.

Member `SurfpackApproximation::build()`

Right now, we’re completely deleting the old data and then recopying the current data into a SurfData object. This was just the easiest way to arrive at a solution that would build and run. This function is frequently called from addPoint rebuild, however, and it’s not good to go through this whole process every time one more data point is added.

Member `SurfpackApproximation::hessian` (const RealVector &c_vars)

Make this acceptably efficient
Member SurfpackApproximation::hessian (const Variables &vars)

Make this acceptably efficient
Chapter 8

Namespace Index

8.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

- **Dakota**
  - The primary namespace for DAKOTA 71

- **SIM**
  - A sample namespace for derived classes that use assign_rep() to plug facilities into DAKOTA 352
## Chapter 9

### Hierarchical Index

#### 9.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ActiveSet</td>
<td>353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approximation</td>
<td>377</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GaussProcApproximation</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PecosApproximation</td>
<td>850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SurfpackApproximation</td>
<td>974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TANAA3Approximation</td>
<td>999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TaylorApproximation</td>
<td>1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPSEvaluationManager</td>
<td>1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APPSEvalMgr</td>
<td>389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ApreproWriter</td>
<td>395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BaseConstructor</td>
<td>395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootstrapSamplerBase&lt;Data&gt;</td>
<td>398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootstrapSampler&lt;Data&gt;</td>
<td>396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootstrapSamplerWithGS&lt;Data, Getter, Setter&gt;</td>
<td>399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootstrapSamplerBase&lt;Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix&lt;OrdinalType, ScalarType&gt;&gt;</td>
<td>398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BootstrapSampler&lt;Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix&lt;OrdinalType, ScalarType&gt;&gt;</td>
<td>397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>callback_data</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COLINApplication</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandShell</td>
<td>410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConsoleRedirector</td>
<td>421</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constraints</td>
<td>423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MixedVarConstraints</td>
<td>614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RelaxedVarConstraints</td>
<td>895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataEnvironment</td>
<td>432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataEnvironmentRep</td>
<td>433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataInterface</td>
<td>447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataMethod</td>
<td>448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataMethodRep</td>
<td>449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataModel</td>
<td>463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataModelRep</td>
<td>464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataResponses</td>
<td>469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataResponsesRep</td>
<td>470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataVariables</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataVariablesRep</td>
<td>479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DiscrepancyCorrection</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Driver</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExecutableEnvironment</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LibraryEnvironment</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NomadOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator</td>
<td>528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExperimentData</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FileReadException</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsFileError</td>
<td>910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TabularDataTruncated</td>
<td>998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FunctionEvalFailure</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneralReader</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneralWriter</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetLongOpt</td>
<td>551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandLineHandler</td>
<td>409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphics</td>
<td>554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface</td>
<td>561</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationInterface</td>
<td>362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DirectApplicInterface</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MatlabInterface</td>
<td>603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PythonInterface</td>
<td>883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ScilabInterface</td>
<td>924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TestDriverInterface</td>
<td>1002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelDirectApplicInterface</td>
<td>822</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SerialDirectApplicInterface</td>
<td>930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessApplicInterface</td>
<td>865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessHandleApplicInterface</td>
<td>869</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForkApplicInterface</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SpawnApplicInterface</td>
<td>973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SysCallApplicInterface</td>
<td>994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GridApplicInterface</td>
<td>556</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ApproximationInterface</td>
<td>384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iterator</td>
<td>570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analyzer</td>
<td>355</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonD</td>
<td>684</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EfficientSubspaceMethod</td>
<td>511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDCalibration</td>
<td>709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDBayesCalibration</td>
<td>704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDDREAMEBayesCalibration</td>
<td>713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGPMASBayesCalibration</td>
<td>734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDQUESTOBayesCalibration</td>
<td>777</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.1. CLASS HIERARCHY

NonDWASABIBayesCalibration ............................................... 800
NonDExpansion ................................................................. 716
NonDPolynomialChaos ......................................................... 768
NonDStochCollocation ....................................................... 798
NonDIntegration ............................................................... 739
NonDCubature ................................................................. 711
NonDQuadrature .............................................................. 773
NonDSparseGrid ............................................................... 795
NonDInterval ................................................................. 741
NonDGlobalInterval ......................................................... 724
NonDGlobalEvidence ......................................................... 723
NonDGlobalSingleInterval ............................................... 730
NonDLHSInterval ............................................................. 744
NonDLHSEvidence ............................................................ 743
NonDLHSSingleInterval .................................................... 748
NonDLocalInterval .......................................................... 751
NonDLocalEvidence ......................................................... 750
NonDLocalSingleInterval ................................................. 763
NonDPOFDarts ............................................................... 766
NonDReliability .............................................................. 783
NonDGlobalReliability ...................................................... 727
NonDLocalReliability ....................................................... 753
NonDRKDDarts ............................................................... 784
NonDSampling ............................................................... 787
NonDAdaptImpSampling ..................................................... 695
NonDAdaptiveSampling ....................................................... 699
NonDGPImpSampling .......................................................... 731
NonDIncrementLHSSampling ............................................... 736
NonDLHSSampling ............................................................ 746
NonDMultilevelSampling .................................................... 764
PStudyDACE ................................................................. 878
DDACEDesignCompExp ..................................................... 492
FSUDesignCompExp .......................................................... 541
ParamStudy ................................................................. 839
PSUADEDesignCompExp .................................................... 880
Verification ................................................................. 1022
RichExtrapVerification ...................................................... 915
MetaIterator ................................................................. 604
CollabHybridMetaIterator .................................................. 408
ConcurrentMetaIterator ..................................................... 412
EmbedHybridMetaIterator ................................................... 515
SeqHybridMetaIterator ...................................................... 927
Minimizer ................................................................. 606
LeastSq ................................................................. 596
NL2SOLLeastSq .............................................................. 672
NLSSOLLeastSq .............................................................. 680
SNLLLeastSq ............................................................... 961
Optimizer ................................................................. 811
## CHAPTER 9. HIERARCHICAL INDEX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class/Function</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>APPSOptimizer</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COLINOptimizer</td>
<td>403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONMINOptimizer</td>
<td>415</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOTOptimizer</td>
<td>503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer</td>
<td>590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NCSUOptimizer</td>
<td>653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLPQLPOptimizer</td>
<td>675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NomadOptimizer</td>
<td>682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonlinearCGOptimizer</td>
<td>803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPSOLOptimizer</td>
<td>806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OptDartsOptimizer</td>
<td>809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNLLOptimizer</td>
<td>964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblMinimizer</td>
<td>848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SurrBasedMinimizer</td>
<td>986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EffGlobalMinimizer</td>
<td>509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer</td>
<td>978</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SurrBasedLocalMinimizer</td>
<td>979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IteratorScheduler</td>
<td>584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LabelsWriter</td>
<td>595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LightWtBaseConstructor</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MatchesWC</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model</td>
<td>617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NestedModel</td>
<td>656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RecastModel</td>
<td>886</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataTransformModel</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ScalingModel</td>
<td>917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SingleModel</td>
<td>957</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SurrogateModel</td>
<td>990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataFitSurrModel</td>
<td>435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HierarchSurrModel</td>
<td>557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPIManager</td>
<td>648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPITPackBuffer</td>
<td>649</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPITUnpackBuffer</td>
<td>651</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NL2Res</td>
<td>672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoDBBaseConstructor</td>
<td>681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OutputManager</td>
<td>816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OutputWriter</td>
<td>819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelConfiguration</td>
<td>820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelLevel</td>
<td>823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelLibrary</td>
<td>826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParamResponsePair</td>
<td>835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>partial_prp_equality</td>
<td>844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>partial_prp_hash</td>
<td>844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblBranching</td>
<td>845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblBranchSub</td>
<td>846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProblemDescDB</td>
<td>855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIDRProblemDescDB</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProgramOptions</td>
<td>873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QuesoJointPdf $&lt; V, M &gt;$</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 9.1. CLASS HIERARCHY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>QuesoVectorRV &lt; V, M &gt;</td>
<td>885</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReducedBasis</td>
<td>895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response</td>
<td>899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SimulationResponse</td>
<td>956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RestartWriter</td>
<td>906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsDBAny</td>
<td>907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsEntry&lt; StoredType &gt;</td>
<td>909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsID</td>
<td>911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsManager</td>
<td>912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultsNames</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ScalingOptions</td>
<td>923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SensAnalysisGlobal</td>
<td>925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedApproxData</td>
<td>932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedPecosApproxData</td>
<td>937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedSurfpackApproxData</td>
<td>944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedResponseData</td>
<td>939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedResponseDataRep</td>
<td>942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedVariablesData</td>
<td>945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedVariablesDataRep</td>
<td>951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNLLBase</td>
<td>959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNLLLeastSq</td>
<td>961</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNLLOptimizer</td>
<td>964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLBase</td>
<td>971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSSOLLeastSq</td>
<td>680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPSOLOptimizer</td>
<td>806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TabularReader</td>
<td>998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TabularWriter</td>
<td>999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TrackerHTTP</td>
<td>1009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UsageTracker</td>
<td>1011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Var_icheck</td>
<td>1012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Var_rcheck</td>
<td>1012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variables</td>
<td>1013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MixedVariables</td>
<td>615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RelaxedVariables</td>
<td>897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLint</td>
<td>1024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLreal</td>
<td>1024</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLstr</td>
<td>1025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WorkdirHelper</td>
<td>1029</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 10

Class Index

10.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

**ActiveSet**
Container class for active set tracking information. Contains the active set request vector and the derivative variables vector ............................................. 353

**Analyzer**
Base class for NonD, DACE, and ParamStudy branches of the iterator hierarchy .............. 355

**ApplicationInterface**
Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting interfaces to simulation codes 362

**Approximation**
Base class for the approximation class hierarchy .................................................. 377

**ApproximationInterface**
Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting approximations to simulation-based results ................................................................. 384

**APPSEvalMgr**
Evaluation manager class for APPSPACK ................................................................. 389

**APPSOptimizer**
Wrapper class for HOPSPACK .................................................................................... 392

**ApreproWriter**
Utility used in derived write_core to write in aprepro format ......................................... 395

**BaseConstructor**
Dummy struct for overloading letter-envelope constructors .......................................... 395

**BootstrapSampler< Data >**
Actual bootstrap sampler implementation for common data types .................................... 396

**BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >**
Bootstrap sampler that is specialized to allow for the bootstrapping of RealMatrix ............. 397

**BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >**
Base class/interface for the bootstrap sampler .................................................................. 398

**BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >**
A derived sampler to allow for user specification of the accessor methods .......................... 399

**callback_data** .............................................................................................................. 400

**COLINAApplication** .................................................................................................... 400
COLINOptimizer
Wrapper class for optimizers defined using COLIN ......................................................... 403
CollabHybridMetaIterator
Meta-iterator for hybrid iteration using multiple collaborating optimization and nonlinear least
squares methods .................................................................................................................. 408
CommandLineHandler
Utility class for managing command line inputs to DAKOTA .............................................. 409
CommandShell
Utility class which defines convenience operators for spawning processes with system calls . 410
 ConcurrentMetaIterator
Meta-iterator for multi-start iteration or pareto set optimization ........................................ 412
 CONMINOptimizer
Wrapper class for the CONMIN optimization library ......................................................... 415
ConsoleRedirector ............................................................................................................... 421
Constraints
Base class for the variable constraints class hierarchy ......................................................... 423
DataEnvironment
Handle class for environment specification data ................................................................. 432
DataEnvironmentRep
Body class for environment specification data ........................................................................ 433
DataFitSurrModel
Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing data fit surrogates (global
and local) ............................................................................................................................. 435
DataInterface
Handle class for interface specification data .......................................................................... 447
DataMethod
Handle class for method specification data ............................................................................ 448
 DataMethodRep
Body class for method specification data ................................................................................ 449
DataModel
Handle class for model specification data ............................................................................. 463
DataModelRep
Body class for model specification data .................................................................................. 464
DataResponses
Handle class for responses specification data .......................................................................... 469
DataResponsesRep
Body class for responses specification data ............................................................................ 470
DataTransformModel
Data transformation specialization of RecastModel ................................................................. 474
DataVariables
Handle class for variables specification data ........................................................................... 477
DataVariablesRep
Body class for variables specification data ............................................................................. 479
DDACEDesignCompExp
Wrapper class for the DDACE design of experiments library ............................................. 492
DirectApplicInterface
Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes and testers using direct
procedure calls ....................................................................................................................... 495
### 10.1. CLASS LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class/Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DiscrepancyCorrection</td>
<td>Base class for discrepancy corrections</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOTOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the DOT optimization library</td>
<td>503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Driver</td>
<td>A subclass of the JEGA front end driver that exposes the individual protected methods to execute the algorithm</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EffGlobalMinimizer</td>
<td>Implementation of Efficient Global Optimization/Least Squares algorithms</td>
<td>509</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EfficientSubspaceMethod</td>
<td>Efficient Subspace Method (ESM), as proposed by Hany S. Abdel-Khalik</td>
<td>511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmbedHybridMetaIterator</td>
<td>Meta-iterator for closely-coupled hybrid iteration, typically involving the embedding of local search methods within global search methods</td>
<td>515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>Base class for the environment class hierarchy</td>
<td>517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NomadOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>NOMAD-based Evaluator class</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator</td>
<td>An evaluator specialization that knows how to interact with Dakota</td>
<td>523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator</td>
<td>A specialization of the JEGA::FrontEnd::EvaluatorCreator that creates a new instance of a Evaluator</td>
<td>528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExecutableEnvironment</td>
<td>Environment corresponding to execution as a stand-alone application</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExperimentData</td>
<td>Interpolation method for interpolating between experimental and model data. I need to work on inputs/outputs to this method. For now, this assumes interpolation of functional data</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExperimentResponse</td>
<td>Container class for response functions and their derivatives. ExperimentResponse provides the body class</td>
<td>537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FileReadException</td>
<td>Base class for Dakota file read exceptions (to allow catching both tabular and general file truncation issues)</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForkApplicInterface</td>
<td>Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using fork/execvp/waitpid</td>
<td>539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSUDesignCompExp</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the FSUDace QMC/CVT library</td>
<td>541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FunctionEvalFailure</td>
<td>Exception class for function evaluation failures</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GaussProcApproximation</td>
<td>Derived approximation class for Gaussian Process implementation</td>
<td>545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneralReader</td>
<td>Utility used in derived read_core to read in generic format</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneralWriter</td>
<td>Utility used in derived write_core to write in generic format</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetLongOpt</td>
<td>GetLongOpt is a general command line utility from S. Manoharan (Advanced Computer Research Institute, Lyon, France)</td>
<td>551</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Graphics
   Single interface to 2D (motif) and 3D (PLPLOT) graphics; there is only one instance of this
OutputManager::dakotaGraphics .......................................................... 554

GridApplicInterface
   Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using grid services such as
Condor or Globus ................................................................. 556

HierarchSurfModel
   Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing hierarchical surrogates
   (models of varying fidelity) ...................................................... 557

Interface
   Base class for the interface class hierarchy .................................. 561

Iterator
   Base class for the iterator class hierarchy .................................. 570

IteratorScheduler
   This class encapsulates scheduling operations for concurrent sub-iteration within an outer level
   context (e.g., meta-iteration, nested models) .................................. 584

JEGAOptimizer
   A version of Dakota::Optimizer for instantiation of John Eddy’s Genetic Algorithms (JEGA) .... 590

LabelsWriter
   Utility used in derived write_core to write labels in tabular format ...... 595

LeastSq
   Base class for the nonlinear least squares branch of the iterator hierarchy .......... 596

LibraryEnvironment
   Environment corresponding to execution as an embedded library ............ 600

LightWtBaseConstructor
   Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly Model instantiations .... 602

MatchesWC
   Predicate that returns true when the passed path matches the wild_card with which it was
   configured. Currently supports * and ? ......................................... 602

MatlabInterface ................................................................. 603

MetaIterator
   Base class for meta-iterations ............................................... 604

Minimizer
   Base class for the optimizer and least squares branches of the iterator hierarchy ...... 606

MixedVarConstraints
   Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete vari-
   ables (no domain type array merging) .......................................... 614

MixedVariables
   Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables
   (no domain type array merging) ............................................... 615

Model
   Base class for the model class hierarchy .................................. 617

MPIManager
   Class MPIManager to manage Dakota’s MPI world, which may be a subset of MPI_COMM_-
   WORLD ................................................................. 648

MPIPackBuffer
   Class for packing MPI message buffers .................................... 649

MPIUnpackBuffer
   Class for unpacking MPI message buffers .................................. 651
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NCSUOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the NCSU DIRECT optimization library</td>
<td>653</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NestedModel</td>
<td>Derived model class which performs a complete sub-iterator execution within every evaluation of</td>
<td>656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>the model</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIDRProblemDescDB</td>
<td>The derived input file database utilizing the new IDR parser</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NL2Res</td>
<td>Auxiliary information passed to calcr and calcj via ur</td>
<td>672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NL2SOLLeastSq</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the NL2SOL nonlinear least squares library</td>
<td>672</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLPQLPOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the NLPQLP optimization library, Version 2.0</td>
<td>675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSSOLLeastSq</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the NLSSOL nonlinear least squares library</td>
<td>680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoDBBaseConstructor</td>
<td>Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly instantiations without Problem-</td>
<td>681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DescDB support</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NomadOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for NOMAD Optimizer</td>
<td>682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonD</td>
<td>Base class for all nondeterministic iterators (the DAKOTA/UQ branch)</td>
<td>684</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDAdaptImpSampling</td>
<td>Class for the Adaptive Importance Sampling methods within DAKOTA</td>
<td>695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDAdaptiveSampling</td>
<td>Class for testing various Adaptively sampling methods using geometric, statistical, and topo-</td>
<td>699</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>logical information of the surrogate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDBayesCalibration</td>
<td>Base class for Bayesian inference: generates posterior distribution on model parameters given</td>
<td>704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>experimental data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDCalibration</td>
<td></td>
<td>709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDCubature</td>
<td>Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical cubature points for</td>
<td>711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>evaluation of expectation integrals</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDDREAMBayesCalibration</td>
<td>Bayesian inference using the DREAM approach</td>
<td>713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDExpansion</td>
<td>Base class for polynomial chaos expansions (PCE) and stochastic collocation (SC)</td>
<td>716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGlobalEvidence</td>
<td>Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>723</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGlobalInterval</td>
<td>Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds</td>
<td>724</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for epistemic uncertainty quantification</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGlobalReliability</td>
<td>Class for global reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGlobalSingleInterval</td>
<td>Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds</td>
<td>730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for epistemic uncertainty quantification</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGPImpSampling</td>
<td>Class for the Gaussian Process-based Importance Sampling method</td>
<td>731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDGPMSABayesCalibration</td>
<td>Generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experiment data</td>
<td>734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDIncremLHSSampling</td>
<td>Performs incremental LHS sampling for uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDIntegration</td>
<td>Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical integration points for evaluation of expectation integrals</td>
<td>739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDInterval</td>
<td>Base class for interval-based methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLHSEvidence</td>
<td>Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLHSInterval</td>
<td>Class for the LHS-based interval methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLHSSampling</td>
<td>Performs LHS and Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLHSSingleInterval</td>
<td>Class for pure interval propagation using LHS</td>
<td>748</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLocalEvidence</td>
<td>Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLocalInterval</td>
<td>Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLocalReliability</td>
<td>Class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDLocalSingleInterval</td>
<td>Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>763</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDMultilevelSampling</td>
<td>Performs Multilevel Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDPOFDarts</td>
<td>Base class for POF Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>766</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDPolynomialChaos</td>
<td>Nonintrusive polynomial chaos expansion approaches to uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>768</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDQuadrature</td>
<td>Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical quadrature points for evaluation of expectation integrals over uncorrelated standard normals/uniforms/exponentials/betas/gammas</td>
<td>773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDQUESTOBayesCalibration</td>
<td>Bayesian inference using the QUESO library from UT Austin</td>
<td>777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDReliability</td>
<td>Base class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>783</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDRKDDarts</td>
<td>Base class for the Recursive k-d Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ</td>
<td>784</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDSampling</td>
<td>Base class for common code between NonDLHSSampling, NonDIncremLHSSampling, and NonDAdaptImpSampling</td>
<td>787</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10.1. CLASS LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NonDSparseGrid</td>
<td>Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional Smolyak sparse grids for numerical evaluation of expectation integrals over independent standard random variables</td>
<td>795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDStochCollocation</td>
<td>Nonintrusive stochastic collocation approaches to uncertainty quantification</td>
<td>798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonDWasabiBayesCalibration</td>
<td>WASABI - Weighted Adaptive Surrogate Approximations for Bayesian Inference</td>
<td>800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonlinearCGOptimizer</td>
<td></td>
<td>803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPSOLOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for the NPSOL optimization library</td>
<td>806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OptDartsOptimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for OptDarts Optimizer</td>
<td>809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optimizer</td>
<td>Base class for the optimizer branch of the iterator hierarchy</td>
<td>811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OutputManager</td>
<td>Class to manage redirection of stdout/stderr, keep track of current redir state, and manage rank 0 output. Also manage tabular data output for post-processing with Matlab, Tecplot, etc. and delegate to Graphics for X Windows Graphics</td>
<td>816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OutputWriter</td>
<td></td>
<td>819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelConfiguration</td>
<td>Container class for a set of ParallelLevel list iterators that collectively identify a particular multilevel parallel configuration</td>
<td>820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelDirectApplicInterface</td>
<td>Sample derived interface class for testing parallel simulator plug-ins using assign_rep()</td>
<td>822</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelLevel</td>
<td>Container class for the data associated with a single level of communicator partitioning</td>
<td>823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParallelLibrary</td>
<td>Class for partitioning multiple levels of parallelism and managing message passing within these levels</td>
<td>826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParamResponsePair</td>
<td>Container class for a variables object, a response object, and an evaluation id</td>
<td>835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParamStudy</td>
<td>Class for vector, list, centered, and multidimensional parameter studies</td>
<td>839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>partial_prp_equality</td>
<td>Predicate for comparing ONLY the interfaceId and Vars attributes of PRPair</td>
<td>844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>partial_prp_hash</td>
<td>Wrapper to delegate to the ParamResponsePair hash_value function</td>
<td>844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblBranching</td>
<td>Main Branching class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer</td>
<td>845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblBranchSub</td>
<td>Sub Branch class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer</td>
<td>846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PebblMinimizer</td>
<td>Wrapper class for experimental PebblMinimizer</td>
<td>848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PecosApproximation</td>
<td>Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials</td>
<td>850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProblemDescDB</td>
<td>The database containing information parsed from the DAKOTA input file</td>
<td>855</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHAPTER 10. CLASS INDEX

**ProcessApplicInterface**
Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process and communicates with it through files ........................................ 865

**ProcessHandleApplicInterface**
Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process, receives a process identifier, and communicates with the spawned process through files ........................................ 869

**ProgramOptions**
ProgramOptions stores options whether from the CLH or from library user; initially valid only on worldRank = 0, but then broadcast in ParallelLibrary::push_output_tag() ........................................ 873

**PStudyDACE**
Base class for managing common aspects of parameter studies and design of experiments methods ............................................................................................................. 878

**PSUADEDesignCompExp**
Wrapper class for the PSUADE library ................................................................................. 880

**PythonInterface** ............................................................................................................. 883

**QuesoJointPdf< V, M >**
Dakota specialization of QUESO generic joint PDF ............................................................. 884

**QuesoVectorRV< V, M >**
Dakota specialization of QUESO vector-valued random variable ........................................ 885

**RecastModel**
Derived model class which provides a thin wrapper around a sub-model in order to recast the form of its inputs and/or outputs ......................................................... 886

**ReducedBasis** ................................................................................................................. 895

**RelaxedVarConstraints**
Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which employs relaxation of discrete variables ........................................ 895

**RelaxedVariables**
Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which employs the relaxation of discrete variables ........................................ 897

**Response**
Container class for response functions and their derivatives. Response provides the enveloper base class ............................................................................................................. 899

**RestartWriter** .................................................................................................................. 906

**ResultsDBAny** .................................................................................................................. 907

**ResultsEntry< StoredType >**
Class to manage in-core vs. file database lookups ................................................................ 909

**ResultsFileError**
Exception throw for other results file read error .................................................................... 910

**ResultsID**
Get a globally unique 1-based execution number for a given iterator name (combination of methodName and methodID) for use in results DB. Each Iterator::run() call creates or increments this count for its string identifier ........................................ 911

**ResultsManager**
Results manager for iterator final data .................................................................................. 912

**ResultsNames**
List of valid names for iterator results .................................................................................. 914

**RichExtrapVerification**
Class for Richardson extrapolation for code and solution verification ..................................... 915

**ScalingModel**
Scaling specialization of RecastModel .................................................................................. 917

...
10.1. CLASS LIST

ScalingOptions
Simple container for user-provided scaling data, possibly expanded by replicates through the models ................................................................. 923

ScilabInterface .............................................................................................................. 924

SensAnalysisGlobal
Class for a utility class containing correlation calculations and variance-based decomposition

SeqHybridMetaIterator
Method for sequential hybrid iteration using multiple optimization and nonlinear least squares methods on multiple models of varying fidelity ........................................... 927

SerialDirectApplicInterface
Sample derived interface class for testing serial simulator plug-ins using assign_rep() ........ 930

SharedApproxData
Base class for the shared approximation data class hierarchy ................................. 932

SharedPecosApproxData
Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials ................................. 937

SharedResponseData
Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Response instances ................................................................................. 939

SharedResponseDataRep
The representation of a SharedResponseData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple SharedResponseData handle instances ................................................. 942

SharedSurfpackApproxData
Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota ................................................................. 944

SharedVariablesData
Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Variables instances ............................................................................. 945

SharedVariablesDataRep
The representation of a SharedVariablesData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple SharedVariablesData handle instances ................................................. 951

SimulationResponse
Container class for response functions and their derivatives. SimulationResponse provides the body class ...................................................................................... 956

SingleModel
Derived model class which utilizes a single interface to map variables into responses ...... 957

SNLLBase
Base class for OPT++ optimization and least squares methods ................................... 959

SNLLLeastSq
Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library ...................................................... 961

SNLLOptimizer
Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library ...................................................... 964

SOLBase
Base class for Stanford SOL software ........................................................................ 971

SpawnApplicInterface
Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using spawnvp ...... 973

SurfpackApproximation
Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota ........................................................................... 974
SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer
The global surrogate-based minimizer which sequentially minimizes and updates a global surrogate model without trust region controls .............................................................. 978

SurrBasedLocalMinimizer
Class for provably-convergent local surrogate-based optimization and nonlinear least squares . 979

SurrBasedMinimizer
Base class for local/global surrogate-based optimization/least squares ......................... 986

SurrogateModel
Base class for surrogate models (DataFitSurrModel and HierarchSurrModel) ................ 990

SysCallApplicInterface
Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using system calls ...... 994

TabularDataTruncated
Exception thrown when data read truncated ............................................................. 998

TabularReader
Utility used in derived read_core to read values in tabular format ............................ 998

TabularWriter
Utility used in derived write_core to write values in tabular format ........................ 999

TANA3Approximation
Derived approximation class for TANA-3 two-point exponential approximation (a multipoint approximation) ................................................................. 999

TaylorApproximation
Derived approximation class for first- or second-order Taylor series (a local approximation) . 1001

TestDriverInterface ................................................................. 1002

TrackerHTTP
TrackerHTTP: a usage tracking module that uses HTTP/HTTPS via the curl library .... 1009

UsageTracker
Lightweight class to manage conditionally active Curl-based HTTP tracker via PIMPL . 1011

Var_iCHECK
Structure for verifying bounds and initial point for string-valued vars ....................... 1012

Var_rCHECK
Structure for verifying bounds and initial point for real-valued vars ......................... 1012

Variables
Base class for the variables class hierarchy .......................................................... 1013

Verification
Base class for managing common aspects of verification studies .............................. 1022

VLint
Structure for validating integer uncertain variable labels, bounds, values ................. 1024

VLreal
Structure for validating real uncertain variable labels, bounds, values ..................... 1024

VLstr
Structure for validating string uncertain variable labels, bounds, values ................. 1025

VPSApproximation
Derived approximation class for VPS implementation ........................................... 1025

WorkdirHelper .......................................................... 1029
## Chapter 11

### File Index

#### 11.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dakota_dll_api.cpp</td>
<td>This file contains a DakotaRunner class, which launches DAKOTA</td>
<td>1035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dakota_dll_api.h</td>
<td>API for DLL interactions</td>
<td>1036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dakota_linear_algebra.hpp</td>
<td>Dakota linear algebra utilities</td>
<td>1037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dakota_tabular_io.hpp</td>
<td>Utility functions for reading and writing tabular data files Emerging utilities for tabular file I/O. For now, just extraction of capability from separate contexts to facilitate rework. These augment (and leverage) those in data_util.h</td>
<td>1037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dll_tester.cpp</td>
<td>Test the DLL with a DAKOTA input file</td>
<td>1040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer.cpp</td>
<td>Contains the implementation of the JEGAOptimizer class</td>
<td>1040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JEGAOptimizer.hpp</td>
<td>Contains the definition of the JEGAOptimizer class</td>
<td>1041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>library_mode.cpp</td>
<td>File containing a mock simulator main for testing Dakota in library mode</td>
<td>1041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>library_split.cpp</td>
<td>File containing a mock simulator main for testing DAKOTA in library mode on a split communicator</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>main.cpp</td>
<td>File containing the main program for DAKOTA</td>
<td>1045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>restart_util.cpp</td>
<td>File containing the DAKOTA restart utility main program</td>
<td>1046</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 12

Namespace Documentation

12.1 Dakota Namespace Reference

The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Classes

- class ApplicationInterface
  Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting interfaces to simulation codes.

- class ApproximationInterface
  Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting approximations to simulation-based results.

- class APPSEvalMgr
  Evaluation manager class for APPSPACK.

- class APPSOptimizer
  Wrapper class for HOPSPACK.

- class BootstrapSamplerBase
  Base class/interface for the bootstrap sampler.

- class BootstrapSampler
  Actual bootstrap sampler implementation for common data types.

- class BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >
  Bootstrap sampler that is specialized to allow for the bootstrapping of RealMatrix.

- class BootstrapSamplerWithGS
  A derived sampler to allow for user specification of the accessor methods.

- class COLINApplication
- class COLINOptimizer
  Wrapper class for optimizers defined using COLIN.

- class CollabHybridMetaIterator
  Meta-iterator for hybrid iteration using multiple collaborating optimization and nonlinear least squares methods.

- class GetLongOpt
  GetLongOpt is a general command line utility from S. Manoharan (Advanced Computer Research Institute, Lyon, France).

- class CommandLineHandler
Utility class for managing command line inputs to DAKOTA.

- **class CommandShell**
  Utility class which defines convenience operators for spawning processes with system calls.

- **class ConcurrentMetaIterator**
  Meta-iterator for multi-start iteration or pareto set optimization.

- **class CONMINOptimizer**
  Wrapper class for the CONMIN optimization library.

- **class FileReadException**
  Base class for Dakota file read exceptions (to allow catching both tabular and general file truncation issues)

- **class TabularDataTruncated**
  Exception thrown when data read truncated

- **class ResultsFileError**
  Exception thrown for other results file read error

- **class FunctionEvalFailure**
  Exception class for function evaluation failures

- **struct BaseConstructor**
  Dummy struct for overloading letter-envelope constructors.

- **struct NoDBBaseConstructor**
  Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly instantiations without ProblemDescDB support.

- **struct LightWtBaseConstructor**
  Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly Model instantiations.

- **class ActiveSet**
  Container class for active set tracking information. Contains the active set request vector and the derivative variables vector.

- **class Analyzer**
  Base class for NonD, DACE, and ParamStudy branches of the iterator hierarchy.

- **class Approximation**
  Base class for the approximation class hierarchy.

- **class Constraints**
  Base class for the variable constraints class hierarchy.

- **class Environment**
  Base class for the environment class hierarchy.

- **class Graphics**
  The Graphics class provides a single interface to 2D (motif) and 3D (PLPLOT) graphics; there is only one instance of this OutputManager::dakotaGraphics.

- **class Interface**
  Base class for the interface class hierarchy.

- **class Iterator**
  Base class for the iterator class hierarchy.

- **class LeastSq**
  Base class for the nonlinear least squares branch of the iterator hierarchy.

- **class Minimizer**
  Base class for the optimizer and least squares branches of the iterator hierarchy.
12.1. **DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE**

- **class ScalingOptions**
  
  Simple container for user-provided scaling data, possibly expanded by replicates through the models.

- **class Model**
  
  Base class for the model class hierarchy.

- **class NonD**
  
  Base class for all nondeterministic iterators (the DAKOTA/UQ branch).

- **class Optimizer**
  
  Base class for the optimizer branch of the iterator hierarchy.

- **class PSStudyDACE**
  
  Base class for managing common aspects of parameter studies and design of experiments methods.

- **class Response**
  
  Container class for response functions and their derivatives. `Response` provides the enveloper base class.

- **class GeneralReader**
  
  Utility used in derived read,core to read in generic format.

- **class TabularReader**
  
  Utility used in derived read,core to read values in tabular format.

- **class GeneralWriter**
  
  Utility used in derived write,core to write in generic format.

- **class ApreproWriter**
  
  Utility used in derived write,core to write in aprepro format.

- **class TabularWriter**
  
  Utility used in derived write,core to write values in tabular format.

- **class LabelsWriter**
  
  Utility used in derived write,core to write labels in tabular format.

- **class Variables**
  
  Base class for the variables class hierarchy.

- **class Verification**
  
  Base class for managing common aspects of verification studies.

- **class DataEnvironmentRep**
  
  Body class for environment specification data.

- **class DataEnvironment**
  
  Handle class for environment specification data.

- **class DataFitSurrModel**
  
  Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing data fit surrogates (global and local)

- **class DataInterface**
  
  Handle class for interface specification data.

- **class DataMethodRep**
  
  Body class for method specification data.

- **class DataMethod**
  
  Handle class for method specification data.

- **class DataModelRep**
  
  Body class for model specification data.

- **class DataModel**
Handle class for model specification data.

• class DataResponsesRep
  Body class for responses specification data.
• class DataResponses
  Handle class for responses specification data.
• class DataTransformModel
  Data transformation specialization of RecastModel.
• class DataVariablesRep
  Body class for variables specification data.
• class DataVariables
  Handle class for variables specification data.
• class DDACEDesignCompExp
  Wrapper class for the DDACE design of experiments library.
• class DirectApplicInterface
  Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes and testers using direct procedure calls.
• class DiscrepancyCorrection
  Base class for discrepancy corrections.
• class DOTOptimizer
  Wrapper class for the DOT optimization library.
• class EffGlobalMinimizer
  Implementation of Efficient Global Optimization/Least Squares algorithms.
• class EfficientSubspaceMethod
  Efficient Subspace Method (ESM), as proposed by Hany S. Abdel-Khalik.
• class EmbedHybridMetaIterator
  Meta-iterator for closely-coupled hybrid iteration, typically involving the embedding of local search methods within
global search methods.
• class ExecutableEnvironment
  Environment corresponding to execution as a stand-alone application.
• class ExperimentData
  Interpolation method for interpolating between experimental and model data. I need to work on inputs/outputs to
this method. For now, this assumes interpolation of functional data.
• class ExperimentResponse
  Container class for response functions and their derivatives. ExperimentResponse provides the body class.
• class ForkApplicInterface
  Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using fork/execvp/waitpid.
• class FSUDesignCompExp
  Wrapper class for the FSU Dace QMC/CVT library.
• class GaussProcApproximation
  Derived approximation class for Gaussian Process implementation.
• class GridApplicInterface
  Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using grid services such as Condor or Globus.
• class HierarchSurrModel
  Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing hierarchical surrogates (models of varying
fidelity).
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- class IteratorScheduler
  
  This class encapsulates scheduling operations for concurrent sub-iteration within an outer level context (e.g., meta-iteration, nested models).

- class JEGAOptimizer
  
  A version of Dakota::Optimizer for instantiation of John Eddy's Genetic Algorithms (JEGA).

- class LibraryEnvironment
  
  Environment corresponding to execution as an embedded library.

- class MatlabInterface

- class MetaIterator
  
  Base class for meta-iterators.

- class MixedVarConstraints
  
  Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

- class MixedVariables
  
  Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

- class MPIManager
  
  Class MPIManager to manage Dakota's MPI world, which may be a subset of MPI_COMM_WORLD.

- class MPIPackBuffer
  
  Class for packing MPI message buffers.

- class MPIUnpackBuffer
  
  Class for unpacking MPI message buffers.

- class NCSUOptimizer
  
  Wrapper class for the NCSU DIRECT optimization library.

- class NestedModel
  
  Derived model class which performs a complete sub-iteration execution within every evaluation of the model.

- struct Var_rcheck
  
  structure for verifying bounds and initial point for real-valued vars

- struct Var_iCHECK
  
  structure for verifying bounds and initial point for string-valued vars

- struct VLreal
  
  structure for validating real uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

- struct VLint
  
  structure for validating integer uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

- struct VLStr
  
  structure for validating string uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

- class NIDRProblemDescDB
  
  The derived input file database utilizing the new IDR parser.

- struct NL2Res
  
  Auxiliary information passed to calcr and calcj via ur.

- class NL2SOLLeastSq
  
  Wrapper class for the NL2SOL nonlinear least squares library.

- class NLPQLPOptimizer
  
  Wrapper class for the NLPQLP optimization library, Version 2.0.
• class NLSSOLLeastSq
  Wrapper class for the NLSSOL nonlinear least squares library.
• class NomadOptimizer
  Wrapper class for NOMAD Optimizer.
• class NonDAdaptImpSampling
  Class for the Adaptive Importance Sampling methods within DAKOTA.
• class NonDAdaptiveSampling
  Class for testing various Adaptively sampling methods using geometric, statistical, and topological information of the surrogate.
• class NonDBayesCalibration
  Base class for Bayesian inference: generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experimental data.
• class NonDCalibration
• class NonDCubature
  Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical cubature points for evaluation of expectation integrals.
• class NonDDREAMBayesCalibration
  Bayesian inference using the DREAM approach.
• class NonDExpansion
  Base class for polynomial chaos expansions (PCE) and stochastic collocation (SC)
• class NonDGlobalEvidence
  Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
• class NonDGlobalInterval
  Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.
• class NonDGlobalReliability
  Class for global reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
• class NonDGlobalSingleInterval
  Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.
• class NonDGPImpSampling
  Class for the Gaussian Process-based Importance Sampling method.
• class NonDGPMsABayesCalibration
  Generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experiment data.
• class NonDIncremLHSSampling
  Performs incremental LHS sampling for uncertainty quantification.
• class NonDIntegration
  Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical integration points for evaluation of expectation integrals.
• class NonDInterval
  Base class for interval-based methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
• class NonDLHSEvidence
  Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
• class NonDLHSInterval
  Class for the LHS-based interval methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- `class NonDLHSSampling
  Performs LHS and Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDLHSSingleInterval
  Class for pure interval propagation using LHS.

- `class NonDLocalEvidence
  Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

- `class NonDLocalInterval
  Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDLocalReliability
  Class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

- `class NonDLocalSingleInterval
  Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDMultilevelSampling
  Performs Multilevel Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDPOFDarts
  Base class for POF Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

- `class NonDPolynomialChaos
  Nonintrusive polynomial chaos expansion approaches to uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDQuadrature
  Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical quadrature points for evaluation of expectation integrals over uncorrelated standard normals/uniforms/exponentials/betas/gammas.

- `class QuesoJointPdf
  Dakota specialization of QUESO generic joint PDF.

- `class QuesoVectorRV
  Dakota specialization of QUESO vector-valued random variable.

- `class NonDQUESOBayesCalibration
  Bayesian inference using the QUESO library from UT Austin.

- `class NonDReliability
  Base class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

- `class NonDRKDDarts
  Base class for the Recursive k-d Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

- `class NonDSampling
  Base class for common code between NonDLHSSampling, NonDIncrementLHSSampling, and NonDAdaptImpSampling.

- `class NonDSparseGrid
  Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional Smolyak sparse grids for numerical evaluation of expectation integrals over independent standard random variables.

- `class NonDStochCollocation
  Nonintrusive stochastic collocation approaches to uncertainty quantification.

- `class NonDWASABIBayesCalibration
  WASABI - Weighted Adaptive Surrogate Approximations for Bayesian Inference.

- `class NonlinearCGOptimizer

- `class NPSOLOptimizer
Wrapper class for the NPSOL optimization library.

- **class OptDartsOptimizer**
  Wrapper class for OptDarts **Optimizer**.
- **class OutputWriter**
- **class ConsoleRedirector**
- **class RestartWriter**
- **class OutputManager**
  Class to manage redirection of stdout/stderr, keep track of current redir state, and manage rank 0 output. Also manage tabular data output for post-processing with Matlab, Tecplot, etc. and delegate to **Graphics** for X Windows **Graphics**.
- **class ParallelLevel**
  Container class for the data associated with a single level of communicator partitioning.
- **class ParallelConfiguration**
  Container class for a set of **ParallelLevel** list iterators that collectively identify a particular multilevel parallel configuration.
- **class ParallelLibrary**
  Class for partitioning multiple levels of parallelism and managing message passing within these levels.
- **class ParamResponsePair**
  Container class for a variables object, a response object, and an evaluation id.
- **class ParamStudy**
  Class for vector, list, centered, and multidimensional parameter studies.
- **class PebblBranching**
  Main Branching class for the experimental Pebbl-based **Optimizer**.
- **class PebblBranchSub**
  Sub Branch class for the experimental Pebbl-based **Optimizer**.
- **class PebblMinimizer**
  Wrapper class for experimental PebblMinimizer.
- **class PecosApproximation**
  Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.
- **class ProblemDescDB**
  The database containing information parsed from the DAKOTA input file.
- **class ProcessApplicInterface**
  Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process and communicates with it through files.
- **class ProcessHandleApplicInterface**
  Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process, receives a process identifier, and communicates with the spawned process through files.
- **class ProgramOptions**
  **ProgramOptions** stores options whether from the CLH or from library user; initially valid only on worldRank = 0, but then broadcast in **ParallelLibrary::push_output_tag()**
- **struct partial_prp_hash**
  wrapper to delegate to the **ParamResponsePair** hash value function
- **struct partial_prp_equality**
  predicate for comparing ONLY the interfaceId and Vars attributes of PRPair
• class **PSUADEDesignCompExp**
  Wrapper class for the PSUADE library.
• class **PythonInterface**
• class **RecastModel**
  Derived model class which provides a thin wrapper around a sub-model in order to recast the form of its inputs and/or outputs.
• class **ReducedBasis**
• class **RelaxedVarConstraints**
  Derived class within the **Constraints** hierarchy which employs relaxation of discrete variables.
• class **RelaxedVariables**
  Derived class within the **Variables** hierarchy which employs the relaxation of discrete variables.
• class **ResultsDBAny**
• class **ResultsID**
  Get a globally unique 1-based execution number for a given iterator name (combination of methodName and methodID) for use in results DB. Each Iterator::run() call creates or increments this count for its string identifier.
• class **ResultsNames**
  List of valid names for iterator results.
• class **ResultsManager**
  Results manager for iterator final data.
• class **ResultsEntry**
  Class to manage in-core vs. file database lookups.
• class **RichExtrapVerification**
  Class for Richardson extrapolation for code and solution verification.
• class **ScalingModel**
  Scaling specialization of RecastModel.
• class **ScilabInterface**
• class **SensAnalysisGlobal**
  Class for a utility class containing correlation calculations and variance-based decomposition.
• class **SeqHybridMetaIterator**
  Method for sequential hybrid iteration using multiple optimization and nonlinear least squares methods on multiple models of varying fidelity.
• class **SharedApproxData**
  Base class for the shared approximation data class hierarchy.
• class **SharedPecosApproxData**
  Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.
• class **SharedResponseDataRep**
  The representation of a SharedResponseData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple SharedResponseData handle instances.
• class **SharedResponseData**
  Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Response instances.
• class **SharedSurfpackApproxData**
  Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.
• class **SharedVariablesDataRep**
The representation of a `SharedVariablesData` instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple `SharedVariablesData` handle instances.

- **class SharedVariablesData**
  Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of `Variables` instances.

- **class SimulationResponse**
  Container class for response functions and their derivatives. `SimulationResponse` provides the body class.

- **class SingleModel**
  Derived model class which utilizes a single interface to map variables into responses.

- **class SNLLBase**
  Base class for OPT++ optimization and least squares methods.

- **class SNLLLLeastSq**
  Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

- **class SNLLOptimizer**
  Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

- **class SOLBase**
  Base class for Stanford SOL software.

- **class SpawnApplicInterface**
  Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using spawnvp.

- **class SurfpackApproximation**
  Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.

- **class SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer**
  The global surrogate-based minimizer which sequentially minimizes and updates a global surrogate model without trust region controls.

- **class SurrBasedLocalMinimizer**
  Class for provably-convergent local surrogate-based optimization and nonlinear least squares.

- **class SurrBasedMinimizer**
  Base class for local/global surrogate-based optimization/least squares.

- **class SurrogateModel**
  Base class for surrogate models (`DataFitSurrModel` and `HierarchSurrModel`).

- **class SysCallApplicInterface**
  Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using system calls.

- **class TANA3Approximation**
  Derived approximation class for TANA-3 two-point exponential approximation (a multipoint approximation).

- **class TaylorApproximation**
  Derived approximation class for first- or second-order Taylor series (a local approximation).

- **class TestDriverInterface**

- **class TrackerHTTP**
  TrackerHTTP: a usage tracking module that uses HTTP/HTTPS via the curl library.

- **class UsageTracker**
  Lightweight class to manage conditionally active Curl-based HTTP tracker via PIMPL.

- **class VPSApproximation**
  Derived approximation class for VPS implementation.

- **struct MatchesWC**
  Predicate that returns true when the passed path matches the wildcard with which it was configured. Currently supports * and ?.

- **class WorkdirHelper**
Typedefs

- `typedef double Real`
- `typedef std::string String`
- `typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, Real > RealVector`
- `typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< int, Real > RealMatrix`
- `typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, int > IntVector`
- `typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< int, int > IntMatrix`
- `typedef std::deque< bool > BoolDeque`
- `typedef boost::dynamic_bitset< unsigned long > BitArray`
- `typedef std::vector< BoolDeque > BoolDequeArray`
- `typedef std::vector< Real > RealArray`
- `typedef std::vector< RealArray > Real2DArray`
- `typedef std::vector< int > IntArray`
- `typedef std::vector< IntArray > Int2DArray`
- `typedef std::vector< short > ShortArray`
- `typedef std::vector< UShortArray > UShort2DArray`
- `typedef std::vector< UShort2DArray > UShort3DArray`
- `typedef std::vector< size_t > SizetArray`
- `typedef std::vector< SizetArray > Sizet2DArray`
- `typedef std::vector< String > StringArray`
- `typedef std::vector< StringArray > String2DArray`
- `typedef boost::multi_array_types::index_range idx_range`
- `typedef boost::multi_array< String, 1 > StringMultiArray`
- `typedef boost::multi_array< String, 2 > StringMulti2DArray`
- `typedef StringMultiArray::array_view< 1 >::type StringMultiArrayView`
- `typedef StringMultiArray::const_array_view< 1 >::type StringMultiArrayConstView`
• typedef boost::multi_array
  < unsigned short, 1 > UShortMultiArray
• typedef
  UShortMultiArray::array_view
  < 1 >::type UShortMultiArrayView
• typedef
  UShortMultiArray::const_array_view
  < 1 >::type UShortMultiArrayConstView
• typedef boost::multi_array
  < size_t, 1 > SizetMultiArray
• typedef
  SizetMultiArray::array_view
  < 1 >::type SizetMultiArrayView
• typedef
  SizetMultiArray::const_array_view
  < 1 >::type SizetMultiArrayConstView
• typedef boost::multi_array
  < Real, 1 > RealMultiArray
• typedef boost::multi_array
  < Real, 2 > RealMulti2DArray
• typedef boost::multi_array
  < Real, 3 > RealMulti3DArray
• typedef std::vector<RealVector> RealVectorArray
• typedef std::vector
  < RealVectorArray > RealVector2DArray
• typedef std::vector<RealMatrix> RealMatrixArray
• typedef std::vector
  < RealSymMatrix > RealSymMatrixArray
• typedef std::vector<IntVector> IntVectorArray
• typedef std::vector<Variables> VariablesArray
• typedef std::vector<Response> ResponseArray
• typedef std::vector
  < ParamResponsePair > PRPArray
• typedef std::vector<PRPArray> PRP2DArray
• typedef std::vector<Model> ModelArray
• typedef std::vector<Iterator> IteratorArray
• typedef std::vector
  < RealMultiArray > BoostMAArray
• typedef std::vector
  < RealMulti2DArray > BoostMA2DArray
• typedef std::vector
  < RealMulti3DArray > BoostMA3DArray
• typedef std::list<bool> BoolList
• typedef std::list<int> IntList
• typedef std::list< size_t > SizetList
• typedef std::list< Real > RealList
• typedef std::list< RealVector > RealVectorList
typedef std::list< String > StringList
typedef std::list< Variables > VariablesList
typedef std::list< Interface > InterfaceList
typedef std::list< Response > ResponseList
typedef std::list< Model > ModelList
typedef std::list< Iterator > IteratorList
typedef std::pair< int, int > IntIntPair
typedef std::pair< size_t, int > SizetIntPair
typedef std::pair< int, String > IntStringPair
typedef std::pair< Real, Real > RealRealPair
typedef std::pair< int, Response > IntResponsePair
typedef std::set< Real > RealSet
typedef std::set< int > IntSet
typedef std::set< String > StringSet
typedef std::set< unsigned short > UShortSet
typedef std::set< size_t > SizetSet
typedef std::vector< RealSet > RealSetArray
typedef std::vector< IntSet > IntSetArray
typedef std::vector< StringSet > StringSetArray
typedef std::vector< UShortSet > UShortSetArray
typedef std::map< int, int > IntIntMap
typedef std::map< int, short > IntShortMap
typedef std::map< int, short > IntSizetMap
typedef std::map< int, Real > IntRealMap
typedef std::map< Real, Real > RealRealMap
typedef std::map< String, Real > StringRealMap
typedef std::map< RealRealPair > RealRealPairArray
typedef std::map< IntRealMap > IntRealMapArray
typedef std::map< RealRealMap > RealRealMapArray
typedef std::vector< StringRealMap > StringRealMapArray
typedef std::map< int, RealVector > IntRealVectorMap
typedef std::map< int, RealMatrix > IntRealMatrixMap
typedef std::map< int, ActiveSet > IntActiveSetMap
typedef std::map< int, Variables > IntVariablesMap
typedef std::map< int, Response > IntResponseMap
typedef std::map< IntArray, size_t > IntArraySizetMap
typedef std::map< IntIntPair, Real > IntIntPairRealMap
typedef std::map< RealRealPair, Real > RealRealPairRealMap
typedef std::vector< IntIntPairRealMap > IntIntPairRealMapArray
typedef std::vector< RealRealPairRealMap > RealRealPairRealMapArray
• typedef std::multimap
  < RealRealPair, ParamResponsePair > RealPairPRPMultiMap
• typedef IntList::iterator ILIter
• typedef IntList::const_iterator ILCIter
• typedef SizetList::iterator StLIter
• typedef SizetList::const_iterator StLCIter
• typedef RealList::iterator RLIter
• typedef RealList::const_iterator RLCIter
• typedef RealVectorList::iterator RVLIter
• typedef
  RealVectorList::const_iterator RVLCLIter
• typedef StringList::iterator StringLIter
• typedef StringList::const_iterator StringLCIter
• typedef VariablesList::iterator VarsLIter
• typedef InterfaceList::iterator InterfLIter
• typedef ResponseList::iterator RespLIter
• typedef ModelList::iterator ModelLIter
• typedef ModelList::reverse_iterator ModelLRevIter
• typedef IteratorList::iterator IterLIter
• typedef std::list
  < ParallelLevel >::iterator ParLevLIter
• typedef IntSet::iterator ISIter
• typedef IntSet::const_iterator ISCIter
• typedef IntIntMap::iterator IIPRIter
• typedef IntIntMap::const_iterator IIPRCIter
• typedef IntIntPairRealMap::iterator IIPRPMIter
• typedef IntIntPairRealMap::const_iterator IIPRMCIter
• typedef RealRealMap::iterator RRIter
• typedef RealRealMap::const_iterator RRMCIter
• typedef RealRealPairRealMap::iterator RRPRIter
• typedef RealRealPairRealMap::const_iterator RRPRMCIter
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- typedef RealRealPairRealMap::const_iterator RRPRMCIter
- typedef IntRealVectorMap::iterator IntRDVMIter
- typedef IntRealVectorMap::const_iterator IntRDVMCIter
- typedef IntActiveSetMap::iterator IntASMIter
- typedef IntVariablesMap::iterator IntVarsMIter
- typedef IntVariablesMap::const_iterator IntVarsMCIter
- typedef IntResponseMap::iterator IntRespMIter
- typedef IntResponseMap::const_iterator IntRespMCIter
- typedef boost::tuple
  < std::string, std::string, size_t, std::string > ResultsKeyType
  
  Data type for results key (instance name / id, unique run, label), where data key is a valid colon-delimited string from ResultsNames tuple.<method_name, method_id, execution_number, data_key>

- typedef std::string MetaDataKeyType
  
  Data type for metadata key.

- typedef std::vector < std::string > MetaDataValueType
  
  Data type for metadata value.

- typedef std::map < MetaDataKeyType, MetaDataValueType > MetaDataType
  
  A single MetaData entry is map< string, vector< string > > Example: pair( "Column labels", ["Mean", "Std Dev", "Skewness", "Kurtosis"] )

- typedef boost::tuple
  < std::string, std::string, size_t > StrStrSizet

  Iterator unique ID: <method_name, method_id, exec_num>

- typedef void(* dl_find_optimum_t )(void *, Optimizer1 *, char *)
- typedef void(* dl_destructor_t )(void **)
- typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseSolver
  < int, Real > RealSolver

- typedef Teuchos::SerialSpdDenseSolver
  < int, Real > RealSpdSolver

- typedef int(* start_grid_computing_t )(char *analysis_driver_script, char *params_file, char *results_file)
  
  definition of start grid computing type (function pointer)

- typedef int(* perform_analysis_t )(char *iteration_num)
  
  definition of perform analysis type (function pointer)

- typedef int (*)(* get_jobs_completed_t )()
  
  definition of get completed jobs type (function pointer)

- typedef int (*)(* stop_grid_computing_t )()
  
  definition of stop grid computing type (function pointer)
typedef int MPI_Comm
typedef void * MPI_Request
typedef unsigned char u_char
typedef unsigned short u_short
typedef unsigned int u_int
typedef unsigned long u_long
typedef long long long_long
typedef unsigned long UL
typedef void(* Calcrj)(int *n, int *p, Real *x, int *nf, int *ui, void *ur, Vf vf)
typedef void(* Vf)()
typedef void(* DbCallbackFunctionPtr)(Dakota::ProblemDescDB *db, void *data_ptr)

Triplet of filesystem paths: e.g., params, results, workdir.

typedef bmi::multi_index_container
< Dakota::ParamResponsePair,
bmi::indexed_by
< bmi::ordered_non_unique
< bmi::tag< ordered >
, bmi::const_mem_fun
< Dakota::ParamResponsePair,
const IntStringPair
&, &Dakota::ParamResponsePair::eval_interface_ids > > , bmi::hashed_non_unique
< bmi::tag< hashed >
, bmi::identity
< Dakota::ParamResponsePair >
, partial_prp_hash,
partial_prp_equality > > > PRPMultiIndexCache

Boost Multi-Index Container for globally caching ParamResponsePairs.

typedef PRPMultiIndexCache PRPCache

typedef PRPCache::index_iterator
< ordered >::type PRPCacheOIter

typedef PRPCache::index_const_iterator
< ordered >::type PRPCacheOClIter

typedef PRPCache::index_iterator
< hashed >::type PRPCacheHIter

typedef PRPCache::index_const_iterator
< hashed >::type PRPCacheHCIter

typedef PRPCacheOIter PRPCacheIter

default cache iterator <0>
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- typedef PRPCacheOICIter PRPCacheCIter

  default cache const reverse iterator <0>

- typedef boost::reverse_iterator
  < PRPCacheCIter > PRPCacheCRevIter

- typedef bmi::multi_index_container
  < Dakota::ParamResponsePair,
    bmi::indexed_by
    < bmi::ordered_unique
    , bmi::tag < ordered >
    , bmi::const_mem_fun
    < Dakota::ParamResponsePair,
    int,&Dakota::ParamResponsePair::eval_id >
  >, bmi::hashed_non_unique
  < bmi::tag < hashed >
  , bmi::identity
  < Dakota::ParamResponsePair >
  , partial_prp_hash,
  partial_prp_equality > > > PRPMultiIndexQueue

  Boost Multi-Index Container for locally queueing ParamResponsePairs.

- typedef PRPMultiIndexQueue PRPQueue

- typedef PRPQueue::index_iterator
  < ordered >::type PRPQueueOIter

- typedef PRPQueue::index_const_iterator
  < ordered >::type PRPQueueOCIter

- typedef PRPQueue::index_iterator
  < hashed >::type PRPQueueHIter

- typedef PRPQueue::index_const_iterator
  < hashed >::type PRPQueueHCIter

- typedef PRPQueueOIter PRPQueueIter

- typedef PRPQueueOCIter PRPQueueCIter

- typedef std::pair< boost::any, MetaDataType > ResultsValueType

  Core data storage type: boost::any, with optional metadata (see other types in results_types.hpp)

- typedef boost::function< bool(const
bfs::path &src_path, const
bfs::path &dest_path, bool
overwrite) > file_op_function

  define a function type that operates from src to dest, with option to overwrite

- typedef boost::filter_iterator
  < MatchesWC,
bfs::directory_iterator > glob_iterator

  a glob_iterator filters a directory_iterator based on a wildcard predicate
Enumerations

- `enum
  
  COBYLA, DIRECT, EA, MS,
  PS, SW, BETA

- `enum
  
  METHOD_ERROR = -7, MODEL_ERROR = -6, IO_ERROR = -5, INTERFACE_ERROR = -4,
  CONSTRUCT_ERROR = -3, PARSE_ERROR = -2, OTHER_ERROR = -1

  enum for Dakota abort reasons; using negative numbers to avoid clash with signal codes 1–64 in signum.h

- `enum
  
  ABORT_EXITS, ABORT_THROWS

  enum for dakota abort behaviors

- `enum
  
  TABULAR_NONE = 0, TABULAR_HEADER = 1, TABULAR_EVAL_ID = 2, TABULAR_IFACE_ID = 4,
  TABULAR_EXPER_ANOT = TABULAR_HEADER | TABULAR_EVAL_ID, TABULAR_ANOTATED = TABULAR_HEADER | TABULAR_EVAL_ID | TABULAR_IFACE_ID

  options for tabular columns

- `enum
  
  FLEXIBLE_RESULTS, LABELED_RESULTS

  options for results file format

- `enum
  
  NO_MODEL_FORMAT =0, TEXT_ARCHIVE =1, BINARY_ARCHIVE =2, ALGEBRAIC_FILE =4,
  ALGEBRAIC_CONSOLE =8

  define special values for surrogateExportFormats

- `enum
  
  DEFAULT_INTERFACE =0, APPROX_INTERFACE, FORK_INTERFACE =PROCESS_INTERFACE_BIT,
  SYSTEM_INTERFACE, GRID_INTERFACE, TEST_INTERFACE =DIRECT_INTERFACE_BIT, MATLAB_INTERFACE, PYTHON_INTERFACE,
  SCILAB_INTERFACE

  special values for interface type

- `enum
  
  SYNCHRONOUS_INTERFACE, ASYNCHRONOUS_INTERFACE

  interface synchronization types

- `enum
  
  OBJECTIVE, INEQUALITY_CONSTRAINT, EQUALITY_CONSTRAINT

  define algebraic function types

- `enum
  
  DEFAULT_METHOD =0, HYBRID =(META_BIT | PARALLEL_BIT), PARETO_SET, MULTI_START,
  RICHARDSON_EXTRAP =(ANALYZER_BIT | VERIF_BIT), CENTERED_PARAMETER_STUDY =(ANALYZER_BIT | PSTUDYDACE_BIT), LIST_PARAMETER_STUDY, MULTIDIM_PARAMETER_STUDY,
  VECTOR_PARAMETER_STUDY, DACE, FSU_CVT, FSU_HALTON,
  FSU_HAMMERSLEY, PSUADE_MOAT, LOCAL_RELIABILITY =(ANALYZER_BIT | NOND_BIT), GLOBAL_RELIABILITY,
  POLYNOMIAL_CHAOS, STOCH_COLLOCATION, CUBATURE_INTEGRATION, SPARSE_GRID_INTEGRATION,
  QUADRATURE_INTEGRATION, BAYES_CALIBRATION, GPAIS, POF_DARTS,
  RKD_DARTS, EFFICIENT_SUBSPACE, IMPORTANCE_SAMPLING, ADAPTIVE_SAMPLING,
  RANDOM_SAMPLING, MULTILEVEL_SAMPLING, LIST_SAMPLING, LOCAL_INTERVAL_ -
12.1. **DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE**

EST, LOCAL_EVIDENCE, GLOBAL_INTERVAL_EST, GLOBAL_EVIDENCE, SURROGATE_BASED_LOCAL = (MINIMIZER_BIT | SURR_BASED_BIT), SURROGATE_BASED_GLOBAL, EFFICIENT_GLOBAL, NL2_SOL = (MINIMIZER_BIT | LEAST_SQ_BIT), NLSSOL_SQP, OPTPP_G_NEWTON, ASYNCH_PATTERN_SEARCH = (MINIMIZER_BIT | OPTIMIZER_BIT), OPTPP_PDS, COLINY_BETA, COLINY_COBYLA, COLINY_DIRECT, COLINY_MULTI_START, COLINY_EA, COLINY_PATTERN_SEARCH, COLINY_SOLIS_WETS, MOGA, SOGA, NCSU_DIRECT, MESH_ADAPTIVE_SEARCH, GENIE_OPT_DARTS, GENIE_DIRECT, NONLINEAR_CG, OPTPP_CG, OPTPP_Q_NEWTON, OPTPP_FD_NEWTON, OPTPP_NEWTON, NPSOL_SQP, NLPLSQ_SQP, DOT_BFGS, DOT_FRCG, DOT_MMFD, DOT_SLP, DOT_SQP, CONMIN_FRCG, CONMIN_MFD, DL_SOLVER, BRANCH_AND_BOUND = (MINIMIZER_BIT | OPTIMIZER_BIT | LEAST_SQ_BIT) }

• enum {
  SUBMETHOD_DEFAULT = 0, SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE, SUBMETHOD_EMBEDDED, SUBMETHOD_SEQUENTIAL, SUBMETHOD_LHS, SUBMETHOD_RANDOM, SUBMETHOD_INCREMENTAL_LHS, SUBMETHOD_INCREMENTAL_RANDOM, SUBMETHOD_BOX_BEHNKEN, SUBMETHOD_CENTRAL_COMPOSITE, SUBMETHOD_GRID, SUBMETHOD_OA_LHS, SUBMETHOD_OAS, SUBMETHOD_DREAM, SUBMETHOD_GPMSA, SUBMETHOD_QUESO, SUBMETHOD_WASABI, SUBMETHOD_NIP, SUBMETHOD_SQP, SUBMETHOD_EA, SUBMETHOD_EGO, SUBMETHOD_SBO, SUBMETHOD_CONVERGE_ORDER, SUBMETHOD_CONVERGE_QOI, SUBMETHOD_ESTIMATE_ORDER }

  Sub-methods, including sampling, inference algorithm, opt algorithm types.

• enum {
  SILENT_OUTPUT, QUIET_OUTPUT, NORMAL_OUTPUT, VERBOSE_OUTPUT, DEBUG_OUTPUT }

• enum {
  DEFAULT_SCHEDULING, MASTER_SCHEDULING, PEER_SCHEDULING, PEER_DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING, PEER_STATIC_SCHEDULING, DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING, STATIC_SCHEDULING }

• enum {
  DEFAULT_CONFIG, PUSH_DOWN, PUSH_UP }

• enum {
  STD_NORMAL_U, STD_UNIFORM_U, ASKEY_U, EXTENDED_U }

• enum {
  DEFAULT_COVARIANCE, NO_COVARIANCE, DIAGONAL_COVARIANCE, FULL_COVARIANCE }

• enum {
  NO_INT_REFINE = 0, IS, AIS, MMAIS }

• enum {
  PROBABILITIES, RELIABILITIES, GEN_RELIABILITIES }

• enum {
  COMPONENT = 0, SYSTEM_SERIES, SYSTEM_PARALLEL }

• enum {
  CUMULATIVE, COMPLEMENTARY }

• enum {
  DEFAULT_LS = 0, SVD_LS, EQ_CON_LS }

• enum {
  NO_EMULATOR, PCE_EMULATOR, SC_EMULATOR, GP_EMULATOR, KRIGING_EMULATOR, VPS_EMULATOR }
• enum {
  CALIBRATE_NONE = 0, CALIBRATE_ONE, CALIBRATE_PER_EXPER, CALIBRATE_PER_R-ESP,
  CALIBRATE_BOTH }
• enum { IGNORE_RANKS, SET_RANKS, GET_RANKS, SET_GET_RANKS }
• enum {
  UNCERTAIN, UNCERTAIN_UNIFORM, ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN, ALEATORY_UNCERTAI-N_UNIFORM,
  EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN, EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN_UNIFORM, ACTIVE, ACTIVE_UNIFORM,
  ALL, ALL_UNIFORM }
• enum {
  MV = 0, AMV_X, AMV_U, AMV_PLUS_X,
  AMV_PLUS_U, TANA_X, TANA_U, NO_APPROX,
  EGRA_X, EGRA_U }
• enum { BREITUNG, HOHENRACK, HONG }
• enum { ORIGINAL_PRIMARY, SINGLE_OBJECTIVE, LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE, AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE }
• enum { NO_CONSTRAINTS, LINEARIZED_CONSTRAINTS, ORIGINAL_CONSTRAINTS }
• enum { NO_RELAX, HOMOTOPY, COMPOSITE_STEP }
• enum { PENALTY MERIT, ADAPTIVE_PENALTY MERIT, LAGRANGIAN MERIT, AUGME-NTED_LAGRANGIAN MERIT }
• enum { FILTER, TR_RATIO }
• enum { SCALE_NONE, SCALE_VALUE, SCALE_LOG }
• enum { CDV, LINEAR, NONLIN, FN_LSQ }
• enum { DISALLOW, TARGET, BOUNDS }
• enum { DEFAULT_POINTS, MINIMUM_POINTS, RECOMMENDED_POINTS, TOTAL_POINTS }

  define special values for pointsManagement
• enum {
  NO_SURROGATE = 0, UNCORRECTED_SURROGATE, AUTO_CORRECTED_SURROGATE, BYPASS_SURROGATE,
  MODEL_DISCREPANCY }

  define special values for SurrogateModel::responseMode
• enum { NO_CORRECTION = 0, ADDITIVE_CORRECTION, MULTIPLICATIVE_CORRECTION,
  COMBINED_CORRECTION }

  define special values for approxCorrectionType
• enum { BASE_RESPONSE = 0, SIMULATION_RESPONSE, EXPERIMENT_RESPONSE }

  special values for derived Response type
• enum { GENERIC_FNS = 0, OBJECTIVE_FNS, CALIB_TERMS }

  values for primary response types
• enum { DEFAULT_DOMAIN = 0, RELAXED_DOMAIN, MIXED_DOMAIN }
• enum {
  DEFAULT_VIEW = 0, ALL_VIEW, DESIGN_VIEW, UNCERTAIN_VIEW,
  ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN_VIEW, EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN_VIEW, STATE_VIEW }
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- enum
  EMPT Y =0, RELAXED_ALL, MIXED_ALL, RELAXED_DESIGN, RELAXED_UNCERTAIN, RELAXED_ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN, RELAXED_EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN, RELAXED_STATE, MIXED_DESIGN, MIXED_UNCERTAIN, MIXED_ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN, MIXED_EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN, MIXED_STATE }

- enum
  CONTINUOUS_DESIGN =1, DISCRETE_DESIGN_RANGE, DISCRETE_DESIGN_SET_INT, DISCRETE_DESIGN_SET_REAL, NORMAL_UNCERTAIN, LOGNORMAL_UNCERTAIN, UNIFORM_UNCERTAIN, LOGUNIFORM_UNCERTAIN, TRIANGULAR_UNCERTAIN, EXPONENTIAL_UNCERTAIN, BETA_UNCERTAIN, GAMMA_UNCERTAIN, GUMBEL_UNCERTAIN, FRECHET_UNCERTAIN, HISTOGRAM_BIN_UNCERTAIN, POISSON_UNCERTAIN, BINOMIAL_UNCERTAIN, NEGATIVE_BINOMIAL_UNCERTAIN, GEOMETRIC_UNCERTAIN, HYPERGEOMETRIC_UNCERTAIN, HISTOGRAM_POINT_UNCERTAIN_INT, HISTOGRAM_POINT_UNCERTAIN_STRING, HISTOGRAM_POINT_UNCERTAIN_REAL, CONTINUOUS_INTERVAL_UNCERTAIN, DISCRETE_INTERVAL_UNCERTAIN, DISCRETE_UNCERTAIN_SET_INT, DISCRETE_UNCERTAIN_SET_REAL, CONTINUOUS_STATE, DISCRETE_STATE_RANGE, DISCRETE_STATE_SET_INT, DISCRETE_STATE_SET_REAL, DISCRETE_STATE_SET_REAL }

- enum
  TOTAL_CDV =0, TOTAL_DDIV, TOTAL_DDSV, TOTAL_DDRV, TOTAL_CAU V, TOTAL_DAUIV, TOTAL_DAUSV, TOTAL_DAV R, TOTAL_CEUV, TOTAL_DEUIV, TOTAL.DEUSV, TOTAL.DEURV, TOTAL_CSV, TOTAL_DSIV, TOTAL_DSSV, TOTAL_DSRV, NUM_VC_TOTALS }

- enum var_t
  VAR_x1, VAR_x2, VAR_x3, VAR_b, VAR_h, VAR_p, VAR_M, VAR_Y, VAR_w, VAR_t, VAR_R, VAR_E, VAR_X, VAR_Fs, VAR_P1, VAR_P2, VAR_P3, VAR_B, VAR_D, VAR_H, VAR_F0, VAR_d, VAR_MFS Form }

  enumeration of possible variable types (to index to names)

- enum driver_t
  NO_DRIVER =0, CANTILEVER_BEAM, MOD_CANTILEVER_BEAM, CYLINDER_HEAD, EXTENDED_ROSEN BROCK, GENERALIZED_ROSEN BROCK, LF_RO SEN BROCK, MF_ROSEN BROCK, ROSEN BROCK, LF_POLY_PROD, POL Y_PROD, GERSTNER, SCALABLE_GERSTNER, LOGNORMAL_RATIO, MULTIMODAL, PLUGIN_ROSEN BROCK, PLUGIN_TEXT_BOOK, SHORT_COLUMN, LF_SHORT_COLUMN, MF_SHORT_COLUMN, SIDE_IMPACT_COST, SIDE_IMPACT_PERFORMANCE, SOBOL_RATIONAL, SOBOL_G_FU-
enum local_data { VARIABLES_MAP = 1, VARIABLES_VECTOR = 2 }

• enumeration for how local variables are stored (values must employ a bit representation)

• enum sigtype { NO_SIGMA, SCALAR_SIGMA, DIAGONAL_SIGMA, MATRIX_SIGMA }

• special values for sigmaType

• enum edtype { SCALAR_DATA, FUNCTIONAL_DATA }

• special values for experimental data type

• enum { SETUP_MODEL, SETUP_USERFUNC }

• enum { CAUVar_normal = 0, CAUVar_lognormal = 1, CAUVar_uniform = 2, CAUVar_loguniform = 3,
CAUVar_triangular = 4, CAUVar_exponential = 5, CAUVar_beta = 6, CAUVar_gamma = 7,
CAUVar_gumbel = 8, CAUVar_frechet = 9, CAUVar_weibull = 10, CAUVar_histogram_bin = 11,
CAUVar_Nkinds = 12 }

• enum { DAUIVar_poisson = 0, DAUIVar_binomial = 1, DAUIVar_negative_binomial = 2, DAUIVar_geometric
= 3,
DAUIVar_hypergeometric = 4, DAUIVar_histogram_point_int = 5, DAUIVar_Nkinds = 6 }

• enum { DAUSVar_histogram_point_str = 0, DAUSVar_Nkinds = 1 }

• enum { CEUVar_interval = 0, CEUVar_Nkinds = 1 }

• enum { DEUIVar_interval = 0, DEUIVar_set_int = 1, DEUIVar_Nkinds = 2 }

• enum { DEUSVar_set_str = 0, DEUSVar_Nkinds = 1 }

• enum { DEURVar_set_real = 0, DEURVar_Nkinds = 1 }

• enum { DiscSetVar_design_set_int = 0, DiscSetVar_design_set_str = 1, DiscSetVar_design_set_real = 2, DiscSet-
Var_state_set_int = 3,
DiscSetVar_state_set_str = 4, DiscSetVar_state_set_real = 5, DiscSetVar_Nkinds = 6 }

• enum { NUM_UNC_REAL_CONT = 4 }

• enum { NUM_UNC_INT_CONT = 2 }

• enum { NUM_UNC_STR_CONT = 2 }

• enum { FULL_TENSOR, FILTERED_TENSOR, RANDOM_TENSOR }

• enum CG_UPDATE { CG_STEEPEST, CG_FLETCHER_REEVES, CG_POLAK_RIBIERE, CG_POLAK_RIBIERE_PLUS,
CGHESTENES_STIEFEL }
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

NonlinearCG update options.

- enum `CG_LINESEARCHTYPE` { `CG_FIXED_STEP`, `CG_LS_SIMPLE`, `CG_LS_BRENT`, `CG_LS_WOLFE` }

NonlinearCG linesearch options.

- enum `EvalType` { `NLF_Evaluator`, `CONEvaluator` }

enumeration for the type of evaluator function

- enum { `TH_SILENT_OUTPUT`, `TH_QUIET_OUTPUT`, `TH_NORMAL_OUTPUT`, `TH_VERBOSE_OUTPUT`, `TH_DEBUG_OUTPUT` }

- enum { `DIR_CLEAN`, `DIR_PERSIST`, `DIR_ERROR` }

define directory creation options

- enum { `FILEOP_SILENT`, `FILEOP_WARN`, `FILEOP_ERROR` }

enum indicating action on failed file operation

Functions

- `CommandShell & flush (CommandShell &shell)`

  convenient shell manipulator function to "flush" the shell

- void `read_sized_data (std::istream &s, RealVectorArray &va, size_t num_rows, int num_cols)`

- void `read_fixed_rowsize_data (std::istream &s, RealVectorArray &va, int num_cols, bool row_major)`

- void `read_unsized_data (std::istream &s, RealVectorArray &va, bool row_major)`

- void `read_config_vars_multifile (const std::string &basename, int num_expts, int ncv, RealVectorArray &config_vars)`

- void `read_config_vars_singlefile (const std::string &basename, int num_expts, int ncv, RealVectorArray &config_vars)`

- void `read_field_values (const std::string &basename, int expt_num, RealVectorArray &field_vars)`

- void `read_field_values (const std::string &basename, int expt_num, RealVector &field_vars)`

- void `read_coord_values (const std::string &basename, int expt_num, RealMatrix &coords)`

- void `read_covariance (const std::string &basename, int expt_num, Dakota::CovarianceMatrix::FORMAT format, int num_vals, RealMatrix &cov_vals)`

- void `read_covariance (const std::string &basename, int expt_num, Dakota::CovarianceMatrix::FORMAT format, int num_vals, RealMatrix &cov_vals)`

- bool `nearby (const RealVector &rv1, const RealVector &rv2, Real rel_tol)`

  tolerance-based equality operator for RealVector

- bool `operator== (const ShortArray &dsa1, const ShortArray &dsa2)`

  equality operator for ShortArray

- bool `operator== (const StringArray &dsa1, const StringArray &dsa2)`

  equality operator for StringArray

- bool `operator== (const SizetArray &sa, SizetMultiArrayConstView smav)`

  equality operator for SizetArray and SizetMultiArrayConstView

- bool `operator!= (const StringMultiArrayView &sma1, const StringMultiArray &sma2)`

  inequality operator for StringMultiArray view vs. container

- Real `rel_change_L2 (const RealVector &curr_rv, const RealVector &prev_rv)`

  Computes relative change between RealVectors using Euclidean L2 norm.
• Real rel_change_L2 (const RealVector &curr_rv1, const RealVector &prev_rv1, const IntVector &curr_iv, const IntVector &prev_iv, const RealVector &curr_rv2, const RealVector &prev_rv2)
  Computes relative change between Real/int/Real vector triples using Euclidean L2 norm.

• bool operator== (const IntArray &dia1, const IntArray &dia2)
  equality operator for IntArray

• bool operator!=(const IntArray &dia1, const IntArray &dia2)
  inequality operator for IntArray

• bool operator!=(const ShortArray &dsa1, const ShortArray &dsa2)
  inequality operator for ShortArray

• bool operator!=(const StringArray &dsa1, const StringArray &dsa2)
  inequality operator for StringArray

• bool operator!=(const SizetArray &sa, SizetMultiArrayConstView smav)
  inequality operator for StringArray

• std::string strtolower (const std::string &s)
  Return lowercase copy of string s.

• bool strbegins (const std::string &input, const std::string &test)
  Return true if input string begins with string test.

• bool strends (const std::string &input, const std::string &test)
  Return true if input string ends with string test.

• bool strcontains (const std::string &input, const std::string &test)
  Return true if input string contains string test.

• void build_label (String &label, const String &root_label, size_t tag, const String &separator="")
  create a label by appending a numerical tag to the root_label, o

• void build_labels (StringArray &label_array, const String &root_label)
  create an array of labels by tagging root_label for each entry in label_array. Uses build_label().

• void build_labels (StringMultiArray &label_array, const String &root_label)
  create an array of labels by tagging root_label for each entry in label_array. Uses build_label().

• void build_labels_partial (StringArray &label_array, const String &root_label, size_t start_index, size_t num_items)
  create a partial array of labels by tagging root_label for a subset of entries in label_array. Uses build_label().

• void copy_row_vector (const RealMatrix &m, RealMatrix::ordinalType i, std::vector< Real >&row)
  Copies a row of a Teuchos_SerialDenseMatrix<int,Real> to std::vector<Real>

• template< typename T >
  void copy_data (const std::vector< T > &vec, T *ptr, const size_t ptr_len)
  copy Array<T> to T*

• template< typename T >
  void copy_data (const T *ptr, const size_t ptr_len, std::vector< T > &vec)
  copy T* to Array<T>

• template< typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType >
  void copy_data (const std::vector< Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > > &va, ScalarType *ptr, const OrdinalType2 ptr_len, const String &.ptr_type)
  copy Array<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OT,ST>> to ST*
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const std::vector<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>>& sdva, Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdm)

  copy Array<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OT,ST>> to Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST>

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data_transpose (const std::vector<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>>& sdva, Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdm)

  copy Array<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OT,ST>> to transposed Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST>

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdm, std::vector<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>>& sdva)

  copy Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST> to Array<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OT,ST>>

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data_transpose (const Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdm, std::vector<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>>& sdva)

  copy Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST> to transposed Array<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OT,ST>>

- template<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType1, ScalarType>& sdv, Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType1, ScalarType>& sdm, OrdinalType2 nr, OrdinalType2 nc)

  copy Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST> to Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OT,ST>

- template<typename T>
  void copy_data (const std::list<T>& dl, std::vector<T>& da)

  copy std::list<T> to std::vector<T>

- template<typename T>
  void copy_data (const std::vector<T>& d2a, size_t num_a, size_t a_len)

  copy std::vector<T> to std::vector<T>(unroll vecOfvecs into vector)

- template<typename T>
  void copy_data (const std::vector<T>& d2a, std::vector<T>& da)

  copy std::vector<T> to std::vector<T>(unroll vecOfvecs into vector)

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdv1, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdv2)

  copy Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType> to same (used in place of operator= when a deep copy of a vector view is needed)

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdv, std::vector< ScalarType>& da)

  copy Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType> to std::vector< ScalarType>

- template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void copy_data (const std::vector< ScalarType>& da, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>& sdv)

  copy Array< ScalarType> to Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>
• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data (const ScalarType *ptr, const OrdinalType2 ptr_len, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv)

  copy ScalarType* to Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv, ScalarType *ptr, const OrdinalType2 ptr_len)

  copy ScalarType* to Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarType>
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv, std::vector<Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > > &sdva, OrdinalType2 num_vec, OrdinalType2 vec_len)

  copy SerialDenseVector<> to Array<SerialDenseVector<> >
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data_partial (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv1, OrdinalType2 start_index1, OrdinalType2 num_items, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv2, OrdinalType2 start_index2)

  copy portion of first SerialDenseVector to all of second SerialDenseVector
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data_partial (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv1, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv2, OrdinalType2 start_index2)

  copy all of first SerialDenseVector to portion of second SerialDenseVector
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data_partial (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv1, OrdinalType2 start_index1, OrdinalType2 num_items, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv2, OrdinalType2 start_index2)

  copy portion of first SerialDenseVector to portion of second SerialDenseVector
```

• **template**<typename OrdinalType1, typename OrdinalType2, typename ScalarType>

  ```cpp
template<
  typename OrdinalType1 ,
  typename OrdinalType2 ,
  typename ScalarType
>
void copy_data_partial (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv1, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType1, ScalarType > &sdv2, OrdinalType2 start_index2)

  copy all of first SerialDenseVector to portion of second SerialDenseVector
```

• **template**<typename T>

  ```cpp
  template<typename T >
  void copy_data_partial (const std::vector<T> &da1, size_t start_index1, size_t num_items, std::vector<T> &da2)

  copy portion of first Array<T> to all of second Array<T>
```

• **template**<typename T>

  ```cpp
  template<typename T >
  void copy_data_partial (const std::vector<T> &da1, std::vector<T> &da2, size_t start_index2)

  copy all of first Array<T> to portion of second Array<T>
```

• **template**<typename T>

  ```cpp
  template<typename T >
  void copy_data_partial (const std::vector<T> &da, boost::multi_array<T, 1> &bma, size_t start_index,bma)

  copy all of first Array<T> to portion of boost::multi_array<T, 1>
```

• **template**<typename T>

  ```cpp
  template<typename T >
  void copy_data_partial (const std::vector<T> &da1, size_t start_index1, size_t num_items, std::vector<T> &da2, size_t start_index2)

  copy portion of first Array<T> to portion of second Array<T>
```
• void merge_data_partial (const IntVector &d_vec, RealVector &m_vec, size_t start_index_ma)
  merge a discrete integer vector into a single continuous vector
• void merge_data_partial (const IntVector &d_vec, RealArray &m_array, size_t start_index_ma)
  merge a discrete integer vector into a single continuous array
• template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  const ScalarType & set_index_to_value (OrdinalType index, const std::set< ScalarType > &values)
  retrieve the set value corresponding to the passed index
• template<typename ScalarType>
  size_t set_value_to_index (const ScalarType &value, const std::set< ScalarType > &values)
  calculate the set index corresponding to the passed value
• template<typename OrdinalType, typename KeyType, typename ValueType>
  const KeyType & map_index_to_key (OrdinalType index, const std::map< KeyType, ValueType > &pairs)
  retrieve the set value corresponding to the passed index
• template<typename OrdinalType, typename KeyType, typename ValueType>
  const ValueType & map_index_to_value (OrdinalType index, const std::map< KeyType, ValueType > &pairs)
  retrieve the set value corresponding to the passed index
• template<typename KeyType, typename ValueType>
  void map_keys_to_set (const std::map< KeyType, ValueType > &source_map, std::set< KeyType > &target_set)
  calculate the map index corresponding to the passed key
• template<typename KeyType, typename ValueType>
  size_t map_key_to_index (const KeyType &key, const std::map< KeyType, ValueType > &pairs)
  calculate the map index corresponding to the passed key
• template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void x_y_pairs_to_x_set (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType > &xy_pairs, std::set< ScalarType > &x_set)
  convert a SerialDenseVector of head-to-tail (x,y) pairs into a std::set of (x), discarding the y values
• template<typename ContainerType>
  size_t find_index (const ContainerType &c, const typename ContainerType::value_type &search_data)
  compute the index of an entry within a std::set of (x), discarding the y values
• template<typename ListT>
  size_t find_index (const boost::multi_array< T, 1 > &bma, const T &search_data)
  compute the index of an entry within a boost::multi_array
• size_t find_index (SizetMultiArrayConstView bmacv, size_t search_data)
  compute the index of an entry within a boost::multi_array view
• size_t find_index (StringMultiArrayConstView bmacv, const String &search_data)
  compute the index of an entry within a boost::multi_array view
• template<typename ListT>
  size_t find_index (const ListT &l, const typename ListT::value_type &val)
  compute the index of an entry within a std::list
• void copy_data (SizetMultiArrayConstView ma, SizetArray &da)
  copy boost::multi_array view to Array
void copy_data (StringMultiArrayConstView ma, StringArray &da)
  copy boost::multi_array view to Array

template<typename ListT >
ListT::const_iterator find_if (const ListT &c, bool(*test_fn)(const typename ListT::value_type &, const std::string &), const std::string &test_fn_data)
  return an iterator to the first list element satisfying the predicate test_fn w.r.t. the passed test_fn_data; end if not found

template<typename DakContainerType >
bool contains (const DakContainerType &v, const typename DakContainerType::value_type &val)
  return true if the item val appears in container v

void abort_handler (int code)
  global function which handles serial or parallel aborts

void abort_throw_or_exit (int code)
  throw or exit depending on abort_mode

void register_signal_handlers ()
  Tie various signal handlers to Dakota's abort_handler function.

void mpi_debug_hold ()
  Global function to hold Dakota processes to help with MPI debugging.

template<typename T >
T abort_handler_t (int code)

void svd (RealMatrix &matrix, RealVector &singular_vals, RealMatrix &v_trans)
  Compute the SVD of an arbitrary matrix \( A = U S V^T \).

ResultsKeyType make_key (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name)
  Make a full ResultsKeyType from the passed iterator_id and data_name.

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (StringMultiArrayConstView labels)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView drv_labels, const StringArray &resp_labels)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (const StringArray &resp_labels)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (const std::string &)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (const std::string &, const std::string &)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (const std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (const std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &, const std::string &)
  create MetaDataValueType from the passed strings

MetaDataValueType make_metadatavalue (StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView dsv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView drv_labels, const StringArray &resp_labels)

std::istream & operator>>(std::istream &, ActiveSet &set)
std::istream extraction operator for ActiveSet. Calls read(std::istream&).

- std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const ActiveSet &set)
  std::ostream insertion operator for ActiveSet. Calls write(std::ostream&).

- MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, ActiveSet &set)
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for ActiveSet. Calls read(MPIUnpackBuffer&).

- MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const ActiveSet &set)
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for ActiveSet. Calls write(MPIPackBuffer&).

- bool operator!=(const ActiveSet &set1, const ActiveSet &set2)
  inequality operator for ActiveSet

- std::istream & operator>>(std::istream &s, Constraints &con)
  std::istream extraction operator for Constraints

- std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const Constraints &con)
  std::ostream insertion operator for Constraints

- std::string re_match (const std::string &token, const boost::regex &re)
  Global utility function to ease migration from CtelRegExp to Boost.Regex.

- bool interface_id_compare (const Interface &interface_in, const void *id)
  global comparison function for Interface

- bool method_id_compare (const Iterator &iterator, const void *id)
  global comparison function for Iterator

- bool model_id_compare (const Model &model, const void *id)
  global comparison function for Model

- bool operator==(const Model &m1, const Model &m2)
  equality operator for Envelope is true if same letter instance

- bool operator!=(const Model &m1, const Model &m2)
  inequality operator for Envelope is true if different letter instance

- bool responses_id_compare (const Response &resp, const void *id)
  global comparison function for Response

- std::istream & operator>>(std::istream &s, Response &response)
  std::istream extraction operator for Response. Calls read(std::istream&).

- std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const Response &response)
  std::ostream insertion operator for Response. Calls write(std::ostream&).

- MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, Response &response)
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for Response. Calls read(MPIUnpackBuffer&).

- MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const Response &response)
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for Response. Calls write(MPIPackBuffer&).

- bool operator!=(const Response &resp1, const Response &resp2)
  inequality operator for Response

- bool variables_id_compare (const Variables &vars, const void *id)
  global comparison function for Variables

- std::istream & operator>>(std::istream &s, Variables &vars)
  std::istream extraction operator for Variables.

- std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const Variables &vars)
  std::ostream insertion operator for Variables.
• MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, Variables &vars)
  
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for Variables.
• MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const Variables &vars)
  
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for Variables.
• bool operator!=(const Variables &vars1, const Variables &vars2)
  
  inequality operator for Variables
• template<typename OrdinalType , typename ScalarType1 , typename ScalarType2 , typename ScalarType3 , typename ScalarType4 >
  void write_ordered(std::ostream &s, const SizetArray &comp_totals, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType1 > &c_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType2 > &di_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType3 > &ds_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType4 > &dr_vector)
  
  free function to write Variables data vectors in input spec ordering
• template<typename OrdinalType , typename ScalarType1 , typename ScalarType2 , typename ScalarType3 , typename ScalarType4 >
  void write_ordered(std::ostream &s, const SizetArray &comp_totals, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType1 > &c_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType2 > &di_vector, const boost::multi_array< ScalarType3, 1 > &ds_array, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType4 > &dr_vector)
  
  free function to write Variables data vectors in input spec ordering
• template<typename ScalarType >
  void write_ordered(std::ostream &s, const SizetArray &comp_totals, const std::vector<ScalarType> &c_array, const std::vector<ScalarType> &di_array, const std::vector<ScalarType> &ds_array, const std::vector<ScalarType> &dr_array)
  
  free function to write Variables data vectors in input spec ordering
• MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const DataEnvironment &data)
  
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for DataEnvironment.
• MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, DataEnvironment &data)
  
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for DataEnvironment.
• std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const DataEnvironment &data)
  
  std::ostream insertion operator for DataEnvironment
• static String interface_enum_to_string(unsigned short interface_type)
• MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const DataInterface &data)
  
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for DataInterface.
• MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, DataInterface &data)
  
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for DataInterface.
• std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const DataInterface &data)
  
  std::ostream insertion operator for DataInterface
• MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const DataMethod &data)
  
  MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for DataMethod.
• MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, DataMethod &data)
  
  MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for DataMethod.
• std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const DataMethod &data)
  
  std::ostream insertion operator for DataMethod
• MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const DataModel &data)
**MPIPackBuffer** insertion operator for `DataModel`.

- `MPIPackBuffer & operator>> (MPIUnpackBuffer & s, DataModel & data)`

**MPIUnpackBuffer** extraction operator for `DataModel`.

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream & s, const DataModel & data)`

**MPIPackBuffer** insertion operator for `DataResponses`.

- `MPIPackBuffer & operator>> (MPIUnpackBuffer & s, DataResponses & data)`

**MPIUnpackBuffer** extraction operator for `DataResponses`.

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream & s, const DataResponses & data)`

**MPIPackBuffer** insertion operator for `DataVariables`.

- `MPIPackBuffer & operator>> (MPIUnpackBuffer & s, DataVariables & data)`

**MPIUnpackBuffer** extraction operator for `DataVariables`.

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream & s, const DataVariables & data)`

**int** `dlsolver` option (`Opt_Info *`)

- `RealVector const * continuous_lower_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * continuous_upper_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealVector const * linear_eq_constraint_targets (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealMatrix const * linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `RealMatrix const * linear_eq_constraint_coeffs (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `void GetFuncs (Optimizer1 * o, int m0, int m1, double * f)`
- `void GetGrads (Optimizer1 * o, int m0, int m1, int n, int is, int js, double * g)`
- `void ComputeResponses (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `void GetContVars (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `void SetBestContVars (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `void SetBestRespFns (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `void * dl_constructor (Optimizer1 *, Dakota_funcs *, dl_find_optimum_t *, dl_destructor_t *)`

Static

- `static RealVector const * continuous_lower_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * continuous_upper_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealVector const * linear_eq_constraint_targets1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealMatrix const * linear_eq_constraint_coeffs1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
- `static RealMatrix const * linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs1 (Optimizer1 * o)`
• static void ComputeResponses1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int mode, int n, double ∗x)
• static void GetFuncs1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int m0, int m1, double ∗f)
• static void GetGrads1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int m0, int m1, int n, int is, int js, double ∗g)
• static void SetBestContVars1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int n, double ∗x)
• static void SetBestDiscVars1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int n, int ∗x)
• static void SetBestRespFns1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, int n, double ∗x)
• static void GetReal1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, const char ∗name)
• static int GetInt1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, const char ∗name)
• static bool GetBool1 (Optimizer1 ∗o, const char ∗name)
• DOTOptimizer ∗new_DOTOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
• DOTOptimizer ∗new_DOTOptimizer (Model &model)
• DOTOptimizer ∗new_DOTOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
• void copy_field_data (const RealVector &fn_vals, RealMatrix &fn_grad, const RealSymMatrixArray &fn_hess, size_t offset, size_t num_fns, Response &response)
• void copy_field_data (const RealVector &fn_vals, RealMatrix &fn_grad, const RealSymMatrixArray &fn_hess, size_t offset, size_t num_fns, short total_asv, Response &response)
• void interpolate_simulation_field_data (const Response &sim_resp, const RealMatrix &exp_coords, size_t field_num, short total_asv, size_t interp_resp_offset, Response &interp_resp)
• void linear_interpolate_1d (const RealMatrix &build_pts, const RealVector &build_vals, const RealMatrix &build_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray &build_hessians, const RealMatrix &pred_pts, RealVector &pred_vals, RealMatrix &pred_grads, RealSymMatrixArray &pred_hessians)
  Returns the value of at 1D function f and its gradient and hessians (if available) at the points of vector pred_pts using linear interpolation. The vector build_pts specifies the coordinates of the underlying interval at which the values (build_vals) of the function f are known. The length of output pred_vals is equal to the length of pred_pts. This function assumes the build_pts is in ascending order.
• void symmetric_eigenvalue_decomposition (const RealSymMatrix &matrix, RealVector &eigenvalues, RealMatrix &eigenvectors)
  Computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, eigenvectors of a real symmetric matrix A.
• void compute_column_means (RealMatrix &matrix, RealVector &avg_vals)
  Compute the means of each column of an arbitrary matrix.
• bool is_matrix_symmetric (const RealMatrix &matrix)
  Test if incoming matrix is symmetric.
• template<typename O , typename T >
  int binary_search (T target, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< O, T >&data)
  find the interval containing a target value. This function assumes the data is in ascending order.
• Real getdist (const RealVector &x1, const RealVector &x2)
• Real mindist (const RealVector &x, const RealMatrix &xset, int except)
• Real mindistindx (const RealVector &x, const RealMatrix &xset, const IntArray &indx)
• Real getRmax (const RealMatrix &xset)
• int start_grid_computing (char *analysis_driver_script, char *params_file, char *results_file)
• int stop_grid_computing ()
• int perform_analysis (char *iteration_num)
• template<typename T >
  string asstring (const T &val)
  Creates a string from the argument val using an ostringstream.
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- **PACKBUF** (int, MPI_INT) PACKBUF(u_int)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED PACKBUF** (long, MPI_LONG) PACKBUF(u_long)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG PACKBUF** (short, MPI_SHORT) PACKBUF(u_short)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT PACKBUF** (char, MPI_CHAR) PACKBUF(u_char)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_CHAR PACKBUF** (double, MPI_DOUBLE) PACKBUF(float)
- **UNPACKBUF** (int, MPI_INT) UNPACKBUF(u_int)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED UNPACKBUF** (long, MPI_LONG) UNPACKBUF(u_long)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG UNPACKBUF** (short, MPI_SHORT) UNPACKBUF(u_short)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT UNPACKBUF** (char, MPI_CHAR) UNPACKBUF(u_char)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_CHAR UNPACKBUF** (double, MPI_DOUBLE) UNPACKBUF(float)
- **PACKSIZE** (int, MPI_INT) PACKSIZE(u_int)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED PACKSIZE** (long, MPI_LONG) PACKSIZE(u_long)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG PACKSIZE** (short, MPI_SHORT) PACKSIZE(u_short)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT PACKSIZE** (char, MPI_CHAR) PACKSIZE(u_char)
- **MPI_UNSIGNED MPI_UNSIGNED_LONG**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_SHORT**
  - **MPI_UNSIGNED_CHAR PACKSIZE** (double, MPI_DOUBLE) PACKSIZE(float)

```cpp
int MPIPackSize (const bool &data, const int num=1)
```

  return packed size of a bool

- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const int &data)
  - insert an int
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const u_int &data)
  - insert a u_int
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const long &data)
  - insert a long
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const u_long &data)
  - insert a u_long
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const short &data)
  - insert a short
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const u_short &data)
  - insert a u_short
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const char &data)
  - insert a char
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const u_char &data)
  - insert a u_char
- **MPIPackBuffer & operator< <** (MPIPackBuffer &buff, const double &data)
\begin{itemize}
\item \texttt{MPIPackBuffer \& operator<< (MPIPackBuffer \&buff, const float \&data)}
\textit{insert a float}
\item \texttt{MPIPackBuffer \& operator<< (MPIPackBuffer \&buff, const bool \&data)}
\textit{insert a bool}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, int \&data)}
\textit{extract an int}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, u_int \&data)}
\textit{extract a u_int}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, long \&data)}
\textit{extract a long}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, u_long \&data)}
\textit{extract a u_long}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, short \&data)}
\textit{extract a short}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, u_short \&data)}
\textit{extract a u_short}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, char \&data)}
\textit{extract a char}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, u_char \&data)}
\textit{extract a u_char}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, double \&data)}
\textit{extract a double}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, float \&data)}
\textit{extract a float}
\item \texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&buff, bool \&data)}
\textit{extract a bool}
\item template\langle\textit{class ContainerT}\rangle
\texttt{void container\_read (ContainerT \&c, MPIUnpackBuffer \&\_s)}
\textit{Read a generic container (<\textit{T}>, list<\textit{T}>) from MPIUnpackBuffer, \_s.}
\item template\langle\textit{class ContainerT}\rangle
\texttt{void container\_write (const ContainerT \&c, MPIPackBuffer \&\_s)}
\textit{Write a generic container to MPIPackBuffer, \_s.}
\item template\langle\textit{typename Block, typename Allocator}\rangle
\texttt{MPIPackBuffer \& operator<< (MPIPackBuffer \&\_s, const boost::dynamic\_bitset< Block, Allocator > \&\_bs)}
\textit{stream insertion for BitArray}
\item template\langle\textit{typename Block, typename Allocator}\rangle
\texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&\_s, boost::dynamic\_bitset< Block, Allocator > \&\_bs)}
\textit{stream extraction for BitArray}
\item template\langle\textit{class ContainerT}\rangle
\texttt{MPIUnpackBuffer \& operator>>( MPIUnpackBuffer \&\_s, ContainerT \&\_data)}
\textit{global MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for generic container}
\end{itemize}
template<class ContainerT >
MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const ContainerT &data)
global MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for generic container

int MPIPackSize (const int &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of an int

int MPIPackSize (const u_int &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a u_int

int MPIPackSize (const long &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a long

int MPIPackSize (const u_long &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a u_long

int MPIPackSize (const short &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a short

int MPIPackSize (const u_short &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a u_short

int MPIPackSize (const char &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a char

int MPIPackSize (const u_char &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a u_char

int MPIPackSize (const double &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a double

int MPIPackSize (const float &data, const int num=1)
return packed size of a float

int nidr_parse (const char * driver_name, const char *tdir)
const char ** arg_list_adjust (const char **, void **)

int not_executable (const char *driver_name, const char *tdir)
static void scale_chk (StringArray &ST, RealVector &S, const char *what, const char **univ)
static void BuildLabels (StringArray *sa, size_t nsa, size_t n1, size_t n2, const char *stub)
static int mixed_check (IntSet *S, int n, IntArray *iv, const char *what)
static void mixed_check2 (size_t n, IntArray *iv, const char *what)
static int wronglen (size_t n, RealVector *V, const char *what)
static int wronglen (size_t n, IntVector *V, const char *what)
static void Vcopyup (RealVector *V, RealVector *M, size_t i, size_t n)
static void Set_rv (RealVector *V, double d, size_t n)
static void Set_iv (IntVector *V, int d, size_t n)
static void wrong_number (const char *what, const char *kind, size_t nsv, size_t m)
static void too_small (const char *kind)
static void not_div (const char *kind, size_t nsv, size_t m)
static void suppressed (const char *kind, int ndup, int *ip, String *sp, Real *rp)
static void bad_initial_Ivalue (const char *kind, int val)
static void bad_initial_svalue (const char *kind, String val)
static void bad_initial_rvalue (const char *kind, Real val)
static void Vgen_ContinuousDes (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vgen_DiscreteDesRange (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vgen_ContinuousState (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vgen_DiscreteStateRange (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_NormalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_NormalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_LognormalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_LognormalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_UniformUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_UniformUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_LoguniformUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_LoguniformUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_TriangularUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_TriangularUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_ExponentialUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_ExponentialUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_BetaUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_BetaUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_GammaUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_GammaUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_GumbelUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_GumbelUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_FrechetUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_FrechetUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_WeibullUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_WeibullUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_HistogramBinUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_HistogramBinUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_HistogramPtIntUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_HistogramPtIntUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
static void Vchk_HistogramPtStrUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
static void Vgen_HistogramPtStrUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)

Check the histogram bin input data, normalize the counts and populate the histogramUncBinPairs map data structure; map keys are guaranteed unique since the abscissas must increase.

Infer lower/upper bounds for histogram and set initial variable values based on initial_point or moments, snapping to bounds as needed. (Histogram bin doesn’t have lower/upper bounds specification)

Check the histogram point integer input data, normalize the counts, and populate DataVariables::histogramUncPointIntPairs; map keys are guaranteed unique since the abscissas must increase.

Use the integer-valued point histogram data to initialize the lower, upper, and initial values of the variables, using value closest to mean if no initial point.
Check the histogram point string input data, normalize the counts, and populate DataVariables::histogramUncPointStrPairs; map keys are guaranteed unique since the abscissas must increase (lexicographically)

- static void Vgen_HistogramPtStrUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
  
  Use the string-valued point histogram data to initialize the lower, upper, and initial values of the variables, using index closest to mean index if no initial point.

- static void Vchk_HistogramPtRealUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
  
  Check the histogram point integer real data, normalize the counts, and populate DataVariables::histogramUncPointRealPairs; map keys are guaranteed unique since the abscissas must increase.

- static void Vgen_HistogramPtRealUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
  
  Use the real-valued point histogram data to initialize the lower, upper, and initial values of the variables, using value closest to mean if no initial point.

- static void Vchk_ContinuousIntervalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
  
  Check the continuous interval uncertain input data and populate DataVariables::continuousIntervalUncBasicProbs; map keys (real intervals) are checked for uniqueness because we don’t have a theoretically sound way to combine duplicate intervals.

- static void Vgen_ContinuousIntervalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)

- static void Vchk_DiscreteIntervalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
  
  Check the discrete interval uncertain input data and populate DataVariables::discreteIntervalUncBasicProbs; map keys (integer intervals) are checked for uniqueness because we don’t have a theoretically sound way to combine duplicate intervals.

- static void Vgen_DiscreteIntervalUnc (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)

- static bool check_set_keys (size_t num_v, size_t ds_len, const char *kind, IntArray *input_nds, int &avg_, num_ds)
  
  validate the number of set elements (values) given the number of variables and an optional apportionment with elements per variable; return the average number per variable if equally distributed

- static void Vchk_DIsset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndsi, IntVector *input_dsi, IntSetArray &dsi_all, IntVector &dsi_init_pt)
  
  check discrete sets of integers (design and state variables); error if a duplicate value is specified error if not ordered to prevent user confusion

- static void Vchk_DIsset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndsi, IntVector *input_dsi, RealVector *input_dsip, IntRealMapArray &dsi_vals_probs, IntVector &dsi_init_pt)
  
  check discrete sets of integers (uncertain variables); error if a duplicate value is specified error if not ordered to prevent user confusion

- static void Vchk_DSset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndss, StringArray *input_dss, CharSetArray &dss_all, StringArray &dss_init_pt)

- static void Vchk_DSset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndss, StringArray *input_dss, RealVector *input_dssp, StringRealMapArray &dss_vals_probs, StringArray &dss_init_pt)

- static void Vchk_DRset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndsr, RealVector *input_dsrr, CharSetArray &dsr_all, RealVector &dsr_init_pt)

- static void Vchk_DRset (size_t num_v, const char *kind, IntArray *input_ndsr, RealVector *input_dsrr, RealVector *input_dsrrp, RealRealMapArray &dsr_vals_probs, RealVector &dsr_init_pt)

- static void Vchk_Adjacency (size_t num_v, const char *kind, const IntArray &num_e, const IntVector &input_ddsa, RealMatrixArray &dda_all)

- static bool check_LUV_size (size_t num_v, IntVector &L, IntVector &U, IntVector &V, bool aggregate_L-L_U, size_t offset)

- static bool check_LUV_size (size_t num_v, StringArray &L, StringArray &U, StringArray &V, bool aggregate_L-L_U, size_t offset)
• static bool check_LUV_size (size_t num_v, RealVector &L, RealVector &U, RealVector &V, bool aggregate_LUV, size_t offset)
• static void Vgen_Dlsset (size_t num_v, IntSetArray &sets, IntVector &L, IntVector &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)
• static void Vgen_Dsset (size_t num_v, StringSetArray &sets, StringArray &L, StringArray &U, StringArray &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)

    generate lower, upper, and initial point for string-valued sets
• static void Vgen_Dlsset (size_t num_v, IntRealMapArray &vals_probs, IntVector &IP, IntVector &L, IntVector &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)
• static void Vgen_Dsset (size_t num_v, RealSetArray &sets, RealVector &L, RealVector &U, RealVector &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)
• static void Vgen_Dsset (size_t num_v, RealRealMapArray &vals_probs, RealVector &IP, RealVector &L, RealVector &U, RealVector &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)
• static void Vgen_Dsset (size_t num_v, StringRealMapArray &vals_probs, StringArray &IP, StringArray &L, StringArray &U, StringArray &V, bool aggregate_LUV=false, size_t offset=0)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetStr (Data VariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetStr (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrDisSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetStr (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetStr (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrUncSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetInt (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetStr (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetStr (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset, Var_Info *vi)
• static void Vchk_DiscrStateSetReal (DataVariablesRep *dv, size_t offset)

    For real-valued variables: verify lengths of bounds and initial point, validate bounds and adjust initial point to bounds.
• static void Var_IntBoundIPCheck (DataVariablesRep *dv, Var_ichk *ib)

    For integer-valued variables: verify lengths of bounds and initial point, validate bounds and initial point against bounds.
• static void flatten_rva (RealVectorArray *rva, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_iva (IntVectorArray *iva, IntVector **prv)
• static void flatten_rsm (RealSymMatrix *rsm, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten rsa (RealSetArray *rsa, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_ssa (StringSetArray *ssa, StringArray **psa)
• static void flatten_isa (IntSetArray *isa, IntVector **psa)
• static void flatten_rrma_keys (RealRealMapArray *rrma, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_rrma_values (RealRealMapArray *rrma, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_irma_keys (IntRealMapArray *irma, IntVector **piv)
• static void flatten_irma_values (IntRealMapArray *irma, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_srma_keys (StringRealMapArray *srma, StringArray **psa)
• static void flatten_srma_values (StringRealMapArray *srma, RealVector **prv)
• static void flatten_real_intervals (const RealRealPairRealMapArray &rrprma, RealVector **probs, RealVector **lb, RealVector **ub)

  Flatten real-valued interval uncertain variable intervals and probabilities back into separate arrays.

• static void flatten_int_intervals (const IntIntPairRealMapArray &iiprma, RealVector **probs, IntVector **lb, IntVector **ub)

  Flatten integer-valued interval uncertain variable intervals and probabilities back into separate arrays.

• static void var_iulbl (const char *keyname, Values *val, VarLabel *vl)
• static Iface mpRlit MP3 (failAction, recoveryFnVals, recover)
• static Iface mp_lit MP3 (failAction, retryLimit, retry)
• static Iface mp_lit MP2 (failAction, abort)
• static Iface mp_lit MP2 (failAction, continuation)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (analysisScheduling, MASTER_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (analysisScheduling, PEER_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (evalScheduling, MASTER_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (evalScheduling, PEER_DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (evalScheduling, PEER_STATIC_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (asyncLocalEvalScheduling, DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (asyncLocalEvalScheduling, STATIC_SCHEDULING)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (interfaceSynchronization, ASYNCHRONOUS_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_type MP2s (interfaceSynchronization, SYNCHRONOUS_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, TEST_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, FORK_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, GRID_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, MATLAB_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, PYTHON_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, SCILAB_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (interfaceType, SYSTEM_INTERFACE)
• static Iface mp_utype MP2s (resultsFileFormat, LABELED_RESULTS)
• static String MP_ (algebraicMappings)
• static String MP_ (idInterface)
• static String MP_ (inputFilter)
• static String MP_ (outputFilter)
• static String MP_ (parametersFile)
• static String MP_ (resultsFile)
• static String MP_ (workDir)
• static String2DArray MP_ (analysisComponents)
• static StringArray MP_ (analysisDrivers)
• static StringArray MP_ (copyFiles)
• static StringArray MP_ (linkFiles)
• static bool MP_ (activeSetVectorFlag)
• static bool MP_. (allowExistingResultsFlag)
• static bool MP_. (apreproFlag)
• static bool MP_. (dirSave)
• static bool MP_. (dirTag)
• static bool MP_. (evalCacheFlag)
• static bool MP_. (fileSaveFlag)
• static bool MP_. (fileTagFlag)
• static bool MP_. (nearbyEvalCacheFlag)
• static bool MP_. (numpyFlag)
• static bool MP_. (restartFileFlag)
• static bool MP_. (templateReplace)
• static bool MP_. (useWorkdir)
• static bool MP_. (verbatimFlag)
• static int MP_. (analysisServers)
• static int MP_. (asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency)
• static int MP_. (asynchLocalEvalConcurrency)
• static int MP_. (evalServers)
• static int MP_. (procsPerAnalysis)
• static int MP_. (procsPerEval)
• static Real MP_. (nearbyEvalCacheTol)
• static IntVector MP_. (primeBase)
• static IntVector MP_. (sequenceLeap)
• static IntVector MP_. (sequenceStart)
• static IntVector MP_. (stepsPerVariable)
• static Method_mp_jlit2 MP3 (replacementType, numberRetained, chc)
• static Method_mp_jlit2 MP3 (replacementType, numberRetained, elitist)
• static Method_mp_jlit2 MP3 (replacementType, numberRetained, random)
• static Method_mp_jlit2z MP3 (crossoverType, numCrossPoints, multi_point_binary)
• static Method_mp_jlit2z MP3 (crossoverType, numCrossPoints, multi_point_parameterized_binary)
• static Method_mp_jlit2z MP3 (crossoverType, numCrossPoints, multi_point_real)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (batchSelectionType, naive)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (batchSelectionType, distance_penalty)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (batchSelectionType, topology)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (batchSelectionType, constant_liar)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (boxDivision, all_dimensions)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (boxDivision, major_dimension)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (convergenceType, average_fitness_tracker)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (convergenceType, best_fitness_tracker)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (convergenceType, metric_tracker)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (crossoverType, blend)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (crossoverType, two_point)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (crossoverType, uniform)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (dataDistCovInputType, diagonal)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (dataDistCovInputType, matrix)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (evalSynchronize, blocking)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (evalSynchronize, nonblocking)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (expansionSampleType, incremental_lhs)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (exploratoryMoves, adaptive)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (exploratoryMoves, multi_step)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (exploratoryMoves, simple)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessType, domination_count)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessType, layer_rank)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessType, linear_rank)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessType, merit_function)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessType, proportional)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessMetricType, predicted_variance)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessMetricType, distance)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (fitnessMetricType, gradient)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (initializationType, random)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (initializationType, unique_random)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (lipschitzType, global)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (lipschitzType, local)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit_max)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit_max_smooth)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit1)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit1_smooth)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit2)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit2_smooth)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (meritFunction, merit2_squared)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mcmcType, adaptive_metropolis)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mcmcType, delayed_rejection)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mcmcType, dram)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mcmcType, metropolis_hastings)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mcmcType, multilevel)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mutationType, bit_random)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mutationType, offset_cauchy)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mutationType, offset_normal)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mutationType, offset_uniform)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (mutationType, replace_uniform)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (patternBasis, coordinate)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (patternBasis, simplex)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (pointReuse, all)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (proposalCovInputType, diagonal)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (proposalCovInputType, matrix)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (proposalCovType, derivatives)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (proposalCovType, prior)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (proposalCovType, user)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (reliabilityIntegration, first_order)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (reliabilityIntegration, second_order)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (replacementType, elitist)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (replacementType, favor_feasible)
• static Method_mp_lit MP2 (replacementType, roulette_wheel)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (replacementType, unique_roulette_wheel)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (rngName, mt19937)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (rngName, num2)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (searchMethod, gradient_based_line_search)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (searchMethod, tr_pds)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (searchMethod, trust_region)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (searchMethod, value_based_line_search)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (trialType, grid)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (trialType, halton)
• static Method mp_lit MP2 (trialType, random)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (crossoverType, crossoverRate, shuffle_random)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (crossoverType, crossoverRate, null_crossover)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (mutationType, mutationRate, null_mutation)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (mutationType, mutationRate, offset_cauchy)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (mutationType, mutationRate, offset_normal)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (mutationType, mutationRate, offset_uniform)
• static Method mp_litc MP3 (replacementType, fitnessLimit, below_limit)
• static Method mp_litr MP3 (nichingType, nicheVector, distance)
• static Method mp_litr MP3 (nichingType, nicheVector, max_designs)
• static Method mp_litr MP3 (nichingType, nicheVector, radial)
• static Method mp_litr MP3 (postProcessorType, distanceVector, distance_postprocessor)
• static Method mp_lit2 MP3 (initializationType, flatFile, flat_file)
• static Method mp_utype MP3s (methodName, dlDetails, DL_SOLVER)
• static Real MP_ (absConvTol)
• static Real MP_ (centeringParam)
• static Real MP_ (collocationRatio)
• static Real MP_ (collocRatioTermsOrder)
• static Real MP_ (constraintPenalty)
• static Real MP_ (constrPenalty)
• static Real MP_ (constraintTolerance)
• static Real MP_ (contractFactor)
• static Real MP_ (contractStepLength)
• static Real MP_ (convergenceTolerance)
• static Real MP_ (crossoverRate)
• static Real MP_ (falseConvTol)
• static Real MP_ (functionPrecision)
• static Real MP_ (globalBalanceParam)
• static Real MP_ (gradientTolerance)
• static Real MP_ (hybridLSProb)
• static Real MP_ (grThreshold)
• static Real MP_ (initDelta)
• static Real MP_ (initStepLength)
• static Real MP_ (initTRRadius)
• static Real MP_ (lineSearchTolerance)
• static Real MP_ (localBalanceParam)
• static Real MP_ (maxBoxSize)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (maxStep)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (minBoxSize)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (mutationRate)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (mutationScale)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (percentVarianceExplained)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (regressionL2Penalty)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (shrinkagePercent)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (singConvTol)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (singRadius)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (smoothFactor)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (solnTarget)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (stepLenToBoundary)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRContract)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRContractTrigger)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRExpand)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRExpandTrigger)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRInitSize)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (surrBasedLocalTRMinSize)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (threshDelta)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (threshStepLength)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (vbdDropTolerance)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (volBoxSize)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (vns)
• static Real \texttt{MP.} (xConvTol)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (anisoDimPref)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (concurrentParameterSets)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (dataDistCovariance)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (dataDistMeans)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (finalPoint)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (hyperPriorAlphas)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (hyperPriorBetas)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearEqConstraintCoeffs)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearEqScales)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearEqTargets)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearIneqLowerBnds)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (linearIneqUpperBnds)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (listOfPoints)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (proposalCovData)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (regressionNoiseTol)
• static RealVector \texttt{MP.} (stepVector)
• static RealVectorArray \texttt{MP.} (genReliabilityLevels)
• static RealVectorArray \texttt{MP.} (probabilityLevels)
• static RealVectorArray \texttt{MP.} (reliabilityLevels)
• static RealVectorArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (responseLevels)
• static unsigned short \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (adaptedBasisAdvancements)
• static unsigned short \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (cubIntOrder)
• static unsigned short \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (softConvLimit)
• static unsigned short \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (vbdOrder)
• static SizetArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (collocationPoints)
• static SizetArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (expansionSamples)
• static UShortArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (expansionOrder)
• static UShortArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (quadratureOrder)
• static UShortArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (sparseGridLevel)
• static UShortArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (tensorGridOrder)
• static UShortArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (varPartitions)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (betaSolverName)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (dataDistFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (displayFormat)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (exportApproxPtsFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (exportExpansionFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (exportMCMCPtsFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (historyFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridGlobalMethodName)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridGlobalMethodPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridGlobalModelPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridLocalMethodName)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridLocalMethodPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridLocalModelPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (idMethod)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (importApproxPtsFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (importBuildPtsFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (importExpansionFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (logFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (modelPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (posteriorDensityExportFilename)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (posteriorSamplesExportFilename)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (posteriorSamplesImportFilename)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (proposalCovFile)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (pstudyFilename)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (subMethodName)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (subMethodPointer)
• static String \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (subModelPointer)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridMethodNames)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridMethodPointers)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (hybridModelPointers)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (linearEqScaleTypes)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (linearIneqScaleTypes)
• static StringArray \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (miscOptions)
• static bool \texttt{MP}_\texttt{p} (adaptPosteriorRefine)
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- static bool MP_{backfillFlag}
- static bool MP_{constantPenalty}
- static bool MP_{crossValidation}
- static bool MP_{evaluatePosteriorDensity}
- static bool MP_{expansionFlag}
- static bool MP_{fixedSeedFlag}
- static bool MP_{fixedSequenceFlag}
- static bool MP_{generatePosteriorSamples}
- static bool MP_{importApproxActive}
- static bool MP_{importBuildActive}
- static bool MP_{latinizeFlag}
- static bool MP_{logitTransform}
- static bool MP_{mainEffectsFlag}
- static bool MP_{methodScaling}
- static bool MP_{methodUseDerivsFlag}
- static bool MP_{mutationAdaptive}
- static bool MP_{normalizedCoeffs}
- static bool MP_{pcaFlag}
- static bool MP_{printPopFlag}
- static bool MP_{psstudyFileActive}
- static bool MP_{randomizeOrderFlag}
- static bool MP_{regressDiag}
- static bool MP_{showAllEval}
- static bool MP_{showMiscOptions}
- static bool MP_{speculativeFlag}
- static bool MP_{standardizedSpace}
- static bool MP_{tensorGridFlag}
- static bool MP_{surrBasedGlobalReplacePts}
- static bool MP_{surrBasedLocalLayerBypass}
- static bool MP_{vbdFlag}
- static bool MP_{volQualityFlag}
- static short MP_{expansionType}
- static short MP_{nestingOverride}
- static short MP_{refinementType}
- static int MP_{batchSize}
- static int MP_{concurrentRandomJobs}
- static int MP_{contractAfterFail}
- static int MP_{covarianceType}
- static int MP_{crossoverChainPairs}
- static int MP_{emulatorOrder}
- static int MP_{emulatorSamples}
- static int MP_{expandAfterSuccess}
- static int MP_{iteratorServers}
- static int MP_{jumpStep}
- static int MP_{maxFunctionEvaluations}
- static int MP_{maxIterations}
• static int MP_ (mutationRange)
• static int MP_ (neighborOrder)
• static int MP_ (newSolnsGenerated)
• static int MP_ (numChains)
• static int MP_ (numCR)
• static int MP_ (numSamples)
• static int MP_ (numSteps)
• static int MP_ (numSymbols)
• static int MP_ (numTrials)
• static int MP_ (populationSize)
• static int MP_ (previousSamples)
• static int MP_ (procsPerIterator)
• static int MP_ (proposalCovUpdates)
• static int MP_ (randomSeed)
• static int MP_ (refineSamples)
• static int MP_ (searchSchemeSize)
• static int MP_ (totalPatternSize)
• static int MP_ (verifyLevel)
• static size_t MP_ (numDesigns)
• static size_t MP_ (numFinalSolutions)
• static size_t MP_ (numGenerations)
• static size_t MP_ (numOffspring)
• static size_t MP_ (numParents)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (covarianceControl, DIAGONAL_COVARIANCE)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (covarianceControl, FULL_COVARIANCE)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (distributionType, COMPLEMENTARY)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (distributionType, CUMULATIVE)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (emulatorType, GP_EMULATOR)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (emulatorType, KRINGING_EMULATOR)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (emulatorType, PCE_EMULATOR)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (emulatorType, SC_EMULATOR)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (emulatorType, VPS_EMULATOR)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, ADAPTED_BASIS_EXPANDING_FRONT)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, ADAPTED_BASIS_GENERALIZED)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, HIERARCHICAL_INTERPOLANT)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, NODAL_INTERPOLANT)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, TENSOR_PRODUCT_BASIS)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (expansionBasisType, TOTAL_ORDER_BASIS)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (expansionType, ASKEY_U)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (expansionType, STD_NORMAL_U)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (growthOverride, RESTRICTED)
• static Method mp_type MP2p (growthOverride, UNRESTRICTED)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (iteratorScheduling, MASTER_SCHEDULING)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (iteratorScheduling, PEER_SCHEDULING)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (lsRegressionType, EQ_CON_LS)
• static Method mp_type MP2s (lsRegressionType, SVD_LS)
• static Method_mp_type MP2o (meritFn, ArgaezTapia)
• static Method_mp_type MP2o (meritFn, NormFmu)
• static Method_mp_type MP2o (meritFn, VanShanno)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (methodOutput, DEBUG_OUTPUT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (methodOutput, NORMAL_OUTPUT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (methodOutput, QUIET_OUTPUT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (methodOutput, SILENT_OUTPUT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (methodOutput, VERBOSE_OUTPUT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (nestingOverride, NESTED)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (nestingOverride, NON_NESTED)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementControl, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_GENERALIZED)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementControl, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_DECAY)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementControl, LOCAL_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementControl, UNIFORM_CONTROL)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementType, P_REFINEMENT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (refinementType, H_REFINEMENT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, BASIS_PURSUIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, BASIS_PURSUIT_DENOISING)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, DEFAULT_LEAST_SQ_REGRESSION)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, LASSO_REGRESSION)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, LEAST_ANGLE_REGRESSION)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, ORTHOG_LEAST_INTERPOLATION)
• static Method_mp_type MP2p (regressionType, ORTHOG_MATCH_PURSUIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (responseLevelTarget, GEN_RELIABILITIES)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (responseLevelTarget, PROBABILITIES)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (responseLevelTarget, RELIABILITIES)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalAcceptLogic, TR_RATIO)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalAcceptLogic, FILTER)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalConstrRelax, HOMOTOPY)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalConstrRelax, HOMOTOPY)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalMeritFn, ADAPTIVE_PENALTY_MERIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalMeritFn, AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_MERIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalMeritFn, LAGRANGIAN_MERIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalMeritFn, PENALTY_MERIT)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbCon, LINEARIZED_CONSTRAINTS)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbCon, NO_CONSTRAINTS)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbCon, ORIGINAL_CONSTRAINTS)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbObj, AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbObj, LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbObj, ORIGINAL_PRIMARY)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (surrBasedLocalSubProbObj, SINGLE_OBJECTIVE)
• static Method_mp_type MP2s (calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE_ONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE\_PER\_EXPER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE\_PER\_RESP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE\_BOTH)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportApproxFormat, TABULAR\_NONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportApproxFormat, TABULAR\_HEADER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportApproxFormat, TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportApproxFormat, TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportApproxFormat, TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportMCMCFormat, TABULAR\_NONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportMCMCFormat, TABULAR\_HEADER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportMCMCFormat, TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportMCMCFormat, TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (exportMCMCFormat, TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importApproxFormat, TABULAR\_NONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importApproxFormat, TABULAR\_HEADER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importApproxFormat, TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importApproxFormat, TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importApproxFormat, TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importBuildFormat, TABULAR\_NONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importBuildFormat, TABULAR\_HEADER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importBuildFormat, TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importBuildFormat, TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (importBuildFormat, TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (integrationRefine, AIS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (integrationRefine, IS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (integrationRefine, MMAIS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, ASYNCH\_PATTERN\_SEARCH)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, BRANCH\_AND\_BOUND)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_BETA)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_COBYLA)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_DIRECT)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_EA)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_PATTERN\_SEARCH)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, COLINY\_SOLIS\_WETS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, CONMIN\_FRCG)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, CONMIN\_MFD)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DACE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DOT\_BFGS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DOT\_FRCG)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DOT\_MMFD)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DOT\_SLP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, DOT\_SQP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, EFFICIENT\_GLOBAL)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, FSU\_CVT)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, FSU\_HALTON)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (methodName, FSU\_HAMMERSLEY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, HYBRID)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, MESH_ADAPTIVE_SEARCH)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, MOGA)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, MULTI_START)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NCSU_DIRECT)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NL2SOL)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NLQL_SQP)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NLSSOL_SQP)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, ADAPTIVE_SAMPLING)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, BAYES_CALIBRATION)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, EFFICIENT_SUBSPACE)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GENIE_DIRECT)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GENIE_OPT_DARTS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GPAIS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GLOBAL_EVIDENCE)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GLOBAL_INTERVAL_EST)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, GLOBAL_RELIABILITY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, IMPORTANCE_SAMPLING)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, LOCAL_EVIDENCE)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, LOCAL_INTERVAL_EST)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, LOCAL_RELIABILITY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, POF_DARTS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, RKD_DARTS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, POLYNOMIAL_CHAOS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, RANDOM_SAMPLING)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, STOCH_COLLOCATION)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NONLINEAR_CG)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, NPSOL_SQP)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_CG)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_FD_NEWTON)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_G_NEWTON)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_NEWTON)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_PDS)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, OPTPP_Q_NEWTON)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, PARETO_SET)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, PSUADE_MOAT)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, RICHARDSON_EXTRAP)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, SOGA)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, SURROGATE_BASED_GLOBAL)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, SURROGATE_BASED_LOCAL)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, VECTOR_PARAMETER_STUDY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, LIST_PARAMETER_STUDY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, CENTERED_PARAMETER_STUDY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (methodName, MULTIDIM_PARAMETER_STUDY)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (preSolveMethod, SUBMETHOD_NIP)
• static Method_mp_utype MP2s (preSolveMethod, SUBMETHOD_SQP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (pstudyFileFormat, TABULAR\_NONE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (pstudyFileFormat, TABULAR\_HEADER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (pstudyFileFormat, TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (pstudyFileFormat, TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (pstudyFileFormat, TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, AMV\_PLUS\_U)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, AMV\_PLUS\_X)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, AMV\_U)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, AMV\_X)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, EGRA\_U)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, EGRA\_X)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, NO\_APPROX)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, TANA\_U)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (reliabilitySearchType, TANA\_X)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (sampleType, SUBMETHOD\_INCREMENTAL\_LHS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (sampleType, SUBMETHOD\_INCREMENTAL\_RANDOM)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (sampleType, SUBMETHOD\_LHS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (sampleType, SUBMETHOD\_RANDOM)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_COLLABORATIVE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_EMBEDDED)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_SEQUENTIAL)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_DREAM)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_WASABI)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_GPMSA)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_QUESO)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_NIP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_SQP)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_EA)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_EGO)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_SBO)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_LHS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_RANDOM)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_OA\_LHS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_OAS)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_BOX\_BEHNKEN)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_CENTRAL\_COMPOSITE)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_GRID)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_CONVERGE\_ORDER)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_CONVERGE\_QOI)
- static Method\_mp\_utype MP2s (subMethod, SUBMETHOD\_ESTIMATE\_ORDER)
- static IntSet MP\_ (surrogateFnIndices)
- static Model\_mp\_lit MP2 (approxPointReuse, all)
- static Model\_mp\_lit MP2 (approxPointReuse, none)
- static Model\_mp\_lit MP2 (approxPointReuse, region)
- static Model\_mp\_lit MP2 (marsInterpolation, linear)
- static Model\_mp\_lit MP2 (marsInterpolation, cubic)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (modelType, nested)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (modelType, single)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (modelType, surrogate)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, hierarchical)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_gaussian)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_kriging)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_mars)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_moving_least_squares)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_neural_network)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_polynomial)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_radial_basis)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, global_voronoi_surrogate)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, local_taylor)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (surrogateType, multipoint_tana)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (trendOrder, constant)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (trendOrder, linear)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (trendOrder, reduced_quadratic)
• static Model_mp_lit MP2 (trendOrder, quadratic)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (approxCorrectionOrder, 0)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (approxCorrectionOrder, 1)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (approxCorrectionOrder, 2)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (polynomialOrder, 1)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (polynomialOrder, 2)
• static Model_mp_ord MP2s (polynomialOrder, 3)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (approxCorrectionType, ADDITIVE_CORRECTION)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (approxCorrectionType, COMBINED_CORRECTION)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (approxCorrectionType, MULTIPLICATIVE_CORRECTION)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (pointsManagement, MINIMUM_POINTS)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (pointsManagement, RECOMMENDED_POINTS)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (subMethodScheduling, MASTER_SCHEDULING)
• static Model_mp_type MP2s (subMethodScheduling, PEER_SCHEDULING)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (importChallengeFormat, TABULARNONE)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (importChallengeFormat, TABULARHEADER)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (importChallengeFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (importChallengeFormat, TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (importChallengeFormat, TABULAR_ANNOTATED)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (modelExportFormat, TEXT_ARCHIVE)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (modelExportFormat, BINARY_ARCHIVE)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (modelExportFormat, ALGEBRAIC_FILE)
• static Model_mp_utytype MP2s (modelExportFormat, ALGEBRAIC_CONSOLE)
• static Real MP_ (annRange)
• static Real MP_ (discontGradThresh)
• static Real MP_ (discontJumpThresh)
• static Real MP_ (krigingNugget)
• static Real MP_ (percentFold)
• static RealVector MP_ (krigingCorrelations)
- static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (primaryRespCoeffs)
- static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (secondaryRespCoeffs)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (decompCellType)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (idModel)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (importChallengePtsFile)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (interfacePointer)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (krigingOptMethod)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (lowFidelityModelPointer)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (modelExportPrefix)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (optionalInterfRespPointer)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (responsesPointer)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (truthModelPointer)
- static String \texttt{MP\_} (variablesPointer)
- static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (primaryVarMaps)
- static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (secondaryVarMaps)
- static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (diagMetrics)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (crossValidateFlag)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (decompDiscontDetect)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (exportSurrogate)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (hierarchicalTags)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (importChallengeActive)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (modelUseDerivsFlag)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (domainDecomp)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (pointSelection)
- static bool \texttt{MP\_} (pressFlag)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (annNodes)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (annRandomWeight)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (krigingFindNugget)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (krigingMaxTrials)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (marsMaxBases)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (mlsWeightFunction)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (polynomialOrder)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (rbfBases)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (rbfMaxPts)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (rbfMaxSubsets)
- static short \texttt{MP\_} (rbfMinPartition)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (decompSupportLayers)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (idAnalyticGrads)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (idAnalyticHessians)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (idNumericalGrads)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (idNumericalHessians)
- static IntSet \texttt{MP\_} (idQuasiHessians)
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- static IntVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(fieldLengths)
- static IntVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(numCoordsPerField)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(expConfigVars)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(expObservations)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(primaryRespFnWeights)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearEqTargets)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearIneqLowerBnds)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearIneqUpperBnds)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(fdGradStepSize)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(fdHessStepSize)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(primaryRespFnScales)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearEqScales)
- static RealVector $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearIneqScales)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (gradientType, analytic)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (gradientType, mixed)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (gradientType, none)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (gradientType, numerical)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (hessianType, analytic)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (hessianType, mixed)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (hessianType, none)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (hessianType, numerical)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (hessianType, quasi)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (intervalType, central)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (intervalType, forward)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (methodSource, dakota)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (methodSource, vendor)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdGradStepType, absolute)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdGradStepType, bounds)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdGradStepType, relative)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdHessStepType, absolute)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdHessStepType, bounds)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (fdHessStepType, relative)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (quasiHessianType, bfgs)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (quasiHessianType, damped_bfgs)
- static Resp$\text{_}mp\text{_}lit$ MP2 (quasiHessianType, sr1)
- static String $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(scalarDataFileName)
- static String $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(idResponses)
- static StringArray $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearEqScaleTypes)
- static StringArray $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(nonlinearIneqScaleTypes)
- static StringArray $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(primaryRespFnScaleTypes)
- static StringArray $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(primaryRespFnSense)
- static StringArray $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(responseLabels)
- static bool $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(calibrationDataFlag)
- static bool $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(centralHess)
- static bool $\text{MP}_\text{_}$(interpolateFlag)
- static bool MP_ (ignoreBounds)
- static bool MP_ (readFieldCoords)
- static size_t MP_ (numExpConfigVars)
- static size_t MP_ (numExperiments)
- static size_t MP_ (numFieldLeastSqTerms)
- static size_t MP_ (numFieldObjectiveFunctions)
- static size_t MP_ (numFieldResponseFunctions)
- static size_t MP_ (numLeastSqTerms)
- static size_t MP_ (numNonlinearEqConstraints)
- static size_t MP_ (numNonlinearIneqConstraints)
- static size_t MP_ (numObjectiveFunctions)
- static size_t MP_ (numResponseFunctions)
- static size_t MP_ (numScalarLeastSqTerms)
- static size_t MP_ (numScalarObjectiveFunctions)
- static size_t MP_ (numScalarResponseFunctions)
- static Resp_mptype MP2s (scalarDataFormat, TABULAR_NONE)
- static Resp_mptype MP2s (scalarDataFormat, TABULAR_HEADER)
- static Resp_mptype MP2s (scalarDataFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID)
- static Resp_mptype MP2s (scalarDataFormat, TABULAR_EXPER_ANNOT)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (postRunInputFormat, TABULAR_NONE)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (postRunInputFormat, TABULAR_HEADER)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (postRunInputFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (postRunInputFormat, TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (postRunInputFormat, TABULAR_ANNOTATED)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (preRunOutputFormat, TABULAR_NONE)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (preRunOutputFormat, TABULAR_HEADER)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (preRunOutputFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (preRunOutputFormat, TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (preRunOutputFormat, TABULAR_ANNOTATED)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (tabularFormat, TABULAR_NONE)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (tabularFormat, TABULAR_HEADER)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (tabularFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (tabularFormat, TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
- static Env_mptype MP2s (tabularFormat, TABULAR_ANNOTATED)
- static String MP_ (errorFile)
- static String MP_ (outputFile)
- static String MP_ (postRunInput)
- static String MP_ (postRunOutput)
- static String MP_ (preRunInput)
- static String MP_ (preRunOutput)
- static String MP_ (readRestart)
- static String MP_ (resultsOutputFile)
- static String MP_ (runInput)
- static String MP_ (runOutput)
- static String MP_ (tabularDataFile)
- static String MP_ (topMethodPointer)
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- static String MP_.writeRestart
- static bool MP_.checkFlag
- static bool MP_.graphicsFlag
- static bool MP_.postRunFlag
- static bool MP_.preRunFlag
- static bool MP_.resultsOutputFlag
- static bool MP_.runFlag
- static bool MP_.tabularDataFlag
- static int MP_.outputPrecision
- static int MP_.stopRestart
- static size_t MP_.numBetaUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numBinomialUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numContinuousDesVars
- static size_t MP_.numContinuousIntervalUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numContinuousStateVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteDesRangeVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteDesSetIntVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteDesSetStrVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteDesSetRealVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteIntervalUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteStateRangeVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteStateSetIntVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteStateSetStrVars
- static size_t MP_.numDiscreteStateSetRealVars
- static size_t MP_.numExponentialUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numFrechetUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numGammaUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numGeometricUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numGumbelUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numHistogramBinUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numHistogramPtIntUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numHistogramPtStrUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numHistogramPtRealUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numHyperGeomUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numLognormalUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numLoguniformUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numNegBinomialUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numNormalUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numPoissonUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numTriangularUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numUniformUncVars
- static size_t MP_.numWeibullUncVars
- static IntVector VP_.ddsi
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (DIlb)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteDesignRangeLowerBnds)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteDesignRangeUpperBnds)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteDesignRangeVars)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteDesignSetIntVars)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteIntervalUncVars)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteStateRangeLowerBnds)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteStateRangeUpperBnds)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteStateRangeVars)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (discreteStateSetIntVars)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (Dlb)
- static IntVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (histogramPointIntUncVars)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (hpia)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (dssi)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ddstia)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ddssia)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ddssra)
- static IntVector VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (dusi)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nddsi)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nddss)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nddsr)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nddsi)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ndss)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ndss)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ndusi)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nduss)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (ndusr)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nhbp)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nhpip)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nhpsp)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nhprp)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nCl)
- static IntArray VP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (nDI)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (betaUncLowerBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (betaUncUpperBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (betaUncVars)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (binomialUncProbPerTrial)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousDesignLowerBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousDesignUpperBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousDesignVars)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousDesignScales)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousIntervalUncVars)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousStateLowerBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousStateUpperBnds)
- static RealVector MP\textsubscript{\textunderscore P} (continuousStateVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (discreteDesignSetRealVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (discreteStateSetRealVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (discreteUncSetRealVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (frechetUncBetas)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (frechetUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (geometricUncProbPerTrial)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (gumbelUncBetas)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (gumbelUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (histogramBinUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (histogramPointRealUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (negBinomialUncProbPerTrial)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (normalUncLowerBnds)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (normalUncMeans)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (normalUncUpperBnds)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (normalUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (triangularUncModes)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (triangularUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (uniformUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{MP\_} (weibullUncVars)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (ddsr)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (dssr)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (dusr)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (CIlb)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (Club)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (Clp)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (Dlp)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (DSlp)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (DSSp)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (DSRp)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hba)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hbo)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hbc)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hpic)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hpsc)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hpca)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (hpdc)
static RealVector \texttt{VP\_} (ucm)
static String \texttt{MP\_} (idVariables)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (continuousDesignLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (continuousDesignScaleTypes)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (continuousStateLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (discreteDesignRangeLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (discreteDesignSetIntLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (discreteDesignSetStrLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (discreteDesignSetRealLabels)
static StringArray \texttt{MP\_} (discreteStateRangeLabels)
• static StringArray MP (discreteStateSetIntLabels)
• static StringArray MP (discreteStateSetStrLabels)
• static StringArray MP (discreteStateSetRealLabels)
• static StringArray MP (discreteDesignSetStrVars)
• static StringArray MP (discreteUncSetStrVars)
• static StringArray MP (discreteStateSetStrVars)
• static StringArray MP (histogramPointStrUncVars)
• static StringArray VP (hpsa)
• static StringArray VP (ddss)
• static StringArray VP (duss)
• static StringArray VP (dsss)
• static BitArray MP (discreteDesignSetIntCat)
• static BitArray MP (discreteDesignSetRealCat)
• static BitArray MP (discreteStateSetIntCat)
• static BitArray MP (discreteStateSetRealCat)
• static BitArray MP (discreteUncSetIntCat)
• static BitArray MP (discreteUncSetRealCat)
• static Var brv MP2s (betaUncAlphas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (betaUncBetas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (exponentialUncBetas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (exponentialUncVars, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (frechetUncAlphas, 2.)
• static Var brv MP2s (gammaUncAlphas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (gammaUncBetas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (gammaUncVars, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (gumbelUncAlphas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncErrFacts, 1.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncLambdas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncLowerBnds, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncMeans, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncStdDevs, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncUpperBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncVars, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (lognormalUncZetas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (loguniformUncLowerBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (loguniformUncUpperBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (normalUncStdDevs, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (poissonUncLambdas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (triangularUncLowerBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (triangularUncUpperBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (uniformUncLowerBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (uniformUncUpperBnds, std::numeric_limits<Real>::infinity())
• static Var brv MP2s (weibullUncAlphas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (weibullUncBetas, 0.)
• static Var brv MP2s (binomialUncNumTrials, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (binomialUncVars, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (geometricUncVars, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (hyperGeomUncNumDrawn, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (hyperGeomUncSelectedPop, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (hyperGeomUncTotalPop, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (hyperGeomUncVars, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (negBinomialUncNumTrials, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (negBinomialUncVars, 0)
• static Var biv MP2s (poissonUncVars, 0)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsDomain, MIXED_DOMAIN)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsDomain, RELAXED_DOMAIN)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, ALL_VIEW)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, DESIGN_VIEW)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, UNCERTAIN_VIEW)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN_VIEW)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN_VIEW)
• static Var mp_type Vtype (varsView, STATE_VIEW)

template<class ContainerT >
void flatten_num_array (const std::vector< ContainerT > &input_array, IntArray *pia)

Free convenience function that flatten sizes of an array of std containers: takes an array of containers and returns an
IntArray containing the sizes of each container in the input array. Note: Did not specialize for vector<RealVector>
as no current use cases.

• void dn2f_ (int *n, int *p, Real *x, Calcrj, int *iv, int *lv, Real *v, int *ui, void *ur, Vf)
• void dn2fb_ (int *n, int *p, Real *x, Real *b, Calcrj, int *iv, int *lv, Real *v, int *ui, void *ur, Vf)
• void dn2g_ (int *n, int *p, Real *x, Calcrj, Calcrj, int *iv, int *lv, Real *v, int *ui, void *ur, Vf)
• void dn2gb_ (int *n, int *p, Real *x, Real *b, Calcrj, Calcrj, int *iv, int *lv, Real *v, int *ui, void *ur, Vf)
• void divset_ (int *, int *, int *, int *, Real *)
• double dr7mdc_ (int *)
• static void Rswapchk (NI2Misc *q)
• static int hasnaninf (const double *d, int n)
• NLPQLPOptimizer * new_NLPQLPOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
• NLPQLPOptimizer * new_NLPQLPOptimizer (Model &model)
• NLPQLPOptimizer * new_NLPQLPOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer1 (Model &model)
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer2 (Model &model, const int &derivative_level, const Real &conv_tol)
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer3 (const RealVector &initial_point, const RealVector &var_,
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
• NPSOLOptimizer * new_NPSOLOptimizer (Model &model)


- **NPSOLOptimizer** *(new NPSOLOptimizer) (Model &model, const int &, const Real &)*
- **NPSOLOptimizer** *(new NPSOLOptimizer) (const RealVector &initial_point, const RealVector &var_lower_bnds, const RealVector &var_upper_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_lower_bnds, const RealVector &lin_ineq_upper_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_eq_targets, const RealVector &nonlin_ineq_lower_bnds, const RealVector &nonlin_ineq_upper_bnds, const RealVector &nonlin_eq_targets, void(*user_obj_eval)(int &, int &, double *, double &, double *, int &), void(*user_con_eval)(int &, int &, int &, int &, int *, double *, double *, double *, int &), const int &derivative_level, const Real &conv_tol)*
- void **start_dakota_heartbeat**(int)
- void **dak_sigcatch**(int sig)
- MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, ParallelLevel &pl)
  - MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for ParallelLevel. Calls read(MPIUnpackBuffer&).
- MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const ParallelLevel &pl)
  - MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for ParallelLevel. Calls write(MPIPackBuffer&).
- std::istream & operator>>(std::istream &s, ParamResponsePair &pair)
  - std::istream extraction operator for ParamResponsePair
- std::ostream & operator<<(std::ostream &s, const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  - std::ostream insertion operator for ParamResponsePair
- MPIUnpackBuffer & operator>>(MPIUnpackBuffer &s, ParamResponsePair &pair)
  - MPIUnpackBuffer extraction operator for ParamResponsePair.
- MPIPackBuffer & operator<<(MPIPackBuffer &s, const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  - MPIPackBuffer insertion operator for ParamResponsePair.
- bool operator==(const ParamResponsePair &database_pr, const ActiveSet &search_set)
  - search function for a particular ParamResponsePair within a PRPList based on ActiveSet content (request vector and derivative variables vector)
- bool id_vars_exact_compare (const ParamResponsePair &database_pr, const ParamResponsePair &search_pr)
  - search function for a particular ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndex
- std::size_t hash_value (const ParamResponsePair &prp)
  - hash_value for ParamResponsePairs stored in a PRPMultiIndex
- PRPCacheHIter hashedCacheBegin (PRPCache &prp_cache)
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

hashed definition of cache begin

• PRPCacheHIter hashedCacheEnd (PRPCache &prp_cache)
  hashed definition of cache end

• PRPQueueHIter hashedQueueBegin (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  hashed definition of queue begin

• PRPQueueHIter hashedQueueEnd (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  hashed definition of queue end

• PRPCacheHIter lookup by val (PRPMultiIndexCache &prp_cache, const ParamResponsePair &search_pr)
  find a ParamResponsePair based on the interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data within search_pr.

• PRPCacheHIter lookup by val (PRPMultiIndexCache &prp_cache, const String &search_interface_id, const Variables &search_vars, const ActiveSet &search_set)
  find a ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndexCache based on the interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data

• PRPCacheOIter lookup by nearby val (PRPMultiIndexCache &prp_cache, const String &search_interface_id, const Variables &search_vars, const ActiveSet &search_set, Real tol)

• PRPCacheOIter lookup by ids (PRPMultiIndexCache &prp_cache, const IntStringPair &search_ids)
  find a ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndexCache based on search_ids (i.e. std::pair<eval_id,interface_id>) search data

• PRPCacheOIter lookup by ids (PRPMultiIndexCache &prp_cache, const IntStringPair &search_ids, const ParamResponsePair &search_pr)

• PRPQueueHIter lookup by val (PRPMultiIndexQueue &prp_queue, const ParamResponsePair &search_pr)
  find a ParamResponsePair based on the interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data within search_pr.

• PRPQueueHIter lookup by val (PRPMultiIndexQueue &prp_queue, const String &search_interface_id, const Variables &search_vars, const ActiveSet &search_set)
  find a ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndexQueue based on interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data

• PRPQueueHIter lookup by eval id (PRPMultiIndexQueue &prp_queue, int search_id)
  find a ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndexQueue based on search_id (i.e. integer eval id) search data

• void print_usage (std::ostream &s)
  print restart utility help message

• void print_restart (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest)
  print a restart file

• void print_restart_pdb (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest)
  print a restart file (PDB format)

• void print_restart_tabular (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest, unsigned short tabular_format)
  print a restart file (tabular format)

• void read_neutral (StringArray pos_args)
  read a restart file (neutral file format)

• void repair_restart (StringArray pos_args, String identifier_type)
  repair a restart file by removing corrupted evaluations

• void concatenate_restart (StringArray pos_args)
  concatenate multiple restart files

• static HANDLE * wait_setup (std::map< pid_t, int > *M, size_t *pn)

• static int wait_for_one (size_t n, HANDLE *h, int req1, size_t *pi)
• void \texttt{gauss\_legendre\_pts\_wts\_1D} (int level, \texttt{RealVector \&result}0, \texttt{RealVector \&result}1)
• void \texttt{lagrange\_interpolation\_1d} (const \texttt{RealVector \&samples}, const \texttt{RealVector \&abscissa}, const \texttt{RealVector \&values}, \texttt{RealVector \&result})
• void \texttt{kronecker\_product\_2d} (const \texttt{RealMatrix \&matrix}\_1, const \texttt{RealMatrix \&matrix}\_2, \texttt{RealMatrix \&matrix})
• void \texttt{get\_chebyshev\_points} (int order, \texttt{RealVector \&points})
• void \texttt{chebyshev\_derivative\_matrix} (int order, \texttt{RealMatrix \&derivative\_matrix}, \texttt{RealVector \&points})
• int \texttt{salinas\_main} (int argc, char \*argv[ ], \texttt{MPI\_Comm \*comm})

\textit{subroutine interface to SALINAS simulation code}

• \texttt{std::string \get\_cwd\_str} ()
• \texttt{std::vector< std::string > \get\_pathext} ()
• \texttt{bool \contains} (\texttt{const bfs::path \&dir\_path}, \texttt{const std::string \&file\_name}, \texttt{boost::filesystem::path \&complete\_filepath})

\textbf{Variables}

• \texttt{PRPCache \data\_pairs}
  contains all parameter/response pairs.
• \texttt{double \PI} = \texttt{boost::math: CONSTANTS\::pi< double>()}
  constant \(\pi\)
• \texttt{double \HALF\_LOG\_2PI} = \texttt{std::log(2.0 * \PI)/2.0}
  constant \(\log(2\pi)/2\)
• \texttt{short \abort\_mode} = \texttt{ABORT\_EXITS}
  \textit{by default Dakota exits or calls MPI\_Abort on errors}
• \texttt{std::ostream \&dakota\_cout} = \texttt{\&std::cout}
  DAKOTA stdout initially points to
  \texttt{< std::cout}, but may be redirected to a tagged ofstream if there are \textless concurrent iterators.
• \texttt{std::ostream \&dakota\_cerr} = \texttt{\&std::cerr}
  DAKOTA stderr initially points to
  \texttt{< std::cerr}, but may be redirected to a tagged ofstream if there are \textless concurrent iterators.
• \texttt{ResultsManager \iterator\_results\_db}
  Global results database for iterator results.
• \texttt{int \write\_precision} = 10
  used in \texttt{ostream data output functions} < \texttt{(restart\_util.cpp overrides default value)}
• \texttt{MPIManager \dummy\_mpi\_mgr}
  \textit{dummy MPIManager for ref initialization}
• \texttt{ProgramOptions \dummy\_prg\_opt}
  \textit{dummy ProgramOptions for ref initialization}
• \texttt{OutputManager \dummy\_out\_mgr}
  \textit{dummy OutputManager for ref initialization}
• \texttt{ParallelLibrary \dummy\_lib}
  \textit{dummy ParallelLibrary for ref initialization}
• \texttt{ProblemDescDB \dummy\_db}
  \textit{dummy ProblemDescDB for ref initialization}
• \texttt{int \mc\_ptr\_int} = 0
global pointer for ModelCenter API

- int dc_ptr_int = 0

  global pointer for ModelCenter eval DB

- ProblemDescDB * Dak_pddb

  set by ProblemDescDB, for use in parsing

- const size_t NPOS = ~(size_t)0

  special value returned by index() when entry not found

- const double BIG_REAL_BOUND = 1.0e+30

  bound beyond which constraints are considered inactive

- Interface dummy_interface

  dummy interface object used for mandatory

  < reference initialization or default virtual < function return by reference when a real < Interface instance is unavailable

- Model dummy_model

  dummy Model object used for mandatory reference

  < initialization or default virtual function < return by reference when a real Model instance < is unavailable

- Iterator dummy_iterator

  dummy Iterator object used for mandatory

  < reference initialization or default virtual < function return by reference when a real < Iterator instance is unavailable

- Dakota_funcs * DF

- Dakota_funcs DakFuncs0

- const char * FIELD_NAMES []

- const int NUMBER_OF_FIELDS = 23

- static const int MPI_COMM_WORLD = 1

- static const int MPI_COMM_NULL = 0

- static const int MPI_ANY_TAG = -1

- static void * MPI_REQUEST_NULL = NULL

- static GuiKeyWord kw_1 [3]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_2 [3]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_3 [2]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_4 [3]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_5 [3]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_6 [2]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_7 [1]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_8 [1]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_9 [2]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_10 [3]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_11 [5]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_12 [15]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_13 [1]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_14 [4]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_15 [1]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_16 [4]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_17 [1]

- static GuiKeyWord kw_18 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_19 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_20 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_21 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_22 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_23 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_24 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_25 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_26 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_27 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_28 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_29 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_30 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_31 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_32 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_33 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_34 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_35 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_36 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_37 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_38 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_39 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_40 [18]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_41 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_42 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_43 [22]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_44 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_45 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_46 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_47 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_48 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_49 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_50 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_51 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_52 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_53 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_54 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_55 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_56 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_57 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_58 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_59 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_60 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_61 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_62 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_63 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_64 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_65 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_66 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_67 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_68 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_69 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_70 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_71 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_72 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_73 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_74 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_75 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_76 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_77 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_78 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_79 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_80 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_81 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_82 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_83 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_84 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_85 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_86 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_87 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_88 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_89 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_90 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_91 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_92 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_93 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_94 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_95 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_96 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_97 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_98 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_99 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_100 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_101 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_102 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_103 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_104 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_105 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_106 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_107 [16]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_108 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_109 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_110 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_111 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_112 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_113 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_114 [19]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_115 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_116 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_117 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_118 [22]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_119 [18]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_120 [18]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_121 [16]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_122 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_123 [15]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_124 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_125 [21]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_126 [16]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_127 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_128 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_129 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_130 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_131 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_132 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_133 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_134 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_135 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_136 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_137 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_138 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_139 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_140 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_141 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_142 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_143 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_144 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_145 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_146 [14]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_147 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_148 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_149 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_150 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_151 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_152 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_153 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_154 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_155 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_156 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_157 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_158 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_159 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_160 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_161 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_162 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_163 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_164 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_165 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_166 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_167 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_168 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_169 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_170 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_171 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_172 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_173 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_174 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_175 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_176 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_177 [20]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_178 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_179 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_180 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_181 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_182 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_183 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_184 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_185 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_186 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_187 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_188 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_189 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_190 [14]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_191 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_192 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_193 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_194 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_195 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_196 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_197 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_198 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_199 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_200 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_201 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_202 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_203 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_204 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_205 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_206 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_207 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_208 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_209 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_210 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_211 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_212 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_213 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_214 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_215 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_216 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_217 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_218 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_219 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_220 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_221 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_222 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_223 [26]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_224 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_225 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_226 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_227 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_228 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_229 [15]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_230 [14]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_231 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_232 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_233 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_234 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_235 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_236 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_237 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_238 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_239 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_240 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_241 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_242 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_243 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_244 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_245 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_246 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_247 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_248 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_249 [17]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_250 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_251 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_252 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_253 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_254 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_255 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_256 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_257 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_258 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_259 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_260 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_261 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_262 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_263 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_264 [34]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_265 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_266 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_267 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_268 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_269 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_270 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_271 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_272 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_273 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_274 [16]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_275 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_276 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_277 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_278 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_279 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_280 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_281 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_282 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_283 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_284 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_285 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_286 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_287 [32]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_288 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_289 [19]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_290 [17]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_291 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_292 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_293 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_294 [21]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_295 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_296 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_297 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_298 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_299 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_300 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_301 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_302 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_303 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_304 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_305 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_306 [24]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_307 [21]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_308 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_309 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_310 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_311 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_312 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_313 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_314 [16]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_315 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_316 [87]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_317 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_318 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_319 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_320 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_321 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_322 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_323 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_324 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_325 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_326 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_327 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_328 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_329 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_330 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_331 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_332 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_333 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_334 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_335 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_336 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_337 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_338 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_339 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_340 [2]
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- static GuiKeyWord kw_341 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_342 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_343 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_344 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_345 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_346 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_347 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_348 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_349 [5]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_350 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_351 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_352 [5]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_353 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_354 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_355 [5]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_356 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_357 [26]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_358 [6]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_359 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_360 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_361 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_362 [5]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_363 [7]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_364 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_365 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_366 [5]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_367 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_368 [6]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_369 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_370 [6]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_371 [8]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_372 [18]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_373 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_374 [10]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_375 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_376 [1]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_377 [2]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_378 [8]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_379 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_380 [6]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_381 [8]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_382 [15]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_383 [3]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_384 [4]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_385 [8]
- static GuiKeyWord kw_386 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_387 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_388 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_389 [19]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_390 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_391 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_392 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_393 [12]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_394 [10]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_395 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_396 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_397 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_398 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_399 [1]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_400 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_401 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_402 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_403 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_404 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_405 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_406 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_407 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_408 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_409 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_410 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_411 [8]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_412 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_413 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_414 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_415 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_416 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_417 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_418 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_419 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_420 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_421 [6]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_422 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_423 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_424 [2]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_425 [4]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_426 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_427 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_428 [5]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_429 [11]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_430 [3]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_431 [9]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_432 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_433 [7]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_434 [34]
• static GuiKeyWord kw_435 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_1 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_2 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_3 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_4 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_5 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_6 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_7 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_8 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_9 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_10 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_11 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_12 [15]
• static KeyWord kw_13 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_14 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_15 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_16 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_17 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_18 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_19 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_20 [12]
• static KeyWord kw_21 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_22 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_23 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_24 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_25 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_26 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_27 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_28 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_29 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_30 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_31 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_32 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_33 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_34 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_35 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_36 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_37 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_38 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_39 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_40 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_41 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_42 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_43 [14]
• static KeyWord kw_44 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_45 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_46 [22]
• static KeyWord kw_47 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_48 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_49 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_50 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_51 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_52 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_53 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_54 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_55 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_56 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_57 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_58 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_59 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_60 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_61 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_62 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_63 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_64 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_65 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_66 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_67 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_68 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_69 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_70 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_71 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_72 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_73 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_74 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_75 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_76 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_77 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_78 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_79 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_80 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_81 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_82 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_83 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_84 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_85 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_86 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_87 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_88 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_89 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_90 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_91 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_92 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_93 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_94 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_95 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_96 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_97 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_98 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_99 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_100 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_101 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_102 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_103 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_104 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_105 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_106 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_107 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_108 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_109 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_110 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_111 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_112 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_113 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_114 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_115 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_116 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_117 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_118 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_119 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_120 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_121 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_122 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_123 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_124 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_125 [12]
• static KeyWord kw_126 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_127 [15]
• static KeyWord kw_128 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_129 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_130 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_131 [14]
• static KeyWord kw_132 [12]
• static KeyWord kw_133 [15]
• static KeyWord kw_134 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_135 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_136 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_137 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_138 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_139 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_140 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_141 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_142 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_143 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_144 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_145 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_146 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_147 [12]
• static KeyWord kw_148 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_149 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_150 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_151 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_152 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_153 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_154 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_155 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_156 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_157 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_158 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_159 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_160 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_161 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_162 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_163 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_164 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_165 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_166 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_167 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_168 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_169 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_170 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_171 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_172 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_173 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_174 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_175 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_176 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_177 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_178 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_179 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_180 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_181 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_182 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_183 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_184 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_185 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_186 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_187 [18]
• static KeyWord kw_188 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_189 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_190 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_191 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_192 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_193 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_194 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_195 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_196 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_197 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_198 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_199 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_200 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_201 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_202 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_203 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_204 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_205 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_206 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_207 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_208 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_209 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_210 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_211 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_212 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_213 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_214 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_215 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_216 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_217 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_218 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_219 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_220 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_221 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_222 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_223 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_224 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_225 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_226 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_227 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_228 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_229 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_230 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_231 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_232 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_233 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_234 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_235 [19]
• static KeyWord kw_236 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_237 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_238 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_239 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_240 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_241 [15]
• static KeyWord kw_242 [14]
• static KeyWord kw_243 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_244 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_245 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_246 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_247 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_248 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_249 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_250 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_251 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_252 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_253 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_254 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_255 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_256 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_257 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_258 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_259 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_260 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_261 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_262 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_263 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_264 [17]
• static KeyWord kw_265 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_266 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_267 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_268 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_269 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_270 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_271 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_272 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_273 [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_274} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_275} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_276} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_277} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_278} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_279} [27]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_280} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_281} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_282} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_283} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_284} [6]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_285} [1]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_286} [1]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_287} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_288} [1]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_289} [9]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_290} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_291} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_292} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_293} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_294} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_295} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_296} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_297} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_298} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_299} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_300} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_301} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_302} [25]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_303} [5]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_304} [18]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_305} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_306} [16]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_307} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_308} [6]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_309} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_310} [4]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_311} [6]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_312} [5]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_313} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_314} [11]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_315} [8]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_316} [3]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_317} [7]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_318} [2]
• static KeyWord \texttt{kw\_319} [2]
• static KeyWord kw_320 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_321 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_322 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_323 [17]
• static KeyWord kw_324 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_325 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_326 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_327 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_328 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_329 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_330 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_331 [16]
• static KeyWord kw_332 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_333 [87]
• static KeyWord kw_334 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_335 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_336 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_337 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_338 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_339 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_340 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_341 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_342 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_343 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_344 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_345 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_346 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_347 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_348 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_349 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_350 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_351 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_352 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_353 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_354 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_355 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_356 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_357 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_358 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_359 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_360 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_361 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_362 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_363 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_364 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_365 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_366 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_367 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_368 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_369 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_370 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_371 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_372 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_373 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_374 [26]
• static KeyWord kw_375 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_376 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_377 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_378 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_379 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_380 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_381 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_382 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_383 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_384 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_385 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_386 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_387 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_388 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_389 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_390 [18]
• static KeyWord kw_391 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_392 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_393 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_394 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_395 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_396 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_397 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_398 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_399 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_400 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_401 [15]
• static KeyWord kw_402 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_403 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_404 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_405 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_406 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_407 [19]
• static KeyWord kw_408 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_409 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_410 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_411 [12]
• static KeyWord kw_412 [10]
• static KeyWord kw_413 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_414 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_415 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_416 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_417 [1]
• static KeyWord kw_418 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_419 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_420 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_421 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_422 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_423 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_424 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_425 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_426 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_427 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_428 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_429 [8]
• static KeyWord kw_430 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_431 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_432 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_433 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_434 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_435 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_436 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_437 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_438 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_439 [6]
• static KeyWord kw_440 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_441 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_442 [2]
• static KeyWord kw_443 [4]
• static KeyWord kw_444 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_445 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_446 [5]
• static KeyWord kw_447 [11]
• static KeyWord kw_448 [3]
• static KeyWord kw_449 [9]
• static KeyWord kw_450 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_451 [7]
• static KeyWord kw_452 [34]
• static KeyWord kw_453 [6]

FILE * nidrin
const size_t NIDR_MAX_ERROR_LEN = 8192

*maximum error length is roughly 100 lines at 80 char; using fixed error length instead of investing in converting to vsnprintf (C++11)*
• static const char * aln_scaletypes[] = {"auto", "log", "none", 0 }
• static Var_uinfo CAUVLbl[CAUVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DAUVLbl[DAUIVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DAUSLbl[DAUSVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo CEUVLbl[CEUVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DEUVLbl[DEUIVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DEUSLbl[DEUSVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DEURLbl[DEURVar_Nkinds]
• static Var_uinfo DiscSetLbl[DiscSetVar_Nkinds]
• static VarLabelChk DesignAndStateLabelsCheck[]

Variables label array designations for design and state. All non-uncertain variables need to be in this array. Used
in check_variables_node to check lengths and make_variable_defaults to build labels.

• static VLreal VLUncertainReal[NUM_UNC_REAL_CONT]

Variables labels/bounds/values check array for real-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous
container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., CAUVLbl, with the contiguous container in
which they are stored.

• static VLint VLUncertainInt[NUM_UNC_INT_CONT]

Variables labels/bounds/values check array for integer-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous
container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., DAUVLbl, with the contiguous container in
which they are stored.

• static VLstr VLUncertainStr[NUM_UNC_STR_CONT]

Variables labels/bounds/values check array for string-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous
container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., DAUSLbl, with the contiguous container in
which they are stored.

• static int VLR_aleatory[NUM_UNC_REAL_CONT] = { 1, 0, 1, 0 }

which uncertain real check array containers are aleatory (true = 1)

• static int VLI_aleatory[NUM_UNC_INT_CONT] = { 1, 0 }

which uncertain integer check array containers are aleatory (true = 1)

• static int VLS_aleatory[NUM_UNC_STR_CONT] = { 1, 0 }

which uncertain string check array containers are aleatory (true = 1)

• static Var_check var_mp_check_cv[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_dset[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_cau[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_daui[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_daus[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_daur[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_ceu[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_deui[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_deus[]
• static Var_check var_mp_check_deur[]
• static Var_rcheck var_mp_cbound[]

This is used within check_variables_node: Var_RealBoundIPCheck() is applied to validate bounds and initial
points.

• static Var_icheck var_mp_drang[]
This is used in check_variables_node(): Var_JntBoundIPCheck() is applied to validate bounds and initial points, and in make_variable_defaults(): Vgen_* is called to infer bounds.

- static time_t start_time
- const char * SCI_FIELD_NAMES[]
- const int SCI_NUMBER_OF_FIELDS = 26
- const int LARGE_SCALE = 100
  
  A (perhaps arbitrary) definition of large scale; choose a large-scale algorithm if numVars >= LARGE_SCALE
- const double POW_VAL = 1.0
  
  Offset used textbook exponent: 1.0 is nominal, 1.4 used for B&B testing
- const String LEV_REF = "Dakota"
  
  Levenshtein_distance computes the distance between its argument and this

### 12.1.1 Detailed Description

The primary namespace for DAKOTA. The Dakota namespace encapsulates the core classes of the DAKOTA framework and prevents name clashes with third-party libraries from methods and packages. The C++ source files defining these core classes reside in Dakota/src as *.cpp.

**Work directory TODO**

- Doc: we will search for drivers in PATH, workdir (.), RUNDIR
- Remove legacy utilities (once concepts migrated)

- In general review cases with race conditions such as single dir getting created / removed for each eval.
- Verify creation/removal in parallel runs (eval_comm_rank 0?); are there scenarios where we should create once ahead of time?
- Enforce tagging when asynch is possible
- Challenge of shared vs. distinct filesystems
- Verify template files exist at parse and that workdir parent exists
- Verify behavior when directory exists
- Allow recursive copy to descend to overwrite leaf nodes when directories already exist
- Old code setting permissions mask 0700
- Workdir with multiple analysis components (per analysis)
- Workdirs shared for each unique concurrent eval (not per eval ID)
- Evaluate environment variables
- How to manage drivers that want just param names in the work dir?!? I think arg_adjust is removing the directory args that aren’t needed.
- Consider making the class members for directories and files bfs::paths
- Behavior of file_save when directory not saved
- Error checking: directory was created directory path is a directory directory has rwx for user population worked try/catch around all fs operations
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

- Verify correct handling of relative vs. absolute files/dirs
- Enforce that first argument must be an executable program for all drivers; at least for fork
- Historical behaviors / features to consider Template dirs on PATH: likely no longer
  Allowed FOO=zorch and would set that in the environment; could allow separate env var specification;
  otherwise likely remove
- TODO: pass environment to exec as separate pointer

TESTING NEEDS

- Allow nested quotes in driver, at least one level: analysis_driver = 'ad.sh ”-opt foo -opt1 goo” p.in.1 r.out.1
- Env vars will be carried along for now, not expanded before eval; set some helpful env vars before the eval.

12.1.2 Typedef Documentation
typedef bmi::multi_index_container<Dakota::ParamResponsePair, bmi::indexed_by<bmi::ordered_non_unique<bmi::tag<bmi::ordered>, bmi::const_mem_fun<Dakota::ParamResponsePair, const IntStringPair&, &Dakota::ParamResponsePair::evalInterfaceIds>, bmi::hashed_non_unique<bmi::tag<bmi::hashed>, bmi::identity<Dakota::ParamResponsePair>, partial_prp_hash, partial_prp_equality>>, bmi::partial_prp_hash, partial_prp_equality>> PRPMultiIndexCache

Boost Multi-Index Container for globally caching ParamResponsePairs.

For a global cache, both evaluation and interface id’s are used for tagging ParamResponsePair records.

typedef bmi::multi_index_container<Dakota::ParamResponsePair, bmi::indexed_by<bmi::ordered_unique<bmi::tag<bmi::ordered>, bmi::const_mem_fun<Dakota::ParamResponsePair, int, &Dakota::ParamResponsePair::eval_id>, bmi::hashed_non_unique<bmi::tag<bmi::hashed>, bmi::identity<Dakota::ParamResponsePair>, partial_prp_hash, partial_prp_equality>>, bmi::partial_prp_hash, partial_prp_equality>> PRPMultiIndexQueue

Boost Multi-Index Container for locally queueing ParamResponsePairs.

For a local queue, interface id’s are expected to be consistent, such that evaluation id’s are sufficient for tracking particular evaluations.

12.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation
anonymous enum

Sub-methods, including sampling, inference algorithm, opt algorithm types.

Enumerator

SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE Type of hybrid meta-iterator:

12.1.4 Function Documentation
CommandShell & flush ( CommandShell & shell )

convenient shell manipulator function to ”flush” the shell
  global convenience function for manipulating the shell; invokes the class member flush function.
  References CommandShell::flush().

Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_analysis_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_evaluation_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_input_filter_to_shell(), and SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_output_filter_to_shell().

void register_signal_handlers()

Tie various signal handlers to Dakota’s abort_handler function.
  Global function to register signal handlers at top-level.
  References abort_handler().
  Referenced by main().

void mpi_debug_hold()

Global function to hold Dakota processes to help with MPI debugging.
  See details in code for details, depending on MPI implementation in use.
  Referenced by main().

T Dakota::abort_handler_t(int code)

Templatized abort_handler_t method that allows for convenient return from methods that otherwise have no sensible return from error clauses. Usage: MyType& method() { return abort_handler<MyType&>(-1); }
  References abort_handler().

void svd(RealMatrix &matrix, RealVector &singular_vals, RealMatrix &v_trans)

Compute the SVD of an arbitrary matrix $A = USV^T$.
  Uses Teuchos::LAPACK.GESVD() to compute the singular value decomposition, overwriting $A$ with the left singular vectors $U$
  References abort_handler().
  Referenced by NestedModel::ccv_index_map(), NestedModel::cdv_index_map(), NestedModel::cdrv_index_map(), NestedModel::cdsv_index_map(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::compute_svd(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::continuous_variable_label(), Variables::continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::continuous_variable_type(), Variables::continuous_variable_types(), SharedVariablesData::copy(), NestedModel::cv_index_map(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_label(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_type(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_types(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_label(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_type(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_types(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Variables::discrete_string_variable_label(), Variables::discrete_string_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_string_variable_type(), Variables::discrete_string_variable_types(), ParamStudy::distribute(), NestedModel::div_index_map(), NestedModel::drv_index_map(), NestedModel::dsv_index_map(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_type(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_types(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variable_ids(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variable_type(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variable_types(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variable_type(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variable_types(), NonD::NonD(), Optimizer::Optimizer(), PebbldBranching::PebbldBranching(), ParamStudy::pre_run(), RecastModel::RecastModel(), Constraints::reshape(), NonD::transform_model(), and DataTransformModel::variables_expand().

bool Dakota::operator!=(const ActiveSet &set1, const ActiveSet &set2) [inline]

inequality operator for ActiveSet
12.1. **DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE**

```cpp
bool Dakota::operator==( const Model & m1, const Model & m2 ) [inline]
```

equality operator for Envelope is true if same letter instance
   equality operator (detect same letter instance)
   References Model::modelRep.

```cpp
bool Dakota::operator!=( const Model & m1, const Model & m2 ) [inline]
```

inequality operator for Envelope is true if different letter instance
   inequality operator (detect different letter instances)
   References Model::modelRep.

```cpp
bool Dakota::operator!=( const Response & resp1, const Response & resp2 ) [inline]
```

inequality operator for Response
   inequality operator

```cpp
bool Dakota::operator!=( const Variables & vars1, const Variables & vars2 ) [inline]
```

inequality operator for Variables
   strict inequality operator

```cpp
void Dakota::write_ordered ( std::ostream & s, const SizetArray & comp_totals, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType1 > & c_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType2 > & di_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType3 > & ds_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType4 > & dr_vector ) [inline]
```

free function to write Variables data vectors in input spec ordering
   written for arbitrary types, but typical use will be ScalarType1 = Real, ScalarType2 = int, ScalarType3 = string,
   and ScalarType4 = int or Real.
   Referenced by ParamStudy::pre_run().

```cpp
void Dakota::write_ordered ( std::ostream & s, const SizetArray & comp_totals, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType1 > & c_vector, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType2 > & di_vector, const boost::multi_array< ScalarType3, 1 > & ds_array, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< OrdinalType, ScalarType4 > & dr_vector ) [inline]
```

free function to write Variables data vectors in input spec ordering
   written for arbitrary types, but typical use will be ScalarType1 = Real, ScalarType2 = int, ScalarType3 = string,
   and ScalarType4 = int or Real.

```cpp
void copy_field_data ( const RealVector & fn_vals, RealMatrix & fn_grad, const RealSymMatrixArray & fn_hess, size_t offset, size_t num_fns, Response & response )
```

This assumes the source gradient/Hessian are size less or equal to the destination response, and that the leading
part is to be populated.
   References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), and Response::function_value().
   Referenced by ExperimentData::scale_residuals().
void Dakota::copy_field_data ( const RealVector & fn_vals, RealMatrix & fn_grad, const RealSymMatrixArray & fn_hess, size_t offset, size_t num_fns, short total_asv, Response & response )

This assumes the source gradient/Hessian are size less or equal to the destination response, and that the leading part is to be populated.

References Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), and Response::function_value().

void symmetric_eigenvalue_decomposition ( const RealSymMatrix & matrix, RealVector & eigenvalues, RealMatrix & eigenvectors )

Computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, eigenvectors of a real symmetric matrix A.

Eigenvalues are returned in ascending order.

References symmetric_eigenvalue_decomposition().

Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::get_positive_definite_covariance_from_hessian(), and symmetric_eigenvalue_decomposition().

Real Dakota::getdist ( const RealVector & x1, const RealVector & x2 )

Gets the Euclidean distance between x1 and x2

Referenced by mindist(), and mindistindx().

Real Dakota::mindist ( const RealVector & x, const RealMatrix & xset, int except )

Returns the minimum distance between the point x and the points in the set xset (compares against all points in xset except point "except"): if except is not needed, pass 0.

References getdist().

Referenced by getRmax().

Real Dakota::mindistindx ( const RealVector & x, const RealMatrix & xset, const IntArray & indx )

Gets the min distance between x and points in the set xset defined by the nindx values in indx.

References getdist().

Referenced by GaussProcApproximation::pointsel_add_sel().

Real Dakota::getRmax ( const RealMatrix & xset )

Gets the maximum of the min distance between each point and the rest of the set.

References mindist().

Referenced by GaussProcApproximation::pointsel_add_sel().

int Dakota::start_grid_computing ( char * analysis_driver_script, char * params_file, char * results_file )

sample function prototype for launching grid computing

int Dakota::stop_grid_computing ( )

sample function prototype for terminating grid computing

int Dakota::perform_analysis ( char * iteration_num )

sample function prototype for submitting a grid evaluation
12.1. **DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE**

```
string Dakota::asstring ( const T & val )

Creates a string from the argument val using an ostringstream.

This only gets used in this file and is only ever called with ints so no error checking is in place.

**Parameters**

| val | The value of type T to convert to a string. |

**Returns**

The string representation of val created using an ostringstream.

Referenced by JEGAOptimizer::LoadTheConstraints().
```

```
void start_dakota_heartbeat ( int seconds )

Heartbeat function provided by dakota_filesystem_utils; pass output interval in seconds, or -1 to use $DAKOTA_HEARTBEAT

Referenced by OutputManager::OutputManager().
```

```
bool Dakota::operator== ( const ParamResponsePair & pair1, const ParamResponsePair & pair2 )

equality operator for ParamResponsePair

equality operator

References ParamResponsePair::evalInterfaceIds, ParamResponsePair::prpResponse, and ParamResponsePair::prpVariables.
```

```
bool Dakota::operator!= ( const ParamResponsePair & pair1, const ParamResponsePair & pair2 )

inequality operator for ParamResponsePair

inequality operator
```

```
bool Dakota::set_compare ( const ParamResponsePair & database_pr, const ActiveSet & search_set )

search function for a particular ParamResponsePair within a PRPList based on ActiveSet content (request vector and derivative variables vector)

a global function to compare the ActiveSet of a particular database_pr (presumed to be in the global history list) with a passed in ActiveSet (search_set).

References ParamResponsePair::active_set(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), and ActiveSet::request_vector().

Referenced by lookup_by_val().
```

```
bool Dakota::id_vars_exact_compare ( const ParamResponsePair & database_pr, const ParamResponsePair & search_pr )

search function for a particular ParamResponsePair within a PRPMultiIndex

a global function to compare the interface id and variables of a particular database_pr (presumed to be in the global history list) with a passed in key of interface id and variables provided by search_pr.

References ParamResponsePair::interface_id(), and ParamResponsePair::variables().

Referenced by partial_prp_equality::operator().
```
PRPCacheHIter Dakota::lookup_by_val ( PRPMultiIndexCache & prp_cache, const ParamResponsePair & search_pr ) [inline]

find a ParamResponsePair based on the interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data within search_pr.

Lookup occurs in two steps: (1) PRPMultiIndexCache lookup based on strict equality in interface id and variables, and (2) set_compare() post-processing based on ActiveSet subset logic.

References ParamResponsePair::active_set(), and set_compare().

Referenced by Model::db_lookup(), ApplicationInterface::duplication_detect(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::find_center_approx(), Minimizer::local_recast_retrieve(), lookup_by_val(), SNLLeastSq::post_run(), PebblMinimizer::print_results(), SurrBasedMinimizer::print_results(), LeastSq::print_results(), Optimizer::print_results(), Discrepancy-Correction::search_db(), and NonDLocalReliability::update_mpp_search_data().

PRPQueueHIter Dakota::lookup_by_val ( PRPMultiIndexQueue & prp_queue, const ParamResponsePair & search_pr ) [inline]

find a ParamResponsePair based on the interface id, variables, and ActiveSet search data within search_pr.

Lookup occurs in two steps: (1) PRPMultiIndexQueue lookup based on strict equality in interface id and variables, and (2) set_compare() post-processing based on ActiveSet subset logic.

References ParamResponsePair::active_set(), and set_compare().

void print_restart ( StringArray pos_args, String print_dest )

print a restart file

Usage: "dakota_restart_util print dakota.rst"
"dakota_restart_util to neutral dakota.rst dakota.neu"

Prints all evals. in full precision to either stdout or a neutral file. The former is useful for ensuring that duplicate detection is successful in a restarted run (e.g., starting a new method from the previous best), and the latter is used for translating binary files between platforms.

References abort_handler(), ParamResponsePair::eval_id(), ParamResponsePair::write_annotated(), and write_precision.

Referenced by main().

void print_restart_pdb ( StringArray pos_args, String print_dest )

print a restart file (PDB format)

Usage: "dakota_restart_util to_pdb dakota.rst dakota.pdb"

Unrolls all data associated with a particular tag for all evaluations and then writes this data in a tabular format (e.g., to a PDB database or MATLAB/TECPLOT data file).

References abort_handler(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), and Response::function_values().

Referenced by main().

void print_restart_tabular ( StringArray pos_args, String print_dest, unsigned short tabular_format )

print a restart file (tabular format)

Usage: "dakota_restart_util to_tabular dakota.rst dakota.txt"

Unrolls all data associated with a particular tag for all evaluations and then writes this data in a tabular format (e.g., to a PDB database or MATLAB/TECPLOT data file).
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

References abort_handler(), Variables::acv(), Variables::adiv(), Variables::adr(), Variables::adsv(), Variables::all_continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_string_variable_labels(), Response::function_labels(), ParamResponsePair::interface_id(), ParamResponsePair::response(), ParamResponsePair::variables(), ParamResponsePair::write_tabular(), and ParamResponsePair::write_tabular_labels.

Referenced by main().

void read_neutral ( StringArray pos_args )

read a restart file (neutral file format)

Usage: "dakota_restart_util from_neutral dakota.neu dakota.rst"

Reads evaluations from a neutral file. This is used for translating binary files between platforms.

References abort_handler(), and ParamResponsePair::read_annotated().

Referenced by main().

void repair_restart ( StringArray pos_args, String identifier_type )

repair a restart file by removing corrupted evaluations

Usage: "dakota_restart_util remove 0.0 dakota old.rst dakota new.rst"
"dakota_restart_util remove_ids 2 7 13 dakota old.rst dakota new.rst"

Repairs a restart file by removing corrupted evaluations. The identifier for evaluation removal can be either a double precision number (all evaluations having a matching response function value are removed) or a list of integers (all evaluations with matching evaluation ids are removed).

References abort_handler(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), contains(), ParamResponsePair::eval_id(), Response::function_values(), and ParamResponsePair::response().

Referenced by main().

void concatenate_restart ( StringArray pos_args )

concatenate multiple restart files

Usage: "dakota_restart_util cat dakota 1.rst ... dakota n.rst dakota new.rst"

Combines multiple restart files into a single restart database.

References abort_handler().

Referenced by main().

std::vector<std::string> Dakota::get_pathext ( )

Utility function for executable file search algorithms

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::which().

bool Dakota::contains ( const bfs::path & dir_path, const std::string & file_name, boost::filesystem::path & complete_filepath ) [inline]

Utility function for "which" sets complete_filepath from dir_path/file_name combo

12.1.5 Variable Documentation

short abort_mode = ABORT_EXITS

by default Dakota exits or calls MPI Abort on errors
whether dakota exits/aborts or throws on errors
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

Referenced by abort_throw_or_exit(), Environment::exit_mode(), and PythonInterface::python_run().

Dakota_funcs DakFuncs0

Initial value:

= {
   fprintf,
   abort_handler,
   dlsolver_option,
   continuous_lower_bounds1,
   nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds1,
   nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds1,
   nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets1,
   linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds1,
   linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds1,
   linear_eq_constraint_targets1,
   linear_ineq_constraint_coeff1,
   linear_eq_constraint_coeff1,
   ComputeResponses1,
   GetFuncs1,
   GetGrads1,
   GetContVars1,
   SetBestContVars1,
   SetBestDiscVars1,
   SetBestRespFns1,
   Get_Real1,
   Get_Int1,
   Get_Bool1
}

const char* FIELD_NAMES[]

Initial value:

= { "numFns", "numVars", "numACV", "numADIV",
   "numADRV", "numDerivVars", "xC", "xDI",
   "xDR", "xCLabels", "xDILabels",
   "xDRLabels", "directFnASV", "directFnDVV",
   "fnFlag", "gradFlag", "hessFlag",
   "fnVals", "fnGrads", "fnHessians",
   "fnLabels", "failure", "currEvalId" }

fields to pass to Matlab in Dakota structure

Referenced by MatlabInterface::matlab_engine_run(), and MatlabInterface::MatlabInterface().

const int NUMBER_OF_FIELDS = 23

number of fields in above structure

Referenced by MatlabInterface::matlab_engine_run(), and MatlabInterface::MatlabInterface().

GuiKeyword kw_1[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
   {"eval.id",8,0,2,0,49},
   {"header",8,0,1,0,47},
   {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,51}
}

1787 distinct keywords (plus 236 aliases)
GuiKeyWord kw_2[3]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*annotated*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 43},
    {*custom_annotated*, 8, 3, 1, 0, 45, kw_2},
    {*freeform*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 53}
  }

GuiKeyWord kw_3[2]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*input*, 11, 3, 1, 0, 41, kw_2},
    {*output*, 11, 0, 2, 0, 55}
  }

GuiKeyWord kw_4[3]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*eval_id*, 8, 0, 2, 0, 27},
    {*header*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 25},
    {*interface_id*, 8, 0, 3, 0, 29}
  }

GuiKeyWord kw_5[3]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*annotated*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 21},
    {*custom_annotated*, 8, 3, 1, 0, 23, kw_4},
    {*freeform*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 31}
  }

GuiKeyWord kw_6[2]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*input*, 11, 0, 1, 0, 17},
    {*output*, 11, 3, 2, 0, 19, kw_5}
  }

GuiKeyWord kw_7[1]  [static]
Initial value:
  = {
    {*stop_restart*, 0x29, 0, 1, 0, 11}
  }
GuiKeyWord kw_8[1] [static]
Initial value:
{
   "results_output_file",11,0,1,0,79,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{File name for results output}
   EnvCommands.html#EnvOutput"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_9[2] [static]
Initial value:
{
   "input",11,0,1,0,35
   "output",11,0,2,0,37
}

GuiKeyWord kw_10[3] [static]
Initial value:
{
   "eval_id",8,0,2,0,69
   "header",8,0,1,0,67
   "interface_id",8,0,3,0,71
}

GuiKeyWord kw_11[5] [static]
Initial value:
{
   "annotated",8,0,2,0,63
   "custom_annotated",8,3,2,0,65,kw_10
   "freeform",8,0,2,0,73
   "tabular_data_file",11,0,1,0,61
   "tabular_graphics_file",3,0,1,0,60
}

GuiKeyWord kw_12[15] [static]
Initial value:
{
   "check",8,0,1,0,3
   "error_file",11,0,3,0,7
   "graphics",8,0,9,0,37,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Graphics flag} EnvCommands.html#EnvOutput"
   "method_pointer",1,0,13,0,80
   "output_file",11,0,2,0,5
   "output_precision",0x29,0,11,0,75,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Numeric output precision}
   EnvCommands.html#EnvOutput"
   "post_run",8,2,8,0,39,kw_3
   "pre_run",8,2,6,0,15,kw_6
   "read_restart",11,1,4,0,9,kw_7
   "results_output",8,1,12,0,77,kw_9,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Enable results output}
   EnvCommands.html#EnvOutput"
   "run",8,2,7,0,33,kw_9
   "tabular_data",8,5,10,0,59,kw_11
   "tabular_graphics_data",0,5,10,0,58,kw_11
   "top_method_pointer",11,0,13,0,81,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Method pointer}
   EnvCommands.html#EnvMethPtr"
   "write_restart",11,0,5,0,13
}
12.1. **DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE**

**GuiKeyWord kw_13[1]**  [static]

Initial value:

\[
= \{ \\
  \{ "cache\_tolerance", 10, 0, 1, 0, 3319 \} \\
\}
\]

**GuiKeyWord kw_14[4]**  [static]

Initial value:

\[
= \{ \\
  \{ "active\_set\_vector", 8, 0, 1, 0, 3313 \}, \\
  \{ "evaluation\_cache", 8, 0, 2, 0, 3315 \}, \\
  \{ "restart\_file", 8, 0, 4, 0, 3321 \}, \\
  \{ "strict\_cache\_equality", 8, 1, 3, 0, 3317, kw_13 \} \\
\}
\]

**GuiKeyWord kw_15[1]**  [static]

Initial value:

\[
= \{ \\
  \{ "processors\_per\_analysis", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 3289, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "\{Number of processors per analysis server\}", InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF \} \\
\}
\]

**GuiKeyWord kw_16[4]**  [static]

Initial value:

\[
= \{ \\
  \{ "abort", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3303, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "\{CHOOSE failure mitigation\}" \}, \\
  \{ "continuation", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3309 \}, \\
  \{ "recover", 14, 0, 1, 1, 3307 \}, \\
  \{ "retry", 9, 0, 1, 1, 3305 \} \\
\}
\]

**GuiKeyWord kw_17[1]**  [static]

Initial value:

\[
= \{ \\
  \{ "numpy", 8, 0, 1, 0, 3295, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "\{Python NumPy dataflow\}", InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicMSP \} \\
\}
\]
GuiKeyWord kw_18[8]  [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {
        "copy_files", 15, 0, 5, 0, 3283, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "copy files" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "dir_save", 0, 3, 0, 3278,
        "dir save" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "directory_save", 8, 0, 3, 0, 3279, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "save work directory" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "link_files", 15, 0, 4, 0, 3281, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "link files" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "named", 11, 0, 1, 0, 3275, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Name of work directory" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "replace", 8, 0, 6, 0, 3285
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_19[10]  [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {
        "allow-existing_results", 8, 0, 3, 0, 3261, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Allow existing results files" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "aprepro", 8, 6, 0, 3265, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Aprepro parameters file format" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "file_save", 8, 0, 6, 3271, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Parameters and results file saving" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "file_tag", 8, 0, 7, 0, 3269, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Parameters and results file tagging" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "parameters_file", 11, 0, 1, 0, 3257, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Parameters file name" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "results_file", 11, 0, 2, 0, 3259, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Results file name" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "verbatim", 8, 0, 4, 0, 3263, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Verbatim driver/filter invocation syntax" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    },
    {
        "work_directory", 8, 0, 6, 0, 3273, kw_18, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Create work directory" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicF
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_20[12]  [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {
        "analysis_components", 15, 0, 1, 0, 3247, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Additional identifiers for use by the analysis drivers" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "deactivate", 8, 4, 6, 0, 3311, kw_14, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Feature deactivation" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "failure_capture", 8, 4, 5, 0, 3301, kw_16, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Failure capturing" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "fork", 8, 10, 4, 1, 3255, kw_19, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Fork interface" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "grid", 8, 0, 4, 1, 3299, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Grid interface" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "input_filter", 11, 0, 2, 0, 3249, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Input filter" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "matlab", 8, 0, 4, 1, 3291, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Matlab interface" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "output_filter", 11, 0, 3, 0, 3251, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Output filter" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    },
    {
        "python", 8, 1, 4, 1, 3293, kw_17, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
        "Python interface" InterfCommands.html#InterfApplicDF
    }
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_21[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {  
        {"master", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3353},  
        {"peer", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3355}  
    }

GuiKeyWord kw_22[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {  
        {"dynamic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3329},  
        {"static", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3331}  
    }

GuiKeyWord kw_23[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {  
        {"analysis_concurrency", 0x19, 0, 3, 0, 3333, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},  
        {"evaluation_concurrency", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 3325, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},  
        {"local_evaluation_scheduling", 8, 2, 0, 3327, kw_22, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}  
    }

GuiKeyWord kw_24[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {  
        {"dynamic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3343},  
        {"static", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3345}  
    }

GuiKeyWord kw_25[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {  
        {"master", 8, 0, 1, 1, 3339},  
        {"peer", 8, 2, 1, 1, 3341, kw_24, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}  
    }
GuiKeyWord kw_26[9]  [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "algebraic_mappings", 11, 0, 2, 0, 3243, 0, 0..0, 0..0, 0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfAlgebraic",
    "analysis_drivers", 15, 12, 3, 0, 3245, kw_20, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfApplica",
    "analysis_scheduling", 8, 2, 9, 0, 3351, kw_21, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "analysis_servers", 0x19, 0, 8, 6, 3349, 0..0, 0.a0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "asynchronous", 8, 3, 4, 0, 3323, kw_23, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "evaluation_scheduling", 8, 2, 6, 0, 3337, kw_25, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "evaluation_servers", 0x19, 0, 5, 0, 3335, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "id_interface", 11, 0, 1, 0, 3241, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl",
    "processors_per_evaluation", 0x19, 0, 7, 0, 3347, 0..0, 0..0
    InterfCommands.html#InterfIndControl"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_27[2]  [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "complementary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1671,
    "cumulative", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1669
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_28[1]  [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "num_gen_reliability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 1679, 0..0, 0..0
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD",
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_29[1]  [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "num_probability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 1675, 0..0, 0..0
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD",
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_30[2]  [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "mt19937", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1663,
    "rnum2", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1665
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_31[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "constant_liar", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1485,
    "distance_penalty", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1481,
    "naive", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1479,
    "topology", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1483
}

GuiKeyWord kw_32[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1513,
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1511,
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1515
}

GuiKeyWord kw_33[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1507,
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1509, kw_32,
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1517
}

GuiKeyWord kw_34[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "distance", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1473,
    "gradient", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1475,
    "predicted_variance", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1471
}

GuiKeyWord kw_35[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1497,
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1495,
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1499
}

GuiKeyWord kw_36[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1503,
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1491,
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1493, kw_35,
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1501
}
GuiKeyWord kw_37[2] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,1533},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,1531}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_38[3] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1527},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,1525},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,1529,kw_37}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_39[2] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,1523,kw_38},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,1521}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_40[18] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"batch_selection",8,4,3,0,1477,kw_31,0,0,0,0,"{Batch selection strategy} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDAdaptive"},
    {"batch_size",9,0,4,0,1487,0,0,0,0,"{Batch size (number of points added each iteration) MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDAdaptive"},
    {"distribution",8,2,13,0,1667,kw_27,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution type MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"emulator_samples",9,0,1,0,1467,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples on the emulator to generate a new true sample each iteration} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDAdaptive"},
    {"export_approx_points_file",11,16,0,1503,kw_33},
    {"export_points_file",3,3,6,0,1504,kw_33},
    {"fitness_metric",8,3,2,0,1469,kw_34,0,0,0,0,"{Fitness metric} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDAdaptive"},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,15,0,1677,kw_28,0,0,0,0,0,"{Generalized reliability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDAdaptive"},
    {"import_build_points_file",11,4,5,0,1489,kw_36},
    {"import_points_file",3,4,5,0,1488,kw_36},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,9,0,1537},
    {"misc_options",15,0,8,0,1535},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,10,0,2459},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,14,0,1673,kw_29,0,0,0,0,0,"{Probability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"response_levels",14,2,7,0,1519,kw_39},
    {"rng",8,2,16,0,1681,kw_30,0,0,0,0,"{Random number generator} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
    {"samples",9,0,11,0,2183,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
    {"seed",0x19,0,12,0,2185,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_41[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {*merit1*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 551, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., *{CHOOSE merit function}*},
    {*merit1_smooth*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 553},
    {*merit2*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 555},
    {*merit2_smooth*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 557, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *@*},
    {*merit2_squared*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 559},
    {*merit_max*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 547},
    {*merit_max_smooth*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 549}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_42[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {*blocking*, 9, 0, 1, 1, 541, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{CHOOSE synchronization}*},
    {*nonblocking*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 543, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *@*}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_43[22]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {*constraint_penalty*, 10, 0, 7, 0, 561, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Constraint penalty}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*
    {*constraint_tolerance*, 10, 0, 18, 0, 583},
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*
    {*contraction.factor*, 10, 0, 2, 0, 533, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Pattern contraction factor}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*initial_delta*, 10, 0, 1, 0, 531, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Initial offset value}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*linear.equality_constraint_matrix*, 14, 0, 14, 0, 575},
    {*linear.equality_scale_types*, 15, 0, 10, 0, 577},
    {*linear.equality_scales*, 14, 0, 17, 0, 581},
    {*linear.equality_targets*, 14, 0, 15, 0, 577},
    {*linear.inequality_constraint_matrix*, 14, 0, 9, 0, 565},
    {*linear.inequality_lower_bounds*, 14, 0, 10, 0, 567},
    {*linear.inequality_scale_types*, 15, 0, 12, 0, 573},
    {*linear.inequality_scales*, 14, 0, 13, 0, 573},
    {*linear.inequality_upper_bounds*, 14, 0, 11, 0, 569},
    {*max_function_evaluations*, 8x29, 0, 19, 0, 585},
    {*merit_function*, 6, 7, 6, 0, 545, kw_41[4], 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Merit function}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*model_pointer*, 11, 0, 21, 0, 2459},
    {*scaling*, 8, 0, 20, 0, 587},
    {*smoothing_factor*, 10, 0, 8, 0, 563, 0, 0., 0., 0., *{Smoothing factor}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*solution_accuracy*, 2, 0, 4, 0, 536},
    {*solution_target*, 10, 0, 4, 0, 537, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Solution target}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*synchronization*, 8, 2, 5, 0, 539, kw_42[4], 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Evaluation synchronization}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*,
    {*threshold_delta*, 10, 0, 3, 0, 535, 0, 0., 0., 0., 0., *{Threshold for offset values}*}
MethodCommands.html#MethodAPPSDC*}

GuiKeyWord kw_44[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {*hyperprior_betas*, 14, 0, 1, 1, 2121}
GuiKeyWord kw_45[5]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "both", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2117,
    "hyperprior_alphas", 14, 1, 2, 0, 2119, kw_44,
    "one", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2111,
    "per_experiment", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2113,
    "per_response", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2115
}

GuiKeyWord kw_46[3]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2047,
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2045,
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2049
}

GuiKeyWord kw_47[4]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2053,
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2041,
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 2043, kw_46,
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2051
}

GuiKeyWord kw_48[6]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "dakota", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2033,
    "emulator_samples", 9, 0, 2, 0, 2035,
    "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 0, 2039, kw_47,
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 0, 0, 2038, kw_47,
    "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2037,
    "surfpack", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2031
}

GuiKeyWord kw_49[3]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2093,
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2091,
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2095
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw_50[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2099},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2087},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 2089, kw, 49},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2097}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_51[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, 2085, kw, 50},
    {"import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, 2084, kw, 50},
    {"posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2083}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_52[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2073},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2071},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2075}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_53[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2079},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2067},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 2069, kw, 52},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2077}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_54[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 1, 2061},
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, 2065, kw, 53},
    {"import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, 2064, kw, 53},
    {"posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2063}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_55[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"collocation_points", 13, 3, 1, 1, 2081, kw, 51},
    {"expansion_order", 13, 4, 1, 1, 2059, kw, 54},
    {"sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 2057}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_56[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "sparse_grid_level",13,0,1,1,2103
}

GuiKeyWord kw_57[5] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "gaussian_process",8,6,1,2029,kw_48,
    "kriging",0,6,1,1,2028,kw_48,
    "pce",8,3,1,1,2055,kw_55,
    "sc",8,1,1,1,2101,kw_56,
    "use_derivatives",8,2,0,2105
}

GuiKeyWord kw_58[6] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "chains",0x29,0,1,0,2017,0,3,0,0,0,0,"Number of chains"
    "crossover_chain_pairs",0x29,0,3,0,2021,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Number of chain pairs used in crossover"
    "emulator",8,5,6,0,2027,kw_57,
    "gr_threshold",0x1a,0,4,0,2023,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Gelman-Rubin Threshold for convergence"
    "jump_step",0x29,0,5,0,2025,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Jump-Step"
    "num_cr",0x29,0,2,0,2019,0,1,0,0,0,0,"Number of candidate points used in burn-in adaptation"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_59[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "nip",8,0,1,1,1887,
    "sqp",8,0,1,1,1885
}

GuiKeyWord kw_60[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "proposal_updates",9,0,1,0,1893
}
GuiKeyWord kw_61[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"diagonal",8,0,1,1,1905},
    {"matrix",8,0,1,1,1907}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_62[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"diagonal",8,0,1,1,1899},
    {"matrix",8,0,1,1,1901}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_63[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"derivatives",8,1,1,1,1891,kw_60},
    {"filename",11,2,1,1,1903,kw_61},
    {"prior",8,0,1,1,1895},
    {"values",14,2,1,1,1897,kw_62}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_64[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"mt19937",8,0,1,1,1879},
    {"rnum2",8,0,1,1,1881}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_65[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1859},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1857},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1861}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_66[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1865},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1853},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1855,kw_65},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1863}
}
GUIKeyword kw_67[11] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "{adaptive_metropolis",8,0,3,0,1871},
    "{delayed_rejection",8,0,3,0,1869},
    "{drum",8,0,3,0,1867},
    "{emulator_samples",9,0,1,1,1849},
    "{import_build_points_file",11,4,2,0,1851,kw_66},
    "{import_points_file",3,4,2,0,1850,kw_66},
    "{metropolis_hastings",8,0,3,0,1873},
    "{multilevel",8,0,3,0,1875},
    "{pre_solve",8,2,5,0,1883,kw_59},
    "{proposal_covariance",8,4,6,0,1889,kw_63},
    "{rng",8,2,4,0,1877,kw_64,0,0,0,"{Random seed generator
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDBayesCalib"}
```

GUIKeyword kw_68[3] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "{eval_id",8,0,2,0,1771},
    "{header",8,0,1,0,1769},
    "{interface_id",8,0,3,0,1773}
}
```

GUIKeyword kw_69[4] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "{active_only",8,0,2,0,1777},
    "{annotated",8,0,1,0,1765},
    "{custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1767,kw_68},
    "{freeform",8,0,1,0,1775}
}
```

GUIKeyword kw_70[6] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "{dakota",8,0,1,1,1757},
    "{emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,1759},
    "{import_build_points_file",11,4,4,0,1763,kw_69},
    "{import_points_file",3,4,4,0,1762,kw_69},
    "{posterior_adaptive",8,0,3,0,1761},
    "{surfpack",8,0,1,1,1755}
}
```

GUIKeyword kw_71[3] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "{eval_id",8,0,2,0,1817},
    "{header",8,0,1,0,1815},
    "{interface_id",8,0,3,0,1819}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_72[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1823,
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1811,
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1813, kw_71,
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1821
}

GuiKeyWord kw_73[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, 1809, kw_72,
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, 1808, kw_72,
    "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1807
}

GuiKeyWord kw_74[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1797,
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1795,
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1799
}

GuiKeyWord kw_75[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1803,
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1791,
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1793, kw_74,
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1801
}

GuiKeyWord kw_76[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 1, 1785,
    "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, 1789, kw_75,
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, 1788, kw_75,
    "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1787
}

GuiKeyWord kw_77[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "collocation_points", 13, 3, 1, 1, 1805, kw_73,
    "expansion_order", 13, 4, 1, 1, 1783, kw_76,
    "sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 1781
}
GuiKeyWord kw_78[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"sparse_grid_level",13,0,1,1,1827}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_79[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gaussian_process",8,6,1,1,1753,kw_70},
    {"kriging",0,6,1,1,1752,kw_70},
    {"pce",8,3,1,1,1779,kw_77},
    {"sc",8,1,1,1,1825,kw_78},
    {"use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,1829}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_80[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1841},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1839},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1843}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_81[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1835},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1837,kw_80},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1845}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_82[11]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"adaptive_metropolis",8,0,4,0,1871},
    {"delayed_rejection",8,0,4,0,1869},
    {"dram",8,0,4,0,1867},
    {"emulator",8,5,1,0,1751,kw_79},
    {"export_chain_points_file",11,3,3,0,1833,kw_81},
    {"logit_transform",8,0,2,0,1831},
    {"metropolis_hastings",8,0,4,0,1873},
    {"multilevel",8,0,4,0,1875},
    {"pre_solve",8,2,6,0,1883,kw_59},
    {"proposal_covariance",8,4,7,0,1889,kw_63},
    {"rng",8,2,5,0,1877,kw_64,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed generator}
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDBayesCalib"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_83[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"diagonal",8,0,1,1,1999},
    {"matrix",8,0,1,1,2001}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_84[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"covariance",14,2,2,1997,kw_83},
    {"means",14,0,1,1,1995}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_85[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gaussian",8,2,1,1,1993,kw_84},
    {"obs_data_filename",11,0,1,1,2003}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_86[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1931},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1929},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1933}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_87[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1937},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1925},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1927,kw_86},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1935}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_88[6]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"dakota",8,0,1,1,1917},
    {"emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,1919},
    {"import_build_points_file",11,4,4,0,1923,kw_87},
    {"import_points_file",3,4,4,0,1922,kw_87},
    {"posterior_adaptive",8,0,3,0,1921},
    {"surfpack",8,0,1,1,1915}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_89[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "eval.id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1977,
  "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1975,
  "interface.id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1979
}

GuiKeyWord kw_90[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1983,
  "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1971,
  "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1973, kw_89,
  "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1981
}

GuiKeyWord kw_91[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, 1969, kw_90,
  "import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, 1968, kw_90,
  "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1967
}

GuiKeyWord kw_92[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "eval.id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1957,
  "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1955,
  "interface.id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1959
}

GuiKeyWord kw_93[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1963,
  "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1951,
  "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1953, kw_92,
  "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1961
}

GuiKeyWord kw_94[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 1, 1945,
  "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, 1949, kw_93,
  "import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, 1948, kw_93,
  "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1947
}
GuiKeyWord kw_95[3]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"collection_points", 13, 3, 1, 1, 1965, kw_91},
    {"expansion_order", 13, 4, 1, 1, 1943, kw_96},
    {"sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 1941}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_96[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 1987}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_97[5]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"gaussian_process", 8, 6, 1, 1, 1913, kw_88},
    {"kriging", 0, 6, 1, 1, 1912, kw_88},
    {"pcs", 8, 3, 1, 1, 1939, kw_95},
    {"sc", 8, 1, 1, 1, 1985, kw_96},
    {"use_derivatives", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1989}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_98[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"evaluate_posterior_density", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2013}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_99[6]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"data_distribution", 8, 2, 2, 1, 1991, kw_85},
    {"emulator", 8, 5, 1, 0, 1911, kw_97},
    {"generate_posterior_samples", 8, 1, 6, 0, 2011, kw_98},
    {"posterior_density_export_filename", 11, 0, 3, 0, 2005},
    {"posterior_samples_export_filename", 11, 0, 4, 0, 2007},
    {"posterior_samples_import_filename", 11, 0, 5, 0, 2009}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_100[11] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"calibrate_error_multipliers",8,5,3,0,2109,kw,45},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,2123},
    {"dream",8,6,1,1,2015,kw,58},
    {"gpmsa",8,11,1,1,1847,kw,67},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,5,0,2125},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459},
    {"queso",8,11,1,1,1749,kw,82},
    {"samples",9,0,7,0,2183,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
    {"seed",0x19,0,8,0,2185,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
    {"standardized_space",8,0,2,0,2107},
    {"wasabi",8,6,1,1,1909,kw,99}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_101[1] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"model_pointer",11,0,1,0,179,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Identification of model by pointer} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_102[3] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"method_name",11,1,1,1,177,kw,101,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Identification of minimizer by name} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet"},
    {"method_pointer",11,0,1,1,175,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Identification of minimizer by pointer} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet"},
    {"scaling",8,0,2,0,181,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Scaling flag} MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_103[4] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"deltas_per_variable",5,0,2,2,2438},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,3,0,2459},
    {"step_vector",14,0,1,1,2437,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Step vector} MethodCommands.html#MethodPSCPS"},
    {"steps_per_variable",13,0,2,2,2439,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of steps per variable} MethodCommands.html#MethodPSCPS"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_104[11] [static]
Initial value:
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

```json
= {
    "beta_solver_name",11,0,1,1,913,
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,8,0,925,
    "max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,9,0,927,
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,7,0,923,
    "misc_options",15,0,6,0,921,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Specify miscellaneous options}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "model_pointer",11,0,2,0,2459,
    "scaling",8,0,10,0,929,
    "seed",0x19,0,4,0,917,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random seed for stochastic pattern search}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS",
    "show_misc_options",8,0,5,0,919,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Show miscellaneous options}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "solution_accuracy",2,0,3,0,923,
    "solution_target",10,0,3,0,915,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Desired solution target}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_105[12] [static]
Initial value:

```json
= {
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,7,0,925,
    "initial_delta",10,0,10,0,831,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Initial offset value}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS",
    "max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,8,0,927,
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,6,0,923,
    "misc_options",15,0,5,0,921,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Specify miscellaneous options}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "model_pointer",11,0,1,0,2459,
    "scaling",8,0,9,0,929,
    "seed",0x19,0,3,0,917,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random seed for stochastic pattern search}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS",
    "solution_accuracy",2,0,2,0,914,
    "solution_target",10,0,2,0,915,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Desired solution target}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "threshold_delta",10,0,11,0,833,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Threshold for offset values}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_106[2] [static]
Initial value:

```json
= {
    "all_dimensions",8,0,1,1,841,
    "major_dimension",8,0,1,1,839
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_107[16] [static]
Initial value:

```json
= {
    "constraint_penalty",10,0,6,0,851,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Constraint penalty}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,13,0,925,
    "division",8,2,1,0,837,kw_106,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Box subdivision approach}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "global_balance_parameter",10,0,2,0,843,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Global search balancing parameter}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    "local_balance_parameter",10,0,3,0,845,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Local search balancing parameter}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC"
}
```
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

```
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDIR*

{"max_boxsize_limit":10,0,4,0,847,0,0,,0,,0,"{Maximum boxsize limit}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDIR*
{"max_function_evaluations":0x29,0,14,0,927},
{"max_iterations":0x29,0,12,0,923},
{"min_boxsize_limit":10,0,5,0,849,0,0,,0,,0,"{Minimum boxsize limit}
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDIR*

{"misc_options",15,0,11,0,921,0,0,,0,,0,"{Specify miscellaneous options
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC*
{"model_pointer",11,0,7,0,2459},
{"scaling",8,0,15,0,929},
{"seed",0x19,0,9,0,917,0,0,,0,,0,"{Random seed for stochastic pattern search
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS*
{"show_misc_options",8,0,10,0,919,0,0,,0,,0,"{Show miscellaneous options
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC*

{"solution_accuracy",2,0,8,0,914},
{"solution_target",10,0,8,0,915,0,0,,0,,0,"{Desired solution target
MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC*

GuiKeyWord kw_108[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"blend",8,0,1,1,887},
    {"two_point",8,0,1,1,885},
    {"uniform",8,0,1,1,889}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_109[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"linear_rank",8,0,1,1,867},
    {"merit_function",8,0,1,1,869}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_110[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"flat_file",11,0,1,1,863},
    {"simple_random",8,0,1,1,859},
    {"unique_random",8,0,1,1,861}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_111[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"mutation_range",9,0,2,0,905,0,0,,0,,0,"{Mutation range
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBE*
    {"mutation_scale",10,0,1,0,903,0,0,,0,,0,"{Mutation scale
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBE*
```

GuiKeyWord kw_112[5] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"non_adaptive"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 907, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Non-adaptive mutation flag}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"offset_cauchy"}, 8, 2, 1, 1, 899, kw_111,
    {"offset_normal"}, 8, 2, 1, 1, 897, kw_111,
    {"offset_uniform"}, 8, 2, 1, 1, 901, kw_111,
    {"replace_uniform"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 895
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_113[4] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"chc"}, 9, 0, 1, 1, 875, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{CHC replacement type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"elitist"}, 9, 0, 1, 1, 879, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Elitist replacement type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"new_solutions_generated"}, 9, 0, 2, 0, 879, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{New solutions generated}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"random"}, 9, 0, 1, 1, 873, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Random replacement type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_114[19] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"constraint_penalty"}, 10, 0, 9, 0, 909,
    {"convergence_tolerance"}, 10, 0, 16, 0, 925,
    {"crossover_rate"}, 10, 0, 5, 0, 881, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Crossover rate}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"crossover_type"}, 8, 3, 6, 0, 883, kw_108, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Crossover type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"fitness_type"}, 8, 2, 3, 0, 865, kw_109, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Fitness type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"initialization_type"}, 8, 3, 2, 0, 857, kw_110, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Initialization type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"max_function_evaluations"}, 0x29, 0, 17, 0, 927,
    {"max_iterations"}, 0x29, 0, 15, 0, 923,
    {"misc_options"}, 15, 0, 14, 0, 921, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Specify miscellaneous options}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC",
    {"model_pointer"}, 11, 0, 10, 0, 2459,
    {"mutation_rate"}, 10, 0, 7, 0, 891, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Mutation rate}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"mutation_type"}, 8, 5, 8, 0, 893, kw_112, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Mutation type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"population_size"}, 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 855, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Number of population members}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"replacement_type"}, 8, 4, 4, 0, 871, kw_113, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Replacement type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBEA",
    {"scaling"}, 8, 0, 18, 0, 929,
    {"seed"}, 0x19, 0, 12, 0, 917, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Random seed for stochastic pattern search}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBPS",
    {"solution_accuracy"}, 2, 0, 11, 0, 914,
    {"solution_target"}, 10, 0, 11, 0, 915, 0, 0, 0, 0,"{Desired solution target}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSCOLIBDC"
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_115[3] [static]
Initial value:
```csharp
= {
    "adaptive_pattern", 8, 0, 1, 1, 805,
    "basic_pattern", 8, 0, 1, 1, 807,
    "multi_step", 8, 0, 1, 1, 803
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_116[2] [static]
Initial value:
```csharp
= {
    "coordinate", 8, 0, 1, 1, 793,
    "simplex", 8, 0, 1, 1, 795
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_117[2] [static]
Initial value:
```csharp
= {
    "blocking", 8, 0, 1, 1, 811,
    "nonblocking", 8, 0, 1, 1, 813
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_118[22] [static]
Initial value:
```csharp
= {
    "constant_penalty", 8, 0, 1, 0, 785, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "constraint_penalty", 10, 0, 21, 0, 827, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "contraction_factor", 10, 0, 20, 0, 825, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 15, 0, 925,
    "expand_after_success", 9, 0, 3, 0, 789, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "exploratory_moves", 8, 3, 7, 0, 801, kw_115, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "initial_delta", 10, 0, 0, 0, 921, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 16, 0, 927,
    "max_iterations", 1, 0x29, 0, 14, 0, 923,
    "misc_options", 15, 0, 15, 0, 921, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 3, 0, 2459,
    "no_expansion", 8, 0, 2, 0, 787, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "pattern_basis", 8, 2, 4, 0, 791, kw_116, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "scaling", 8, 0, 17, 0, 929,
    "seed", 0x19, 0, 11, 0, 917, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "solution_accuracy", 10, 0, 5, 0, 917, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "solution_target", 10, 0, 10, 0, 915, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "stochastic", 8, 0, 5, 0, 797, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyword kw_119[18]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"constant_penalty", 8, 0, 4, 0, 823, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"constraint_penalty", 10, 0, 17, 0, 827, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"contract_after_failure", 9, 0, 1, 0, 817, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"contract_factor", 10, 0, 12, 0, 825, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 11, 0, 925, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"contraction_factor", 10, 0, 16, 0, 825, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"delta", 10, 0, 14, 0, 831, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"expand_after_success", 9, 0, 3, 0, 821, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"frcg", 8, 0, 1, 0, 321, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"frcg", 8, 0, 1, 0, 321, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityConstraintMatrix", 14, 0, 14, 0, 347, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityScaleTypes", 15, 0, 16, 0, 351, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityScales", 14, 0, 17, 0, 353, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityConstraintMatrix", 14, 0, 9, 0, 337, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityLowerBounds", 14, 0, 10, 0, 339, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityScaleTypes", 15, 0, 12, 0, 343, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityScales", 14, 0, 13, 0, 345, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"max FunctionEvaluations", 0x29, 0, 18, 0, 927, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"max Iterations", 0x29, 0, 10, 0, 923, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"misc Options", 15, 0, 9, 0, 921, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"model Pointer", 11, 0, 5, 0, 2459, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"no Expansion", 8, 0, 1, 0, 819, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"pattern", 9, 0, 6, 0, 799, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"seed", 0x19, 0, 7, 0, 917, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"solution Accuracy", 2, 0, 6, 0, 914, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"solution Target", 10, 0, 15, 0, 915, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"threshold_delta", 10, 0, 15, 0, 833, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}}

GuiKeyword kw_120[18]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"constraint_tolerance", 15, 0, 5, 0, 329, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 4, 0, 327, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"frcg", 8, 0, 1, 0, 321, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityConstraintMatrix", 14, 0, 14, 0, 347, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityScaleTypes", 15, 0, 16, 0, 351, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear EqualityScales", 14, 0, 17, 0, 353, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityConstraintMatrix", 14, 0, 9, 0, 337, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityLowerBounds", 14, 0, 10, 0, 339, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityScaleTypes", 15, 0, 12, 0, 343, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"linear InequalityScales", 14, 0, 13, 0, 345, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"max FunctionEvaluations", 0x29, 0, 18, 0, 333, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"max Iterations", 0x29, 0, 3, 0, 325, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"mfd", 8, 0, 1, 0, 323, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"model Pointer", 11, 0, 2, 0, 2459, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"scaling", 8, 0, 8, 0, 335, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"speculative", 8, 0, 6, 0, 331}
GuiKeyWord kw_121[16]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "constraint_tolerance",10,0,4,0,329
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,3,0,327
    "linear.equality.constraint.matrix",14,0,13,0,347
    "linear.equality.scale_types",15,0,15,0,351
    "linear.equality.scales",14,0,16,0,353
    "linear.equality.targets",14,0,14,0,349
    "linear.inequality.constraint.matrix",14,0,8,0,337
    "linear.inequality.lower.bounds",14,0,9,0,339
    "linear.inequality.scale_types",15,0,11,0,343
    "linear.inequality.scales",14,0,12,0,345
    "linear.inequality.upper.bounds",14,0,10,0,341
    "max.function.evaluations",0x29,0,6,0,333
    "max.iterations",0x29,0,2,0,325
    "model-pointer",11,0,1,0,2459
    "scaling",8,5,7,0,335
    "speculative",8,0,5,0,331
}

GuiKeyWord kw_122[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "drop.tolerance",10,0,1,0,2149
}

GuiKeyWord kw_123[15]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "box.behnken",8,0,1,1,2139,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE DACE type]"
    "central.composite",8,0,1,1,2141
    "fixed.seed",8,0,5,0,2151,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Fixed seed flag] MethodCommands.html#MethodDDACE"
    "grid",8,0,1,1,2129
    "lhs",8,0,1,1,2135
    "main.effects",8,0,2,0,2143,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Main effects] MethodCommands.html#MethodDDACE"
    "model-pointer",11,0,7,0,2459
    "oa.lhs",8,0,1,1,2137
    "oas",8,0,1,1,2133
    "quality.metrics",8,0,3,0,2145,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Quality metrics] MethodCommands.html#MethodDDACE"
    "random",8,0,1,1,2131
    "samples",8,0,8,0,2183,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Number of samples] MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"
    "seed",8x19,0,9,0,2185,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Refinement seed MethodCommands.html#MethodNonLocalRel"
    "symbols",8,0,6,0,2153,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Number of symbols] MethodCommands.html#MethodDDACE"
    "variance_based.decomp",8,1,4,0,2147,kw_122,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Variance based decomposition] MethodCommands.html#MethodDDACE"
}
GuiKeyWord kw_124[12] [static]

Initial value:

= {

    "linear.equality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 6, 0, 367,
    "linear.equality.scale_types", 15, 0, 8, 0, 371,
    "linear.equality.scales", 14, 0, 9, 0, 373,
    "linear.equality.targets", 14, 0, 7, 0, 369,
    "linear.inequality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 1, 0, 357,
    "linear.inequality.lower.bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 359,
    "linear.inequality.scale_types", 15, 0, 4, 0, 363,
    "linear.inequality.scales", 14, 0, 5, 0, 365,
    "linear.inequality.upper.bounds", 14, 0, 3, 0, 361,
    "max.function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 10, 0, 375,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 12, 0, 2459,
    "scaling", 8, 0, 11, 0, 377
}

GuiKeyWord kw_125[21] [static]

Initial value:

= {

    "bfgs", 8, 0, 11, 1, 279,
    "constraint.tolerance", 10, 0, 5, 0, 289,
    "convergence.tolerance", 10, 0, 4, 0, 287,
    "frcg", 8, 0, 11, 1, 275,
    "linear.equality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 14, 0, 307, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.equality.scale_types", 15, 0, 16, 0, 311, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.equality.scales", 14, 0, 17, 0, 313, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 9, 0, 297, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.lower.bounds", 14, 0, 10, 0, 299, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.scale_types", 15, 0, 12, 0, 303, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.scales", 14, 0, 13, 0, 305, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.upper.bounds", 14, 0, 11, 0, 301, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "max.function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 7, 0, 293, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 12, 0, 2459,
    "scaling", 8, 0, 11, 0, 285,
    "speculative", 8, 0, 6, 0, 291, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "slp", 8, 0, 11, 1, 281,
    "speculative", 8, 0, 6, 0, 291, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "slp", 8, 0, 11, 1, 281
}

GuiKeyWord kw_126[16] [static]

Initial value:

= {

    "constraint.tolerance", 10, 0, 4, 0, 289,
    "convergence.tolerance", 10, 0, 3, 0, 287,
    "linear.equality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 13, 0, 307, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.equality.coefficient_matrix", MethodCommands.html#MethodMin",
    "linear.equality_scale_types", 15, 0, 16, 0, 311, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.equality.scales", 14, 0, 17, 0, 313, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 9, 0, 297, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.lower.bounds", 14, 0, 10, 0, 299, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.scale_types", 15, 0, 12, 0, 303, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.scales", 14, 0, 13, 0, 305, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "linear.inequality.upper.bounds", 14, 0, 11, 0, 301, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "max.function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 7, 0, 293, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 12, 0, 2459,
    "scaling", 8, 0, 6, 0, 291,
    "speculative", 8, 0, 6, 0, 291, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "slp", 8, 0, 11, 1, 281,
    "speculative", 8, 0, 6, 0, 291, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
    "slp", 8, 0, 11, 1, 281
}
{"linear_equality_scale_types",15,0,15,0,311,0,0,0,0,"{Linear equality scaling types}
MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"linear_equality_scales",14,0,16,0,313,0,0,0,0,"{Linear equality scales}
MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"linear_equality_targets",14,0,14,0,309,0,0,0,0,"{Linear equality targets}
MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,8,0,297,0,0,0,0,"{Linear inequality coefficient matrix} MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"linear_equality_lower_bounds",14,0,9,0,299,0,0,0,0,"{Linear inequality lower bounds} MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"linear_equality_upper_bounds",14,0,12,0,305,0,0,0,0,"{Linear inequality upper bounds} MethodCommands.html#MethodMin"},
{"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,6,0,293,0,0,0,0,"{Maximum function evaluations}
MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"},
{"max_iterations",0x29,0,2,0,285},
{"model_pointer",11,0,1,0,2459},
{"scaling",8,0,7,0,295},
{"speculative",8,0,5,0,291,0,0,0,0,"{Speculative gradients and Hessians}
MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_127[3] [static]
Initial value:
=
{
{"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1031},
{"header",8,0,1,0,1029},
{"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1033}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_128[3] [static]
Initial value:
=
{
{"annotated",8,0,1,0,1025},
{"custom.annotated",8,3,1,0,1027,kw_127},
{"freeform",8,0,1,0,1035}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_129[2] [static]
Initial value:
=
{
{"dakota",8,0,1,1,1003},
{"surfpack",8,0,1,1,1001}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_130[3] [static]
Initial value:
=
{
{"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1015},
{"header",8,0,1,0,1013},
{"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1017}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw_131[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1021},
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1009},
  {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1011,kw_130},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1019}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_132[10] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,1023,kw_128},
  {"export_points_file",3,3,4,0,1022,kw_128},
  {"gaussian_process",8,2,1,0,999,kw_129,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{GP selection}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodEG"},
  {"import_build_points_file",11,4,3,0,1007,kw_131},
  {"import_points_file",3,4,3,0,1006,kw_131},
  {"kriging",0,2,1,0,998,kw_129},
  {"max_iterations",0x29,0,6,0,1039},
  {"model_pointer",11,0,7,0,2459},
  {"seed",0x19,0,5,0,1037,0,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodEG"},
  {"use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,1005,0,0,0,0,0,"{Derivative usage}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodEG"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_133[12] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"batch_size",9,0,2,0,1595},
  {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,1599},
  {"distribution",8,2,9,0,1667,kw_27,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution type}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"emulator_samples",9,0,1,0,1593},
  {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,11,0,1677,kw_28,0,0,0,0,0,"{Generalized reliability levels}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,5,0,1601},
  {"max_iterations",0x29,0,3,0,1597},
  {"model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459},
  {"probability_levels",14,1,10,0,1673,kw_29,0,0,0,0,0,"{Probability levels}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"rng",8,2,12,0,1681,kw_29,0,0,0,0,0,"{Random number generator}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
  {"samples",9,0,7,0,2183,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
  {"seed",0x19,0,8,0,2185,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonLocalRel"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_134[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"grid",8,0,1,1,2169,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE trial type}"},
  {"halton",8,0,1,1,2171},
  {"random",8,0,1,1,2173,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"@"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_135 \[1\] \[static\]

Initial value:
= {
    "drop.tolerance", 10, 0, 1, 0, 2163
}

GuiKeyWord kw_136 \[10\] \[static\]

Initial value:
= {
    "fixed_seed", 8, 0, 4, 0, 2165, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Fixed seed flag]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "latinize", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2157, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Latinization of samples]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 10, 0, 2177,
    "num_trials", 9, 0, 6, 0, 2175, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Number of trials]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "quality_metrics", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2159, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Quality metrics]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "samples", 9, 0, 9, 0, 2183, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Number of samples]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC",
    "seed", 0x19, 0, 10, 0, 2185, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Refinement seed]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel",
    "trial_type", 8, 3, 5, 0, 2167, kw_134, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Trial type]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "variance_based_decomp", 8, 1, 3, 0, 2161, kw_134, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Variance based decomposition]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_137 \[1\] \[static\]

Initial value:
= {
    "drop.tolerance", 10, 0, 1, 0, 2393
}

GuiKeyWord kw_138 \[12\] \[static\]

Initial value:
= {
    "fixed_sequence", 8, 0, 6, 0, 2397, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Fixed sequence flag]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "halton", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2383, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[CHOOSE sequence type]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "hammersley", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2385,
    "latinize", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2387, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Latinization of samples]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 10, 0, 2405,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 11, 0, 2459,
    "prime_base", 13, 0, 9, 0, 2403, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Prime bases for sequences]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "quality_metrics", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2389, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Quality metrics]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "samples", 9, 0, 5, 0, 2395, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Number of samples taken in the MCMC sampling]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonBayesCalib",
    "sequence_leap", 13, 0, 8, 0, 2401, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Sequence leaping indices]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "sequence_start", 13, 0, 7, 0, 2399, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Sequence starting indices]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE",
    "variance_based_decomp", 8, 1, 4, 0, 2391, kw_137, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "[Variance based decomposition]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodFSUDACE"
}
GuiKeyWord kw_139[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1441},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1439},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1443}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_140[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1435},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1437,kw_139},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1445}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_141[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1425},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1423},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1427}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_142[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1431},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1419},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1421,kw_142},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1425}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_143[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,1461},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,1459}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_144[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1455},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,1453},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,1457,kw_143}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_145[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "compute",8,3,2,0,1451,kw_144,
    "num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,1449
}

GuiKeyWord kw_146[14]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "distribution",8,2,9,0,1667,kw_27,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Distribution type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD",
    "emulator_samples",9,0,1,0,1415,
    "export_approx_points_file",11,3,3,0,1433,kw_140,
    "export_points_file",3,3,0,1432,kw_140,
    "gen_reliability_levels",14,1,11,0,1677,kw_28,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Generalized reliability levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD",
    "import_build_points_file",11,4,2,0,1417,kw_142,
    "import_points_file",3,4,2,0,1416,kw_142,
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,5,0,1463,
    "model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459,
    "probability_levels",14,1,10,0,1673,kw_29,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Probability levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD",
    "response_levels",14,2,4,0,1447,kw_145,
    "rng",8,2,12,0,1681,kw_30,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random number generator}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC",
    "samples",9,0,7,0,2183,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC",
    "seed",0x19,0,8,0,2185,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_147[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,2,0,993,
    "model_pointer",11,0,4,0,2459,
    "scaling",8,0,3,0,995,
    "seed",0x19,0,1,0,991,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_148[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "parallel",8,0,1,1,1665,
    "series",8,0,1,1,1663
}

GuiKeyWord kw_149[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1659,
    "probabilities",8,0,1,1,1657,
    "system",8,2,2,0,1661,kw_148"}
GuiKeyWord kw_150[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*compute*,8,3,2,0,1655,kw_149},
  {*num_response_levels*,13,0,1,0,1653}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_151[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*eval_id*,8,0,2,0,1641},
  {*header*,8,0,1,0,1639},
  {*interface_id*,8,0,3,0,1643}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_152[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*annotated*,8,0,1,0,1635},
  {*custom_annotated*,8,3,1,0,1637,kw_151},
  {*freeform*,8,0,1,0,1645}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_153[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*dakota*,8,0,1,1,1613},
  {*surfpack*,8,0,1,1,1611}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_154[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*eval_id*,8,0,2,0,1625},
  {*header*,8,0,1,0,1623},
  {*interface_id*,8,0,3,0,1627}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_155[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {*active_only*,8,0,2,0,1631},
  {*annotated*,8,0,1,0,1619},
  {*custom_annotated*,8,3,1,0,1621,kw_154},
  {*freeform*,8,0,1,0,1629}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_156[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,1633,kw_152},
  {"export_points_file",3,3,4,0,1632,kw_152},
  {"gaussian_process",8,2,1,0,1609,kw_153},
  {"import_build_points_file",11,4,3,0,1617,kw_155},
  {"import_points_file",3,4,3,0,1616,kw_155},
  {"kriging",0,2,1,0,1608,kw_153},
  {"use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,1615}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_157[12] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"distribution",8,2,6,0,1667,kw_27,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Distribution type} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"ea",8,0,1,0,1647},
  {"ego",8,7,1,0,1607,kw_156},
  {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,8,0,1677,kw_28,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Generalized reliability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"lhs",8,0,1,0,1649},
  {"model_pointer",11,0,3,0,2459},
  {"probability_levels",14,1,7,0,1673,kw_29,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Probability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
  {"response_levels",14,2,2,0,1651,kw_155},
  {"rng",8,2,9,0,1681,kw_20,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random number generator} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDNC"},
  {"samples",9,0,4,0,2183,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
  {"sbo",9,7,1,0,1605,kw_156},
  {"seed",0x19,0,5,0,2185,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Refinement seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_158[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"mt19937",8,0,1,1,1737},
  {"rnum2",8,0,1,1,1739}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_159[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1725},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,1723},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1727}  
}
GuiKeyWord kw_160[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1719},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1721,kw,159},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1729}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_161[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"dakota",8,0,1,1,1697},
    {"surfpack",8,0,1,1,1695}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_162[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1709},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1707},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1711}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_163[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1715},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1703},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,1705,kw,162},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1713}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_164[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,1717,kw,160},
    {"export_points_file",3,3,4,5,1716,kw,160},
    {"gaussian_process",8,2,1,0,1693,kw,161,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.},
    {"import_build_points_file",11,4,3,0,1701,kw,163},
    {"import_points_file",3,4,3,5,1700,kw,163},
    {"kriging",0,2,1,0,1692,kw,161},
    {"use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,1699,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.},
}

MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDGlobalIntervalEst
GuiKeyWord kw_165[11] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,1743],
    "ea",8,0,1,0,1731],
    "ego",8,7,1,0,1691,kw_164],
    "lhs",8,0,1,0,1733],
    "max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,5,0,1745],
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,3,0,1741],
    "model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459],
    "rng",8,2,2,0,1735,kw_168,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed generator}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDGlobalIntervalEst"],
    "samples",9,0,7,0,2183,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"
},
    "sbo",8,7,1,0,1699,kw_164],
    "seed",8x19,0,8,0,2185,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_166[2] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "complementary",8,0,1,1,2371],
    "cumulative",8,0,1,1,2369]}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_167[1] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "num_gen_reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,2379]}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_168[1] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "num_probability_levels",13,0,1,0,2375]}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_169[3] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "eval_id",8,0,2,0,2331],
    "header",8,0,1,0,2329],
    "interface_id",8,0,3,0,2333]}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_170[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2325,
  "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 2327, kw_169,
  "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2335
}

GuiKeyWord kw_171[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "eval_id", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2315,
  "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2317,
  "interface_id", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2317
}

GuiKeyWord kw_172[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2321,
  "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2309,
  "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 2311, kw_171,
  "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2319
}

GuiKeyWord kw_173[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "parallel", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2361,
  "series", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2359
}

GuiKeyWord kw_174[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2355,
  "probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2353,
  "system", 8, 2, 2, 0, 2357, kw_173
}

GuiKeyWord kw_175[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "compute", 8, 3, 2, 0, 2351, kw_174,
  "num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 2349
}
GuiKeyWord kw_176[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "mt19937",8,0,1,1,2343,
  "rnum2",8,0,1,1,2345
}

GuiKeyWord kw_177[20] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "convergence_tolerance",10,0,10,0,2365,
  "dakota",8,0,2,0,2305,
  "distribution",8,2,12,0,2367,kw_166,
  "export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,2323,kw_170,
  "export_points_file",5,3,4,0,2322,kw_170,
  "gen_reliability_levels",14,11,14,0,2377,kw_167,
  "import_build_points_file",11,4,3,0,2307,kw_172,
  "import_points_file",5,4,3,0,2306,kw_172,
  "max_iterations",0x29,0,9,0,2363,
  "model_pointer",11,0,11,0,2459,
  "probability_levels",14,1,13,0,2373,kw_168,
  "response_levels",14,2,8,0,2347,kw_175,
  "rng",8,2,7,0,2341,kw_176,
  "seed",0x19,0,6,0,2339,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed for initial GP construction}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDGlobalRel",
  "surfpack",8,0,2,0,2303,
  "u_gaussian_process",8,0,1,1,2301,
  "u_kriging",0,0,1,1,2300,
  "use_derivatives",8,0,5,0,2337,0,0,0,0,"{Derivative usage}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDGlobalRel",
  "x_gaussian_process",8,0,1,1,2299,
  "x_kriging",0,0,1,1,2298
}

GuiKeyWord kw_178[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "master",8,0,1,1,167,
  "peer",8,0,1,1,169
}

GuiKeyWord kw_179[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "model_pointer_list",11,0,1,0,131,0,0,0,0,0,"{List of model pointers}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid""
}

GuiKeyWord kw_180[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "method_name_list",15,1,1,1,129,kw_179,0,0,0,0,"{List of method names}
  MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid""
}
GuiKeyWord kw_181[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "global_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,115,0,0,0,0,0,"{Pointer to the global model specification} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_182[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "local_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,121,0,0,0,0,0,"{Pointer to the local model specification} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_183[5]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "global_method_name",11,1,1,1,113,kw_181,0,0,0,0,"{Name of the global method} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
    "global_method_pointer",11,0,1,1,117,0,0,0,0,0,"{Pointer to the global method specification} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
    "local_method_name",11,1,2,2,119,kw_182,0,0,0,0,"{Name of the local method} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
    "local_method_pointer",11,0,2,2,123,0,0,0,0,0,"{Pointer to the local method specification} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
    "local_search_probability",10,0,3,0,125,0,0,0,0,0,"{Probability of executing local searches} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_184[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "model_pointer_list",11,0,1,0,107,0,0,0,0,0,"{List of model pointers} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_185[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "method_name_list",15,1,1,1,105,kw_184,0,0,0,0,"{List of method names} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
    "method_pointer_list",15,0,1,1,109,0,0,0,0,0,"{List of method pointers} MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"
}
GUIKeyword kw_186[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"collaborative",8,2,1,1,1,127,kw_180,0,0,0,0,0,"[Collaborative hybrid]
MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
   {"coupled",0,5,1,1,110,kw_183},
   {"collaborative",8,5,1,1,111,kw_183,0,0,0,0,0,"[Embedded hybrid]
MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
   {"iterator_scheduling",8,2,3,0,165,kw_178,0,0,0,0,0,"[Message passing configuration for
scheduling of iterator jobs] MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta"},
   {"iterator Servers",0x19,0,2,0,163,0,0,0,0,0,"[Number of iterator servers]
MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta"},
   {"processors_per_iterator",0x19,0,4,0,171,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Number of processors per iterator
server] MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta"},
   {"sequential",8,2,1,1,103,kw_185,0,0,0,0,0,"[Sequential hybrid]
MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaHybrid"},
   {"uncoupled",0,2,1,1,102,kw_185}
}

GUIKeyword kw_187[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"parallel",8,0,1,1,1407},
   {"series",8,0,1,1405}
}

GUIKeyword kw_188[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1401},
   {"probabilities",8,0,1,11399},
   {"system",8,2,2,0,1403,kw_187}
}

GUIKeyword kw_189[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"compute",8,3,2,0,1397,kw_188},
   {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,1395}
}

GUIKeyword kw_190[14] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"adapt_import",8,0,1,1,1387},
   {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,5,0,1411},
   {"distribution",8,2,9,0,1667,kw_27,0,0,0,0,0,"[Distribution type]
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
   {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,11,0,1677,kw_28,0,0,0,0,0,"[Generalized reliability levels]
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
   {"import",8,0,1,1,1385},
   {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,1409},
}
GuiKeyWord kw_191[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2427},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2425},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2429}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_192[4] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2433},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2421},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 1, 0, 2423, kw_191},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2431}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_193[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"import_points_file", 11, 4, 1, 1, 2419, kw_192, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
    {"list_of_points", 14, 0, 1, 1, 2417, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
    {"model_pointer", 11, 0, 2, 0, 2459}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_194[2] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"complementary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2221},
    {"cumulative", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2219}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_195[1] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"num_gen.reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,2215}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_196[1] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"num_probability_levels",13,0,1,0,2211}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_197[2] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,2207},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,2205}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_198[3] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,2201},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,2199},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,2203,kw_197}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_199[2] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,2197,kw_198},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,2195}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_200[7] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"distribution",8,2,5,0,2217,kw_194},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,4,0,2213,kw_195},
    {"model_pointers",11,0,6,0,2459},
    {"nsp",8,0,1,0,2191},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,3,0,2209,kw_196},
    {"response_levels",14,2,2,0,2193,kw_199},
    {"sqp",8,0,1,0,2189}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_201[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,2,0,2229,
    "model_pointer",11,0,3,0,2459,
    "nip",8,0,1,0,2227,
    "sqp",8,0,1,0,2225
}

GuiKeyWord kw_202[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "adapt_import",8,0,1,1,2263,
    "import",8,0,1,1,2261,
    "mm_adapt_import",8,0,1,1,2265,
    "refinement_samples",9,0,2,0,2267,
    "seed",0x19,0,3,0,2269,0,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDBayesCalib"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_203[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "first_order",8,0,1,1,2255,
    "probability.refinement",8,5,2,0,2259,kw_202,
    "sample.refinement",0,5,2,0,2258,kw_202,
    "second.order",8,0,1,1,2257
}

GuiKeyWord kw_204[10]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "integration",8,4,3,0,2253,kw_203,0,0,0,0,0,"{Integration method} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel",
    "nip",8,0,2,0,2251,
    "no.approx",8,0,1,1,2247,
    "sqp",8,0,2,0,2249,
    "u.taylor_mean",8,0,1,1,2237,
    "u.taylor_mpp",8,0,1,1,2241,
    "u.two_point",8,0,1,1,2245,
    "x.taylor_mean",8,0,1,1,2235,
    "x.taylor_mpp",8,0,1,1,2239,
    "x.two_point",8,0,1,1,2243
}

GuiKeyWord kw_205[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "num.reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,2291
}
GuiKeyWord kw_206[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,2287},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,2285}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_207[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,2281},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,2277},
    {"reliabilities",8,0,1,1,2279},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,2283,kw_206}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_208[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,4,2,0,2275,kw_207},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,2273}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_209[9] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,5,0,2295},
    {"distribution",8,2,7,0,2367,kw_166},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,9,0,2377,kw_167},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,2293},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459},
    {"mpp_search",8,10,1,0,2233,kw_204,0.,0.,0.,0,"{MPP search type}
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,8,0,2373,kw_168},
    {"reliability_levels",14,1,3,0,2289,kw_205},
    {"response_levels",14,2,2,0,2271,kw_208}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_210[11] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"display_all_evaluations",8,0,7,0,603,0,0,0,0,0,"{Display NOMAD evaluations}
MethodCommands.html#MethodNOMADDC"},
    {"display_format",11,0,4,0,597},
    {"function_precision",10,0,1,0,591,0,0,0,0,0,"{Function Evaluation Precision}
MethodCommands.html#MethodNOMADDC"},
    {"history_file",11,0,3,0,595,0,0,0,0,0,"{NOMAD History File}
MethodCommands.html#MethodNOMADDC"},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,9,0,607},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,8,0,605},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,11,0,2459},
    {"neighbor_order",0x19,0,6,0,601},
    {"scaling",8,0,16,0,609},
    {"seed",0x19,0,2,0,593,0,0,0,0,0,"{Random Seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNOMADDC"},
    {"variable_neighborhood_search",10,0,5,0,599}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw\_211[2]  [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {
        "num\_offspring", 0x19, 0, 2, 0, 759, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Number of offspring in random shuffle crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "num\_parents", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 757, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Number of parents in random shuffle crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw\_212[5]  [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {
        "crossover\_rate", 10, 0, 2, 0, 761, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Crossover rate" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "multi\_point\_binary", 9, 0, 1, 1, 749, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Multi point binary crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "multi\_point\_parameterized\_binary", 9, 0, 1, 1, 751, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Multi point parameterized binary crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "multi\_point\_real", 9, 0, 1, 1, 753, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Multi point real crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "shuffle\_random", 8, 8, 1, 1, 755, kw\_211, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Random shuffle crossover" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw\_213[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {
        "flat\_file", 11, 0, 1, 1, 745,
        "simple\_random", 8, 0, 1, 1, 741,
        "unique\_random", 8, 0, 1, 1, 743
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw\_214[1]  [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {
        "mutation\_scale", 10, 0, 1, 0, 775, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Mutation scale" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"
    }
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw\_215[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {
        "bit\_random", 8, 0, 1, 1, 765,
        "mutation\_rate", 10, 0, 2, 0, 777, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Mutation rate" MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC",
        "offset\_cauchy", 8, 1, 1, 1, 771, kw\_214,
        "offset\_normal", 8, 1, 1, 1, 769, kw\_214,
        "offset\_uniform", 8, 1, 1, 1, 773, kw\_214,
        "replace\_uniform", 8, 0, 1, 1, 767
    }
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_216[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "metric_tracker",8,0,1,1,643,0,0,0,.0,.0,.0,"(Convergence type) MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"},
    "num_generations",0x29,0,1,0,647,0,0,0,.0,.0,.0,"(Number generations for metric_tracker converger) MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"},
    "percent_change",10,0,2,0,645,0,0,0,.0,.0,.0,"(Percent change limit for metric_tracker converger) MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_217[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "domination_count",8,0,1,1,617},
    "layer_rank",8,0,1,1,615
}

GuiKeyWord kw_218[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "num_designs",0x29,0,1,0,639,0,2,0,.0,.0,.0,"(Number designs to keep for max_designs nicher) MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_219[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "distance",14,0,1,1,635},
    "max_designs",14,1,1,1,637,kw_218},
    "radial",14,0,1,1,633
}

GuiKeyWord kw_220[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "orthogonal_distance",14,0,1,1,651,0,0,0,.0,.0,.0,"(Post_processor distance) MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_221[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "shrinkage_fraction",10,0,1,0,629},
    "shrinkage_percentage",2,0,1,0,628}
GuiKeyWord kw_222[4] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"below_limit",10,2,1,1,627,kw,0,0,0,0,"{Below limit selection"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"},
    {"elitist",8,0,1,1,621},
    {"roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,623},
    {"unique_roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,625}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_223[26] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,26,0,781},
    {"convergence_type",8,3,4,0,641,kw},
    {"crossover_type",8,0,23,0,747},
    {"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,12,0,665},
    {"linear_equality_scale_types",15,0,14,0,669},
    {"linear_equality_targets",14,0,13,0,667},
    {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,7,0,655},
    {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,8,0,657},
    {"linear_inequality_scale_types",15,0,10,0,661},
    {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,11,0,663},
    {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,9,0,659},
    {"log_file",11,0,20,0,735,0,0,0,0,"{Log file"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,16,0,673},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,6,0,653},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,18,0,2459},
    {"mutation_type",8,6,24,0,763,kw,215,0,0,0,0,"{Mutation type"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"},
    {"niching_type",8,3,3,0,631,kw,219,0,0,0,0,"{Niche pressure type"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"},
    {"population_size",0x29,0,19,0,733,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of population members"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"},
    {"postprocessor_type",8,1,5,0,649,kw,220,0,0,0,0,"{Post processor type"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"},
    {"print_each_pop",8,0,21,0,737,0,0,0,0,0,"{Population output"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"},
    {"replacement_type",8,4,2,0,619,kw,222,0,0,0,0,0,"{Replacement type"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGAMOGA"},
    {"scaling",8,0,17,0,675},
    {"seed",0x19,0,25,0,779,0,0,0,0,0,"{Random seed"
MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGADC"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_224[1] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"model_pointer",11,0,1,0,139,0,0,0,0,0,"{Model pointer"
MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta"}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_225 [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "seed", 9,0,1,0,145,0,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Seed for random starting points}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_226 [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "iterator_scheduling", 8,2,5,0,165,kw_178,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Message passing configuration for scheduling of iterator jobs}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta",
    "iterator_servers", 8x9,0,4,0,163,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Number of iterator servers}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta",
    "method_name", 11,1,1,1,137,kw_224,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Identification of a sub-method by name (no separate specification block} MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta",
    "processors_per_iterator", 8x9,0,6,0,171,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Number of processors per iterator server} MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta",
    "random_starts", 9,1,2,0,143,kw_225,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Number of random starting points}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart",
    "starting_points", 14,0,3,0,147,0,,0,,0,,0,"{List of user-specified starting points}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_227 [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "model_pointer", 11,0,2,0,2459",
    "partitions", 13,0,1,1,2443,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Partitions per variable}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodPSMPS"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_228 [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "convergence_tolerance", 10,0,4,0,979",
    "max_function_evaluations", 0x29,0,6,0,983",
    "max_iterations", 0x29,0,5,0,981",
    "min_boxsize_limit", 10,0,2,0,975,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Min boxsize limit}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNCSUDC",
    "model_pointer", 11,0,8,0,2459",
    "scaling", 8,5,7,0,985",
    "solution_accuracy", 2,0,1,1,972",
    "solution_target", 10,0,1,0,973,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Solution Target}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNCSUDC",
    "volume_boxsize_limit", 10,0,3,0,977,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Volume boxsize limit}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNCSUDC"
}
GuiKeyWord kw_229[15] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"absolute_conv_tol", 10, 0, 2, 0, 935, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 10, 0, 951},
  {"covariance", 9, 0, 8, 0, 947, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"false_conv_tol", 10, 0, 6, 0, 943, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"function_precision", 10, 0, 1, 0, 933, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"initial_trust_radius", 10, 0, 7, 0, 945, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 13, 0, 957},
  {"max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 11, 0, 953},
  {"model_pointer", 11, 0, 15, 0, 2459},
  {"regression_diagnostics", 8, 0, 9, 0, 949, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"scaling", 8, 0, 14, 0, 959},
  {"singular_conv_tol", 10, 0, 4, 0, 939, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"singular_radius", 10, 0, 5, 0, 941, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
  {"speculative", 8, 0, 12, 0, 955},
  {"x_conv_tol", 10, 0, 3, 0, 937, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_230[14] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 2, 0, 429},
  {"linear.equality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 8, 0, 441},
  {"linear.equality_scale_types", 15, 0, 10, 0, 445},
  {"linear.equality_scales", 14, 0, 11, 0, 447},
  {"linear.equality_targets", 14, 0, 9, 0, 443},
  {"linear.inequality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 3, 0, 431},
  {"linear.inequality_lower_bounds", 14, 0, 4, 0, 433},
  {"linear.inequality_scale_types", 15, 0, 6, 0, 437},
  {"linear.inequality_scales", 14, 0, 7, 0, 439},
  {"linear.inequality_upper_bounds", 14, 0, 5, 0, 425},
  {"max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 12, 0, 449},
  {"max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 11, 0, 427},
  {"model_pointer", 11, 0, 14, 0, 2459},
  {"scaling", 8, 0, 13, 0, 451}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_231[2] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"global", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1545},
  {"local", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1543}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_232[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,1563},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,1561}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_233[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1557},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,1555},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,1559,kw_232}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_234[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,1553,kw_233},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,1551}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_235[10] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"distribution",8,2,7,0,1667,kw_27,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Distribution type MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
     {"emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,1547},
     {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,9,0,1677,kw_28,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Generalized reliability levels MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
     {"lipschitz",8,2,1,0,1541,kw_231},
     {"model_pointer",11,0,4,0,2459},
     {"probability_levels",14,1,8,0,1673,kw_29,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Probability levels MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
     {"response_levels",14,2,3,0,1549,kw_234},
     {"rng",8,2,10,0,1681,kw_30,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random number generator MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
     {"samples",9,0,5,0,2183,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of samples MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
     {"seed",0x19,0,6,0,2185,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Refinement seed MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
}

GuiKeyWord kw_236[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"num_reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,1363,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of reliability levels MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"}
GuiKeyWord kw_237[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,1381},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,1379}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_238[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1375},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,1371},
    {"reliabilities",8,0,1,1,1373},
    {"system",8,2,0,1377,kw_237[2]}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_239[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,4,2,0,1369,kw_238[0],0,0,0,"{Target statistics for response levels
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,1367,0,0,0,0,"{Number of response levels
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_240[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,1155},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,1153},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,1157}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_241[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,1161},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,1149},
    {"custom.annotated",8,3,1,0,1151,kw_240[3]},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,1159}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_242[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"advancements",9,0,1,0,1087},
    {"soft_convergence_limit",9,0,2,0,1089}
GuiKeyWord kw_243[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"adapted",8,2,1,1,1085,kw,242},
    {"tensor_product",8,0,1,1,1081},
    {"total_order",8,0,1,1,1083}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_244[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"noise_tolerance",14,0,1,0,1111}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_245[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"noise_tolerance",14,0,1,0,1115}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_246[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"l2_penalty",10,0,2,0,1121,0,0,0,0,0,"l2_penalty used for elastic net modification of LASSO\ MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDPCF"},
    {"noise_tolerance",14,0,1,0,1119}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_247[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"equality_constrained",8,0,1,0,1101},
    {"svd",8,0,1,0,1099}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_248[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"noise_tolerance",14,0,1,0,1105}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_249[17]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"basis_pursuit",8,0,2,0,1107,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{L1 minimization via Basis Pursuit (BP)"
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"basis_pursuit_denoising",8,1,2,0,1109,kw,244,0,0,0,0,"{L1 minimization via Basis
Pursuit DeNoising (BPDeN)" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"bp",0,0,2,0,1106},
    {"bpdn",0,1,2,0,1108,kw,244,0,0,0,0,"{L1 minimization via Basis
Pursuit DeNoising (BPDN)" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"cross_validation",8,0,3,0,1123,0,0,0,0,0,"{Specify whether to use cross validation
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"lars",0,1,2,0,1112,kw,245,0,0,0,0,"{L1 minimization via Least
Angle Regression (LARS)" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"least_squares",8,2,2,0,1097,kw,247,0,0,0,0,"{Least squares regression
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"omp",0,1,2,0,1102,kw,248,0,0,0,0,"{Orthogonal Matching Pursuit (OMP)" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"ratio_order",10,0,1,0,1995,0,0,0,0,0,"{Order of collocation oversampling relationship
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"reuse_points",8,0,6,0,1129},
    {"reuse_samples",0,0,6,0,1128},
    {"tensor_grid",8,0,5,0,1127},
    {"use_derivatives",8,0,4,0,1125}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_250[3]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"incremental_lhs",8,0,2,0,1135,0,0,0,0,0,"{Use incremental LHS for expansion_samples
MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"reuse_points",8,0,1,0,1133},
    {"reuse_samples",0,0,1,0,1132}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_251[7]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"basis_type",8,3,2,0,1079,kw,243},
    {"collocation_points",13,17,3,1,1091,kw,249,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number collocation points to
estimate coeffs" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"collocation_ratio",10,17,3,1,1093,kw,249,0,0,0,0,0,"{Collocation point oversampling
ratio to estimate coeffs" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"dimension_preference",14,0,1,0,1077},
    {"expansion_samples",13,3,3,1,1131,kw,250,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number simulation samples to
estimate coeffs" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDACE"},
    {"import_build_points_file",11,4,4,0,1147,kw,241},
    {"import_points_file",3,4,4,0,1146,kw,241}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_252[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1217},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1215},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1219}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_253[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1211},
    {"custom.annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1213, kw_252},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1221}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_254[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1201},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1199},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1203}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_255[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1207},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1195},
    {"custom.annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1197, kw_254},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1205}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_256[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"collocation_points", 13, 0, 1, 1, 1139},
    {"cross_validation", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1141},
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, 1147, kw_241},
    {"import_points_file", 3, 4, 5, 0, 1146, kw_241},
    {"reuse_points", 8, 0, 4, 0, 1145},
    {"reuse_samples", 0, 0, 4, 0, 1144},
    {"tensor_grid", 13, 0, 3, 0, 1143}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_257[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"decay",8,0,1,1,1051},
    {"generalized",8,0,1,1,1053},
    {"sobol",8,0,1,1,1049}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_258[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"dimension_adaptive",8,3,1,1,1047,kw_257},
    {"uniform",8,0,1,1,1045}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_259[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"adapt_import",8,0,1,1,1187},
    {"import",8,0,1,1,1185},
    {"mm_adapt_import",8,0,1,1,1189},
    {"refinement_samples",9,0,2,0,1191,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_260[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"dimension_preference",14,0,1,0,1067,0,0,0,0,0,"{Dimension preference for anisotropic tensor and sparse grids} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDPCe"},
    {"nested",8,0,2,0,1069},
    {"non_nested",8,0,2,0,1071}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_261[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"lhs",8,0,1,1,1179},
    {"random",8,0,1,1,1181}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_262[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"dimension_preference",14,0,2,0,1067,0,0,0,0,0,"{Dimension preference for anisotropic tensor and sparse grids} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDPCe"},
    {"nested",8,0,3,0,1069},
    {"non_nested",8,0,3,0,1071},
    {"restricted",8,0,1,0,1063},
    {"unrestricted",8,0,1,0,1065}
GuiKeyWord kw263[2] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "drop_tolerance", 10, 0, 2, 0, 1169, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 
    "VBD tolerance for omitting small indices" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC",
    "interaction_order", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 1167, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "Restriction of order of VBD iterations" MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDPCE"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw265[2] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "global", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1571,
    "local", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1569
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw266[2] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "parallel", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1589,
    "series", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1587
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw267[3] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1583,
    "probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1581,
    "system", 8, 2, 2, 0, 1585, kw266
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw268[2] [static]

Initial value:

```c
= {
    "compute", 8, 3, 2, 0, 1579, kw267,
    "num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 1577
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_269[10] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"distribution",8,2,7,0,1667,kw_27,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution type} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,1573},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,9,0,1677,kw_28,0,0,0,0,"{Generalized reliability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"lipschitz",8,2,1,0,1567,kw_265},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,4,0,2459},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,8,0,1673,kw_29,0,0,0,0,"{Probability levels} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"response_levels",14,2,3,0,1575,kw_268},
    {"rng",8,2,10,0,1681,kw_30,0,0,0,0,"{Random number generator} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
    {"samples",9,0,5,0,2183,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    {"seed",0x19,0,6,0,2185,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_270[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"percent_variance_explained",10,0,1,0,1353}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_271[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"previous_samples",9,0,1,1,1343,0,0,0,0,"{Previous samples for incremental approaches} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_272[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"incremental_lhs",8,1,1,1,1339,kw_271},
    {"incremental_random",8,1,1,1,1341,kw_271},
    {"lhs",8,0,1,1,1337},
    {"random",8,0,1,1,1335}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_273[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"drop_tolerance",10,0,1,0,1347}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_274[16] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "backfill",8,0,3,0,1349,
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,16,0,1359,
    "distribution",8,2,8,0,1667,kw_27,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution type}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "fixed_seed",8,0,14,0,1355,0,0,0,0,0,"{Fixed seed flag}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "gen_reliability_levels",14,1,10,0,1677,kw_28,0,0,0,0,"{Generalized reliability levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,15,0,1357,
    "model_pointer",11,0,5,0,2459,
    "principal_components",8,1,4,0,1351,kw_270,
    "probability_levels",14,1,9,0,1673,kw_29,0,0,0,0,"{Probability levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "reliability_levels",14,1,12,0,1361,kw_236,0,0,0,0,"{Reliability levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "response_levels",14,2,13,0,1365,kw_239,0,0,0,0,"{Response levels}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonD"},
    "rng",8,2,11,0,1681,kw_213,0,0,0,0,"{Random number generator}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
    "samples",9,0,6,0,2183,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC"},
    "seed",8,19,0,7,0,2185,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed}
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDLocalRel"},
    "variance_based_decomp",8,1,2,0,1345,kw_273
}

GuiKeyWord kw_275[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "eval_id",8,0,2,0,1325,
    "header",8,0,1,0,1323,
    "interface_id",8,0,3,0,1327
}

GuiKeyWord kw_276[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "annotated",8,0,1,0,1319,
    "custom.annotated",8,3,1,0,1321,kw_275,
    "freeform",8,0,1,0,1329
}

GuiKeyWord kw_277[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "generalized",8,0,1,1,1245,
    "sobol",8,0,1,1,1245
}
GuiKeyWord kw_278[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"dimension_adaptive", 8, 2, 1, 1, 1241, kw_277},
   {"local_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1247},
   {"uniform", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1239}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_279[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {*eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1309},
   {*header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1307},
   {*interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 1311}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_280[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {*active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 1315},
   {*annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1303},
   {*custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, 1305, kw_279},
   {*freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 1313}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_281[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {*generalized", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1235},
   {*sobol", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1233}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_282[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {*dimension_adaptive", 8, 2, 1, 1, 1231, kw_281},
   {*uniform", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1229}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_283[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {*adapt_import", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1295},
   {*import", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1293},
   {*mm_adapt_import", 8, 0, 1, 1, 1297},
   {*refinement_samples", 9, 0, 2, 0, 1299}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_284[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"lhs",8,0,1,1,1287},
    {"random",8,0,1,1,1289}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_285[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"hierarchical",8,0,2,0,1265},
    {"nodal",8,0,2,0,1263},
    {"restricted",8,0,1,0,1259},
    {"unrestricted",8,0,1,0,1261}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_286[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"drop_tolerance",10,0,2,0,1279,0,0,0,0,0,"{VBD tolerance for omitting small indices MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDSC"},
    {"interaction_order",0x19,0,1,0,1277,0,0,0,0,0,"{Restriction of order of VBD interactions} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDSC"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_288[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,2,0,965},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,3,0,967},
    {"misc.options",15,0,1,0,963},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,5,0,2459},
    {"scaling",8,0,4,0,969}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_289[19] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"constraint_tolerance",10,0,7,0,393},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,5,0,395},
    {"function_precision",10,0,3,0,391,0,0,0,0,0,"{Function precision MethodCommands.html#MethodNPSOLDC"},
    {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,16,0,417},
    {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,19,0,421},
    {"linear_inequality_targets",14,0,17,0,419},
    {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,11,0,407},
    {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,12,0,409},
    {"linear_inequality_scale_types",15,0,14,0,413},
    {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,15,0,415},
    {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,13,0,411},
    {"linesearch_tolerance",10,0,4,0,393,0,0,0,0,0,"{Line search tolerance}
GuiKeyWord kw_290[17] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,5,0,491},
    {"gradient_tolerance",10,0,3,0,487},
    {"linear.equality.constraint_matrix",14,0,14,0,509},
    {"linear.equality.scale_types",15,0,16,0,513},
    {"linear.equality.scales",14,0,17,0,515},
    {"linear.equality.targets",14,0,15,0,511},
    {"linear.inequality.constraint_matrix",14,0,9,0,499},
    {"linear.inequality.lower.bounds",14,0,10,0,501},
    {"linear.inequality.scale_types",15,0,12,0,505},
    {"linear.inequality.scales",14,0,13,0,507},
    {"linear.inequality.upper.bounds",14,0,11,0,503},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,7,0,495},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,525},
    {"max_step",10,0,2,0,485},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,1,0,2459},
    {"scaling",8,0,8,0,497},
    {"speculative",8,0,6,0,493}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_291[6] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"convergence.tolerance",10,0,3,0,523},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,4,0,525},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,2,0,521},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,6,0,2459},
    {"scaling",8,0,5,0,527},
    {"search.scheme.size",9,0,1,0,519}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_292[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"argaez.tapia",8,0,1,1,477},
    {"elbakry",8,0,1,1,475},
    {"van.shanno",8,0,1,1,479}
}
**GuiKeyWord kw_293[4] [static]**

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "gradient_based_line_search", 8, 0, 1, 1, 467, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, [CHOOSE line search type],
    "tr.pds", 8, 0, 1, 1, 471,
    "trust_region", 8, 0, 1, 1, 469,
    "value_based_line_search", 8, 0, 1, 1, 465
}
```

**GuiKeyWord kw_294[21] [static]**

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "centering_parameter", 10, 0, 4, 0, 483,
    "convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 9, 0, 491,
    "gradient_tolerance", 10, 0, 7, 0, 487,
    "linear_equality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 18, 0, 509,
    "linear_equality_scale_types", 15, 0, 20, 0, 513,
    "linear_equality_scales", 14, 0, 21, 0, 515,
    "linear_equality_targets", 14, 0, 19, 0, 511,
    "linear_inequality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 13, 0, 499,
    "linear_inequality_lower_bounds", 14, 0, 14, 0, 501,
    "linear_inequality_scale_types", 15, 0, 16, 0, 505,
    "linear_inequality_scales", 14, 0, 17, 0, 507,
    "max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 11, 0, 495,
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 8, 0, 489,
    "max_step", 10, 0, 6, 0, 485,
    "merit_function", 8, 3, 2, 0, 473, kw_292,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 5, 0, 2459,
    "scaling", 8, 0, 12, 0, 497,
    "search_method", 8, 4, 1, 0, 463, kw_293,
    "speculative", 8, 0, 10, 0, 493,
    "steplength_to_boundary", 10, 0, 3, 0, 481
}
```

**GuiKeyWord kw_295[5] [static]**

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "debug", 8, 0, 1, 1, 89, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, [CHOOSE output level],
    "normal", 8, 0, 1, 1, 93,
    "quiet", 8, 0, 1, 1, 95,
    "silent", 8, 0, 1, 1, 97,
    "verbose", 8, 0, 1, 1, 91
}
```

**GuiKeyWord kw_296[2] [static]**

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 1, 0, 153, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, [Identification of model by pointer]
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart",
    "opt_model_pointer", 1, 0, 1, 0, 152
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_297[1]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "seed",9,0,1,0,159,0,0,0,0,0,"{Seed for random weighting sets
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet}"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_298[10]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "iterator_scheduling",8,2,5,0,165,kw_178,0,0,0,0,"{Message passing configuration for
    scheduling of iterator jobs} MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta*",
    "iterator_servers",0x19,0,4,0,163,0,0,0,0,"{Number of iterator servers
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta*},
    "method_name",11,2,1,151,kw_296,0,0,0,0,"{Identification of sub-iterator by name
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart*},
    "method_pointer",11,0,1,155,0,0,0,0,0,"{Identification of sub-iterator by pointer
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaMultiStart*},
    "multi_objective_weight_sets",6,0,3,0,160,
    "opt_method_name",3,2,1,150,kw_296,
    "opt_method_pointer",3,0,1,1,154,
    "processors_per_iterator",0x19,0,6,0,171,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of processors per iterator
    server} MethodCommands.html#MethodMeta*},
    "random_weight_sets",9,1,2,0,157,kw_297,0,0,0,0,"{Number of random weighting sets
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet*},
    "weight_sets",14,0,3,0,161,0,0,0,0,0,"{List of user-specified weighting sets
    MethodCommands.html#MethodMetaParetoSet*}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_299[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "model_pointer",11,0,2,0,2459,0,0,0,"{Number of partitions
    MethodCommands.html#MethodPSUADE*},
    "partitions",13,0,1,0,2181,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of partitions
    MethodCommands.html#MethodPSUADE*},
    "samples",9,0,3,0,2183,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of samples} MethodCommands.html#MethodNonDMC*",
    "seed",0x19,0,4,0,2185,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement seed
    MethodCommands.html#MethodNonLocalRel*}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_300[7]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "converge_order",8,0,1,1,2449,
    "converge_qoi",8,0,1,1,2451,
    "convergence_tolerance",10,0,3,0,2455,0,0,0,0,0,"{Convergence tolerance
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSolnRichardson*},
    "estimate_order",8,0,1,1,2447,0,0,0,0,0,"{Estimate order
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSolnRichardson*},
    "max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,2457,0,0,0,0,0,"{Max iterations
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSolnRichardson*},
    "model_pointer",11,0,5,0,2459,0,0,0,0,0,"{Model pointer
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSolnRichardson*},
    "refinement_rate",10,0,2,0,2453,0,0,0,0,0,"{Refinement rate
    MethodCommands.html#MethodSolnRichardson*}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_301[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {"num_generations", 0x29, 0, 2, 0, 707},
    {"percent_change", 10, 0, 1, 0, 705}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_302[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {"num_generations", 0x29, 0, 2, 0, 701, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 
      "Number of generations (for convergence test) 
      MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGASOGA"},
    {"percent_change", 10, 0, 1, 0, 699, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 
      "Percent change in fitness 
      MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGASOGA"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_303[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {"average_fitness_tracker", 8, 2, 1, 1, 703, kw_301},
    {"best_fitness_tracker", 8, 2, 1, 1, 697, kw_302}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_304[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {"constraint_penalty", 10, 0, 2, 0, 683, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 
      "Constraint penalty in merit function 
      MethodCommands.html#MethodJEGASOGA"},
    {"merit_function", 8, 0, 1, 1, 681}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_305[4] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    {"elitist", 8, 0, 1, 1, 687},
    {"favor_feasible", 8, 0, 1, 1, 689},
    {"roulette_wheel", 8, 0, 1, 1, 691},
    {"unique_roulette_wheel", 8, 0, 1, 1, 693}
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw\_306[24] \[static\]

Initial value:

```c
= {
  {"convergence\_tolerance",10,0,24,0,781},
  {"convergence\_type",8,2,0,695,kw\_303,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Convergence type}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGASOGA"},
  {"crossover\_type",8,2,1,0,679,kw\_304,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Crossover type}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGASOGA"},
  {"fitness\_type",8,2,1,0,679,kw\_304,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Fitness type}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGASOGA"},
  {"initialization\_type",8,3,0,739,kw\_213,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Initialization type}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"linear\_equality\_constraint\_matrix",14,0,10,0,763},
  {"linear\_equality\_scale\_types",15,0,12,0,725},
  {"linear\_equality\_scales",14,0,13,0,727},
  {"linear\_equality\_targets",14,0,11,0,723},
  {"linear\_inequality\_constraint\_matrix",14,0,5,0,711},
  {"linear\_inequality\_lower\_bounds",14,0,6,0,713},
  {"linear\_inequality\_scale\_types",15,0,8,0,717},
  {"linear\_inequality\_scales",14,0,9,0,719},
  {"linear\_inequality\_upper\_bounds",14,0,7,0,715},
  {"log\_file",11,0,16,0,735,0,0.,0.,0.,"{Log file}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"max\_function\_evaluations",0x29,0,14,0,729},
  {"max\_iterations",0x29,0,7,0,709},
  {"model\_pointer",11,0,16,0,2459},
  {"mutation\_type",8,6,22,0,763,kw\_215,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Mutation type}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"population\_size",0x29,0,17,0,733,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of population members
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"print\_each\_pop",8,0,19,0,737,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Population output
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"replacement\_type",8,4,2,0,685,kw\_305,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Replacement type
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"},
  {"scaling",8,0,15,0,731},
  {"seed",0x19,0,23,0,779,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Random seed}
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodJEGADC"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw\_307[21] \[static\]

Initial value:

```c
= {
  {"constraint\_tolerance",10,0,8,0,399},
  {"convergence\_tolerance",10,0,6,0,395},
  {"function\_precision",10,0,4,0,391,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Function precision
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodNPSOLDC"},
  {"linear\_equality\_constraint\_matrix",14,0,17,0,417},
  {"linear\_equality\_scale\_types",15,0,19,0,421},
  {"linear\_equality\_scales",14,0,20,0,423},
  {"linear\_equality\_targets",14,0,18,0,419},
  {"linear\_inequality\_constraint\_matrix",14,0,12,0,407},
  {"linear\_inequality\_lower\_bounds",14,0,13,0,409},
  {"linear\_inequality\_scale\_types",15,0,15,0,413},
  {"linear\_inequality\_scales",14,0,16,0,415},
  {"linear\_inequality\_upper\_bounds",14,0,14,0,411},
  {"linesearch\_tolerance",10,0,5,0,393,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Line search tolerance
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodNPSOLDC"},
  {"max\_function\_evaluations",0x29,0,10,0,403},
  {"max\_iterations",0x29,0,7,0,397},
  {"model\_pointer",11,0,2,0,2459},
  {"nls\_type",8,0,1,1,387},
  {"npo\_pool",8,0,1,1,385},
  {"n\_pool",8,0,11,0,405},
  {"speculative",8,0,9,0,401},
  {"verify\_level",9,0,3,0,389,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Gradient verification level
  MethodCommands.html\#MethodNPSOLDC"}
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_308[8]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "approx_method_name", 3, 0, 1, 1, 254,
    "approx_method_pointer", 3, 0, 1, 1, 252,
    "approx_model_pointer", 3, 0, 2, 2, 256,
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 4, 0, 261,
    "method_name", 11, 0, 1, 1, 255,
    "method_pointer", 11, 0, 1, 1, 253,
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 2, 2, 257,
    "replace_points", 8, 0, 0, 259, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[Replace points used in surrogate construction with best points from previous iteration] MethodCommands.html#MethodSBG"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_309[2]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "filter", 8, 0, 1, 1, 239, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE acceptance logic]",
    "tr_ratio", 8, 0, 1, 237
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_310[7]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "augmented_lagrangian_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 215, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE objective formulation]",
    "lagrangian_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 217,
    "linearized_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 2, 221, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE constraint formulation]",
    "no_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 2, 223,
    "original_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 2, 219, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE constraint formulation]",
    "original_primary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 211, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"@",
    "single_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 213
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_311[1]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "homotopy", 8, 0, 1, 1, 243
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_312[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "adaptive_penalty_merit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 229, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE merit function]",
    "augmented_lagrangian_merit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 233, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"[CHOOSE merit function]",
    "lagrangian_merit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 231,
    "penalty_merit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 227
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_313[6]  [static]  
Initial value:  
= {  
{contract_threshold",10,0,3,0,201,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Shrink trust region if trust region ratio is below this value} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{contraction_factor",10,0,3,0,205,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Trust region contraction factor} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
expand_threshold",10,0,4,0,203,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Expand trust region if trust region ratio is above this value} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{expansion_factor",10,0,6,0,207,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Trust region expansion factor} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
initial_size",10,0,1,0,197,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Trust region initial size (relative to bounds} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{minimum_size",10,0,2,0,199,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Trust region minimum size} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"}  
}  

GuiKeyWord kw_314[16]  [static]  
Initial value:  
= {  
{acceptance_logic",8,2,8,0,235,kw_309,0,0,0,0,0,"{SBL iterate acceptance logic} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{approx_method_name",3,0,1,1,116"},  
{approx_method_pointer",3,0,1,1,184"},  
{approx_model_pointer",3,0,2,2,188"},  
{approx_subproblem",8,7,6,0,209,kw_310,0,0,0,0,0,"{Approximate subproblem formulation} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{constraint_relax",8,1,9,0,241,kw_311,0,0,0,0,0,"{SBL constraint relaxation method for infeasible iterates} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{constraint_tolerance",10,0,12,0,249,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Constraint tolerance} MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"},  
{convergence_tolerance",10,0,11,0,247,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Convergence tolerance} MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"},  
{max_iterations",0x29,0,10,0,245,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Maximum iterations} MethodCommands.html#MethodIndControl"},  
{merit_function",8,4,7,0,225,kw_312,0,0,0,0,0,"{SBL merit function} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{method_name",11,0,1,1,191,0,0,0,0,0,"{Approximate sub-problem minimization method name} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{method_pointer",11,0,1,1,185,0,0,0,0,0,"{Approximate sub-problem minimization method pointer} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{model_pointer",11,0,2,2,189,0,0,0,0,0,"{Surrogate model pointer} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{soft_convergence_limit",9,0,3,0,191,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Soft convergence limit for SBL iterations} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{trust_region",8,6,5,0,195,kw_313,0,0,0,0,0,"{Trust region group specification} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"},  
{truth_surrogate_bypass",8,0,4,0,193,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Flag for bypassing lower level surrogates in truth verifications} MethodCommands.html#MethodSBL"}  
}  

GuiKeyWord kw_315[4]  [static]  
Initial value:  
= {  
{final_point",14,0,1,1,2409,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE final pt or increment} {Termination point of vector} MethodCommands.html#MethodPSVPS"},  
{model_pointer",11,0,3,0,2459"},  
{num_steps",9,0,2,2,2413,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Number of steps along vector} MethodCommands.html#MethodPSVPS"},  
{step_vector",14,0,1,1,2411,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Step vector} MethodCommands.html#MethodPSVPS"}  
}
GuiKeyWord kw_317[1] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "optional_interface_responses_pointer",11,0,1,0,2773,0,0,0,0,0,"{Responses pointer for nested model optional interfaces} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_318[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "master",8,0,1,1,2781,
    "peer",8,0,1,1,2783
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_319[7] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "iterator_scheduling",8,2,2,0,2779,kw_318,
    "iterator_servers",0x19,0,1,0,2777,
    "primary_response_mapping",14,0,6,0,2791,0,0,0,0,0,"{Primary response mappings for nested models} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*",
    "primary_variable_mapping",15,0,4,0,2787,0,0,0,0,0,"{Primary variable mappings for nested models} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*",
    "processor_per_iterator",0x19,0,1,0,2785,
    "secondary_response_mapping",14,0,7,0,2793,0,0,0,0,0,"{Secondary response mappings for nested models} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*",
    "secondary_variable_mapping",15,0,5,0,2789,0,0,0,0,0,"{Secondary variable mappings for nested models} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_320[2] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "optional_interface_pointer",11,1,0,2771,kw_317,0,0,0,0,0,"{Optional interface set pointer} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*",
    "sub_method_pointer",11,7,2,1,2775,kw_319,0,0,0,0,0,"{Sub-method pointer for nested models} ModelCommands.html#ModelNested*"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_321[1] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "interface_pointer",11,0,1,0,2473,0,0,0,0,0,"{Interface set pointer} ModelCommands.html#ModelSingle*"
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_322[3] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
    \{\text{"eval_id"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 2731\},
    \{\text{"header"}, 8, 0, 1, 0, 2729\},
    \{\text{"interface_id"}, 8, 0, 3, 0, 2733\}
\}
\]

GuiKeyWord kw_323[4] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
    \{\text{"active_only"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 2737\},
    \{\text{"annotated"}, 8, 0, 1, 0, 2725\},
    \{\text{"custom_annotated"}, 8, 0, 1, 0, 2727, kw_322\},
    \{\text{"freeform"}, 8, 0, 1, 0, 2735\}
\}
\]

GuiKeyWord kw_324[6] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
    \{\text{"additive"}, 8, 0, 2, 2, 2, 2707, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[CHOOSE correction type]}\},
    \{\text{"combined"}, 8, 0, 2, 2, 2711\},
    \{\text{"first_order"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 2703, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[CHOOSE correction order]}\},
    \{\text{"multiplicative"}, 8, 0, 2, 2, 2709\},
    \{\text{"second_order"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 2705\},
    \{\text{"zeroth_order"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 2701\}
\}
\]

GuiKeyWord kw_325[2] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
    \{\text{"folds"}, 9, 0, 1, 0, 2717, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[Number cross validation folds]}
    \text{ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG}\},
    \{\text{"percent"}, 10, 0, 1, 0, 2719, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[Percent points per CV fold]}
    \text{ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG}\}
\}
\]

GuiKeyWord kw_326[2] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
    \{\text{"cross_validation"}, 8, 2, 1, 0, 2715, kw_325, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[Perform cross validation]}
    \text{ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG}\},
    \{\text{"press"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 2721, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{[Perform PRESS cross validation]}
    \text{ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG}\}
\}
\]
GuiKeyWord kw_327[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "gradient_threshold",10,0,1,1,2647,
    "jump_threshold",10,0,1,1,2645
}

GuiKeyWord kw_328[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "cell_type",11,0,1,0,2639,
    "discontinuity_detection",8,2,3,0,2643,kw_327,
    "support_layers",9,0,2,0,2641
}

GuiKeyWord kw_329[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id",8,0,2,0,2691,
    "header",8,0,1,0,2689,
    "interface_id",8,0,3,0,2693
}

GuiKeyWord kw_330[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "annotated",8,0,1,0,2685,
    "custom.annotated",8,3,1,0,2687,kw_329,
    "freeform",8,0,1,0,2695
}

GuiKeyWord kw_331[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "constant",8,0,1,1,2489,
    "linear",8,0,1,1,2491,
    "reduced.quadratic",8,0,1,1,2493
}

GuiKeyWord kw_332[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "point_selection",8,0,1,0,2485,0,0,0,0,0,"GP point selection" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "trend",8,3,2,0,2487,kw_331,0,0,0,0,"GP trend function" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"
}
GuiKeyWord kw_333[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "algebraic_console", 8, 0, 4, 0, 2529,
    "algebraic_file", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2527,
    "binary_archive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2525,
    "text_archive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2523
}

GuiKeyWord kw_334[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "filename_prefix", 11, 0, 1, 0, 2519,
    "formats", 8, 4, 1, 2521, kw_333
}

 GuiKeyWord kw_335[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "constant", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2499,
    "linear", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2501,
    "quadratic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2505,
    "reduced_quadratic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2503
}

GuiKeyWord kw_336[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "correlation_lengths", 14, 0, 0, 2515, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack GP correlation lengths}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "export_model", 8, 2, 6, 0, 2517, kw_334,
    "find_nugget", 5, 0, 4, 0, 2513, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack finds the optimal nugget}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "max_trials", 0x19, 0, 3, 0, 2509, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack GP maximum trials}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "nugget", 0x1a, 0, 4, 0, 2511, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack user-specified nugget}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "optimization_method", 11, 0, 2, 0, 2507, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack GP optimization method}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "trend", 8, 4, 1, 0, 2497, kw_335, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "{Surfpack GP trend function}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_337[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "dakota", 8, 2, 1, 1, 2483, kw_332,
    "surfpack", 8, 7, 1, 1, 2495, kw_336
}
GuiKeyWord kw_338[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,2675},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,2673},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,2677}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_339[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"active_only",8,0,2,0,2681},
  {"annotated",8,0,2,0,2669,0,0,0,0,"Challenge file in annotated format" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
  {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,2671,kw_338},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,2679,0,0,0,0,"Challenge file in freeform format" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_340[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"binary_archive",8,0,2,0,2549},
  {"text_archive",8,0,1,0,2547}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_341[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename_prefix",11,0,1,0,2543},
  {"formats",8,2,2,1,2535,kw_340}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_342[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"cubic",8,0,1,1,2539},
  {"linear",8,0,1,1,2537}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_343[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"export_model",8,2,3,0,2541,kw_341},
  {"interpolation",8,2,2,0,2535,kw_342,0,0,0,"MARS interpolation" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
  {"max_bases",9,0,1,0,2533,0,0,0,0,"MARS maximum bases" ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_344[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"binary_archive",8,0,2,0,2565},
  {"text_archive",8,0,1,0,2563}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_345[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename_prefix",11,0,1,0,2559},
  {"formats",8,2,2,1,2561,kw_344}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_346[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"basis_order",0x29,0,1,0,2553},
  {"export_model",8,2,3,0,2557,kw_345},
  {"poly_order",0x21,0,1,0,2552},
  {"weight_function",9,0,2,0,2555,0,0,0,0,0,"{MLS weight function}
  ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
  {"poly_order",0x21,0,1,0,2552}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_347[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"algebraic_file",8,3,0,2585},
  {"binary_archive",8,0,2,0,2583},
  {"text_archive",8,0,1,0,2581}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_348[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename_prefix",11,0,1,0,2577},
  {"formats",8,4,2,1,2579,kw_347}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_349[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"export_model",8,2,4,0,2575,kw_348},
  {"max_nodes",9,0,1,0,2569},
  {"nodes",1,0,1,0,2568},
  {"random_weight",3,0,3,0,2573,0,0,0,0,0,"{ANN random weight}
  ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
  {"range",10,0,2,0,2571,0,0,0,0,0,"{ANN range} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_350[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"algebraic_console", 8, 0, 4, 0, 2635},
    {"algebraic_file", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2633},
    {"binary_archive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2631},
    {"text_archive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2629}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_351[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"filename_prefix", 11, 0, 1, 0, 2625},
    {"formats", 8, 4, 2, 1, 2627, kw_350}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_352[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"basis_order", 0x29, 0, 1, 1, 2615},
    {"cubic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2621, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {"[CHOOSE polynomial order]"},
    {"export_model", 8, 2, 2, 0, 2623, kw_351},
    {"linear", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2617},
    {"quadratic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 2619}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_353[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"algebraic_console", 8, 0, 4, 0, 2611},
    {"algebraic_file", 8, 0, 3, 0, 2609},
    {"binary_archive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 2607},
    {"text_archive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 2605}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_354[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"filename_prefix", 11, 0, 1, 0, 2601},
    {"formats", 8, 4, 2, 1, 2603, kw_353}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_355[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"bases", 9, 0, 1, 0, 2591, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {"[RBF number of bases] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
    {"export_model", 8, 2, 5, 0, 2599, kw_354},
    {"max_pts", 9, 0, 2, 0, 2593, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {"[RBF maximum points] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
    {"max_subsets", 3, 0, 4, 0, 2597},
    {"min_partition", 9, 0, 3, 0, 2595, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0}, {"[RBF minimum partitions] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw_356[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "all",8,0,1,1,2661,
    "none",8,0,1,1,2665,
    "region",8,0,1,1,2663
}

GuiKeyWord kw_357[26] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "actual_model_pointer",11,0,4,0,2657,0,0,0,0,0,"[Pointer to the truth model specification] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrMP"],
    "challenge_points_file",3,4,11,0,2722,kw_323,
    "correction",8,6,9,0,2699,kw_324,0,0,0,0,"[Surrogate correction approach] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "dace_method_pointer",11,0,4,0,2655,0,0,0,0,0,"[Design of experiments method pointer] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "diagnostics",7,2,10,0,2712,kw_326,
    "domain_decomposition",8,3,2,0,2637,kw_328,
    "export_approx_points_file",11,3,7,0,2683,kw_330,
    "export_points_file",3,3,7,0,2682,kw_330,
    "gaussian_process",8,2,1,1,2481,kw_337,0,0,0,0,"[Dakota Gaussian process] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "import_build_points_file",11,4,6,0,2667,kw_339,
    "import_challange_points_file",11,4,11,0,2723,kw_323,
    "import_points_file",3,4,6,0,2666,kw_339,
    "kriging",0,2,1,1,2480,kw_337,
    "mars",8,3,1,1,2531,kw_343,0,0,0,0,0,"[Multivariate adaptive regression splines] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "metrics",15,2,10,0,2713,kw_326,0,0,0,0,"[Compute surrogate diagnostics] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "minimum_points",8,0,3,0,2651,
    "moving_least_squares",8,4,1,1,2551,kw_346,0,0,0,0,0,"[Moving least squares] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "neural_network",8,5,1,1,2667,kw_340,0,0,0,0,0,"[Artificial neural network] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG",
    "radial_basis",8,5,1,1,2559,kw_350,
    "recommended_points",8,0,3,0,2655,
    "reuse_points",8,3,5,0,2659,kw_356,
    "reuse_samples",0,3,5,0,2658,kw_356,
    "samples_file",3,4,6,0,2666,kw_339,
    "total_points",9,0,3,0,2649,
    "use_derivatives",8,0,8,0,2697,0,0,0,0,0,"[Surfpack GP gradient enhancement] ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_358[6] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "additive",8,0,2,2,2763,0,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE correction type]"},
    "combined",8,0,2,2,2767),
    "first_order",8,0,1,1,2759,0,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE correction order]"],
    "multipllicative",8,0,2,2,2765],
    "second_order",8,0,1,1,2761],
    "zeroth_order",8,0,1,1,2757]
GuiKeyWord kw_359[3] [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    "correction",8,6,3,2755,kw_358,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Surrogate correction approach}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrH"},
    {"high_fidelity_model_pointer",11,0,2,2,2753,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Pointer to the high fidelity
    model specification} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrH"},
    {"low_fidelity_model_pointer",11,0,1,1,2751,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Pointer to the low fidelity
    model specification} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrH"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_360[2] [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    "actual_model_pointer",11,0,2,2,2747,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Pointer to the truth model
    specification} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrL"},
    {"taylor_series",8,0,1,1,2745,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Taylor series local approximation }
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrL"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_361[2] [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    "actual_model_pointer",11,0,2,2,2747,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Pointer to the truth model
    specification} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrL"},
    {"tana",8,0,1,1,2741,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Two-point adaptive nonlinear approximation }
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrMP"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_362[5] [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    "global",8,2,6,2,1,2479,kw_357,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{CHOOSE surrogate category} {Global
    approximations} ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrG"},
    {"hierarchical",8,3,2,1,2749,kw_359,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Hierarchical approximation }
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrH"},
    {"id_surrogates",13,0,1,0,2477,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Surrogate response ids}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrogate"},
    {"local",8,2,2,1,2745,kw_360,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Local approximation}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrL"},
    {"multipoint",8,2,2,1,2739,kw_361,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Multipoint approximation}
    ModelCommands.html#ModelSurrMP"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_363[7] [static]
Initial value:
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

= {
  "hierarchical_tagging",8,0,4,0,2469,0,0,0,0,0,"{Hierarchical evaluation tags}
ModelCommands.html#ModelIndControl"},
  "id_model",11,0,1,0,2463,0,0,0,0,0,"{Model set identifier}
ModelCommands.html#ModelIndControl"},
  "nested",8,2,5,1,2769,kw,320,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE model type}"},
  "responses_pointer",11,0,3,0,2467,0,0,0,0,0,"{Responses set pointer}
ModelCommands.html#ModelIndControl"},
  "single",8,1,5,1,2471,kw,321,0,0,0,0,"@*
}
  "surrogate",8,5,5,1,2475,kw,362
}
  "variables_pointer",11,0,2,0,2465,0,0,0,0,0,"{Variables set pointer}
ModelCommands.html#ModelIndControl"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_364[2] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"exp_id",8,0,2,0,3435},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,3433}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_365[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,3429,0,0,0,0,0,"{Data file in annotated format}
RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"custom.annotated",8,2,1,0,3431,kw,364},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,3437,0,0,0,0,0,"{Data file in freeform format}
RespCommands.html#RespFnLS*
}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_366[5] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"interpolate",8,0,5,0,3439},
  {"num_config.variables",0x29,0,2,0,3423,0,0,0,0,0,"{Configuration variable columns in
file} RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"num_experiments",0x29,0,1,0,3421,0,0,0,0,0,"{Experiments in file}
RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"scalar.data.file",11,3,4,0,3427,kw,365},
  {"variance.type",0x80f,0,3,0,3425,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,field.calibration_terms"
}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_367[2] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {"exp_id",8,0,2,0,3449},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,3447}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_368[6] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "annotated",8,0,1,0,3443,
    "custom_annotated",8,2,1,0,3445,kw_367,
    "freeform",8,0,1,0,3451,
    "num_config_variables",0x29,0,3,0,3455,
    "num_experiments",0x29,0,2,0,3453,
    "variance_type",0x80f,0,4,0,3457,0,0,,0,0,"calibration_terms"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_369[3] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "lengths",13,0,1,1,3407,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"calibration_terms",
    "num_coordinates_per_field",13,0,2,0,3409,
    "read_field_coordinates",8,0,3,0,3411
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_370[6] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "nonlinearEquality_scale_types",0x807,0,2,0,3472,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_equality_constraints",
    "nonlinearEquality_scales",0x806,0,3,0,3474,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_equality_constraints",
    "nonlinearEquality_targets",6,0,1,0,3470,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_equality_constraints",
    "targets",14,0,1,0,3471,0,,0,,0,,0,"Nonlinear equality targets"
    RespCommands.html#RespFnLS",0,"nonlinear_equality_constraints"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_371[8] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "lower_bounds",14,0,1,0,3461,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"Nonlinear inequality lower bounds"
    RespCommands.html#RespFnLS",0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "nonlinear_inequality_lower_bounds",6,0,1,0,3460,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "nonlinear_inequality_scale_types",0x807,0,3,0,3464,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "nonlinear_inequality_scales",0x806,0,4,0,3466,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "nonlinear_inequality_upper_bounds",6,0,2,0,3462,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "scale_types",0x80f,0,3,0,3465,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "scales",0x80e,0,4,0,3467,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",
    "upper_bounds",14,0,2,0,3463,0,,0,,0,,0,,0,"Nonlinear inequality upper bounds"
    RespCommands.html#RespFnLS",0,"nonlinear_inequality_constraints"
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw_372[18] [static]

Initial value:

```
= {
  {"calibration_data",8,5,6,0,3419,kw_366},
  {"calibration_data_file",11,6,6,0,3441,kw_368,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Calibration data file name}
RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"calibration_term_scale_types",0x807,0,3,0,3419,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{calibration_terms"},
  {"calibration_term_scales",0x806,0,4,0,3414,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"field_calibration_terms",0x29,3,2,0,3405,kw_369,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"least_squares_data_file",3,6,6,0,3440,kw_368},
  {"least_squares_term_scale_types",0x807,0,3,0,3412,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"least_squares_term_scales",0x806,0,4,0,3414,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"least_squares_weights",6,0,5,0,3416,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"nonlinear_equation_constraints",0x29,6,8,0,3469,kw_370,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of nonlinear
equality constraints} RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",0x29,6,8,0,3459,kw_371,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of nonlinear
inequality constraints} RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"num_nonlinear_equation_constraints",0x21,6,8,0,3468,kw_370},
  {"num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints",0x21,8,7,0,3458,kw_371},
  {"primary_scale_types",0x80f,0,3,0,3413,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x29,8,7,0,3415,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x80e,0,4,0,3414,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"num_nonlinear_equation_constraints",0x21,6,8,0,3468,kw_370},
  {"num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints",0x21,8,7,0,3458,kw_371},
  {"primary_scale_types",0x80f,0,3,0,3413,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x29,8,7,0,3415,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x80e,0,4,0,3414,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"scalar_calibration_terms",0x29,0,1,0,3403},
  {"weights",14,0,5,0,3416,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"weights",14,0,5,0,3416,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"nonlinear_equation_constraints",0x29,6,8,0,3469,kw_370,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of nonlinear
equality constraints} RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"nonlinear_inequality_constraints",0x29,6,8,0,3459,kw_371,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of nonlinear
inequality constraints} RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
  {"num_nonlinear_equation_constraints",0x21,6,8,0,3468,kw_370},
  {"num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints",0x21,8,7,0,3458,kw_371},
  {"primary_scale_types",0x80f,0,3,0,3413,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x29,8,7,0,3415,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
  {"primary_scales",0x80e,0,4,0,3414,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"calibration_terms"},
};
```

GuiKeyWord kw_373[4] [static]

Initial value:

```
= {
  {"absolute",8,0,2,0,3509},
  {"bounds",8,0,2,0,3513},
  {"ignore.bounds",8,0,1,0,3505,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Ignore variable bounds]
RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
  {"relative",8,0,2,0,3507}
};
```

GuiKeyWord kw_374[10] [static]

Initial value:

```
= {
  {"central",8,0,6,0,3519,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{CHOOSE different interval|} Response Commands.html#RespGradMixed"},
  {"dakota",8,4,4,0,3503,kw_373,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{CHOOSE gradient source} Response Commands.html#RespGradNum"},
  {"finite_difference_step_size",14,0,7,0,3521,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Finite difference step size}
RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
  {"forward",8,0,6,0,3517,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Analytic derivatives function list}
RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
  {"id_numerical_gradients",13,0,1,1,3495,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Numerical derivatives function list}
RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
  {"interval_type",8,0,5,0,3515,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Interval type} Response Commands.html#RespGradNum"},
  {"method_source",8,0,3,0,3510,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Method source} Response Commands.html#RespGradNum"},
  {"vendor",8,0,4,0,3513}
};
```
GuiKeyWord kw_375[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "fd.hessian_step_size",6,0,1,0,3552,
    "fd.step_size",14,0,1,0,3553,0,0,0,0,0,"{Finite difference step size}
    RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_376[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "damped",8,0,1,0,3565,0,0,0,0,0,"{Numerical safeguarding of BFGS update}
    RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_377[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "bfgs",8,1,1,3567,kw_376,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE Hessian approx.}"
    "sr1",8,0,1,1,3571
}

GuiKeyWord kw_378[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "absolute",8,0,2,0,3557,
    "bounds",8,0,2,0,3559,
    "central",8,0,3,0,3563,0,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE difference interval}"
    "forward",8,0,3,0,3561,0,0,0,0,0,"{CHOOSE difference interval}"
    "id.analytic.hessians",13,0,5,0,3573,0,0,0,0,0,"{Analytic Hessians function list}
    RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"
    "id.numerical.hessians",13,2,1,0,3551,kw_375,0,0,0,0,"{Numerical Hessians function list}
    RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"
    "id.quasi.hessians",13,2,4,0,3565,kw_377,0,0,0,0,"{Quasi Hessians function list}
    RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"
    "relative",8,0,2,0,3555
}

GuiKeyWord kw_379[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "lengths",13,0,1,1,3395,
    "num.coordinates_per_field",13,0,2,0,3397,
    "read.field_coordinates",8,0,3,0,3399
}
GuiKeyWord kw_380[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"nonlinear\_equality\_scale\_types", 0x807, 0, 2, 0, 3386, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_equality\_scales", 0x806, 0, 3, 0, 3388, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_equality\_targets", 0, 0, 1, 0, 3384, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"},
    {"scale\_types", 0x80f, 0, 2, 0, 3387, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"},
    {"scales", 0x80e, 0, 3, 0, 3389, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"},
    {"targets", 14, 0, 1, 0, 3385, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_381[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"lower\_bounds", 14, 0, 1, 0, 3375, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_inequality\_lower\_bounds", 0, 0, 1, 0, 3374, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_inequality\_scale\_types", 0x807, 0, 3, 0, 3378, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_inequality\_scales", 0x806, 0, 4, 0, 3380, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"nonlinear\_inequality\_upper\_bounds", 0, 0, 2, 0, 3376, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"scale\_types", 0x80f, 0, 3, 0, 3379, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"scales", 0x80e, 0, 4, 0, 3381, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"},
    {"upper\_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 3377, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_382[15] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"field\_objectives", 0x29, 3, 8, 0, 3393, kw_379},
    {"multi\_objective\_weights", 0, 0, 4, 0, 3370, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"nonlinear\_equality\_constraints", 0x29, 6, 6, 0, 3383, kw_380, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"num\_field\_objectives", 0x22, 3, 8, 0, 3392, kw_379},
    {"num\_nonlinear\_equality\_constraints", 0x29, 6, 6, 0, 3382, kw_380},
    {"num\_nonlinear\_inequality\_constraints", 0x22, 8, 5, 0, 3373, kw_381, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"num\_scalar\_objectives", 0x22, 8, 5, 0, 3372, kw_381},
    {"objective\_function\_scale\_types", 0x807, 0, 2, 0, 3366, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"objective\_function\_scales", 0x806, 0, 3, 0, 3368, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"primary\_scale\_types", 0x80f, 0, 2, 0, 3367, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"primary\_scales", 0x80e, 0, 3, 0, 3369, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"objective\_functions"},
    {"weights", 14, 0, 4, 0, 3371, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,"multi\_objective\_weightings"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw.383[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"lengths",13,0,1,1,3483},
    {"num_coordinates_per_field",13,0,2,0,3485},
    {"read_field_coordinates",8,0,3,0,3487}
}

GuiKeyWord kw.384[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"field_responses",0x29,3,2,0,3481,kw.383},
    {"num_field_responses",0x21,3,2,0,3480,kw.383},
    {"num_scalar_responses",0x21,0,1,0,3478},
    {"scalar_responses",0x29,0,1,0,3479}
}

GuiKeyWord kw.385[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"central",8,0,6,0,3519,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE difference interval]"},
    {"dakota",8,4,4,0,3503,kw.373,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE gradient source]{Interval scaling type} RespCommands.html#RespGradNum"},
    {"fd_gradient_step_size",6,0,7,0,3520},
    {"fd_step_size",14,0,7,0,3521,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Finite difference step size} RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
    {"interval_type",8,0,5,0,3515,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Interval type} RespCommands.html#RespNum"}
    ,
    {"method_source",8,0,3,0,3501,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Method source} RespCommands.html#RespNum"}
    ,
    {"vendor",8,0,4,0,3513}
}

GuiKeyWord kw.386[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"absolute",8,0,2,0,3531},
    {"bounds",8,0,2,0,3533},
    {"central",8,0,3,0,3537,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[CHOOSE difference interval]"},
    {"fd_hessian_step_size",6,0,1,0,3526},
    {"fd_step_size",14,0,1,0,3527,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Finite difference step size} RespCommands.html#RespHessNum"},
    {"forward",8,0,3,0,3535,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"*"},
    {"relative",8,0,2,0,3529}
}

GuiKeyWord kw.387[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"damped",8,0,1,0,3543,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Numerical safeguarding of BFGS update} RespCommands.html#RespHessQuasi"}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_388[2] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"bfgs",8,1,1,3541,kw_387,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[CHOOSE Hessian approx.]"},
    {"sr1",8,0,1,3545}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_389[19] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"analytic_gradients",8,0,4,2,3491,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[CHOOSE gradient type]"},
    {"analytic_hessians",8,0,5,3,3547,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[CHOOSE Hessian type]"},
    {"calibration_terms",0x29,18,3,1,3401,kw_372,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Calibration (Least squares) Number of calibration terms] RespCommands.html#RespFnLS"},
    {"descriptors",15,0,2,0,3361,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Response labels] RespCommands.html#RespLabels"},
    {"id_responses",11,0,1,3539,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Responses set identifier] RespCommands.html#RespGetId"},
    {"least_squares_terms",0x21,18,3,1,3400,kw_372},
    {"mixed_gradients",8,10,4,2,3493,kw_374,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Mixed gradients] RespCommands.html#RespGradMixed"},
    {"mixed_hessians",8,8,5,3,3549,kw_378,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Mixed Hessians] RespCommands.html#RespHessMixed"},
    {"no_gradients",8,0,4,2,3499,0.,0.,0.,0.,"@"},
    {"no_hessians",8,0,5,3,3553,0.,0.,0.,0.,"@"},
    {"num_least_squares_terms",0x21,18,3,1,3400,kw_372},
    {"num_objective_functions",0x21,18,3,1,3362,kw_382},
    {"num_response_functions",0x21,4,3,1,3476,kw_384},
    {"numerical_gradients",8,8,4,2,3499,kw_385,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Numerical gradients] RespCommands.html#RespGradNum"},
    {"objective_functions",0x29,15,3,1,3363,kw_387,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Optimization Number of objective functions] RespCommands.html#RespFnOpt"},
    {"quasi_hessians",8,2,5,3,3539,kw_388,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Quasi Hessians] RespCommands.html#RespHessQuasi"},
    {"response_descriptors",7,0,2,0,3360},
    {"response_functions",0x28,4,3,1,3477,kw_384,0.,0.,0.,0.,"[Generic responses Number of response functions] RespCommands.html#RespFnGen"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_390[6] [static]

Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"aleatory",8,0,1,1,2807},
    {"all",8,0,1,1,2801},
    {"design",8,0,1,1,2803},
    {"epistemic",8,0,1,1,2809},
    {"state",8,0,1,1,2811},
    {"uncertain",8,0,1,1,2805}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_391[11] [static]

Initial value:
= 
{"alphas",14,0,1,1,2959,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain alphas"},
{"betas",14,0,2,2,2961,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain betas"},
{"buv alphas",6,0,1,1,2958,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"buv betas",6,0,2,2,2960,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"buv descriptors",7,0,6,0,2968,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"buv lower bounds",6,0,3,3,2962,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"buv upper bounds",6,0,4,4,2964,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"descriptors",15,0,6,0,2969,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"initial point",14,0,5,0,2967,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"lower bounds",14,0,3,3,2963,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"},
{"upper bounds",14,0,4,4,2965,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"beta uncertain"}</div>

\text{GuiKeyWord kw\_392[5] [static]}

Initial value:

= 
{"descriptors",15,0,4,0,3041,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Binomial"},
{"initial_point",13,0,5,0,3039,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Binomial"},
{"num_trials",13,0,2,2,3037,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Binomial uncertain num_trials"},
{"probability_per_trial",14,0,1,1,3035,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Binomial uncertain"}</div>

\text{GuiKeyWord kw\_393[12] [static]}

Initial value:

= 
{"cdv descriptors",7,0,6,0,2828,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"cdv initial point",6,0,1,0,2818,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"cdv lower bounds",6,0,2,0,2820,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"cdv scale types",0x807,0,4,0,2824,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"cdv scales",0x806,0,5,0,2826,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"cdv upper bounds",6,0,3,0,2822,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"descriptors",15,0,6,0,2829,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"initial point",14,0,1,0,2819,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"lower bounds",14,0,2,0,2821,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"scale types",0x80f,0,4,0,2825,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"scales",0x80e,0,5,0,2827,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"},
{"upper bounds",14,0,3,0,2823,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"Continuous Design"}</div>

\text{GuiKeyWord kw\_394[10] [static]}

Initial value:
= {
    "descriptors",15,0,6,0,3125,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDUSRV",0,"continuous interval uncertain"},
    "initial_point",14,0,5,0,3123,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous interval uncertain"},
    "interval_probabilities",14,0,2,0,3117,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{basic probability assignments per continuous interval} VarCommands.html#VarCEUV_Interval"},
    "interval_probs",6,0,2,0,3116},
    "iuv_descriptors",7,0,0,0,3124,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous interval uncertain"},
    "iuv_interval_probs",6,0,2,0,3116},
    "iuv_num_intervals",5,0,1,0,3114,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous interval uncertain"},
    "lower_bounds",14,0,3,1,3119,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{lower bounds of continuous intervals} VarCommands.html#VarCEUV_Interval"},
    "num_intervals",13,0,1,0,3115,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{number of intervals defined for each continuous interval variable} VarCommands.html#VarCEUV_Interval"},
    "upper_bounds",14,0,4,2,3121,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{upper bounds of continuous intervals} VarCommands.html#VarCEUV_Interval"}

GuiKeyWord kw_395[8] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "csv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,3190,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous state"},
    "csv_initial_state",6,0,1,0,3184,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous state"},
    "csv_lower_bounds",6,0,2,0,3186,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous state"},
    "csv_upper_bounds",6,0,3,0,3188,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous state"},
    "descriptors",15,0,4,0,3191,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"continuous state"},
    "initial_state"},
    "lower_bounds",14,0,2,0,3187,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarCEV",0,"continuous_state"},
    "upper_bounds",14,0,3,0,3189,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{upper bounds} VarCommands.html#VarCEV",0,"continuous_state"}

GuiKeyWord kw_396[8] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "ddv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,2838,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"discrete design range"},
    "ddv_initial_point",5,0,1,0,2832,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"discrete design range"},
    "ddv_lower_bounds",5,0,2,0,2834,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"discrete design range"},
    "ddv_upper_bounds",5,0,3,0,2836,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"discrete design range"},
    "descriptors",15,0,4,0,2839,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDDRIV",0,"discrete design range"},
    "initial_point"},
    "lower_bounds",13,0,2,0,2835,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDDRIV",0,"discrete design range"},
    "upper_bounds",13,0,3,0,2837,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{upper bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDDRIV",0,"discrete design range"}

GuiKeyWord kw_397[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "adjacency_matrix",13,0,1,0,2851}
GuiKeyWord kw_398[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "categorical",15,1,3,0,2849,kw_397,0,0,0,0,0,0,"integer",
  "descriptors",15,0,5,0,2855,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDDSIV",0,*
  integer",
  "elements",13,0,2,1,2847,
  "elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,2845,0,0,0,0,0,0,"integer",
  "initial_point",13,0,4,0,2853,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Initial point} VarCommands.html#VarDDSIV",0,*
  integer",
  "num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,2844,0,0,0,0,0,0,"integer",
  "set_values",5,0,2,1,2846
}

GuiKeyWord kw_399[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "adjacency_matrix",13,0,1,0,2877
}

GuiKeyWord kw_400[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "categorical",15,1,3,0,2875,kw_399,0,0,0,0,0,0,"integer",
  "descriptors",15,0,5,0,2881,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Normal",0,*
  integer",
  "elements",14,0,2,1,2873,
  "elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,2871,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real",
  "initial_point",14,0,4,0,2879,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real",
  "num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,2870,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real",
  "set_values",6,0,2,1,2872
}

GuiKeyWord kw_401[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "adjacency_matrix",13,0,3,0,2863,
  "descriptors",15,0,5,0,2867,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDDSRV",0,*
  string",
  "elements",15,0,2,1,2861,
  "elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,2859,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string",
  "initial_point",15,0,4,0,2865,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Initial point} VarCommands.html#VarDDSRV",0,*
  string",
  "num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,2858,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string",
  "set_values",7,0,2,1,2860
}

GuiKeyWord kw_402[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "integer",0x19,7,1,0,2843,kw_398,
  "real",0x19,7,3,0,2869,kw_400,
  "string",0x19,7,2,0,2857,kw_401
}
GuiKeyWord kw_403[9]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"descriptors",15,0,6,0,3139,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCSV",0,"discrete, interval uncertain"},
  {"initial_point",13,0,5,0,3137,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Interval} VarCommands.html#VarDIUV"},
  {"interval_probs",6,0,2,0,3130},
  {"lower_bounds",13,0,3,1,3133,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDIUV"},
  {"num_intervals",13,0,1,0,3129,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Number of intervals defined for each interval variable} VarCommands.html#VarDIUV",0,"discrete, interval uncertain"},
  {"range_probs",6,0,2,0,3130},
  {"range_probs",6,0,2,0,3130},
  {"upper_bounds",13,0,4,2,3135,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Upper bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDIUV"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_404[8]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,3201,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"discrete state range"},
  {"dsv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,3200,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"discrete state range"},
  {"dsv_initial_state",5,0,1,0,3194,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"discrete state range"},
  {"dsv_lower_bounds",5,0,2,0,3196,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"discrete state range"},
  {"dsv_upper_bounds",5,0,3,0,3198,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"discrete state range"},
  {"initial_state",13,0,1,0,3195,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Initial state} VarCommands.html#VarDSRIV",0,"discrete state range"},
  {"lower_bounds",13,0,2,0,3197,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDSRIV",0,"discrete state range"},
  {"upper_bounds",13,0,3,0,3199,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Upper bounds} VarCommands.html#VarDSRIV",0,"discrete state range"}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_405[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"categorical",15,0,3,0,3211,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"integer"},
  {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,3215,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"integer"},
  {"elements",13,0,2,1,3209},
  {"elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,3207,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"integer"},
  {"initial_state",13,0,4,0,3213,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"{Initial state} VarCommands.html#VarDSSIV",0,"integer"},
  {"num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,3206,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"integer"},
  {"set_values",5,0,2,1,3208}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_406[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"categorical",15,0,3,0,3233,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"integer"},
  {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,3237,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"real"},
  {"elements",14,0,2,1,3231},
  {"elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,3229,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"real"},
  {"initial_state",14,0,4,0,3235,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"real"},
  {"num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,3228,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,"real"},
  {"set_values",6,0,2,1,3230}
GuiKeyWord kw_407[6] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "descriptors",15,0,4,0,3225,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"string"},
    "elements",15,0,2,1,3221,
    "elements_per_variable",0x80d,0,1,0,3219,0,,0,,0,,0,"string"},
    "initial_state",15,0,3,0,3223,0,,0,,0,,0,"{initial state} VarCommands.html#VarDSSRV",0,"string"},
    "num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,3218,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"string"},
    "set_values",7,0,2,1,3220
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_408[3] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "integer",0x19,7,1,0,3205,kw_405
    "real",0x19,7,3,0,3227,kw_406
    "string",0x19,6,2,0,3217,kw_407
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_409[9] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "categorical",15,0,4,0,3151,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"integer"},
    "descriptors",15,0,6,0,3155,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDSSRV",0,"integer"},
    "elements",13,0,2,1,3147,
    "elements_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3145,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"integer"},
    "initial_point",13,0,5,0,3153,0,,0,,0,,0,"integer"},
    "num_set_values",5,0,1,0,3144,0,,0,,0,,0,"integer"},
    "set_probabilities",14,0,3,0,3149,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"{Probabilities for each set member} VarCommands.html#VarDUSIV"},
    "set_probs",6,0,3,0,3148},
    "set_values",5,0,2,1,3146
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_410[9] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "categorical",15,0,4,0,3177,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"real"},
    "descriptors",15,0,6,0,3181,0,,0,,0,,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDSSRV",0,"real"},
    "elements",14,0,2,1,3173,
    "elements_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3171,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"real"},
    "initial_point",14,0,5,0,3179,0,,0,,0,,0,"real"},
    "num_set_values",5,0,1,0,3170,0,,0,,0,,0,0,"real"},
    "set_probabilities",14,0,3,0,3175,
    "set_probs",6,0,3,0,3174},
    "set_values",5,0,2,1,3172
}
```
GuiKeyWord kw.411[8] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,3167,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDSSIV",0,"string"},
    {"elements",15,0,2,1,3161},
    {"elements_per_variable",15,0,1,0,3159,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"},
    {"initial_point",15,0,4,0,3165,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"},
    {"num_set_values",5,0,1,0,3158,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"},
    {"set_probabilities",14,0,3,0,3163,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Probabilities for each set member} VarCommands.html#VarDUSRV"},
    {"set_probs",6,0,1,0,3162},
    {"set_values",7,0,2,1,3160}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw.412[3] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"integer",0x19,9,1,0,3143,kw.409},
    {"real",0x19,9,3,0,3169,kw.410},
    {"string",0x19,8,2,0,3157,kw.411}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw.413[5] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"betas",14,0,1,1,2951,0,0,0,0,0,"{exponential uncertain betas} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Expontential",0,"exponential uncertain"},
    {"descriptors",15,0,3,0,2955,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Beta",0,"exponential uncertain"},
    {"euv_betas",6,0,1,1,2950,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{exponential uncertain"},
    {"euv_descriptors",7,0,3,0,2954,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{exponential uncertain"},
    {"initial_point",14,0,2,0,2953,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{exponential uncertain"}
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw.414[7] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,2993,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain alphas} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Frechet",0,"frechet uncertain"},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,2995,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain betas} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Frechet",0,"frechet uncertain"},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,2999,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Weibull",0,"frechet uncertain"},
    {"fuv_alphas",6,0,1,1,2992,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain"},
    {"fuv_betas",6,0,2,2,2994,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain"},
    {"fuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,2998,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain"},
    {"initial_point",14,0,3,0,2997,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{frechet uncertain"}
}
```
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

GuiKeyWord kw_415[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "alphas",14,0,1,2973,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain alphas"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gamma*,0,"gamma uncertain"},
  "betas",14,0,2,2975,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain betas"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gamma*,0,"gamma uncertain"},
  "descriptors",15,0,0,2979,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gamma uncertain"},
  "gauv_alphas",6,0,1,1,2972,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gamma",0,"gamma uncertain"},
  "gauv_betas",6,0,2,2,2974,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gamma",0,"gamma uncertain"},
  "gauv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,2977,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gamma uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gamma uncertain"}

GuiKeyWord kw_416[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "descriptors",15,0,3,0,3059,0,0,0,0,0,"geometric uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Hypergeometric",0,"geometric uncertain"},
  "initial_point",13,0,2,0,3057,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"geometric uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Hypergeometric",0,"geometric uncertain"},
  "prob_per_trial",6,0,1,1,3054,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"geometric uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Hypergeometric",0,"geometric uncertain"},
  "probability_per_trial",14,0,1,1,3055,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"geometric uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Hypergeometric",0,"geometric uncertain"}

GuiKeyWord kw_417[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "alphas",14,0,1,1,2983,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain alphas"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "betas",14,0,2,2,2985,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain betas"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "descriptors",15,0,0,2989,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Frechet",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "guuv_alphas",6,0,1,1,2982,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "guuv_betas",6,0,2,2,2984,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "guuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,2987,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"},
  "initial_point",14,0,3,0,2987,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"gumbel uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Gumbel",0,"gumbel uncertain"}

GuiKeyWord kw_418[11] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "abscissas",14,0,2,1,3015,0,0,0,0,0,"sets of abscissas for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "counts",14,0,3,2,3019,0,0,0,0,0,"sets of counts for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "descriptors",15,0,5,0,3023,0,0,0,0,0,"sets of descriptors for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Poisson",0,"histogram uncertain"},
  "huv_bin_abscissas",6,0,2,1,3014,"sets of ordinates for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "huv_bin_counts",6,0,3,2,3018,"sets of ordinates for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "huv_bin_descriptors",7,0,5,0,3022,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"histogram_bin uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Poisson",0,"histogram uncertain"},
  "huv_bin_ordinates",6,0,3,2,3016,"sets of ordinates for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "initial_point",14,0,4,0,3021,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"histogram_bin uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Poisson",0,"histogram uncertain"},
  "num_pairs",5,0,3,3012,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"histogram_bin uncertain"
  VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Poisson",0,"histogram uncertain"},
  "ordinates",14,0,3,2,3017,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"sets of ordinates for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"},
  "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3013,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"sets of ordinates for bin-based histogram variables"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram"}
GuiKeyWord kw_419[6] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "abscissas",13,0,2,1,3079,0,0,0,0,0,"{sets of abscissas for point-based histogram variables}
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram"},
    "counts",14,0,3,2,3081,0,0,0,0,0,"{sets of counts for point-based histogram variables}
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram"},
    "descriptors",15,0,5,0,3085,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCEUV_Point_Histogram"},
    "initial_point",13,0,4,0,3083,0,0,0,0,0,"integer"},
    "num_pairs",5,0,1,0,3086,0,0,0,0,0,"integer"},
    "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3077,0,0,0,0,0,0,"integer"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_420[6] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "abscissas",14,0,2,1,3103},
    "counts",14,0,3,2,3105},
    "descriptors",15,0,5,0,3109,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDUSIV","real"},
    "initial_point",14,0,4,0,3107,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real"},
    "num_pairs",5,0,1,0,3110,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real"},
    "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3101,0,0,0,0,0,0,"real"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_421[6] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "abscissas",15,0,2,1,3091},
    "counts",14,0,3,2,3093},
    "descriptors",15,0,5,0,3097,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDIUV","string"},
    "initial_point",15,0,4,0,3095,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"},
    "num_pairs",5,0,1,0,3088,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"},
    "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,3089,0,0,0,0,0,0,"string"
}

GuiKeyWord kw_422[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    "integer",0x19,6,1,0,3075,kw_419}},{"real",0x19,6,3,0,3099,kw_420},{"string",0x19,6,2,0,3087,kw_421}
GuiKeyWord kw_423[5] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
equal =

{  "descriptor", 15, 0, 5, 0, 3071, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram* 0, "hypergeometric uncertain"),
{  "initial_point", 14, 0, 4, 0, 3069, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram* 0, "hypergeometric uncertain"),
{  "num_drawn", 13, 0, 1, 1, 3067, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram* 0, "hypergeometric uncertain"),
{  "selected_population", 13, 0, 1, 1, 3065, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram* 0, "hypergeometric uncertain"),
{  "total_population", 13, 0, 1, 1, 3063, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Point_Histogram* 0, "hypergeometric uncertain"),
)
```

GuiKeyWord kw_424[2] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
equal =

{  "lnuv_zetas", 6, 0, 1, 1, 2900, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "zetas", 14, 0, 1, 1, 2901, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal* 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
)
```

GuiKeyWord kw_425[4] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
equal =

{  "error_factors", 14, 0, 1, 1, 2907, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_error_factors", 6, 0, 1, 1, 2906, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_std deviations", 6, 0, 1, 1, 2904, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "std deviations", 14, 0, 1, 1, 2905, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal* 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
)
```

GuiKeyWord kw_426[11] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
equal =

{  "descriptor", 15, 0, 5, 0, 2915, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "initial_point", 14, 0, 4, 0, 2913, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lambdas", 14, 2, 1, 2899, 0, 294, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal* 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_descriptors", 7, 0, 5, 0, 2914, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_lambdas", 6, 2, 1, 2898, 0, 297, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_means", 6, 4, 1, 1, 2902, 0, 295, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lnuv_upper bounds", 6, 0, 3, 0, 2910, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "lower bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 2909, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal* 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "means", 14, 4, 1, 1, 2903, 0, 245, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
{  "upper bounds", 14, 0, 3, 0, 2911, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal* 0, "lognormal uncertain"},
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

GuiKeyWord kw_427[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,2935,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular"},
   {"initial_point",14,0,3,0,2933,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\}
   {"lower_bounds",14,0,1,1,2929,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform"},
   {"lower_upper_bounds",6,0,1,1,2928,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"upper_bounds",14,0,2,2,2931,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution upper bounds} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform"},
}

GuiKeyWord kw_428[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,3051,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Geometric"},
   {"initial_point",13,0,3,0,3049,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"num_trials",13,0,2,2,3047,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain success num_trials}\},
   {"prob_per_trial",6,0,1,1,3044,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"probability_per_trial",14,0,1,1,3045,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_429[11] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"descriptors",15,0,6,0,2895,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Lognormal"},
   {"initial_point",14,0,5,0,2893,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"lower_bounds",14,0,3,0,2889,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution lower bounds} VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Normal"},
   {"nuv_descriptors",7,0,6,0,2894,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"nuv_lower_bounds",6,0,3,0,2888,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"nuv_std_deviations",6,0,2,2,2886,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain standard deviations}\},
   {"upper_bounds",14,0,2,2,2887,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"upper_upper_bounds",6,0,2,2,2890,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\}
}

GuiKeyWord kw_430[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"descriptors",15,0,3,0,3031,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Descriptors} VarCommands.html#VarDAUV_Binomial"},
   {"initial_point",13,0,2,0,3029,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain}\},
   {"lambda",14,0,1,1,3027,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"{Distribution uncertain lambda}\}
}
GuiKeyWord kw_431[9] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors",15,0,5,0,2947,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descriptors]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_2_Distribution_upper_bounds,kw_12,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity upper bounds]"
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "modes",14,0,1,1,2939,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain modes]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "tuv_descriptors",7,0,5,0,2946,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "tuv_lower_bounds",6,0,2,2,2940,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain lower bounds]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "tuv_margins",6,0,1,1,2938,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "tuv_upper_bounds",6,0,3,1,2942,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain",
  "upper_bounds",14,0,3,3,2943,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity upper bounds]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Triangular,0,"triangular uncertain"
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_432[7] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors",15,0,4,0,2925,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descriptors]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "initial_point",14,0,3,0,2923,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "lower_bounds",14,0,1,1,2919,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain lower bounds]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "upper_bounds",14,0,2,2,2921,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain upper bounds]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "uuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,2926,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "uuv_lower_bounds",6,0,1,1,2918,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain lower bounds]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Loguniform,0,"uniform uncertain",
  "uuv_upper_bounds",6,0,2,2,2920,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain upper bounds]
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_433[7] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "alphas",14,0,1,1,3003,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain alphas]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Weibull,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "betas",14,0,2,2,3005,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain betas]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Weibull,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "descriptors",15,0,4,0,3009,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descriptors]
  VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "initial_point",14,0,5,0,3007,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "uuv_alphas",6,0,1,1,3002,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "uuv_betas",6,0,2,2,3004,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
   VarCommands.html#VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram,0,"weibull uncertain",
  "uuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,3008,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,"[Descontinuity uncertain]
}
```

GuiKeyWord kw_435[6] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "environment",0x108,15,1,1,1,kw_12,0,0,0,0,0,"[Environment] The environment specifies the top level technique which will govern the management of iterators and models in the solution of the problem of interest. EnVCommands.html"
  "interface",0x308,9,5,5,3239,kw_26,0,0,0,0,0,"[Interface] An interface specifies how function evaluations will be performed in order to map a set of parameters into a set of responses.
  "parent",0x108,15,1,1,1,kw_12,0,0,0,0,0,"[Parent] A parent specifies the parent of the child element. EnVCommands.html"
  "sub_element",0x658,15,1,1,1,kw_12,0,0,0,0,0,"[Sub_element] A sub_element specifies the sub_element of the super_element. EnVCommands.html"
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

257

InterfCommands.html"},
{"method",0x308,87,2,2,83,kw 316,0.,0.,0.,0,"{Method} A method specifies the name and
controls of an iterative procedure, e.g., a sensitivity analysis, uncertainty quantification, or optimization
method. MethodCommands.html"},
{"model",8,7,3,3,2461,kw 363,0.,0.,0.,0,"{Model} A model consists of a model type and maps
specified variables through an interface to generate responses. ModelCommands.html"},
{"responses",0x308,19,6,6,3357,kw 389,0.,0.,0.,0,"{Responses} A responses object specifies
the data that can be returned to DAKOTA through the interface after the completion of a function evaluation.
RespCommands.html"},
{"variables",0x308,34,4,4,2795,kw 434,0.,0.,0.,0,"{Variables} A variables object specifies
the parameter set to be iterated by a particular method. VarCommands.html"}
}

KeyWord kw 1[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
{"eval id",8,0,2,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR EVAL ID)},
{"header",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR HEADER)},
{"interface id",8,0,3,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR IFACE ID)}
}

1787 distinct keywords (plus 236 aliases)
KeyWord kw 2[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
{"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR ANNOTATED)},
{"custom annotated",8,3,1,0,kw 1,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR NONE)},
{"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,postRunInputFormat TABULAR NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw 3[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
{"input",11,3,1,0,kw 2,0.,0.,0,N stm(str,postRunInput)},
{"output",11,0,2,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(str,postRunOutput)}
}

KeyWord kw 4[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
{"eval id",8,0,2,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR EVAL ID)},
{"header",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR HEADER)},
{"interface id",8,0,3,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(augment utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR IFACE ID)}
}

KeyWord kw 5[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
{"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR ANNOTATED)},
{"custom annotated",8,3,1,0,kw 4,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR NONE)},
{"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0.,0.,0,N stm(utype,preRunOutputFormat TABULAR NONE)}
}


KeyWord kw.6[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"input",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(str,preRunInput)},
    {"output",11,3,2,0,0,5,0,0,0,N,stm(str,preRunOutput)}
}

KeyWord kw.7[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"stop.restart",0x29,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(int,stopRestart)}
}

KeyWord kw.8[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"results.output_file",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(str,resultsOutputFile)}
}

KeyWord kw.9[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"input",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(str,runInput)},
    {"output",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(str,runOutput)}
}

KeyWord kw.10[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval.id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,utm(augment.utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,utm(augment.utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface.id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,utm(augment.utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw.11[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"annotated",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,utm(utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom.annotated",8,3,2,0,0,10,0,0,0,N,utm(utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,utm(utype,tabularFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"tabular.data_file",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,stm(str,tabularDataFile)},
    {"tabular.graphics_file",3,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,-1,N,stm(str,tabularDataFile)}
}
KeyWord kw_12[15] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
{\"check\",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{checkFlag})},
{\"error\_file\",11,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{str}, \text{errorFile})},
{\"graphics\",8,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{graphicsFlag})},
{\"method\_pointer\",3,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,10,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{topMethodPointer})},
{\"output\_file\",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{str}, \text{outputFile})},
{\"output\_precision\",0x29,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{int}, \text{outputPrecision})},
{\"pre\_run\",8,2,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{preRunFlag})},
{\"post\_run\",8,2,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{postRunFlag})},
{\"read\_restart\",11,1,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{str}, \text{readRestart})},
{\"results\_output\",8,1,12,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{resultsOutputFlag})},
{\"run\",8,2,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{runFlag})},
{\"tabular\_data\",8,5,10,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{true}, \text{tabularDataFlag})},
{\"top\_method\_pointer\",11,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{str}, \text{topMethodPointer})},
{\"write\_restart\",11,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{stm}}(\text{str}, \text{writeRestart})}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw_13[1] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
{\"cache\_tolerance\",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{Real}, \text{nearlyEvalCacheTol})}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw_14[4] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
{\"active\_set\_vector\",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{false}, \text{activeSetVectorFlag})},
{\"evaluation\_cache\",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{false}, \text{evalCacheFlag})},
{\"restart\_file\",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{false}, \text{restartFileFlag})},
{\"strict\_cache\_equality\",8,1,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{true}, \text{nearlyEvalCacheFlag})}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw_15[1] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
{\"processors\_per\_analysis\",0xa19,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{pint}, \text{procsPerAnalysis})}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw_16[4] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
{\"abort\",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{lit}, \text{failAction\_abort})},
{\"continuation\",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{lit}, \text{failAction\_continuation})},
{\"recover\",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{Rlit}, \text{TYPE\_DATA\_failAction\_recover})},
{\"retry\",9,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_{\text{ifm}}(\text{ilit}, \text{TYPE\_DATA\_failAction\_retry})}
\}
\]
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_17[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"numpy",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,numpyFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_18[8]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"copy_files",15,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,copyFiles)},
    {"dir_save",0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,dirSave)},
    {"directory_save",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,dirSave)},
    {"directory_tag",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,dirTag)},
    {"link_files",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,linkFiles)},
    {"named",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(str,workDir)},
    {"replace",8,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,templateReplace)}
}

KeyWord kw_19[10]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"allow_existing_results",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,allowExistingResultsFlag)},
    {"aprepro",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,apreproFlag)},
    {"dprepro",0,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,apreproFlag)},
    {"file_save",8,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,saveFileFlag)},
    {"file_tag",8,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,tagFileFlag)},
    {"labeled",8,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,resultsFileFormat_LABELED_RESULTS)},
    {"parameters_file",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(str,parametersFile)},
    {"results_file",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,resultsFile)},
    {"verbatim",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,verbatimFlag)},
    {"work_directory",8,8,9,0,kw_18,0,0,0,N_ifm(true,useWorkdir)}
}

KeyWord kw_20[12]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"analysis_components",15,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(str2D,analysisComponents)},
    {"deactivate",8,4,6,0,kw_14},
    {"direct",8,1,4,1,kw_15,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType.TEST_INTERFACE)},
    {"failure_capture",8,4,5,0,kw_16},
    {"fork",8,10,4,1,kw_19,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType.FORK_INTERFACE)},
    {"grid",8,0,4,1,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType_GRID_INTERFACE)},
    {"input_filter",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(str,inputFilter)},
    {"link",8,1,4,1,kw_19,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType_LINK_INTERFACE)},
    {"output_filter",11,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(str,outputFilter)},
    {"python",8,1,4,1,kw_17,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType_PYTHON_INTERFACE)},
    {"scilab",8,0,4,1,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType_SCILAB_INTERFACE)},
    {"system",8,19,4,1,kw_19,0,0,0,0,N_ifm(type,interfaceType_SYSTEM_INTERFACE)}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_21[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "master", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, analysisScheduling_MASTER_SCHEDULING),
  "peer", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, analysisScheduling_PEER_SCHEDULING)
}

KeyWord kw_22[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "dynamic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, asyncLocalEvalScheduling_DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING),
  "static", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, asyncLocalEvalScheduling_STATIC_SCHEDULING)
}

KeyWord kw_23[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "analysis_concurrency", 0x19, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(pint, asyncLocalAnalysisConcurrency),
  "evaluation_concurrency", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(pint, asyncLocalEvalConcurrency),
  "local_evaluation_scheduling", 8, 2, 2, 0, kw_22
}

KeyWord kw_24[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "dynamic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, evalScheduling_PEER_DYNAMIC_SCHEDULING),
  "static", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, evalScheduling_PEER_STATIC_SCHEDULING)
}

KeyWord kw_25[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "master", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, evalScheduling_MASTER_SCHEDULING),
  "peer", 8, 2, 1, 1, kw_24
}

KeyWord kw_26[9] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "algebraic_mappings", 11, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(str, algebraicMappings),
  "analysis_drivers", 15, 12, 3, 0, kw_20, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(strL, analysisDrivers),
  "analysis_scheduling", 8, 2, 9, 0, kw_21,
  "analysis_servers", 0x19, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, analysisServers),
  "asynchronous", 8, 3, 4, 0, kw_23, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, interfaceSynchronizationASYNCHRONOUS_INTERFACE),
  "evaluation_scheduling", 8, 2, 6, 0, kw_25,
  "evaluation_servers", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(type, evalServers),
  "id_interface", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(str, idInterface),
  "processors_per_evaluation", 0x19, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_ifm(pint, procsPerEval)
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_27[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "model_pointer", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, modelPointer)
}

KeyWord kw_28[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "samples", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(int, numSamples),
    "seed", 0x19, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(pint, randomSeed)
}

KeyWord kw_29[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "complementary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, distributionType_CUMULATIVE),
    "cumulative", 8, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, distributionType_CUMULATIVE)
}

KeyWord kw_30[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "num_gen_reliability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(num_resplevs, genReliabilityLevels)
}

KeyWord kw_31[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "num_probability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(num_resplevs, probabilityLevels)
}

KeyWord kw_32[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "mt19937", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, rngName_mt19937),
    "rnum2", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, rngName_rnum2)
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_33[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"distribution",8,2,1,0,kw[29],
   "gen_reliability_levels",14,1,3,0,kw[30],0,0,0,N,mdm(resplevs,genReliabilityLevels)},
  {"probability_levels",14,1,2,0,kw[31],0,0,0,N,mdm(resplevs01,probabilityLevels)},
  {"rng",8,2,4,0,kw[32]}
}

KeyWord kw_34[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"constant_liar",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,batchSelectionType_constant_liar)},
  {"distance_penalty",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,batchSelectionType_distance_penalty)},
  {"naive",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,batchSelectionType_naive)},
  {"topology",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,batchSelectionType_topology)}
}

KeyWord kw_35[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_36[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
  {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw[35],0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_37[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"distance",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,fitnessMetricType_distance)},
  {"gradient",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,fitnessMetricType_gradient)},
  {"predicted_variance",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,fitnessMetricType_predicted_variance)}
}

KeyWord kw_38[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}
KeyWord kw_39[4] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, importBuildActive),
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_38, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE),
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)
}
```

KeyWord kw_40[2] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "parallel", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL),
    "series", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)
}
```

KeyWord kw_41[3] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES),
    "probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES),
    "system", 8, 2, 0, kw_40
}
```

KeyWord kw_42[2] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "compute", 8, 3, 2, 0, kw_41,
    "num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(num_resplevs, responseLevels)
}
```

KeyWord kw_43[14] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, kw_27,
    0, 0, 2, 0, kw_28,
    0, 0, 3, 0, 0, kw_33,
    "batch_selection", 8, 4, 3, 0, kw_34,
    "batch_size", 9, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(int, batchSize),
    "emulator_samples", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(int, emulatorSamples),
    "export_approx_points_file", 11, 1, 2, 0, kw_36, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
    "export_points_file", 13, 3, 2, 0, kw_37,
    "import_build_points_file", 3, 4, 5, 0, kw_39, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 5, 0, kw_39, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxIterations),
    "misc_options", 15, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, miscOptions),
    "response_levels", 14, 2, 7, 0, kw_42, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(resplevs, responseLevels)
}
```
KeyWord kw.44[7]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"merit1",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit1),
   "merit1_smooth",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit1_smooth),
   "merit2",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit2),
   "merit2_smooth",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit2_smooth),
   "merit_max",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit_max),
   "merit_max_smooth",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,meritFunction,merit_max_smooth)}
}

KeyWord kw.45[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"blocking",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,evalSynchronize,blocking),
   "nonblocking",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,evalSynchronize,nonblocking)}
}

KeyWord kw.46[22]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw.27},
  {constraint_penalty",10,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constrPenalty),
   "constraint_tolerance",10,0,18,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constraintTolerance),
   "contraction_factor",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,contractStepLength),
   "initial_delta",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,initStepLength),
   "linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,16,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,
    linearEqConstraintCoeffs),
   "linear_equality_scale_types",15,0,16,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes),
   "linear_equality_scales",14,0,17,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqScales),
   "linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,
    linearIneqConstraintCoeffs),
   "linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds),
   "linear_inequality_scales",15,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqScales),
   "linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds),
   "max_function_evaluations",8x25,0,19,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations),
   "merit_function",8,7,6,0,kw.44},
   "scaling",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling),
   "smoothing_factor",10,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,smoothFactor),
   "solution_accuracy",2,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,1,N_mdm(Real,solnTarget),
   "solution_target",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,solnTarget),
   "synchronization",8,2,5,0,kw.45},
   "threshold_delta",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,threshStepLength)}
}

KeyWord kw.47[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"hyperprior_betas",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,hyperPriorBetas)}
}
KeyWord kw_48[5] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"both", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE_BOTH)},
    {"hyperprior_alphas", 14, 1, 2, 0, kw_47, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, hyperPriorAlphas)},
    {"one", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE_ONE)},
    {"per_experiment", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE_PER_EXP)},
    {"per_response", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, calibrateErrorMode, CALIBRATE_PER_RESP)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_49[3] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, EVAL_ID)},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, HEADER)},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, IFACE_ID)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_50[4] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, importBuildActive)},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, ANNOTATED)},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, NONE)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_51[6] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"dakota", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, emulatorType, GP_EMULATOR)},
    {"emulator_samples", 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(int, emulatorSamples)},
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 0, kw_50, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)},
    {"posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)},
    {"surfpack", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, emulatorType, KRGING_EMULATOR)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_52[3] [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, EVAL_ID)},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, HEADER)},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment, utype, importBuildFormat, TABULAR, IFACE_ID)}
}
```
KeyWord kw_53[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, importBuildActive)},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_52, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_54[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, kw_53, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)},
    {"import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, kw_53, 0, 0, -1, Nmdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)},
    {"posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)}
}

KeyWord kw_55[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id", 8, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_56[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, importBuildActive)},
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_55, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_57[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(Realp, collocationRatio)},
    {"import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, kw_56, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)},
    {"import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, kw_56, 0, 0, -1, Nmdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)},
    {"posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)}
}

KeyWord kw_58[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"collocation_points", 13, 3, 1, 1, kw_54, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(szarray, collocationPoints)},
    {"expansion_order", 13, 4, 1, 1, kw_57, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(usharray, expansionOrder)},
    {"sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(usharray, sparseGridLevel)}
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_59[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "sparse_grid_level",13,0,1,0,0.,0.,0,N,mdm(usharray,kw_51)\}

KeyWord kw_60[5]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "gaussian_process",8,6,1,1,kw_51,0,0.,0.,0,N,mdm(type,emulatorType_PCE_EMULATOR),
  "kriging",8,3,1,1,kw_59,0,0.,0.,0,N,mdm(type,emulatorType_KRCG_ELMULATOR),
  "sc",8,1,1,kw_59,0,0.,0.,0,N,mdm(true,methodUseDerivsFlag)\}

KeyWord kw_61[6]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "chains",0x29,0,1,0,0,3.,0.,0,0,N,mdm(int,numChains),
  "crossover_chain_pairs",0x29,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(int,crossoverChainPairs),
  "prop",8,5,6,0,kw_60,\}

KeyWord kw_62[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "nlp",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,preSolveMethod_SUBMETHOD_NIP),
  "sqp",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,preSolveMethod_SUBMETHOD_SQP)\}

KeyWord kw_63[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "proposal_updates",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(int,proposalCovUpdates)\}

KeyWord kw_64[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "diagonal",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,proposalCovInputType_diagonal),
  "matrix",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,proposalCovInputType_matrix)\}
KeyWord kw_65[2] [static]
Initial value:
```json
= {
    "diagonal", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, proposalCovInputType_diagonal),
    "matrix", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, proposalCovInputType_matrix)
}
```

KeyWord kw_66[4] [static]
Initial value:
```json
= {
    "derivatives", 8, 1, 1, kw_63, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, proposalCovType_derivatives),
    "filename", 11, 2, 1, kw_64, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, proposalCovFile),
    "prior", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, proposalCovType_prior),
    "values", 14, 2, 1, kw_45, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealDL, proposalCovData)
}
```

KeyWord kw_67[2] [static]
Initial value:
```json
= {
    "mt19937", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, rngName_mt19937),
    "rnum2", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, rngName_rnum2)
}
```

KeyWord kw_68[8] [static]
Initial value:
```json
= {
    "adaptive_metropolis", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mcmcType_adaptive_metropolis),
    "delayed_rejection", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mcmcType_delayed_rejection),
    "dram", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mcmcType_dram),
    "metropolis_hastings", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mcmcType_metropolis_hastings),
    "multilevel", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mcmcType_multilevel),
    "pre_solve", 8, 2, 3, 0, kw_62,
    "proposal_covariance", 8, 4, 4, kw_66, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, proposalCovType_user),
    "rng", 8, 2, 3, 0, kw_67
}
```

KeyWord kw_69[3] [static]
Initial value:
```json
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}
```
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_70[4]  [static]
Initial value:
    = {
        {"active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,importBuildActive)},
        {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
        {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_69,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
        {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
    }

KeyWord kw_71[4]  [static]
Initial value:
    = {
        {0,0,9,0,0,kw_68},
        {"emulator_samples",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,emulatorSamples)},
        {"import_build_points_file",11,4,2,0,kw_70,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
        {"import_points_file",3,4,2,0,kw_70,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)}
    }

KeyWord kw_72[3]  [static]
Initial value:
    = {
        {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
        {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
        {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
    }

KeyWord kw_73[4]  [static]
Initial value:
    = {
        {"active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,importBuildActive)},
        {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
        {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_72,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
        {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
    }

KeyWord kw_74[6]  [static]
Initial value:
    = {
        {"dakota",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,emulatorType_GP_EMULATOR)},
        {"emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,emulatorSamples)},
        {"import_build_points_file",11,4,4,0,kw_73,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
        {"import_points_file",3,4,4,0,kw_73,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
        {"posterior_adaptive",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,adaptPosteriorRefine)},
        {"surfpack",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,emulatorType_KRIGING_EMULATOR)}
    }
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_75[3] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
  "header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
  "interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
```

KeyWord kw_76[4] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,importBuildActive)},
  "annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
  "custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_75,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
  "freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
```

KeyWord kw_77[3] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "import_build_points_file",11,4,2,0,kw_76,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  "import_points_file",3,4,2,0,kw_76,0,0,0,1,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  "posterior_adaptive",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,adaptPosteriorRefine)}
```

KeyWord kw_78[3] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
  "header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
  "interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
```

KeyWord kw_79[4] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,importBuildActive)},
  "annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
  "custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_78,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
  "freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
```

KeyWord kw_80[4] [static]
Initial value:

```sh
= {
  "collocation_ratio",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(Realp,collocationRatio)},
  "import_build_points_file",11,4,3,0,kw_79,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  "import_points_file",3,4,3,0,kw_79,0,0,0,1,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  "posterior_adaptive",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,adaptPosteriorRefine)}
```
KeyWord kw\_81[3] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{\"collocation\_points\", 13, 3, 1, kw, 77, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(szarray, collocationPoints)}\},
\{\"expansion\_order\", 13, 4, 1, kw, 80, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(usharray, expansionOrder)}\},
\{\"sparse\_grid\_level\", 13, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(usharray, sparseGridLevel)}\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_82[1] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{\"sparse\_grid\_level\", 13, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(usharray, sparseGridLevel)}\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_83[5] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{\"gaussian\_process\", 8, 6, 1, 1, kw, 74\},
\{\"kriging\", 8, 6, 1, 1, kw, 74, 0, 0, -1\},
\{\"pce\", 8, 3, 1, 1, kw, 81, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(type, emulatorType_PCE_EMULATOR)}\},
\{\"sc\", 8, 1, 1, 1, kw, 82, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(type, emulatorType_SC_EMULATOR)}\},
\{\"use\_derivatives\", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(true, methodUseDerivsFlag)}\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_84[3] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{\"eval\_id\", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(augment\_utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)}\},
\{\"header\", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(augment\_utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_HEADER)}\},
\{\"interface\_id\", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(augment\_utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)}\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_85[3] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{\"annotated\", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)}\},
\{\"custom\_annotated\", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw, 84, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_NONE)}\},
\{\"freeform\", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(utype, exportMCMCFormat\_TABULAR\_NONE)}\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_86[4] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
0, 0, 8, 0, 0, kw, 69\},
\{\"emulator\", 8, 5, 1, 0, kw, 83\},
\{\"export\_chain\_points\_file\", 11, 3, 3, 0, kw, 85, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(str, exportMCMCPtsFile)}\},
\{\"logit\_transform\", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{mdm(true, logitTransform)}\}
\}
\]
KeyWord kw_87[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"diagonal",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,\text{dataDistCovInputType\_diagonal})},
    {"matrix",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(lit,\text{dataDistCovInputType\_matrix})}
}

KeyWord kw_88[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"covariance",14,2,2,2,\text{kw}_87,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{RealDL,\text{dataDistCovariance}})},
    {"means",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{RealDL,\text{dataDistMeans}})}
}

KeyWord kw_89[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gaussian",8,2,1,1,\text{kw}_88},
    {"obs\_data\_filename",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{str,\text{dataDistFile}})}
}

KeyWord kw_90[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval\_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID}})},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_HEADERS}})},
    {"interface\_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID}})}
}

KeyWord kw_91[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active\_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{true,importBuildActive}}},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_ANNOTATED}}),
    {"custom\_annotated",8,1,1,0,\text{kw}_90,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_NONE}}),
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_type,importBuildFormat\_\_TABULAR\_NONE}})
}

KeyWord kw_92[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"dakota",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_type,emulatorType\_\_GP\_EMULATOR}}),
    {"emulator\_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_int,emulatorSamples}}),
    {"import\_build\_points\_file",11,4,4,0,\text{kw}_31,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{str,importBuildPtsFile}}),
    {"import\_points\_file",3,4,4,0,\text{kw}_34,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{str,importBuildPtsFile}}),
    {"posterior\_adaptive",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{true,adaptPosteriorRefine}}),
    {"surfpack",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(\text{\_type,emulatorType\_\_KRIGING\_EMULATOR}})
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw.93[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
  "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_HEADER),
  "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw.94[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, importBuildActive),
  "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
  "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw.93, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_NONE),
  "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_NONE)
}

KeyWord kw.95[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, kw.94, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, kw.94, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)
}

KeyWord kw.96[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
  "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_HEADER),
  "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment utype, importBuildFormat TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw.97[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Realp, collocationRatio),
  "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, kw.97, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, kw.97, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)
}

KeyWord kw.98[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "collocation_ratio", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Realp, collocationRatio),
  "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 3, 0, kw.97, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "import_points_file", 3, 4, 3, 0, kw.97, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
  "posterior_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, adaptPosteriorRefine)
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

Keyword kw_99 [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        "collection_points", 13, 3, 1, kw_95, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmszarray, collocationPoints),
        "expansion_order", 13, 4, 1, kw_98, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsusharray, expansionOrder),
        "sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsusharray, sparseGridLevel)
    }

Keyword kw_100 [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        "sparse_grid_level", 13, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsusharray, sparseGridLevel)
    }

Keyword kw_101 [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        "gaussian_process", 8, 6, 1, kw_92,
        "kriging", 0, 6, 1, kw_93, 0, 0, -1,
        "pce", 8, 3, 1, kw_99, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmtypes, emulatorType_PCE_EMULATOR),
        "sc", 8, 1, 1, kw_100, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmtypes, emulatorType_SC_EMULATOR),
        "use_derivatives", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmstrue, methodUseDerivsFlag)
    }

Keyword kw_102 [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        "evaluate_posterior_density", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmstrue, evaluatePosteriorDensity)
    }

Keyword kw_103 [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        "data_distribution", 8, 2, 2, 1, kw_89,
        "emulator", 8, 5, 1, 0, kw_101,
        "generate_posterior_samples", 8, 1, 6, 0, kw_102, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsfalse, generatePosteriorSamples),
        "posterior_density_samples_filename", 11, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsstr, posteriorDensityExportFilename),
        "posterior_samples_export_filename", 11, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsstr, posteriorSamplesExportFilename),
        "posterior_samples_import_filename", 11, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdmsstr, posteriorSamplesImportFilename)
    }
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_104[10] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27},
    {0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_28},
    {"calibrate_error_multipliers", 8, 5, 0, kw_48},
    {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance)},
    {"dream", 8, 6, 1, kw_61, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, subMethod_SUBMETHOD_DREAM)},
    {"gpmss", 8, 3, 1, kw_71, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, subMethod_SUBMETHOD_GPMSS)},
    {"max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxIterations)},
    {"queso", 8, 3, 1, kw_86, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, subMethod_SUBMETHOD_QUESO)},
    {"standardized_space", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, standardizedSpace)},
    {"wasabi", 8, 6, 1, kw_103, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, subMethod_SUBMETHOD_WASABI)}
}

KeyWord kw_105[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"model_pointer", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, modelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_106[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"method_name", 11, 1, 1, kw_105, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, subMethodName)},
    {"method_pointer", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, subMethodPointer)},
    {"scaling", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, methodScaling)}
}

KeyWord kw_107[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27},
    {"deltas_per_variable", 5, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(ivec, stepsPerVariable)},
    {"step_vector", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, stepVector)},
    {"steps_per_variable", 13, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(ivec, stepsPerVariable)}
}

KeyWord kw_108[9] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance)},
    {"max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"misc_options", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(strL, miscOptions)},
    {"scaling", 8, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, methodScaling)},
    {"seed", 0x19, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(pint, randomSeed)},
    {"show_misc_options", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, showMiscOptions)},
    {"solution_accuracy", 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, solnTarget)},
    {"solution_target", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, solnTarget)}
}
KeyWord kw_109[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,9,0,0,kw_108},
    {'beta_solver_name',11,0,1,0,0.,0.,0,Ndm{str,betaSolverName}}
}

KeyWord kw_110[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {'initial_delta',10,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,initDelta}},
    {'threshold_delta',10,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,threshDelta}}
}

KeyWord kw_111[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,9,0,0,kw_108},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_110},
    {**}
}

KeyWord kw_112[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {'all_dimensions',8,0,1,1,0,.0.,0.,0,Ndm{lit,boxDivision_all_dimensions}},
    {'major_dimension',8,0,1,1,0,.0.,0.,0,Ndm{lit,boxDivision_major_dimension}}
}

KeyWord kw_113[8]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,9,0,0,kw_108},
    {'constraint_penalty',10,0,6,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,constraintPenalty}},
    {'division',8,2,1,0,kw_112},
    {'global_balance_parameter',10,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,globalBalanceParam}},
    {'local_balance_parameter',10,0,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,localBalanceParam}},
    {'max_boxsize_limit',10,0,4,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,maxBoxSize}},
    {'min_boxsize_limit',10,0,5,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Ndm{Real,minBoxSize}}
}
KeyWord kw_114[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"blend", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, crossoverType_blend)},
  {"two_point", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, crossoverType_two_point)},
  {"uniform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, crossoverType_uniform)}
}

KeyWord kw_115[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"linear_rank", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, fitnessType_linear_rank)},
  {"merit_function", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, fitnessType_proportional)}
}

KeyWord kw_116[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"flat_file", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(slit2, TYPE_DATA_initializationType_flat_file)},
  {"simple_random", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, initializationType_random)},
  {"unique_random", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, initializationType_unique_random)}
}

KeyWord kw_117[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"mutation_range", 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(int, mutationRange)},
  {"mutation_scale", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(Real, mutationScale)}
}

KeyWord kw_118[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"non_adaptive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(false, mutationAdaptive)},
  {"offset_cauchy", 8, 2, 1, kw_117, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, mutationType_offset_cauchy)},
  {"offset_normal", 8, 2, 1, kw_117, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, mutationType_offset_normal)},
  {"offset_uniform", 8, 2, 1, kw_117, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, mutationType_offset_uniform)},
  {"replace_uniform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, mutationType_replace_uniform)}
}

KeyWord kw_119[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"chc", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit2, TYPE_DATA_replacementType_chc)},
  {"elitist", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit2, TYPE_DATA_replacementType_elitist)},
  {"new_solutions_generated", 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(int, newSolnsGenerated)},
  {"random", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit2, TYPE_DATA_replacementType_random)}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_120[11] [static]
Initial value:

= 

{ 0,0,1,0,0,kw,27},
{0,0,9,0,0,kw,108},
{"constraint_penalty",10,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constraintPenalty)},
{"crossover_rate",10,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,crossoverRate)},
{"crossover_type",8,3,6,0,kw,114},
{"fitness_type",8,2,3,0,kw,115},
{"initialization_type",8,3,2,0,kw,116},
{"mutation_rate",10,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,mutationRate)},
{"mutation_type",8,5,8,0,kw,118},
{"population_size",0x19,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(pint,populationSize)},
{"replacement_type",8,4,4,0,kw,119}
}  

KeyWord kw_121[2] [static]
Initial value:

= 

{"constraint_penalty",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constraintPenalty)},
{"contraction_factor",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,contractFactor)}
}  

KeyWord kw_122[3] [static]
Initial value:

= 

{"adaptive_pattern",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,exploratoryMoves_adaptive)},
{"basic_pattern",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,exploratoryMoves_simple)},
{"multi_step",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,exploratoryMoves_multi_step)}
}  

KeyWord kw_123[2] [static]
Initial value:

= 

{"coordinate",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,patternBasis_coordinate)},
{"simplex",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,patternBasis_simplex)}
}  

KeyWord kw_124[2] [static]
Initial value:

= 

{"blocking",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,evalSynchronize_blocking)},
{"nonblocking",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,evalSynchronize_nonblocking)}
}
KeyWord kw_125[12] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,9,0,0,kw_108},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_110},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_121},
    {"constant_penalty",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,constantPenalty)},
    {"expand_after_success",9,0,3,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,expandAfterSuccess)},
    {"exploratory_moves",8,3,7,0,kw_122},
    {"no_expansion",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(false,expansionFlag)},
    {"pattern_basic",8,3,4,0,kw_123},
    {"stochastic",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,randomizeOrderFlag)},
    {"synchronization",8,2,8,0,kw_124},
    {"total_pattern_size",9,0,6,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,totalPatternSize)}
}

KeyWord kw_126[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,9,0,0,kw_108},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_110},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_121},
    {"constant_penalty",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,constantPenalty)},
    {"contract_after_failure",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,contractAfterFail)},
    {"expand_after_success",9,0,3,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,expandAfterSuccess)},
    {"no_expansion",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(false,expansionFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_127[15] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"constraint_tolerance",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(Real,constraintTolerance)},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
    {"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {"linear_equality_scales",14,0,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearEqScales)},
    {"linear_equality_targets",14,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearEqTargets)},
    {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds)},
    {"linear_inequality_scales",15,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(strL,linearIneqScaleTypes)},
    {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearIneqScales)},
    {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds)},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {"scaling",8,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,methodScaling)},
    {"speculative",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,speculativeFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_128[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,15,0,0,kw_127},
    {"frcg",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,methodName\_CONMIN\_FRCG)},
    {"mfd",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,methodName\_CONMIN\_MFD)}
}
KeyWord kw_129[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {0,0,15,0,0,kw_127},
  {""}
}

KeyWord kw_130[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "drop_tolerance",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,vbdDropTolerance)
}

KeyWord kw_131[14]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
  {"box_behnken",8,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_BOX_BEHNKEN)},
  {"central_composite",8,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_CENTRAL_COMPOSITE)},
  {"fixed_seed",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,fixedSeedFlag)},
  {"grid",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_GRID)},
  {"lhs",8,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_LHS)},
  {"main_effects",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,mainEffectsFlag)},
  {"oa_lhs",8,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_OA_LHS)},
  {"oas",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_OAS)},
  {"quality_metrics",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,volQualityFlag)},
  {"random",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_RANDOM)},
  {"symbols",9,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,numSymbols)},
  {"variance_based_decomp",8,1,4,0,kw_130,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,vbdFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_132[12]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,
   linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
  {"linear_equality_scale_types",15,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes)},
  {"linear_equality_scales",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqScales)},
  {"linear_equality_targets",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqTargets)},
  {"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,
   linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
  {"linear_equality_lower_bounds",14,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqLowerEnds)},
  {"linear_equality_upper_bounds",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqUpperEnds)},
  {"max_function_evaluations",8x29,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(uint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
  {"scaling",8,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)}
}
KeyWord kw_133[15] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "constraint_tolerance", 10, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, constraintTolerance),
    "convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance),
    "linear_inequality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 12, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, linearEqConstraintCoeffs),
    "linear_inequality_scale_types", 15, 0, 14, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(strL, linearEqScaleTypes),
    "linear_inequality_targets", 14, 0, 13, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, linearEqTargets),
    "linear_inequality_constraint_matrix", 14, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, linearIneqConstraintCoeffs),
    "linear_inequality_lower_bounds", 14, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, linearIneqLowerBnds),
    "linear_inequality_scale_types", 15, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(strL, linearIneqScaleTypes),
    "linear_inequality_upper_bounds", 14, 0, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(RealDL, linearIneqUpperBnds),
    "max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxFunctionEvaluations),
    "scaling", 8, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, methodScaling),
    "speculative", 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, speculativeFlag)
}
```

KeyWord kw_134[7] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, kw_27,
    0, 0, 15, 0, 0, kw_133,
    "bfgs", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, methodName_DOT_BFGS),
    "frcg", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, methodName_DOT_FRCG),
    "mmfd", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, methodName_DOT_MMFD),
    "slp", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, methodName_DOT_SLP),
    "sqp", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(utype, methodName_DOT_SQP)
}
```

KeyWord kw_135[3] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27,
    0, 0, 15, 0, 0, kw_133,
    ""
}
```

KeyWord kw_136[3] [static]
Initial value:

```java
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_137[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"annotated","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,exportApproxFormat,LTABULAR_ANNOTATED),
     "custom_annotated","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,exportApproxFormat,LTABULAR_NONE),
     "freeform","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,exportApproxFormat,LTABULAR_NONE) }
}

KeyWord kw_138[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"dakota","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,emulatorType,GP_EMULATOR),
     "surfpack","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,emulatorType,KRIGING_EMULATOR) }
}

KeyWord kw_139[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"eval_id","%0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(augment_ubyte,augmentBuildFormat,LTABULAR_EVAL_ID),
     "header","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(augment_ubyte,augmentBuildFormat,LTABULAR_HEADER),
     "interface_id","%0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(augment_ubyte,augmentBuildFormat,LTABULAR_IFACE_ID) }
}

KeyWord kw_140[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"active_only","%0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(true,importBuildActive),
     "annotated","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,importBuildFormat,LTABULAR_ANNOTATED),
     "custom_annotated","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,importBuildFormat,LTABULAR_NONE),
     "freeform","%0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(type,importBuildFormat,LTABULAR_NONE) }
}

KeyWord kw_141[10] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {"export_approx_points_file","%11,3,4,0,kw_137,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(str,exportApproxPtsFile),
     "export_points_file","%3,3,4,0,kw_137,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(str,exportApproxPtsFile),
     "gaussian_process","%0,2,1,0,kw_138"},
    {"import_build_points_file","%11,4,3,0,kw_140,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile),
     "import_points_file","%3,4,3,0,kw_140,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile),
     "kriging","%0,2,1,0,kw_138,0,0,0,0"},
    {"max_iterations","%0,29,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(nnint,maxIterations),
     "seed","%0,19,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(pint,randomSeed),
     "use_derivatives","%0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0",Nmdm(true,methodUseDerivsFlag) }
}
KeyWord kw_142[8] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
  {0,0,4,0,0,kw_33},
  {'batch_size',9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,batchSize)},
  {'convergence_tolerance',10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
  {'emulator_samples',9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,emulatorSamples)},
  {'max_function_evaluations',0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
  {'max_iterations',0x29,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)}
}

KeyWord kw_143[3] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {'grid',8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,trialType_grid)},
  {'halton',8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,trialType_halton)},
  {'random',8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,trialType_random)}
}

KeyWord kw_144[1] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {'drop_tolerance',10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,vbdDropTolerance)}
}

KeyWord kw_145[9] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
  {'fixed_seed',8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,fixedSeedFlag)},
  {'latinize',8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,latimizeFlag)},
  {'max_iterations',0x29,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
  {'num_trials',9,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,numTrials)},
  {'quality_metrics',8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,volQualityFlag)},
  {'trial_type',8,3,5,0,kw_144},
  {'variance_based_decomp',8,1,3,0,kw_144,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,vbdFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_146[1] [static]

Initial value:

= {
  {'drop_tolerance',10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,vbdDropTolerance)}
}
KeyWord kw_147[12] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw.27},
    {"fixed_sequence",8,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,fixedSequenceFlag)},
    {"halton",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,methodName_FSU_HALTON)},
    {"hammersley",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,methodName_FSU_HAMMERSLEY)},
    {"latinize",8,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,latinizeFlag)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(nnint,maxIteraitions)},
    {"prime_base",13,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(ivec,primeBase)},
    {"quality_metrics",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,volQualityFlag)},
    {"samples",9,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,numSamples)},
    {"sequence_leap",13,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(ivec,sequenceLeap)},
    {"sequence_start",13,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(ivec,sequenceStart)},
    {"variance_based_decomp",8,1,4,0,kw.146,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,vbdFlag)}
}

KeyWord kw_148[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_149[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw.148,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_150[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_151[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,importBuildActive)},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw.150,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}
KeyWord kw_152[2] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "parallel", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL),
    "series", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)
}
```

KeyWord kw_153[3] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES),
    "probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES),
    "system", 8, 2, 2, 0, kw_152
}
```

KeyWord kw_154[2] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "compute", 8, 3, 2, 0, kw_153,
    "num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(num_resplevs, responseLevels)
}
```

KeyWord kw_155[10] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, kw_27,
    0, 0, 2, 0, 0, kw_28,
    0, 0, 4, 0, 0, kw_33,
    "emulator_samples", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(int, emulatorSamples),
    "export_approx_points_file", 11, 13, 0, kw_149, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
    "export_points_file", 3, 3, 0, kw_149, 0, 0, 1, N, mdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
    "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 2, 0, kw_151, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 2, 0, kw_151, 0, 0, 1, N, mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(nnint, maxIterations),
    "response_levels", 14, 2, 4, 0, kw_154, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(resplevs, responseLevels)
}
```

KeyWord kw_156[4] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, kw_27,
    "max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(nnint, maxFunctionEvaluations),
    "scaling", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, methodScaling),
    "seed", 8x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(pint, randomSeed)
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_157[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"parallel", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL)},
    {"series", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)}
}

KeyWord kw_158[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES)},
    {"system", 8, 2, 0, kw_157}
}

KeyWord kw_159[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"compute", 8, 3, 2, 0, kw_158},
    {"num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(num_resplevels, responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_160[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_161[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_160[0], 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_162[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"dakota", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, emulatorType_GP_EMULATOR)},
    {"surfpack", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdms(type, emulatorType_KRIGING_EMULATOR)}
}
KeyWord kw_163[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
    "header",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
    "interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_INTERFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw_164[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "active_only",8,0,2,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(true,importBuildActive),
    "annotated",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
    "custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_163,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE),
    "freeform",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)
}

KeyWord kw_165[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,kw_161,0,,0,N_nmmd(str,exportApproxPtsFile),
    "export_points_file",3,3,4,0,kw_161,0,,0,N_nmmd(str,exportApproxPtsFile),
    "gaussian_process",8,2,1,0,kw_162,
    "import_build_points_file",11,3,4,0,kw_164,0,,0,N_nmmd(str,importBuildPtsFile),
    "import_points_file",3,3,4,0,kw_164,0,,0,N_nmmd(str,importBuildPtsFile),
    "kriging",0,2,1,0,kw_162,0,,0,-3,
    "use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(true,methodUseDerivsFlag)
}

KeyWord kw_166[8]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    0,0,1,0,0,kw_27,
    0,0,2,0,0,kw_28,
    0,0,4,0,0,kw_33,
    "ea",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_EA),
    "ego",8,7,1,0,kw_165,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_EGO),
    "lhs",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_LHS),
    "response_levels",14,0,2,0,kw_159,0,,0,N_nmmd(resplevs,responseLevels),
    "sbo",8,7,1,0,kw_165,0,,0,N_nmmd(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_SBO)
}

KeyWord kw_167[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "mt19937",8,0,1,1,0,,0,N_nmmd(lit,rngName_mt19937),
    "rnum2",8,0,1,1,0,,0,N_nmmd(lit,rngName_rnum2)
}
KeyWord kw_168[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_169[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
  {"custom_annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_170[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"dakota",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(type,emulatorType_GP_EMULATOR)},
  {"surfpack",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(type,emulatorType_KRIGING_EMULATOR)}
}

KeyWord kw_171[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
  {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_172[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,importBuildActive)},
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
  {"custom_annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_173[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"export_approx_points_file",11,3,4,0,kw_169,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,exportApproxPtsFile)},
  {"export_points_file",3,3,4,0,kw_169,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,exportApproxPtsFile)},
  {"gaussian_process",8,2,1,0,kw_170},
  {"import_buildpoints_file",11,4,3,0,kw_172,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  {"import_points_file",3,4,3,0,kw_172,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  {"kriging",0,2,1,0,kw_170,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(str,importBuildPtsFile)},
  {"use_derivatives",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,methodUseDerivsFlag)}
}
### KeyWord kw_174[10] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw27},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw28},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
    {"ea",8,0,1,0,0,,0,,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_EA)},
    {"ego",8,7,1,0,kw173,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_EGO)},
    {"lhs",8,0,1,0,0,,0,,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_LHS)},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxiterations)},
    {"rng",8,2,0,kw167},
    {"sbo",8,7,1,0,kw173,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_SBO)}
}
```

### KeyWord kw_175[2] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"complementary",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,0,N_mdm(type,distributionType_COMPLEMENTARY)},
    {"cumulative",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,0,N_mdm(type,distributionType_CUMULATIVE)}
}
```

### KeyWord kw_176[1] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"num_gen_reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,genReliabilityLevels)}
}
```

### KeyWord kw_177[1] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"num_probability_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,probabilityLevels)}
}
```

### KeyWord kw_178[3] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"distribution",8,2,1,0,kw175},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,3,0,kw176,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(resplevs,genReliabilityLevels)},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,2,0,kw177,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(resplevs01,probabilityLevels)}
}
```

### KeyWord kw_179[3] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id",8,0,0,0,0,0,,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}
```
KeyWord kw_180[3] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
        {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_179,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
        {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
    }

KeyWord kw_181[3] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
        {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADERS)},
        {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(augment_utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
    }

KeyWord kw_182[4] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,importBuildActive)},
        {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
        {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_181,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
        {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
    }

KeyWord kw_183[2] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL)},
        {"series",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)}
    }

KeyWord kw_184[3] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_gen_reliabilities)},
        {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES)},
        {"system",8,2,2,0,kw_183}
    }

KeyWord kw_185[2] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"compute",8,3,2,0,kw_184},
        {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,responseLevels)}
    }
KeyWord kw_186[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "mt19937", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{lit}, \textmd{rngName}_{mt19937})},
  "rnum2", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{lit}, \textmd{rngName}_{rnum2})
}

KeyWord kw_187[18]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_{27},
  0, 0, 3, 0, 0, kw_{178},
  \textmd{"convergence}\_\textmd{tolerance}", 10, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{Real}, \textmd{convergence}\_\textmd{Tolerance}),
  \textmd{"dakota"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{type}, \textmd{emulator}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{GP}\_\textmd{EMULATOR}}),
  \textmd{"export}\_\textmd{approx}\_\textmd{points}\_\textmd{file"}, 11, 3, 4, 0, kw_{180}, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{str}, \textmd{export}\_\textmd{Approx}\_\textmd{Pts}\_\textmd{File}),
  \textmd{"export}\_\textmd{points}\_\textmd{file"}, 3, 3, 4, 0, kw_{180}, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{str}, \textmd{export}\_\textmd{Approx}\_\textmd{Pts}\_\textmd{File}),
  \textmd{"import}\_\textmd{build}\_\textmd{points}\_\textmd{file"}, 11, 3, 3, 0, kw_{180}, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{str}, \textmd{import}\_\textmd{Build}\_\textmd{Pts}\_\textmd{File}),
  \textmd{"import}\_\textmd{points}\_\textmd{file"}, 3, 4, 3, 0, kw_{182}, 0, 0, 0, -1, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{str}, \textmd{import}\_\textmd{Build}\_\textmd{Pts}\_\textmd{File}),
  \textmd{"max}\_\textmd{iterations"}, 0x29, 0, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{nnint}, \textmd{max}\_\textmd{Iterations}),
  \textmd{"response}\_\textmd{levels"}, 14, 2, 8, 0, kw_{185}, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{resplevs}, \textmd{response}\_\textmd{Levels}),
  \textmd{"rng"}, 8, 2, 7, 0, kw_{186},
  \textmd{"seed"}, 0x19, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{pint}, \textmd{random}\_\textmd{Seed}),
  \textmd{"surfpack"}, 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{type}, \textmd{emulator}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{KRIGING}\_\textmd{EMULATOR}}),
  \textmd{"u}\_\textmd{gaussian}\_\textmd{process"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{utype}, \textmd{reliability}\_\textmd{Search}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{EGRA}\_\textmd{U}}),
  \textmd{"u}\_\textmd{kriging"}, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{utype}, \textmd{reliability}\_\textmd{Search}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{EGRA}\_\textmd{U}}),
  \textmd{\"use}\_\textmd{derivatives"}, 8, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{true}, \textmd{method}\_\textmd{Use}\_\textmd{Derivs}\_\textmd{Flag}),
  \textmd{\"x}\_\textmd{gaussian}\_\textmd{process"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{utype}, \textmd{reliability}\_\textmd{Search}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{EGRA}\_\textmd{X}}),
  \textmd{\"x}\_\textmd{kriging"}, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, -1, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{utype}, \textmd{reliability}\_\textmd{Search}\_\textmd{Type}_{\textmd{EGRA}\_\textmd{X}})
}

KeyWord kw_188[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  \textmd{"master"}, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{type}, \textmd{iterator}\_\textmd{Scheduling}_{\textmd{MASTER}\_\textmd{SCHEDULING}}),
  \textmd{"peer"}, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{type}, \textmd{iterator}\_\textmd{Scheduling}_{\textmd{PEER}\_\textmd{SCHEDULING}})
}

KeyWord kw_189[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  \textmd{"iterator}\_\textmd{scheduling"}, 8, 2, 2, 0, kw_{188},
  \textmd{\"iterator\_\textmd{servers"}, 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{pint}, \textmd{iterator}\_\textmd{Servers})},
  \textmd{\"processors\_\textmd{per}\_\textmd{iterator"}, 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{pint}, \textmd{procs\_\textmd{Per}\_\textmd{Iterator}})}
}

KeyWord kw_190[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  \textmd{\"model}\_\textmd{pointer\_\textmd{list"}, 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \textmd{N}_{mdm}(\textmd{strL}, \textmd{hybrid}\_\textmd{Model}\_\textmd{Pointers})}
}
KeyWord kw_191[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"method_name_list",15,1,1,kw_190,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(strL,hybridMethodNames)},
    {"method_pointer_list",15,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(strL,hybridMethodPointers)}
}

KeyWord kw_192[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"global_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridGlobalModelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_193[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"local_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridLocalModelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_194[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"global_method_name",11,1,1,1,kw_192,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridGlobalMethodName)},
    {"global_method_pointer",11,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridGlobalMethodPointer)},
    {"local_method_name",11,2,1,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridLocalMethodName)},
    {"local_method_pointer",11,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(str,hybridLocalMethodPointer)},
    {"local_search_probability",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,hybridLSProb)}
}

KeyWord kw_195[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"model_pointer_list",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(strL,hybridModelPointers)}
}

KeyWord kw_196[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"method_name_list",15,1,1,1,kw_195,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(strL,hybridMethodNames)},
    {"method_pointer_list",15,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(strL,hybridMethodPointers)}
}
KeyWord kw_197[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    0,0,3,0,0,kw_189,
    {"collaborative",8,2,1,1,kw_191,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,subMethod,SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE)},
    {"coupled",0,5,1,1,kw_194,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,subMethod,SUBMETHOD_EMBEDDED)},
    {"embedded",8,5,1,1,kw_194,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,subMethod,SUBMETHOD_EMBEDDED)},
    {"sequential",8,2,1,1,kw_196,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,subMethod,SUBMETHODSEQUENTIAL)},
    {"uncoupled",0,2,1,1,kw_196,0.,0.,-1,Nmdm(utype,subMethod,SUBMETHODSEQUENTIAL)}
}

KeyWord kw_198[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce,SYSTEM,PARALLEL)},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce,SYSTEM,SERIES)}
}

KeyWord kw_199[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(type,responseLevelTarget,GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(type,responseLevelTarget,PROBABILITIES)},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,kw_198}
}

KeyWord kw_200[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,kw_199},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(num_resplevs, responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_201[10] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
    0,0,4,0,0,kw_33},
    {"adapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine,AIMIS)},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,5,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
    {"import",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine,IS)},
    {"max_iterations",0,29,0,4,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {"mmadapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine,MMAIS)},
    {"refinement_samples",9,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(int,refineSamples)},
    {"response_levels",14,2,3,0,kw_200,0.,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(resplevs, responseLevels)}
}
KeyWord kw_202[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID) },
{ "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_HEADER) },
{ "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(augment_utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID) }
```

KeyWord kw_203[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, pstudyFileActive) },
{ "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED) },
{ "custom_annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, kw_202, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTE) },
{ "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, pstudyFileFormat_TABULAR_NONE) }
```

KeyWord kw_204[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27 },
{ "import_points_file", 11, 4, 1, 1, kw_203, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, pstudyFilename) },
{ "list_of_points", 14, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealDL, listOfPoints) }
```

KeyWord kw_205[2]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ "complementary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, distributionType_COMPLEMENTARY) },
{ "cumulative", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, distributionType_CUMULATIVE) }
```

KeyWord kw_206[1]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ "num_gen_reliability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(num_resplevs, genReliabilityLevels) }
```

KeyWord kw_207[1]  [static]
Initial value:

```
{ "num_probability_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(num_resplevs, probabilityLevels) }
```
KeyWord kw_208[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL)},
    {"series",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)}
}

KeyWord kw_209[3]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES)},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,kw_208}
}

KeyWord kw_210[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,kw_209},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(num_resplevs,responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_211[7]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {"distribution",8,2,5,0,kw_205},
    {"gen_reliability_levels",14,1,4,0,kw_206,0,,0,N,mdm(resplevs,genReliabilityLevels)},
    {"nlp",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_NIP)},
    {"probability_levels",14,1,3,0,kw_207,0,,0,N,mdm(resplevs01,probabilityLevels)},
    {"response_levels",14,2,2,0,kw_210,0,,0,N,mdm(resplevs,responseLevels)},
    {"sqp",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_SQP)}
}

KeyWord kw_212[4]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,2,0,0,,0,N,mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
    {"nlp",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_NIP)},
    {"sqp",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_SQP)}
}
KeyWord kw_213[5]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "adapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,integrationRefine_AIS),
  "import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,integrationRefine_IS),
  "mm_adapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,integrationRefine_JMAIS),
  "refinement_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,refineSamples),
  "seed",0x19,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(pint,randomSeed)
}

KeyWord kw_214[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "first_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,reliabilityIntegration_first_order),
  "probability_refinement",8,5,2,0,kw_213},
  "sample_refinement",0,5,2,0,kw_213,0,0,-1,
  "second_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,reliabilityIntegration_second_order)
}

KeyWord kw_215[10]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "integration",8,4,3,0,kw_214},
  "nip",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_NIP),
  "no_approx",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,reliabilitySearchType_JNO_APPROX)
  "sqp",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_SQP),
  "u_taylor_mean",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,reliabilitySearchType_AMV_U),
  "u_taylor_mpp",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,reliabilitySearchType_AMV_PLUS_U),
  "x_two_point",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,reliabilitySearchType_TANA_X),
  "x_taylor_mean",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,reliabilitySearchType_AMV_X),

KeyWord kw_216[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "num_reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,reliabilityLevels)
}

KeyWord kw_217[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL),
  "series",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)
}
KeyWord kw_218[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget, GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget, PROBABILITIES)},
    {"reliabilities", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget, RELIABILITIES)},
    {"system", 8, 2, 0, kw_217}
}

KeyWord kw_219[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute", 8, 4, 2, 0, kw_218},
    {"num_response_levels", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(num_resplevs, responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_220[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27},
    {0, 0, 3, 0, 0, kw_178},
    {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance)},
    {"max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxIterations)},
    {"mpp_search", 8, 10, 1, 0, kw_215},
    {"reliability_levels", 14, 1, 3, 0, kw_216, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(resplevs, reliabilityLevels)},
    {"response_levels", 14, 2, 2, 0, kw_219, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(resplevs, responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_221[11]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27},
    {"display_all_evaluations", 8, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, showAllEval)},
    {"display_format", 11, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, displayFormat)},
    {"function_precision", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, functionPrecision)},
    {"history_file", 11, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(str, historyFile)},
    {"max_function_evaluations", 0x29, 0, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(nnint, maxIterations)},
    {"neighbor_order", 0x19, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(pint, neighborOrder)},
    {"scaling", 8, 0, 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(true, methodScaling)},
    {"seed", 0x19, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(pint, randomSeed)},
    {"variable_neighborhood_search", 10, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(Real, vns)}
}

KeyWord kw_222[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"num_offspring", 0x19, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(pintz, numOffspring)},
    {"num_parents", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mdm(pintz, numParents)}
}
KeyWord kw_223[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"crossover_rate", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litz, TYPE_DATA, crossoverType, null, crossover)},
    {"multi_point_binary", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit2p, TYPE_DATA, crossoverType, multi_point_binary)},
    {"multi_point_parametrized_binary", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit2p, TYPE_DATA, crossoverType, multi_point_parametrized_binary)},
    {"shuffle_random", 8, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litc, TYPE_DATA, crossoverType, shuffle_random)},
}

KeyWord kw_224[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"flat_file", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(slit2, TYPE_DATA, initializationType, flat_file)},
    {"simple_random", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, initializationType, simple_random)},
    {"unique_random", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, initializationType, unique_random)},
}

KeyWord kw_225[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"mutation_scale", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real01, mutationScale)}
}

KeyWord kw_226[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"bit_random", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mutationType, bit_random)},
    {"mutation_rate", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litz, TYPE_DATA, mutationType, null, mutation)},
    {"offset_cauchy", 8, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litc, TYPE_DATA, mutationType, offset_cauchy)},
    {"offset_normal", 8, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litc, TYPE_DATA, mutationType, offset_normal)},
    {"offset_uniform", 8, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(litc, TYPE_DATA, mutationType, offset_uniform)},
    {"replace_uniform", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, mutationType, replace_uniform)}
}

KeyWord kw_227[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance)},
    {"crossover_type", 8, 5, 0, 0, kw_223},
    {"initialization_type", 8, 3, 4, 0, kw_224},
    {"log_file", 11, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(str, logFile)},
    {"mutation_type", 8, 6, 6, 0, kw_226},
    {"population_size", 0x29, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(nnint, populationSize)},
    {"print_each_pop", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(true, printPopFlag)},
    {"seed", 0x19, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(pint, randomSeed)}
}
KeyWord kw_228[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"metric_tracker", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, convergenceType, metric_tracker)},
   {"num_generations", 0x29, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(sizet, numGenerations)},
   {"percent_change", 10, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance)}
}

KeyWord kw_229[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"domination_count", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, fitnessType, domination_count)},
   {"layer_rank", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(lit, fitnessType, layer_rank)}
}

KeyWord kw_230[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"num_designs", 0x29, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(pintz, numDesigns)}
}

KeyWord kw_231[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"distance", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealLit, TYPE_DATA, nichingType, distance)},
   {"max_designs", 14, 1, 1, kw_230, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealLit, TYPE_DATA, nichingType, max_designs)},
   {"radial", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealLit, TYPE_DATA, nichingType, radial)}
}

KeyWord kw_232[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"orthogonal_distance", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealLit, TYPE_DATA, postProcessorType, distance_postprocessor)}
}

KeyWord kw_233[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"shrinkage_fraction", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real01, shrinkagePercent)},
   {"shrinkage_percentage", 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, -1, 0, N, mdm(Real01, shrinkagePercent)}
}
KeyWord kw_234[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*below_limit",10,2,1,1,kw_233,0,0,0,N_mdm(litp,TYP,DATA,replacementType,below_limit)},
    {*elitist",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_elitist)},
    {*roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_roulette_wheel)},
    {*unique_roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_unique_roulette_wheel)}
}

KeyWord kw_235[19] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,8,0,kw_227},
    {*convergence_type",8,3,4,0,kw_228},
    {*fitness_type",8,2,1,0,kw_229},
    {*linear_equation_constraint_matrix",14,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {*linear_equation_scale_types",15,0,14,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes)},
    {*linear_equation_scales",14,0,15,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqScales)},
    {*linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {*linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds)},
    {*linear_inequality_scales",14,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqScales)},
    {*linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds)},
    {*max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,16,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {*max_iterations",0x29,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {*niching_type",8,3,3,0,kw_231},
    {*postprocessor_type",8,1,5,0,kw_232},
    {*replacement_type",8,4,2,0,kw_234},
    {*scaling",8,0,17,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)}
}

KeyWord kw_236[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*model_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,subModelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_237[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*seed",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,randomSeed)}
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_238[5]  [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,3,0,0,kw_189},  
        {"method\_name",11,1,1,kw_236,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodName)},  
        {"method\_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodPointer)},  
        {"random\_starts",9,1,2,0,kw_237,0,0,0,N_mdm(int.concurrentRandomJobs)},  
        {"starting\_points",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real64.concurrentParameterSets)}
    }

KeyWord kw_239[2]  [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},  
        {"partitions",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(usharray,varPartitions)}
    }

KeyWord kw_240[9]  [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},  
        {"convergence\_tolerance",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},  
        {"max\_function\_evaluations",0x29,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},  
        {"max\_iterations",0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},  
        {"min\_boxsize\_limit",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,minBoxSize)},  
        {"scaling",8,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)},  
        {"solution\_accuracy",2,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,solnTarget)},  
        {"solution\_target",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,solnTarget)},  
        {"volume\_boxsize\_limit",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,volBoxSize)}
    }

KeyWord kw_241[15]  [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},  
        {"absolute\_conv\_tol",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,absConvTol)},  
        {"covariance",9,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},  
        {"false\_conv\_tol",10,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,falseConvTol)},  
        {"function\_precision",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,functionPrecision)},  
        {"initial\_trust\_radius",10,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,initTRRadius)},  
        {"max\_function\_evaluations",0x29,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},  
        {"max\_iterations",0x29,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},  
        {"regression\_diagnostics",8,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,regressDiag)},  
        {"scaling",8,0,14,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)},  
        {"singular\_conv\_tol",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,singConvTol)},  
        {"singular\_radius",8,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,singRadius)},  
        {"speculative",8,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,speculativeFlag)},  
        {"x\_conv\_tol",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,xConvTol)}
    }
KeyWord kw_242[14] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw,27},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Real,convergenceTolerance},
    {"linear_eqn_constr_mat",14,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,Real,linearEqConstraint},
    {"linear_eqn_constr_coeffs",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearEqConstraintCoeffs},
    {"linear_eqn_scl_types",15,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,RealL,linearEqScaleTypes},
    {"linear_eqnscale",14,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearEqScales},
    {"linear_eqn_targets",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearEqTargets},
    {"linear_ineq_constr_mat",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,Real,linearIneqConstraint},
    {"linear_ineq_constr_coeffs",14,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearIneqConstraintCoeffs},
    {"linear_ineq_lbounds",14,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearIneqLowerBnds},
    {"linear_ineq_scl_types",15,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,RealL,linearIneqScaleTypes},
    {"linear_ineqscales",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearIneqScales},
    {"linear_ineq_ubounds",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,linearIneqUpperBnds},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations},
    {"scaling",8,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,true,methodScaling}
}

KeyWord kw_243[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"global",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,lipschitzType_global},
    {"local",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,lipschitzType_local}
}

KeyWord kw_244[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES}
}

KeyWord kw_245[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,type,responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,type,responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES},
    {"system",8,0,2,0,kw,244}
}

KeyWord kw_246[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,kw,245},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,RealLin,numResplevs,responseLevels}
}
KeyWord kw_247[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
    {0,0,4,0,0,kw_33},
    {"emulator_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,emulatorSamples)},
    {"lipschitz",8,2,1,0,kw_243},
    {"response_levels",14,2,3,0,kw_246,0,0,0,N_mdm(resplevs,responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_248[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"num_reliability_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,reliabilityLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_249[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL)},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)}
}

KeyWord kw_250[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES)},
    {"reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,responseLevelTarget_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,kw_249}
}

KeyWord kw_251[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"compute",8,4,2,0,kw_250},
    {"num_response_levels",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(num_resplevs,responseLevels)}
}

KeyWord kw_252[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"reliability_levels",14,1,1,0,kw_248,0,0,0,N_mdm(resplevs,reliabilityLevels)},
    {"response_levels",14,2,2,0,kw_251,0,0,0,N_mdm(resplevs,responseLevels)}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_253[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "convergence_tolerance", 10.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(Real, convergenceTolerance),
   "fixed_seed", 8.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(true, fixedSeedFlag),
   "max_iterations", 0x29, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(nnint, maxIterations)
}

KeyWord kw_254[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "eval_id", 8.0, 2.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(augment_uptype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
   "header", 8.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(augment_uptype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
   "interface_id", 8.0, 3.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(augment_uptype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw_255[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "active_only", 8.0, 2.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(true, importBuildActive),
   "annotated", 8.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
   "freeform", 8.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(utype, importBuildFormat_TABULAR_NONE)
}

KeyWord kw_256[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 1, 0, kw_255, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile),
   "import_points_file", 3, 4, 1, 0, kw_255, 0.0, -1, N_mdm(str, importBuildPtsFile)
}

KeyWord kw_257[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "advancements", 9.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(ushint, adaptedBasisAdvancements),
   "soft_convergence_limit", 9.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(ushint, softConvLimit)
}

KeyWord kw_258[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "adapted", 8.2, 1.1, kw_257, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(type, expansionBasisType_ADAPTED_BASIS_EXPANDING_FRONT),
   "tensor_product", 8.0, 1.1, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(type, expansionBasisType_TENSOR_PRODUCT_BASIS),
   "total_order", 8.0, 1.1, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, N_mdm(type, expansionBasisType_TOTAL_ORDER_BASIS)
}
KeyWord kw_259[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"noise\_tolerance",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,regressionNoiseTol)}
}

KeyWord kw_260[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"noise\_tolerance",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,regressionNoiseTol)}
}

KeyWord kw_261[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"l2\_penalty",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,regressionL2Penalty)},
   {"noise\_tolerance",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,regressionNoiseTol)}
}

KeyWord kw_262[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"equality\_constrained",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,lsRegressionType_EQ_CON_LS)},
   {"svd",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,lsRegressionType_SVD_LS)}
}

KeyWord kw_263[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"noise\_tolerance",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,regressionNoiseTol)}
}

KeyWord kw_264[17]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   {"basis\_pursuit",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,regressionType_BASIS_PURSUIT)},
   {"basis\_pursuit\_denoising",8,1,2,0,kw_259,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,regressionType_BASIS_PURSUIT_DENOISING)},
   {"bpdn",0,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,2,N,mdm(type,regressionType_BASIS_PURSUIT)},
   {"cross\_validation",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(true,crossValidation)},
   {"least\_angle\_regression",8,1,2,0,kw_261,0,0,0,0,1,N,mdm(type,regressionType_LEAST_ANGLE_REGRESSION)},
   {"least\_absolute\_shrinkage",8,1,2,0,kw_261,0,0,0,0,1,N,mdm(type,regressionType_LASSO_REGRESSION)},
   {"lars",0,1,2,0,kw_260,0,0,0,0,3,N,mdm(type,regressionType_LEAST_ANGLE_REGRESSION)},
   {"least\_angle\_regression",8,1,2,0,kw_260,0,0,0,0,3,N,mdm(type,regressionType_LEAST_ANGLE_REGRESSION)},
KeyWord kw_265[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "incremental_lhs", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, expansionSampleType_incremental_lhs),
    "reuse_points", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(lit, pointReuse_all),
    "reuse_samples", 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, Nmdm(lit, pointReuse_all)
}

KeyWord kw_266[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    0, 0, 2, 0, 0, kw_256,
    "collocation_points", 13, 17, 3, 1, kw_264, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(szarray, collocationPoints),
    "collocation_ratio", 10, 17, 3, 1, kw_264, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(Realp, collocationRatio),
    "dimension_preference", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(RealDL, anisoDimPref),
    "expansion_samples", 13, 3, 3, 1, kw_265, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(szarray, expansionSamples)
}

KeyWord kw_267[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(augment_uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw_268[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
    "custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_267, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOATED),
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(uType, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)
}
KeyWord kw_269[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```{} "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, mdm{augment, utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_EVAL_ID},
"header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{augment, utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_HEADER},
"interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{augment, utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_IFACE_ID} }```

KeyWord kw_270[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```{} "active_only", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{true, importApproxActive},
"annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_ANNOTATED},
"custom_annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_269, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_NONE},
"freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{utype, importApproxFormat, TABULAR_NONE} }```

KeyWord kw_271[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```{} 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, kw_256, 
"collocation_points", 13, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{szarray, collocationPoints},
"cross_validation", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{true, crossValidation},
"reuse_points", 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{lit, pointReuse_all},
"reuse_samples", 0, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, N, mdm{lit, pointReuse_all},
"tensor_grid", 13, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{usharray, tensorGridOrder} }```

KeyWord kw_272[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```{} "decay", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{type, refinementControl, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_DECAY},
"generalized", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{type, refinementControl, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_GENERALIZED},
"sobol", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{type, refinementControl, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_SOBOL} }```

KeyWord kw_273[2]  [static]
Initial value:

```{} "dimension_adaptive", 8, 3, 1, 1, kw_272, 
"uniform", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm{type, refinementControl, UNIFORM_CONTROL} }```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_274[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*adapt_import*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, integrationRefine, AIS)},
    {*import*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, integrationRefine, IS)},
    {*mm_adapt_import*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, integrationRefine, MM AIS)},
    {*refinement_samples*, 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(int, refineSamples)}
}

KeyWord kw_275[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*dimension_preference*, 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(RealDL, anisoDimPref)},
    {*nested*, 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, nestingOverride, NESTED)},
    {*non_nested*, 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, nestingOverride, NON_NESTED)}
}

KeyWord kw_276[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*lhs*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, sampleType, SUBMETHOD_LHS)},
    {*random*, 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(utype, sampleType, SUBMETHOD_RANDOM)}
}

KeyWord kw_277[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {0, 0, 3, 0, 0, kw_275},
    {*restricted*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, growthOverride, RESTRICTED)},
    {*unrestricted*, 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, growthOverride, UNRESTRICTED)}
}

KeyWord kw_278[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {*drop_tolerance*, 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, vbdDropTolerance)},
    {*interaction_order*, 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(ushint, vbdOrder)}
}
KeyWord kw_279[27] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
    {0,0,4,0,0,kw_33},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_252},
    {0,0,3,0,0,kw_253},
    {"askey",8,0,2,0,0,0..0..0,N_mdm(type,expansionType ASKEYU)},
    {"cubature_integrand",9,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(ushint, cubIntOrder)},
    {"diagonal_covariance",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, covarianceControl DIAGONAL_COVARIANCE)},
    {"expansion_order",13,5,3,1,kw_277,0..0..0,N_mdm(usharray, expansionOrder)},
    {"export_approx_points_file",11,3,10,0,kw_268,0..0..0,N_mdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile)},
    {"export_expansion_file",11,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str, exportExpansionFile)},
    {"full_covariance",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, covarianceControl FULL_COVARIANCE)},
    {"export_approx_points_file",11,4,9,0,kw_270,0..0..0,N_mdm(str, importApproxPtsFile)},
    {"import_expansion_file",11,0,3,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str, importExpansionFile)},
    {"least_interpolation",8,0,5,3,1,kw_271,0..0..0,3,N_mdm(type, regressionType ORTHOG_LEAST_INTERPOLATION)},
    {"normalized",8,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true, normalizedCoeffs)},
    {"oli",8,0,5,3,1,kw_271,0..0..0,1,N_mdm(type, regressionType ORTHOG_LEAST_INTERPOLATION)},
    {"p_refinement",8,2,1,0,kw_273,0..0..0,N_mdm(type, refinementType J_REFINEMENT)},
    {"probability_refinement",8,4,8,0,kw_274},
    {"quadrature_order",13,3,3,1,kw_275,0..0..0,N_mdm(usharray, quadratureOrder)},
    {"sample_refinement",8,4,8,0,kw_276,0..0..0,N_mdm(usharray, sampleRefinement)},
    {"sample_type",8,2,7,0,kw_276},
    {"sparse_grid_level",13,2,3,1,kw_277,0..0..0,N_mdm(usharray, sparseGridLevel)},
    {"variance_based_decomp",8,2,4,0,kw_278,0..0..0,N_mdm(true, vbdFlag)},
    {"wiener",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, expansionType STD_NORMAL_U)}
}

KeyWord kw_280[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"global",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit, lipschitzType_global)},
    {"local",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit, lipschitzType_local)}
}

KeyWord kw_281[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"parallel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_PARALLEL)},
    {"series",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, responseLevelTargetReduce_SYSTEM_SERIES)}
}

KeyWord kw_282[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"gen_reliabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_GEN_RELIABILITIES)},
    {"probabilities",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type, responseLevelTarget_PROBABILITIES)},
    {"system",8,2,2,0,kw_281}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw\_283[2] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"compute",8,3,2,0,kw\_282},
    {"num\_response\_levels",13,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(num\_resplevs,responseLevels)}
}
```

KeyWord kw\_284[6] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw\_287},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw\_288},
    {0,0,4,0,0,kw\_289},
    {"emulator\_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(int,emulatorSamples)},
    {"lipschitz",8,2,1,0,kw\_280},
    {"response\_levels",14,2,3,0,kw\_283,0,0,0,N,mdm(resplevs,responseLevels)}
}
```

KeyWord kw\_285[1] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"percent\_variance\_explained",10,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,percentVarianceExplained)}
}
```

KeyWord kw\_286[1] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"previous\_samples",9,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(int,previousSamples)}
}
```

KeyWord kw\_287[4] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"incremental\_lhs",8,1,1,1,kw\_286,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,sampleType\_SUBMETHOD\_INCREMENTAL\_LHS)},
    {"incremental\_random",8,1,1,1,kw\_286,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype, sampleType\_SUBMETHOD\_INCREMENTAL\_RANDOM)},
    {"lhs",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,sampleType\_SUBMETHOD\_LHS)},
    {"random",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,sampleType\_SUBMETHOD\_RANDOM)}
}
```

KeyWord kw\_288[1] [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"drop\_tolerance",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(Real,vbdDropTolerance)}
}
```
KeyWord kw_289[9]  [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
    {0,0,4,0,0,kw_33},
    {0,0,2,0,0,kw_252},
    {0,0,3,0,0,kw_253},
    {"backfill",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(true,backfillFlag)},
    {"principal_components",8,1,4,0,kw_285,0,0,0,N,mdm(true,pcaFlag)},
    {"sample_type",8,1,4,0,kw_287},
    {"variance_based_decomp",8,1,2,0,kw_288,0,0,0,N,mdm(true,vbdFlag)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_290[3]  [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment,utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment,utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(augment,utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_291[3]  [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_290,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
    {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(utype,exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_292[2]  [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"generalized",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,refinementControl_DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_GENERALIZED)},
    {"sobol",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,refinementControl_DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_SOBOLO)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_293[3]  [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    {"dimension_adaptive",8,2,1,1,kw_292},
    {"local_adaptive",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,refinementControl_LOCAL_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL)},
    {"uniform",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N,mdm(type,refinementControl_UNIFORM_CONTROL)}
}
```
KeyWord kw_294[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID)},
   "header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)},
   "interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(augment_utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)}

KeyWord kw_295[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "active_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(true,importApproxActive)},
   "annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED)},
   "custom_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_294,0.,0.,0,Nmdm(utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)},
   "freeform",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,importApproxFormat_TABULAR_NONE)}

KeyWord kw_296[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "generalized",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(type,refinementControl_DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_GENERALIZED)},
   "sobol",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(type,refinementControl_DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_SOBOLO

KeyWord kw_297[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "dimension_adaptive",8,2,1,1,kw_296},
   "uniform",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(type,refinementControl_UNIFORM_CONTROL)}

KeyWord kw_298[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "adapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine_AIS)},
   "import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine_IS)},
   "mm Adapt_import",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,integrationRefine_MMAIS)},
   "refinement_samples",9,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(int,refineSamples)}

KeyWord kw_299[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
   "lhs",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,sampleType_SUBMETHOD_LHS)},
   "random",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmdm(utype,sampleType_SUBMETHOD_RANDOM)}}
KeyWord kw_300[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "hierarchical", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, expansionBasisType, HIERARCHICAL_INTERPOLANT),
  "nodal", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, expansionBasisType, NODEAL_INTERPOLANT),
  "restricted", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, growthOverride, RESTRICTED),
  "unrestricted", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, growthOverride, UNRESTRICTED)
}

KeyWord kw_301[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "drop_tolerance", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(Real, vbdDropTolerance),
  "interaction_order", 0x19, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(ushint, vbdOrder)
}

KeyWord kw_302[25] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27,
  0, 0, 2, 0, 0, kw_28,
  0, 0, 4, 0, 0, kw_33,
  0, 0, 2, 0, 0, kw_252,
  0, 0, 3, 0, 0, kw_253,
  "askey", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, expansionType, ASKEY_U),
  "diagonal_covariance", 8, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, covarianceControl, DIAGONAL_COVARIANCE),
  "dimension_preference", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(RealDL, anisoDimPref),
  "export_approx_points_file", 11, 3, 12, 0, kw_291, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
  "export_points_file", 3, 3, 12, 0, kw_291, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
  "full_covariance", 8, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, covarianceControl, FULL_COVARIANCE),
  "h_refinement", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_293, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, refinementType, H_REFINEMENT),
  "import_approx_points_file", 11, 4, 11, 0, kw_295, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, importApproxPtsFile),
  "nested", 8, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, nestingOverride, NESTED),
  "non_nested", 8, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, nestingOverride, NON_NESTED),
  "p_refinement", 8, 2, 1, 0, kw_297, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, refinementType, P_REFINEMENT),
  "piecewise", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NMDProblemDescDB::method, piecewise,
  "probability_refinement", 8, 4, 10, 0, kw_298,
  "quadrature_order", 13, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(usharray, quadratureOrder),
  "sample_refinement", 0, 0, 3, 1, 0, kw_299,
  "sample_type", 8, 2, 9, 0, kw_299,
  "sparse_grid_level", 15, 4, 11, 0, kw_300, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(usharray, sparseGridLevel),
  "use_derivatives", 8, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, methodUseDerivsFlag),
  "variance_based_decomp", 8, 2, 7, 0, kw_301, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, vbdFlag),
  "wiener", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(type, expansionType, STD_NORMAL_U)
}

KeyWord kw_303[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  0, 0, 1, 0, 0, kw_27,
  "convergence_tolerance", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(Real, convergenceTolerance),
  "max_iterations", 0x29, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(nnint, maxIterations),
  "misc_options", 15, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(str, miscOptions),
  "scaling", 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmdm(true, methodScaling)
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_304[18]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   {"constraint_tolerance",10,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constraintTolerance)},
   {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
   {"function_precision",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,functionPrecision)},
   {"linear_equation_constraint_matrix",14,0,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
   {"linear_equation_scale_types",15,0,17,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes)},
   {"linear_equation_scales",14,0,18,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqScales)},
   {"linear_equation_targets",14,0,16,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqTargets)},
   {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)},
   {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds)},
   {"linear_inequality_scale_types",15,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearIneqScaleTypes)},
   {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,14,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqScales)},
   {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds)},
   {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
   {"max_iterations",0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
   {"scaling",8,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)},
   {"speculative",8,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,speculativeFlag)},
   {"verify_level",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,verifyLevel)}
}

KeyWord kw_305[3]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
   {0,0,18,0,0,kw_304},
   {""}
}

KeyWord kw_306[16]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
   {"gradient_tolerance",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,gradientTolerance)},
   {"linear_equation_constraint_matrix",14,0,13,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
   {"linear_equation_scale_types",15,0,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes)},
   {"linear_equation_scales",14,0,14,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqScales)},
   {"linear_equation_targets",14,0,14,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearEqTargets)},
   {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)},
   {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds)},
   {"linear_inequality_scale_types",15,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,linearIneqScaleTypes)},
   {"linear_inequality_scales",14,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqScales)},
   {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds)},
   {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,8,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
   {"max_iterations",0x29,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
   {"max_step",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,maxStep)},
   {"scaling",8,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)},
   {"speculative",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,speculativeFlag)}
}
KeyWord kw_307[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,16,0,0,kw_306},
    {"
}
```

KeyWord kw_308[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {"scaling",8,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,methodScaling)},
    {"search_scheme_size",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,searchSchemeSize)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_309[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    {"argaez_tapia",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,meritFn_ArgaezTapia)},
    {"el_bakry",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,meritFn_NormFmu)},
    {"van_shanno",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,meritFn_VanShanno)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_310[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    {"gradient_based_line_search",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,searchMethod_gradient_based_line_search)},
    {"tr_pds",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,searchMethod_tr_pds)},
    {"trust_region",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,searchMethod_trust_region)},
    {"value_based_line_search",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,searchMethod_value_based_line_search )}
}
```

KeyWord kw_311[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
    {0,0,16,0,0,kw_306},
    {"centering_parameter",10,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,centeringParam)},
    {"merit_function",8,3,2,0,kw_309},
    {"search_method",8,4,1,0,kw_310},
    {"steplength_to_boundary",10,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,stepLenToBoundary)}
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_312[5] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"debug",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(type,methodOutput,DEBUG,OUTPUT)},
        {"normal",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(type,methodOutput,NORMAL,OUTPUT)},
        {"quiet",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(type,methodOutput,QUIET,OUTPUT)},
        {"silent",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(type,methodOutput,SILENT,OUTPUT)},
        {"verbose",8,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(type,methodOutput,VERBOSE,OUTPUT)}
    }

KeyWord kw_313[2] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"model_pointer",11,0,1,0,,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(str,subModelPointer)},
        {"opt_model_pointer",3,0,1,0,,0,,0,,1,N_mdm(str,subModelPointer)}
    }

KeyWord kw_314[1] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {"seed",9,0,1,0,,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(int,randomSeed)}
    }

KeyWord kw_315[8] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,3,0,0,kw_189},
        {"method_name",11,2,1,1,kw_313,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodName)},
        {"method_pointer",11,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodPointer)},
        {"multi_objective_weight_sets",6,0,3,0,0,,0,,0,4,N_mdm(RealDL,concurrentParameterSets)},
        {"opt_method_name",3,2,1,1,kw_313,0,,0,,0,3,N_mdm(str,subMethodName)},
        {"opt_method_pointer",3,0,1,1,0,,0,,0,,0,3,N_mdm(str,subMethodPointer)},
        {"random_weight_sets",9,1,2,0,kw_314,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(int,concurrentRandomJobs)},
        {"weight_sets",14,0,1,0,0,,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(RealDL,concurrentParameterSets)}
    }

KeyWord kw_316[3] [static]
Initial value:

    = {
        {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
        {0,0,2,0,0,kw_28},
        {"partitions",13,0,1,0,0,,0,,0,N_mdm(usharray,varPartitions)}
    }
KeyWord kw_317[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_27},
  {"conv_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_CONVERGE_ORDER)},
  {"converge_qoi",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_CONVERGE_QOI)},
  {"convergence_tolerance",10,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance)},
  {"estimate_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(utype,subMethod_SUBMETHOD_ESTIMATE_ORDER)},
  {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(nnint,maxIterations)},
  {"refinement_rate",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,refinementRate)}
}

KeyWord kw_318[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"num_generations",0x29,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(sizet,numGenerations)},
  {"percent_change",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Realz,convergenceTolerance)}
}

KeyWord kw_319[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"num_generations",0x29,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(sizet,numGenerations)},
  {"percent_change",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Realz,convergenceTolerance)}
}

KeyWord kw_320[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"average_fitness_tracker",8,2,1,1,kw_318,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,convergenceType_average_fitness_tracker)},
  {"best_fitness_tracker",8,2,1,1,kw_319,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,convergenceType_best_fitness_tracker)}
}

KeyWord kw_321[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"constraint_penalty",10,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Realp,constraintTolerance)},
  {"merit_function",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,fitnessType_merit_function)}
}

KeyWord kw_322[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"elitist",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_elitist)},
  {"favor_feasible",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_favor_feasible)},
  {"roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_roulette_wheel)},
  {"unique_roulette_wheel",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(lit,replacementType_unique_roulette_wheel)}
}
KeyWord kw_323[17] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw,27},
    {0,0,8,0,0,kw,227},
    {"convergence_type",8,2,3,0,kw,320},
    {"fitness_type",8,2,1,0,kw,321},
    {"linear_equality_constraint_matrix",14,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(RealDL,
        linearEqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {"linear_equality_scale_types",15,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(strL,linearEqScaleTypes)},
    {"linear_equality_targets",14,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(RealDL,linearEqTargets)},
    {"linear_inequality_constraint_matrix",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(RealDL,
        linearIneqConstraintCoeffs)},
    {"linear_inequality_lower_bounds",14,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(RealDL,linearIneqLowerBnds)},
    {"linear_inequality_scale_types",14,0,9,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(strL,linearIneqScaleTypes)},
    {"linear_inequality_upper_bounds",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(RealDL,linearIneqUpperBnds)},
    {"max_function_evaluations",0x29,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(nnint,maxFunctionEvaluations)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {"replacement_type",8,4,2,0,kw,322},
    {"scaling",8,0,15,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(true,methodScaling)}
}

KeyWord kw_324[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {0,0,1,0,0,kw,27},
    {0,0,8,0,0,kw,227},
    {"nlssol",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(utype,methodName_NLSSOL_SQP)},
    {"npsol",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(utype,methodName_NPSOL_SQP)}
}

KeyWord kw_325[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"approx_method_name",3,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,4,N,m.dm(str,subMethodName)},
    {"approx_method_pointer",3,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,4,N,m.dm(str,subMethodPointer)},
    {"approx_model_pointer",3,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,4,N,m.dm(str,modelPointer)},
    {"max_iterations",0x29,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(nnint,maxIterations)},
    {"method_name",11,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(str,subMethodName)},
    {"method_pointer",11,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(str,subMethodPointer)},
    {"model_pointer",11,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(str,modelPointer)},
    {"replace_points",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(true,surrBasedGlobalReplacePts)}
}

KeyWord kw_326[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"filter",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(type,surrBasedLocalAcceptLogic_FILTER)},
    {"tr_ratio",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,m.dm(type,surrBasedLocalAcceptLogic_TR_RATIO)}
}
KeyWord kw_327[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "{augmented_lagrangian_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbObj\_AUGMENTED\_LAGRANGIAN\_OBJECTIVE) },
    "{lagrangian_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbObj\_LAGRANGIAN\_OBJECTIVE) },
    "{linearized_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbCon\_LINEARIZED\_CONSTRAINTS) },
    "{no_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbCon\_NO\_CONSTRAINTS) },
    "{original_constraints", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbCon\_ORIGINAL\_CONSTRAINTS) },
    "{original_primary", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbObj\_ORIGINAL\_PRIMARY) },
    "{single_objective", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalSubProbObj\_SINGLE\_OBJECTIVE) }
}

KeyWord kw_328[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "{homotopy", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalConstrRelax\_HOMOTOPY) }
}

KeyWord kw_329[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "{adaptive_penaltyMerit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalMeritFn\_ADAPTIVE\_PENALTY\_MERIT) },
    "{augmented_lagrangianMerit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalMeritFn\_AUGMENTED\_LAGRANGIAN\_MERIT) },
    "{lagrangianMerit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalMeritFn\_LAGRANGIAN\_MERIT) },
    "{penaltyMerit", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(type, surrBasedLocalMeritFn\_PENALTY\_MERIT) }
}

KeyWord kw_330[6] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "{contract_threshold", 10, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRContractionTrigger) },
    "{contraction_factor", 10, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRContraction) },
    "{expand_threshold", 10, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRExpansionTrigger) },
    "{expansion_factor", 10, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRExpand) },
    "{initial_size", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRInitSize) },
    "{minimum_size", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, mdm(Real, surrBasedLocal\_TRMinSize) }
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_331[16]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "acceptance_logic",8,2,8,0,kw_326, 
  "approx_method_name",3,0,1,1,0,0,0,9,N_mdm(str,subMethodName), 
  "approx_method_pointer",3,0,1,1,0,0,0,9,N_mdm(str,subMethodPointer), 
  "approx_model_pointer",3,0,1,2,0,0,0,9,N_mdm(str,modelPointer), 
  "approx_subproblem",8,7,6,0,kw_327, 
  "constraint_relax",10,0,12,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,constraintTolerance), 
  "constraint_tolerance",10,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance), 
  "convergence_tolerance",10,0,11,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(Real,convergenceTolerance), 
  "max_iterations",0x29,0,10,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,maxIterations), 
  "merit_function",8,4,7,0,kw_329, 
  "method_name",11,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodName), 
  "method_pointer",11,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,subMethodPointer), 
  "model_pointer",11,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,modelPointer), 
  "soft_convergence_limit",9,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(ushint,softConvLimit), 
  "trust_region",8,6,5,0,kw_330,0,0,0,0,NIDRProblemDescDB::method_str_final, 
  "truth_surrogate_bypass",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(true,surrBasedLocalLayerBypass) 
}

KeyWord kw_332[4]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  0,0,1,0,0,0,kw_27, 
  "final_point",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,finalPoint), 
  "num_steps",9,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(int,numSteps), 
  "step_vector",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,stepVector) 
}

KeyWord kw_334[1]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "optional_interface_responses_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(str,optionalInterfRespPointer) 
}

KeyWord kw_335[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "master",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,subMethodSchedulingMASTER_SCHEDULING), 
  "peer",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(type,subMethodSchedulingPEER_SCHEDULING) 
}

KeyWord kw_336[7]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "iterator_scheduling",8,2,2,0,kw_335, 
  "iterator_servers",0x19,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(pint,subMethodServers), 
  "primary_response_mapping",14,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,primaryRespCoeffs), 
  "primary_variable_mapping",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,primaryVarMaps), 
  "processors_per_iterator",0x19,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(pint,subMethodProcs), 
  "secondary_response_mapping",14,0,7,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(RealDL,secondaryRespCoeffs), 
  "secondary_variable_mapping",15,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_mdm(strL,secondaryVarMaps) 
}
KeyWord kw_337[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"optional_interface_pointer",11,1,0,kw_334,0,0,0,N\_mem(str,interfacePointer)},
    {"sub_method_pointer",11,7,2,1,kw_136,0,0,0,N\_mem(str,subMethodPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_338[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"interface_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(str,interfacePointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_339[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"eval_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(augment\_utype,importChallengeFormat\_TABULAR\_EVAL\_ID)},
    {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(augment\_utype,importChallengeFormat\_TABULAR\_HEADER)},
    {"interface_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(augment\_utype,importChallengeFormat\_TABULAR\_IFACE\_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_340[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"active\_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(true,importChallengeActive)},
    {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(utype,importChallengeFormat\_TABULAR\_ANNOTATED)},
    {"custom\_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_339,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(utype,importChallengeFormat\_TABULAR\_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_341[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"additive",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(type,approxCorrectionType\_ADDITIVE\_CORRECTION)},
    {"combined",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(type,approxCorrectionType\_COMBINED\_CORRECTION)},
    {"first\_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(order,approxCorrectionOrder\_1)},
    {"multiplicative",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(type,approxCorrectionType\_MULTIPLICATIVE\_CORRECTION)},
    {"second\_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(order,approxCorrectionOrder\_2)},
    {"zeroth\_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(order,approxCorrectionOrder\_0)}
}

KeyWord kw_342[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"folds",9,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(int,numFolds)}
    {"percent",10,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mem(Real,percentFold)}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_343[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "cross_validation", 8, 2, 1, 0, kw_342, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, crossValidateFlag),
    "press", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, pressFlag)
}

KeyWord kw_344[2]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "gradient_threshold", 10, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(Real, discontinGradThresh),
    "jump_threshold", 10, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(Real, discontinJumpThresh)
}

KeyWord kw_345[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "cell_type", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, decompCellType),
    "discontinuity_detection", 8, 2, 0, kw_344, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, decompDiscontDetect),
    "support_layers", 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(int, decompSupportLayers)
}

KeyWord kw_346[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "eval_id", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
    "header", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_HEADER),
    "interface_id", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(augment_utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_IFACE_ID)
}

KeyWord kw_347[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "annotated", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULAR_ANNOTATED),
    "custom.annotated", 8, 3, 1, 0, kw_346, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULARNONE),
    "freeform", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(utype, exportApproxFormat_TABULARNONE)
}

KeyWord kw_348[3]  [static]
Initial value:
= {
    "constant", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, trendOrder_constant),
    "linear", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, trendOrder_linear),
    "reduced_quadratic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, trendOrder_reduced_quadratic)
}
KeyWord kw_349[2] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"point_selection",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(true,pointSelection)},
    {"trend",8,3,2,0,kw_348}
}
```

KeyWord kw_350[4] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"algebraic_console",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(augment_utype,
        modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_CONSOLE)},
    {"algebraic_file",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(augment_utype,modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_FILE)},
    {"binary_archive",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(augment_utype,modelExportFormat_BINARY_ARCHIVE)},
    {"text_archive",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(augment_utype,modelExportFormat_TEXT_ARCHIVE)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_351[2] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"filename_prefix",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(str,modelExportPrefix)},
    {"formats",8,4,2,1,kw_350}
}
```

KeyWord kw_352[4] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"constant",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmom(lit,trendOrder_constant)},
    {"linear",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmom(lit,trendOrder_linear)},
    {"quadratic",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmom(lit,trendOrder_quadratic)},
    {"reduced_quadratic",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,Nmom(lit,trendOrder_reduced_quadratic)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_353[7] [static]
Initial value:

```csharp
= {
    {"correlation_lengths",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(RealDL,krigingCorrelations)},
    {"export_model",8,2,6,0,kw_351,0,0,0,Nmom(true,exportSurrogate)},
    {"find_nugget",9,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(shint,krigingFindNugget)},
    {"max_trials",0x19,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(shint,krigingMaxTrials)},
    {"nugget",0x1a,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(Real,krigingNugget)},
    {"optimization_method",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,Nmom(str,krigingOptMethod)},
    {"trend",8,4,1,0,kw_352}
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_354[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"dakota",8,2,1,1,kw_349,0,0,0,N\_mom(lit,surrogateType,global,gaussian)},
  {"surfpack",8,7,1,1,kw_353,0,0,0,N\_mom(lit,surrogateType,global,kriging)}
}

KeyWord kw_355[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"eval\_id",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(augment\_utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_AR\_EVAL\_ID)},
  {"header",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(augment\_utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_HEADER)},
  {"interface\_id",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(augment\_utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_INTERFACE\_ID)}
}

KeyWord kw_356[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"active\_only",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(true,import\_Build\_Active)},
  {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_ANNOTATED)},
  {"custom\_annotated",8,3,1,0,kw_355,0,0,0,N\_mom(utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_NONE)},
  {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(utype,import\_Build\_Format\_TABLE\_NONE)}
}

KeyWord kw_357[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"binary\_archive",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(augment\_utype,model\_Export\_Format\_BINARY\_ARCHIVE)},
  {"text\_archive",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(augment\_utype,model\_Export\_Format\_TEXT\_ARCHIVE)}
}

KeyWord kw_358[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename\_prefix",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(str,model\_Export\_Prefix)}
}

KeyWord kw_359[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"cubic",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(lit,mars\_Interpolation\_cubic)},
  {"linear",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N\_mom(lit,mars\_Interpolation\_linear)}
}
KeyWord kw_360[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"export_model",8,2,3,0,kw_358,0..0..0,N\_mom\{true,exportSurrogate\}},
  {"interpolation",8,2,2,0,kw_359},
  {"max\_bases",9,0,1,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{shint,marsMaxBases\}}
}

KeyWord kw_361[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"binary\_archive",8,0,2,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,modelExportFormat\_BINARY\_ARCHIVE\}},
  {"text\_archive",8,0,1,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,modelExportFormat\_TEXT\_ARCHIVE\}}
}

KeyWord kw_362[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename\_prefix",11,0,1,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{str,modelExportPrefix\}},
  {"formats",8,2,2,1,kw_361}
}

KeyWord kw_363[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"basis\_order",0x29,0,1,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{shint,polynomialOrder\}},
  {"export_model",8,2,3,0,kw_362,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{true,exportSurrogate\}},
  {"poly\_order",0x26,0,1,0,0..0..0..0..0,-2,N\_mom\{shint,polynomialOrder\}},
  {"weight\_function",9,0,2,0,0..0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{shint,mlsWeightFunction\}}
}

KeyWord kw_364[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"algebraic\_console",8,0,4,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,
modelExportFormat\_ALGEBRAIC\_CONSOLE\}}},
  {"algebraic\_file",8,0,3,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,modelExportFormat\_ALGEBRAIC\_FILE\}}},
  {"binary\_archive",8,0,2,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,modelExportFormat\_BINARY\_ARCHIVE\}}},
  {"text\_archive",8,0,1,0,0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{augment\_utype,modelExportFormat\_TEXT\_ARCHIVE\}}
}

KeyWord kw_365[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"filename\_prefix",11,0,1,0,0..0..0..0..0,N\_mom\{str,modelExportPrefix\}},
  {"formats",8,4,2,1,kw_364}
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_366[5] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"export_model", 8, 2, 4, 0, kw_365, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[true, exportSurrogate]},
  {"max_nodes", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[shint, annNodes]},
  {"nodes", 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, -1, N_mom[shint, annNodes]},
  {"random_weight", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[shint, annRandomWeight]},
  {"range", 10, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[Real, annRange]}
}

KeyWord kw_367[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"algebraic_console", 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_CONSOLE]},
  {"algebraic_file", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_FILE]},
  {"binary_archive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_BINARY_ARCHIVE]},
  {"text_archive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_TEXT_ARCHIVE]}
}

KeyWord kw_368[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"filename_prefix", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[str, modelExportPrefix]},
  {"formats", 8, 4, 2, 1, kw_367}
}

KeyWord kw_369[5] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"basis_order", 0x29, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[shint, polynomialOrder]},
  {"cubic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[order, polynomialOrder_3]},
  {"export_model", 8, 2, 2, 0, kw_368, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[true, exportSurrogate]},
  {"linear", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[order, polynomialOrder_1]},
  {"quadratic", 8, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[order, polynomialOrder_2]}
}

KeyWord kw_370[4] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"algebraic_console", 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_CONSOLE]},
  {"algebraic_file", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_ALGEBRAIC_FILE]},
  {"binary_archive", 8, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_BINARY_ARCHIVE]},
  {"text_archive", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_mom[augment_utype, modelExportFormat_TEXT_ARCHIVE]}
}
KeyWord kw_371[2]  [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "filename_prefix", 11, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, modelExportPrefix),
    "formats", 8, 4, 2, 1, kw_370
}
```

KeyWord kw_372[5]  [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "bases", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(shint, rbfBases),
    "export_model", 8, 2, 5, 0, kw_371, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, exportSurrogate),
    "max_pts", 9, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(shint, rbfMaxPts),
    "max_subsets", 9, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(shint, rbfMaxSubsets),
    "min_partition", 9, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(shint, rbfMinPartition)
}
```

KeyWord kw_373[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "all", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, approxPointReuse_all),
    "none", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, approxPointReuse_none),
    "region", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, approxPointReuse_region)
}
```

KeyWord kw_374[26]  [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
    "actual_model_pointer", 11, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, truthModelPointer),
    "challenge_points_file", 3, 4, 11, 0, kw_340, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, importChallengePtsFile),
    "correction", 8, 6, 9, 0, kw_341,
    "dace_method_pointer", 11, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, subMethodPointer),
    "diagnostics", 7, 2, 10, 0, kw_343, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(strL, diagMetrics),
    "domain_decomposition", 8, 3, 2, 0, kw_345, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, domainDecomp),
    "export_approx_points_file", 11, 3, 7, 0, kw_347, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
    "export_points_file", 3, 3, 7, 0, kw_347, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, exportApproxPtsFile),
    "gaussian_process", 8, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_gaussian_process),
    "import_build_points_file", 11, 4, 6, 0, kw_356, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "import_challenge_points_file", 11, 4, 12, 0, kw_356, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, importChallengePtsFile),
    "import_points_file", 3, 4, 6, 0, kw_356, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "kriging", 0, 2, 1, 1, kw_345, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_kriging),
    "mars", 8, 3, 1, 1, kw_360, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_mars),
    "metrics", 15, 2, 10, 0, kw_343, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(strL, diagMetrics),
    "minimum_points", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(type, pointsManagement_MINIMUM_POINTS),
    "moving_least_squares", 8, 4, 1, 1, kw_363, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_moving_least_squares),
    "neural_network", 8, 5, 1, 1, kw_366, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_neural_network),
    "polynomial", 8, 5, 1, 1, kw_369, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_polynomial),
    "radial_basis", 8, 5, 1, 1, kw_370, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(lit, surrogateType_global_radial_basis),
    "recommended_points", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(type, pointsManagement_RECOMMENDED_POINTS),
    "reuse_points", 8, 3, 5, 0, kw_373,
    "samples_file", 3, 4, 6, 0, kw_356, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(str, importBuildPtsFile),
    "total_points", 9, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(int, pointsTotal),
    "use_derivatives", 8, 0, 8, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, Nmom(true, modelUseDerivsFlag)
}
```
KeyWord kw_375[6] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"additive",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,N_mom(type,approxCorrectionType_ADDITIVE,CORRECTION)},
  {"combined",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,N_mom(type,approxCorrectionType_COMBINED,CORRECTION)},
  {"first_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(order,approxCorrectionOrder_1)},
  {"multiplicative",8,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,N_mom(type,approxCorrectionType_MULTIPLICATIVE,CORRECTION)},
  {"second_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(order,approxCorrectionOrder_2)},
  {"zeroth_order",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(order,approxCorrectionOrder_0)}
}

KeyWord kw_376[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"correction",8,6,3,3,kw_375},
  {"high_fidelity_model_pointer",11,0,2,0,0,0,0,N_mom(str,truthModelPointer)},
  {"low_fidelity_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(str,lowFidelityModelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_377[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"actual_model_pointer",11,0,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(str,truthModelPointer)}
}

KeyWord kw_378[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_377},
  {"taylor_series",8,0,1,1}
}

KeyWord kw_379[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {0,0,1,0,0,kw_377},
  {"tana",8,0,1,1}
}

KeyWord kw_380[5] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  {"global",8,26,2,1,kw_374},
  {"hierarchical",8,3,2,1,kw_376,0,0,0,N_mom(lit,surrogateType_hierarchical)},
  {"id_surrogates",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,N_mom(intsetm1,surrogateFnIndices)},
  {"local",8,1,2,1,kw_378,0,0,0,N_mom(lit,surrogateTypeLocal_taylor)},
  {"multipoint",8,1,2,1,kw_379,0,0,0,N_mom(lit,surrogateTypeMultipoint_tana)}
}
KeyWord kw_381[7]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   "hierarchical_tagging",8,0,4,0,0,,0,N,mom(true,hierarchicalTags),
   "id_model",11,0,1,0,0,,0,N,mom(str,idModel),
   "nested",8,2,5,1,kw337,0,,0,N,mom(lit,modelType_nested),
   "responses_pointer",11,0,3,0,0,,0,N,mom(str,responsesPointer),
   "single",8,1,5,1,kw338,0,,0,N,mom(lit,modelType_single),
   "surrogate",8,5,5,1,kw380,0,,0,N,mom(lit,modelType_surrogate),
   "variables_pointer",11,0,2,0,0,,0,N,mom(str,variablesPointer)
}

KeyWord kw_382[2]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   "exp_id",8,0,2,0,0,,0,N,rem(augment,utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
   "header",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,rem(augment,utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)
}

KeyWord kw_383[3]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   "annotated",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,rem(utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_EXPER_ANNOT),
   "custom_annotated",8,2,1,0,kw382,0,,0,N,rem(utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_NONE),
   "freeform",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,rem(utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_NONE)
}

KeyWord kw_384[5]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   "interpolate",8,0,5,0,0,,0,N,rem(true,interpolateFlag),
   "num_config_variables",0x29,0,2,0,0,,0,N,rem(sizet,numExpConfigVars),
   "num_experiments",0x29,0,1,0,0,,0,N,rem(sizet,numExperiments),
   "scalar_data_file",11,3,4,0,kw383,0,,0,N,rem(str,scalarDataFileName),
   "variance_type",0x80f,0,3,0,0,,0,N,rem(strL,varianceType)
}

KeyWord kw_385[2]  [static]

Initial value:

= {
   "exp_id",8,0,2,0,0,,0,N,rem(augment,utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_EVAL_ID),
   "header",8,0,1,0,0,,0,N,rem(augment,utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR_HEADER)
}
KeyWord kw_386[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
   {"annotated",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,N,rem{utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR,EXPER,ANNOT}},
   {"custom_annotated",8,2,1,kw_385,0,0,0,0,N,rem{utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR,NONE}},
   {"freeform",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{utype,scalarDataFormat_TABULAR,NONE}},
   {"num_config_variables",0x29,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{sizet,numExpConfigVars}},
   {"num_experiments",0x29,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{sizet,numExperiments}},
   {"variance_type",0x80f,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{strL,varianceType}}
}
```

KeyWord kw_387[3]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
   {"lengths",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,N,rem{ivec,fieldLengths}},
   {"num_coordinates_per_field",13,0,2,0,0,0,0,N,rem{ivec,numCoordsPerField}},
   {"read_field_coordinates",8,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{true,readFieldCoords}}
}
```

KeyWord kw_388[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
   {"nonlinear_inequality_scale_types",0x807,0,2,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{strL,nonlinearEqScaleTypes}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_scales",0x806,0,3,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearEqScales}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_targets",6,0,1,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearEqTargets}},
   {"scale_types",0x80f,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{strL,nonlinearEqScaleTypes}},
   {"scales",0x80e,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearEqScales}},
   {"targets",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearEqTargets}}
}
```

KeyWord kw_389[8]  [static]
Initial value:

```c
= {
   {"lower_bounds",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqLowerBnds}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_lower_bounds",6,0,1,0,0,0,0,-1,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqLowerBnds}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_scale_types",0x807,0,3,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{strL,nonlinearIneqScaleTypes}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_scales",0x806,0,4,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqScales}},
   {"nonlinear_inequality_upper_bounds",6,0,2,0,0,0,0,3,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqUpperBnds}},
   {"scale_types",0x80f,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{strL,nonlinearIneqScaleTypes}},
   {"scales",0x80e,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqScales}},
   {"upper_bounds",14,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem{RealDL,nonlinearIneqUpperBnds}}
}
```
KeyWord kw_390[18] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  /*calibration_data","8,5,6,0,kw_384,0,0,0,0,N,rem(true,calibrationDataFlag)*/,
  /*calibration_data_file","11,6,6,0,kw_386,0,0,0,0,N,rem(str,scalarDataFileName)*/,
  /*field_calibration_terms","0x807,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,12,N,rem(stl,primaryRespFnScaleTypes)*/
  /*least_squares_data_file","3,6,6,0,kw_386,0,0,0,0,N,rem(str,scalarDataFileName)*/,
  /*least_squares_term_scale_types","0x807,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,7,N,rem(stl,primaryRespFnScaleTypes)*/,
  /*least_squares_term_scales","0x806,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,7,N,rem(RealDL,primaryRespFnScales)*/
  /*least_squares_weights","6,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,8,N,rem(RealDL,primaryRespFnWeights)*/,
  /*num_nonlinear_eq_constraints","0x21,6,8,0,kw_388,0,0,0,0,N,rem(sizet,numNonlinearEqConstraints)*/,
  /*num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints","0x21,8,7,0,kw_389,0,0,0,0,N,rem(sizet,numNonlinearIneqConstraints)*/,
  /*primary_scale_types","0x80f,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(strL,primaryRespFnScaleTypes)*/,
  /*primary_scales","0x80e,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(RealDL,primaryRespFnScales)*/,
  /*scalar_calibration_terms","0x29,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(sizet,numScalarLeastSqTerms)*/,
  /*weights","14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(RealDL,primaryRespFnScales)*/
}

KeyWord kw_391[4] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "absolute",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,fdGradStepType_absolute),
  "bounds",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,fdGradStepType_bounds),
  "ignore_bounds",8,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(true,ignoreBounds),
  "relative",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,fdGradStepType_relative)*/

KeyWord kw_392[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  "central",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,intervalType_central),
  "dakota",8,4,2,0,kw_391,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,methodSource_dakota),
  "fd_gradient_step_size",6,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,1,N,rem(RealL,fdGradStepSize),
  "fd_step_size",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(RealL,fdGradStepSize),
  "forward",8,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,intervalType_forward),
  "interval_type",8,0,3),
  "method_source",8,0,1),
  "vendor",8,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(lit,methodSource_vendor)*/

KeyWord kw_393[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  0,8,0,0,kw_392),
  "id_analytic_gradients","13,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(intset,idAnalyticGrads),
  "id_numerical_gradients","13,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,rem(intset,idNumericalGrads)*/
KeyWord kw_394[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"fdhessian_step_size":6,0,1,0,0,0,,1,N_rem(RealL,fdHessStepSize)},
  {"fdstep":14,0,1,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(RealL,fdHessStepSize)}
}

KeyWord kw_395[1] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"damped":8,0,1,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,damped,bfgs)}
}

KeyWord kw_396[2] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"bfgs":8,1,1,1,kw_395,0,,0,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,bfgs)},
  {"sr1":8,0,1,1,0,0,,0,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,sr1)}
}

KeyWord kw_397[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"absolute":8,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,absolute)},
  {"bounds":8,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,bounds)},
  {"central":8,0,3,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(true,centralHess)},
  {"forward":8,0,3,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(false,centralHess)},
  {"id_analytic_hessians":13,0,5,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(intset,idAnalyticHessians)},
  {"id_numerical_hessians":13,2,1,0,kw_394,0,,0,N_rem(intset,idNumericalHessians)},
  {"id_quasi_hessians":13,2,4,0,kw_396,0,,0,N_rem(intset,idQuasiHessians)},
  {"relative":8,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,relative)}
}

KeyWord kw_398[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"lengths":13,0,1,1,0,0,,0,N_rem(ivec,fieldLengths)},
  {"num_coordinates_per_field":13,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(ivec,numCoordsPerField)},
  {"read_field_coordinates":8,0,3,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(true,readFieldCoords)}
}

KeyWord kw_399[6] [static]
Initial value:
= {
  {"nonlinear_equality_scale_types":8x807,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(strL,nonlinearEqScaleTypes)},
  {"nonlinear_equality_scales":8x806,0,3,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(RealDl,nonlinearEqScales)},
  {"nonlinear_equality_targets":6,0,1,0,0,0,,3,N_rem(RealDl,nonlinearEqTargets)},
  {"scale_types":8x805,0,2,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(strL,nonlinearEqScaleTypes)},
  {"scales":8x804,0,3,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(RealDl,nonlinearEqScales)},
  {"targets":14,0,1,0,0,0,,0,N_rem(RealDl,nonlinearEqTargets)}
}
### KeyWord kw\_400[8] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
Initial value:
= {
  "lower_bounds", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqLowerBnds),
  "nonlinear_inequality_lower_bounds", 6, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqLowerBnds)
},
"nonlinear_inequality_scale_types", 0x807, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N_rem(strL, nonlinearIneqScaleTypes),
"nonlinear_inequality_scales", 0x806, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqScales),
"nonlinear_inequality_upper_bounds", 6, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqUpperBnds)
},
"scale_types", 0x80f, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(strL, nonlinearIneqScaleTypes),
"scales", 0x80e, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqScales),
"upper_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(RealDL, nonlinearIneqUpperBnds)
```

### KeyWord kw\_401[15] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
Initial value:
= {
  "field_objectives", 0x29, 3, 8, 0, kw\_398, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numFieldObjectiveFunctions),
  "multi_objective_weights", 6, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 13, N_rem(RealDL, primaryRespFnWeights),
  "nonlinear_equality_constraints", 0x29, 6, 0, kw\_399, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numNonlinearEqConstraints),
  "nonlinear_inequality_constraints", 0x29, 8, 5, 0, kw\_400, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numNonlinearIneqConstraints),
  "num_field_objectives", 0x21, 3, 8, 0, kw\_398, 0, 0, 0, -4, N_rem(sizet, numFieldObjectiveFunctions),
  "num_nonlinear_equality_constraints", 0x21, 6, 0, kw\_399, 0, 0, 0, -3, N_rem(sizet, numNonlinearEqConstraints),
  "num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints", 0x21, 8, 5, 0, kw\_400, 0, 0, 0, -3, N_rem(sizet, numNonlinearIneqConstraints),
  "num_scalar_objectives", 0x21, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 5, N_rem(sizet, numScalarObjectiveFunctions),
  "objective_function_scale_types", 0x807, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, N_rem(strL, primaryRespFnScaleTypes),
  "objective_function_scales", 0x806, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, N_rem(RealDL, primaryRespFnScales),
  "primary_scale_types", 0x80f, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(strL, primaryRespFnScaleTypes),
  "primary_scales", 0x80e, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(RealDL, primaryRespFnScales),
  "scalar_objectives", 0x29, 0, 7, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numScalarObjectiveFunctions),
  "weights", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(RealDL, primaryRespFnWeights)
}
```

### KeyWord kw\_402[3] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
Initial value:
= {
  "lengths", 13, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(ivec, fieldlengths),
  "num_coordinates_per_field", 13, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(ivec, numCoordsPerField),
  "read_field_coordinates", 8, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(true, readFieldCoords)
}
```

### KeyWord kw\_403[4] [static]

Initial value:

```plaintext
Initial value:
= {
  "field_responses", 0x29, 3, 2, 0, kw\_402, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numFieldResponseFunctions),
  "num_field_responses", 0x21, 3, 2, 0, kw\_402, 0, 0, -1, N_rem(sizet, numFieldResponseFunctions),
  "num_scalar_responses", 0x21, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, N_rem(sizet, numScalarResponseFunctions),
  "scalar_responses", 0x29, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_rem(sizet, numScalarResponseFunctions)
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_404[7]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "absolute",8,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,absolute)},
    "bounds",8,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,bounds)},
    "central",8,0,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(true,centralHess)},
    "fd_hessian_step_size",6,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(RealL,fdHessStepSize)},
    "fd_step_size",14,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(RealL,fdHessStepSize)},
    "forward",8,0,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(false,centralHess)},
    "relative",8,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,fdHessStepType,relative)}

KeyWord kw_405[1]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "damped",8,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,damped_bfgs)}

KeyWord kw_406[2]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "bfgs",8,1,1,1,kw_405,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,bfgs)},
    "sr1",8,0,1,1,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,quasiHessianType,sr1)}

KeyWord kw_407[19]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
    "analytic_gradients",8,0,4,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,gradientType,analytic)},
    "analytic_hessians",8,0,5,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,hessianType,analytic)},
    "calibration_terms",0x29,18,3,1,kw_390,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(sizet,numLeastSqTerms)},
    "descriptors",15,0,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(strL,responseLabels)},
    "id_responses",11,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(strL,idResponses)},
    "least_squares_terms",0x21,18,3,1,kw_390,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(sizet,numLeastSqTerms)},
    "mixed_gradients",8,2,4,2,kw_391,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,gradientType,mixed)},
    "mixed_hessians",8,8,5,3,kw_397,0.,0.,0.,0.,N_rem(lit,hessianType,mixed)},
KeyWord kw_408[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"aleatory",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,ALEATORY,UNCERTAIN_VIEW)},
    {"all",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,ALL_VIEW)},
    {"design",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,DESIGN_VIEW)},
    {"epistemic",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,EPISTEMIC,UNCERTAIN_VIEW)},
    {"state",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,STATE_VIEW)},
    {"uncertain",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,UNCERTAIN_VIEW)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_409[11]  [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(RealLb,betaUncAlphas)},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(RealLb,betaUncBetas)},
    {"buv_alphas",6,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(RealLb,betaUncAlphas)},
    {"buv_betas",6,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(RealLb,betaUncBetas)},
    {"buv_lower_bounds",6,0,3,3,0,0,0,0,0,4,NVam(rvec,betaUncLowerBnds)},
    {"buv_upper_bounds",6,0,4,4,0,0,0,0,0,4,NVam(rvec,betaUncUpperBnds)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,betaUncVars)},
    {"lower_bounds",14,0,3,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,betaUncLowerBnds)},
    {"probability_per_trial",14,0,4,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,betaUncUpperBnds)}
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(dauilbl,DAUIVar,binomial)},
    {"num_trials",13,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(RealLb,binomialUncNumTrials)},
    {"probability_per_trial",14,0,4,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,binomialUncProbPerTrial)},
    {"probability_per_trial",14,0,4,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,binomialUncProbPerTrial)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_410[5]  [static]
Initial value:

```
= {
    {"cdv_descriptors",7,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,6,NVam(strL,continuousDesignScaleTypes)},
    {"cdv_initial_point",6,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignVars)},
    {"cdv_lower_bounds",6,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignLowerBnds)},
    {"cdv_scales",0x806,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignScales)},
    {"cdv_upper_bounds",6,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignUpperBnds)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignVars)},
    {"lower_bounds",14,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignLowerBnds)},
    {"scale_types",0x80f,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(strL,continuousDesignScaleTypes)},
    {"scales",0x806,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(rvec,continuousDesignScales)},
    {"uncertain",8,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,NVam(type,varsView,UNCERTAIN_VIEW)}
}
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_412[10] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"descriptors",15,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(ceulbl,CEUVar_interval)},
    {"interval_probabilities",14,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newrvec,Var_Info_CIp)},
    {"interval_probs",6,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newrvec,Var_Info_CIp)},
    {"iuv_descriptors",7,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ceulbl,CEUVar_interval)},
    {"iuv_intervals",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newarray,Var_Info_CI)},
    {"lower_bounds",14,0,3,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newrvec,Var_Info_CIlb)},
    {"upper_bounds",14,0,4,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newrvec,Var_Info_CIub)}
}

KeyWord kw_413[8] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"csv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(strL,continuousStateLabels)},
    {"csv_initial_state",6,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateVars)},
    {"csv_lower_bounds",6,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateLowerBnds)},
    {"csv_upper_bounds",6,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateUpperBnds)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(strL,continuousStateLabels)},
    {"initial_state",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateVars)},
    {"lower_bounds",14,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateLowerBnds)},
    {"upper_bounds",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,continuousStateUpperBnds)}
}

KeyWord kw_414[8] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"ddv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(strL,discreteDesignRangeLabels)},
    {"ddv_initial_point",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeVars)},
    {"ddv_lower_bounds",5,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeLowerBnds)},
    {"ddv_upper_bounds",5,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeUpperBnds)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(strL,discreteDesignRangeLabels)},
    {"initial_point",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeVars)},
    {"lower_bounds",13,0,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeLowerBnds)},
    {"upper_bounds",13,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(ivec,discreteDesignRangeUpperBnds)}
}

KeyWord kw_415[1] [static]

Initial value:

= {
    {"adjacency_matrix",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newivec,Var_Info_Adj)}
}
KeyWord kw_416[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
   {"categorical",15,1,3,0,kw_415,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(categorical,discreteDesignSetIntCat)},
   {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(strL,discreteDesignSetIntLabels)},
   {"elements",13,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newivec,Var_Info_ddsi)},
   {"elements_per_variable",0x8dd,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dddsi)},
   {"initial_point",13,0,4,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(ivec,discreteDesignSetIntVars)},
   {"num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,-2,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dddsi)},
   {"set_values",5,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,-4,N_vam(newivec,Var_Info_dddsi)}
}

KeyWord kw_417[1] [static]
Initial value:

= {
   {"adjacency_matrix",13,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newivec,Var_Info_ddsra)}
}

KeyWord kw_418[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
   {"categorical",15,1,3,0,kw_417,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(categorical,discreteDesignSetRealCat)},
   {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(strL,discreteDesignSetRealLabels)},
   {"elements",14,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_ddsr)},
   {"elements_per_variable",0x8dd,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dddsr)},
   {"initial_point",14,0,4,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(rvec,discreteDesignSetRealVars)},
   {"num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,-2,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dddsr)},
   {"set_values",6,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,-4,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_ddsra)}
}

KeyWord kw_419[7] [static]
Initial value:

= {
   {"adjacency_matrix",13,0,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_ddss)},
   {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(strL,discreteDesignSetStrLabels)},
   {"elements",15,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_ddss)},
   {"elements_per_variable",0x8dd,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_ddds)},
   {"initial_point",15,0,4,0,0.,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(array,discreteDesignSetStrVars)},
   {"num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,-2,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_ddds)},
   {"set_values",7,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,-4,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_ddss)}
}

KeyWord kw_420[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
   {"integer",0x19,7,1,0,kw_416,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteDesSetIntVars)},
   {"real",0x19,7,3,0,kw_418,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteDesSetRealVars)},
   {"string",0x19,7,2,0,kw_419,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteDesSetStrVars)}
}
KeyWord kw.421[9]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "dsr_descriptors", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "dsr_initial_state", 5, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeVars)),
  "dsr_lower_bounds", 5, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeLowerBnds)),
  "dsr_upper_bounds", 5, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeUpperBnds)),
  "lower_bounds", 13, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeLowerBnds)),
  "upper_bounds", 13, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeUpperBnds))
}

KeyWord kw.422[8]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "dsv_descriptors", 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "dsv_initial_state", 5, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeVars)),
  "dsv_lower_bounds", 5, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeLowerBnds)),
  "dsv_upper_bounds", 5, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateRangeUpperBnds)),
  "initial_state", 13, 0, 4, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(newivec, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "lower_bounds", 13, 0, 4, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(newivec, discreteStateRangeLabels)),
  "upper_bounds", 13, 0, 4, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(newivec, discreteStateRangeLabels))
}

KeyWord kw.423[7]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "categorical", 15, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(categorical, discreteStateSetIntCat)),
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateSetIntLabels)),
  "elements", 13, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(newivec, discreteStateSetIntVars)),
  "elements_per_variable", 0x80d, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(newiarray, Var_Info_dssi)),
  "initial_state", 13, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateSetIntVars)),
  "num_set_values", 0x805, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -2, N, vam(newiarray, Var_Info_dssi)),
  "set_values", 5, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, N, vam(newivec, Var_Info_dssi))
}

KeyWord kw.424[7]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "categorical", 15, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(categorical, discreteStateSetRealCat)),
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(strL, discreteStateSetRealLabels)),
  "elements", 14, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(newrvec, discreteStateSetRealVars)),
  "elements_per_variable", 0x80d, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, N, vam(newiarray, Var_Info_dsrs)),
  "initial_state", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N, vam(ivec, discreteStateSetRealVars)),
  "num_set_values", 0x805, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -2, N, vam(newiarray, Var_Info_dsrs)),
  "set_values", 6, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, N, vam(newrvec, Var_Info_dsrs))
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

KeyWord kw_425[6]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(strl_discreteStateSetStrLabels),
  "elements",15,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_dsvd),
  "initial_state",15,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(strl_discreteStateSetStrVars),
  "num_set_values",0x805,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_dsssd),
  "set_values",7,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_dsssd)
}

KeyWord kw_426[3]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "integer",0x19,7,1,0,kw_423,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteStateSetIntVars),
  "real",0x19,7,1,0,kw_424,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteStateSetRealVars),
  "string",0x19,6,2,0,kw_425,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numDiscreteStateSetStrVars)
}

KeyWord kw_427[9]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "categorical",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(categorical,discreteUncSetIntCat),
  "descriptors",15,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_vae(deucll,DEUIVar_set_int),
  "elements",13,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newivec,Var_Info_dusi),
  "elements_per_variable",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dusi),
  "initial_point",13,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(ivec,discreteUncSetIntVars),
  "num_set_values",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_dusi),
  "set_probabilities",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_DSIp),
  "set_probs",6,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,-1,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_DSIp),
  "set_values",5,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,-6,N_vam(newvec,Var_Info_dusi)
}

KeyWord kw_428[9]  [static]
Initial value:

= {
  "categorical",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(categorical,discreteUncSetRealCat),
  "descriptors",15,0,6,0,0,0,0,0,N_vae(deurbl,DEURVar_set_real),
  "elements",14,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_dusr),
  "elements_per_variable",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_dusr),
  "initial_point",14,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(rvec,discreteUncSetRealVars),
  "num_set_values",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_dusr),
  "set_probabilities",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_DSRp),
  "set_probs",6,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,-1,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_DSRp),
  "set_values",6,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,-6,N_vam(newvec,Var_Info_dusr)
}
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

KeyWord kw_429[8] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(Deuslbl,DEUSVar,meta_set)},
    {"elements",15,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newarray,Var,info_duss)},
    {"initial_point",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(strl,discreteUncSetStrVars)},
    {"num_set_values",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newarray,Var,info_duss)},
    {"set_probs",6,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newrvec,Var,info_DSSp)},
    {"set_values",7,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(newarray,Var,info_duss)}
}

KeyWord kw_430[3] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"integer",0x19,9,1,0,kw_427,0,0,0,0,N,vam(pintz,numDiscreteUncSetIntVars)},
    {"real",0x19,9,3,0,kw_428,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(pintz,numDiscreteUncSetRealVars)},
    {"string",0x19,8,2,0,kw_429,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(pintz,numDiscreteUncSetStrVars)}
}

KeyWord kw_431[5] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,frechetUncAlphas)},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,frechetUncBetas)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,frechet)},
    {"fuv_alphas",6,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,frechetUncAlphas)},
    {"fuv_betas",6,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,frechetUncBetas)},
    {"fuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,frechet)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,frechetUncVars)}
}

KeyWord kw_432[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gammaUncAlphas)},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,gammaUncBetas)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,gamma)},
    {"gauss_alphas",6,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gammaUncAlphas)},
    {"gauss_betas",6,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,gammaUncBetas)},
    {"gauss_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,gamma)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gammaUncVars)}
}

KeyWord kw_433[7] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gaussianUncAlphas)},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,gaussianUncBetas)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,gaussian)},
    {"gauss_alphas",6,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gaussianUncAlphas)},
    {"gauss_betas",6,0,2,2,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(rvec,gaussianUncBetas)},
    {"gauss_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vae(caulbl,CAUVar,gaussian)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N,vam(RealLb,gaussianUncVars)}
}
KeyWord kw_434[4]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"descriptors":15,0,3,0,0,0.,0,0,N_vam(dauilbl,DAUIVar_geometric)},
    {"prob_per_trial":6,0,1,1,0,0.,0,0.,0,1,N_vam(rvec,geometricUncProbPerTrial)},
    {"probability_per_trial":14,0,1,1,0,0.,0,0.,0,0,N_vam(rvec,geometricUncProbPerTrial)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_435[7]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"alphas",14,0,1,1,0,0.,0,0,N_vam(RealLb,gumbelUncAlphas)},
    {"betas",14,0,2,2,0.,0,0,0,N_vam(rvec,gumbelUncBetas)},
    {"guuv_alphas",6,0,1,1,0,0.,0,0,-3,N_vam(RealLb,gumbelUncAlphas)},
    {"guuv_betas",6,0,2,2,0,0.,0,-3,N_vam(rvec,gumbelUncBetas)},
    {"guuv_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,-3,N_vam(caulbl,CAUVar_gumbel)},
    {"initial_point",14,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(rvec,gumbelUncVars)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_436[11]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"abscissas",14,0,2,1,0,0.,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hba)},
    {"counts",14,0,3,2,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hbc)},
    {"huv_bin_abscissas",6,0,6,1,0,0,0,0,-3,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hba)},
    {"huv_bin_counts",6,0,3,2,0,0,0,0,-3,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hbc)},
    {"huv_bin_descriptors",7,0,4,0,0,0,0,-3,N_vam(caulbl,CAUVar_histogram_bin)},
    {"huv_bin_ordinates",6,0,3,2,0,0,0,0,3,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hbo)},
    {"huv_bin_pairs",5,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,2,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_nhbp)},
    {"ordinates",14,0,3,2,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hbo)},
    {"pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_nhbp)}
}
```

KeyWord kw_437[6]  [static]
Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    {"abscissas",13,0,2,1,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hpia)},
    {"counts",14,0,3,2,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hplic)},
    {"descriptors",15,0,5,0,0,0,0,0,N_vae(dauilbl,DAUIVar_histogram_point_int)},
    {"initial_point",13,0,4,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(rvec,histogramPointIntUncVars)},
    {"num_pairs",5,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_nhpip)},
    {"pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,N_vam(newarray,Var_Info_nhpip)}
}
```
KeyWord kw_438[6] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {
        "abscissas",14,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_histra)
    },
    {
        "counts",14,0,3,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_histrpc)
    },
    {
        "descriptors",15,0,5,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(dauilbl,DAUIVar_histogram_point_real)
    },
    {
        "initial_point",14,0,4,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(rvec,histogramPointRealUncVars)
    },
    {
        "num_pairs",5,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,1,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_nhprp)
    },
    {
        "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_nhprp)
    }
}

KeyWord kw_439[6] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {
        "abscissas",15,0,2,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hpsa)
    },
    {
        "counts",14,0,3,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newrvec,Var_Info_hpsc)
    },
    {
        "descriptors",15,0,5,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(dauilbl,DAUIVar_histogram_point_str)
    },
    {
        "initial_point",15,0,4,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(strL,histogramPointStrUncVars)
    },
    {
        "num_pairs",5,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,1,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_nhpsp)
    },
    {
        "pairs_per_variable",13,0,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,0,N_vam(newiarray,Var_Info_nhpsp)
    }
}

KeyWord kw_440[3] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {
        "integer",0x19,6,1,0,kw_437,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numHistogramPtIntUncVars)
    },
    {
        "real",0x19,6,3,0,kw_438,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numHistogramPtRealUncVars)
    },
    {
        "string",0x19,6,2,0,kw_439,0.,0.,0,N_vam(pintz,numHistogramPtStrUncVars)
    }
}

KeyWord kw_441[5] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {
        "descriptors",15,0,5,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(dauilbl,DAUIVar_hypergeometric)
    },
    {
        "initial_point",13,0,4,0,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(IntLb,hyperGeomUncVars)
    },
    {
        "num_drawn",13,0,3,3,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(IntLb,hyperGeomUncNumDrawn)
    },
    {
        "selected_population",13,0,2,2,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(IntLb,hyperGeomUncSelectedPop)
    },
    {
        "total_population",13,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0.,0,N_vam(IntLb,hyperGeomUncTotalPop)
    }
}

KeyWord kw_442[2] [static]
Initial value:

= {
    {
        "lnuv_zetas",6,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,1,N_vam(RealLb,lognormalUncZetas)
    },
    {
        "zetas",14,0,1,1,0,0.,0.,0,N_vam(RealLb,lognormalUncZetas)
    }
}
KeyWord kw\_443[4] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{"error\_factors", 14, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncErrFacts})\},
\{"lnuv\_std\_deviations", 6, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncStdDevs})\},
\{"std\_deviations", 14, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncStdDevs})\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_444[11] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{"descriptors", 15, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vae(\text{caulbl}, \text{CAUVar\_lognormal})\},
\{"initial\_point", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncVars})\},
\{"lambdas", 14, 2, 1, 1, \text{kw\_442}, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{rvec}, \text{lognormalUncLambdas})\},
\{"lnuv\_descriptors", 7, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -3, \text{N}\_vae(\text{caulbl}, \text{CAUVar\_lognormal})\},
\{"lnuv\_lambdas", 6, 2, 1, 1, \text{kw\_442}, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -2, \text{N}\_vam(\text{rvec}, \text{lognormalUncLambdas})\},
\{"lnuv\_means", 5, 4, 1, 1, \text{kw\_442}, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncMeans})\},
\{"lnuv\_lower\_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncLowerBnds})\},
\{"lnuv\_upper\_bounds", 14, 4, 1, 1, \text{kw\_442}, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{lognormalUncMeans})\},
\{"upper\_bounds", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealUb}, \text{lognormalUncUpperBnds})\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_445[7] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{"descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vae(\text{caulbl}, \text{CAUVar\_loguniform})\},
\{"initial\_point", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{loguniformUncVars})\},
\{"lower\_bounds", 14, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{loguniformUncLowerBnds})\},
\{"luuv\_descriptors", 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -3, \text{N}\_vae(\text{caulbl}, \text{CAUVar\_loguniform})\},
\{"luuv\_lower\_bounds", 6, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -2, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealLb}, \text{loguniformUncLowerBnds})\},
\{"luuv\_upper\_bounds", 6, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealUb}, \text{loguniformUncUpperBnds})\},
\{"upper\_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{RealUb}, \text{loguniformUncUpperBnds})\}
\}
\]

KeyWord kw\_446[5] [static]
Initial value:

\[
= \{
\{"descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vae(\text{ dauilbl}, \text{DAUIVar\_negative\_binomial})\},
\{"initial\_point", 13, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{IntLb}, \text{negBinomialUncVars})\},
\{"num\_trials", 13, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{IntLb}, \text{negBinomialUncNumTrials})\},
\{"probability\_per\_trial", 6, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{rvec}, \text{negBinomialUncProbPerTrial})\},
\{"probability\_per\_trial", 14, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, \text{N}\_vam(\text{rvec}, \text{negBinomialUncProbPerTrial})\}
\}
\]
KeyWord kw_447[11] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_normal),
  "initial_point", 14, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncVars),
  "lower_bounds", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncLowerBnds),
  "means", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncMeans),
  "nuv_descriptors", 7, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_normal),
  "nuv_lower_bounds", 6, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncLowerBnds),
  "nuv_means", 6, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncMeans),
  "nuv_std_deviations", 6, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, normalUncStdDeve),
  "upper_bounds", 6, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, normalUncUpperBnds),
  "std_deviations", 14, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, normalUncStdDeve),
}
```

KeyWord kw_448[3] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (daulbl, DAUIVar_poisson),
  "initial_point", 13, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (IntLb, poissonUncVars),
  "lambdas", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, poissonUncLambdas),
}
```

KeyWord kw_449[9] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_triangular),
  "initial_point", 14, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, triangularUncVars),
  "lower_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, triangularUncLowerBnds),
  "modes", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, triangularUncModes),
  "tuv_descriptors", 7, 0, 5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_triangular),
  "tuv_lower_bounds", 6, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, triangularUncLowerBnds),
  "tuv_modes", 6, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, triangularUncModes),
  "tuv_upper_bounds", 6, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, triangularUncUpperBnds),
  "upper_bounds", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealUb, triangularUncUpperBnds),
}
```

KeyWord kw_450[7] [static]
Initial value:

```plaintext
= {
  "descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_uniform),
  "initial_point", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (vec, uniformUncVars),
  "lower_bounds", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, uniformUncLowerBnds),
  "upper_bounds", 14, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealUb, uniformUncUpperBnds),
  "uuv_descriptors", 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (caulbl, CAUVar_uniform),
  "uuv_lower_bounds", 6, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealLb, uniformUncLowerBnds),
  "uuv_upper_bounds", 6, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_xam (RealUb, uniformUncUpperBnds),
}
```
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

**KeyWord kw.451[7] [static]**

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "alphas", 14, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_vam(RealLb, weibullUncAlphas),
    "betas", 14, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_vam(RealLb, weibullUncBetas),
    "descriptors", 15, 0, 4, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_vae(caulbl, CAUVar_weibull),
    "initial_point", 14, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, N_vam(RealLb, weibullUncVars),
    "wuv_alphas", 6, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, N_vam(RealLb, weibullUncAlphas),
    "wuv_betas", 6, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, N_vam(RealLb, weibullUncBetas),
    "wuv_descriptors", 7, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -4, N_vae(caulbl, CAUVar_weibull)
}
```

**KeyWord kw.453[6] [static]**

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    "environment", 0x108, 15, 1, 1, kw.12, 0, 0, 0, NIDRProblemDescDB::env_start,
    "interface", 0x308, 9, 5, 5, kw.26, 0, 0, 0, ifm3(start, 0, stop),
    "method", 0x308, 87, 2, 2, kw.333, 0, 0, 0, mdm3(start, 0, stop),
    "model", 8, 7, 1, kw.381, 0, 0, 0, mom3(start, 0, stop),
    "responses", 0x308, 19, 6, 6, kw.407, 0, 0, 0, rem3(start, 0, stop),
    "variables", 0x308, 34, 4, 4, kw.452, 0, 0, 0, N_vam3(start, 0, stop)
}
```

**Var_uinfo CAUVLbl[CAUVar_Nkinds] [static]**

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    VarLabelInfo(nuv, NormalUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(lnuv, LognormalUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(uuv, UniformUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(luv, LoguniformUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(tuv, TriangularUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(euv, ExponentialUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(bevu, BetaUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(gauv, GammaUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(gauv, GammaUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(hvuv, GumbelUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(fuv, FrechetUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(wuv, WeibullUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(hbuv, HistogramBinUnc)
}
```

**Var_uinfo DAUVLbl[DAUVar_Nkinds] [static]**

Initial value:

```cpp
= {
    VarLabelInfo(puv, PoissonUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(bluv, BinomialUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(nbuv, NegBinomialUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(geuv, GeometricUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(hgauv, HyperGeomUnc),
    VarLabelInfo(npiuv, HistogramPtIntUnc)
}
```
Var_uinfo DAUSVLbl[DAUSVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(hpsuv, HistogramPtStrUnc)
}

Var_uinfo DAURVLbl[DAURVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(hpruv, HistogramPtRealUnc)
}

Var_uinfo CEUVLbl[CEUVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(ciuv, ContinuousIntervalUnc)
}

Var_uinfo DEUIVLbl[DEUIVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(diuv, DiscreteIntervalUnc),
  VarLabelInfo(dusiv, DiscreteUncSetInt)
}

Var_uinfo DEUSVLbl[DEUSVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(dussv, DiscreteUncSetStr)
}

Var_uinfo DEURVLbl[DEURVar_Nkinds] [static]
Initial value:

= {
  VarLabelInfo(dursv, DiscreteUncSetReal)
}
CHAPTER 12. NAMESPACE DOCUMENTATION

Var_uinfo DiscSetLbl[DiscSetVar_Nkinds] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { VarLabelInfo(ddsiv, DiscreteDesSetInt), VarLabelInfo(ddssv, DiscreteDesSetStr), VarLabelInfo(ddsrv, DiscreteDesSetReal), VarLabelInfo(ddsiv, DiscreteStateSetInt), VarLabelInfo(ddssv, DiscreteStateSetStr), VarLabelInfo(ddsrv, DiscreteStateSetReal) }
```

VarLabelChk DesignAndStateLabelsCheck[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
```

**Variables** label array designations for design and state. All non-uncertain variables need to be in this array. Used in check_variables_node to check lengths and make_variable_defaults to build labels.

Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node(), and NIDRProblemDescDB::make_variable_defaults().

VLreal VLUncertainReal[NUM_UNC_REAL_CONT] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
```

**Variables** labels/bounds/values check array for real-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., CAUVlbl, with the contiguous container in which they are stored.

Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node(), and NIDRProblemDescDB::make_variable_defaults().
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

**VLInt VLUncertainInt[NUM_UNC_INT_CONT] [static]**

*Initial value:*

```cpp
= {
    {DAUIVar_Nkinds, AVI DAUIV, DAUIVlbl,
     DVR discreteIntAleatoryUncLabels,
     DVR discreteIntAleatoryUncLowerBnds,
     DVR discreteIntAleatoryUncUpperBnds,
     DVR discreteIntAleatoryUncVars},
    {DEUIVar_Nkinds, AVI DEUIV, DEUIVlbl,
     DVR discreteIntEpistemicUncLabels,
     DVR discreteIntEpistemicUncLowerBnds,
     DVR discreteIntEpistemicUncUpperBnds,
     DVR discreteIntEpistemicUncVars}}
```

*Variables* labels/bounds/values check array for integer-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., DAUIVlbl, with the contiguous container in which they are stored. Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node(), and NIDRProblemDescDB::make_variable_defaults().

**VLstr VLUncertainStr[NUM_UNC_STR_CONT] [static]**

*Initial value:*

```cpp
= {
    {DAUSVar_Nkinds, AVI DAUSV, DAUSVlbl,
     DVR discreteStrAleatoryUncLabels,
     DVR discreteStrAleatoryUncLowerBnds,
     DVR discreteStrAleatoryUncUpperBnds,
     DVR discreteStrAleatoryUncVars},
    {DEUSVar_Nkinds, AVI DEUSV, DEUSVlbl,
     DVR discreteStrEpistemicUncLabels,
     DVR discreteStrEpistemicUncLowerBnds,
     DVR discreteStrEpistemicUncUpperBnds,
     DVR discreteStrEpistemicUncVars}}
```

*Variables* labels/bounds/values check array for string-valued uncertain variables; one array entry per contiguous container. These associate the individual variables given by, e.g., DAUSVlbl, with the contiguous container in which they are stored. Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node(), and NIDRProblemDescDB::make_variable_defaults().

**Var_check var_mp_check_cv[] [static]**

*Initial value:*

```cpp
= {
    VchkJ(continuous_design,ContinuousDes),
    VchkJ(continuous_state,ContinuousState) }
```

**Var_check var_mp_check_dset[] [static]**

*Initial value:*

```cpp
= {
    VchkJ(discrete_design_set_integer,DiscreteDesSetInt),
    VchkJ(discrete_design_set_string,DiscreteDesSetStr),
    VchkJ(discrete_state_set_integer,DiscreteStateSetInt),
    VchkJ(discrete_state_set_string,DiscreteStateSetStr),
    VchkJ(discrete_state_set_real,DiscreteStateSetReal) }
```
Var_check var_mp_check_cau[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(normal_uncertain,NormalUnc),
    Vchk3(lognormal_uncertain,LognormalUnc),
    Vchk3(uniform_uncertain,UniformUnc),
    Vchk3(loguniform_uncertain,LoguniformUnc),
    Vchk3(triangular_uncertain,TriangularUnc),
    Vchk3(exponential_uncertain,ExponentialUnc),
    Vchk3(beta_uncertain,BetaUnc),
    Vchk3(gamma_uncertain,GammaUnc),
    Vchk3(gumbel_uncertain,GumbelUnc),
    Vchk3(frechet_uncertain,FrechetUnc),
    Vchk3(weibull_uncertain,WeibullUnc),
    Vchk3(histogram_bin_uncertain,HistogramBinUnc) }
```

Var_check var_mp_check_daui[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(poisson_uncertain,PoissonUnc),
    Vchk3(binomial_uncertain,BinomialUnc),
    Vchk3(negative_binomial_uncertain,NegBinomialUnc),
    Vchk3(geometric_uncertain,GeometricUnc),
    Vchk3(hypergeometric_uncertain,HyperGeomUnc),
    Vchk3(histogram_point_int_uncertain,HistogramPtIntUnc) }
```

Var_check var_mp_check_daus[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(histogram_point_str_uncertain,HistogramPtStrUnc) }
```

Var_check var_mp_check_daur[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(histogram_point_real_uncertain,HistogramPtRealUnc) }
```

Var_check var_mp_check_ceu[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(continuous_interval_uncertain,ContinuousIntervalUnc) }
```

Var_check var_mp_check_deui[] [static]

Initial value:

```cpp
= { 
    Vchk3(discrete_interval_uncertain,DiscreteIntervalUnc),
    Vchk3(discrete_uncertain_set_integer,DiscreteUncSetInt) }
```
12.1. DAKOTA NAMESPACE REFERENCE

Var_check var_mp_check_deus[] [static]
Initial value:
    = { Vchk3(discrete_uncertain_set,string,DiscreteUncSetStr) }

Var_check var_mp_check_deur[] [static]
Initial value:
    = { Vchk3(discrete_uncertain_set,real,DiscreteUncSetReal) }

Var_rcheck var_mp_cbound[] [static]
Initial value:
    = { Vchk7(continuous_design,ContinuousDes,continuousDesign),
          Vchk7(continuous_state,ContinuousState,continuousState),
          Vchk5(normal_uncertain,NormalUnc,normalUnc),
          Vchk5(lognormal_uncertain,LognormalUnc,lognormalUnc),
          Vchk5(uniform_uncertain,UniformUnc,uniformUnc),
          Vchk5(loguniform_uncertain,LoguniformUnc,loguniformUnc),
          Vchk5(triangular_uncertain,TriangularUnc,triangularUnc),
          Vchk5(beta_uncertain,BetaUnc,betaUnc) }

This is used within check_variables_node(): Var_RealBoundIPCheck() is applied to validate bounds and initial points.
    Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node().

Var_icheck var_mp_drange[] [static]
Initial value:
    = { Vchk7(discrete_design_range,DiscreteDesRange,discreteDesignRange),
          Vchk7(discrete_state_range,DiscreteStateRange,discreteStateRange) }

This is used in check_variables_node(): Var_IntBoundIPCheck() is applied to validate bounds and initial points, and in make_variable_defaults(): Vgen_* is called to infer bounds.
    Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_variables_node(), and NIDRProblemDescDB::make_variable_defaults().

const char* SCI_FIELD_NAMES[]
Initial value:
    = { "dakota_type", "numFns", "numVars", "numACV", "numADIV", 
          "numADR", "numDerivVars", "xC", "xDI", 
          "xDR", "xLabels", "xDLabels", "xDRLabels", 
          "directFnASV", "directFnASM", "directFnDVV", 
          "directFnDVVBool", "fnFlag", "gradFlag", "hessFlag", 
          "fnVals", "fnGrads", "fnHessians", 
          "fnLabels", "failure", "currEvalId" }

fields to pass to Scilab in Dakota structure
    Referenced by ScilabInterface::scilab_engine_run().
const int SCI\_NUMBER\_OF\_FIELDS = 26

number of fields in above structure
  Referenced by ScilabInterface::scilab\_engine\_run().

### 12.2 SIM Namespace Reference

A sample namespace for derived classes that use `assign\_rep()` to plug facilities into DAKOTA.

**Classes**

- class `ParallelDirectApplicInterface`
  
  *Sample derived interface class for testing parallel simulator plug-ins using `assign\_rep()`.*

- class `SerialDirectApplicInterface`
  
  *Sample derived interface class for testing serial simulator plug-ins using `assign\_rep()`.*

#### 12.2.1 Detailed Description

A sample namespace for derived classes that use `assign\_rep()` to plug facilities into DAKOTA. A typical use of plug-ins with `assign\_rep()` is to publish a simulation interface for use in library mode. See Interfacing with Dakota as a Library for more information.
13.1 ActiveSet Class Reference

Container class for active set tracking information. Contains the active set request vector and the derivative variables vector.

Public Member Functions

- **ActiveSet ()**
  default constructor
- **ActiveSet (size_t num_fns, size_t num_deriv_vars)**
  standard constructor
- **ActiveSet (size_t num_fns)**
  partial constructor
- **ActiveSet (const ActiveSet &set)**
  copy constructor
- **~ActiveSet ()**
  destructor
- **ActiveSet & operator= (const ActiveSet &set)**
  assignment operator
- **void reshape (size_t num_fns, size_t num_deriv_vars)**
  reshape requestVector and derivVarsVector
- **void reshape (size_t num_fns)**
  reshape requestVector
- **const ShortArray & request_vector () const**
  return the request vector
- **void request_vector (const ShortArray &rv)**
  set the request vector
- **void request_values (const short rv_val)**
  set all request vector values
- **short request_value (const size_t index) const**
  get the value of an entry in the request vector
• void request_value (const short rv_val, const size_t index)
  set the value of an entry in the request vector
• const SizetArray & derivative_vector () const
  return the derivative variables vector
• void derivative_vector (const SizetArray &dvv)
  set the derivative variables vector from a SizetArray
• void derivative_vector (SizetMultiArrayConstView dvv)
  set the derivative variables vector from a SizetMultiArrayConstView
• void derivative_start_value (size_t dvv_start_val)
  set the derivative variables vector values
• void read (std::istream &s)
  read an active set object from an std::istream
• void write (std::ostream &s) const
  write an active set object to an std::ostream
• void write_annotated (std::ostream &s) const
  write an active set object to an std::ostream in annotated format
• void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read an active set object from a packed MPI buffer
• void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write an active set object to a packed MPI buffer

Private Member Functions

• template<class Archive>
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  implementation of Boost serialize for ActiveSet

Private Attributes

• ShortArray requestVector
  the vector of response requests
• SizetArray derivVarsVector
  the vector of variable ids used for computing derivatives

Friends

• class boost::serialization::access
• bool operator== (const ActiveSet &set1, const ActiveSet &set2)
  equality operator
• bool operator!= (const ActiveSet &set1, const ActiveSet &set2)
  inequality operator
13.2. ANALYZER CLASS REFERENCE

13.1.1 Detailed Description

Container class for active set tracking information. Contains the active set request vector and the derivative variables vector.

The ActiveSet class is a small class whose initial design function is to avoid having to pass the ASV and D-VV separately. It is not part of a class hierarchy and does not employ reference-counting/representation-sharing idioms (e.g., handle-body).

13.1.2 Member Data Documentation

**ShortArray requestVector** [private]

the vector of response requests

It uses a 0 value for inactive functions and sums 1 (value), 2 (gradient), and 4 (Hessian) for active functions.

Referenced by ActiveSet::ActiveSet(), ActiveSet::operator=(), ActiveSet::read(), ActiveSet::request_value(), ActiveSet::request_values(), ActiveSet::request_vector(), ActiveSet::reshape(), ActiveSet::write(), and ActiveSet::write_annotated().

**SizetArray derivVarsVector** [private]

the vector of variable ids used for computing derivatives

These ids will generally identify either the active continuous variables or the inactive continuous variables.

Referenced by ActiveSet::ActiveSet(), ActiveSet::derivative_start_value(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), ActiveSet::operator=(), ActiveSet::read(), ActiveSet::reshape(), ActiveSet::write(), and ActiveSet::write_annotated().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaActiveSet.hpp

13.2 Analyzer Class Reference

Base class for NonD, DACE, and ParamStudy branches of the iterator hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Analyzer:
Public Member Functions

- const VariablesArray & all_variables ()
  return the complete set of evaluated variables
- const RealMatrix & all_samples ()
  return the complete set of evaluated samples
- const IntResponseMap & all_responses () const
  return the complete set of computed responses
- int num_samples () const
- virtual void vary_pattern (bool pattern_flag)
  sets varyPattern in derived classes that support it

Protected Member Functions

- Analyzer ()
  default constructor
- Analyzer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor
- Analyzer (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" with a Model
- Analyzer (unsigned short method_name)
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" without a Model
- ~Analyzer ()
  destructor
- virtual void get_parameter_sets (Model &model)
Returns one block of samples (ndim \times num\_samples)

- virtual void update\_model\_from\_sample (Model &model, const Real *sample\_vars)
  
  update model's current variables with data from sample

- virtual void update\_model\_from\_variables (Model &model, const Variables &vars)
  
  update model's current variables with data from vars

- virtual void sample\_to\_variables (const Real *sample\_vars, Variables &vars)
  
  convert column of samples array to variables; derived classes may reimplement for more than active continuous variables

- void update\_from\_model (const Model &model)
  
  set inherited data attributes based on extractions from incoming model

- void initialize\_run ()
  
  utility function to perform common operations prior to pre\_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

- void post\_run (std::ostream &s)
  
  post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/-Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

- void pre\_output ()

- void print\_results (std::ostream &s)
  
  print the final iterator results

- const Model & algorithm\_space\_model () const

- const Variables & variables\_results () const
  
  return a single final iterator solution (variables)

- const Response & response\_results () const
  
  return a single final iterator solution (response)

- const VariablesArray & variables\_array\_results ()
  
  return multiple final iterator solutions (variables). This should only be used if returns\_multiple\_points() returns true.

- const ResponseArray & response\_array\_results ()
  
  return multiple final iterator solutions (response). This should only be used if returns\_multiple\_points() returns true.

- void response\_results\_active\_set (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  set the requested data for the final iterator response results

- bool compact\_mode () const
  
  returns Analyzer::compact\_Mode

- bool returns\_multiple\_points () const
  
  indicates if this iterator returns multiple final points. Default return is false. Override to return true if appropriate.

- void evaluate\_parameter\_sets (Model &model, bool log\_resp\_flag, bool log\_best\_flag)
  
  perform function evaluations to map parameter sets (all\_Variables) into response sets (all\_Responses)

- void variance\_based\_decomp (int ncont, int ndiscint, int ndiscreal, int num\_samples)

- void read\_variables\_responses (int num\_evals, size_t num\_vars)
  
  convenience function for reading variables/responses (used in derived classes post\_input)

- void print\_sobol\_indices (std::ostream &s) const
  
  Printing of VBD results.

- void samples\_to\_variables\_array (const RealMatrix &sample\_matrix, VariablesArray &vars\_array)
  
  convert samples array to variables array; e.g., all\_Samples to all\_Variables
• virtual void variables_to_sample (const Variables &vars, Real *sample_c_vars)
  convert the active continuous variables into a column of allSamples
• void variables_array_to_samples (const VariablesArray &vars_array, RealMatrix &sample_matrix)
  convert variables array to samples array; e.g., allVariables to allSamples

Protected Attributes
• size_t numFunctions
  number of response functions
• size_t numContinuousVars
  number of active continuous vars
• size_t numDiscreteIntVars
  number of active discrete integer vars
• size_t numDiscreteStringVars
  number of active discrete string vars
• size_t numDiscreteRealVars
  number of active discrete real vars
• bool compactMode
  switch for allSamples (compact mode) instead of allVariables (normal mode)
• VariablesArray allVariables
  array of all variables to be evaluated in evaluate_parameter_sets()
• RealMatrix allSamples
  compact alternative to allVariables
• IntResponseMap allResponses
  array of all responses to be computed in evaluate_parameter_sets()
• StringArray allHeaders
  array of headers to insert into output while evaluating allVariables
• size_t numObjFns
  number of objective functions
• size_t numLSqTerms
  number of least squares terms
• RealPairPRPMultiMap bestVarsRespMap
  map which stores best set of solutions

Private Member Functions
• void compute_best_metrics (const Response &response, std::pair< Real, Real > &metrics)
  compares current evaluation to best evaluation and updates best
• void update_best (const Variables &vars, int eval_id, const Response &response)
  compares current evaluation to best evaluation and updates best
• void update_best (const Real *sample_c_vars, int eval_id, const Response &response)
  compares current evaluation to best evaluation and updates best
Private Attributes

- int writePrecision
  
  write precision as specified by the user
- Real vbdDropTol
  
  tolerance for omitting output of small VBD indices
- RealVectorArray S4
  
  VBD main effect indices.
- RealVectorArray T4
  
  VBD total effect indices.

Additional Inherited Members

13.2.1 Detailed Description

Base class for NonD, DACE, and ParamStudy branches of the iterator hierarchy.

The Analyzer class provides common data and functionality for various types of systems analysis, including nondeterministic analysis, design of experiments, and parameter studies.

13.2.2 Member Function Documentation

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.

Reimplemented from Iterator.
Reimplemented in NonDSampling, NonDQuadrature, NonDSparseGrid, NonDCubature, DDACEDesignCompExp, FSUADesignCompExp, and PSUADesignCompExp.
References Model::derivative_concurrency(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency.
Referenced by NonDGlobalReliability::get_best_sample(), NonDPolynomialChaos::ratio_samples_to_order(), Analyzer::samples_to_variables_array(), Analyzer::variables_array_to_samples(), and Analyzer::variance_based_decomp().

void sample_to_variables ( const Real * sample_c_vars, Variables & vars ) [protected], [virtual]

convert column of samples array to variables; derived classes may reimplement for more than active continuous variables

Default mapping that maps into continuous part of Variables only
Reimplemented in NonDSampling.
References Variables::adiv(), Variables::adrv(), Variables::all_discrete_int_variables(), Variables::all_discrete_real_variables(), Variables::continuous_variable(), Model::current_variables(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(), Variables::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, and Variables::shared_data().
Referenced by NonDLHSEvidence::post_process_samples(), Analyzer::pre_output(), Analyzer::samples_to_variables_array(), and Analyzer::update_best().
void initialize_run( ) [protected], [virtual]

utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

Perform initialization phases of run sequence, like allocating memory and setting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s initialize_run(), typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in NonD.

References Model::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::set_evaluation_reference(), and Iterator::summaryOutputFlag.

Referenced by NonD::initialize_run().

void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s post_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in NonDRCKDDarts, NonDLHSSampling, DDACEDesignCompExp, NonDMultilevelSampling, ParamStudy, FSUDesignCompExp, and PSUADESDesignCompExp.

References Model::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::print_evaluation_summary(), Analyzer::print_result(), Iterator::resultsDB, Iterator::summaryOutputFlag, and ResultsManager::write_databases().

Referenced by PSUADESDesignCompExp::post_run(), FSUDesignCompExp::post_run(), ParamStudy::post_run(), NonDMultilevelSampling::post_run(), DDACEDesignCompExp::post_run(), and NonDLHSSampling::post_run().

void pre_output ( ) [protected], [virtual]

Generate tabular output with active variables (compactMode) or all variables with their labels and response labels, with no data. Variables are sequenced { cv, div, drv}

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Analyzer::allSamples, Analyzer::allVariables, ParallelLibrary::command_line_pre_run_output(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_user_modes(), Analyzer::compactMode, Variables::copy(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, Program_Options::pre_run_output_format(), ParallelLibrary::program_options(), Analyzer::sample_to_variables(), Dakota::write_precision, Variables::write_tabular(), and Analyzer::writePrecision.

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in finalize_run().

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in NonDLHSSampling, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration, NonDPOFDarts, NonDLocalReliability, NonDQUESTOBayesCalibration, NonDAdaptiveSampling, NonDGPImpSampling, NonDAdeptImpSampling, NonDMultilevelSampling, NonDGlobalReliability, NonDIncrementLHSSampling, NonDInterval, NonDExpansion, P-StudyDACE, RichExtrapVerification, and Verification.
13.2. ANALYZER CLASS REFERENCE

References Analyzer::bestVarsRespMap, ParamResponsePair::eval(), Response::function_values(), Analyzer::numLSqTerms, Analyzer::numObjFns, ParamResponsePair::response(), and ParamResponsePair::variables().

Referenced by Analyzer::post_run(), Verification::print_results(), PStudyDACE::print_results(), NonDWAS-ABIBayesCalibration::print_results(), and NonDLHSSampling::print_results().

const Model & algorithm_space_model() const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in NonDBayesCalibration, NonDExpansion, NonDGlobalInterval, and NonDReliability.

References Iterator::iteratedModel.

void evaluate_parameter_sets ( Model & model, bool log_resp_flag, bool log_best_flag ) [protected]

perform function evaluations to map parameter sets (allVariables) into response sets (allResponses)

Convenience function for derived classes with sets of function evaluations to perform (e.g., NonDSampling, DDADEDesignCompExp, FSUDesignCompExp, ParamStudy).

References Iterator::activeSet, Analyzer::allHeaders, Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, Analyzer::allVariables, Model::asyncComputeResponse(), Model::asyncFlag(), Analyzer::compactMode, Model::computeResponse(), Response::copy(), Model::currentResponse(), Model::currentVariables(), Model::evaluationId(), Model::synchronize(), Analyzer::update_best(), Analyzer::update_model_from_sample(), and Analyzer::update_model_from_variables().

Referenced by NonDSparseGrid::evaluate_grid_increment(), NonDSparseGrid::evaluate_set(), PSUADERegExp::extract_trends(), PSUADERegExp::extract_trends(), ParamStudy::extract_trends(), DDADEDesignCompExp::extract_trends(), NonDMultiLevelSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDIncrementLHSSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDLHSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDIntegration::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), NonQUESOBayesCalibration::update_model(), and Analyzer::variance_based_decomp().

void variance_based_decomp ( int ncont, int ndiscont, int ndiscreal, int num_samples ) [protected]

Calculation of sensitivity indices obtained by variance based decomposition. These indices are obtained by the Saltelli version of the Sobol VBD which uses (K+2)*N function evaluations, where K is the number of dimensions (uncertain vars) and N is the number of samples.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, Analyzer::allVariables, Analyzer::compactMode, Variables::continuousVariables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Variables::discreteIntVariables(), Variables::discreteRealVariables(), Analyzer::evaluateParameterSets(), Analyzer::get_ParameterSets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::num_samples(), Analyzer::numFunctions, Analyzer::S4, Analyzer::T4, and Analyzer::vary_pattern().

Referenced by FSUDesignCompExp::extract_trends(), DDADEDesignCompExp::extract_trends(), and NonDLHSSampling::quantify_uncertainty().

void read_variables_responses ( int num_evals, size_t num_vars ) [protected]

convenience function for reading variables/responses (used in derived classes post_input)

read num_evals variables/responses from file

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, Analyzer::allVariables, ParallelLibrary::command_line_post_run_input(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_user_modes(), Analyzer::compactMode, Response::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::currentResponse(), Model::currentVariables(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, ProgramOptions::post_run_input_format(), ParallelLibrary::program_options(), Variables::read_tabular(), Analyzer::update_best(), and Analyzer::variables_to_sample().
Referenced by PSUADesignCompExp::post_input(), FSUDesignCompExp::post_input(), ParamStudy::post_input(), DDACEDesignCompExp::post_input(), and NonDLHSSampling::post_input().

```cpp
void print_sobol_indices ( std::ostream & s ) const  [protected]
```
Printing of VBD results.
printing of variance based decomposition indices.
References Model::continuous_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteIntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, Model::response_labels(), Analyzer::S4, Analyzer::T4, Analyzer::vbdDropTol, and Dakota::write_precision.
Referenced by PStudyDACE::print_results(), and NonDLHSSampling::print_results().

```cpp
void variables_to_sample ( const Variables & vars, Real * sample_c_vars )  [protected], [virtual]
```
convert the active continuous variables into a column of allSamples
Default implementation maps active continuous variables only
Reimplemented in NonDSampling.
References Variables::continuous_variables(), and Analyzer::numContinuousVars.
Referenced by Analyzer::read_variables_responses(), and Analyzer::variables_array_to_samples().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- DakotaAnalyzer.hpp
- DakotaAnalyzer.cpp

### 13.3 ApplicationInterface Class Reference

Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting interfaces to simulation codes.
Inheritance diagram for ApplicationInterface:

```
\[
\text{Interface} \quad \text{ApplicationInterface} \\
\text{DirectApplicInterface} \quad \text{ProcessApplicInterface} \\
\text{MatlabInterface} \quad \text{ProcessHandleApplicInterface} \\
\text{PythonInterface} \quad \text{SysCallApplicInterface} \\
\text{ScilabInterface} \\
\text{TestDriverInterface} \\
\text{ParallelDirectApplicInterface} \\
\text{SerialDirectApplicInterface}
\]
```
13.3. APPLICATION INTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

Public Member Functions

- **ApplicationInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  constructor

- **~ApplicationInterface** ()
  
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- **void init_communicators** (const IntArray &message_lengths, int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  allocate communicator partitions for concurrent evaluations within an iterator and concurrent multiprocessor analyses within an evaluation.

- **void set_communicators** (const IntArray &message_lengths, int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  set the local parallel partition data for an interface (the partitions are already allocated in ParallelLibrary).

- **void init_serial** ()

- **int asynch_local_evaluation_concurrency** () const
  
  return asynchLocalEvalConcurrency

- **short interface_synchronization** () const
  
  return interfaceSynchronization

- **bool evaluation_cache** () const
  
  return evalCacheFlag

- **void map** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, bool asynch_flag=false)
  
  Provides a "mapping" of variables to responses using a simulation. Protected due to Interface letter-envelope idiom.

- **void manage_failure** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, int failed_eval_id)
  
  manages a simulation failure using abort/retry/recover/continuation

- **const IntResponseMap & synch** ()
  
  executes a blocking schedule for asynchronous evaluations in the beforeSynchCorePRPQueue and returns all jobs

- **const IntResponseMap & synch_nowait** ()
  
  executes a nonblocking schedule for asynchronous evaluations in the beforeSynchCorePRPQueue and returns a partial set of completed jobs

- **void serve_evaluations** ()
  
  run on evaluation servers to serve the iterator master

- **void stop_evaluation_servers** ()
  
  used by the iterator master to terminate evaluation servers

- **bool check_multiprocessor_analysis** (bool warn)
  
  checks on multiprocessor analysis configuration

- **bool check_asynchronous** (bool warn, int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  checks on asynchronous configuration (for direct interfaces)

- **bool check_multiprocessor_asynchronous** (bool warn, int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  checks on asynchronous settings for multiprocessor partitions

- **virtual void derived_map** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, int fn_eval_id)
  
  Called by map() and other functions to execute the simulation in synchronous mode. The portion of performing an evaluation that is specific to a derived class.

- **virtual void derived_map_asynch** (const ParamResponsePair &pair)
Called by `map()` and other functions to execute the simulation in asynchronous mode. The portion of performing an asynchronous evaluation that is specific to a derived class.

- **virtual void** `wait_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version waits for at least one completion.

- **virtual void** `test_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version is nonblocking and will return without any completions if none are immediately available.

- **virtual void** `init_communicators_checks` (int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  perform construct-time error checks on the parallel configuration

- **virtual void** `set_communicators_checks` (int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  perform run-time error checks on the parallel configuration

- **void** `master_dynamic_schedule_analyses` ()
  
  blocking dynamic schedule of all analyses within a function evaluation using message passing

- **void** `serve_analyses_synch` ()
  
  serve the master analysis scheduler and manage one synchronous analysis job at a time

- **virtual int** `synchronous_local_analysis` (int analysis_id)
  
  Execute a particular analysis (identified by `analysis_id`) synchronously on the local processor. Used for the derived class specifics within `ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch()`.

**Protected Attributes**

- **`ParallelLibrary & parallelLib`**
  
  reference to the `ParallelLibrary` object used to manage MPI partitions for the concurrent evaluations and concurrent analyses parallelism levels

- **bool** `suppressOutput`
  
  flag for suppressing output on slave processors

- **int** `evalCommSize`
  
  size of `evalComm`

- **int** `evalCommRank`
  
  processor rank within `evalComm`

- **int** `evalServerId`
  
  evaluation server identifier

- **bool** `eaDedMasterFlag`
  
  flag for dedicated master partitioning at ea level

- **int** `analysisCommSize`
  
  size of `analysisComm`

- **int** `analysisCommRank`
  
  processor rank within `analysisComm`

- **int** `analysisServerId`
  
  analysis server identifier

- **int** `numAnalysisServers`
  
  current number of analysis servers

- **bool** `multiProcAnalysisFlag`
### 13.3. APPLICATIONINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

- **flag for multiprocessor analysis partitions**
  - `bool asynchLocalAnalysisFlag`
    - flag for asynchronous local parallelism of analyses
- **int asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency**
    - limits the number of concurrent analyses in asynchronous local scheduling and specifies hybrid concurrency when message passing
- **int asynchLocalEvalConcSpec**
    - user specification for asynchronous local evaluation concurrency
- **int asynchLocalAnalysisConcSpec**
    - user specification for asynchronous local analysis concurrency
- **int numAnalysisDrivers**
    - the number of analysis drivers used for each function evaluation (from the analysis_drivers interface specification)
- **IntSet completionSet**
    - the set of completed fn_eval_id's populated by `wait_local_evaluations()` and `test_local_evaluations()`
- **String failureMessage**
    - base message for managing failed evals; will be followed with more details in screen output

### Private Member Functions

- **bool duplication_detect** (const `Variables` &`vars`, `Response` &`response`, `bool asynch_flag`)
  - checks data pairs and `beforeSynchCorePRPQueue` to see if the current evaluation request has already been performed or queued
- **void init_default_asv** (size_t `num_fns`)
  - initialize default ASV if needed; this is done at run time due to post-construct time `Response` size changes.
- **void master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations** ()
  - blocking dynamic schedule of all evaluations in `beforeSynchCorePRPQueue` using message passing on a dedicated master partition; executes on iteratorComm master
- **void peer_static_schedule_evaluations** ()
  - blocking static schedule of all evaluations in `beforeSynchCorePRPQueue` using message passing on a peer partition; executes on iteratorComm master
- **void peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations** ()
  - blocking dynamic schedule of all evaluations in `beforeSynchCorePRPQueue` using message passing on a peer partition; executes on iteratorComm master
- **void asynchronous_local_evaluations** (`PRPQueue` &`prp_queue`)
  - perform all jobs in `prp_queue` using asynchronous approaches on the local processor
- **void synchronous_local_evaluations** (`PRPQueue` &`prp_queue`)
  - perform all jobs in `prp_queue` using synchronous approaches on the local processor
- **void master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait** ()
  - execute a nonblocking dynamic schedule in a master-slave partition
- **void peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait** ()
  - execute a nonblocking static/dynamic schedule in a peer partition
- **void asynchronous_local_evaluations_nowait** (`PRPQueue` &`prp_queue`)
  - launch new jobs in `prp_queue` asynchronously (if capacity is available), perform nonblocking query of all running jobs, and process any completed jobs (handles both local master- and local peer-scheduling cases)
- **void broadcast_evaluation** (const `ParamResponsePair` &`pair`)

---

*Note: This document is a partial transcription and may not capture all content and formatting details.*
convenience function for broadcasting an evaluation over an evalComm

- **void broadcast_evaluation (int fn_eval_id, const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set)**
  
  convenience function for broadcasting an evaluation over an evalComm

- **void send_evaluation (PRPQueueIter &prp_it, size_t buff_index, int server_id, bool peer_flag)**

  helper function for sending sendBuffers[buff_index] to server

- **void receive_evaluation (PRPQueueIter &prp_it, size_t buff_index, int server_id, bool peer_flag)**

  helper function for processing recvBuffers[buff_index] within scheduler

- **void launch_asynch_local (PRPQueueIter &prp_it)**

  launch an asynchronous local evaluation

- **void process_asynch_local (int fn_eval_id)**

  process a completed asynchronous local evaluation

- **void process_synch_local (PRPQueueIter &prp_it)**

  process a completed synchronous local evaluation

- **void assign_asynch_local_queue (PRPQueue &local_prp_queue, PRPQueueIter &local_prp_iter)**

  helper function for creating an initial active local queue by launching async local jobs from local_prp_queue, as limited by server capacity

- **void assign_asynch_local_queue_nowait (PRPQueue &local_prp_queue, PRPQueueIter &local_prp_iter)**

  helper function for updating an active local queue by backfilling async local jobs from local_prp_queue, as limited by server capacity

- **size_t test_local_backfill (PRPQueue &assign_queue, PRPQueueIter &assign_iter)**

  helper function for testing active async local jobs and then backfilling

- **size_t test_receives_backfill (PRPQueueIter &assign_iter, bool peer_flag)**

  helper function for testing receive requests and then backfilling jobs

- **void serve_evaluations_synch ()**

  serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform one synchronous evaluation at a time

- **void serve_evaluations_synch_peer ()**

  serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform one synchronous evaluation at a time as part of the 1st peer

- **void serve_evaluations_asynch ()**

  serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and manage multiple asynchronous evaluations

- **void serve_evaluations_asynch_peer ()**

  serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform multiple asynchronous evaluations as part of the 1st peer

- **void set_evaluation_communicators (const IntArray &message_lengths)**

  convenience function for updating the local evaluation partition data following ParallelLibrary::init_evaluation_communicators().

- **void set_analysis_communicators ()**

  convenience function for updating the local analysis partition data following ParallelLibrary::init_analysis_communicators().

- **void init_serial_evaluations ()**

  set concurrent evaluation configuration for serial operations

- **void init_serial_analyses ()**

  set concurrent analysis configuration for serial operations (e.g., for local executions on a dedicated master)

- **const ParamResponsePair & get_source_pair (const Variables &target_vars)**
convenience function for the continuation approach in manage_failure() for finding the nearest successful "source" evaluation to the failed "target"

- void continuation (const Variables &target_vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, const ParamResponsePair &source_pair, int failed_eval_id)
  performs a 0th order continuation method to step from a successful "source" evaluation to the failed "target".
  Invoked by manage_failure() for failAction == "continuation".

- void common_input_filtering (const Variables &vars)
  common input filtering operations, e.g. mesh movement

- void common_output_filtering (Response &response)
  common output filtering operations, e.g. data filtering

Private Attributes

- int worldSize
  size of MPI_COMM_WORLD

- int worldRank
  processor rank within MPI_COMM_WORLD

- int iteratorCommSize
  size of iteratorComm

- int iteratorCommRank
  processor rank within iteratorComm

- bool ieMessagePass
  flag for message passing at ie scheduling level

- int numEvalServers
  current number of evaluation servers

- int numEvalServersSpec
  user specification for number of evaluation servers

- int procsPerEvalSpec
  user specification for processors per analysis servers

- bool eaMessagePass
  flag for message passing at ea scheduling level

- int numAnalysisServersSpec
  user spec for number of analysis servers

- int procsPerAnalysisSpec
  user specification for processors per analysis servers

- int lenVarsMessage
  length of a MPIPackBuffer containing a Variables object; computed in Model::init_communicators()

- int lenVarsActSetMessage
  length of a MPIPackBuffer containing a Variables object and an ActiveSet object; computed in Model::init_communicators()

- int lenResponseMessage
  length of a MPIPackBuffer containing a Response object; computed in Model::init_communicators()

- int lenPRPairMessage
  length of a MPIPackBuffer containing a ParamResponsePair object; computed in Model::init_communicators()
• short `evalScheduling`
  user specification of evaluation scheduling algorithm: \{DEFAULT, MASTER, PEER, DYNAMIC, PEER, STATIC\} - SCHEDULING. Used for manual overrides of auto-configure logic in `ParallelLibrary::resolve_inputs()`.

• short `analysisScheduling`
  user specification of analysis scheduling algorithm: \{DEFAULT, MASTER, PEER\} - SCHEDULING. Used for manual overrides of the auto-configure logic in `ParallelLibrary::resolve_inputs()`.

• int `asynchLocalEvalConcurrency`
  limits the number of concurrent evaluations in asynchronous local scheduling and specifies hybrid concurrency when message passing

• bool `asynchLocalEvalStatic`
  whether the asynchronous local evaluations are to be performed with a static schedule (default false)

• BitArray `localServerAssigned`
  array with one bit per logical "server" indicating whether a job is currently running on the server (used for asynchronous local static schedules)

• short `interfaceSynchronization`
  interface synchronization specification: synchronous (default) or asynchronous

• bool `asvControlFlag`
  used to manage a user request to deactivate the active set vector control. true = modify the ASV each evaluation as appropriate (default); false = ASV values are static so that the user need not check them on each evaluation.

• bool `evalCacheFlag`
  used to manage a user request to deactivate the function evaluation cache (i.e., queries and insertions using the data_pairs cache).

• bool `nearbyDuplicateDetect`
  flag indicating optional usage of tolerance-based duplication detection (less efficient, but helpful when experiencing restart cache misses)

• Real `nearbyTolerance`
  tolerance value for tolerance-based duplication detection

• bool `restartFileFlag`
  used to manage a user request to deactivate the restart file (i.e., insertions into write_restart).

• String `gradientType`
  type of gradients present in associated Response

• String `hessianType`
  type of Hessians present in associated Response

• IntSet `gradMixedAnalyticIds`
  IDs of analytic gradients when mixed gradients present.

• IntSet `hessMixedAnalyticIds`
  IDs of analytic gradients when mixed gradients present.

• ShortArray `defaultASV`
  the static ASV values used when the user has selected asvControl = off

• String `failAction`
  mitigation action for captured simulation failures: abort, retry, recover, or continuation

• int `failRetryLimit`
  limit on the number of retries for the retry failAction

• RealVector `failRecoveryFnVals`
13.3. APPLICATIONINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

the dummy function values used for the recover failAction

- IntResponseMap historyDuplicateMap
  used to bookkeep asynchronous evaluations which duplicate data_pairs evaluations. Map key is evalIdCntn, map value is corresponding response.

- std::map<int, std::pair<PRPQueueHIter, Response>> beforeSynchDuplicateMap
  used to bookkeep evalIdCntn, beforeSynchCorePRPQueue iterator, and response of asynchronous evaluations which duplicate queued beforeSynchCorePRPQueue evaluations

- PRPQueue beforeSynchCorePRPQueue
  used to bookkeep vars/set/response of nonduplicate asynchronous core evaluations. This is the queue of jobs populated by asynchronous map() that is later scheduled in synch() or synch_nowait().

- PRPQueue beforeSynchAlgPRPQueue
  used to bookkeep vars/set/response of asynchronous algebraic evaluations. This is the queue of algebraic jobs populated by asynchronous map() that is later evaluated in synch() or synch_nowait().

- PRPQueue asyncLocalActivePRPQueue
  used by nonblocking asynchronous local schedulers to bookkeep active local jobs

- std::map<int, IntIntPair> msgPassRunningMap
  used by nonblocking message passing schedulers to bookkeep which jobs are running remotely

- MPIPackBuffer * sendBuffers
  array of pack buffers for evaluation jobs queued to a server

- MPIUnpackBuffer * recvBuffers
  array of unpack buffers for evaluation jobs returned by a server

- MPI_Request * recvRequests
  array of requests for nonblocking evaluation receives

13.3.1 Detailed Description

Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting interfaces to simulation codes.

ApplicationInterface provides an interface class for performing parameter to response mappings using simulation code(s). It provides common functionality for a number of derived classes and contains the majority of all of the scheduling algorithms in DAKOTA. The derived classes provide the specifics for managing code invocations using system calls, forks, direct procedure calls, or distributed resource facilities.

13.3.2 Member Function Documentation

void init_serial ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

DataInterface.cpp defaults of 0 servers are needed to distinguish an explicit user request for 1 server (serialization of a parallelism level) from no user request (use parallel auto-config). This default causes problems when init_communicators() is not called for an interface object (e.g., static scheduling fails in DirectApplicInterface::derived_map() for NestedModel::optionalInterface). This is the reason for this function: to reset certain defaults for interface objects that are used serially.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References ApplicationInterface::init_serial_analyses(), and ApplicationInterface::init_serial_evaluations().
void map (const Variables & vars, const ActiveSet & set, Response & response, bool asynch_flag = false) [protected], [virtual]

Provides a "mapping" of variables to responses using a simulation. Protected due to Interface letter-envelope idiom.

The function evaluator for application interfaces. Called from derived compute_response() and derived _asynch_compute_response() in derived Model classes. If asynch_flag is not set, perform a blocking evaluation (using derived_map()). If asynch_flag is set, add the job to the beforeSynchCorePRPQueue queue for execution by one of the scheduler routines in synch() or synch_nowait(). Duplicate function evaluations are detected with duplication_detect().

Reimplemented from Interface.

References Response::active_set(), Interface::algebraic_mappings(), Interface::algebraicMappings, Interface::asv_mapping(), ApplicationInterface::asvControlFlag, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchAlgPRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::broadcast_evaluation(), Response::copy(), Interface::coreMappings, Interface::currEvalId, Dakota::data_pairs, ApplicationInterface::defaultASV, ApplicationInterface::derived_map(), ApplicationInterface::duplication_detect(), ApplicationInterface::evalCacheFlag, Interface::evalIdCntr, Interface::fineGrainEvalCounters, Interface::fnGradCounter, Interface::fnHessCounter, Interface::fnLabels, Interface::fnValCounter, Response::function_labels(), Interface::init_algebraic_mappings(), ApplicationInterface::init_default_asv(), Interface::init_evaluation_counters(), Interface::interfaceId, ApplicationInterface::manage_failure(), Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, Interface::newEvalIdCntr, Interface::newFnGradCounter, Interface::newFnHessCounter, Interface::newFnValCounter, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Interface::response_mapping(), ApplicationInterface::restartFileFlag, and ParallelLibrary::write_restart().

const IntResponseMap & synch() [protected], [virtual]

executes a blocking schedule for asynchronous evaluations in the beforeSynchCorePRPQueue and returns all jobs

This function provides blocking synchronization for all cases of asynchronous evaluations, including the local asynchronous case (background system call, nonblocking fork, & multithreads), the message passing case, and the hybrid case. Called from derived synchronize() in derived Model classes.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References Interface::algebraic_mappings(), Interface::algebraicMappings, Interface::asv_mapping(), ApplicationInterface::asyncLocalEvalStatic, ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations(), ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchAlgPRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchDuplicateMap, Interface::coreMappings, ApplicationInterface::evalScheduling, ApplicationInterface::historyDuplicateMap, Interface::ieDedMasterFlag, ApplicationInterface::ieMessagePass, Interface::interfaceId, Interface::interfaceType, ApplicationInterface::master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations(), Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations(), ApplicationInterface::peer_static_schedule_evaluations(), Interface::rawResponseMap, and Interface::response_mapping().

const IntResponseMap & synch_nowait() [protected], [virtual]

executes a nonblocking schedule for asynchronous evaluations in the beforeSynchCorePRPQueue and returns a partial set of completed jobs

This function provides nonblocking synchronization for the local asynchronous case and selected nonblocking message passing schedulers. Called from derived synchronize_nowait() in derived Model classes.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Interface::algebraic_mappings(), Interface::algebraicMappings, Interface::asv_mapping(), ApplicationInterface::asyncLocalEvalStatic, ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations_nowait(), ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchAlgPRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue,
13.3. APPLICATIONINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

void serve_evaluations ( ) [protected], [virtual]
run on evaluation servers to serve the iterator master
Invoked by the serve() function in derived Model classes. Passes control to serve_evaluations_synch(), serve_evaluations_asynch(), serve_evaluations_synch_peer(), or serve_evaluations_asynch_peer() according to specified concurrency, partition, and scheduler configuration.
Reimplemented from Interface.
References ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::evalServerId, Interface::ieDedMasterFlag, ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_synch(), ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch(), ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_synch_peer(), ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch_peer().

void stop_evaluation_servers ( ) [protected], [virtual]
used by the iterator master to terminate evaluation servers
This code is executed on the iteratorComm rank 0 processor when iteration on a particular model is complete. It sends a termination signal (tag = 0 instead of a valid fn_eval_id) to each of the slave analysis servers. NOTE: This function is called from the Strategy layer even when in serial mode. Therefore, use iteratorCommSize to provide appropriate fall through behavior.
Reimplemented from Interface.
References ParallelLibrary::bcast_e(), ParallelLibrary::free(), ParallelConfiguration::ie_parallel_level(), Interface::ieDedMasterFlag, ParallelLibrary::isend_i(), ApplicationInterface::iteratorCommSize, Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, Interface::outputLevel, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration(), and ApplicationInterface::parallelLib.

void init_communicators_checks ( int max_eval_concurrency ) [protected], [virtual]
perform construct-time error checks on the parallel configuration
Override DirectApplicInterface definition if plug-in to allow batch processing in Plugin{Serial,Parallel}DirectApplicInterface.cpp
Reimplemented in DirectApplicInterface, SysCallApplicInterface, and ProcessHandleApplicInterface.
Referenced by ApplicationInterface::init_communicators().

void set_communicators_checks ( int max_eval_concurrency ) [protected], [virtual]
perform run-time error checks on the parallel configuration
Override DirectApplicInterface definition if plug-in to allow batch processing in Plugin{Serial,Parallel}DirectApplicInterface.cpp
Reimplemented in DirectApplicInterface, SerialDirectApplicInterface, ParallelDirectApplicInterface, SysCallApplicInterface, and ProcessHandleApplicInterface.
Referenced by ApplicationInterface::set_communicators().
void master_dynamic_schedule_analyses ( ) [protected]

blocking dynamic schedule of all analyses within a function evaluation using message passing

This code is called from derived classes to provide the master portion of a master-slave algorithm for the
dynamic scheduling of analyses among slave servers. It is patterned after master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations().
It performs no analyses locally and matches either serve_analyses_synch() or serve_analyses_asynch() on the slave
servers, depending on the value of asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency. Dynamic scheduling assigns jobs in 2
passes. The 1st pass gives each server the same number of jobs (equal to asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency).
The 2nd pass assigns the remaining jobs to slave servers as previous jobs are completed. Single- and multilevel
parallel use intra- and inter-communicators, respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within
ParallelLibrary.

References ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency, ParallelLibrary::free(), ParallelLibrary-::irecv_ea(), ParallelLibrary::isend_ea(), ApplicationInterface::numAnalysisDrivers, ApplicationInterface::num AnalysesServers, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ParallelLibrary::waitall(), and ParallelLibrary::waitsome().

Referenced by ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process(), SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process(), and DirectApplicInterface::derived_map().

void serve_analyses_synch ( ) [protected]

serve the master analysis scheduler and manage one synchronous analysis job at a time

This code is called from derived classes to run synchronous analyses on slave processors. The slaves re-ceive requests (blocking receive), do local derived_map ac’s, and return codes. This is done continuously until a
termination signal is received from the master. It is patterned after serve_evaluations_synch().

References ApplicationInterface::analysisCommRank, ParallelLibrary::bcast_a(), ParallelLibrary::isend_ea(), ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ParallelLibrary::irecv_ea(), ApplicationInterface::synchronous_local_analysis(), and ParallelLibrary::wait().

Referenced by ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process(), SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process(), and DirectApplicInterface::derived_map().

bool duplication_detect ( const Variables & vars, Response & response, bool asynch_flag ) [private]

checks data_pairs and beforeSynchCorePRPQueue to see if the current evaluation request has already been per-formed or queued

Called from map() to check incoming evaluation request for duplication with content of data_pairs and beforeSynchCorePRPQueue. If duplication is detected, return true, else return false. Manage bookkeeping with historyDuplicateMap and beforeSynchDuplicateMap. Note that the list searches can get very expensive if a long list is searched on every new function evaluation (either from a large number of previous jobs, a large number of pending jobs, or both). For this reason, a user request for deactivation of the evaluation cache results in a complete bypass of duplication_detect(), even though a beforeSynchCorePRPQueue search would still be meaningful. Since the intent of this request is to streamline operations, both list searches are bypassed.

References Response::active_set(), ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchDuplicateMap, Response::copy(), Dakota::data_pairs, ParamResponsePair::eval_id(), Interface::evalIdCntr, ApplicationInterface::historyDuplicateMap, Interface::interfaceId, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), ApplicationInterface::nearbyDuplicateDetect, ApplicationInterface::nearbyTolerance, and Response::update().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::map().

void init_default_asv ( size_t num_fns ) [private]

initialize default ASV if needed; this is done at run time due to post-construct time Response size changes.
If the user has specified active set vector as off, then `map()` uses a default ASV which is constant for all function evaluations (so that the user need not check the content of the ASV on each evaluation). Only initialized if needed and not already sized.

References ApplicationInterface::asvControlFlag, ApplicationInterface::defaultASV, ApplicationInterface::gradientType, ApplicationInterface::gradMixedAnalyticIds, ApplicationInterface::hessianType, and ApplicationInterface::hessMixedAnalyticIds.

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::map().

```c
void master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations() [private]
```

blocking dynamic schedule of all evaluations in beforeSynchCorePRPQueue using message passing on a dedicated master partition; executes on iteratorComm master

This code is called from `synch()` to provide the master portion of a master-slave algorithm for the dynamic scheduling of evaluations among slave servers. It performs no evaluations locally and matches either `serve_evaluations_synch()` or `serve_evaluations_asynch()` on the slave servers, depending on the value of asynchLocalEvalConcurrency. Dynamic scheduling assigns jobs in 2 passes. The 1st pass gives each server the same number of jobs (equal to asynchLocalEvalConcurrency). The 2nd pass assigns the remaining jobs to slave servers as previous jobs are completed and returned. Single- and multilevel parallel use intra- and inter-communicators, respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within `ParallelLibrary::peer`.

References ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(), ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ApplicationInterface::receive_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::recvBuffers, ApplicationInterface::recvRequests, ApplicationInterface::send_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::sendBuffers, ParallelLibrary::waitall(), and ParallelLibrary::waitsome().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch().

```c
void peer_static_schedule_evaluations() [private]
```

blocking static schedule of all evaluations in beforeSynchCorePRPQueue using message passing on a peer partition; executes on iteratorComm master

This code runs on the iteratorCommRank 0 processor (the iterator) and is called from `synch()` in order to manage a static schedule for cases where peer 1 must block when evaluating its local job allocation (e.g., single or multiprocessor direct interface evaluations). It matches `serve_evaluations_peer()` for any other processors within the first evaluation partition and `serve_evaluations_{synch,asynch}()` for all other evaluation partitions (depending on asynchLocalEvalConcurrency). It performs function evaluations locally for its portion of the job allocation using either `asynchronous_local_evaluations()` or `synchronous_local_evaluations()`. Single-level and multilevel parallel use intra- and inter-communicators, respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within `ParallelLibrary`. The iteratorCommRank 0 processor assigns the static schedule since it is the only processor with access to beforeSynchCorePRPQueue (it runs the iterator and calls synchronize). The alternate design of each peer selecting its own jobs using the modulus operator would be applicable if execution of this function (and therefore the job list) were distributed.

References ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations(), ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ApplicationInterface::receive_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::recvBuffers, ApplicationInterface::recvRequests, ApplicationInterface::send_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::sendBuffers, ApplicationInterface::synchronous_local_evaluations(), and ParallelLibrary::waitall().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch().
void peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations( ) [private]

blocking dynamic schedule of all evaluations in beforeSynchCorePRPQueue using message passing on a peer partition; executes on iteratorComm master

This code runs on the iteratorCommRank 0 processor (the iterator) and is called from synch() in order to manage a dynamic schedule, as enabled by nonblocking management of local asynchronous jobs. It matches serve_evaluations,\{synch,asynch\}() for other evaluation partitions, depending on asynchLocalEvalConcurrency; it does not match serve_evaluations_peer() since, for local asynchronous jobs, the first evaluation partition cannot be multiprocessor. It performs function evaluations locally for its portion of the job allocation using asynchronous_local_evaluations_nowait(). Single-level and multilevel parallel use intra- and inter-communicators, respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within ParallelLibrary.

References ApplicationInterface::assign_asynch_local_queue(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::msgPassRunningMap, ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::recvBuffers, ApplicationInterface::recvRequests, ApplicationInterface::send_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::sendBuffers, ApplicationInterface::test_local_backfill(), and ApplicationInterface::test_receives_backfill().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch().

void asynchronous_local_evaluations ( PRPQueue & local_prp_queue ) [private]

perform all jobs in prp_queue using asynchronous approaches on the local processor

This function provides blocking synchronization for the local asynchronous case (background system call, nonblocking fork, or threads). It can be called from synch() for a complete local scheduling of all asynchronous jobs or from peer,\{static,dynamic\}_schedule_evaluations() to perform a local portion of the total job set. It uses derived_map_asynch() to initiate asynchronous evaluations and wait_local_evaluations() to capture completed jobs, and mirrors the master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations() message passing scheduler as much as possible (wait_local_evaluations() is modeled after MPI_Waitsome()).

References ApplicationInterface::assign_asynch_local_queue(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalActivePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalStatic, ApplicationInterface::completionSet, ApplicationInterface::launch_asynch_local(), ApplicationInterface::localServerAssigned, Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(), ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, Interface::outputLevel, ApplicationInterface::process_asynch_local(), Interface::rawResponseMap, and ApplicationInterface::wait_local_evaluations().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::peer_static_schedule_evaluations(), and ApplicationInterface::synch().

void synchronous_local_evaluations ( PRPQueue & local_prp_queue ) [private]

perform all jobs in prp_queue using synchronous approaches on the local processor

This function provides blocking synchronization for the local synchronous case (foreground system call, blocking fork, or procedure call from derived_map()). It is called from peer_static_schedule_evaluations() to perform a local portion of the total job set.

References ApplicationInterface::broadcast_evaluation(), Interface::currEvalId, ApplicationInterface::derived_map(), ApplicationInterface::manage_failure(), Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, and ApplicationInterface::process_synch_local().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::peer_static_schedule_evaluations().

void master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait( ) [private]

execute a nonblocking dynamic schedule in a master-slave partition

This code is called from synch_nowait() to provide the master portion of a nonblocking master-slave algorithm for the dynamic scheduling of evaluations among slave servers. It performs no evaluations locally and matches either serve_evaluations_synch() or serve_evaluations_asynch() on the slave servers, depending on the value of
asynchLocalEvalConcurrency. Dynamic scheduling assigns jobs in 2 passes. The 1st pass gives each server
the same number of jobs (equal to asynchLocalEvalConcurrency). The 2nd pass assigns the remaining jobs to
slave servers as previous jobs are completed. Single- and multilevel parallel use intra- and inter-communicators,
respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within ParallelLibrary.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface-
::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::msgPassRunningMap, ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers,
ApplicationInterface::recvBuffers, ApplicationInterface::recvRequests, ApplicationInterface::send_evaluation(),
ApplicationInterface::sendBuffers, and ApplicationInterface::test_receives_backfill.

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch_nowait().

void peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait ( ) [private]

execute a nonblocking static/dynamic schedule in a peer partition

This code runs on the iteratorCommRank 0 processor (the iterator) and is called from synch_nowait() in order
to manage a nonblocking static schedule. It matches serve_evaluations_{asynch,asynch}() for other evaluation
partitions (depending on asynchLocalEvalConcurrency). It performs nonblocking local function evaluations for
its portion of the static schedule using asynchronous_local_evaluations(). Single-level and multilevel parallel use intra-
and inter-communicators, respectively, for send/receive. Specific syntax is encapsulated within ParallelLibrary. The iteratorCommRank 0 processor assigns the static schedule since it is the only processor with access
to beforeSynchCorePRPQueue (it runs the iterator and calls synchronize). The alternate design of each peer
selecting its own jobs using the modulus operator would be applicable if execution of this function (and therefore
the job list) were distributed.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::assign_asynch_local_queue(), ApplicationInterface-
::assign_asynch_local_queue_nowait(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalActivePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface-
::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::beforeSynchCorePRPQueue, Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(),
ApplicationInterface::msgPassRunningMap, ApplicationInterface::numEvalServers, ApplicationInterface::recv-
Buffers, ApplicationInterface::recvRequests, ApplicationInterface::send_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::send-
Buffers, ApplicationInterface::test_local_backfill(), and ApplicationInterface::test_receives_backfill.

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch_nowait().

void asynchronous_local_evaluations_nowait ( PRPQueue & local_prp_queue ) [private]

launch new jobs in prp_queue asynchronously (if capacity is available), perform nonblocking query of all running
jobs, and process any completed jobs (handles both local master- and local peer-scheduling cases)

This function provides nonblocking synchronization for the local asynch case (background system call, non-
blocking fork, or threads). It is called from synch_nowait() and passed the complete set of all asynchronous jobs
(beforeSynchCorePRPQueue). It uses derived_map_asynch() to initiate asynchronous evaluations and test_local-
evaluations() to capture completed jobs in nonblocking mode. It mirrors a nonblocking message passing scheduler
as much as possible (test_local_evaluations() modeled after MPI Testsome()). The result of this function is raw-
ResponseMap, which uses eval_id as a key. It is assumed that the incoming local_prp_queue contains only active
and new jobs - i.e., all completed jobs are cleared by synch_nowait().

Also supports asynchronous local evaluations with static scheduling. This scheduling policy specifically en-
sures that a completed asynchronous evaluation eval_id is replaced with an equivalent one, modulo asynchLocalEvalConcurrency. In the nowait case, this could render some servers idle if evaluations don’t come in eval_id order or some evaluations are cancelled by the caller in between calls. If this function is called with unlimited local eval concurrency, the static scheduling request is ignored.

References ApplicationInterface::assign_asynch_local_queue_nowait(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalActive-
PRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalStatic, and
ApplicationInterface::test_local_backfill().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::synch_nowait().
void serve_evaluations_synch ( ) [private]

serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform one synchronous evaluation at a time

This code is invoked by serve_evaluations() to perform one synchronous job at a time on each slave/peer server. The servers receive requests (blocking receive), do local synchronous maps, and return results. This is done continuously until a termination signal is received from the master (sent via stop_evaluation_servers()).

References ParallelLibrary::bcast_e(), Interface::currEvalId, ApplicationInterface::derived_map(), ApplicationInterface::evalCommRank, ParallelLibrary::isend_ie(), ApplicationInterface::lenResponseMessage, ApplicationInterface::lenVarsActSetMessage, ApplicationInterface::manage_failure(), Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ParallelLibrary::recv_ie(), MPIPackBuffer::reset(), and ParallelLibrary::wait().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations().

void serve_evaluations_synch_peer ( ) [private]

serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform one synchronous evaluation at a time as part of the 1st peer

This code is invoked by serve_evaluations() to perform a synchronous evaluation in coordination with the iteratorCommRank 0 processor (the iterator) for static schedules. The bcast() matches either the bcast() in synchronous_local_evaluations(), which is invoked by peer_static_schedule_evaluations(), or the bcast() in map().

References ParallelLibrary::bcast_e(), Interface::currEvalId, ApplicationInterface::derived_map(), ApplicationInterface::lenVarsActSetMessage, ApplicationInterface::manage_failure(), and ApplicationInterface::parallelLib.

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations().

void serve_evaluations_asynch ( ) [private]

serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and manage multiple asynchronous evaluations

This code is invoked by serve_evaluations() to perform multiple asynchronous jobs on each slave/peer server. The servers test for any incoming jobs, launch any new jobs, process any completed jobs, and return any results. Each of these components is nonblocking, although the server loop continues until a termination signal is received from the master (sent via stop_evaluation_servers()). In the master-slave case, the master maintains the correct number of jobs on each slave. In the static scheduling case, each server is responsible for limiting concurrency (since the entire static schedule is sent to the peers at start up).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalActivePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ParallelLibrary::bcast_e(), ApplicationInterface::completionSet, ApplicationInterface::derived_map_asynch(), ApplicationInterface::evalCommRank, Interface::interfaceId, ParallelLibrary::irecv_ie(), ApplicationInterface::lenResponseMessage, ApplicationInterface::lenVarsActSetMessage, Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(), Interface::multiProcEvalFlag, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ParallelLibrary::recv_ie(), MPIUnpackBuffer::reset(), ParallelLibrary::send_ie(), ParallelLibrary::test(), and ApplicationInterface::test_local_evaluations().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations().

void serve_evaluations_asynch_peer ( ) [private]

serve the evaluation message passing schedulers and perform multiple asynchronous evaluations as part of the 1st peer

This code is invoked by serve_evaluations() to perform multiple asynchronous jobs on multiprocessor slave/peer servers. It matches the multiProcEvalFlag bcasts in ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations().

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalActivePRPQueue, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalEvalConcurrency, ParallelLibrary::bcast_e(), ApplicationInterface::completionSet, ApplicationInterface::derived_map_asynch(), Interface::interfaceId, ApplicationInterface::lenVarsActSetMessage, Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(), ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, MPIUnpackBuffer::reset(), and ApplicationInterface::test_local_evaluations().

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations().
13.4 APPROXIMATION CLASS REFERENCE

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ApplicationInterface.hpp
- ApplicationInterface.cpp

13.4 Approximation Class Reference

Base class for the approximation class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Approximation:

```
Approximation
|__________|
|          |
|          | GaussProcApproximation
|          | PecosApproximation
|          | SurfpackApproximation
|          | TANA3Approximation
|          | TaylorApproximation
|          | VPSApproximation
```

Public Member Functions

- **Approximation ()**
  
  default constructor

- **Approximation (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  
  standard constructor for envelope

- **Approximation (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  
  alternate constructor

- **Approximation (const Approximation &approx)**
  
  copy constructor

- **virtual ~Approximation ()**
  
  destructor

- **Approximation operator= (const Approximation &approx)**
  
  assignment operator

- **virtual void build ()**
  
  builds the approximation from scratch

- **virtual void export_model (const String &fn_label, const String &export_prefix="", const unsigned short export_format=NO_MODEL_FORMAT)**
  
  exports the approximation

- **virtual void rebuild ()**
  
  rebuilds the approximation incrementally

- **virtual void pop (bool save_data)**
  
  removes entries from end of SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data (last points appended, or as specified in args)

- **virtual void restore ()**
  
  restores state prior to previous append()

- **virtual void finalize ()**
  
  finalize approximation by applying all remaining trial sets

- **virtual void store ()**
  
  store current approximation for later combination

- **virtual void combine (short corr_type)**
combine current approximation with previously stored approximation

- virtual Real value (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function value for a given parameter vector
- virtual const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector
- virtual const RealSymMatrix & hessian (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector
- virtual Real prediction_variance (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter vector
- virtual Real value (const RealVector &c_vars)
  retrieve the approximate function value for a given parameter vector
- virtual const RealVector & gradient (const RealVector &c_vars)
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector
- virtual const RealSymMatrix & hessian (const RealVector &c_vars)
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector
- virtual Real prediction_variance (const RealVector &c_vars)
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter vector
- virtual bool diagnostics_available ()
  check if diagnostics are available for this approximation type
- virtual Real diagnostic (const String &metric_type)
  retrieve a single diagnostic metric for the diagnostic type specified
- virtual void primary_diagnostics (int fn_index)
  compute and print all requested diagnostics and cross-validation
- virtual void challenge_diagnostics (const RealMatrix &challenge_points, int fn_index)
  compute and print all requested diagnostics for user provided challenge pts
- virtual RealVector approximation_coefficients (bool normalized) const
  return the coefficient array computed by build()//rebuild()
- virtual void approximation_coefficients (const RealVector &approx_coeffs, bool normalized)
  set the coefficient array from external sources, rather than computing with build()//rebuild()
- virtual void coefficient_labels (std::vector<std::string> &coeff_labels) const
  print the coefficient array computed in build()//rebuild()
- virtual void print_coefficients (std::ostream &s, bool normalized)
  print the coefficient array computed in build()//rebuild()
- virtual int min_coefficients () const
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in numVars dimensions
- virtual int recommended_coefficients () const
  return the recommended number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in numVars dimensions
- virtual int num_constraints () const
  return the number of constraints to be enforced via an anchor point
- virtual void clear_current ()
  clear current build data in preparation for next build
13.4. APPROXIMATION CLASS REFERENCE

- int min_points (bool constraint_flag) const
  
  return the minimum number of points required to build the approximation type in numVars dimensions. Uses \_\_coefficients() and num\_constraints().

- int recommended_points (bool constraint_flag) const
  
  return the recommended number of samples to build the approximation type in numVars dimensions (default same as min_points)

- const Pecos::SurrogateData & approximation_data () const
  
  return approxData

- void add (const Pecos::SurrogateDataVars &sdv, bool anchor_flag)
  
  append to SurrogateData::varsData or assign to SurrogateData::anchorVars

- void add (const Variables &vars, bool anchor_flag, bool deep_copy)
  
  extract the relevant vectors from Variables and invoke add(RealVector&, IntVector&, RealVector&)

- void add (const Real *sample_c_vars, bool anchor_flag, bool deep_copy)
  
  create a RealVector view and invoke add(RealVector&, empty, empty)

- void add (const RealVector &c_vars, const IntVector &di_vars, const RealVector &dr_vars, bool anchor_flag, bool deep_copy)
  
  shared code among add(Variables&) and add(Real*); adds a new data point by either appending to SurrogateData::varsData or assigning to SurrogateData::anchorVars, as dictated by anchor_flag. Uses add\_point() and add\_anchor().

- void add (const Pecos::SurrogateDataResp &sdr, bool anchor_flag)
  
  append to SurrogateData::respData or assign to SurrogateData::anchorResp

- void add (const Response &response, int fn_index, bool anchor_flag, bool deep_copy)
  
  adds a new data point by either appending to SurrogateData::respData or assigning to SurrogateData::anchorResp, as dictated by anchor_flag. Uses add\_point() and add\_anchor().

- void add (const RealMatrix &sample_vars, const RealVector &sample_resp)
  
  add data from the provided samples and response matrices, assuming continuous variables and function values only

- void pop_count (size_t count)
  
  appends to popCountStack (number of entries to pop from end of SurrogateData::\{vars,resp\}Data, based on size of last data set appended)

- void clear_all ()
  
  clear all build data (current and history) to restore original state

- void clear_anchor ()
  
  clear SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}

- void clear_data ()
  
  clear SurrogateData::\{vars,resp\}Data

- void clear_saved ()
  
  clear popCountStack and SurrogateData::saved{Vars,Resp}Trials

- void set_bounds (const RealVector &c_l_bnds, const RealVector &c_u_bnds, const IntVector &i_l_bnds, const IntVector &i_u_bnds, const IntVector &d_i_l_bnds, const IntVector &d_i_u_bnds, const RealVector &d_l_bnds, const RealVector &d_u_bnds)
  
  set approximation lower and upper bounds (currently only used by graphics)

- Approximation * approx_rep () const
  
  returns approxRep for access to derived class member functions that are not mapped to the top Approximation level
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Protected Member Functions

- **Approximation (BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- **Approximation (NoDBBaseConstructor, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

Protected Attributes

- RealVector approxGradient

  gradient of the approximation returned by gradient()

- RealSymMatrix approxHessian

  Hessian of the approximation returned by hessian()

- Pecos::SurrogateData approxData

  contains the variables/response data for constructing a single approximation model (one response function)

- SharedApproxData * sharedDataRep

  contains the approximation data that is shared among the response set

Private Member Functions

- **Approximation * get_approx (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**

  Used only by the standard envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.

- **Approximation * get_approx (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**

  Used only by the alternate envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.

Private Attributes

- SizetArray popCountStack

  a stack managing the number of points previously added by calls to append() that can be removed by calls to pop()

- Approximation * approxRep

  pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)

- int referenceCount

  number of objects sharing approxRep

13.4.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the approximation class hierarchy.

The **Approximation** class is the base class for the response data fit approximation class hierarchy in DAKOTA. One instance of an **Approximation** must be created for each function to be approximated (a vector of Approximations is contained in **ApproximationInterface**). For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the approximation hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (**Approximation**) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in **Approximation::get_approx()**) serves as the letter.
13.4. APPROXIMATION CLASS REFERENCE

13.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Approximation ( )
default constructor
The default constructor is used in Array<Approximation> instantiations and by the alternate envelope constructor. approxRep is NULL in this case (problem_db is needed to build a meaningful Approximation object). This makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

Approximation ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedApproxData & shared_data )
standard constructor for envelope
Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_approx, since Approximation(-BaseConstructor, problem_db) builds the actual base class data for the derived approximations.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::get_approx().

Approximation ( const SharedApproxData & shared_data )
alternate constructor
This is the alternate envelope constructor for instantiations on the fly. Since it does not have access to problem_db, it utilizes the NoDBBaseConstructor constructor chain.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::get_approx().

Approximation ( const Approximation & approx )
copy constructor
Copy constructor manages sharing of approxRep and incrementing of referenceCount.
References Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::referenceCount.

~Approximation ( ) [virtual]
destructor
Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes approxRep when referenceCount reaches zero.
References Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::referenceCount.

Approximation ( BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedApproxData & shared_data ) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_approx() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid recursion in the base class constructor calling get_approx() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Approximation).

Approximation ( NoDBBaseConstructor, const SharedApproxData & shared_data ) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_approx() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid...
recursion in the base class constructor calling get_approx() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Approximation).

13.4.3 Member Function Documentation

**Approximation operator= (const Approximation & approx)**

Assignment operator


References Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::referenceCount.

**void build() [virtual]**

builds the approximation from scratch

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in PecosApproximation, VPSApproximation, GaussProcApproximation, SurfpackApproximation, TaylorApproximation, and TANA3Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxData, Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::build(), Approximation::min_points(), SharedApproxData::numVars, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

Referenced by TANA3Approximation::build(), TaylorApproximation::build(), Approximation::build(), SurfpackApproximation::build(), GAussProcApproximation::build(), VPSApproximation::build(), PecosApproximation::build(), and Approximation::rebuild().

**void export_model (const String & fn_label, const String & export_prefix = "", const unsigned short export_format = NO_MODEL_FORMAT) [virtual]**

exports the approximation

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in SurfpackApproximation.

References Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::export_model().

Referenced by Approximation::export_model().

**void rebuild() [virtual]**

rebuilds the approximation incrementally

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in PecosApproximation.

References Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::build(), and Approximation::rebuild().

Referenced by Approximation::rebuild().

**void pop (bool save_data) [virtual]**

removes entries from end of SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data (last points appended, or as specified in args)

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in PecosApproximation.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxData, Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::pop(), and Approximation::popCountStack.

Referenced by Approximation::pop(), and PecosApproximation::pop().

```cpp
void restore() [virtual]
```

restores state prior to previous append()

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in PecosApproximation.

References Approximation::approxData, Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::popCountStack, SharedApproxData::restoration_index(), Approximation::restore(), and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

Referenced by Approximation::restore(), and PecosApproximation::restore().

```cpp
void finalize() [virtual]
```

finalize approximation by applying all remaining trial sets

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented in PecosApproximation.

References Approximation::approxData, Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::clear_saved(), SharedApproxData::finalization_index(), Approximation::finalize(), and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

Referenced by Approximation::finalize(), and PecosApproximation::finalize().

```cpp
void clear_current() [inline], [virtual]
```

clear current build data in preparation for next build

Redefined by TANA3Approximation to clear current data but preserve history.

Reimplemented in TANA3Approximation.

References Approximation::approxRep, Approximation::clear_all(), and Approximation::clear_current().

Referenced by Approximation::clear_current().

```cpp
void clear_all() [inline]
```

clear all build data (current and history) to restore original state

Clears out any history (e.g., TANA3Approximation use for a different response function in NonDReliability).

References Approximation::approxData, Approximation::approxRep, and Approximation::clear_all().

Referenced by Approximation::clear_all(), and Approximation::clear_current().

```cpp
Approximation * get_approx ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedApproxData & shared_data ) [private]
```

Used only by the standard envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.

References SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::data_rep(), ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), and Dakota::strends().

Referenced by Approximation::Approximation().
Approximation * get_approx ( const SharedApproxData & shared_data ) [private]

Used only by the alternate envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.
Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize approxRep to the appropriate derived type.
References SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::data_rep(), and Dakota::strends().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaApproximation.hpp
- DakotaApproximation.cpp

13.5 ApproximationInterface Class Reference

Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting approximations to simulation-based results.
Inheritance diagram for ApproximationInterface:

Public Member Functions

- **ApproximationInterface (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const Variables &am_vars, bool am_cache, const String &am_interface_id, size_t num_fns)**
  *primary constructor*
- **ApproximationInterface (const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, const Variables &am_vars, bool am_cache, const String &am_interface_id, size_t num_fns, short data_order, short output_level)**
  *alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly*
- **~ApproximationInterface ()**
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- **void map (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, bool asynch_flag=false)**
  *the function evaluator: provides an approximate “mapping” from the variables to the responses using function Surfaces*
- **int minimum_points (bool constraint_flag) const**
  *returns the minimum number of samples required to build the functionSurfaces*
- **int recommended_points (bool constraint_flag) const**
  *returns the recommended number of samples recommended to build the functionSurfaces*
- **void approximation_function_indices (const IntSet &approx_fn_indices)**
  *set the (currently active) approximation function index set*
- **void update_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr)**
- **void update_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)**
- **void update_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)**
void append_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr)
void append_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)
void build_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)
void build_approximation (const RealVector &c_l_bnds, const RealVector &c_u_bnds, const IntVector &d_l_bnds, const IntVector &d_u_bnds, const RealVector &dr_l_bnds, const RealVector &dr_u_bnds)
void export_approximation (const StringArray &fn_labels)
void rebuild_approximation (const BoolDeque &rebuild_deque)
void pop_approximation (bool save_sur_data)
void restore_approximation ()
bool restore_available ()
queries the approximation for the ability to restore a previous increment
void finalize_approximation ()
finalizes the approximation by applying all trial increments
void store_approximation ()
move the current approximation into storage for later combination
void combine_approximation (short corr_type)
combine the current approximation with one previously stored
void clear_current ()
clears current data from an approximation interface
void clear_all ()
clears all data from an approximation interface
void clear_saved ()
clears saved data (from pop invocations) from an approximation interface
SharedApproxData & shared_approximation ()
retrieve the SharedApproxData within an ApproximationInterface
std::vector< Approximation > & approximations ()
retrieve the Approximations within an ApproximationInterface
const Pecos::SurrogateData & approximation_data (size_t index)
retrieve the approximation data from a particular Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
const RealVectorArray & approximation_coefficients (bool normalized=false)
retrieve the approximation coefficients from each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
void approximation_coefficients (const RealVectorArray &approx_coeffs, bool normalized=false)
set the approximation coefficients within each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
const RealVector & approximation_variances (const Variables &vars)
retrieve the approximation variances from each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
const IntResponseMap & synch ()
recovers data from a series of asynchronous evaluations (blocking)
const IntResponseMap & synch_nowait ()
recovers data from a series of asynchronous evaluations (nonblocking)
Private Member Functions

- void mixed_add (const Variables &vars, const Response &response, bool anchor)
  add variables/response data to functionSurfaces using a mixture of shallow and deep copies
- void mixed_add (const Real *c_vvars, const Response &response, bool anchor)
  add variables/response data to functionSurfaces using a mixture of shallow and deep copies
- void shallow_add (const Variables &vars, const Response &response, bool anchor)
  add variables/response data to functionSurfaces using a shallow copy
- void sample_to_variables (const Real *c_vvars, size_t num_cv, Variables &vars)
  populate continuous variables within vars from sample_c_vvars
- void update_pop_counts (const IntResponseMap &resp_map)
  append to the popCountStack within each of the functionSurfaces based on the active set definitions within resp_map
- void read_challenge_points (bool active_only)
  Load approximation test points from user challenge points file.

Private Attributes

- IntSet approxFnIndices
  for incomplete approximation sets, this array specifies the response function subset that is approximated
- SharedApproxData sharedData
  data that is shared among all functionSurfaces
- std::vector< Approximation > functionSurfaces
  list of approximations, one per response function
- RealVectorArray functionSurfaceCoeffs
  array of approximation coefficient vectors, one per response function
- RealVector functionSurfaceVariances
  vector of approximation variances, one value per response function
- String challengeFile
  data file for user-supplied challenge data (per interface, since may contain multiple responses)
- unsigned short challengeFormat
  tabular format of the challenge points file
- bool challengeActiveOnly
  whether to import active only
- RealMatrix challengePoints
  container for the challenge points data
- Variables actualModelVars
  copy of the actualModel variables object used to simplify conversion among differing variable views
- bool actualModelCache
  indicates usage of an evaluation cache by the actualModel
- String actualModelInterfaceId
  the interface id from the actualModel used for ordered PRPCache lookups
- IntResponseMap beforeSynchResponseMap
  bookkeeping map to catalogue responses generated in map() for use in synch() and synch_nowait(). This supports pseudo-asynchronous operations (approximate responses are always computed synchronously, but asynchronous virtual functions are supported through bookkeeping).
Additional Inherited Members

13.5.1 Detailed Description

Derived class within the interface class hierarchy for supporting approximations to simulation-based results.

`ApproximationInterface` provides an interface class for building a set of global/local/multipoint approximations and performing approximate function evaluations using them. It contains a list of `Approximation` objects, one for each response function.

13.5.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response_pr )
[protected], [virtual]
```

This function populates/replaces each Approximation::anchorPoint with the incoming variables/response data point.

Reimplemented from `Interface`.

References `ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache`, `ApproximationInterface::actualModelInterfaceId`, Dakota::data.pairs, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), `ApproximationInterface::mixed_add()`, and `ApproximationInterface::shallow_add()`.

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const RealMatrix & samples, const IntResponseMap & resp_map )
[protected], [virtual]
```

This function populates/replaces each Approximation::currentPoints with the incoming variables/response arrays.

Reimplemented from `Interface`.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), `ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache`, `ApproximationInterface::actualModelInterfaceId`, `ApproximationInterface::actualModelVars`, `ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices`, Dakota::data.pairs, `ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces`, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), `ApproximationInterface::mixed_add()`, `ApproximationInterface::sample_to_variables()`, and `ApproximationInterface::shallow_add()`.

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const VariablesArray & vars_array, const IntResponseMap & resp_map )
[protected], [virtual]
```

This function populates/replaces each Approximation::currentPoints with the incoming variables/response arrays.

Reimplemented from `Interface`.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), `ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache`, `ApproximationInterface::actualModelInterfaceId`, `ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices`, Dakota::data.pairs, `ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces`, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), `ApproximationInterface::mixed_add()`, and `ApproximationInterface::shallow_add()`.

```cpp
void append_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response_pr )
[protected], [virtual]
```

This function appends to each Approximation::currentPoints with one incoming variables/response data point.

Reimplemented from `Interface`.

References `ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache`, `ApproximationInterface::actualModelInterfaceId`, `ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices`, Dakota::data.pairs, `ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces`, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), `ApproximationInterface::mixed_add()`, and `ApproximationInterface::shallow_add()`.
void append_approximation ( const RealMatrix & samples, const IntResponseMap & resp_map )
[protected], [virtual]

This function appends to each Approximation::currentPoints with multiple incoming variables/response data points.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache, ApproximationInterface::actual-
ModelInterfaceId, ApproximationInterface::actualModelVars, Dakota::data_pairs, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), Approximation-
Interface::mixed_add(), ApproximationInterface::sample_to_variables(), ApproximationInterface::shallow_add(),
and ApproximationInterface::update_pop_counts().

void append_approximation ( const VariablesArray & vars_array, const IntResponseMap & resp_map )
[protected], [virtual]

This function appends to each Approximation::currentPoints with multiple incoming variables/response data points.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApproximationInterface::actualModelCache, ApproximationInterface::actual-
ModelInterfaceId, Dakota::data_pairs, Dakota::lookup_by_ids(), ApproximationInterface::mixed_add(), Approximation-
Interface::shallow_add(), and ApproximationInterface::update_pop_counts().

void build_approximation ( const RealVector & c_l_bnds, const RealVector & c_u_bnds, const IntVector &
d_i_l_bnds, const IntVector & d_i_u_bnds, const RealVector & d_r_l_bnds, const RealVector & d_r_u_bnds )
[protected], [virtual]

This function finds the coefficients for each Approximation based on the data passed through update_approximation() calls. The bounds are used only for graphics visualization.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices, SharedApproxData::build(), ApproximationInterface-
::challengeFile, ApproximationInterface::challengePoints, ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces, Approximation-
Interface::read_challenge_points(), SharedApproxData::set_bounds(), and ApproximationInterface::sharedData.

void export_approximation ( const StringArray & fn_labels ) [protected], [virtual]

This function calls export on each approximation.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices, and ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces.

void rebuild_approximation ( const BoolDeque & rebuild_deque ) [protected], [virtual]

This function updates the coefficients for each Approximation based on data increments provided by {update,append}.

Reimplemented from Interface.

References ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices, ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces, SharedApprox-
Data::rebuild(), and ApproximationInterface::sharedData.

void pop_approximation ( bool save_surr_data ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

This function removes data provided by a previous append_approximation() call, possibly different numbers for
each function, or as specified in pop_count, which is assumed to be the same for all functions.

Reimplemented from Interface.
void restore_approximation( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
This function updates the coefficients for each Approximation based on data increments provided by \{update,append\}-
_approximation().
Reimplemented from Interface.
References ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices, ApproximationInterface::functionSurfaces, SharedApprox-
Data::post_restore(), SharedApproxData::pre_restore(), and ApproximationInterface::sharedData.

void read_challenge_points( bool active_only ) [private]
Load approximation test points from user challenge points file.
Challenge data defaults to active/inactive, but user can override to active only.
References ApproximationInterface::actualModelVars, ApproximationInterface::challengeActiveOnly, Approximation-
Interface::challengeFile, ApproximationInterface::challengeFormat, ApproximationInterface::challengePoints, Variables-
::copy(), Dakota::copy_data(), Variables::cv(), Variables::div(), Variables::drv(), Variables::dsv(), Approximation-
Interface::functionSurfaces, and Variables::tv().
Referenced by ApproximationInterface::build_approximation().

13.5.3 Member Data Documentation
std::vector<Approximation> functionSurfaces [private]
list of approximations, one per response function
This formulation allows the use of mixed approximations (i.e., different approximations used for different
response functions), although the input specification is not currently general enough to support it.
Referenced by ApproximationInterface::append_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::approximation_-
coefficients(), ApproximationInterface::approximation_data(), ApproximationInterface::approximation_variances(),
ApproximationInterface::build_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::approximations(), Approximation-
Interface::clear_all(), ApproximationInterface::clear_current(), Approximation-
Interface::clear_saved(). ApproximationInterface::combine_approximation(). ApproximationInterface::export_approximation(),
ApproximationInterface::finalize_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::map(), ApproximationInterface::minimum_-points(), ApproximationInterface::mixed_add(), ApproximationInterface::pop_approximation(), Approximation-
Interface::read_challenge_points(), ApproximationInterface::rebuild_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::recommended_-points(), ApproximationInterface::restore_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::shallow_add(), Approximation-
Interface::store_approximation(), ApproximationInterface::update_approximation(), and ApproximationInterface-::update_pop_counts().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ApproximationInterface.hpp
- ApproximationInterface.cpp

13.6 APPSEvalMgr Class Reference
Evaluation manager class for APPSPACK.
Inherits Executor.
Public Member Functions

- **APPSEvalMgr (Model &model)**
  
  *constructor*

- **∼APPSEvalMgr ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **bool isReadyForWork () const**
  
  tells APPS whether or not there is a processor available to perform a function evaluation

- **bool submit (const int apps_tag, const HOPSPACK::Vector &apps_xtrial, const HOPSPACK::EvalRequest-Type apps_request)**
  
  performs a function evaluation at APPS-provided x

- **int recv (int &apps_tag, HOPSPACK::Vector &apps_f, HOPSPACK::Vector &apps_cEqs, HOPSPACK::Vector &apps_cIneqs, string &apps_msg)**
  
  returns a function value to APPS

- **std::string getEvaluatorType (void) const**
  
  return the type of the Dakota linked evaluator

- **void printDebugInfo (void) const**
  
  empty implementation of debug info needed to complete the interface

- **void printTimingInfo (void) const**
  
  empty implementation of timing info needed to complete the interface

- **void set_asynch_flag (const bool dakotaAsynchFlag)**
  
  publishes whether or not to do asynchronous evaluations

- **void set_blocking_synch (const bool blockingSynchFlag)**
  
  publishes whether or not APPS is operating synchronously

- **void set_total_workers (const int numDakotaWorkers)**
  
  publishes the number of processors available for function evaluations

- **void set_constraint_map (std::vector< int > constrMapIndices, std::vector< double > constraintMap-Multipliers, std::vector< double > constraintMapOffsets)**
  
  publishes constraint transformation

Private Attributes

- **Model & iteratedModel**
  
  reference to the APPSOptimizer’s model passed in the constructor

- **bool modelAsynchFlag**
  
  flag for asynchronous function evaluations

- **bool blockingSynch**
  
  flag for APPS synchronous behavior

- **int numWorkersUsed**
  
  number of processors actively performing function evaluations

- **int numWorkersTotal**
  
  total number of processors available for performing function evaluations

- **std::vector< int > constrMapIndices**
  
  map from Dakota constraint number to APPS constraint number
13.6. APPSEVALMGR CLASS REFERENCE

- std::vector<double> constrMapMultipliers
  multipliers for constraint transformations
- std::vector<double> constrMapOffsets
  offsets for constraint transformations
- RealVector xTrial
  trial iterate
- std::map<int, int> tagList
  map of DAKOTA eval id to APPS eval id (for asynchronous evaluations)
- std::map<int, RealVector> functionList
  map of APPS eval id to responses (for synchronous evaluations)
- IntResponseMap dakotaResponseMap
  map of DAKOTA responses returned by synchronize_nowait()

13.6.1 Detailed Description

Evaluation manager class for APPSPACK.

The APPSEvalMgr class is derived from APPSPACK’s Executor class. It implements the methods of that class in such a way that allows DAKOTA to manage the computation of responses instead of APPS. Iterate and response values are passed between Dakota and APPSPACK via this interface.

13.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

APPSEvalMgr ( Model & model )

constructor

Evaluation manager class for APPSPACK.

The APPSEvalMgr class is derived from APPSPACK’s Executor class. It implements the methods of that class in such a way that allows DAKOTA to manage the computation of responses instead of APPS. Iterate and response values are passed between Dakota and APPSPACK via this interface.

13.6.3 Member Function Documentation

bool isReadyForWork ( ) const

tells APPS whether or not there is a processor available to perform a function evaluation

Check to see if all processors available for function evaluations are being used. If not, tell APPS that one is available.

References APPSEvalMgr::numWorkersTotal, and APPSEvalMgr::numWorkersUsed.

bool submit ( const int apps_tag, const HOPSPACK::Vector & apps_xtrial, const HOPSPACK::EvalRequestType apps_request )

performs a function evaluation at APPS-provided x_in

Convert APPSPACK vector of variables to DAKOTA vector of variables and perform function evaluation asynchronously or not as specified in the DAKOTA input deck. If evaluation is asynchronous, map the dakota id to the APPS tag. If evaluation is synchronous, map the responses to the APPS tag.
References Model::asynch_compute_response(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variable(), Model::current_response(), Model::cv(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_variable(), Model::discrete_real_variable(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::discrete_string_variable(), Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), Model::evaluation_id(), Response::function_values(), APPSEvalMgr::functionList, APPSEvalMgr::iteratedModel, APPSEvalMgr::modelAsynchFlag, APPSEvalMgr::numWorkersTotal, APPSEvalMgr::numWorkersUsed, Dakota::set_index_to_value(), and APPSEvalMgr::tagList.

```cpp
int recv ( int & apps_tag, HOPSPACK::Vector & apps_f, HOPSPACK::Vector & apps_cEqs, HOPSPACK::Vector & apps_cIneqs, string & apps_msg )
```
returns a function value to APPS.

Retrieve a set of response values, convert to APPS data structures, and return them to APPS. APPS tags are tied to corresponding responses using the appropriate (i.e., asynchronous or synchronous) map.

References APPSEvalMgr::blockingSynch, APPSEvalMgr::constrMapIndices, APPSEvalMgr::constrMapMultipliers, APPSEvalMgr::constrMapOffsets, APPSEvalMgr::dakotaResponseMap, APPSEvalMgr::functionList, APPSEvalMgr::iteratedModel, APPSEvalMgr::modelAsynchFlag, Model::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), APPSEvalMgr::numWorkersUsed, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::synchronize(), Model::synchronize_nowait(), and APPSEvalMgr::tagList.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- APPSEvalMgr.hpp
- APPSEvalMgr.cpp

### 13.7 APPSOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for HOPSPACK.

Inheritance diagram for APPSOptimizer:

```
APPSOptimizer
    |_________________________
    |                         |
    |   Minimizer              |
    |_________________________
        |_______________________
        |                     |
        |   Optimizer         |
        |_____________________
                        |
                        |
                        |    APPSOptimizer     |
                        |_____________________
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **APPSOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *constructor*

- **APPSOptimizer (Model &model)**
  
  *alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiation without ProblemDescDB*

- **~APPSOptimizer ()**
  
  *destructor*
13.7. **APPSOPTIMIZER CLASS REFERENCE**

- **void find_optimum()**
  
  Performs the iterations to determine the optimal solution.

### Protected Member Functions

- **void set_apps_parameters()**
  
  sets options for specific methods based on user specifications

- **void initialize_variables_and_constraints()**
  
  initializes problem variables and constraints

### Protected Attributes

- **int numTotalVars**
  
  Total across all types of variables.

- **HOPSPACK::ParameterList params**
  
  Pointer to APPS parameter list.

- **HOPSPACK::ParameterList * problemParams**
  
  Pointer to APPS problem parameter sublist.

- **HOPSPACK::ParameterList * linearParams**
  
  Pointer to APPS linear constraint parameter sublist.

- **HOPSPACK::ParameterList * mediatorParams**
  
  Pointer to APPS mediator parameter sublist.

- **HOPSPACK::ParameterList * citizenParams**
  
  Pointer to APPS citizen/algorithm parameter sublist.

- **APPSEvalMgr * evalMgr**
  
  Pointer to the APPS evaluation manager object.

- **std::vector<int> constraintMapIndices**
  
  map from Dakota constraint number to APPS constraint number

- **std::vector<double> constraintMapMultipliers**
  
  multipliers for constraint transformations

- **std::vector<double> constraintMapOffsets**
  
  offsets for constraint transformations

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.7.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for HOPSPACK.

The **APPSOptimizer** class provides a wrapper for HOPSPACK, a Sandia-developed C++ library for generalized pattern search. HOPSPACK defaults to a coordinate pattern search but also allows for augmented search patterns. It can solve problems with bounds, linear constraints, and general nonlinear constraints. **APPSOptimizer** uses an **APPSEvalMgr** object to manage the function evaluations.

The user input mappings are as follows: `output max_function_evaluations, constraint_tol initial_delta, contraction_factor, threshold_delta, solution_target, synchronization, merit_function, constraint_penalty, and smoothing_factor` are mapped into HOP'S's "Display", "Maximum Evaluations", "Active Tolerance"/"Nonlinear Active Tolerance", "Initial Step", "Contraction Factor",

13.7.2 Member Function Documentation

void find_optimum ( ) [virtual]
Performs the iterations to determine the optimal solution.
find_optimum redefines the Optimizer virtual function to perform the optimization using HOPS. It first sets up the problem data, then executes minimize() on the HOPS optimizer, and finally catalogues the results.
Implements Optimizer.
References Model::asynch_flag(), Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapIndices, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapMultipliers, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapOffsets, Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), APPSOptimizer::evalMgr, Model::evaluation_capacity(), APPSOptimizer::initialize_variables_and_constraints(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Optimizer::localObjectiveRecast, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteIntVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteRealVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteStringVars, Minimizer::numFunctions, Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, APPSOptimizer::numTotalVars, APPSOptimizer::params, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), APPSEvalMgr::set_asynch_flag(), Dakota::set_index_to_value(), and APPSEvalMgr::set_total_workers().

void set_apps_parameters ( ) [protected]
sets options for specific methods based on user specifications
Set all of the HOPS algorithmic parameters as specified in the DAKOTA input deck. This is called at construction time.
References APPSOptimizer::citizenParams, Minimizer::constraintTol, APPSOptimizer::evalMgr, ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::is_null(), APPSOptimizer::linearParams, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, APPSOptimizer::mediatorParams, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, APPSOptimizer::numTotalVars, APPSOptimizer::params, Iterator::probDescDB, APPSOptimizer::probParams, and APPSEvalMgr::set_blocking_synch().
Referenced by APPSOptimizer::APPSOptimizer().

void initialize_variables_and_constraints ( ) [protected]
initializes problem variables and constraints
Set the variables and constraints as specified in the DAKOTA input deck. This is done at run time.
References Dakota::NPOS, Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::bigIntBoundSize, Minimizer::bigRealBoundSize, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapIndices, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapMultipliers, APPSOptimizer::constraintMapOffsets, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_variables(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_variables(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), APPSOptimizer::evalMgr, Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::linear_eq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), APPSOptimizer::linearParams, Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteIntVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteRealVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteStringVars, Minimizer::numLinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numLinearIneqConstraints,
13.8  ApreproWriter Class Reference

Utility used in derived write_core to write in aprepro format.

Public Member Functions

- template<typename ArrayType>
  void operator()(std::ostream &s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType &array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array)

13.8.1 Detailed Description

Utility used in derived write_core to write in aprepro format.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.9  BaseConstructor Struct Reference

Dummy struct for overloading letter-envelope constructors.

Public Member Functions

- BaseConstructor (int=0)

  C++ structs can have constructors.

13.9.1 Detailed Description

Dummy struct for overloading letter-envelope constructors.

  BaseConstructor is used to overload the constructor for the base class portion of letter objects. It avoids infinite recursion (Coplien p.139) in the letter-envelope idiom by preventing the letter from instantiating another envelope. Putting this struct here avoids circular dependencies.

  The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- dakota_global_defs.hpp
13.10  BootstrapSampler< Data > Class Template Reference

Actual bootstrap sampler implementation for common data types.

Inheritance diagram for BootstrapSampler< Data >:

```
   BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >
   |        |
   |        V
   BootstrapSampler< Data >
   |        |
   |        V
   BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >
```

Public Member Functions

- **BootstrapSampler** (const Data &orig_data, size_t block_size=1)
  
  Constructor for the sampler.

- **virtual ~BootstrapSampler()**
  
  Destructor.

- **virtual void operator()** (size_t num_samp, Data &bootstrapped_sample)

Protected Attributes

- **size_t blockSize**
  
  Size of the block defining a sample.

Additional Inherited Members

13.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template< typename Data > class Dakota::BootstrapSampler< Data >
```

Actual bootstrap sampler implementation for common data types.

Template requires the given type to support an STL-like interface, including a size method and begin and end methods returning random access iterators

13.10.2 Member Function Documentation

```
virtual void operator() ( size_t num_samp, Data &bootstrapped_sample ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Implements BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >.

Reimplemented in BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >.

References BootstrapSampler< Data >::blockSize, BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::bootstrapRNG, BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::origData, and BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::sampler.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BootstrapSampler.hpp
13.11 BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > > Class Template Reference

Bootstrap sampler that is specialized to allow for the bootstrapping of RealMatrix.

Inheritance diagram for BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >:

```
BootstrapSamplerBase< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >
```

Public Types

- typedef Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > MatType
  
  Convenience definition.

Public Member Functions

- BootstrapSampler (const MatType &orig_data, size_t block_size=1)
  
  Constructor for the sampler.
- virtual ~BootstrapSampler ()
  
  Destructor.
- virtual void operator() (size_t num_samp, MatType &bootstrapped_sample)

Protected Attributes

- size_t blockSize
  
  Size of the block defining a sample.

Additional Inherited Members

13.11.1 Detailed Description

template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType> class Dakota::BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >

Bootstrap sampler that is specialized to allow for the bootstrapping of RealMatrix.

13.11.2 Member Function Documentation

virtual void operator() ( size_t num_samp, MatType & bootstrapped_sample ) [inline], [virtual]

Implements BootstrapSamplerBase< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >.

References BootstrapSampler< Data >::blockSize, BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::bootstrapRNG, BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::origData, and BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >::sampler.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:
13.12 BootstrapSamplerBase< Data > Class Template Reference

Base class/interface for the bootstrap sampler.
Inheritance diagram for BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >:

```
BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >

BootstrapSampler< Data >

BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **BootstrapSamplerBase** (size_t data_size, Data orig_data)
  
  Constructor for the bootstrap functor base.

- virtual ~BootstrapSamplerBase ()
  
  Destructor.

- virtual void operator() (size_t num_samp, Data &bootstrapped_sample)=0
  
  Generate and store a new boostrapped sample into bootstrapped_sample.

- virtual size_t getDataSize ()
  
  Obtain the number of samples used in the empirical distribution.

- virtual void operator() (Data &bootstrapped_sample)
  
  Generate and store an dataSize out of dataSize boostrap sample.

- virtual Data operator() ()
  
  Return boostrapped sample.

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static void set_seed (size_t seed)

**Protected Attributes**

- boost::random::uniform_int_distribution sampler
  
  Uniform distribution to provide samples from the empirical distribution.

- const size_t dataSize
  
  Size of the dataset defining the empirical distribution.

- Data origData
  
  Original data defining the empirical distribution TODO: Consider if it should be const (breaks Teuchos)
13.13. **BOOTSTRAP_SAMPLER_WITH_GS**<DATA, GETTER, SETTER> **CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE**

### Static Protected Attributes
- `static boost::random::mt19937 bootstrapRNG`

  *Random number generator to use for sampling.*

#### 13.12.1 Detailed Description

**template<typename Data> class Dakota::BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >**

Base class/interface for the bootstrap sampler.

*BootstrapSamplerBase* defines the minimum interface for a bootstrap sampler and handles initialization of the random variate generation used by the bootstrap. Functor is templated on the data type, but does not actually define a data member.

#### 13.12.2 Member Data Documentation

**boost::random::mt19937 bootstrapRNG [static], [protected]**

Random number generator to use for sampling.

The bootstrap random number generator.

Referenced by BootstrapSampler< Data >::operator(), BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType> >::operator(), and BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >::operator().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BootstrapSampler.hpp

#### 13.13 BootstrapSamplerWithGS<DATA, GETTER, SETTER> **Class Template Reference**

A derived sampler to allow for user specification of the accessor methods.

Inheritance diagram for BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >:

```
  BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >
      BootstrapSampler< Data >
          BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >
```

### Public Member Functions
- `BootstrapSamplerWithGS (const Data &orig_data, Getter getter_method, Setter setter_method)`

  *Constructor with extra arguments for the accessor methods.*

- `virtual ~BootstrapSamplerWithGS ()`

  *Destructor.*

- `virtual void operator() (size_t num_samp, Data &bootstrapped_sample)`

  *Generate and store a new bootstrapped sample into bootstrapped_sample TODO: bounds checking.*
### Protected Attributes

- **Getter `getterMethod`**
  
  *Function to obtain a single sample from a Data object. Function should take a Data object and an unsigned integer corresponding to a sample index and return the sample.*

- **Setter `setterMethod`**
  
  *Function to place a single sample into a Data object. Function should take a Data object and an unsigned integer corresponding to the sample index to set.*

### Additional Inherited Members

13.13.1 Detailed Description

```cpp
template<typename Data, typename Getter, typename Setter>
class Dakota::BootstrapSamplerWithGS<Data, Getter, Setter>
```

A derived sampler to allow for user specification of the accessor methods.

*The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BootstrapSampler.hpp

### 13.14 `callback_data` Struct Reference

#### Public Attributes

- **double `rosen_cdv_upper_bd`**
  
  *Upper bound value to pass through parser to callback function*

13.14.1 Detailed Description

Data structure to pass application-specific values through Dakota back to the callback function, for example to convey late updates to bounds, initial points, etc., to Dakota.

*The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- library_mode.cpp

### 13.15 COLINApplication Class Reference

Inherits Application< colin::MO_MINLP2_problem >.

#### Public Member Functions

- **COLINApplication ()**
  
  *Default constructor. Required by COLIN’s ApplicationHandle creation.*

- **COLINApplication (Model &model)**
  
  *Constructor with Model (not presently used).*

- **~COLINApplication ()**
  
  *Destructor.*

- **void set_problem (Model &model)**
Helper function called after default construction to extract problem information from the Model and set it for COLIN.

- void `set_blocking_synch` (const bool blockingSynchFlag)
  [publishes whether or not COLIN is operating synchronously]

- virtual `utilib::Any spawn_evaluation_impl` (const `utilib::Any &domain`, const `colin::AppRequest::request_map_t &requests`, `utilib::seed_t &seed`)
  Schedule one or more requests at specified domain point, returning a DAKOTA-specific evaluation tracking ID.

- virtual bool `evaluation_available` ()
  Check to see if there are any function values ready to be collected.

- virtual void `perform_evaluation_impl` (const `utilib::Any &domain`, const `colin::AppRequest::request_map_t &requests`, `utilib::seed_t &seed`, `colin::AppResponse::response_map_t &colin_responses`)
  Perform a function evaluation at t given point.

- virtual `utilib::Any collect_evaluation_impl` (colin::AppResponse::response_map_t &responses, utilib::seed_t &seed)
  Collect a completed evaluation from DAKOTA.

- virtual void `colin_request_to_dakota_request` (const `utilib::Any &domain`, const `colin::AppRequest::request_map_t &requests`, `utilib::seed_t &seed`)
  Helper function to convert evaluation request data from COLIN structures to DAKOTA structures.

- virtual void `dakota_response_to_colin_response` (const Response &dakota_response, colin::AppResponse::response_map_t &colin_responses)
  Helper function to convert evaluation response data from DAKOTA structures to COLIN structures.

- virtual bool `map_domain` (const `utilib::Any &src`, `utilib::Any &native`, bool forward=true) const
  Map the domain point into data type desired by this application context.

Protected Attributes

- Model `iteratedModel`
  Shallow copy of the model on which COLIN will iterate.

- bool `blockingSynch`
  Flag for COLIN synchronous behavior (Pattern Search only).

- ActiveSet `activeSet`
  Local copy of model’s active set for convenience.

- std::vector< int > `requestedEvals`
  Evaluations queued for async evaluation.

- IntResponseMap `dakota_responses`
  eval_id to response mapping to cache completed jobs.

13.15.1 Detailed Description

COLINApplication is a DAKOTA class that is derived from COLIN’s Application hierarchy. It redefines a variety of virtual COLIN functions to use the corresponding DAKOTA functions. This is a more flexible algorithm library interfacing approach than can be obtained with the function pointer approaches used by NPSOLOptimizer and SNLLOptimizer.
13.15.2 Member Function Documentation

void set_problem ( Model & model )

Helper function called after default construction to extract problem information from the Model and set it for COLIN.

Set variable bounds and linear and nonlinear constraints. This avoids using probDescDB, so it is called by both the standard and the on-the-fly COLINOptimizer constructors.

References Response::active_set(), COLINApplication::activeSet, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::current_response(), Model::cv(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), COLINApplication::iteratedModel, Model::linear_eq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::num_functions(), Model::num_linear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_linear_ineq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), and Model::primary_response_fn_sense().

Referenced by COLINApplication::COLINApplication().

utilib::Any spawn_evaluation_impl ( const utilib::Any & domain, const colin::AppRequest::request_map_t & requests, utilib::seed_t & seed ) [virtual]

Schedule one or more requests at specified domain point, returning a DAKOTA-specific evaluation tracking ID.

Schedule one or more requests at specified domain point, returning a DAKOTA-specific evaluation tracking ID. This is only called by COLIN’s concurrent evaluator, which is only instantiated when the Model supports asynch evals. The domain point is guaranteed to be compatible with data type specified by map_domain(...)

References Model::asynch_compute_response(), COLINApplication::colin_request_to_dakota_request(), Model::evaluation_id(), and COLINApplication::iteratedModel.

bool evaluation_available ( ) [virtual]

Check to see if there are any function values ready to be collected.

Check to see if any asynchronous evaluations have finished. This is only called by COLIN’s concurrent evaluator, which is only instantiated when the Model supports asynch evals.

References COLINApplication::blockingSynch, COLINApplication::dakota_responses, COLINApplication::iteratedModel, Model::synchronize(), and Model::synchronize_nowait().

void perform_evaluation_impl ( const utilib::Any & domain, const colin::AppRequest::request_map_t & requests, utilib::seed_t & seed, colin::AppResponse::response_map_t & colin_responses ) [virtual]

Perform a function evaluation at t given point.

Perform an evaluation at a specified domain point. Wait for and return the response. This is only called by COLIN’s serial evaluator, which is only instantiated when the Model does not support asynch evals. The domain point is guaranteed to be compatible with data type specified by map_domain(...)

References COLINApplication::colin_request_to_dakota_request(), Model::compute_response(), Model::current_response(), COLINApplication::dakota_response_to_colin_response(), and COLINApplication::iteratedModel.
utilib::Any collect_evaluation_impl ( colin::AppResponse::response_map_t & colin_responses, utilib::seed_t & seed ) [virtual]

Collect a completed evaluation from DAKOTA.
Collect the next completed evaluation from DAKOTA. Always returns the eval of the response returned.
References COLINApplication::dakota_response_to_colin_response(), and COLINApplication::dakota_responses.

void colin_request_to_dakota_request ( const utilib::Any & domain, const colin::AppRequest::request_map_t & requests, utilib::seed_t & seed ) [virtual]

Helper function to convert evaluation request data from COLIN structures to DAKOTA structures.
Map COLIN info requests to DAKOTA objectives and constraints.
References Model::continuous_variables(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_variable(), Model::discrete_real_variable(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::discrete_string_variable(), Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), COLINApplication::iteratedModel, Model::num_functions(), and Dakota::set_index_to_value().
References by COLINApplication::perform_evaluation_impl(), and COLINApplication::spawn_evaluation_impl().

void dakota_response_to_colin_response ( const Response & dakota_response, colin::AppResponse::response_map_t & colin_responses ) [virtual]

Helper function to convert evaluation response data from DAKOTA structures to COLIN structures.
Map DAKOTA objective and constraint values to COLIN response.
References Response::active_set_request_vector(), and Response::function_value().
References by COLINApplication::collect_evaluation_impl(), and COLINApplication::perform_evaluation_impl().

bool map_domain ( const utilib::Any & src, utilib::Any & native, bool forward = true ) const [virtual]

Map the domain point into data type desired by this application context.
Map the domain point into data type desired by this application context (utilib::MixedIntVars). This data type can be exposed from the Any &domain presented to spawn and collect.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- COLINApplication.hpp
- COLINApplication.cpp

13.16 COLINOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for optimizers defined using COLIN.
Inheritance diagram for COLINOptimizer:
Public Member Functions

- **COLINOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  - standard constructor
- **COLINOptimizer (const String &method_name, Model &model, int seed, int max_iter, int max_eval)**
  - alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiations
- **COLINOptimizer (const String &method_name, Model &model)**
  - alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name
- **~COLINOptimizer ()**
  - destructor
- **void reset ()**
  - clears internal optimizer state
- **void find_optimum ()**
  - iterates the COLIN solver to determine the optimal solution
- **bool returns_multiple_points () const**
  - some COLIN methods can return multiple points

Protected Member Functions

- **void solver_setup (unsigned short method_name)**
  - convenience function for setting up the particular COLIN solver and appropriate Application
- **void set_rng (int seed)**
  - sets up the random number generator for stochastic methods
- **void set_solver_parameters ()**
  - sets construct-time options for specific methods based on user specifications, including calling method-specific set functions
- **void post_run (std::ostream &s)**
  - Get the final set of points from the solver Look up responses and sort, first according to constraint violation, then according to function value.
- **std::pair<bool, bool> colin_cache_lookup (const colin::AppResponse &colinResponse, Response &tmpResponseHolder)**
  - Retrieve response from Colin AppResponse, return pair indicating success for <objective, constraints>
- **double constraint_violation (const Response &tmpResponseHolder)**
  - Compute constraint violation, based on nonlinear constraints in iteratedModel and provided Response data.
Protected Attributes

- short solverType
  
  $COLIN$ solver sub-type as enumerated in COLINoptimizer.cpp.
- colin::SolverHandle colinSolver
  
  handle to the $COLIN$ solver
- std::pair<colin::ApplicationHandle, COLINApplication *> colinProblem
  
  handle and pointer to the $COLIN$Application object
- colin::EvaluationManager_Base * colinEvalMgr
  
  pointer to the $COLIN$ evalutaion manager object
- utilib::RNG * rng
  
  random number generator pointer
- bool blockingSynch
  
  the synchronization setting: true if blocking, false if nonblocking
- Real constraint_penalty
  
  Buffer to hold problem constraint_penalty parameter.
- bool constant_penalty
  
  Buffer to hold problem constant_penalty parameter.

Additional Inherited Members

13.16.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for optimizers defined using COLIN.

The $COLINO$ptimizer class wraps $COLIN$, a Sandia-developed C++ optimization interface library. A variety of $COLIN$ optimizers are defined in $COLIN$ and its associated libraries, including SCOLIB which contains the optimization components from the old COLINY (formerly SGOPT) library. $COLIN$ contains optimizers such as genetic algorithms, pattern search methods, and other nongradient-based techniques. $COLINO$ptimizer uses a $COLIN$Application object to perform the function evaluations.

The user input mappings are as follows: max_iterations, max_function_evaluations, convergence_tolerance, and solution_accuracy are mapped into $COLIN$'s max_iterations, max_function_evaluations, this_trial, function_value_tolerance, sufficient_objective_value properties. An outputLevel is mapped to $COLIN$’s output_level property and a setting of debug activates output of method initialization and sets the $COLIN$ debug attribute to 10000 for the DEBUG output level. Refer to [Hart, W.E., 2006] for additional information on $COLIN$ objects and controls.

13.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

$COLINO$ptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

  Standard constructor.

  References ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Iterator::probDescDB, $COLINO$ptimizer::set_rng(), $COLINO$ptimizer::set_solver_parameters(), and $COLINO$ptimizer::solver_setup().
COLINOptimizer(const String& method_name, Model& model, int seed, int max_iter, int max_eval)
alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiations
Alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiations.
References Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::method_string_to_enum(), COLINOptimizer::set_rng(), COLINOptimizer::set_solver_parameters(), and COLINOptimizer::solver_setup().

COLINOptimizer(const String& method_name, Model& model)
alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name
Alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name.
References Iterator::method_string_to_enum(), COLINOptimizer::set_solver_parameters(), and COLINOptimizer::solver_setup().

13.16.3 Member Function Documentation

void find_optimum() [virtual]
iterates the COLIN solver to determine the optimal solution
find_optimum redefines the Optimizer virtual function to perform the optimization using COLIN. It first sets up the problem data, then executes optimize() on the COLIN solver and finally catalogues the results.
Implements Optimizer.
References Dakota::NPOS, Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::asynch_flag(), COLINOptimizer::blockingSynch, COLINOptimizer::colinEvalMgr, COLINOptimizer::colinProblem, COLINOptimizer::colinSolver, COLINOptimizer::constant_penalty, COLINOptimizer::constraint_penalty, Model::continuous_variables(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_variables(), Model::discrete_real_variables(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::discrete_string_variables(), Model::evaluation_capacity(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Minimizer::numDiscreteIntVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteRealVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteStringVars, Iterator::outputLevel, Dakota::set_value_to_index(), and COLINOptimizer::solverType.

bool returns_multiple_points() const [virtual]
some COLIN methods can return multiple points
Designate which solvers can return multiple final points.
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References COLINOptimizer::solverType.

void solver_setup(unsigned short method_name) [protected]
convenience function for setting up the particular COLIN solver and appropriate Application
This convenience function is called by the constructors in order to instantiate the solver.
References COLINOptimizer::colinProblem, COLINOptimizer::colinSolver, COLINOptimizer::constant_penalty, COLINOptimizer::constraint_penalty, ProblemDescDB::get_string(), Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator::probDescDB, and COLINOptimizer::solverType.
Referenced by COLINOptimizer::COLINOptimizer().

void set_rng(int seed) [protected]
sets up the random number generator for stochastic methods
Instantiate random number generator (RNG).
References COLINOptimizer::colinSolver, and COLINOptimizer::rng.
Referenced by COLINOptimizer::COLINOptimizer().
void set_solver_parameters()
[protected]

sets construct-time options for specific methods based on user specifications, including calling method-specific
set functions.

Sets solver properties based on user specifications. Called at construction time.

References Model::async_flag(), COLINOptimizer::blockingSynch, COLINOptimizer::colinSolver, COLINOptimizer::constant_penalty, COLINOptimizer::constraint_penalty, Iterator::convergenceTol, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, Iterator::maxIterations, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, and COLINOptimizer::solverType.

Referenced by COLINOptimizer::COLINOptimizer().

void post_run( std::ostream & s )
[protected], [virtual]

Get the final set of points from the solver Look up responses and sort, first according to constraint violation, then
to function value.

Supplement Optimizer::post_run to first retrieve points from the Colin cache (or possibly the Dakota DB) and rank them. When complete, this function will populate bestVariablesArray and bestResponsesArray with iterator-space data, that is, in the context of the solver, leaving any further untransformation to Optimizer.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, COLINOptimizer::colin_cache_lookup(), COLINOptimizer::colinProblem, COLINOptimizer::colinSolver, COLINOptimizer::constraint_violation(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Variables::discrete_int_variable(), Variables::discrete_real_variable(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Variables::discrete_string_variable(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Optimizer::localObjectiveRecast, Minimizer::numDiscreteIntVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteRealVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteStringVars, Iterator::numFinalSolutions, Optimizer::numObjectiveFns, Minimizer::objective(), Optimizer::post_run(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), Minimizer::resize_best_resp_array(), Minimizer::resize_best_vars_array(), Dakota::set_index_to_value(), and Model::subordinate_model().

std::pair<bool, bool> colin_cache_lookup( const colin::AppResponse & colinResponse, Response & tmpResponseHolder )
[protected]

Retrieve response from Colin AppResponse, return pair indicating success for <objective, constraints>

Encapsulated Colin Cache response extraction, which will ultimately become the default lookup. Might want
to return separate vectors of function values and constraints for use in the sort, but not for now (least change). Return true if not needed or successful lookup.

References Response::function_value(), Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, and Optimizer::numObjective
Fns.

Referenced by COLINOptimizer::post_run().

double constraint_violation( const Response & tmpResponseHolder )
[protected]

Compute constraint violation, based on nonlinear constraints in iteratedModel and provided Response data.

BMA TODO: incorporate constraint tolerance, possibly via elevating SurrBasedMinimizer::constraint_violation(). Always use iteratedModel to get the constraints; they are in the right space.

References Response::function_value(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), and Minimizer::numIterPrimaryFns.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Referenced by COLINOptimizer::post_run().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- COLINOptimizer.hpp
- COLINOptimizer.cpp

13.17 CollabHybridMetaIterator Class Reference

Meta-iterator for hybrid iteration using multiple collaborating optimization and nonlinear least squares methods.
Inheritance diagram for CollabHybridMetaIterator:

```
        Iterator
         |           
         |           
         MetaIterator
          |          
          |          
CollabHybridMetaIterator
```

Public Member Functions

- **CollabHybridMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  *standard constructor*

- **CollabHybridMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  *alternate constructor*

- **~CollabHybridMetaIterator ()**
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- **void core_run ()**
  *Performs the collaborative hybrid iteration.*

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  *derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  *derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds ()**
  *estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Iterator*

- **const Variables & variables_results () const**
  *return the final solution from the collaborative iteration (variables)*

- **const Response & response_results () const**
  *return the final solution from the collaborative iteration (response)*
13.18. CommandlineHandler Class Reference

Utility class for managing command line inputs to DAKOTA.

Inheritance diagram for CommandlineHandler:

```
CommandLineHandler
  |__ GetLongOpt
  |__________ CommandLineHandler
```

Public Member Functions

- **CommandlineHandler ()**
  
  *default constructor, requires check_usage() call for parsing*

- **CommandlineHandler (int argc, char **argv, int world_rank)**
  
  *constructor with parsing*

Private Attributes

- **String hybridCollabType**
  
  *abo or hops*

- **StringArray methodList**
  
  *the list of method name identifiers*

- **bool lightwtCtor**
  
  *use of lightweight Iterator construction by name*

- **IteratorArray selectedIterators**
  
  *the set of iterators, one for each entry in methodList*

- **ModelArray selectedModels**
  
  *the set of models, one for each iterator*

- **Variables bestVariables**
  
  *best variables found in collaborative iteration*

- **Response bestResponse**
  
  *best response found in collaborative iteration*

Additional Inherited Members

13.17.1 Detailed Description

Meta-iterator for hybrid iteration using multiple collaborating optimization and nonlinear least squares methods.

This meta-iterator has two approaches to hybrid iteration: (1) agent-based using the ABO framework; (2) nonagent-based using the HOPSPACK framework.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- CollabHybridMetaIterator.hpp
- CollabHybridMetaIterator.cpp
• ~CommandLineHandler ()
  destructor
• void check_usage (int argc, char **argv)
  Verifies that DAKOTA is called with the correct command usage. Prints a descriptive message and exits the program if incorrect.
• int read_restart_evals () const
  Returns the number of evaluations to be read from the restart file (as specified on the DAKOTA command line) as an integer instead of a const char*.
• void usage (std::ostream &outfile=Cout) const
  Print usage information to outfile, conditionally on rank.

Private Member Functions

• void initialize_options ()
  enrolls the supported command line inputs.
• void output_helper (const std::string &message, std::ostream &os) const
  output only on Dakota worldRank 0 if possible

Private Attributes

• int worldRank
  Rank of this process within Dakota’s allocation; manages conditional output.

Additional Inherited Members

13.18.1 Detailed Description

Utility class for managing command line inputs to DAKOTA.

CommandLineHandler provides additional functionality that is specific to DAKOTA’s needs for the definition and parsing of command line options. Inheritance is used to allow the class to have all the functionality of the base class, GetLongOpt.

13.18.2 Member Function Documentation

void output_helper ( const std::string & message, std::ostream & os ) const [private]

output only on Dakota worldRank 0 if possible
When there is a valid ParallelLibrary, output only on rank 0
References CommandLineHandler::worldRank.
Referenced by CommandLineHandler::check_usage().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• CommandLineHandler.hpp
• CommandLineHandler.cpp

13.19 CommandShell Class Reference

Utility class which defines convenience operators for spawning processes with system calls.
13.19. COMMANDESSL Shell CLASS REFERENCE

Public Member Functions

- **CommandShell ()**
  constructor
- **~CommandShell ()**
  destructor
- **CommandShell & operator<< (const char *cmd)**
  appends cmd to sysCommand
- **CommandShell & operator<< (const std::string &cmd)**
  convenient operator: appends string to the commandString to be executed
- **CommandShell & operator<<(CommandShell &(*f)(CommandShell &))**
  allows passing of the flush function to the shell using `<<`
- **CommandShell & flush ()**
  "flushes" the shell; i.e. executes the sysCommand
- **void asynch_flag (const bool flag)**
  set the asynchFlag
- **bool asynch_flag () const**
  get the asynchFlag
- **void suppress_output_flag (const bool flag)**
  set the suppressOutputFlag
- **bool suppress_output_flag () const**
  get the suppressOutputFlag

Private Attributes

- **std::string sysCommand**
  The command string that is constructed through one or more `<<` insertions and then executed by flush.
- **bool asynchFlag**
  flags nonblocking operation (background system calls)
- **bool suppressOutputFlag**
  flags suppression of shell output (no command echo)

13.19.1 Detailed Description

Utility class which defines convenience operators for spawning processes with system calls.

The **CommandShell** class wraps the C system() utility and defines convenience operators for building a command string and then passing it to the shell.

13.19.2 Member Function Documentation

**CommandShell & operator<<( const char * cmd ) [inline]**

appends cmd to sysCommand

convenient operator: appends string to the commandString to be executed

References CommandShell::sysCommand.
CommandShell & operator<< ( CommandShell &(*)(CommandShell &)) [inline]

allows passing of the flush function to the shell using <<
convenience operator: allows passing of the flush func to the shell via <<

CommandShell & flush ( )
"flushes" the shell; i.e. executes the sysCommand
Executes the sysCommand by passing it to system(). Appends an "&" if asynchFlag is set (background system call) and echos the sysCommand to Cout if suppressOutputFlag is not set.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), CommandShell::asynchFlag, CommandShell::suppressOutputFlag, and CommandShell::sysCommand.
Referenced by Dakota::flush().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• CommandShell.hpp
• CommandShell.cpp

13.20 ConcurrentMetaIterator Class Reference

Meta-iterator for multi-start iteration or pareto set optimization.
Inheritance diagram for ConcurrentMetaIterator:

```
Iterator

MetaIterator

ConcurrentMetaIterator
```

Public Member Functions

• ConcurrentMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  standard constructor
• ConcurrentMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  alternate constructor
• ~ConcurrentMetaIterator ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

• void pre_run ()
  pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
• void core_run ()
  Performs the concurrent iteration by executing selectedIterator on iteratedModel multiple times in parallel for different parameter sets.
• void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  print the final iterator results
• void derived_init_communicators (ParLevIter pliter)
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• void derived_set_communicators (ParLevIter pliter)
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• void derived_free_communicators (ParLevIter pliter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds ()
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Iterator
• void initialize_iterator (int job_index)
  used by IteratorScheduler to set the starting data for a run
• void pack_parameters_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)
  used by IteratorScheduler to pack starting data for an iterator run
• void unpack_parameters_initialize (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)
  used by IteratorScheduler to unpack starting data and initialize an iterator run
• void pack_results_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)
  used by IteratorScheduler to pack results data from an iterator run
• void unpack_results_buffer (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer, int job_index)
  used by IteratorScheduler to unpack results data from an iterator run
• void update_local_results (int job_index)
  used by IteratorScheduler to update local results arrays
• const Model & algorithm_space_model () const
  return the result of any recasting or surrogate model recursion layered on top of iteratedModel by the derived Iterator ctor chain

Private Member Functions

• void initialize_iterator (const RealVector &param_set)
  called by unpack_parameters_initialize(MPIUnpackBuffer) and initialize_iterator(int) to update iteratedModel and selectedIterator
• void initialize_model ()
  initialize the iterated Model prior to Iterator instantiation and define param_set_len

Private Attributes

• Iterator selectedIterator
  the iterator selected for concurrent iteration
• bool lightwtCtor
  use of lightweight Iterator construction by name
• RealVector initialPt
  the initial continuous variables for restoring the starting point in the Pareto set minimization
• RealVectorArray parameterSets
  an array of parameter set vectors (either multistart variable sets or pareto multi-objective/least squares weighting sets) to be performed.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- int paramSetLen
  length of each of the parameter sets associated with an iterator job (number of continuous variables for MULTISTART, number of objective funs for PARETO_SET)
- int numRandomJobs
  number of randomly-generated parameter sets to evaluate
- int randomSeed
  seed for random number generator for random samples
- PRPArray prpResults
  1-d array of ParamResponsePair results corresponding to numIteratorJobs

Friends
- class IteratorScheduler
  protect scheduler callback functions from general access

Additional Inherited Members

13.20.1 Detailed Description

Meta-iterator for multi-start iteration or pareto set optimization.

This meta-iterator maintains two concurrent iterator capabilities. First, a general capability for running an iterator multiple times from different starting points is provided (often used for multi-start optimization, but not restricted to optimization). Second, a simple capability for mapping the "pareto frontier" (the set of optimal solutions in multiobjective formulations) is provided. This pareto set is mapped through running an optimizer multiple times for different sets of multiobjective weightings.

13.20.2 Member Function Documentation

void pre_run() [protected], [virtual]

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori

pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the derived run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Analyzer::all_samples(), Iterator::all_samples(), ParallelLibrary::bcast_bs(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::estimate_message_lengths(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::initialPt, Iterator::iteratedModel, IteratorScheduler::iterator_message_lengths(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommRank, IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, IteratorScheduler::iteratorServerId, MetaIterator::initialPt, Iterator::methodPCIter, IteratorScheduler::miPLIndex, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorJobs, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, ConcurrentMetaIterator::numRandomJobs, Iterator::parallelLib, ConcurrentMetaIterator::parameterSets, ConcurrentMetaIterator::paramSetLen, ConcurrentMetaIterator::prpResults, ConcurrentMetaIterator::randomSeed, and MPIPackBuffer::size().
13.21. CONMINOPTIMIZER CLASS REFERENCE

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation
summary printed in finalize_run().

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(),
ParamResponsePair::eval_id(), Iterator::methodName, ConcurrentMetaIterator::parameterSets, ConcurrentMeta-
Iterator::paramSetLen, ConcurrentMetaIterator::prpResults, ParamResponsePair::response(), ParamResponsePair-
::variables(), and Response::write_tabular().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• ConcurrentMetaIterator.hpp
• ConcurrentMetaIterator.cpp

13.21 CONMINOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the CONMIN optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for CONMINOptimizer:

```
CONMINOptimizer
    ▼
   |  Optimizer
   |  ▼
   |  Minimizer
   |  ▼
   ▼  Iterator
```

Public Member Functions

• CONMINOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor

• CONMINOptimizer (const String &method_string, Model &model)
  alternate constructor; construct without ProblemDescDB

• ~CONMINOptimizer ()
  destructor

• void find_optimum ()
  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the
  optimizer branch.

Protected Member Functions

• void initialize_run ()
  performs run-time set up
Private Member Functions

- void initialize ()
  
  *Shared constructor code.*

- void allocate_workspace ()
  
  *Allocates workspace for the optimizer.*

- void deallocate_workspace ()
  
  *Releases workspace memory.*

- void allocate_constraints ()
  
  *Allocates constraint mappings.*

Private Attributes

- int conminInfo
  
  *INFO from CONMIN manual.*

- int printControl
  
  *IPRINT from CONMIN manual (controls output verbosity)*

- Real objFnValue
  
  *Value of the objective function passed to CONMIN*

- RealVector constraintValues
  
  *Array of nonlinear constraint values passed to CONMIN*

- int numConminNlnConstr
  
  *Total number of nonlinear constraints seen by CONMIN*

- int numConminLinConstr
  
  *Total number of linear constraints seen by CONMIN*

- int numConminConstr
  
  *Total number of linear and nonlinear constraints seen by CONMIN*

- SizetArray constraintMappingIndices
  
  *A container of indices for referencing the corresponding Response constraints used in computing the CONMIN constraints.*

- RealArray constraintMappingMultipliers
  
  *A container of multipliers for mapping the Response constraints to the CONMIN constraints.*

- RealArray constraintMappingOffsets
  
  *A container of offsets for mapping the Response constraints to the CONMIN constraints.*

- int N1
  
  *Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.*

- int N2
  
  *Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.*

- int N3
  
  *Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.*

- int N4
  
  *Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.*

- int N5
  
  *Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.*
- int NFDG  
  Finite difference flag.
- int IPRINT  
  Flag to control amount of output data.
- int ITMAX  
  Flag to specify the maximum number of iterations.
- double FDCH  
  Relative finite difference step size.
- double FDCHM  
  Absolute finite difference step size.
- double CT  
  Constraint thickness parameter.
- double CTMIN  
  Minimum absolute value of CT used during optimization.
- double CTL  
  Constraint thickness parameter for linear and side constraints.
- double CTLMIN  
  Minimum value of CTL used during optimization.
- double DELFUN  
  Relative convergence criterion threshold.
- double DABFUN  
  Absolute convergence criterion threshold.
- double * conminDesVars  
  Array of design variables used by CONMIN (length N1 = numdv+2)
- double * conminLowerBnds  
  Array of lower bounds used by CONMIN (length N1 = numdv+2)
- double * conminUpperBnds  
  Array of upper bounds used by CONMIN (length N1 = numdv+2)
- double * S  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * G1  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * G2  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * B  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * C  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- int * MS1  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * SCAL  
  Internal CONMIN array.
- double * DF
13.21.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the CONMIN optimization library.

The CONMINOptimizer class provides a wrapper for CONMIN, a Public-domain Fortran 77 optimization library written by Gary Vanderplaats under contract to NASA Ames Research Center. The CONMIN User’s Manual is contained in NASA Technical Memorandum X-62282, 1978. CONMIN uses a reverse communication mode, which avoids the static member function issues that arise with function pointer designs (see NPSOL-Optimizer and SNLOptimizer).

The user input mappings are as follows: max_iterations is mapped into CONMIN’s ITMAX parameter, max_function_evaluations is implemented directly in the find_optimum() loop since there is no CONMIN parameter equivalent, convergence_tolerance is mapped into CONMIN’s DELFUN and DABFUN parameters, output verbosity is mapped into CONMIN’s IPRINT parameter (verbose: IPRINT = 4; quiet: IPRINT = 2), gradient mode is mapped into CONMIN’s NFDG parameter, and finite difference step size is mapped into CONMIN’s FDCH and FDCHM parameters. Refer to [Vanderplaats, 1978] for additional information on CONMIN parameters.

13.21.2 Member Data Documentation

int conminInfo [private]
INFO from CONMIN manual.
Information requested by CONMIN: 1 = evaluate objective and constraints, 2 = evaluate gradients of objective and constraints.

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum(), and CONMINOptimizer::initialize().

int printControl [private]
IPRINT from CONMIN manual (controls output verbosity)
Values range from 0 (nothing) to 4 (most output). 0 = nothing, 1 = initial and final function information, 2 = all of #1 plus function value and design vars at each iteration, 3 = all of #2 plus constraint values and direction vectors, 4 = all of #3 plus gradients of the objective function and constraints, 5 = all of #4 plus proposed design vector, plus objective and constraint functions from the 1-D search

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::initialize().

RealVector constraintValues [private]
array of nonlinear constraint values passed to CONMIN
This array must be of nonzero length and must contain only one-sided inequality constraints which are <= 0 (which requires a transformation from 2-sided inequalities and equalities).

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().
SizetArray constraintMappingIndices  [private]

a container of indices for referencing the corresponding Response constraints used in computing the CONMIN constraints.

The length of the container corresponds to the number of CONMIN constraints, and each entry in the container points to the corresponding DAKOTA constraint.

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

RealArray constraintMappingMultipliers  [private]

a container of multipliers for mapping the Response constraints to the CONMIN constraints.

The length of the container corresponds to the number of CONMIN constraints, and each entry in the container stores a multiplier for the DAKOTA constraint identified with constraintMappingIndices. These multipliers are currently +1 or -1.

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

RealArray constraintMappingOffsets  [private]

a container of offsets for mapping the Response constraints to the CONMIN constraints.

The length of the container corresponds to the number of CONMIN constraints, and each entry in the container stores an offset for the DAKOTA constraint identified with constraintMappingIndices. These offsets involve inequality bounds or equality targets, since CONMIN assumes constraint allowables = 0.

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

int N1  [private]

Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.

\[ \text{N1} = \text{number of variables} + 2 \]

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum(), and CONMINOptimizer::initialize_run().

int N2  [private]

Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.

\[ \text{N2} = \text{number of constraints} + 2 \times (\text{number of variables}) \]

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

int N3  [private]

Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.

\[ \text{N3} = \text{Maximum possible number of active constraints} \]

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

int N4  [private]

Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.

\[ \text{N4} = \text{Maximum(N3, number of variables)} \]

Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().
int N5 [private]
Size variable for CONMIN arrays. See CONMIN manual.
   \[ N5 = 2^{N4} \]
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), and CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

double CT [private]
Constraint thickness parameter.
   The value of CT decreases in magnitude during optimization.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum(), and CONMINOptimizer::initialize().

double* S [private]
Internal CONMIN array.
   Move direction in N-dimensional space.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::deallocate_workspace(), and
   CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

double* G1 [private]
Internal CONMIN array.
   Temporary storage of constraint values.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::deallocate_workspace(), and
   CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

double* G2 [private]
Internal CONMIN array.
   Temporary storage of constraint values.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::deallocate_workspace(), and
   CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

double* B [private]
Internal CONMIN array.
   Temporary storage for computations involving array S.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::deallocate_workspace(), and
   CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().

double* C [private]
Internal CONMIN array.
   Temporary storage for use with arrays B and S.
   Referenced by CONMINOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), CONMINOptimizer::deallocate_workspace(), and
   CONMINOptimizer::find_optimum().
13.22. CONSOLEREDIRECTOR CLASS REFERENCE

**Public Member Functions**

- **ConsoleRedirector** (std::ostream * &dakota_stream, std::ostream * default_dest)
Constructor taking a reference to the Dakota Cout/Cerr handle and a default destination to use when no redirection (or destruct)

- `~ConsoleRedirector()`
  when the redirector stack is destroyed, it will rebind the output handle to the default ostream, then destroy open files

- `void push_back()`
  push back the default or repeat the last pushed file stream

- `void push_back(const String &filename)`
  push back a new output filestream, or repeat the last one if no filename change

- `void pop_back()`
  pop the last redirection

### Protected Attributes

- `std::ostream * & ostreamHandle`
  The handle (target ostream) through which output is sent; typically dakota_cout or dakota_cerr. Will be rebound to specific streams as they are pushed or popped.

- `std::ostream * defaultOStream`
  initial stream to reset to when redirections are done (typically std::cout or std::cerr)

- `std::vector< boost::shared_ptr< OutputWriter >> ostreamDestinations`
  stack of redirections to OutputWriters; shared pointers are used to potentially share the same ostream at multiple levels

### Private Member Functions

- `ConsoleRedirector()`
  default constructor is disallowed

- `ConsoleRedirector(const ConsoleRedirector &)`
  copy constructor is disallowed due

- `const ConsoleRedirector & operator= (const ConsoleRedirector &)`
  assignment is disallowed

### 13.22.1 Detailed Description

Component to manage a set of output or error redirections. Push operations may present a new filename, or none in order to preserve current binding to cout/cerr or file, but place an entry on the stack. Cout/Cerr are rebound as needed when a stream is destroyed on pop.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `OutputManager.hpp`
- `OutputManager.cpp`
13.23 Constraints Class Reference

Base class for the variable constraints class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Constraints:

```
Constraints
    MixedVarConstraints
    RelaxedVarConstraints
```

Public Member Functions

- **Constraints ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- **Constraints (const ProblemDescDB &prob_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **Constraints (const SharedVariablesData &svd)**
  
  *alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly*

- **Constraints (const Constraints &con)**
  
  *copy constructor*

- **virtual ~Constraints ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **Constraints operator= (const Constraints &con)**
  
  *assignment operator*

- **virtual void write (std::ostream &s) const**
  
  *write a variable constraints object to an std::ostream*

- **virtual void read (std::istream &s)**
  
  *read a variable constraints object from an std::istream*

- **const RealVector & continuous_lower_bounds () const**
  
  *return the active continuous variable lower bounds*

- **void continuous_lower_bounds (const RealVector &cl_bnds)**
  
  *set the active continuous variable lower bounds*

- **void continuous_lower_bound (Real cl_bnd, size_t i)**
  
  *set an active continuous variable lower bound*

- **const RealVector & continuous_upper_bounds () const**
  
  *return the active continuous variable upper bounds*

- **void continuous_upper_bounds (const RealVector &cu_bnds)**
  
  *set the active continuous variable upper bounds*

- **void continuous_upper_bound (Real cu_bnd, size_t i)**
  
  *set an active continuous variable upper bound*

- **const IntVector & discrete_int_lower_bounds () const**
  
  *return the active discrete variable lower bounds*

- **void discrete_int_lower_bounds (const IntVector &dil_bnds)**
  
  *set the active discrete variable lower bounds*
set the active discrete variable lower bounds

• void discrete_int_lower_bound (int dil_bnd, size_t i)
  set an active discrete variable lower bound

• const IntVector & discrete_int_upper_bounds () const
  return the active discrete variable upper bounds

• void discrete_int_upper_bounds (const IntVector &diu_bnds)
  set the active discrete variable upper bounds

• void discrete_int_upper_bound (int diu_bnd, size_t i)
  set an active discrete variable upper bound

• const RealVector & discrete_real_lower_bounds () const
  return the active discrete variable lower bounds

• void discrete_real_lower_bounds (const RealVector &drl_bnds)
  set the active discrete variable lower bounds

• void discrete_real_lower_bound (Real drl_bnd, size_t i)
  set an active discrete variable lower bound

• const RealVector & discrete_real_upper_bounds () const
  return the active discrete variable upper bounds

• void discrete_real_upper_bounds (const RealVector &dru_bnds)
  set the active discrete variable upper bounds

• void discrete_real_upper_bound (Real dru_bnd, size_t i)
  set an active discrete variable upper bound

• const RealVector & inactive_continuous_lower_bounds () const
  return the inactive continuous lower bounds

• void inactive_continuous_lower_bounds (const RealVector &icl_bnds)
  set the inactive continuous lower bounds

• const RealVector & inactive_continuous_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive continuous upper bounds

• void inactive_continuous_upper_bounds (const RealVector &icu_bnds)
  set the inactive continuous upper bounds

• const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete lower bounds

• void inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds (const IntVector &idil_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete lower bounds

• const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete upper bounds

• void inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds (const IntVector &idiu_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete upper bounds

• const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete lower bounds

• void inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds (const RealVector &idrl_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete lower bounds

• const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete upper bounds

• void inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds (const RealVector &idru_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete upper bounds
13.23. CONSTRAINTS CLASS REFERENCE

- `void inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds(const RealVector &idru_bnds)`
  set the inactive discrete upper bounds
- `const RealVector & all_continuous_lower_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all continuous lower bounds
- `void all_continuous_lower_bounds(const RealVector &acl_bnds)`
  sets all continuous lower bounds using a single array
- `void all_continuous_lower_bound(Real acl_bnd, size_t i)`
  set a lower bound within the all continuous lower bounds array
- `const RealVector & all_continuous_upper_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all continuous upper bounds
- `void all_continuous_upper_bounds(const RealVector &acu_bnds)`
  sets all continuous upper bounds using a single array
- `void all_continuous_upper_bound(Real acu_bnd, size_t i)`
  set an upper bound within the all continuous upper bounds array
- `const IntVector & all_discrete_int_lower_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all discrete lower bounds
- `void all_discrete_int_lower_bounds(const IntVector &adil_bnds)`
  sets all discrete lower bounds using a single array
- `void all_discrete_int_lower_bound(int adil_bnd, size_t i)`
  set a lower bound within the all discrete lower bounds array
- `const IntVector & all_discrete_int_upper_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all discrete upper bounds
- `void all_discrete_int_upper_bounds(const IntVector &adiu_bnds)`
  sets all discrete upper bounds using a single array
- `void all_discrete_int_upper_bound(int adiu_bnd, size_t i)`
  set an upper bound within the all discrete upper bounds array
- `const RealVector & all_discrete_real_lower_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all discrete lower bounds
- `void all_discrete_real_lower_bounds(const RealVector &adrl_bnds)`
  sets all discrete lower bounds using a single array
- `void all_discrete_real_lower_bound(Real adrl_bnd, size_t i)`
  set a lower bound within the all discrete lower bounds array
- `const RealVector & all_discrete_real_upper_bounds() const`
  returns a single array with all discrete upper bounds
- `void all_discrete_real_upper_bounds(const RealVector &adru_bnds)`
  sets all discrete upper bounds using a single array
- `void all_discrete_real_upper_bound(Real adru_bnd, size_t i)`
  set an upper bound within the all discrete upper bounds array
- `size_t num_linear_ineq_constraints() const`
  return the number of linear inequality constraints
- `size_t num_linear_eq_constraints() const`
  return the number of linear equality constraints
- `const RealMatrix & linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs() const`
return the linear inequality constraint coefficients
• void linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs (const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs)
  set the linear inequality constraint coefficients
• const RealVector & linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds () const
  return the linear inequality constraint lower bounds
• void linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds (const RealVector &lin_ineq_l_bnds)
  set the linear inequality constraint lower bounds
• const RealVector & linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds () const
  return the linear inequality constraint upper bounds
• void linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds (const RealVector &lin_ineq_u_bnds)
  set the linear inequality constraint upper bounds
• const RealMatrix & linear_eq_constraint_coeffs () const
  return the linear equality constraint coefficients
• void linear_eq_constraint_coeffs (const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs)
  set the linear equality constraint coefficients
• const RealVector & linear_eq_constraint_targets () const
  return the linear equality constraint targets
• void linear_eq_constraint_targets (const RealVector &lin_eq_targets)
  set the linear equality constraint targets
• size_t num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints () const
  return the number of nonlinear inequality constraints
• size_t num_nonlinear_eq_constraints () const
  return the number of nonlinear equality constraints
• const RealVector & nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds () const
  return the nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds
• void nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds (const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds)
  set the nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds
• const RealVector & nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds () const
  return the nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds
• void nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds (const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds)
  set the nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds
• const RealVector & nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets () const
  return the nonlinear equality constraint targets
• void nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets (const RealVector &nln_eq_targets)
  set the nonlinear equality constraint targets
• Constraints copy () const
  for use when a deep copy is needed (the representation is not shared)
• void shape ()
  shape the lower/upper bound arrays based on sharedVarsData
• void reshape (size_t num_nln_ineq_cons, size_t num_nln_eq_cons, size_t num_lin_ineq_cons, size_t num_lin_eq_cons, const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  reshape the linear/nonlinear/bound constraint arrays and the lower/upper bound arrays
• void reshape ()
13.23. CONSTRAINTS CLASS REFERENCE

- **reshape** the lower/upper bound arrays based on sharedVarsData

  - **void reshape** (size_t num_nln_ineq_cons, size_t num_nln_eq_cons, size_t num_lin_ineq_cons, size_t num_lin_eq_cons)

    - **void inactive_view** (short view2)

    - **bool is_null** () const

Protected Member Functions

- **Constraints** (BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd)

  - constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- **Constraints** (BaseConstructor, const SharedVariablesData &svd)

  - constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- **void build_views** ()

  - construct active/inactive views of all variables arrays

- **void build_active_views** ()

  - construct active views of all variables bounds arrays

- **void build_inactive_views** ()

  - construct inactive views of all variables bounds arrays

- **void manage_linear_constraints** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)

  - perform checks on user input, convert linear constraint coefficient input to matrices, and assign defaults

Protected Attributes

- **SharedVariablesData sharedVarsData**

  - configuration data shared from a Variables instance

- **RealVector allContinuousLowerBnds**

  - a continuous lower bounds array combining continuous design, uncertain, and continuous state variable types (all view).

- **RealVector allContinuousUpperBnds**

  - a continuous upper bounds array combining continuous design, uncertain, and continuous state variable types (all view).

- **IntVector allDiscreteIntLowerBnds**

  - a discrete lower bounds array combining discrete design and discrete state variable types (all view).

- **IntVector allDiscreteIntUpperBnds**

  - a discrete upper bounds array combining discrete design and discrete state variable types (all view).

- **RealVector allDiscreteRealLowerBnds**

  - a discrete lower bounds array combining discrete design and discrete state variable types (all view).

- **RealVector allDiscreteRealUpperBnds**

  - a discrete upper bounds array combining discrete design and discrete state variable types (all view).

- **size_t numNonlinearIneqCons**
number of nonlinear inequality constraints
• size_t numNonlinearEqCons
  number of nonlinear equality constraints
• RealVector nonlinearIneqConLowerBnds
  nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds
• RealVector nonlinearIneqConUpperBnds
  nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds
• RealVector nonlinearEqConTargets
  nonlinear equality constraint targets
• size_t numLinearIneqCons
  number of linear inequality constraints
• size_t numLinearEqCons
  number of linear equality constraints
• RealMatrix linearIneqConCoeffs
  linear inequality constraint coefficients
• RealMatrix linearEqConCoeffs
  linear equality constraint coefficients
• RealVector linearIneqConLowerBnds
  linear inequality constraint lower bounds
• RealVector linearIneqConUpperBnds
  linear inequality constraint upper bounds
• RealVector linearEqConTargets
  linear equality constraint targets
• RealVector continuousLowerBnds
  the active continuous lower bounds array view
• RealVector continuousUpperBnds
  the active continuous upper bounds array view
• IntVector discreteIntLowerBnds
  the active discrete lower bounds array view
• IntVector discreteIntUpperBnds
  the active discrete upper bounds array view
• RealVector discreteRealLowerBnds
  the active discrete lower bounds array view
• RealVector discreteRealUpperBnds
  the active discrete upper bounds array view
• RealVector inactiveContinuousLowerBnds
  the inactive continuous lower bounds array view
• RealVector inactiveContinuousUpperBnds
  the inactive continuous upper bounds array view
• IntVector inactiveDiscreteIntLowerBnds
  the inactive discrete lower bounds array view
• IntVector inactiveDiscreteIntUpperBnds
  the inactive discrete upper bounds array view
13.23. CONSTRAINTS CLASS REFERENCE

- RealVector inactiveDiscreteRealLowerBnds
  the inactive discrete lower bounds array view
- RealVector inactiveDiscreteRealUpperBnds
  the inactive discrete upper bounds array view

Private Member Functions

- Constraints * get_constraints (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  Used only by the constructor to initialize constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type.

- Constraints * get_constraints (const SharedVariablesData &svd) const
  Used by copy() to initialize constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type.

Private Attributes

- Constraints * constraintsRep
  pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)
- int referenceCount
  number of objects sharing constraintsRep

13.23.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the variable constraints class hierarchy.

The Constraints class is the base class for the class hierarchy managing bound, linear, and nonlinear constraints. Using the variable lower and upper bounds arrays from the input specification, different derived classes define different views of this data. The linear and nonlinear constraint data is consistent in all views and is managed at the base class level. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the variable constraints hierarchy employs the “letter/envelope idiom” (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (Constraints) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in Constraints::get_constraints()) serves as the letter.

13.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Constraints ()

default constructor

The default constructor: constraintsRep is NULL in this case (a populated problem_db is needed to build a meaningful Constraints object). This makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

Constraints ( const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd )

standard constructor

The envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_constraints, since the constructor overloaded with BaseConstructor builds the actual base class data inherited by the derived classes. References Dakota::abort_handler(), Constraints::constraintsRep, and Constraints::get_constraints().
Constraints ( const SharedVariablesData & svd )

alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly
    Envelope constructor for instantiations on the fly. This constructor executes get_constraints(view), which invokes the default derived/base constructors, followed by a reshape() based on vars comps.
    References Dakota::abort_handler(), Constraints::constraintsRep, and Constraints::get_constraints().

Constraints ( const Constraints & con )

copy constructor
    Copy constructor manages sharing of constraintsRep and incrementing of referenceCount.
    References Constraints::constraintsRep, and Constraints::referenceCount.

~Constraints ( ) [virtual]
destructor
    Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes constraintsRep when referenceCount reaches zero.
    References Constraints::constraintsRep, and Constraints::referenceCount.

Constraints ( BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB & problem db, const SharedVariablesData & svd ) [protected]

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
    This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_constraints() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid recursion in the base class constructor calling get_constraints() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Constraints).
    References Constraints::build_views(), Constraints::manage_linear_constraints(), and Constraints::shape().

Constraints ( BaseConstructor, const SharedVariablesData & svd ) [protected]

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
    This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_constraints() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid recursion in the base class constructor calling get_constraints() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Constraints).
    References Constraints::build_views(), and Constraints::shape().

13.23.3 Member Function Documentation

Constraints operator=( const Constraints & con )

assignment operator
    References Constraints::constraintsRep, and Constraints::referenceCount.
Constraints copy ( ) const

for use when a deep copy is needed (the representation is not shared)

Deep copies are used for history mechanisms that catalogue permanent copies (should not change as the representation within userDefinedConstraints changes).

References Constraints::allContinuousLowerBnds, Constraints::allContinuousUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealUpperBnds, Constraints::build_views(), Constraints::constraintsRep, Constraints::get_constraints(), Constraints::linearEqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearEqConTargets, Constraints::linearIneqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearIneqConLowerBnds, Constraints::linearIneqConUpperBnds, Constraints::nonlinearEqConTargets, Constraints::nonlinearIneqConLowerBnds, Constraints::nonlinearIneqConUpperBnds, Constraints::numLinearEqCons, Constraints::numNonlinearEqCons, Constraints::numNonlinearIneqCons, and Constraints::sharedVarsData.

Referenced by SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), and RecastModel::RecastModel().

void shape ( )

shape the lower/upper bound arrays based on sharedVarsData

- Resizes the derived bounds arrays.

References SharedVariablesData::all_counts(), Constraints::allContinuousLowerBnds, Constraints::allContinuousUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealUpperBnds, Constraints::constraintsRep, Constraints::shape(), and Constraints::sharedVarsData.

Referenced by Constraints::Constraints(), and Constraints::shape().

void reshape ( size_t num_nln_ineq_cons, size_t num_nln_eq_cons, size_t num_lin_ineq_cons, size_t num_lin_eq_cons )

reshape the linear/nonlinear constraint arrays

- Resizes the linear and nonlinear constraint arrays at the base class. Does NOT currently resize the derived bounds arrays.

References Constraints::constraintsRep, Constraints::continuousLowerBnds, Constraints::discreteIntLowerBnds, Constraints::discreteRealLowerBnds, Constraints::linearEqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearEqConTargets, Constraints::linearIneqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearIneqConLowerBnds, Constraints::linearIneqConUpperBnds, Constraints::nonlinearEqConTargets, Constraints::nonlinearIneqConLowerBnds, Constraints::nonlinearIneqConUpperBnds, Constraints::numLinearEqCons, Constraints::numLinearIneqCons, Constraints::numNonlinearEqCons, Constraints::numNonlinearIneqCons, and Constraints::reshape().

void build_views ( ) [inline], [protected]

construct active/inactive views of all variables arrays

- = EMPTY

References Constraints::build_active_views(), Constraints::build_inactive_views(), Constraints::sharedVarsData, and SharedVariablesData::view().

Referenced by Constraints::Constraints(), Constraints::copy(), and Constraints::reshape().

void manage_linear_constraints ( const ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [protected]

perform checks on user input, convert linear constraint coefficient input to matrices, and assign defaults
Convenience function called from derived class constructors. The number of variables active for applying linear constraints is currently defined to be the number of active continuous variables plus the number of active discrete variables (the most general case), even though very few optimizers can currently support mixed variable linear constraints.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Constraints::continuousLowerBnds, Dakota::copy_data(), Constraints::discreteIntLowerBnds, Constraints::discreteRealLowerBnds, ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), Constraints::linearEqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearEqConTargets, Constraints::linearIneqConCoeffs, Constraints::linearIneqConLowerBnds, Constraints::linearIneqConUpperBnds, Constraints::numLinearEqCons, and Constraints::numLinearIneqCons.

Referenced by Constraints::Constraints().

Constraints * get_constraints ( const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedVariablesData & svd ) [private]

Used only by the constructor to initialize constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type.

Initializes constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the variables view.

References SharedVariablesData::view().

Referenced by Constraints::Constraints(), and Constraints::copy().

Constraints * get_constraints ( const SharedVariablesData & svd ) const [private]

Used by copy() to initialize constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type.

Initializes constraintsRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the variables view. The default derived class constructors are invoked.

References SharedVariablesData::view().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaConstraints.hpp
- DakotaConstraints.cpp

13.24 DataEnvironment Class Reference

Handle class for environment specification data.

Public Member Functions

- DataEnvironment ()
  constructor
- DataEnvironment (const DataEnvironment &)
  copy constructor
- ~DataEnvironment ()
  destructor
- DataEnvironment & operator= (const DataEnvironment &)
  assignment operator
- void write (std::ostream &s) const
  write a DataEnvironment object to an std::ostream
- void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a DataEnvironment object from a packed MPI buffer
13.25. DATAENVIRONMENTREP CLASS REFERENCE

- void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a DataEnvironment object to a packed MPI buffer
- DataEnvironmentRep * data_rep ()
  return dataEnvRep

Private Attributes

- DataEnvironmentRep * dataEnvRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends

- class ProblemDescDB
- class NIDRProblemDescDB

13.24.1 Detailed Description

Handle class for environment specification data.

The DataEnvironment class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in DataEnvironment-Rep. It is populated by IDRProblemDescDB::environment_kwhandler() and is queried by the ProblemDescDB-::get_<datatype>() functions. A single DataEnvironment object is maintained in ProblemDescDB::environment-Spec.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataEnvironment.hpp
- DataEnvironment.cpp

13.25 DataEnvironmentRep Class Reference

Body class for environment specification data.

Public Attributes

- bool checkFlag
  flag for whether to run in check only mode (default false)
- String outputFile
  file name for output redirection (overrides command-line)
- String errorFile
  file name for error redirection (overrides command-line)
- String readRestart
  file name for restart read (overrides command-line)
- int stopRestart
  record at which to stop reading restart
- String writeRestart
  file name for restart write (overrides command-line)
- bool preRunFlag
flags invocation with command line option -pre_run

- bool runFlag

flags invocation with command line option -run

- bool postRunFlag

flags invocation with command line option -post_run

- String preRunInput
  filename for pre_run input
- String preRunOutput
  filename for pre_run output
- String runInput
  filename for run input
- String runOutput
  filename for run output
- String postRunInput
  filename for post_run input
- String postRunOutput
  filename for post_run output

- unsigned short preRunOutputFormat
  tabular format for pre_run output
- unsigned short postRunInputFormat
  tabular format for post_run input

- bool graphicsFlag
  flags use of graphics by the environment (from the graphics specification in EnvIndControl)
- bool tabularDataFlag
  flags tabular data collection by the environment (from the tabular_graphics_data specification in EnvIndControl)
- String tabularDataFile
  the filename used for tabular data collection by the environment (from the tabular_graphics_file specification in EnvIndControl)

- unsigned short tabularFormat
  format for tabular data files (see enum)
- int outputPrecision
  output precision for tabular and screen output

- bool resultsOutputFlag
  flags use of results output to default file
- String resultsOutputFile
  named file for results output

- String topMethodPointer
  method identifier for the environment (from the top_method_pointer specification)
Private Member Functions

- `DataEnvironmentRep ()`  
  `constructor`
- `~DataEnvironmentRep ()`  
  `destructor`
- `void write (std::ostream &s) const`  
  `write a DataEnvironmentRep object to an std::ostream`
- `void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)`  
  `read a DataEnvironmentRep object from a packed MPI buffer`
- `void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const`  
  `write a DataEnvironmentRep object to a packed MPI buffer`

Private Attributes

- `int referenceCount`  
  `number of handle objects sharing this dataEnvironmentRep`

Friends

- `class DataEnvironment`  
  `the handle class can access attributes of the body class directly`

13.25.1 Detailed Description

Body class for environment specification data.

The `DataEnvironmentRep` class is used to contain the data from the environment keyword specification. Default values are managed in the `DataEnvironmentRep` constructor. Data is public to avoid maintaining set/get functions, but is still encapsulated within `ProblemDescDB` since `ProblemDescDB::environmentSpec` is private.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `DataEnvironment.hpp`
- `DataEnvironment.cpp`

13.26 DataFitSurrModel Class Reference

Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing data fit surrogates (global and local)

Inheritance diagram for DataFitSurrModel:

```
  Model
     ↓
  SurrogateModel
     ↓
DataFitSurrModel
```
Public Member Functions

- **DataFitSurrModel** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  *constructor*
- **DataFitSurrModel** (Iterator &dace_iterator, Model &actual_model, const ActiveSet &set, const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, short corr_type, short corr_order, short short_data_order, short output_level, const String &point_reuse, const String &import_build_points_file=String(), unsigned short import_build_format=FILE_CONTROLLED, bool import_build_active_only=false, const String &export_approx_points_file=String(), unsigned short export_approx_format=FILE_CONTROLLED)
  
  *alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly*
- **~DataFitSurrModel** ()
  
  *destructor*
- void **total_points**( int points)
  
  *set pointsTotal and pointsManagement mode*

Protected Member Functions

- void derived_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  *portion of compute_response() specific to DataFitSurrModel*
- void derived_asynch_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  *portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to DataFitSurrModel*
- const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ()
  
  *portion of synchronize() specific to DataFitSurrModel*
- const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait ()
  
  *portion of synchronize_nowait() specific to DataFitSurrModel*
- Iterator & subordinate_iterator ()
  
  *return daceIterator*
- Model & surrogate_model ()
  
  *return this model instance*
- Model & truth_model ()
  
  *return actualModel*
- void derived_subordinate_models (ModelList &ml, bool recurse_flag)
  
  *return actualModel (and optionally its sub-models)*
- void update_from_subordinate_model (size_t depth=std::numeric_limits<size_t>::max())
  
  *pass request to actualModel if recursing and then update from it*
- Interface & derived_interface ()
  
  *return approxInterface*
- void primary_response_fn_weights (const RealVector &wts, bool recurse_flag=true)
  
  *set the relative weightings for multiple objective functions or least squares terms and optionally recurses into actualModel*
- void surrogate_response_mode (short mode)
  
  *set responseMode and pass any bypass request on to actualModel for any lower-level surrogates.*
- void surrogate_function_indices (const IntSet &surr_fn_indices)
  
  *(re)set the surrogate index set in SurrogateModel::surrogateFnIndices and ApproximationInterface::approxFnIndices*
• void build_approximation ()
  Builds the local/multipoint/global approximation using daceIteratror/actualModel to generate new data points.

• bool build_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr)
  Builds the local/multipoint/global approximation using daceIteratror/actualModel to generate new data points that augment the vars/response anchor point.

• void update_approximation (bool rebuild_flag)
  replaces the approximation data with daceIterator results and rebuilds the approximation if requested

• void update_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr, bool rebuild_flag)
  replaces the anchor point, and rebuilds the approximation if requested

• void update_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)
  replaces the current points array and rebuilds the approximation if requested

• void update_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)
  replaces the current points array and rebuilds the approximation if requested

• void append_approximation (bool rebuild_flag)
  appends daceIterator results to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

• void append_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr, bool rebuild_flag)
  appends a point to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

• void append_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)
  appends an array of points to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

• void append_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)
  appends a matrix of points to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

• void pop_approximation (bool save_surr_data, bool rebuild_flag=false)
  remove approximation data added on previous append_approximation() call or a specified number of points

• void restore_approximation ()
  restore a previous approximation data state

• bool restore_available ()
  query for whether a trial increment is restorable

• void finalize_approximation ()
  finalize data fit by applying all previous trial increments

• void store_approximation ()
  store the current data fit approximation for later combination

• void combine_approximation (short corr_type)
  combine the current data fit approximation with one previously stored

• SharedApproxData & shared_approximation ()
  retrieve the SharedApproxData from approxInterface

• std::vector< Approximation > & approximations ()
  retrieve the set of Approximations from approxInterface

• const RealVectorArray & approximation_coefficients (bool normalized=false)
  return the approximation coefficients from each Approximation (request forwarded to approxInterface)

• void approximation_coefficients (const RealVectorArray &approx_coeffs, bool normalized=false)
set the approximation coefficients within each *Approximation* (request forwarded to approxInterface)

- **const RealVector \& approximation_variances (const Variables \&vars)**
  return the approximation variance from each *Approximation* (request forwarded to approxInterface)

- **const Pecos::SurrogateData \& approximation_data (size_t index)**
  return the approximation data from a particular *Approximation* (request forwarded to approxInterface)

- **void component_parallel_mode (short mode)**
  update component parallel mode for supporting parallelism in actualModel

- **const IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds (int max_eval_concurrency)**
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this *Model*

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  set up actualModel for parallel operations

- **void derived_init_serial ()**
  set up actualModel for serial operations.

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  set active parallel configuration within actualModel

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  deallocate communicator partitions for the *DataFitSurrModel* (request forwarded to actualModel)

- **void serve_run (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)**
  Service actualModel job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from *stop_servers()*.

- **void stop_servers ()**
  Executed by the master to terminate actualModel server operations when *DataFitSurrModel* iteration is complete.

- **const String \& interface_id () const**
  return the approxInterface identifier

- **int evaluation_id () const**
  return the current evaluation id for the *DataFitSurrModel*

- **void set_evaluation_reference ()**
  set the evaluation counter reference points for the *DataFitSurrModel* (request forwarded to approxInterface and actualModel)

- **void fine_grained_evaluation_conters ()**
  request fine-grained evaluation reporting within approxInterface and actualModel

- **void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream \&s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const**
  print the evaluation summary for the *DataFitSurrModel* (request forwarded to approxInterface and actualModel)

### Protected Attributes

- **const bool exportSurrogate**
13.26. DATAFITSURRMODEL CLASS REFERENCE

Private Member Functions

- `void import_points` (unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only)
  optionally read surrogate data points from provided file
- `void initialize_export()`
  initialize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations
- `void finalize_export()`
  finalize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations
- `void manage_data_recastings()`
  initialize manageRecasting and recastFlags for data import/export
- `void export_point` (int eval_id, const Variables &vars, const Response &resp)
  initialize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations
- `void derived_synchronize_approx` (const IntResponseMap &approxRespMap, IntResponseMap &approx_nowait)
  Common code for processing of approximate response maps shared by derived_synchronize() and derived_synchronize_nowait()
- `void update_global()`
  Updates fit arrays for global approximations.
- `void update_local_multipoint()`
  Updates fit arrays for local or multipoint approximations.
- `void build_global()`
  Builds a global approximation using dacelIterator.
- `void build_local_multipoint()`
  Builds a local or multipoint approximation using actualModel.
- `void update_actual_model()`
  update actualModel with data from current variables/labels/bounds/targets
- `void update_from_actual_model()`
  update current variables/labels/bounds/targets with data from actualModel
- `bool inside` (const RealVector &c_vars, const IntVector &di_vars, const RealVector &dr_vars)
  test if c_vars and d_vars are within [c_l_bnds,c_u_bnds] and [d_l_bnds,d_u_bnds]

Private Attributes

- `int surrModelEvalCntr`
  number of calls to derived_compute_response() / derived_asynch_compute_response()
- `int pointsTotal`
  total points the user specified to construct the surrogate
- `short pointsManagement`
  configuration for points management in build_global()
- `String pointReuse`
  type of point reuse for approximation builds: all, region (default if points file), or none (default if no points file)
- `bool manageRecasting`
  flag indicating need to manage data recastings when importing build data or exporting approximate evaluations
- `BoolDeque recastFlags`
a key indicating which models within a model recursion involve recasting

- **String importPointsFile**
  file name from import_build_points_file specification

- **String exportPointsFile**
  file name from export_approx_points_file specification

- **unsigned short exportFormat**
  file export format for variables and approximate responses

- **std::ofstream exportFileStream**
  output file stream for export_approx_points_file specification

- **VariablesList reuseFileVars**
  array of variables sets read from the import_build_points_file

- **ResponseList reuseFileResponses**
  array of response sets read from the import_build_points_file

- **Interface approxInterface**
  manages the building and subsequent evaluation of the approximations (required for both global and local)

- **Model actualModel**
  the truth model which provides evaluations for building the surrogate (optional for global, required for local)

- **Iterator daceIterator**
  selects parameter sets on which to evaluate actualModel in order to generate the necessary data for building global approximations (optional for global since restart data may also be used)

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.26.1 Detailed Description

Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing data fit surrogates (global and local)

The DataFitSurrModel class manages global or local approximations (surrogates that involve data fits) that are used in place of an expensive model. The class contains an approxInterface (required for both global and local) which manages the approximate function evaluations, an actualModel (optional for global, required for local) which provides truth evaluations for building the surrogate, and a daceIterator (optional for global, not used for local) which selects parameter sets on which to evaluate actualModel in order to generate the necessary data for building global approximations.

#### 13.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**~DataFitSurrModel ( ) [inline]**

destructor

Virtual destructor handles referenceCount at base Model level.
References DataFitSurrModel::finalize_export().

#### 13.26.3 Member Function Documentation

**void derived_compute_response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]**

portion of compute_response() specific to DataFitSurrModel
Compute the response synchronously using actualModel, approxInterface, or both (mixed case). For the approxInterface portion, build the approximation if needed, evaluate the approximate response, and apply correction (if active) to the results.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DiscrepancyCorrection::active(), Response::active_set(), DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), Model::compute_response(), Response::copy(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_Response, Model::currentVariables, SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, DataFitSurrModel::export_point(), SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), Model::hierarchicalTagging, Interface::map(), Model::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), SurrogateModel::response_mapping(), SurrogateModel::response_Mode, DataFitSurrModel::surrModelEvalCntr, Response::update(), and DataFitSurrModel::update_actual_model().

```cpp
void derived_asynch_compute_response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]
```

portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to DataFitSurrModel

Compute the response asynchronously using actualModel, approxInterface, or both (mixed case). For the approxInterface portion, build the approximation if needed and evaluate the approximate response in a quasi-asynchronous approach (ApproximationInterface::map() performs the map synchronously and bookkeeps the results for return in derived_synchronize() below).

Reimplemented from Model.

References DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), Model::asynch_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation(), Variables::copy(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, Interface::evaluation_id(), Model::evaluation_id(), DataFitSurrModel::exportPointsFile, SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), Model::hierarchicalTagging, Interface::map(), SurrogateModel::rawVarsMap, ActiveSet::request_vector(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, DataFitSurrModel::surrModelEvalCntr, SurrogateModel::truthIdMap, and DataFitSurrModel::update_actual_model().

```cpp
const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ( ) [protected], [virtual]
```

portion of synchronize() specific to DataFitSurrModel

Blocking retrieval of asynchronous evaluations from actualModel, approxInterface, or both (mixed case). For the approxInterface portion, apply correction (if active) to each response in the array. derived_synchronize() is designed for the general case where derived_asynch_compute_response() may be inconsistent in its use of actual evaluations, approximate evaluations, or both.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, DataFitSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize_approx(), Model::outputLevel, SurrogateModel::response_mapping(), SurrogateModel::response_Mode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, SurrogateModel::surrResponseMap, Interface::synch(), Model::synchronize(), and SurrogateModel::truthIdMap.

```cpp
const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait ( ) [protected], [virtual]
```

portion of synchronize_nowait() specific to DataFitSurrModel

Nonblocking retrieval of asynchronous evaluations from actualModel, approxInterface, or both (mixed case). For the approxInterface portion, apply correction (if active) to each response in the map. derived_synchronize_nowait() is designed for the general case where derived_asynch_compute_response() may be inconsistent in its use of actual evals, approx evals, or both.
Reimplemented from Model.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, SurrogateModel::cachedApproxRespMap, DataFitSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize_approx(), Model::outputLevel, SurrogateModel::response_mapping(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, SurrogateModel::surrResponseMap, Interface::synch_nowait(), Model::synchronize_nowait(), and SurrogateModel::truthIdMap.

```cpp
void build_approximation() [protected, [virtual]]
```

Builds the local/multipoint/global approximation using daceIterator/actualModel to generate new data points.

This function constructs a new approximation, discarding any previous data. It constructs any required data for SurrogateData::vars,resp} Data and does not define an anchor point for SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Interface::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::build_global(), DataFitSurrModel::build_local_multipoint(), Interface::clear_current(), Constraints::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Interface::export_approximation(), Model::is_null(), Model::response_labels(), Dakota::strbegins(), Model::surrogateType, DataFitSurrModel::update_actual_model(), DataFitSurrModel::update_global(), DataFitSurrModel::update_local_multipoint(), and Model::userDefinedConstraints.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), and DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response().

```cpp
bool build_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response_pr ) [protected, [virtual]]
```

Builds the local/multipoint/global approximation using daceIterator/actualModel to generate new data points that augment the vars/response anchor point.

This function constructs a new approximation, discarding any previous data. It uses the passed data to populate SurrogateData::vars,resp} Data and constructs any required data points for SurrogateData::vars,resp} Data.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Interface::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::build_global(), Interface::clear_current(), Constraints::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::is_null(), Dakota::strbegins(), Model::surrogateType, DataFitSurrModel::update_actual_model(), Interface::update_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::update_global(), DataFitSurrModel::update_local_multipoint(), and Model::userDefinedConstraints.

```cpp
void update_approximation ( bool rebuild_flag ) [protected, [virtual]]
```

replaces the approximation data with daceIterator results and rebuilds the approximation if requested.

This function populates/replaces SurrogateData::vars,Resp} and constructs any required data points for SurrogateData::vars,resp} Data. It does not clear other data (i.e., SurrogateData::vars,resp} Data) and does not update the actualModel with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it updates data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.
Reimplemented from Model.
References Iterator::all_responses(), Iterator::all_samples(), Iterator::all_variables(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Iterator::compact_mode(), DataFitSurrModel::daceIterator, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), Model::surrogateType, and Interface::update_approximation().

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response_pr, bool rebuild flag ) [protected], [virtual]
```

replaces the anchor point, and rebuilds the approximation if requested

This function populates/replaces SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp} and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not clear other data (i.e., SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data) and does not update the actualModel with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it updates data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.
References SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), Model::surrogateType, and Interface::update_approximation().

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const VariablesArray & vars array, const IntResponseMap & resp map, bool rebuild flag ) [protected], [virtual]
```

replaces the current points array and rebuilds the approximation if requested

This function populates/replaces SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not clear other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actualModel with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it updates data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.
References SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), Model::surrogateType, and Interface::update_approximation().

```cpp
void update_approximation ( const RealMatrix & samples, const IntResponseMap & resp map, bool rebuild flag ) [protected], [virtual]
```

replaces the current points array and rebuilds the approximation if requested

This function populates/replaces SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not clear other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actualModel with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it updates data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.
References SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), Model::surrogateType, and Interface::update_approximation().

```cpp
void append_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response_pr, bool rebuild flag ) [protected], [virtual]
```

appends one point to SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not modify other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actualModel with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it appends to data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.
void append_approximation ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponsePair & response, bool rebuild_flag ) [protected], [virtual]

appends a point to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

This function appends one point to SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not modify other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actual Model with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it appends to data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Interface::append_approximation(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), and Model::surrogateType.

void append_approximation ( const VariablesArray & vars_array, const IntResponseMap & resp_map, bool rebuild_flag ) [protected], [virtual]

appends an array of points to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

This function appends multiple points to SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not modify other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actual Model with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it appends to data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Interface::append_approximation(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), and Model::surrogateType.

void append_approximation ( const RealMatrix & samples, const IntResponseMap & resp_map, bool rebuild_flag ) [protected], [virtual]

appends a matrix of points to a global approximation and rebuilds it if requested

This function appends multiple points to SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data and rebuilds the approximation, if requested. It does not modify other data (i.e., SurrogateData::anchor{Vars,Resp}) and does not update the actual Model with revised bounds, labels, etc. Thus, it appends to data from a previous call to build_approximation(), and is not intended to be used in isolation.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Interface::append_approximation(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, Model::numFns, Interface::rebuild_approximation(), and Model::surrogateType.

void derived_init_communicators ( ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag = true ) [protected], [virtual]

set up actualModel for parallel operations

asynchronous flags need to be initialized for the sub-models. In addition, max_eval_concurrency is the outer level iterator concurrency, not the DACE concurrency that actualModel will see, and recomputing the message_lengths on the sub-model is probably not a bad idea either. Therefore, recompute everything on actualModel using init_communicators.

Reimplemented from Model.
13.26. DATAFITSURRMODEL CLASS REFERENCE

References DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, DataFitSurrModel::daceIterator, Model::derivative_concurrency(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_method_node(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_model_node(), Iterator::init_communicators(), Model::init_communicators(), Iterator::is_null(), Model::is_null(), Iterator::iterated_model(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), Iterator::method_id(), Interface::minimum_points(), Model::model_id(), Model::probDescDB, ProblemDescDB::set_db_list_nodes(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_method_node(), and ProblemDescDB::set_db_model_nodes().

```cpp
int evaluation_id() const [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

return the current evaluation id for the DataFitSurrModel

```
return the DataFitSurrModel evaluation count. Due to possibly intermittent use of surrogate bypass, this is not the same as either the approxInterface or actualModel model evaluation counts. It also does not distinguish duplicate evals.
```

Reimplemented from Model.

References DataFitSurrModel::surrModelEvalCntr.

```cpp
void import_points(unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only) [private]
```

optionally read surrogate data points from provided file

```
Constructor helper to read the points file once, if provided, and then reuse its data as appropriate within build_global(). Surrogate data imports default to active/inactive variables, but user can override to active only
```

References Variables::cv(), Variables::div(), Variables::drv(), Variables::dsv(), Response::is_null(), Variables::is_null(), and Variables::tv().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel().

```cpp
void initialize_export() [private]
```

initialize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations

```
Constructor helper to export approximation-based evaluations to a file.
```

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel().

```cpp
void finalize_export() [private]
```

finalize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations

```
Constructor helper to export approximation-based evaluations to a file.
```

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::~DataFitSurrModel().

```cpp
void manage_data_recastings() [private]
```

initialize manageRecasting and recastFlags for data import/export

```
Constructor helper to manage model recastings for data import/export.
```

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel().

```cpp
void export_point(int eval_id, const Variables & vars, const Response & resp) [private]
```

initialize file stream for exporting surrogate evaluations

```
Constructor helper to export approximation-based evaluations to a file. Exports all variables, so it’s clear at what values of inactive it was built at
```

References RecastModel::inverse_transform_response(), Model::model_rep(), and RecastModel::transform_variables().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response().
**void build_global( ) [private]**

Builds a global approximation using daceIterator.

Determine points to use in building the approximation and then evaluate them on actualModel using daceIterator. Any changes to the bounds should be performed by setting them at a higher level (e.g., SurrBasedOptStrategy).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::active_set(), DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, Iterator::all_responses(), Iterator::all_samples(), Iterator::all_variables(), Interface::append_approximation(), Interface::approximation_data(), DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), Iterator::compact_mode(), DataFitSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Model::currentVariables, Variables::cv(), Model::cv(), DataFitSurrModel::daceIterator, Dakota::data_pairs, Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Variables::div(), Model::div(), Variables::drv(), Model::drv(), Iterator::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, Model::hierarchicalTagging, DataFitSurrModel::importPointsFile, DataFitSurrModel::inside(), Model::interface_id(), RecastModel::inverse_transform_variables(), Iterator::is_null(), Model::is_null(), DataFitSurrModel::manageRecasting, Interface::minimum_points(), SurrogateModel::miPLIndex, Model::model_rep(), Model::modelList, Model::modelPCIter, Iterator::num_samples(), Model::outputLevel, DataFitSurrModel::pointReuse, DataFitSurrModel::pointsManagement, DataFitSurrModel::pointsTotal, DataFitSurrModel::recastFlags, Interface::recommended_points(), ActiveSet::request_vector(), DataFitSurrModel::reuseFileResponses, DataFitSurrModel::reuseFileVars, Iterator::run(), Iterator::sampling_reset(), DataFitSurrModel::surrogateEvalCntr, and SurrogateModel::surrogateFnIndices.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation().

**void build_local_multipoint( ) [private]**

Builds a local or multipoint approximation using actualModel.

Evaluate the value, gradient, and possibly Hessian needed for a local or multipoint approximation using actualModel.

References Response::active_set(), DataFitSurrModel::actualModel, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), DataFitSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variable_ids(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Model::evaluation_id(), Model::hessian_type(), Model::numFns, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Dakota::strbegins(), Model::surrogateType, and Interface::update_approximation().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation().

**void update_actual_model( ) [private]**

update actualModel with data from current variables/labels/bounds/targets

Update variables and constraints data within actualModel using values and labels from currentVariables and bound/linear/nonlinear constraints from userDefinedConstraints.

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), and DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response().

**void update_from_actual_model( ) [private]**

update current variables/labels/bounds/targets with data from actualModel

Update values and labels in currentVariables and bound/linear/nonlinear constraints in userDefinedConstraints from variables and constraints data within actualModel.

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), and DataFitSurrModel::update_from_subordinate_model().
13.26.4 Member Data Documentation

Model actualModel [private]

the truth model which provides evaluations for building the surrogate (optional for global, required for local)
actualModel is unrestricted in type; arbitrary nestings are possible.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::build_global(), DataFitSurrModel::build_local_multipoint(), DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_async_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_free_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_serial(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_set_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_subordinate_models(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize_nowait(), DataFitSurrModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), DataFitSurrModel::fine_grained_evaluation_counters(), DataFitSurrModel::inactive_view(), DataFitSurrModel::inside(), DataFitSurrModel::primary_response_fn_weights(), DataFitSurrModel::print_evaluation_summary(), DataFitSurrModel::serve_run(), DataFitSurrModel::stop_servers(), DataFitSurrModel::surrogate_response_mode(), DataFitSurrModel::truth_model(), DataFitSurrModel::update_from_subordinate_model(), DataFitSurrModel::update_global(), and DataFitSurrModel::update_local_multipoint().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataFitSurrModel.hpp
- DataFitSurrModel.cpp

13.27 DataInterface Class Reference

Handle class for interface specification data.

Public Member Functions

- **DataInterface ()**
  
  constructor

- **DataInterface (const DataInterface &)**
  
  copy constructor

- **~DataInterface ()**
  
  destructor

- **DataInterface & operator= (const DataInterface &)**
  
  assignment operator

- **void write (std::ostream &s) const**
  
  write a DataInterface object to an std::ostream

- **void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)**
  
  read a DataInterface object from a packed MPI buffer

- **void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const**
  
  write a DataInterface object to a packed MPI buffer

- **DataInterfaceRep * data_rep ()**
  
  return datafaceRep
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Static Public Member Functions

- static bool id_compare (const DataInterface &di, const std::string &id)
  compares the idInterface attribute of DataInterface objects

Private Attributes

- DataInterfaceRep * dataIfaceRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends

- class ProblemDescDB
- class NIDRProblemDescDB

13.27.1 Detailed Description

Handle class for interface specification data.

The DataInterface class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in DataInterface-Rep. It is populated by IDRProblemDescDB::interface_kwhandler() and is queried by the ProblemDescDB::get_-<datatype>() functions. A list of DataInterface objects is maintained in ProblemDescDB::dataInterfaceList, one for each interface specification in an input file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataInterface.hpp
- DataInterface.cpp

13.28 DataMethod Class Reference

Handle class for method specification data.

Public Member Functions

- DataMethod ()
  constructor
- DataMethod (const DataMethod &)
  copy constructor
- ~DataMethod ()
  destructor
- DataMethod & operator= (const DataMethod &)
  assignment operator
- void write (std::ostream &s) const
  write a DataMethod object to an std::ostream
- void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a DataMethod object from a packed MPI buffer
- void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a DataMethod object to a packed MPI buffer
- DataMethodRep * data_rep ()
  return dataMethodRep
13.29. DATAMETHODREP CLASS REFERENCE

Static Public Member Functions

- static bool id_compare (const DataMethod &dm, const std::string &id)
  compares the idMethod attribute of DataMethod objects

Private Attributes

- DataMethodRep * dataMethodRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends

- class ProblemDescDB
- class NIDRProblemDescDB

13.28.1 Detailed Description

Handle class for method specification data.

The DataMethod class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in DataMethodRep. It is populated by IDRProblemDescDB::method_kwhandler() and is queried by the ProblemDescDB::get_<datatype>() functions. A list of DataMethod objects is maintained in ProblemDescDB::dataMethodList, one for each method specification in an input file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataMethod.hpp
- DataMethod.cpp

13.29 DataMethodRep Class Reference

Body class for method specification data.

Public Attributes

- String idMethod
  string identifier for the method specification data set (from the idMethod specification in MethodIndControl)

- String modelPointer
  string pointer to the model specification to be used by this method (from the modelPointer specification in MethodIndControl)

- short methodOutput
  method verbosity control: {SILENT,QUIET,NORMAL,VERBOSE,DEBUG}.OUTPUT (from the output specification in MethodIndControl)

- int maxIterations
  maximum number of iterations allowed for the method (from the maxIterations specification in MethodIndControl)

- int maxFunctionEvaluations
  maximum number of function evaluations allowed for the method (from the maxFunctionEvaluations specification in MethodIndControl)

- bool speculativeFlag
flag for use of speculative gradient approaches for maintaining parallel load balance during the line search portion of optimization algorithms (from the speculative specification in MethodIndControl)

- `bool methodUseDerivsFlag`
  flag for usage of derivative data to enhance the computation of surrogate models (PCE/SC expansions, GP models for EGO/EGRA/EGIE) based on the use_derivatives specification

- `Real convergenceTolerance`
  iteration convergence tolerance for the method (from the convergence_tolerance specification in MethodIndControl)

- `Real constraintTolerance`
  tolerance for controlling the amount of infeasibility that is allowed before an active constraint is considered to be violated (from the constraint_tolerance specification in MethodIndControl)

- `bool methodScaling`
  flag indicating scaling status (from the scaling specification in MethodIndControl)

- `size_t numFinalSolutions`
  number of final solutions returned from the iterator

- `RealVector linearIneqConstraintCoeffs`
  coefficient matrix for the linear inequality constraints (from the linear_inequality_constraint_matrix specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearIneqLowerBnds`
  lower bounds for the linear inequality constraints (from the linear_inequality_lower_bounds specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearIneqUpperBnds`
  upper bounds for the linear inequality constraints (from the linear_inequality_upper_bounds specification in MethodIndControl)

- `StringArray linearIneqScaleTypes`
  scaling types for the linear inequality constraints (from the linear_inequality_scale_types specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearIneqScales`
  scaling factors for the linear inequality constraints (from the linear_inequality_scales specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearEqConstraintCoeffs`
  coefficient matrix for the linear equality constraints (from the linear_equality_constraint_matrix specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearEqTargets`
  targets for the linear equality constraints (from the linear_equality_targets specification in MethodIndControl)

- `StringArray linearEqScaleTypes`
  scaling types for the linear equality constraints (from the linear_equality_scale_types specification in MethodIndControl)

- `RealVector linearEqScales`
  scaling factors for the linear equality constraints (from the linear_equality_scales specification in MethodIndControl)

- `unsigned short methodName`
  the method selection: one of the optimizer, least squares, nond, dace, or parameter study methods

- `unsigned short subMethod`
  enum value for a sub-method type
- String `subMethodName`  
  string identifier for a sub-method name within a multi-option method specification (e.g., from meta-iterators)
- String `subModelPointer`  
  string pointer for a sub-model specification used by a meta-iterator
- String `subMethodPointer`  
  string pointer for a sub-method specification used by a meta-iterator
- int `iteratorServers`  
  number of servers for concurrent iterator parallelism (from the `iterator_servers` specification)
- int `procsPerIterator`  
  number of processors for each concurrent iterator partition (from the `processors_per_iterator` specification)
- short `iteratorScheduling`  
  type of scheduling (\{DEFAULT,MASTER,PEER\}_SCHEDULING) used in concurrent iterator parallelism (from the `iterator_scheduling` specification)
- StringArray `hybridMethodNames`  
  array of methods for the sequential and collaborative hybrid meta-iterators (from the `method_name_list` specification)
- StringArray `hybridModelPointers`  
  array of models for the sequential and collaborative hybrid meta-iterators (from the `model_pointer_list` specification)
- StringArray `hybridMethodPointers`  
  array of methods for the sequential and collaborative hybrid meta-iterators (from the `method_pointer_list` specification)
- String `hybridGlobalMethodName`  
  global method name for embedded hybrids (from the `global_method_name` specification)
- String `hybridGlobalModelPointer`  
  global model pointer for embedded hybrids (from the `global_model_pointer` specification)
- String `hybridGlobalMethodPointer`  
  global method pointer for embedded hybrids (from the `global_method_pointer` specification)
- String `hybridLocalMethodName`  
  local method name for embedded hybrids (from the `local_method_name` specification)
- String `hybridLocalModelPointer`  
  local model pointer for embedded hybrids (from the `local_model_pointer` specification)
- String `hybridLocalMethodPointer`  
  local method pointer for embedded hybrids (from the `local_method_pointer` specification)
- Real `hybridLSProb`  
  local search probability for embedded hybrids (from the `local_search_probability` specification)
- int `concurrentRandomJobs`  
  number of random jobs to perform in the pareto_set and multi_start meta-iterators (from the `random_starts` and `random_weight_sets` specifications)
- RealVector `concurrentParameterSets`  
  user-specified (i.e., nonrandom) parameter sets to evaluate in the pareto_set and multi_start meta-iterators (from the `starting_points` and `weight_sets` specifications)
- unsigned short `softConvLimit`
number of consecutive iterations with change less than convergenceTolerance required to trigger convergence

- **bool surrBasedLocalLayerBypass**
  
  flag to indicate user-specification of a bypass of any/all layerings in evaluating truth response values in SBL.

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRInitSize**
  
  initial trust region size in the surrogate-based local method (from the initial_size specification in MethodSBL) note: this is a relative value, e.g., 0.1 = 10% of global bounds distance (upper bound - lower bound) for each variable

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRMinSize**
  
  minimum trust region size in the surrogate-based local method (from the minimum_size specification in MethodSBL), if the trust region size falls below this threshold the SBL iterations are terminated (note: if kriging is used with SBL, the min trust region size is set to 1.0e-3 in attempt to avoid ill-conditioned matrixes that arise in kriging over small trust regions)

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRContractTrigger**
  
  trust region minimum improvement level (ratio of actual to predicted decrease in objective fcn) in the surrogate-based local method (from the contract_threshold specification in MethodSBL), the trust region shrinks or is rejected if the ratio is below this value (“eta_1” in the Conn-Gould-Toint trust region book)

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRExpandTrigger**
  
  trust region sufficient improvement level (ratio of actual to predicted decrease in objective fn) in the surrogate-based local method (from the expand_threshold specification in MethodSBL), the trust region expands if the ratio is above this value (“eta_2” in the Conn-Gould-Toint trust region book)

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRContract**
  
  trust region contraction factor in the surrogate-based local method (from the contraction_factor specification in MethodSBL)

- **Real surrBasedLocalTRExpand**
  
  trust region expansion factor in the surrogate-based local method (from the expansion_factor specification in MethodSBL)

- **short surrBasedLocalSubProbObj**
  
  SBL approximate subproblem objective: ORIGINAL_PRIMARY, SINGLE_OBJECTIVE, LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE, or AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_OBJECTIVE.

- **short surrBasedLocalSubProbCon**
  
  SBL approximate subproblem constraints: NO_CONSTRAINTS, LINEARIZED_CONSTRAINTS, or ORIGINAL_CONSTRAINTS.

- **short surrBasedLocalMeritFn**
  
  SBL merit function type: BASIC_PENALTY, ADAPTIVE_PENALTY, BASIC_LAGRANGIAN, or AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN.

- **short surrBasedLocalAcceptLogic**
  
  SBL iterate acceptance logic: TR_RATIO or FILTER.

- **short surrBasedLocalConstrRelax**
  
  SBL constraint relaxation method: NO_RELAX or HOMOTOPY.

- **bool surrBasedGlobalReplacePts**
  
  user-specified method for adding points to the set upon which the next surrogate is based in the surrogate-based_global method.

- **String dlDetails**
  
  string of options for a dynamically linked solver

- **void * dlLib**
  
  handle to dynamically loaded library
• int verifyLevel
  the verify_level specification in MethodNPSOLDC
• Real functionPrecision
  the function_precision specification in MethodNPSOLDC and the EPSILON specification in NOMAD
• Real lineSearchTolerance
  the line_search_tolerance specification in MethodNPSOLDC
• Real absConvTol
  absolute function convergence tolerance
• Real xConvTol
  x-convergence tolerance
• Real singConvTol
  singular convergence tolerance
• Real singRadius
  radius for singular convergence test
• Real falseConvTol
  false-convergence tolerance
• Real initTRRadius
  initial trust radius
• int covarianceType
  kind of covariance required
• bool regressDiag
  whether to print the regression diagnostic vector
• String searchMethod
  the search_method specification for Newton and nonlinear interior-point methods in MethodOPTPPDC
• Real gradientTolerance
  the gradient_tolerance specification in MethodOPTPPDC
• Real maxStep
  the max_step specification in MethodOPTPPDC
• short meritFn
  the merit_function specification for nonlinear interior-point methods in MethodOPTPPDC
• Real stepLenToBoundary
  the steplength_to_boundary specification for nonlinear interior-point methods in MethodOPTPPDC
• Real centeringParam
  the centering_parameter specification for nonlinear interior-point methods in MethodOPTPPDC
• int searchSchemeSize
  the search_scheme_size specification for PDS methods in MethodOPTPPDC
• Real initStepLength
  the initStepLength choice for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC
• Real contractStepLength
  the contractStepLength choice for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC
• Real threshStepLength
  the threshStepLength choice for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC
• String meritFunction
the meritFunction choice for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC

- **Real** constrPenalty
  *the constrPenalty choice for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC*

- **Real** smoothFactor
  *the initial smoothFactor value for nonlinearly constrained APPS in MethodAPPSDC*

- **Real** constraintPenalty
  *the initial constraintPenalty for COLINY methods in MethodAPPS, MethodSCOLIBDIR, MethodSCOLIBPS, MethodSCOLIBSW and MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **bool** constantPenalty
  *the constantPenalty flag for COLINY methods in MethodSCOLIBPS and MethodSCOLIBSW*

- **Real** globalBalanceParam
  *the global_balance_parameter for the DIRECT method in MethodSCOLIBDIR*

- **Real** localBalanceParam
  *the local_balance_parameter for the DIRECT method in MethodSCOLIBDIR*

- **Real** maxBoxSize
  *the max_boxsize_limit for the DIRECT method in MethodSCOLIBDIR*

- **Real** minBoxSize
  *the min_boxsize_limit for the DIRECT method in MethodSCOLIBDIR and MethodNCSUDC*

- **String** boxDivision
  *the division setting (major dimension or all dimensions) for the DIRECT method in MethodSCOLIBDIR*

- **bool** mutationAdaptive
  *the non_adaptive specification for the coliny_ea method in MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **bool** showMiscOptions
  *the show_misc_options specification in MethodSCOLIBDC*

- **StringArray** miscOptions
  *the misc_options specification in MethodSCOLIBDC*

- **Real** solnTarget
  *the solution_target specification in MethodSCOLIBDC*

- **Real** crossoverRate
  *the crossover_rate specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **Real** mutationRate
  *the mutation_rate specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **Real** mutationScale
  *the mutation_scale specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **Real** mutationMinScale
  *the min_scale specification for mutation in EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA*

- **Real** initDelta
  *the initial_delta specification for APPS/COBYLA/PS/SW methods in MethodAPPS, MethodSCOLIBCOB, MethodSCOLIBPS, and MethodSCOLIBSW*

- **Real** threshDelta
  *the threshold_delta specification for APPS/COBYLA/PS/SW methods in MethodAPPS, MethodSCOLIBCOB, MethodSCOLIBPS, and MethodSCOLIBSW*

- **Real** contractFactor
the contraction_factor specification for APPS/PS/SW methods in MethodAPPS, MethodSCOLIBPS, and MethodSCOLIBSW

- int newSolnsGenerated
  the new_solutions_generated specification for GA/EPSA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- int numberRetained
  the integer assignment to random, chc, or elitist in the replacement_type specification for GA/EPSA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- bool expansionFlag
  the no_expansion specification for APPS/PS/SW methods in MethodAPPS, MethodSCOLIBPS, and MethodSCOLIBSW

- int expandAfterSuccess
  the expand_after_success specification for PS/SW methods in MethodSCOLIBPS and MethodSCOLIBSW

- int contractAfterFail
  the contract_after_failure specification for the SW method in MethodSCOLIBSW

- int mutationRange
  the mutation_range specification for the pga_int method in MethodSCOLIBEA

- int totalPatternSize
  the total_pattern_size specification for PS methods in MethodSCOLIBPS

- bool randomizeOrderFlag
  the stochastic specification for the PS method in MethodSCOLIBPS

- String selectionPressure
  the fitness_type specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- String replacementType
  the replacement_type specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- String crossoverType
  the crossover_type specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- String mutationType
  the mutation_type specification for EA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA

- String exploratoryMoves
  the exploratory_moves specification for the PS method in MethodSCOLIBPS

- String patternBasis
  the pattern_basis specification for APPS/PS methods in MethodAPPS and MethodSCOLIBPS

- String betaSolverName
  beta solvers don’t need documentation

- String evalSynchronize
  the synchronization setting for parallel pattern search methods in MethodSCOLIBPS and MethodAPPS

- size_t numCrossPoints
  The number of crossover points or multi-point schemes.

- size_t numParents
  The number of parents to use in a crossover operation.

- size_t numOffspring
  The number of children to produce in a crossover operation.

- String fitnessType
  the fitness assessment operator to use.
- **String** `convergenceType`  
  The means by which this JEGA should converge.

- **Real** `percentChange`  
  The minimum percent change before convergence for a fitness tracker converger.

- **size_t** `numGenerations`  
  The number of generations over which a fitness tracker converger should track.

- **Real** `fitnessLimit`  
  The cutoff value for survival in fitness limiting selectors (e.g., below_limit selector).

- **Real** `shrinkagePercent`  
  The minimum percentage of the requested number of selections that must take place on each call to the selector (0, 1).

- **String** `nichingType`  
  The niching type.

- **RealVector** `nicheVector`  
  The discretization percentage along each objective.

- **size_t** `numDesigns`  
  The maximum number of designs to keep when using the max_designs nicher.

- **String** `postProcessorType`  
  The post processor type.

- **RealVector** `distanceVector`  
  The discretization percentage along each objective.

- **String** `initializationType`  
  The means by which the JEGA should initialize the population.

- **String** `flatFile`  
  The filename to use for initialization.

- **String** `logFile`  
  The filename to use for logging.

- **int** `populationSize`  
  The population size specification for GA methods in MethodSCOLIBEA.

- **bool** `printPopFlag`  
  The print_each_pop flag to set the printing of the population at each generation.

- **Real** `volBoxSize`  
  The volume_boxsize_limit for the DIRECT method in MethodNCSUDC.

- **int** `numSymbols`  
  The symbols specification for DACE methods.

- **bool** `mainEffectsFlag`  
  The main_effects specification for sampling methods in MethodDDACE.

- **bool** `latinizeFlag`  
  The latinize specification for FSU QMC and CVT methods in MethodFSUDACE.

- **bool** `volQualityFlag`  
  The quality_metrics specification for sampling methods (FSU QMC and CVT methods in MethodFSUDACE).

- **IntVector** `sequenceStart`  
  The sequenceStart specification in MethodFSUDACE.
• IntVector `sequenceLeap`
  the `sequenceLeap` specification in MethodFSUDACE

• IntVector `primeBase`
  the `primeBase` specification in MethodFSUDACE

• int `numTrials`
  the `numTrials` specification in MethodFSUDACE

• String `trialType`
  the `trialType` specification in MethodFSUDACE

• int `randomSeed`
  the seed specification for COLINY, NonD, & DACE methods

• String `historyFile`
  the `HISTORY_FILE` specification for NOMAD

• String `displayFormat`
  the `DISPLAY_STATS` specification for NOMAD

• Real `vns`
  the `VNS` specification for NOMAD

• int `neighborOrder`
  the `NEIGHBOR_ORDER` specification for NOMAD

• bool `showAllEval`
  the `DISPLAY_ALL_EVAL` specification for NOMAD

• int `numSamples`
  the samples specification for NonD & DACE methods

• bool `fixedSeedFlag`
  flag for fixing the value of the seed among different NonD/DACE sample sets. This results in the use of the same sampling stencil/pattern throughout an execution with repeated sampling.

• bool `fixedSequenceFlag`
  flag for fixing the sequence for Halton or Hammersley QMC sample sets. This results in the use of the same sampling stencil/pattern throughout an execution with repeated sampling.

• int `previousSamples`
  the number of previous samples when augmenting a LHS sample

• bool `vbdFlag`
  the `var_based_decomp` specification for a variety of sampling methods

• Real `vbdDropTolerance`
  the `var_based_decomp` tolerance for omitting index output

• bool `backfillFlag`
  the `backfill` option allows one to augment in LHS sample by enforcing the addition of unique discrete variables to the sample

• bool `pcaFlag`
  Flag to specify the calculation of principal components when using LHS.

• Real `percentVarianceExplained`
  The percentage of variance explained by using a truncated number of principal components in PCA.

• unsigned short `vbdOrder`
  a sub-specification of vbdFlag: interaction order limit for calculation/output of component VBD indices

• short `covarianceControl`
restrict the calculation of a full response covariance matrix for high dimensional outputs: \{DEFAULT,DIAGONAL,FULL\}_COVARIANCE

- **String rngName**
  the basic random-number generator for NonD

- **short refinementType**
  refinement type for stochastic expansions from dimension refinement keyword group

- **short refinementControl**
  refinement control for stochastic expansions from dimension refinement keyword group

- **short nestingOverride**
  override for default point nesting policy: NO_NESTING_OVERRIDE, NESTED, or NON_NESTED

- **short growthOverride**
  override for default point growth restriction policy: NO_GROWTH_OVERRIDE, RESTRICTED, or UNRESTRICTED

- **short expansionType**
  enumeration for u-space type that defines u-space variable targets for probability space transformations: EXTENDED_U (default), ASKEY_U, STD_NORMAL_U, or STD_UNIFORM_U

- **bool piecewiseBasis**
  boolean indicating presence of piecewise keyword

- **short expansionBasisType**
  enumeration for type of basis in sparse grid interpolation (Pecos::\{NODAL,HIERARCHICAL\}_INTERPOLANT) or regression (Pecos::\{TENSOR_PRODUCT,TOTAL_ORDER,ADAPTED\}_BASIS).

- **UShortArray expansionOrder**
  the expansion order specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **SizetArray expansionSamples**
  the expansion samples specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **String expansionSampleType**
  allows for incremental PCE construction using the incremental_lhs specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **UShortArray quadratureOrder**
  the quadrature order specification in MethodNonDPCE and MethodNonDSC

- **UShortArray sparseGridLevel**
  the sparse_grid_level specification in MethodNonDPCE, MethodNonDSC, and other stochastic expansion-enabled methods

- **RealVector anisoDimPref**
  the dimension_preference specification for tensor and sparse grids and expansion orders in MethodNonDPCE and MethodNonDSC

- **unsigned short cubIntOrder**
  the cubature_integrand specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **SizetArray collocationPoints**
  the collocation_points specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **Real collocationRatio**
  the collocation_ratio specification in MethodNonDPCE

- **Real collocRatioTermsOrder**
  order applied to the number of expansion terms when applying or computing the collocation ratio within regression PCE; based on the ratio_order specification in MethodNonDPCE
• short regressionType
  type of regression: LS, OMP, BP, BPDN, LARS, or LASSO
• short lsRegressionType
  type of least squares regression: SVD or EQ, CON, QR
• RealVector regressionNoiseTol
  noise tolerance(s) for OMP, BPDN, LARS, and LASSO
• Real regressionL2Penalty
  L2 regression penalty for a variant of LASSO known as the elastic net method (default of 0 gives standard LASSO)
• bool crossValidation
  flag indicating the use of cross-validation across expansion orders (given a prescribed maximum order) and, for some methods, noise tolerances
• unsigned short adaptedBasisAdvancements
  initial grid level for the ADAPTED BASIS EXPANDING FRONT approach to defining the candidate basis for sparse recovery (compressed sensing)
• bool normalizedCoeffs
  flag indicating the output of PCE coefficients corresponding to normalized basis polynomials
• String pointReuse
  allows PCE construction to reuse points from previous sample sets or data import using the reuse_points specification in MethodNonDPCE
• bool tensorGridFlag
  flag for usage of a sub-sampled set of tensor-product grid points within regression PCE; based on the tensor_grid specification in MethodNonDPCE
• UShortArray tensorGridOrder
  order of tensor-product grid points that are sub-sampled within orthogonal least interpolation PCE; based on the tensor_grid specification in MethodNonDPCE
• String importExpansionFile
  the import_expansion_file specification in MethodNonDPCE
• String exportExpansionFile
  the export_expansion_file specification in MethodNonDPCE
• unsigned short sampleType
  the sample_type specification in MethodNonDMC, MethodNonDPCE, and MethodNonDSC
• unsigned short reliabilitySearchType
  the type of limit state search in MethodNonDLocalRel (x_taylor_mean, x_taylor_mpp, x_two_point, u_taylor_mean, u_taylor_mpp, u_two_point, or no_approx) or MethodNonDGlobalRel (x_gaussian_process or u_gaussian_process)
• String reliabilityIntegration
  the first_order or second_order integration selection in MethodNonDLocalRel
• unsigned short integrationRefine
  the import, adapt_import, or mm_adapt_import integration refinement selection in MethodNonDLocalRel, MethodNonDPCE, and MethodNonDSC
• int refineSamples
  the refinement_samples selection in MethodNonDLocalRel, MethodNonDPCE, and MethodNonDSC
• short distributionType
  the distribution cumulative or complementary specification in MethodNonD
• short responseLevelTarget
the compute probabilities, reliabilities, or gen_reliabilities specification in MethodNonD

- short responseLevelTargetReduce
  the system series or parallel specification in MethodNonD

- RealVectorArray responseLevels
  the response_levels specification in MethodNonD

- RealVectorArray probabilityLevels
  the probability_levels specification in MethodNonD

- RealVectorArray reliabilityLevels
  the reliability_levels specification in MethodNonD

- RealVectorArray genReliabilityLevels
  the gen_reliability_levels specification in MethodNonD

- int emulatorSamples
  the number of samples to construct a GP emulator for Bayesian calibration methods (MethodNonDBayesCalib)

- int emulatorOrder
  The total order to be used in construction of a VPS surrogate.

- short emulatorType
  the emulator specification in MethodNonDBayesCalib

- String mcmcType
  the mcmc type specification in MethodNonDBayesCalib

- bool standardizedSpace
  use of standardized probability spaces for MCMC within Bayesian inference

- bool adaptPosteriorRefine
  flag indicating adaptive refinement of the emulator in regions of high posterior probability

- bool logitTransform
  flag indicating user activation of logit transform option within QUESO

- unsigned short preSolveMethod
  the method used for performing a pre-solve for the MAP point

- String proposalCovType
  the type of proposal covariance: user, derivatives, or prior

- int proposalCovUpdates
  number of updates of the proposal covariance from computing the misfit Hessian using residual values and derivatives

- String proposalCovInputType
  the format of proposal covariance input: diagonal or matrix

- RealVector proposalCovData
  raw list of real data for the proposal covariance

- String proposalCovFile
  file from which to read proposal covariance in diagonal or matrix format

- String fitnessMetricType
  the fitness metric type specification in MethodNonDAAdaptive

- String batchSelectionType
  the batch selection type specification in MethodNonDAAdaptive

- int batchSize
The size of the batch (e.g. number of supplemental points added) to be added to the build points for an emulator at each iteration.

- **String lipschitzType**
  
  The Lipschitz type specification in MethodNonDPOFDarts (e.g. either local or global estimation)

- **unsigned short calibrateErrorMode**

  Calibration mode for observation error multipliers (CALIBRATE_*)

- **RealVector hyperPriorAlphas**

  Hyperparameters inverse gamma prior alphas

- **RealVector hyperPriorBetas**

  Hyperparameters inverse gamma prior alphas

- **int numChains**

  Number of concurrent chains

- **int numCR**

  Number of CR-factors

- **int crossoverChainPairs**

  Number of crossover chain pairs

- **Real grThreshold**

  Threshold for the Gelman-Rubin statistic

- **int jumpStep**

  How often to perform a long jump in generations

- **String dataDistType**

  The type of data distribution: kde, or gaussian

- **String dataDistCovInputType**

  The format of data distribution gaussian covariance input: diagonal or matrix

- **RealVector dataDistMeans**

  Raw list of real data for the data distribution gaussian means

- **RealVector dataDistCovariance**

  Raw list of real data for the data distribution gaussian covariance

- **String dataDistFile**

  File from which to read data distribution data (covariance or samples)

- **String posteriorDensityExportFilename**

  The filename of the export file containing an arbitrary set of samples and their corresponding density values.

- **String posteriorSamplesExportFilename**

  The filename of the export file containing samples from the posterior and their corresponding density values.

- **String posteriorSamplesImportFilename**

  The filename of the import file containing samples at which the posterior will be evaluated.

- **bool generatePosteriorSamples**

  Flag specifying whether to generate random samples from the posterior.

- **bool evaluatePosteriorDensity**

  Flag specifying whether to evaluate the posterior density at a set of samples.

- **RealVector finalPoint**

  The final point specification in MethodPSVPS

- **RealVector stepVector**
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- The step vector specification in MethodPSVPS and MethodPSCPS
- Int numSteps
  - The numSteps specification in MethodPSVPS
- IntVector stepsPerVariable
  - The deltasPerVariable specification in MethodPSCPS
- RealVector listOfPoints
  - The listOfPoints specification in MethodPSLPS
- String pstudyFilename
  - The importPointsFile spec for a file-based parameter study
- Unsigned short pstudyFileFormat
  - Tabular format for the parameter study points file
- Bool pstudyFileActive
  - Whether to import active variables only
- UShortArray varPartitions
  - The partitions specification for PStudy method in MethodPSMPS
- Real refinementRate
  - Rate of mesh refinement in Richardson extrapolation
- String importBuildPtsFile
  - The file name from the importBuildPointsFile specification
- Unsigned short importBuildFormat
  - Tabular format for the build point import file
- Bool importBuildActive
  - Whether to import active variables only
- String importApproxPtsFile
  - The file name from the importApproxPointsFile specification
- Unsigned short importApproxFormat
  - Tabular format for the approx point import file
- Bool importApproxActive
  - Whether to import active variables only
- String exportApproxPtsFile
  - The file name from the exportApproxPointsFile specification
- Unsigned short exportApproxFormat
  - Tabular format for the approx point export file
- String exportMCMCPtsFile
  - The file name from the exportMCMCPointsFile specification
- Unsigned short exportMCMCFormat
  - Tabular format for the MCMC chain export file
13.30. DATAMODEL CLASS REFERENCE

Private Member Functions

- **DataMethodRep ()**
  - constructor
- **~DataMethodRep ()**
  - destructor
- **void write (std::ostream &s) const**
  - write a DataInterfaceRep object to an std::ostream
- **void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)**
  - read a DataInterfaceRep object from a packed MPI buffer
- **void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const**
  - write a DataInterfaceRep object to a packed MPI buffer

Private Attributes

- **int referenceCount**
  - number of handle objects sharing this dataMethodRep

Friends

- **class DataMethod**
  - the handle class can access attributes of the body class directly

13.29.1 Detailed Description

Body class for method specification data.

The **DataMethodRep** class is used to contain the data from a method keyword specification. Default values are managed in the **DataMethodRep** constructor. Data is public to avoid maintaining set/get functions, but is still encapsulated within ProblemDescDB since ProblemDescDB::dataMethodList is private.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataMethod.hpp
- DataMethod.cpp

13.30 DataModel Class Reference

Handle class for model specification data.

Public Member Functions

- **DataModel ()**
  - constructor
- **DataModel (const DataModel &)**
  - copy constructor
- **~DataModel ()**
  - destructor
- **DataModel & operator= (const DataModel &)**


**assignment operator**

- void **write** (std::ostream &s) const  
  write a DataModel object to an std::ostream
- void **read** (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)  
  read a DataModel object from a packed MPI buffer
- void **write** (MPIPackBuffer &s) const  
  write a DataModel object to a packed MPI buffer
- DataModelRep * **data_rep** ()
  return dataModelRep

**Static Public Member Functions**

- static bool **id_compare** (const DataModel &dm, const std::string &id)  
  compares the idModel attribute of DataModel objects

**Private Attributes**

- DataModelRep * **dataModelRep**  
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

**Friends**

- class ProblemDescDB
- class NIDRProblemDescDB

### 13.30.1 Detailed Description

Handle class for model specification data.

The DataModel class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in DataModelRep. It is populated by IDRProblemDescDB::model_kwhandler() and is queried by the ProblemDescDB::get_<datatype>() functions. A list of DataModel objects is maintained in ProblemDescDB::dataModelList, one for each model specification in an input file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataModel.hpp
- DataModel.cpp

### 13.31 DataModelRep Class Reference

Body class for model specification data.

**Public Attributes**

- String **idModel**  
  string identifier for the model specification data set (from the id_model specification in ModelIndControl)
- String **modelType**  
  model type selection: single, surrogate, or nested (from the model type specification in ModelIndControl)
13.31. DATAMODELR EP CLASS REFERENCE

- **String variablesPointer**
  
  String pointer to the variables specification to be used by this model (from the variables_pointer specification in ModelIndControl)

- **String interfacePointer**
  
  String pointer to the interface specification to be used by this model (from the interface_pointer specification in ModelSingle and the optional_interface_pointer specification in ModelNested)

- **String responsesPointer**
  
  String pointer to the responses specification to be used by this model (from the responses_pointer specification in ModelIndControl)

- **bool hierarchicalTags**
  
  Whether this model and its children will add hierarchy-based tags to eval ids

- **String subMethodPointer**
  
  Pointer to a sub-iterator used for global approximations (from the dace_method_pointer specification in ModelSurrG) or by nested models (from the sub_method_pointer specification in ModelNested)

- **IntSet surrogateFnIndices**
  
  Array specifying the response function set that is approximated

- **String surrogateType**
  
  The selected surrogate type: local_taylor, multipoint_jana, global_neural_network, mars, orthogonal_polynomial, gaussian, polynomial, kriging, or hierarchical

- **String truthModelPointer**
  
  Pointer to the model specification for constructing the truth model used in building local, multipoint, and hierarchical approximations (from the actual_model_pointer specification in ModelSurrL and ModelSurrMP and the high_fidelity_model_pointer specification in ModelSurrH)

- **String lowFidelityModelPointer**
  
  Pointer to the low fidelity model specification used in hierarchical approximations (from the low_fidelity_model_pointer specification in ModelSurrH)

- **int pointsTotal**
  
  User-specified lower bound on total points with which to build the model (if reuse_points < pointsTotal, new samples will make up the difference)

- **short pointsManagement**
  
  Points management configuration for DataFitSurrModel: DEFAULT_POINTS, MINIMUM_POINTS, or RECOMMENDED_POINTS

- **String approxPointReuse**
  
  Sample reuse selection for building global approximations: none, all, region, or file (from the reuse_samples specification in ModelSurrG)

- **String importBuildPtsFile**
  
  The file name from the import_build_points_file specification in ModelSurrG

- **unsigned short importBuildFormat**
  
  Tabular format for the build point import file

- **bool importBuildActive**
  
  Whether to import active variables only

- **String exportApproxPtsFile**
  
  The file name from the export_approx_points_file specification in ModelSurrG

- **unsigned short exportApproxFormat**
  
  Tabular format for the approx point export file
**bool** exportSurrogate

Option to turn on surrogate model export (export_model)

**String** modelExportPrefix

the filename prefix for export_model

**unsigned short** modelExportFormat

Format selection for export_model.

**short** approxCorrectionType

correction type for global and hierarchical approximations: NO_CORRECTION, ADDITIVE_CORRECTION, MULTIPLICATIVE_CORRECTION, or COMBINED_CORRECTION (from the correction specification in ModelSurrG and ModelSurrH)

**short** approxCorrectionOrder

correction order for global and hierarchical approximations: 0, 1, or 2 (from the correction specification in ModelSurrG and ModelSurrH)

**bool** modelUseDerivsFlag

flags the use of derivatives in building global approximations (from the use_derivatives specification in ModelSurrG)

**short** polynomialOrder

scalar integer indicating the order of the polynomial approximation (1=linear, 2=quadratic, 3=cubic; from the polynomial specification in ModelSurrG)

**RealVector** krigingCorrelations

vector of correlations used in building a kriging approximation (from the correlations specification in ModelSurrG)

**String** krigingOptMethod

optimization method to use in finding optimal correlation parameters: none, sampling, local, global

**short** krigingMaxTrials

maximum number of trials in optimization of kriging correlations

**RealVector** krigingMaxCorrelations

upper bound on kriging correlation vector

**RealVector** krigingMinCorrelations

lower bound on kriging correlation vector

**Real** krigingNugget

nugget value for kriging

**short** krigingFindNugget

option to have Kriging find the best nugget value to use

**short** mlsWeightFunction

weight function for moving least squares approximation

**short** rbfBases

bases for radial basis function approximation

**short** rbfMaxPts

maximum number of points for radial basis function approximation

**short** rbfMaxSubsets

maximum number of subsets for radial basis function approximation

**short** rbfMinPartition

minimum partition for radial basis function approximation
• short marsMaxBases
  maximum number of bases for MARS approximation
• String marsInterpolation
  interpolation type for MARS approximation
• short annRandomWeight
  random weight for artificial neural network approximation
• short annNodes
  number of nodes for artificial neural network approximation
• Real annRange
  range for artificial neural network approximation
• bool domainDecomp
  whether domain decomposition is enabled
• String decompCellType
  type of local cell of domain decomp
• int decompSupportLayers
  number of support layers for each local basis function
• bool decompDiscontDetect
  whether discontinuity detection is enabled
• Real discontJumpThresh
  function value (jump) threshold for discontinuity detection in domain decomp
• Real discontGradThresh
  gradient threshold for discontinuity detection in domain decomp
• String trendOrder
  scalar integer indicating the order of the Gaussian process mean (0= constant, 1=linear, 2=quadratic, 3=cubic); from the gaussian process specification in ModelSurrG
• bool pointSelection
  flag indicating the use of point selection in the Gaussian process
• StringArray diagMetrics
  List of diagnostic metrics the user requests to assess the goodness of fit for a surrogate model.
• bool crossValidateFlag
  flag indicating the use of cross validation on the metrics specified
• int numFolds
  number of folds to perform in cross validation
• Real percentFold
  percentage of data to withhold for cross validation process
• bool pressFlag
  flag indicating the use of PRESS on the metrics specified
• String importChallengePtsFile
  the file name from the challenge_points_file specification in ModelSurrG
• unsigned short importChallengeFormat
  tabular format of the challenge data file
• bool importChallengeActive
  whether to import active variables only
• String optionalInterfRespPointer  
  string pointer to the responses specification used by the optional interface in nested models (from the optional-interface_responses_pointer specification in ModelNested)

• StringArray primaryVarMaps  
  the primary variable mappings used in nested models for identifying the lower level variable targets for inserting top level variable values (from the primary_variable_mapping specification in ModelNested)

• StringArray secondaryVarMaps  
  the secondary variable mappings used in nested models for identifying the (distribution) parameter targets within the lower level variables for inserting top level variable values (from the secondary_variable_mapping specification in ModelNested)

• RealVector primaryRespCoeffs  
  the primary response mapping matrix used in nested models for weighting contributions from the sub-iterator responses in the top level (objective) functions (from the primary_response_mapping specification in ModelNested)

• RealVector secondaryRespCoeffs  
  the secondary response mapping matrix used in nested models for weighting contributions from the sub-iterator responses in the top level (constraint) functions (from the secondary_response_mapping specification in ModelNested)

• int subMethodServers  
  number of servers for concurrent sub-iterator parallelism

• int subMethodProcs  
  number of processors for each concurrent sub-iterator partition

• short subMethodScheduling  
  scheduling approach for concurrent sub-iterator parallelism: {DEFAULT,MASTER,PEER}_SCHEDULING

Private Member Functions

• DataModelRep ()  
  constructor

• ~DataModelRep ()  
  destructor

• void write (std::ostream &s) const  
  write a DataModelRep object to an std::ostream

• void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)  
  read a DataModelRep object from a packed MPI buffer

• void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const  
  write a DataModelRep object to a packed MPI buffer

Private Attributes

• int referenceCount  
  number of handle objects sharing this dataModelRep

Friends

• class DataModel  
  the handle class can access attributes of the body class directly
13.31.1 Detailed Description

Body class for model specification data.

The DataModelRep class is used to contain the data from a model keyword specification. Default values are managed in the DataModelRep constructor. Data is public to avoid maintaining set/get functions, but is still encapsulated within ProblemDescDB since ProblemDescDB::dataModelList is private.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataModel.hpp
- DataModel.cpp

13.32 DataResponses Class Reference

Handle class for responses specification data.

Public Member Functions

- DataResponses () 
  constructor
- DataResponses (const DataResponses &)
  copy constructor
- ~DataResponses ()
  destructor
- DataResponses & operator= (const DataResponses &)
  assignment operator
- void write (std::ostream &s) const
  write a DataResponses object to an std::ostream
- void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a DataResponses object from a packed MPI buffer
- void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a DataResponses object to a packed MPI buffer
- DataResponsesRep * data_rep ()
  return dataRespRep

Static Public Member Functions

- static bool id_compare (const DataResponses &dr, const std::string &id)
  compares the idResponses attribute of DataResponses objects

Private Attributes

- DataResponsesRep * dataRespRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends

- class ProblemDescDB
- class NIDRProblemDescDB
13.32.1 Detailed Description

Handle class for responses specification data.

The DataResponses class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in DataResponsesRep. It is populated by IDRProblemDescDB::responses_kwhandler() and is queried by the ProblemDescDB::get_<datatype>() functions. A list of DataResponses objects is maintained in ProblemDescDB::dataResponsesList, one for each responses specification in an input file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataResponses.hpp
- DataResponses.cpp

13.33 DataResponsesRep Class Reference

Body class for responses specification data.

Public Attributes

- String idResponses
  string identifier for the responses specification data set (from the id_responses specification in RespSetId)
- StringArray responseLabels
  the response labels array (from the response_descriptors specification in RespLabels)
- size_t numObjectiveFunctions
  number of objective functions (from the num_objective_functions specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numLeastSqTerms
  number of least squares terms (from the num_calibration_terms specification in RespFnsL)
- size_t numNonlinearIneqConstraints
  number of nonlinear inequality constraints (from the num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numNonlinearEqConstraints
  number of nonlinear equality constraints (from the num_nonlinear_equality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numResponseFunctions
  number of generic response functions (from the num_response_functions specification in RespFnsGen)
- size_t numScalarObjectiveFunctions
  scalar_objectives: number of objective functions which are scalar
- size_t numScalarLeastSqTerms
  scalar_calibration_terms: number of calibration terms which are scalar
- size_t numScalarNonlinearIneqConstraints
  number of scalar nonlinear inequality constraints (from the num_scalar_nonlinear_inequality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numScalarNonlinearEqConstraints
  number of scalar nonlinear equality constraints (from the num_scalar_nonlinear_equality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numScalarResponseFunctions
  scalar_responses: number of response functions which are scalar
- size_t numFieldObjectiveFunctions
  field_objectives: number of objective functions which are field-valued
- size_t numFieldLeastSqTerms
  field_calibration_terms: number of calibration terms which are field-valued
- size_t numFieldNonlinearIneqConstraints
  number of field nonlinear inequality constraints (from the num_scalar_nonlinear_inequality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numFieldNonlinearEqConstraints
  number of field nonlinear equality constraints (from the num_scalar_nonlinear_equality_constraints specification in RespFnOpt)
- size_t numFieldResponseFunctions
  field_responses: number of response functions which are field-valued
- StringArray primaryRespFnSense
  optimization sense for each objective function: minimize or maximize
- RealVector primaryRespFnWeights
  vector of weightings for multiobjective optimization or weighted nonlinear least squares (from the multi_objective_weights specification in RespFnOpt and the least_squares_weights specification in RespFnLS)
- RealVector nonlinearIneqLowerBnds
  vector of nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds (from the nonlinear_inequality_lower_bounds specification in RespFnOpt)
- RealVector nonlinearIneqUpperBnds
  vector of nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds (from the nonlinear_inequality_upper_bounds specification in RespFnOpt)
- RealVector nonlinearEqTargets
  vector of nonlinear equality constraint targets (from the nonlinear_equality_targets specification in RespFnOpt)
- StringArray primaryRespFnScaleTypes
  vector of primary response function scaling types (from the objective_function_scale_types specification in RespFnOpt and the least_squares_term_scale_types specification in RespFnLS)
- RealVector primaryRespFnScales
  vector of primary response function scaling factors (from the objective_function_scales specification in RespFnOpt and the least_squares_term_scales specification in RespFnLS)
- StringArray nonlinearIneqScaleTypes
  vector of nonlinear inequality constraint scaling types (from the nonlinear_inequality_scale_types specification in RespFnOpt)
- RealVector nonlinearIneqScales
  vector of nonlinear inequality constraint scaling factors (from the nonlinear_inequality_scales specification in RespFnOpt)
- StringArray nonlinearEqScaleTypes
  vector of nonlinear equality constraint scaling types (from the nonlinear_equality_scale_types specification in RespFnOpt)
- RealVector nonlinearEqScales
  vector of nonlinear equality constraint scaling factors (from the nonlinear_equality_scales specification in RespFnOpt)
- bool calibrationDataFlag
whether calibration data was specified

- `size_t numExperiments`
  number of distinct experiments in experimental data

- `size_t numExpConfigVars`
  number of experimental configuration vars (state variables) in each row of data

- `RealVector expConfigVars`
  list of `num_experiments x num_config_vars` configuration variable values

- `bool interpolateFlag`
  whether one should interpolate between the experiment and simulation field data

- `RealVector expObservations`
  list of `num_calibration_terms` observation data

- `RealVector expStdDeviations`
  list of 1 or `num_calibration_terms` observation standard deviations

- `String scalarDataFileName`
  name of experimental data file containing response data (with optional state variable and sigma data) to read

- `unsigned short scalarDataFormat`
  tabular format of the scalar data file

- `String gradientType`
  gradient type: none, numerical, analytic, or mixed (from the no_gradients, numerical_gradients, analytic_gradients, and mixed_gradients specifications in RespGrad)

- `String hessianType`
  Hessian type: none, numerical, quasi, analytic, or mixed (from the no_hessians, numerical_hessians, quasi_hessians, analytic_hessians, and mixed_hessians specifications in RespHess)

- `bool ignoreBounds`
  option to ignore bounds when doing finite differences (default is to honor bounds)

- `bool centralHess`
  Temporary (?) option to use old 2nd-order diffs when computing finite-difference Hessians; default is forward differences.

- `String quasiHessianType`
  quasi-Hessian type: bfgs, damped_bfgs, or sr1 (from the bfgs and sr1 specifications in RespHess)

- `String methodSource`
  numerical gradient method source: dakota or vendor (from the method_source specification in RespGradNum and RespGradMixed)

- `String intervalType`
  numerical gradient interval type: forward or central (from the interval_type specification in RespGradNum and RespGradMixed)

- `RealVector fdGradStepSize`
  vector of finite difference step sizes for numerical gradients, one step size per active continuous variable, used in computing 1st-order forward or central differences (from the fd_gradient_step_size specification in RespGradNum and RespGradMixed)

- `String fdGradStepType`
  type of finite difference step to use for numerical gradient: relative - step length is relative to x absolute - step length is what is specified bounds - step length is relative to range of x

- `RealVector fdHessStepSize`
vector of finite difference step sizes for numerical Hessians, one step size per active continuous variable, used in computing 1st-order gradient-based differences and 2nd-order function-based differences (from the `fd_hessian_step_size` specification in `RespHessNum` and `RespHessMixed`)

- String `fdHessStepType`
  type of finite difference step to use for numerical Hessian: relative - step length is relative to *x* absolute - step length is what is specified bounds - step length is relative to range of *x*

- IntSet `idNumericalGrads`
  mixed gradient numerical identifiers (from the `id_numerical_gradients` specification in `RespGradMixed`)

- IntSet `idAnalyticGrads`
  mixed gradient analytic identifiers (from the `id_analytic_gradients` specification in `RespGradMixed`)

- IntSet `idNumericalHessians`
  mixed Hessian numerical identifiers (from the `id_numerical_hessians` specification in `RespHessMixed`)

- IntSet `idQuasiHessians`
  mixed Hessian quasi identifiers (from the `id_quasi_hessians` specification in `RespHessMixed`)

- IntSet `idAnalyticHessians`
  mixed Hessian analytic identifiers (from the `id_analytic_hessians` specification in `RespHessMixed`)

- IntVector `fieldLengths`
  number of entries in each field

- IntVector `numCoordsPerField`
  number of coordinates per field

- bool `readFieldCoords`
  Field data related storage: whether to read simulation field coordinates.

- StringArray `varianceType`
  Array which specifies the sigma type per response (none, one constant value, one per response (vector) or a full covariance matrix

### Private Member Functions

- **DataResponsesRep ()**
  constructor

- **~DataResponsesRep ()**
  destructor

- void `write` (std::ostream &s) const
  write a `DataResponsesRep` object to an std::ostream

- void `read` (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a `DataResponsesRep` object from a packed MPI buffer

- void `write` (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a `DataResponsesRep` object to a packed MPI buffer

### Private Attributes

- int `referenceCount`
  number of handle objects sharing this `dataResponsesRep`
Friends

- class DataResponses
  the handle class can access attributes of the body class directly

13.33.1 Detailed Description

Body class for responses specification data.

The DataResponsesRep class is used to contain the data from a responses keyword specification. Default values are managed in the DataResponsesRep constructor. Data is public to avoid maintaining set/get functions, but is still encapsulated within ProblemDescDB since ProblemDescDB::dataResponsesList is private.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataResponses.hpp
- DataResponses.cpp

13.34 DataTransformModel Class Reference

Data transformation specialization of RecastModel.

Inheritance diagram for DataTransformModel:

```
Model

RecastModel

DataTransformModel
```

Public Member Functions

- DataTransformModel (const Model &sub_model, const ExperimentData &exp_data, size_t num_hyper=0, unsigned short mult_mode=CALIBRATE_NONE, short recast_resp_deriv_order=1)
  standard constructor
- ~DataTransformModel ()
  destructor
- void data_transform_response (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Response &sub_model_resp, Response &residual_resp)
  Convenience function to help recover a residual response from the submodel.

Protected Member Functions

- void gen_primary_resp_map (const SharedResponseData &srd, Sizet2DArray &primary_resp_map_indices, BoolDequeArray &nonlinear_resp_map) const
  compute the primary response map for a data transform RecastModel
- void data_difference_core (const Variables &submodel_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &submodel_response, Response &recast_response)
Core of data difference, which doesn’t perform any output (silent version may not be needed if we manage verbosity more carefully)

- void expand_var_labels (const Model &sub_model)
  
  expand the variable labels to include the hyper parameters

- template<typename T>
  void expand_array (const SharedResponseData &srd, const T &submodel_array, size_t recast_size, T &recast_array) const
  
  (if non-empty) expand submodel_array by replicates to populate a recast_array

- template<typename T>
  void expand_scales_array (const SharedResponseData &srd, const T &submodel_array, size_t submodel_size, size_t recast_size, T &recast_array) const
  
  If size greater than 1, expand submodel_array by replicates to populate a pre-sized recast_array, otherwise copy.

### Static Protected Member Functions

- static SizetArray variables_expand (const Model &sub_model, size_t num_hyper)
  
  expand the variable counts to account for hyper-parameters

- static short response_order (const Model &sub_model, short recast_resp_order=1)
  
  helper to compute the recast response order during member initialization; recast_resp_order passed is the minimum request client needs

- static void vars_mapping (const Variables &recast_vars, Variables &submodel_vars)
  
  map the inbound expanded variables to the sub-model, discarding hyperparams (assumes hyper-parameters are at end of active continuous variables)

- static void set_mapping (const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, ActiveSet &sub_model_set)
  
  map the inbound ActiveSet to the sub-model (map derivative variables)

- static void primary_resp_differencer (const Variables &submodel_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &submodel_response, Response &recast_response)
  
  Recast callback function to difference residuals with observed data.

### Protected Attributes

- const ExperimentData & expData
  
  Reference to the experiment data used to construct this Model.

- size_t numHyperparams
  
  Number of calibrated variance multipliers.

- unsigned short obsErrorMultiplierMode
  
  Calibration mode for the hyper-parameters.

### Static Protected Attributes

- static DataTransformModel * dtModelInstance
  
  static pointer to this class for use in static callbacks
Additional Inherited Members

13.34.1 Detailed Description

Data transformation specialization of RecastModel.

Specialization of RecastModel to create a residual model that maps (1) from an augmented set of calibration parameters (including hyper-parameters) to those needed by the underlying simulation model and (2) from the simulation model response to a set of residuals, whose overall size may differ from the simulation (sub-model) response. The residuals may be scaled by experiment covariance information. This class provides a simple constructor that forwards to the more complicated RecastModel API.

13.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DataTransformModel ( const Model & sub_model, const ExperimentData & exp_data, size_t num_hyper = 0, unsigned short mult_mode = CALIBRATE_NONE, short recast_resp_deriv_order = 1 )

standard constructor

This constructor computes various indices and mappings, then updates the properties of the RecastModel. Hyper-parameters are assumed to trail the active continuous variables when presented to this RecastModel. References Model::current_response(), Model::cv(), Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), DataTransformModel::dtModelInstance, DataTransformModel::expand_array(), DataTransformModel::expand_scales_array(), DataTransformModel::expand_var_labels(), DataTransformModel::expData, DataTransformModel::gen_primary_resp_map(), RecastModel::initialize(), Model::num_functions(), Model::num_primary_fns(), ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints(), DataTransformModel::numHyperparams, DataTransformModel::primary_resp_differencer(), Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), Model::primaryRespFnSense, Model::primaryRespFnWts, Model::scaling_options(), Model::scalingOpts, DataTransformModel::set_mapping(), Response::shared_data(), and DataTransformModel::vars_mapping().

13.34.3 Member Function Documentation

SizeArray variables_expanded ( const Model & sub_model, size_t num_hyper ) [static], [protected]

expand the variable counts to account for hyper-parameters

Incorporate the hyper parameters into Variables, assuming they are at the end of the active continuous variables. For example, append them to continuous design or continuous aleatory uncertain.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::components_totals(), Model::current_variables(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and Variables::view().

void set_mapping ( const Variables & recast_vars, const ActiveSet & recast_set, ActiveSet & sub_model_set ) [static], [protected]

map the inbound ActiveSet to the sub-model (map derivative variables)

RecastModel sets up a default set mapping before calling this update, so focus on updating the derivative variables vector.

References Model::cv(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), DataTransformModel::dtModelInstance, DataTransformModel::numHyperparams, ActiveSet::request_vector(), and RecastModel::subordinate_model(). Referenced by DataTransformModel::DataTransformModel().
void data_difference_core (const Variables & submodel_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & submodel_response, Response & recast_response) [protected]

Core of data difference, which doesn’t perform any output (silent version may not be needed if we manage verbosity more carefully)
quiet version of function used in recovery of function values
References Variables::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data_partial(), Variables::cv(), DataTransformModel::expData, ExperimentData::form_residuals(), DataTransformModel::numHyperparams, DataTransformModel::obs-ErrorMultiplierMode, ExperimentData::scale_residuals(), and ExperimentData::variance_active().
References by DataTransformModel::primaryresp_differencer().

void expand_scales_array (const SharedResponseData & srd, const T & submodel_array, size_t submodel_size, size_t recast_size, T & recast_array) const [protected]

If size greater than 1, expand submodel_array by replicates to populate a pre-sized recast_array, otherwise copy.
Passing the inbound array size so we can use one function for Teuchos and std containers (size vs. length)
References DataTransformModel::expand_array().
References by DataTransformModel::DataTransformModel().

13.34.4 Member Data Documentation

DataTransformModel * dtModelInstance [static], [protected]

static pointer to this class for use in static callbacks
initialization of static needed by RecastModel
References by DataTransformModel::DataTransformModel(), DataTransformModel::primaryresp_differencer(), and DataTransformModel::set_mapping().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• DataTransformModel.hpp
• DataTransformModel.cpp

13.35 DataVariables Class Reference

Handle class for variables specification data.

Public Member Functions

• DataVariables ()
  constructor
• DataVariables (const DataVariables &)
  copy constructor
• ~DataVariables ()
  destructor
• DataVariables operator= (const DataVariables &)
  assignment operator
• bool operator==(const DataVariables &)
  equality operator
• void write (std::ostream &s) const
write a DataVariables object to an std::ostream
• void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a DataVariables object from a packed MPI buffer
• void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a DataVariables object to a packed MPI buffer
• DataVariablesRep * data_rep ()
  return dataVarsRep
• size_t design ()
  return total number of design variables
• size_t aleatory_uncertain ()
  return total number of aleatory uncertain variables
• size_t epistemic_uncertain ()
  return total number of epistemic uncertain variables
• size_t uncertain ()
  return total number of uncertain variables
• size_t state ()
  return total number of state variables
• size_t continuous_variables ()
  return total number of continuous variables
• size_t discrete_variables ()
  return total number of discrete variables
• size_t total_variables ()
  return total number of variables

Static Public Member Functions
• static bool id_compare (const DataVariables &dv, const std::string &id)
  compares the idVariables attribute of DataVariables objects

Private Attributes
• DataVariablesRep * dataVarsRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends
• class ProblemDescDB
• class NIDRProblemDescDB
13.36. **DataVariablesRep Class Reference**

**Detailed Description**

Handle class for variables specification data.

The `DataVariables` class is used to provide a memory management handle for the data in `DataVariables-Rep`. It is populated by `IDRProblemDescDB::variables_khandler()` and is queried by the `ProblemDescDB::get_<datatype>()` functions. A list of `DataVariables` objects is maintained in `ProblemDescDB::dataVariablesList`, one for each variables specification in an input file.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `DataVariables.hpp`
- `DataVariables.cpp`

### 13.36 DataVariablesRep Class Reference

Body class for variables specification data.

**Public Attributes**

- **String idVariables**
  
  *string identifier for the variables specification data set (from the id.variables specification in VarSetId)*

- **short varsView**
  
  *user selection/override of variables view: {DEFAULT,ALL,DESIGN, UNCERTAIN,ALEATORY,UNCERTAIN,EPISTEMIC,UNCERTAIN,STATE}_VIEW*

- **short varsDomain**
  
  *user selection/override of variables domain: {DEFAULT,MIXED,RELAXED}_DOMAIN*

- **bool uncertainVarsInitPt**
  
  *flag indicating user specification of initial points (for local optimization-based UQ methods) for at least one uncertain variable type*

- **size_t numContinuousDesVars**
  
  *number of continuous design variables (from the continuous_design specification in VarDV)*

- **size_t numDiscreteDesRangeVars**
  
  *number of discrete design variables defined by an integer range (from the discrete_design_range specification in VarDV)*

- **size_t numDiscreteDesSetIntVars**
  
  *number of discrete design variables defined by a set of integers (from the discrete_design_set integer specification in VarDV)*

- **size_t numDiscreteDesSetStrVars**
  
  *number of discrete design variables defined by a set of strings (from the discrete_design_set string specification in VarDV)*

- **size_t numDiscreteDesSetRealVars**
  
  *number of discrete design variables defined by a set of reals (from the discrete_design_set real specification in VarDV)*

- **size_t numNormalUncVars**
  
  *number of normal uncertain variables (from the normal_uncertain specification in VarAUV)*

- **size_t numLognormalUncVars**
  
  *number of lognormal uncertain variables (from the lognormal_uncertain specification in VarAUV)*

- **size_t numUniformUncVars**
  
  *number of uniform uncertain variables (from the uniform_uncertain specification in VarAUV)*
• number of uniform uncertain variables (from the uniform_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numLoguniformUncVars
    - number of loguniform uncertain variables (from the loguniform_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numTriangularUncVars
    - number of triangular uncertain variables (from the triangular_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numExponentialUncVars
    - number of exponential uncertain variables (from the exponential_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numBetaUncVars
    - number of beta uncertain variables (from the beta_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numGammaUncVars
    - number of gamma uncertain variables (from the gamma_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numGumbelUncVars
    - number of gumbel uncertain variables (from the gumbel_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numFrechetUncVars
    - number of frechet uncertain variables (from the frechet_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numWeibullUncVars
    - number of weibull uncertain variables (from the weibull_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numHistogramBinUncVars
    - number of histogram bin uncertain variables (from the histogram_bin_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numPoissonUncVars
    - number of Poisson uncertain variables (from the poisson_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numBinomialUncVars
    - number of binomial uncertain variables (from the binomial_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numNegBinomialUncVars
    - number of negative binomial uncertain variables (from the negative_binomial_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numGeometricUncVars
    - number of geometric uncertain variables (from the geometric_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numHyperGeomUncVars
    - number of hypergeometric uncertain variables (from the hypergeometric_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numHistogramPtIntUncVars
    - number of integer-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the histogram_point_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numHistogramPtStrUncVars
    - number of string-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the histogram_point_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numHistogramPtRealUncVars
    - number of real-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the histogram_point_uncertain specification in VarAUV)
  - size_t numContinuousIntervalUncVars
    - number of continuous epistemic interval uncertain variables (from the continuous_interval_uncertain specification in VarEUV)
  - size_t numDiscreteIntervalUncVars
number of discrete epistemic interval uncertain variables (from the \texttt{discrete\_interval\_uncertain} specification in \texttt{VarEUV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteUncSetIntVars}
  number of discrete epistemic uncertain integer set variables (from the \texttt{discrete\_uncertain\_set} integer specification in \texttt{VarEUV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteUncSetStrVars}
  number of discrete epistemic uncertain string set variables (from the \texttt{discrete\_uncertain\_set} string specification in \texttt{VarEUV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteUncSetRealVars}
  number of discrete epistemic uncertain real set variables (from the \texttt{discrete\_uncertain\_set} real specification in \texttt{VarEUV})

- \texttt{size\_t numContinuousStateVars}
  number of continuous state variables (from the \texttt{continuous\_state} specification in \texttt{VarSV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteStateRangeVars}
  number of discrete state variables defined by an integer range (from the \texttt{discrete\_state\_range} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteStateSetIntVars}
  number of discrete state variables defined by a set of integers (from the \texttt{discrete\_state\_set} integer specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteStateSetStrVars}
  number of discrete state variables defined by a set of strings (from the \texttt{discrete\_state\_set} string specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{size\_t numDiscreteStateSetRealVars}
  number of discrete state variables defined by a set of reals (from the \texttt{discrete\_state\_set} real specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{RealVector continuousDesignVars}
  initial values for the continuous design variables array (from the \texttt{continuous\_design\_initial\_point} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{RealVector continuousDesignLowerBnds}
  lower bounds array for the continuous design variables (from the \texttt{continuous\_design\_lower\_bounds} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{RealVector continuousDesignUpperBnds}
  upper bounds array for the continuous design variables (from the \texttt{continuous\_design\_upper\_bounds} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{StringArray continuousDesignScaleTypes}
  scale types array for the continuous design variables (from the \texttt{continuous\_design\_scale\_types} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{RealVector continuousDesignScales}
  scales array for the continuous design variables (from the \texttt{continuous\_design\_scales} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{IntVector discreteDesignRangeVars}
  initial values for the discrete design variables defined by an integer range (from the \texttt{discrete\_design\_range\_initial\_point} specification in \texttt{VarDV})

- \texttt{IntVector discreteDesignRangeLowerBnds}
  lower bounds array for the discrete design variables defined by an integer range (from the \texttt{discrete\_design\_range\_lower\_bounds} specification in \texttt{VarDV})
• IntVector discreteDesignRangeUpperBnds
  upper bounds array for the discrete design variables defined by an integer range (from the discrete_design_range upper bounds specification in VarDV)

• BitArray discreteDesignRangeCat
  is each ddr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• IntVector discreteDesignSetIntVars
  initial values for the discrete design variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_design_set integer initial point specification in VarDV)

• StringArray discreteDesignSetStrVars
  initial values for the discrete design variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_design_set string initial point specification in VarDV)

• RealVector discreteDesignSetRealVars
  initial values for the discrete design variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_design_set real initial point specification in VarDV)

• IntSetArray discreteDesignSetInt
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete design variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_design_set integer set values specification in VarDV)

• StringSetArray discreteDesignSetStr
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete design variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_design_set string set values specification in VarDV)

• RealSetArray discreteDesignSetReal
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete design variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_design_set real set values specification in VarDV)

• BitArray discreteDesignSetIntCat
  is each ddsi var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• BitArray discreteDesignSetRealCat
  is each ddsr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• RealMatrixArray discreteDesignSetIntAdj
  Adjacency matrices for each of the discrete design variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_design_set integer categorical adjacency specification in VarDV)

• RealMatrixArray discreteDesignSetStrAdj
  Adjacency matrices for each of the discrete design variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_design_set string categorical adjacency specification in VarDV)

• RealMatrixArray discreteDesignSetRealAdj
  Adjacency matrices for each of the discrete design variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_design_set real categorical adjacency specification in VarDV)

• StringArray continuousDesignLabels
  labels array for the continuous design variables (from the continuous_design descriptors specification in VarDV)

• StringArray discreteDesignRangeLabels
  labels array for the discrete design variables defined by an integer range (from the discrete_design_range descriptors specification in VarDV)

• StringArray discreteDesignSetIntLabels
  labels array for the discrete design variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_design_set int descriptors specification in VarDV)

• StringArray discreteDesignSetStrLabels
  labels array for the discrete design variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_design_set str descriptors specification in VarDV)
labels array for the discrete design variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_design_set string descriptors specification in VarDV)

- StringArray discreteDesignSetStringLabels
  labels array for the discrete design variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_design_set real; descriptors specification in VarDV)

- RealVector normalUncMeans
  means of the normal uncertain variables (from the means specification in VarCAUV_Normal)

- RealVector normalUncStdDevs
  standard deviations of the normal uncertain variables (from the std_deviations specification in VarCAUV_Normal)

- RealVector normalUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the normal uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Normal)

- RealVector normalUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the normal uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Normal)

- RealVector normalUncVars
  initial values of the normal uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Normal)

- RealVector lognormalUncLambdas
  lambdas (means of the corresponding normals) of the lognormal uncertain variables (from the lambdas specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncZetas
  zetas (standard deviations of the corresponding normals) of the lognormal uncertain variables (from the zetas specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncMeans
  means of the lognormal uncertain variables (from the means specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncStdDevs
  standard deviations of the lognormal uncertain variables (from the std_deviations specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncErrFacts
  error factors for the lognormal uncertain variables (from the error_factors specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the lognormal uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the lognormal uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector lognormalUncVars
  initial values of the lognormal uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Lognormal)

- RealVector uniformUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the uniform uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Uniform)

- RealVector uniformUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the uniform uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Uniform)
• RealVector uniformUncVars
  initial values of the uniform uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Uniform)
• RealVector loguniformUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the loguniform uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Loguniform)
• RealVector loguniformUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the loguniform uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Loguniform)
• RealVector loguniformUncVars
  initial values of the loguniform uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Loguniform)
• RealVector triangularUncModes
  modes of the triangular uncertain variables (from the modes specification in VarCAUV_Triangular)
• RealVector triangularUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the triangular uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Triangular)
• RealVector triangularUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the triangular uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Triangular)
• RealVector triangularUncVars
  initial values of the triangular uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Triangular)
• RealVector exponentialUncBetas
  beta factors for the exponential uncertain variables (from the betas specification in VarCAUV_Exponential)
• RealVector exponentialUncVars
  initial values of the exponential uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Exponential)
• RealVector betaUncAlphas
  alpha factors for the beta uncertain variables (from the means specification in VarCAUV_Beta)
• RealVector betaUncBetas
  beta factors for the beta uncertain variables (from the std_deviations specification in VarCAUV_Beta)
• RealVector betaUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for the beta uncertain variables (from the lower_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Beta)
• RealVector betaUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for the beta uncertain variables (from the upper_bounds specification in VarCAUV_Beta)
• RealVector betaUncVars
  initial values of the beta uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Beta)
• RealVector gammaUncAlphas
  alpha factors for the gamma uncertain variables (from the alphas specification in VarCAUV_Gamma)
• RealVector gammaUncBetas
  beta factors for the gamma uncertain variables (from the betas specification in VarCAUV_Gamma)
• RealVector gammaUncVars
  initial values of the gamma uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Gamma)
• RealVector gumbelUncAlphas
alpha factors for the gumbel uncertain variables (from the alphas specification in VarCAUV_Gumbel)

- RealVector gumbelUncBetas
  beta factors for of the gumbel uncertain variables (from the betas specification in VarCAUV_Gumbel)
- RealVector gumbelUncAlphas
  initial values of the gumbel uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Gumbel)
- RealVector frechetUncAlphas
  alpha factors for the frechet uncertain variables (from the alphas specification in VarCAUV_Frechet)
- RealVector frechetUncBetas
  beta factors for the frechet uncertain variables (from the betas specification in VarCAUV_Frechet)
- RealVector frechetUncAlphas
  initial values of the frechet uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Frechet)
- RealVector frechetUncBetas
  initial values of the frechet uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Frechet)
- RealVector weibullUncAlphas
  alpha factors for the weibull uncertain variables (from the alphas specification in VarCAUV_Weibull)
- RealVector weibullUncBetas
  beta factors for the weibull uncertain variables (from the betas specification in VarCAUV_Weibull)
- RealVector weibullUncAlphas
  initial values of the weibull uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Weibull)
- RealRealMapArray histogramUncBinPairs
  An array for each real-valued bin-based histogram uncertain variable. Each array entry is a map from a real value to its probability. (See continuous linear histogram in LHS manual; from the histogram_bin_uncertain specification in VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram). (x,y) ordinate specifications are converted to (x,c) counts within NIDR.
- RealVector histogramBinUncAlphas
  initial values of the histogram bin uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCAUV_Bin_Histogram)
- RealVector poissonUncLambdas
  lambdas (rate parameter) for the poisson uncertain variables (from the lambdas specification in VarDAUV_Poisson)
- IntVector poissonUncNumTrials
  Number of trials (N) for the binomial uncertain variables from the num_trials specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- IntVector binomialUncNumTrials
  Number of trials (N) for the binomial uncertain variables from the num_trials specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- IntVector binomialUncVars
  initial values of the binomial uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- BitArray binomialUncCat
  is each poisson var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)
- RealVector binomialUncProbPerTrial
  probabilities per each trial (p) for the binomial uncertain variables from the prob_per_trial specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- IntVector binomialUncNumTrials
  Number of trials (N) for the binomial uncertain variables from the num_trials specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- IntVector binomialUncVars
  initial values of the binomial uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDAUV_Binomial)
- BitArray binomialUncCat
  is each binomial var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)
- RealVector negBinomialUncProbPerTrial
  probabilities per each trial (p) for the negative binomial uncertain variables from the prob_per_trial specification in VarDAUV_Negative_Binomial)
• **IntVector negBinomialUncNumTrials**
  
  Number of trials (N) for the negative binomial uncertain variables from the `num_trials` specification in `VarDAUV_Negative_Binomial`.

• **IntVector negBinomialUncVars**
  
  initial values of the negative binomial uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Negative_Binomial`).

• **BitArray negBinomialUncCat**
  
  is each negbinomial var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• **RealVector geometricUncProbPerTrial**
  
  probabilities per each trial (p) for the geometric uncertain variables from the `prob_per_trial` specification in `VarDAUV_Geometric`.

• **IntVector geometricUncVars**
  
  initial values of the geometric uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Geometric`)

• **BitArray geometricUncCat**
  
  is each geometric var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• **IntVector hyperGeomUncTotalPop**
  
  Size of total populations (N) for the hypergeometric uncertain variables from the `total_population` specification in `VarDAUV_Hypergeometric`.

• **IntVector hyperGeomUncSelectedPop**
  
  Size of selected populations for the hypergeometric uncertain variables from the `selected_population` specification in `VarDAUV_Hypergeometric`.

• **IntVector hyperGeomUncNumDrawn**
  
  Number failed in the selected populations for the hypergeometric variables from the `num_drawn` specification in `VarDAUV_Hypergeometric`.

• **IntVector hyperGeomUncVars**
  
  initial values of the hypergeometric uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Hypergeometric`)

• **BitArray hyperGeomUncCat**
  
  is each hypergeom var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• **IntRealMapArray histogramUncPointIntPairs**
  
  An array for each integer-valued point-based histogram uncertain variable. Each array entry is a map from an integer value to its probability. (See discrete histogram in LHS manual; from the `histogram_point_uncertain` specification in `VarDAUV_Point_Histogram`)

• **IntVector histogramPointIntUncVars**
  
  initial values of the real-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Point_Histogram`)

• **BitArray histogramUncPointIntCat**
  
  is each hupi var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

• **StringRealMapArray histogramUncPointStrPairs**
  
  An array for each string-valued point-based histogram uncertain variable. Each array entry is a map from a string value to its probability. (See discrete histogram in LHS manual; from the `histogram_point_uncertain` specification in `VarDAUV_Point_Histogram`)

• **StringArray histogramPointStrUncVars**
  
  initial values of the real-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Point_Histogram`)

• **RealRealMapArray histogramUncPointRealPairs**
  
  initial values of the real-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the `initial_point` specification in `VarDAUV_Point_Histogram`)

An array for each real-valued point-based histogram uncertain variable. Each array entry is a map from a real value to its probability. (See discrete histogram in LHS manual; from the histogram_point_uncertain specification in VarDAUV_Point_Histogram)

- **RealVector histogramPointRealUncVars**
  initial values of the real-valued histogram point uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDAUV_Point_Histogram)

- **BitArray histogramUncPointRealCat**
  is each hupr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- **RealSymMatrix uncertainCorrelations**
  correlation matrix for all uncertain variables (from the uncertain_correlation_matrix specification in VarAUV_Correlations). This matrix specifies rank correlations for LHS sampling and correlation coefficients ($\rho_{ij} = \text{normalized covariance matrix}$) for other methods.

- **RealRealPairRealMapArray continuousIntervalUncBasicProbs**
  Probability values per interval cell per epistemic interval uncertain variable (from the continuous_interval_uncertain_interval_probs specification in VarCEUV_Interval)

- **RealVector continuousIntervalUncVars**
  initial values of the continuous interval uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarCEUV_Interval)

- **IntIntPairRealMapArray discreteIntervalUncBasicProbs**
  Probability values per interval cell per epistemic interval uncertain variable (from the discrete_interval_uncertain_interval_probs specification in VarDIUV)

- **IntVector discreteIntervalUncVars**
  initial values of the discrete interval uncertain variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDIUV)

- **BitArray discreteIntervalUncCat**
  is each diu var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- **IntRealMapArray discreteUncSetIntValuesProbs**
  complete set of admissible values with associated basic probability assignments for each of the discrete epistemic uncertain variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_uncertain_set_integer_set_values specification in VarDUSIV)

- **IntVector discreteUncSetIntVars**
  initial values of the discrete uncertain set integer variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDUSIV)

- **BitArray discreteUncSetIntCat**
  is each dusi var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- **StringRealMapArray discreteUncSetStrValuesProbs**
  complete set of admissible values with associated basic probability assignments for each of the discrete epistemic uncertain variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_uncertain_set_string_set_values specification in VarDUSIV)

- **StringArray discreteUncSetStrVars**
  initial values of the discrete uncertain set integer variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDUSIV)

- **RealRealMapArray discreteUncSetRealValuesProbs**
  complete set of admissible values with associated basic probability assignments for each of the discrete epistemic uncertain variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_uncertain_set_real_set_values specification in VarDUSRV)

- **RealVector discreteUncSetRealVars**
  initial values of the discrete uncertain set real variables (from the initial_point specification in VarDUSRV)

- **BitArray discreteUncSetRealCat**
is each dusr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- `RealVector continuousStateVars`
  initial values for the continuous state variables array (from the `continuous_state_initial_point` specification in VarSV)

- `RealVector continuousStateLowerBnds`
  lower bounds array for the continuous state variables (from the `continuous_state_lower_bounds` specification in VarSV)

- `RealVector continuousStateUpperBnds`
  upper bounds array for the continuous state variables (from the `continuous_state_upper_bounds` specification in VarSV)

- `IntVector discreteStateRangeVars`
  initial values for the discrete state variables defined by an integer range (from the `discrete_state_range_initial_point` specification in VarSV)

- `IntVector discreteStateRangeLowerBnds`
  lower bounds array for the discrete state variables defined by an integer range (from the `discrete_state_range_lower_bounds` specification in VarSV)

- `IntVector discreteStateRangeUpperBnds`
  upper bounds array for the discrete state variables defined by an integer range (from the `discrete_state_range_upper_bounds` specification in VarSV)

- `BitArray discreteStateRangeCat`
  is each dsr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- `IntVector discreteStateSetIntVars`
  initial values for the discrete state variables defined by an integer set (from the `discrete_state_set_integer_initial_point` specification in VarSV)

- `StringArray discreteStateSetStrVars`
  initial values for the discrete state variables defined by a string set (from the `discrete_state_set_string_initial_point` specification in VarSV)

- `RealVector discreteStateSetRealVars`
  initial values for the discrete state variables defined by a real set (from the `discrete_state_set_real_initial_point` specification in VarSV)

- `IntSetArray discreteStateSetInt`
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete state variables defined by an integer set (from the `discrete_state_set_integer_set_values` specification in VarSV)

- `StringSetArray discreteStateSetStr`
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete state variables defined by a string set (from the `discrete_state_set_string_set_values` specification in VarSV)

- `RealSetArray discreteStateSetReal`
  complete set of admissible values for each of the discrete state variables defined by a real set (from the `discrete_state_set_real_set_values` specification in VarSV)

- `BitArray discreteStateSetIntCat`
  is each dssi var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- `BitArray discreteStateSetRealCat`
  is each dssr var strictly categorical (true) or relaxable (false)

- `StringArray continuousStateLabels`
  labels array for the continuous state variables (from the `continuous_state_descriptors` specification in VarSV)
• StringArray discreteStateRangeLabels
  labels array for the discrete state variables defined by an integer range (from the discrete_state_range
descriptors specification in VarSV)
• StringArray discreteStateSetIntLabels
  labels array for the discrete state variables defined by an integer set (from the discrete_state_set descriptors
specification in VarSV)
• StringArray discreteStateSetStrLabels
  labels array for the discrete state variables defined by a string set (from the discrete_state_set descriptors
specification in VarSV)
• StringArray discreteStateSetRealLabels
  labels array for the discrete state variables defined by a real set (from the discrete_state_set descriptors
specification in VarSV)
• IntVector discreteDesignSetIntLowerBnds
  discrete design integer set lower bounds inferred from set values
• IntVector discreteDesignSetIntUpperBnds
  discrete design integer set upper bounds inferred from set values
• StringArray discreteDesignSetStrLowerBnds
  discrete design string set lower bounds inferred from set values
• StringArray discreteDesignSetStrUpperBnds
  discrete design string set upper bounds inferred from set values
•RealVector discreteDesignSetRealLowerBnds
  discrete design real set lower bounds inferred from set values
• RealVector discreteDesignSetRealUpperBnds
  discrete design real set upper bounds inferred from set values
• RealVector continuousAleatoryUncVars
  array of values for all continuous aleatory uncertain variables
• RealVector continuousAleatoryUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for all continuous aleatory uncertain variables (collected from nuv_lower_bounds,
lnuv_lower_bounds, uuv_lower_bounds, luuv_lower_bounds, tvu_lower_bounds, and buv_lower_bounds specifications in VarAUV, and derived for gamma, gumbel, frechet, weibull and histogram bin specifications)
• RealVector continuousAleatoryUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for all continuous aleatory uncertain variables (collected from nuv_upper_bounds,
lnuv_upper_bounds, uuv_upper_bounds, luuv_upper_bounds, tvu_lower_bounds, and buv_upper_bounds specifications in VarAUV, and derived for gamma, gumbel, frechet, weibull and histogram bin specifications)
• StringArray continuousAleatoryUncLabels
  labels for all continuous aleatory uncertain variables (collected from nuv_descriptors, lnuv_descriptors,
uuv_descriptors, luuv_descriptors, tvu_descriptors, buv_descriptors, gauv_descriptors, guuv_descriptors, fuv_descriptors, wuv_descriptors, and hbuuv_descriptors specifications in VarAUV)
• IntVector discreteIntAleatoryUncVars
  array of values for all discrete integer aleatory uncertain variables
• IntVector discreteIntAleatoryUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete integer aleatory uncertain variables
• IntVector discreteIntAleatoryUncUpperBnds
distribution upper bounds for all discrete integer aleatory uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteIntAleatoryUncLabels`
  labels for all discrete integer aleatory uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrAleatoryUncVars`
  array of values for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrAleatoryUncLowerBnds`
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrAleatoryUncUpperBnds`
  distribution upper bounds for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrAleatoryUncLabels`
  labels for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `discreteRealAleatoryUncVars`
  array of values for all discrete real aleatory uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `discreteRealAleatoryUncLowerBnds`
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete real aleatory uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `discreteRealAleatoryUncUpperBnds`
  distribution upper bounds for all discrete real aleatory uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteRealAleatoryUncLabels`
  labels for all discrete real aleatory uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `continuousEpistemicUncVars`
  array of values for all continuous epistemic uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `continuousEpistemicUncLowerBnds`
  distribution lower bounds for all continuous epistemic uncertain variables

- **RealVector** `continuousEpistemicUncUpperBnds`
  distribution upper bounds for all continuous epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `continuousEpistemicUncLabels`
  labels for all continuous epistemic uncertain variables

- **IntVector** `discreteIntEpistemicUncVars`
  array of values for all discrete integer epistemic uncertain variables

- **IntVector** `discreteIntEpistemicUncLowerBnds`
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete integer epistemic uncertain variables

- **IntVector** `discreteIntEpistemicUncUpperBnds`
  distribution upper bounds for all discrete integer epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteIntEpistemicUncLabels`
  labels for all discrete integer epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrEpistemicUncVars`
  array of values for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrEpistemicUncLowerBnds`
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrEpistemicUncUpperBnds`
  distribution upper bounds for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables

- **StringArray** `discreteStrEpistemicUncLabels`
  labels for all discrete string epistemic uncertain variables
- RealVector discreteRealEpistemicUncVars
  array of values for all discrete real epistemic uncertain variables
- RealVector discreteRealEpistemicUncLowerBnds
  distribution lower bounds for all discrete real epistemic uncertain variables
- RealVector discreteRealEpistemicUncUpperBnds
  distribution upper bounds for all discrete real epistemic uncertain variables
- StringArray discreteRealEpistemicUncLabels
  labels for all discrete real epistemic uncertain variables
- IntVector discreteStateSetIntLowerBnds
  discrete state integer set lower bounds inferred from set values
- IntVector discreteStateSetIntUpperBnds
  discrete state integer set upper bounds inferred from set values
- StringArray discreteStateSetStrLowerBnds
  discrete state string set lower bounds inferred from set values
- StringArray discreteStateSetStrUpperBnds
  discrete state string set upper bounds inferred from set values
- RealVector discreteStateSetRealLowerBnds
  discrete state real set lower bounds inferred from set values
- RealVector discreteStateSetRealUpperBnds
  discrete state real set upper bounds inferred from set values

Private Member Functions

- DataVariablesRep ()
  default constructor
- ~DataVariablesRep ()
  destructor
- void write (std::ostream &s) const
  write a DataVariablesRep object to an std::ostream
- void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a DataVariablesRep object from a packed MPI buffer
- void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a DataVariablesRep object to a packed MPI buffer

Private Attributes

- int referenceCount
  number of handle objects sharing dataVarsRep

Friends

- class DataVariables
  the handle class can access attributes of the body class directly
13.36.1 Detailed Description

Body class for variables specification data.

The **DataVariablesRep** class is used to contain the data from a variables keyword specification. Default values are managed in the **DataVariablesRep** constructor. Data is public to avoid maintaining set/get functions, but is still encapsulated within **ProblemDescDB** since **ProblemDescDB::dataVariablesList** is private.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DataVariables.hpp
- DataVariables.cpp

13.37 DDACEDesignCompExp Class Reference

Wrapper class for the DDACE design of experiments library.

Inheritance diagram for DDACEDesignCompExp:

```
Iterator
  Analyzer
    PStudyDACE
      DDACEDesignCompExp
```

Public Member Functions

- **DDACEDesignCompExp** (**ProblemDescDB** &problem_db, **Model** &model)
  
  *primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator*

- **DDACEDesignCompExp** (**Model** &model, int samples, int symbols, int seed, unsigned short sampling_method)
  
  *alternate constructor used for building approximations*

- **~DDACEDesignCompExp** ()
  
  *destructor*

- void **pre_run** ()
  
  *pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori*

- void **extract_trends** ()
  
  *Mapping of the core_run() virtual function for the PStudy/DACE branch.*

- void **post_input** ()
  
  *read tabular data for post-run mode*

- void **post_run** (std::ostream &s)
  
  *post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way*

- int **num_samples** () const


- `void sampling_reset (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)`
  reset sampling iterator to use at least `min_samples`

- `unsigned short sampling_scheme () const`
  return sampling name

- `void vary_pattern (bool pattern_flag)`
  sets varyPattern in derived classes that support it

- `void get_parameter_sets (Model &model)`
  Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)

### Private Member Functions

- `void compute_main_effects ()`
  builds a DDateMainEffects::OneWayANOVA if mainEffectsFlag is set

- `boost::shared_ptr< DDaceSamplerBase > create_sampler (Model &model)`
  create a DDACE sampler

- `void resolve_samples_symbols ()`
  convenience function for resolving number of samples and number of symbols from input.

### Static Private Member Functions

- `static void copy_data (const std::vector< DDaceSamplePoint > &ds_p, Real *ptr, const int ptr_len)`
  copy DDACE point to RealVector

### Private Attributes

- `unsigned short daceMethod`
  `oas, lhs, oa_lhs, random, box_behnken, central_composite, or grid`

- `int samplesSpec`
  initial specification of number of samples

- `int symbolsSpec`
  initial specification of number of symbols

- `int numSamples`
  current number of samples to be evaluated

- `int numSymbols`
  current number of symbols to be used in generating the sample set (inversely related to number of replications)

- `const int seedSpec`
  the user seed specification for the random number generator (allows repeatable results)

- `int randomSeed`
  current seed for the random number generator

- `bool allDataFlag`
  flag which triggers the update of allVars/allResponses for use by Iterator::all_variables() and Iterator::all_responses()

- `size_t numDACERuns`
  counter for number of executions for this object

- `bool varyPattern`
flag for continuing the random number sequence from a previous execution (e.g., for surrogate-based optimization) so that multiple executions are repeatable but not correlated.

- bool mainEffectsFlag
  flag which specifies main effects
- std::vector<std::vector<int>> symbolMapping
  mapping of symbols for main effects calculations

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.37.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the DDACE design of experiments library.

The DDACEDesignCompExp class provides a wrapper for DDACE, a C++ design of experiments library from the Computational Sciences and Mathematics Research (CSMR) department at Sandia’s Livermore CA site. This class uses design and analysis of computer experiments (DACE) methods to sample the design space spanned by the bounds of a Model. It returns all generated samples and their corresponding responses as well as the best sample found.

#### 13.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**DDACEDesignCompExp ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )**

primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator

This constructor is called for a standard iterator built with data from probDescDB.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DDACEDesignCompExp::daceMethod, DDACEDesignCompExp::mainEffectsFlag, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, and DDACEDesignCompExp::numSamples.

**DDACEDesignCompExp ( Model & model, int samples, int symbols, int seed, unsigned short sampling_method )**

alternate constructor used for building approximations

This alternate constructor is used for instantiations on-the-fly, using only the incoming data. No problem description database queries are used.

References Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, DDACEDesignCompExp::numSamples, and DDACEDesignCompExp::resolve_samples_symbols().

#### 13.37.3 Member Function Documentation

**void pre_run ( ) [virtual]**

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori

pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the derived run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References DDACEDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and PStudyDACE::var-BasedDecompFlag.
void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/-
Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely
integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent's
post_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, SensAnalysisGlobal::compute-
correlations(), DDACEDesignCompExp::compute_main_effects(), DDACEDesignCompExp::create_sampler(),
Iterator::iteratedModel, DDACEDesignCompExp::mainEffectsFlag, Analyzer::post_run(), PStudyDACE::pStudy-
DACEsensGlobal, DDACEDesignCompExp::seedSpec, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, DDACEDesignCompExp::symbol-
Mapping, and PStudyDACE::varBasedDecompFlag.

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be
costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References DDACEDesignCompExp::numSamples.

void resolve_samples_symbols ( ) [private]

convenience function for resolving number of samples and number of symbols from input.

This function must define a combination of samples and symbols that is acceptable for a particular sampling
algorithm. Users provide requests for these quantities, but this function must enforce any restrictions imposed by
the sampling algorithms.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DDACEDesignCompExp::daceMethod, Analyzer::numContinuousVars,
DDACEDesignCompExp::numSamples, DDACEDesignCompExp::numSymbols, and Iterator::submethod_enum-
to_string().

Referenced by DDACEDesignCompExp::DDACEDesignCompExp(), DDACEDesignCompExp::get_parameter-
sets(), and DDACEDesignCompExp::post_input().

void copy_data ( const std::vector< DDaceSamplePoint > & dspa, Real * ptr, const int ptr_len )
[static], [private]

copy DDACE point to RealVector

copy DDACE point array to RealVectorArray copy DDACE point array to Real*

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by DDACEDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DDACEDesignCompExp.hpp
- DDACEDesignCompExp.cpp

13.38 DirectApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes and testers using direct procedure calls.

Inheritance diagram for DirectApplicInterface:
Public Member Functions

- **DirectApplicInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  constructor
- **~DirectApplicInterface** ()
  
  destructor
- **void derived_map** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, int fn_eval_id)
  
  Called by map() and other functions to execute the simulation in synchronous mode. The portion of performing an evaluation that is specific to a derived class.
- **void derived_map_asynch** (const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  
  Called by map() and other functions to execute the simulation in asynchronous mode. The portion of performing an asynchronous evaluation that is specific to a derived class.
- **void wait_local_evaluations** (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version waits for at least one completion.
- **void test_local_evaluations** (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version is nonblocking and will return without any completions if none are immediately available.
- **int synchronous_local_analysis** (int analysis_id)
- **const StringArray & analysis_drivers** () const
  
  retrieve the analysis drivers specification for application interfaces
- **void init_communicators_checks** (int max_eval_concurrency)
- **void set_communicators_checks** (int max_eval_concurrency)

Protected Member Functions

- **virtual int derived_map_if** (const Dakota::String &if_name)
  
  execute the input filter portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- **virtual int derived_map_ac** (const Dakota::String &ac_name)
  
  execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- **virtual int derived_map_of** (const Dakota::String &of_name)
  
  execute the output filter portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- **virtual void set_local_data** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set)
  
  convenience function for local test simulators which sets per-evaluation variable and active set attributes; derived classes reimplementing this likely need to invoke the base class API
- **virtual void set_local_data** (const Response &response)
  
  convenience function for local test simulators which sets per-evaluation response attributes; derived classes reimplementing this likely need to invoke the base class API
• virtual void set_local_data (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, const Response &response)
  convenience function for local test simulators which sets per-evaluation variable, active set, and response attributes; derived classes reimplementing this likely need to invoke the base class API
• void overlay_response (Response &response)
  convenience function for local test simulators which overlays response contributions from multiple analyses using MPI_Reduce

Protected Attributes

• String iFilterName
  name of the direct function input filter
• String oFilterName
  name of the direct function output filter
• driver.t iFilterType
  enum type of the direct function input filter
• driver.t oFilterType
  enum type of the direct function output filter
• bool gradFlag
  signals use of fnGrads in direct simulator functions
• bool hessFlag
  signals use of fnHessians in direct simulator functions
• size.t numFns
  number of functions in fnVals
• size.t numVars
  total number of continuous and discrete variables
• size.t numACV
  total number of continuous variables
• size.t numADIV
  total number of discrete integer variables
• size.t numADRV
  total number of discrete real variables
• size.t numADSV
  total number of discrete string variables
• size.t numDerivVars
  number of active derivative variables
• unsigned short localDataView
  bit-wise record of which local data views are active; see enum local_data_t
• RealVector xC
  continuous variables used within direct simulator fns
• IntVector xDI
  discrete int variables used within direct simulator fns
• RealVector xDR
  discrete real variables used within direct simulator fns
• StringMultiArray xDS
discrete string variables used within direct simulator fns

- StringMultiArray $x_{\text{Labels}}$
  - continuous variable labels
- StringMultiArray $x_{\text{DILabels}}$
  - discrete integer variable labels
- StringMultiArray $x_{\text{DRLabels}}$
  - discrete real variable labels
- StringMultiArray $x_{\text{DSLabels}}$
  - discrete string variable labels

- std::map $\langle \text{String}, \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{varTypeMap}$
  - map from variable label to enum
- std::map $\langle \text{String}, \text{driver}_t \rangle$ $\text{driverTypeMap}$
  - map from driver name to enum
- std::map $\langle \text{var}_t, \text{Real} \rangle$ $\text{xCM}$
  - map from $\text{var}_t$ enum to continuous value
- std::map $\langle \text{var}_t, \text{int} \rangle$ $\text{xDIM}$
  - map from $\text{var}_t$ enum to discrete int value
- std::map $\langle \text{var}_t, \text{Real} \rangle$ $\text{xDRM}$
  - map from $\text{var}_t$ enum to discrete real value
- std::map $\langle \text{var}_t, \text{String} \rangle$ $\text{xDSM}$
  - map from $\text{var}_t$ enum to discrete string value

- std::vector $\langle \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{varTypeDVV}$
  - $\text{var}_t$ enumerations corresponding to DVV components
- std::vector $\langle \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{xCMLabels}$
  - $\text{var}_t$ enumerations corresponding to continuous variable labels
- std::vector $\langle \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{xDIMLabels}$
  - $\text{var}_t$ enumerations corresponding to discrete integer variable labels
- std::vector $\langle \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{xDRMLabels}$
  - $\text{var}_t$ enumerations corresponding to discrete real variable labels
- std::vector $\langle \text{var}_t \rangle$ $\text{xDSMLabels}$
  - $\text{var}_t$ enumerations corresponding to discrete string variable labels

- ShortArray $\text{directFnASV}$
  - class scope active set vector
- SizetArray $\text{directFnDVV}$
  - class scope derivative variables vector
- RealVector $\text{fnVals}$
  - response fn values within direct simulator fns
- RealMatrix $\text{fnGrads}$
  - response fn gradients w/ direct simulator fns
- RealSymMatrixArray $\text{fnHessians}$
  - response fn Hessians within direct fns
- StringArray $\text{analysisDrivers}$
  - the set of analyses within each function evaluation (from the analysis drivers interface specification)
13.38. DIRECTAPPLICINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

- std::vector<driver_t> analysisDriverTypes
  conversion of analysisDrivers to driver_t
- size_t analysisDriverIndex
  the index of the active analysis driver within analysisDrivers
- String2DArray analysisComponents
  the set of optional analysis components used by the analysis drivers (from the analysis_components interface specification)

Private Member Functions

- void map_labels_to_enum (StringMultiArrayConstView &src, std::vector<var_t> &dest)
  map labels in src to var_t in dest

13.38.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes and testers using direct procedure calls. DirectApplicInterface uses a few linkable simulation codes and several internal member functions to perform parameter to response mappings.

13.38.2 Member Function Documentation

int synchronous_local_analysis (int analysis_id) [inline], [virtual]

This code provides the derived function used by ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch().
  Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
  References DirectApplicInterface::analysisDriverIndex, DirectApplicInterface::analysisDrivers, and DirectApplicInterface::derived_map_ac().

void init_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency) [inline], [virtual]

Process init issues as warnings since some contexts (e.g., HierarchSurrModel) initialize more configurations than will be used and DirectApplicInterface allows override by derived plug-ins.
  Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
  References ApplicationInterface::check_asynchronous(), and ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_asynchronous().

void set_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency) [inline], [virtual]

Process run-time issues as hard errors.
  Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
  Reimplemented in SerialDirectApplicInterface, and ParallelDirectApplicInterface.
  References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::check_asynchronous(), and ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_asynchronous().

int derived_map_ac (const Dakota::String &ac_name) [protected], [virtual]

execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
  When a direct analysis/filter is a member function, the (vars,set,response) data does not need to be passed through the API. If, however, non-member analysis/filter functions are added, then pass (vars,set,response) through to the non-member fns:
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

// API declaration
int sim(const Variables& vars, const ActiveSet& set, Response& response);
// use of API within derived
map
if (ac_name == "sim")
  fail_code = sim(directFnVars, directFnActSet, directFnResponse);

Reimplemented in SerialDirectApplicInterface, ParallelDirectApplicInterface, MatlabInterface, PythonInterface, TestDriverInterface, and ScilabInterface.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), and ApplicationInterface::analysisServerId.
Referenced by DirectApplicInterface::derived_map(), and DirectApplicInterface::synchronous_local_analysis().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- DirectApplicInterface.hpp
- DirectApplicInterface.cpp

13.39 DiscrepancyCorrection Class Reference

Base class for discrepancy corrections.

Public Member Functions

- DiscrepancyCorrection ()
  default constructor
- DiscrepancyCorrection (Model &surr_model, const IntSet &surr_fn_indices, short corr_type, short corr_order)
  standard constructor
- DiscrepancyCorrection (const IntSet &surr_fn_indices, size_t num_fns, size_t num_vars, short corr_type, short corr_order)
  alternate constructor
- ~DiscrepancyCorrection ()
  destructor
- void initialize (Model &surr_model, const IntSet &surr_fn_indices, short corr_type, short corr_order)
  initialize the DiscrepancyCorrection data
- void initialize (const IntSet &surr_fn_indices, size_t num_fns, size_t num_vars, short corr_type, short corr_order)
  initialize the DiscrepancyCorrection data
- void compute (const Variables &vars, const Response &truth_response, const Response &approx_response, bool quiet_flag=false)
  compute the correction required to bring approx_response into agreement with truth_response and store in \{add, mult\}Corrections
- void compute (const Response &truth_response, const Response &approx_response, Response &discrepancy_response, bool quiet_flag=false)
  compute the correction required to bring approx_response into agreement with truth_response and store in discrepancy_response
- void apply (const Variables &vars, Response &approx_response, bool quiet_flag=false)
  apply the correction computed in compute() to approx_response
- bool active () const
  indicates an active correction via non-empty correctionType
- short correction_type () const
13.39. DISCREPANCYCORRECTION CLASS REFERENCE

```
return correctionType

• short correction_order () const
  return correctionOrder

• short data_order () const
  return dataOrder

• bool computed () const
  return correctionComputed

Protected Attributes

• IntSet surrogateFnIndices
  for mixed response sets, this array specifies the response function subset that is approximated

• short correctionType
  approximation correction approach to be used: NO_CORRECTION, ADDITIVE_CORRECTION, MULTIPLICATIVE_CORRECTION, or COMBINED_CORRECTION.

• short correctionOrder
  approximation correction order to be used: 0, 1, or 2

• short dataOrder
  order of correction data in 3-bit format: overlay of 1 (value), 2 (gradient), and 4 (Hessian)

• bool correctionComputed
  flag indicating whether or not a correction has been computed and is available for application

• size_t numFns
  total number of response functions (of which surrogateFnIndices may define a subset)

• size_t numVars
  number of continuous variables active in the correction

Private Member Functions

• void initialize_corrections ()
  internal convenience function shared by overloaded initialize() variants

• bool check_scaling (const RealVector &truth_fns, const RealVector &approx_fns)
  define badScalingFlag

• void compute_additive (const Response &truth_response, const Response &approx_response, int index, Real &discrep_fn, RealVector &discrep_grad, RealSymMatrix &discrep_hess)
  internal convenience function for computing additive corrections between truth and approximate responses

• void compute_multiplicative (const Response &truth_response, const Response &approx_response, int index, Real &discrep_fn, RealVector &discrep_grad, RealSymMatrix &discrep_hess)
  internal convenience function for computing multiplicative corrections between truth and approximate responses

• void apply_additive (const Variables &vars, Response &approx_response)
  internal convenience function for applying additive corrections to an approximate response

• void apply_multiplicative (const Variables &vars, Response &approx_response)
  internal convenience function for applying multiplicative corrections to an approximate response

• void apply_additive (const Variables &vars, RealVector &approx_fns)
  internal convenience function for applying additive corrections to a set of response functions
```
void apply_multiplicative (const Variables &vars, RealVector &approx_fns)

internal convenience function for applying multiplicative corrections to a set of response functions

const Response & search_db (const Variables &search_vars, const ShortArray &search_asv)

search data pairs for missing approximation data

Private Attributes

bool badScalingFlag

flag used to indicate function values near zero for multiplicative corrections; triggers an automatic switch to additive corrections

bool computeAdditive

flag indicating the need for additive correction calculations

bool computeMultiplicative

flag indicating the need for multiplicative correction calculations

SharedApproxData sharedData

data that is shared among all correction Approximations

std::vector< Approximation > addCorrections

array of additive corrections; surrogate models of a model discrepancy function (formed from model differences)

std::vector< Approximation > multCorrections

array of multiplicative corrections; surrogate models of a model discrepancy function (formed from model ratios)

Model surrModel

shallow copy of the surrogate model instance as returned by Model::surrogate_model() (the DataFitSurrModel or HierarchSurrModel::lowFidelityModel instance)

RealVector combineFactors

factors for combining additive and multiplicative corrections. Each factor is the weighting applied to the additive correction and 1.-factor is the weighting applied to the multiplicative correction. The factor value is determined by an additional requirement to match the high fidelity function value at the previous correction point (e.g., previous trust region center). This results in a multipoint correction instead of a strictly local correction.

Variables correctionPrevCenterPt

copy of center point from the previous correction cycle

RealVector truthFnsCenter

truth function values at the current correction point

RealVector approxFnsCenter

Surrogate function values at the current correction point.

RealMatrix approxGradsCenter

Surrogate gradient values at the current correction point.

RealVector truthFnsPrevCenter

copy of truth function values at center of previous correction cycle

RealVector approxFnsPrevCenter

copy of approximate function values at center of previous correction cycle

13.39.1 Detailed Description

Base class for discrepancy corrections.

The DiscrepancyCorrection class provides common functions for computing and applying corrections to approximations.
13.39.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void compute ( const Variables & vars, const Response & truth_response, const Response & approx_response, bool quiet_flag = false )
```

compute the correction required to bring approx_response into agreement with truth_response and store in `{add,mult} Corrections

Compute an additive or multiplicative correction that corrects the approx_response to have 0th-order consistency (matches values), 1st-order consistency (matches values and gradients), or 2nd-order consistency (matches values, gradients, and Hessians) with the truth_response at a single point (e.g., the center of a trust region). The 0th-order, 1st-order, and 2nd-order corrections use scalar values, linear scaling functions, and quadratic scaling functions, respectively, for each response function.

References Response::active_set(), DiscrepancyCorrection::addCorrections, DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), DiscrepancyCorrection::apply_additive(), DiscrepancyCorrection::apply_multiplicative(), DiscrepancyCorrection::approxFnsCenter, DiscrepancyCorrection::approxFnsPrevCenter, DiscrepancyCorrection::approxGradsCenter, DiscrepancyCorrection::badScalingFlag, DiscrepancyCorrection::check_scaling(), DiscrepancyCorrection::combineFactors, DiscrepancyCorrection::compute_additive(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute_multiplicative(), DiscrepancyCorrection::computeAdditive, DiscrepancyCorrection::computeMultiplicative, Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::copy(), DiscrepancyCorrection::correctionComputed, DiscrepancyCorrection::correctionOrder, DiscrepancyCorrection::correctionPrevCenterPt, DiscrepancyCorrection::correctionType, DiscrepancyCorrection::dataOrder, Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Model::is_null(), DiscrepancyCorrection::multCorrections, DiscrepancyCorrection::numFns, DiscrepancyCorrection::numVars, ActiveSet::request_values(), DiscrepancyCorrection::sharedData, DiscrepancyCorrection::surrModel, DiscrepancyCorrection::surrogateFnIndices, DiscrepancyCorrection::truthFnsCenter, and DiscrepancyCorrection::truthFnsPrevCenter.

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_synchronize(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_synchronize_nowait(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize_nowait(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DiscrepancyCorrection.hpp
- DiscrepancyCorrection.cpp

13.40 DOTOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the DOT optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for DOTOptimizer:
Public Member Functions

- `DOTOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  standard constructor
- `DOTOptimizer (const String &method_string, Model &model)`
  alternate constructor; construct without `ProblemDescDB`
- `~DOTOptimizer ()`
  destructor
- `void find_optimum ()`
  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

Protected Member Functions

- `void initialize_run ()`
  performs run-time set up

Private Member Functions

- `void initialize ()`
  Shared constructor code.
- `void allocate_workspace ()`
  Allocates workspace for the optimizer.
- `void allocate_constraints ()`
  Allocates constraint mappings.

Private Attributes

- `int dotInfo`
  INFO from DOT manual.
- `int dotFDSinfo`
  internal DOT parameter NGOTOZ
- `int dotMethod`
  METHOD from DOT manual.
- `int printControl`
  IPRINT from DOT manual (controls output verbosity)
- `RealArray realCntlParmArray`
  RPRM from DOT manual.
- `IntArray intCntlParmArray`
  IPRM from DOT manual.
- `RealVector designVars`
  array of design variable values passed to DOT
- `Real objFnValue`
  value of the objective function passed to DOT
- `RealVector constraintValues`
13.40. DOTOPTIMIZER CLASS REFERENCE

array of nonlinear constraint values passed to DOT

- int realWorkSpaceSize
  size of realWorkSpace
- int intWorkSpaceSize
  size of intWorkSpace
- RealArray realWorkSpace
  real work space for DOT
- IntArray intWorkSpace
  int work space for DOT
- int numDotNlnConstr
  total number of nonlinear constraints seen by DOT
- int numDotLinConstr
  total number of linear constraints seen by DOT
- int numDotConstr
  total number of linear and nonlinear constraints seen by DOT
- SizeArray constraintMappingIndices
  a container of indices for referencing the corresponding Response constraints used in computing the DOT constraints.
- RealArray constraintMappingMultipliers
  a container of multipliers for mapping the Response constraints to the DOT constraints.
- RealArray constraintMappingOffsets
  a container of offsets for mapping the Response constraints to the DOT constraints.

Additional Inherited Members

13.40.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the DOT optimization library.

The DOTOptimizer class provides a wrapper for DOT, a commercial Fortran 77 optimization library from Vanderplaats Research and Development. It uses a reverse communication mode, which avoids the static member function issues that arise with function pointer designs (see NPSOLOptimizer and SNLLOptimizer).

The user input mappings are as follows: max_iterations is mapped into DOT’s ITMAX parameter within its IPRM array, max_function_evaluations is implemented directly in the find_optimum() loop since there is no DOT parameter equivalent, convergence_tolerance is mapped into DOT’s DELOBJ parameter (the relative convergence tolerance) within its RPRM array, output verbosity is mapped into DOT’s IPRINT parameter within its function call parameter list (verbose: IPRINT = 7; quiet: IPRINT = 3), and optimization_type is mapped into DOT’s MINMAX parameter within its function call parameter list. Refer to [Vanderplaats Research and Development, 1995] for information on IPRM, RPRM, and the DOT function call parameter list.

13.40.2 Member Data Documentation

int dotInfo [private]
INFO from DOT manual.
Information requested by DOT: 0=optimization complete, 1=get values, 2=get gradients
Referenced by DOTOptimizer::find optimum(), and DOTOptimizer::initialize_run().
int dotFDSinfo  [private]

Internal DOT parameter NGOTOZ.
  The DOT parameter list has been modified to pass NGOTOZ, which signals whether DOT is finite-differencing (nonzero value) or performing the line search (zero value).
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

int dotMethod  [private]

METHOD from DOT manual.
  For nonlinear constraints: 0/1 = dot_mmfd, 2 = dot_slp, 3 = dot_sqp. For unconstrained: 0/1 = dot_bfgs, 2 = dot_frcg.
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), DOTOptimizer::allocate_workspace(), DOTOptimizer::DOTOptimizer(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

int printControl  [private]

IPRINT from DOT manual (controls output verbosity)
  Values range from 0 (least output) to 7 (most output).
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::DOTOptimizer(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

RealArray realCntlParmArray  [private]

RPRM from DOT manual.
  Array of real control parameters.
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::find_optimum(), and DOTOptimizer::initialize().

IntArray intCntlParmArray  [private]

IPRM from DOT manual.
  Array of integer control parameters.
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::find_optimum(), and DOTOptimizer::initialize().

RealVector constraintValues  [private]

Array of nonlinear constraint values passed to DOT.
  This array must be of nonzero length and must contain only one-sided inequality constraints which are <= 0 (which requires a transformation from 2-sided inequalities and equalities).
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

SizetArray constraintMappingIndices  [private]

A container of indices for referencing the corresponding Response constraints used in computing the DOT constraints.
  The length of the container corresponds to the number of DOT constraints, and each entry in the container points to the corresponding DAKOTA constraint.
  Referenced by DOTOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().
**RealArray constraintMappingMultipliers [private]**

A container of multipliers for mapping the Response constraints to the DOT constraints.

The length of the container corresponds to the number of DOT constraints, and each entry in the container stores a multiplier for the DAKOTA constraint identified with constraintMappingIndices. These multipliers are currently +1 or -1.

Referenced by DOTOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

**RealArray constraintMappingOffsets [private]**

A container of offsets for mapping the Response constraints to the DOT constraints.

The length of the container corresponds to the number of DOT constraints, and each entry in the container stores an offset for the DAKOTA constraint identified with constraintMappingIndices. These offsets involve inequality bounds or equality targets, since DOT assumes constraint allowables = 0.

Referenced by DOTOptimizer::allocate_constraints(), and DOTOptimizer::find_optimum().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DOTOptimizer.hpp
- DOTOptimizer.cpp

### 13.41 JEGA::Driver Class Reference

A subclass of the JEGA front end driver that exposes the individual protected methods to execute the algorithm.

Inherits Driver.

**Public Member Functions**

- GeneticAlgorithm * ExtractAllData (const AlgorithmConfig &algConfig)
  
  Reads all required data from the problem description database stored in the supplied algorithm config.

- DesignOFSortSet PerformIterations (GeneticAlgorithm *theGA)
  
  Performs the required iterations on the supplied GA.

- void DestroyAlgorithm (GeneticAlgorithm *theGA)
  
  Deletes the supplied GA.

- Driver (const ProblemConfig &probConfig)
  
  Default constructs a Driver.

### 13.41.1 Detailed Description

A subclass of the JEGA front end driver that exposes the individual protected methods to execute the algorithm.

This is necessary because DAKOTA requires that all problem information be extracted from the problem description DB at the time of Optimizer construction and the front end does it all in the execute algorithm method which must be called in find_optimum.

### 13.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**Driver ( const ProblemConfig & probConfig ) [inline]**

Default constructs a Driver.
Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>probConfig</th>
<th>The definition of the problem to be solved by this Driver whenever ExecuteAlgorithm is called.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The problem can be solved in multiple ways by multiple algorithms even using multiple different evaluators by issuing multiple calls to ExecuteAlgorithm with different AlgorithmConfigs.

### 13.41.3 Member Function Documentation

**GeneticAlgorithm* ExtractAllData ( const AlgorithmConfig & algConfig ) [inline]**

Reads all required data from the problem description database stored in the supplied algorithm config.

The returned GA is fully configured and ready to be run. It must also be destroyed at some later time. You MUST call DestroyAlgorithm for this purpose. Failure to do so could result in a memory leak and an eventual segmentation fault! Be sure to call DestroyAlgorithm prior to destroying the algorithm config that was used to create it!

This is just here to expose the base class method to users.

**Parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>algConfig</th>
<th>The fully loaded configuration object containing the database of parameters for the algorithm to be run on the known problem.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Returns**

The fully configured and loaded GA ready to be run using the PerformIterations method.

Referenced by JEGAOptimizer::find_optimum().

**DesignOFSortSet PerformIterations ( GeneticAlgorithm * theGA ) [inline]**

Performs the required iterations on the supplied GA.

This includes the calls to AlgorithmInitialize and AlgorithmFinalize and logs some information if appropriate.

This is just here to expose the base class method to users.

**Parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>theGA</th>
<th>The GA on which to perform iterations. This parameter must be non-null.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Returns**

The final solutions reported by the supplied GA after all iterations and call to AlgorithmFinalize.

Referenced by JEGAOptimizer::find_optimum().

**void DestroyAlgorithm ( GeneticAlgorithm * theGA ) [inline]**

Deletes the supplied GA.

Use this method to destroy a GA after all iterations have been run. This method knows if the log associated with the GA was created here and needs to be destroyed as well or not.

This is just here to expose the base class method to users.

Be sure to use this prior to destroying the algorithm config object which contains the target. The GA destructor needs the target to be in tact.
Parameters

| theGA | The algorithm that is no longer needed and thus must be destroyed. |

Referenced by JEGAOptimizer::find_optimum().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- JEGAOptimizer.cpp

13.42 EffGlobalMinimizer Class Reference

Implementation of Efficient Global Optimization/Least Squares algorithms.
Inheritance diagram for EffGlobalMinimizer:

```
EffGlobalMinimizer
   \|-- SurrBasedMinimizer
       \|-- Minimizer
           \|-- Iterator
```

### Public Member Functions

- **EffGlobalMinimizer** ([ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model])
  *standard constructor*
- **~EffGlobalMinimizer ()**
  *alternate constructor for instantiations “on the fly”*
- **void minimize_surrogates ()**
  *Used for computing the optimal solution using a surrogate-based approach. Redefines the Iterator::core_run() virtual function.*
- **const Model & algorithm_space_model () const**

### Private Member Functions

- **void minimize_surrogates_on_model ()**
  *called by minimize_surrogates for setUpType == "model"*
- **void get_best_sample ()**
  *called by minimize_surrogates for setUpType == "user_functions"*
- **Real expected_improvement** (const RealVector &means, const RealVector &variances)
  *expected improvement function for the GP*
- **RealVector expectedViolation** (const RealVector &means, const RealVector &variances)
  *expected violation function for the constraint functions*
- **void update_penalty ()**
  *initialize and update the penaltyParameter*
Static Private Member Functions

- `static void EIF_objective_eval (const Variables &sub_model(vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Expected Improvement (EIF) problem formulation for PMA

Private Attributes

- `String setUpType`
  controls iteration mode: "model" (normal usage) or "user functions" (user-supplied functions mode for "on the fly" instantiations).
- `Model fHatModel`
  GP model of response, one approximation per response function.
- `Model eifModel`
  recast model which assimilates mean and variance to solve the max(EIF) sub-problem
- `Real meritFnStar`
  minimum penalized response from among true function evaluations
- `RealVector truthFnStar`
  true function values corresponding to the minimum penalized response
- `RealVector varStar`
  point that corresponds to the optimal value meritFnStar
- `short dataOrder`
  order of the data used for surrogate construction, in ActiveSet request vector 3-bit format; user may override responses spec

Static Private Attributes

- `static EffGlobalMinimizer * effGlobalInstance`
  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.42.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of Efficient Global Optimization/Least Squares algorithms.

The EffGlobalMinimizer class provides an implementation of the Efficient Global Optimization algorithm developed by Jones, Schonlau, & Welch as well as adaptation of the concept to nonlinear least squares.

13.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

~EffGlobalMinimizer ()

alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"
13.42.3 Member Function Documentation

const Model & algorithm.space_model() const [inline], [virtual]
default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers
Reimplemented from Minimizer.
References EffGlobalMinimizer::fHatModel.

void get_best_sample( ) [private]
called by minimize_surrogates for setUpType == "user_functions"
determine best solution from among sample data for expected improvement function
References Model::approximation_data(), SurrBasedMinimizer::augmented_lagrangian_merit(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::current_response(), EffGlobalMinimizer::fHatModel, Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, EffGlobalMinimizer::meritFnStar, Minimizer::numFunctions, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), EffGlobalMinimizer::truthFnStar, and EffGlobalMinimizer::varStar.
Referenced by EffGlobalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates_on_model().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- EffGlobalMinimizer.hpp
- EffGlobalMinimizer.cpp

13.43 EfficientSubspaceMethod Class Reference

Efficient Subspace Method (ESM), as proposed by Hany S. Abdel-Khalik.
Inheritance diagram for EfficientSubspaceMethod:

```
  Iterator
  Analyzer
    NonD
      EfficientSubspaceMethod
```

Public Member Functions

- EfficientSubspaceMethod (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  Standard, model-based constructor.
- ~EfficientSubspaceMethod ()
  Destructor.
- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  specialization of init comms due to varied use of the original model
- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
specialization of init comms due to varied use of the original model

- void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)

  specialization of free comms due to varied use of the original model

- void quantify_uncertainty ()

  ESM re-implementation of the virtual UQ iterator function.

### Private Member Functions

- void validate_inputs ()

  validate user-supplied input values, setting defaults, aborting on error

- void init_fullspace_sampler ()

  initialize the native problem space Monte Carlo sampler

- void expand_basis (bool &mach_svtol_met, bool &user_svtol_met)

  generate fullspace samples, append to matrix, and factor, returning whether tolerance met

- unsigned int calculate_fullspace_samples ()

  determine the number of full space samples for next iteration, based on batchSize, limiting by remaining function evaluation budget

- void generate_fullspace_samples (unsigned int diff_samples)

  sample the derivative at diff_samples points and leave temporary in dace_iterator

- void append_sample_matrices (unsigned int diff_samples)

  append the fullSpaceSampler samples to the derivative and vars matrices

- void compute_svd (bool &mach_svtol_met, bool &user_svtol_met)

  factor the derivative matrix and analyze singular values, assessing convergence and rank, returning whether tolerance met

- void print_svd_stats ()

  print inner iteration stats after SVD

- void assess_reconstruction (bool &recon_tol_met)

  determine if the reduced basis yields acceptable reconstruction error, based on sampling in the orthogonal complement of the reduced basis

- void reduced_space_uq ()

  experimental method to demonstrate creating a RecastModel and perform sampling-based UQ in the reduced space

- void uncertain_vars_to_subspace (Model &native_model, Model &vars_transform_model)

  translate the characterization of uncertain variables in the native model to the reduced space of the transformed model

### Static Private Member Functions

- static void map_xi_to_x (const Variables &recast_xi_vars, Variables &sub_model_x_vars)

  map the active continuous recast variables to the active submodel variables (linear transformation)
Private Attributes

- int seedSpec
  seed controlling all samplers
- int initialSamples
  initial number of samples at which to query the truth model
- int batchSize
  number of points to add at each iteration
- int subspaceSamples
  number of UQ samples to perform in the reduced space
- unsigned int currIter
  current iteration
- unsigned int totalSamples
  total construction samples evaluated so far
- unsigned int totalEvals
  total evaluations of model (accounting for UQ phase)
- double userSVTol
  user-specified tolerance on singular value ratio
- double nullspaceTol
  user-specified tolerance on nullspace
- double svRatio
  current singular value ratio (sigma_k/sigma_0)
- unsigned int reducedRank
  current approximation of system rank
- RealMatrix reducedBasis
  basis for the reduced subspace
- RealMatrix derivativeMatrix
  matrix of derivative data with numFunctions columns per fullspace sample; each column contains the gradient of
  one function at one sample point, so total matrix size is numContinuousVars * (numFunctions + numSamples) [ D1
  | D2 | ... | Dnum_samples] [ dy1/dx(k=1) | dy2/dx(k=1) | ... | dyM/dx(k=1) | k=2 | ... | k=n_samples ]
- RealMatrix varsMatrix
  matrix of fullspace variable points samples size numContinuousVars * (numSamples)
- size_t miPLIndex
  index for the active ParallelLevel within ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters
- Iterator fullSpaceSampler
  Monte Carlo sampler for the full parameter space.

Static Private Attributes

- static EfficientSubspaceMethod * esmInstance
  instance of this class for use in static member functions
13.43.1 Detailed Description

Efficient Subspace Method (ESM), as proposed by Hany S. Abdel-Khalik.

ESM uses random sampling to construct a low-dimensional subspace of the full dimensional parameter space, then performs UQ in the reduced space.

13.43.2 Member Function Documentation

void derived_init_communicators ( ParLevIter pl_iter ) [virtual]

specialization of init comms due to varied use of the original model

This specialization is because the model is used in multiple contexts in this iterator, depending on build phase. Note that this overrides the default behavior at Iterator which recurses into any submodels.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References EfficientSubspaceMethod::batchSize, Model::init_communicators(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency.

void assess_reconstruction ( bool & recon_tol_met ) [private]

determine if the reduced basis yields acceptable reconstruction error, based on sampling in the orthogonal complement of the reduced basis.

This function is experimental and needs to be carefully reviewed and cleaned up.

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, EfficientSubspaceMethod::nullspaceTol, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, Iterator::outputLevel, EfficientSubspaceMethod::reducedBasis, EfficientSubspaceMethod::reducedRank, ActiveSet::request_values(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::totalEvals, EfficientSubspaceMethod::totalSamples, and EfficientSubspaceMethod::varsMatrix.

Referenced by EfficientSubspaceMethod::quantify_uncertainty().

void reduced_space_uq ( ) [private]

experimental method to demonstrate creating a RecastModel and perform sampling-based UQ in the reduced space.

This function is experimental and needs to be reviewed and cleaned up. In particular the translation of the correlations from full to reduced space is likely wrong. Transformation may be correct for covariance, but likely not correlations.

References Model::assign_rep(), NonD::construct_lhs(), Model::current_response(), Model::free_communicators(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), NonD::generate_system_seed(), Model::init_communicators(), Iterator::iteratedModel, EfficientSubspaceMethod::map_xi_to_x(), Iterator::methodPCIter, EfficientSubspaceMethod::miPLIndex, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, Iterator::print_results(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::reducedRank, Iterator::run(), Iterator::sampling_reset(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::seedSpec, Iterator::sub_iterator_flag(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::subspaceSamples, EfficientSubspaceMethod::uncertain_vars_to_subspace(), and Analyzer::vary_pattern().

Referenced by EfficientSubspaceMethod::quantify_uncertainty().
13.44 EmbedHybridMetaIterator Class Reference

Meta-iterator for closely-coupled hybrid iteration, typically involving the embedding of local search methods within global search methods.

Inheritance diagram for EmbedHybridMetaIterator:

```
  Iterator
     |         MetaIterator
     |      /     |
     | EmbedHybridMetaIterator
```

Public Member Functions

- **EmbedHybridMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **EmbedHybridMetaIterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *alternate constructor*

- **\~ EmbedHybridMetaIterator ()**
  
  *destructor*
Protected Member Functions

- void core_run()
  Performs the hybrid iteration by executing global and local iterators, using a set of models that may vary in fidelity.
- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds ()
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Iterator
- const Variables & variables_results () const
  return the final solution from the embedded hybrid (variables)
- const Response & response_results () const
  return the final solution from the embedded hybrid (response)

Private Attributes

- Iterator globalIterator
  the top-level outer iterator (e.g., global minimizer)
- Model globalModel
  the model employed by the top-level outer iterator
- Iterator localIterator
  the inner iterator (e.g., local minimizer)
- Model localModel
  the model employed by the inner iterator
- Real localSearchProb
  the probability of running a local search refinement within phases of the global minimization for tightly-coupled hybrids

Additional Inherited Members

13.44.1 Detailed Description

Meta-iterator for closely-coupled hybrid iteration, typically involving the embedding of local search methods within global search methods.

This meta-iterator uses multiple methods in close coordination, generally using a local search minimizer repeatedly within a global minimizer (the local search minimizer refines candidate minima which are fed back to the global minimizer).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- EmbedHybridMetaIterator.hpp
- EmbedHybridMetaIterator.cpp
13.45 Environment Class Reference

Base class for the environment class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Environment:

```
Environment

ExecutableEnvironment
LibraryEnvironment
```

Public Member Functions

- `Environment ()`
  *default constructor: empty envelope*
- `Environment (int argc, char *argv[])`
  *envelope constructor for ExecutableEnvironment letter*
- `Environment (ProgramOptions prog_opts)`
- `Environment (MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm, ProgramOptions prog_opts=ProgramOptions())`
- `Environment (const String &env_type)`
  *envelope constructor for letter type identified by String*
- `Environment (const Environment &env)`
  *copy constructor*
- `virtual ~Environment ()`
  *destructor*
- `Environment operator= (const Environment &env)`
  *assignment operator*
- `virtual void execute ()`
  *the run function for the environment: invoke the iterator(s) on the model(s). Called from main.cpp.*
- `bool check () const`
  *Print status of check and return true if in a "check" mode, including version and help. Return false if proceeding to a run mode.*
- `MPIManager & mpi_manager ()`
  *return mpiManager*
- `ProgramOptions & program_options ()`
  *return programOptions*
- `OutputManager & output_manager ()`
  *return outputManager*
- `ParallelLibrary & parallel_library ()`
  *return parallelLib*
- `ProblemDescDB & problem_description_db ()`
  *return probDescDB*
- `const Variables & variables_results () const`
  *return the final environment solution (variables)*
const Response & results () const
return the final environment solution (response)

void exit_mode (const String &mode="exit")
allow environment clients to set Dakota exit behavior (throw vs. exit)

Protected Member Functions

- Environment (BaseConstructor)
  constructor initializes the base class part of default-constructed letters
- Environment (BaseConstructor, int argc, char *argv[])
  constructor initializes the base class part of executable letter classes
- Environment (BaseConstructor, ProgramOptions prog_opts, MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm=MPI_COMM_WORLD)
  constructor initializes the base class part of library letter classes
- void parse (bool check_bcast_database=true, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback=NULL, void *callback_data=NULL)
  parse inputs, callbacks, and optionally check and broadcast
- void construct ()
  Instantiate topLevelIterator.
- void destruct ()
  Deallocate parallel partitioning for topLevelIterator.

Protected Attributes

- MPIManager mpiManager
  the MPI manager instance
- ProgramOptions programOptions
  the command line options manager
- OutputManager outputManager
  (tagged) output stream manager
- ParallelLibrary parallelLib
  the parallel library instance
- ProblemDescDB probDescDB
  the parser database instance
- Iterator topLevelIterator
  the top level (meta-)iterator
- UsageTracker usageTracker
  tool for Dakota usage tracking (this is a thin wrapper class)

Private Member Functions

- Environment * get_environment (const String &env_type)
  Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.
Private Attributes

- `Environment * environmentRep`
  pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)
- `int referenceCount`
  number of objects sharing `environmentRep`

13.45.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the environment class hierarchy.

The `Environment` class is the base class for the class hierarchy providing the top level control in DAKOTA. The environment is responsible for creating and managing iterators and models. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the environment hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (`Environment`) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in `Environment::get_environment()`) serves as the letter.

13.45.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Environment ( )

default constructor: empty envelope

Default envelope constructor. `environmentRep` is NULL in this case, which makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

Environment ( int argc, char ∗ argv[ ] )

envelope constructor for `ExecutableEnvironment` letter

Envelope constructor for `ExecutableEnvironment`. Selection of derived type by `get_environment()` is not necessary in this case.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), and Environment::environmentRep.

Environment ( ProgramOptions prog_opts )

Envelope constructor for `LibraryEnvironment`. Selection of derived type by `get_environment()` is not necessary in this case.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), and Environment::environmentRep.

Environment ( MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm, ProgramOptions prog_opts = ProgramOptions () )

Envelope constructor for `LibraryEnvironment`. Selection of derived type by `get_environment()` is not necessary in this case.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), and Environment::environmentRep.

Environment ( const String & env_type )

envelope constructor for letter type identified by String

Alternate construction by String. Envelope constructor invokes `get_environment()` which instantiates a derived class letter; the derived constructor selects a `BaseConstructor` constructor in its initialization list to avoid the recursion of a base class constructor calling `get_environment()` again.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Environment::environmentRep, and Environment::get_environment().
Environment (const Environment & env)

copy constructor
  Copy constructor manages sharing of environmentRep and incrementing of referenceCount.
  References Environment::environmentRep, and Environment::referenceCount.

~Environment() [virtual]
destructor
  Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes environmentRep when referenceCount reaches zero.
  References Environment::destruct(), Environment::environmentRep, and Environment::referenceCount.

Environment (BaseConstructor) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of default-constructed letters
  This letter constructor initializes base class data for inherited environments that are default constructed. Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Environment).
  Use cases: library with no options, no MPI comm
  References ProgramOptions::exit_mode(), Environment::exit_mode(), WorkdirHelper::initialize(), and Environment::programOptions.

Environment (BaseConstructor, int argc, char * argv[]) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of executable letter classes
  This letter constructor initializes base class data for inherited environments: instantiate/initialize the environment, options, parallel library, and problem description database objects. Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Environment).
  Use cases: executable with command-line args
  References ProgramOptions::exit_mode(), Environment::exit_mode(), WorkdirHelper::initialize(), and Environment::programOptions.

Environment (BaseConstructor, ProgramOptions prog_opt, MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of library letter classes
  This letter constructor initializes base class data for inherited environments. Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Environment).
  Use cases: library with program options library with program options and MPI comm
  References ProgramOptions::exit_mode(), Environment::exit_mode(), WorkdirHelper::initialize(), and Environment::programOptions.

13.45.3 Member Function Documentation

Environment operator= (const Environment & env)

assignment operator
  References Environment::environmentRep, and Environment::referenceCount.
void exit_mode ( const String & mode = "exit" )

allow environment clients to set Dakota exit behavior (throw vs. exit)
    Set the global variable controlling Dakota’s exit behavior. Call with no arguments to reset to default behavior.
    References Dakota::abort_handler(), and Dakota::abort_mode.
    Referenced by Environment::Environment(), and run_dakota_data().

void parse ( bool check_bcast_database = true, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback = NULL, void * callback_data = NULL ) [protected]

parse inputs, callbacks, and optionally check and broadcast
    Parse input file and invoked any callbacks, then optionally check and sync database if check_bcast_database = true
    References ProblemDescDB::check_and_broadcast(), ProgramOptions::input_file(), ProgramOptions::input_string(), ProblemDescDB::parse_inputs(), Environment::probDescDB, and Environment::programOptions.
    Referenced by ExecutableEnvironment::ExecutableEnvironment(), and LibraryEnvironment::LibraryEnvironment().

Environment * get_environment ( const String & env_type ) [private]

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.
    Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize environmentRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the environmentName attribute.
    Referenced by Environment::Environment().
    The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaEnvironment.hpp
- DakotaEnvironment.cpp

13.46 NomadOptimizer::Evaluator Class Reference

NOMAD-based Evaluator class.
    Inherits Evaluator.

Public Member Functions

- Evaluator (const NOMAD::Parameters &p, Model &model)
    Constructor.
- ~Evaluator (void)
    Destructor.
- bool eval_x (NOMAD::Eval_Point &x, const NOMAD::Double &h_max, bool &count_eval) const
    Main Evaluation Method.
- void set_constraint_map (int numNomadNonlinearIneqConstraints, int numNomadNonlinearEqConstraints, std::vector<int> constraintMapIndices, std::vector<double> constraintMapMultipliers, std::vector<double> constraintMapOffsets)
    publishes constraint transformation
Private Attributes

- `Model & _model`
- `int n_cont`
- `int n_disc_int`
- `int n_disc_real`
- `int numNomadNonlinearIneqConstr`  
  Number of nonlinear constraints after put into Nomad format.
- `int numNomadNonlinearEqConstr`
- `std::vector< int > constrMapIndices`  
  map from Dakota constraint number to Nomad constraint number
- `std::vector< double > constrMapMultipliers`  
  multipliers for constraint transformations
- `std::vector< double > constrMapOffsets`  
  offsets for constraint transformations

13.46.1 Detailed Description

NOMAD-based Evaluator class.

The NOMAD process requires an evaluation step, which calls the Simulation program. In the simplest version
of this call, NOMAD executes the black box executable, which proceeds to write a file in a NOMAD-compatible
format, which NOMAD reads to continue the process.

Because DAKOTA files are different form NOMAD files, and the simulations processed by DAKOTA already
produce DAKOTA-compatible files, we cannot use this method for NOMAD. Instead, we implement the Nomad-
Evaluator class, which takes the NOMAD inputs and passes them to DAKOTA’s Interface for processing. The
evaluator then passes the evaluation Responses into the NOMAD objects for further analysis.

13.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Evaluator ( const NOMAD::Parameters & `p`, Model & `model` )

Constructor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>p</code></td>
<td>NOMAD Parameters object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>model</code></td>
<td>DAKOTA Model object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13.46.3 Member Function Documentation

bool eval_x ( NOMAD::Eval_Point & `x`, const NOMAD::Double & `h_max`, bool & `count_eval` ) const

Main Evaluation Method.

Method that handles the communication between the NOMAD search process and the Black Box Evaluation
managed by DAKOTA’s Interface.
Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$x$</td>
<td>Object that contains the points that need to be evaluated. Once the evaluation is completed, this object also stores the output back to be read by NOMAD.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$h_{\text{max}}$</td>
<td>Current value of the barrier parameter. Not used in this implementation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\text{count}_\text{eval}$</td>
<td>Flag that indicates whether this evaluation counts towards the max number of evaluations, often set to false when the evaluation does not meet certain costs during expensive evaluations. Not used in this implementation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Returns

true if the evaluation was successful; false otherwise.

References Dakota::set_index_to_value().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NomadOptimizer.hpp
- NomadOptimizer.cpp

13.47 JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator Class Reference

An evaluator specialization that knows how to interact with Dakota.
Inherits GeneticAlgorithmEvaluator.

Public Member Functions

- virtual bool Evaluate (DesignGroup &group)
  
  Does evaluation of each design in group.

- virtual bool Evaluate (Design &des)
  
  This method cannot be used!!

- virtual std::string GetName () const
  
  Returns the proper name of this operator.

- virtual std::string GetDescription () const
  
  Returns a full description of what this operator does and how.

- virtual GeneticAlgorithmOperator * Clone (GeneticAlgorithm &algorithm) const
  
  Creates and returns a pointer to an exact duplicate of this operator.

- Evaluator (GeneticAlgorithm &algorithm, Model &model)

  Constructs a Evaluator for use by algorithm.

- Evaluator (const Evaluator &copy)

  Copy constructs a Evaluator.

- Evaluator (const Evaluator &copy, GeneticAlgorithm &algorithm, Model &model)

  Copy constructs a Evaluator for use by algorithm.

Static Public Member Functions

- static const std::string & Name ()

  Returns the proper name of this operator.

- static const std::string & Description ()

  Returns a full description of what this operator does and how.
Protected Member Functions

- void `SeparateVariables(const Design &from, RealVector &intoCont, IntVector &intoDiscInt, RealVector &intoDiscReal, StringMultiArray &intoDiscString) const`
  This method fills intoCont, intoDiscInt and intoDiscReal appropriately using the values of from.
- void `RecordResponses(const RealVector &from, Design &into) const`
  Records the computed objective and constraint function values into into.
- `std::size_t GetNumberNonLinearConstraints() const`
  Returns the number of non-linear constraints for the problem.
- `std::size_t GetNumberLinearConstraints() const`
  Returns the number of linear constraints for the problem.

Private Member Functions

- `Evaluator(const GeneticAlgorithm &algorithm)`
  This constructor has no implementation and cannot be used.

Private Attributes

- `Model &_model`
  The Model known by this evaluator.

13.47.1 Detailed Description

An evaluator specialization that knows how to interact with Dakota. This evaluator knows how to use the model to do evaluations both in synchronous and asynchronous modes.

13.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Evaluator ( GeneticAlgorithm & algorithm, Model & model ) [inline]

Constructs a Evaluator for use by algorithm. The optimizer is needed for purposes of variable scaling.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>algorithm</td>
<td>The GA for which the new evaluator is to be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>model</td>
<td>The model through which evaluations will be done.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Evaluator ( const Evaluator & copy ) [inline]

Copy constructs a Evaluator.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>copy</td>
<td>The evaluator from which properties are to be duplicated into this.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Evaluator ( const Evaluator & copy, GeneticAlgorithm & algorithm, Model & model ) [inline]

Copy constructs a Evaluator for use by algorithm. The optimizer is needed for purposes of variable scaling.
### Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>copy</code></td>
<td>The existing <code>Evaluator</code> from which to retrieve properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>algorithm</code></td>
<td>The GA for which the new evaluator is to be used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>model</code></td>
<td>The model through which evaluations will be done.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Evaluator ( GeneticAlgorithm & `algorithm` ) [private]

This constructor has no implementation and cannot be used.

This constructor can never be used. It is provided so that this operator can still be registered in an operator registry even though it can never be instantiated from there.

#### 13.47.3 Member Function Documentation

#### static const std::string& Name ( ) [inline], [static]

Returns the proper name of this operator.

Returns

The string "DAKOTA JEGA Evaluator".

#### static const std::string& Description ( ) [inline], [static]

Returns a full description of what this operator does and how.

The returned text is:

This evaluator uses Sandia’s DAKOTA optimization software to evaluate the passed in Designs. This makes it possible to take advantage of the fact that DAKOTA is designed to run on massively parallel machines.

Returns

A description of the operation of this operator.

#### void SeparateVariables ( const Design & `from`, RealVector & `intoCont`, IntVector & `intoDiscInt`, RealVector & `intoDiscReal`, StringMultiArray & `intoDiscString` ) const [protected]

This method fills `intoCont`, `intoDiscInt` and `intoDiscReal` appropriately using the values of `from`.

The discrete integer design variable values are placed in `intoDiscInt`, the discrete real design variable values are placed in `intoDiscReal`, and the continuum are placed into `intoCont`. The values are written into the vectors from the beginning so any previous contents of the vectors will be overwritten.
Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>The Design class object from which to extract the discrete design variable values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intoDiscInt</td>
<td>The vector into which to place the extracted discrete integer values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intoDiscReal</td>
<td>The vector into which to place the extracted discrete real values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>intoCont</td>
<td>The vector into which to place the extracted continuous values.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator::model, Model::cv(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), and Dakota::set_index_to_value().

void RecordResponses ( const RealVector & from, Design & into ) const  [protected]

Records the computed objective and constraint function values into into.
This method takes the response values stored in from and properly transfers them into the into design.
The response vector from is expected to contain values for each objective function followed by values for each non-linear constraint in the order in which the info objects were loaded into the target by the optimizer class.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>The vector of responses to install into into.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>into</td>
<td>The Design to which the responses belong and into which they must be written.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

std::size_t GetNumberNonLinearConstraints ( ) const  [inline], [protected]

Returns the number of non-linear constraints for the problem.
This is computed by adding the number of non-linear equality constraints to the number of non-linear inequality constraints. These values are obtained from the model.

Returns

The total number of non-linear constraints.

std::size_t GetNumberLinearConstraints ( ) const  [inline], [protected]

Returns the number of linear constraints for the problem.
This is computed by adding the number of linear equality constraints to the number of linear inequality constraints. These values are obtained from the model.

Returns

The total number of linear constraints.

bool Evaluate ( DesignGroup & group )  [virtual]

Does evaluation of each design in group.
This method uses the Model known by this class to get Designs evaluated. It properly formats the Design class information in a way that Dakota will understand and then interprets the Dakota results and puts them back into the Design class object. It respects the asynchronous flag in the Model so evaluations may occur synchronously or asynchronously.
Prior to evaluating a Design, this class checks to see if it is marked as already evaluated. If it is, then the evaluation of that Design is not carried out. This is not strictly necessary because Dakota keeps track of evaluated designs and does not re-evaluate. An exception is the case of a population read in from a file complete with responses where Dakota is unaware of the evaluations.
Parameters

| group   | The group of Design class objects to be evaluated. |

Returns

true if all evaluations completed and false otherwise.

**virtual bool Evaluate ( Design & des ) [inline], [virtual]**

This method cannot be used!!

This method does nothing and cannot be called. This is because in the case of asynchronous evaluation, this method would be unable to conform. It would require that each evaluation be done in a synchronous fashion.

Parameters

| des     | A Design that would be evaluated if this method worked. |

Returns

Would return true if the Design were evaluated and false otherwise. Never actually returns here. Issues a fatal error. Otherwise, it would always return false.

**virtual std::string GetName ( ) const [inline], [virtual]**

Returns the proper name of this operator.

Returns

See Name().

**virtual std::string GetDescription ( ) const [inline], [virtual]**

Returns a full description of what this operator does and how.

Returns

See Description().

**virtual GeneticAlgorithmOperator* Clone ( GeneticAlgorithm & algorithm ) const [inline], [virtual]**

Creates and returns a pointer to an exact duplicate of this operator.

Parameters

| algorithm | The GA for which the clone is being created. |

Returns

A clone of this operator.
13.47.4 Member Data Documentation

Model& _model [private]

The Model known by this evaluator. It is through this model that evaluations will take place. Referred by JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator::SeparateVariables(). The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- JEGAOptimizer.cpp

13.48 JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator Class Reference

A specialization of the JEGA::FrontEnd::EvaluatorCreator that creates a new instance of a Evaluator. Inherits EvaluatorCreator.

Public Member Functions

- virtual GeneticAlgorithmEvaluator ∗ CreateEvaluator (GeneticAlgorithm &alg)
  Overriden to return a newly created Evaluator.
- EvaluatorCreator (Model &theModel)
  Constructs an EvaluatorCreator using the supplied model.

Private Attributes

- Model & _theModel
  The user defined model to be passed to the constructor of the Evaluator.

13.48.1 Detailed Description

A specialization of the JEGA::FrontEnd::EvaluatorCreator that creates a new instance of a Evaluator.

13.48.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

EvaluatorCreator ( Model & theModel ) [inline]

Constructs an EvaluatorCreator using the supplied model.

Parameters

| theModel | The Dakota::Model this creator will pass to the created evaluator. |

13.48.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual GeneticAlgorithmEvaluator* CreateEvaluator ( GeneticAlgorithm & alg ) [inline], [virtual]

Overriden to return a newly created Evaluator. The GA will assume ownership of the evaluator so we needn’t worry about keeping track of it for destruction. The additional parameters needed by the Evaluator are stored as members of this class at construction time.
Parameters

| alg | The GA for which the evaluator is to be created. |

Returns

A pointer to a newly created Evaluator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- JEGAOptimizer.cpp

### 13.49 ExecutableEnvironment Class Reference

**Environment** corresponding to execution as a stand-alone application.

Inheritance diagram for ExecutableEnvironment:

```
ExecutableEnvironment
    Environment
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **ExecutableEnvironment ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- **ExecutableEnvironment (int argc, char ∗argv[])**
  
  *constructor*

- **∼ExecutableEnvironment ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **void execute ()**
  
  *the run function for the environment: invoke the iterator(s) on the model(s). Called from main.cpp.*

#### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.49.1 Detailed Description

**Environment** corresponding to execution as a stand-alone application.

This environment corresponds to a stand-alone executable program, e.g., main.cpp. It sets up the ParallelLibrary, ProgramOptions, and ProblemDescDB objects based on access to command line arguments.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ExecutableEnvironment.hpp
- ExecutableEnvironment.cpp

### 13.50 ExperimentData Class Reference

Interpolation method for interpolating between experimental and model data. I need to work on inputs/outputs to this method. For now, this assumes interpolation of functional data.
Public Member Functions

- **ExperimentData ()**
  
  default constructor

- **ExperimentData** (const ProblemDescDB &prob_desc_db, const SharedResponseData &srd, short output_level)
  
  typical DB-based constructor

- **ExperimentData** (size_t num_experiments, size_t num_config_vars, const boost::filesystem::path &data_prefix, const SharedResponseData &srd, const StringArray &variance_types, short output_level, std::string scalarDataFilename="")
  
  temporary? constructor for testing

- **void load_data** (const std::string &context_message)
  
  Load experiments from data files (simple scalar or field)

- **size_t num_experiments () const**
  
  retrieve the number of experiments

- **size_t num_total_exppoints () const**
  
  retrieve the total number of experimental data points over all experiments

- **size_t num_scalars () const**
  
  retrieve the number of scalars (applies to all experiments)

- **size_t num_fields () const**
  
  retrieve the number of fields (applies to all experiments)

- **const RealVector & config_vars (size_t experiment)**
  
  retrieve the vector of configuration variables for the given experiment number

- **const RealVector & all_data (size_t experiment)**
  
  return contiguous vector of all data (scalar, followed by field) for the specified experiment

- **void per_exp_length** (IntVector &per_length) const
  
  return the individual sizes of the experimental data lengths (all function values, scalar and field)

- **const IntVector & field_lengths (size_t experiment) const**
  
  return the field lengths for specified experiment index

- **Real scalar_data** (size_t response, size_t experiment)
  
  retrieve the data value for the given response, for the given experiment

- **RealVector field_data_view** (size_t response, size_t experiment) const
  
  retrieve a view of the field data for the given response, for the given experiment

- **RealMatrix field_coords_view** (size_t response, size_t experiment) const
  
  retrieve a view of the field data coordinates for the given response, for the given experiment

- **bool variance_type_active** (short variance_type) const
  
  whether the specified variance type (enum value) is present and active

- **bool variance_active () const**
  
  whether any variance type is active

- **Real apply_covariance** (const RealVector &residuals, size_t experiment) const
  
  apply the covariance responses to compute the triple product \( v' \) \( \text{inv}(C) \) \( v \) for the given experiment

- **void apply_covariance_inv_sqrt** (const RealVector &residuals, size_t experiment, RealVector &weighted_residuals) const
  
  apply inverse sqrt of the covariance to compute weighted residuals
void apply_covariance_inv_sqrt (const RealMatrix &gradients, size_t experiment, RealMatrix &weighted_gradients) const

apply inverse sqrt of the covariance to compute weighted gradients

void apply_covariance_inv_sqrt (const RealSymMatrixArray &hessians, size_t experiment, RealSymMatrixArray &weighted_hessians) const

apply inverse sqrt of the covariance to compute weighted Hessians

void get_main_diagonal (RealVector &diagonal, size_t experiment) const

return a (copy) vector containing the main diagonal entries of a specified experimental covariance matrix

void form_residuals (const Response &simresp, Response &residualresp) const

form residuals for all experiments, interpolating if necessary

void form_residuals (const Response &simresp, size_t exp_num, const ShortArray &total_asv, size_t residual_resp_offset, Response &residualresp) const

form residuals for an individual experiment, interpolating if necessary

void recover_model (size_t num_pri_fns, RealVector &model_fns) const

recover original model from the first experiment block in a full set of residuals; works in no interpolation case only (sizes same)

bool interpolate_flag () const

flag for interpolation. If 0, no interpolation. If 1, interpolate.

void interpolate_simulation_data (const Response &simresp, size_t exp_num, const ShortArray &total_asv, size_t exp_offset, Response &interpresp) const

Interpolate simulation data (values, gradients and hessians) onto the coordinates of the experimental data.

void scale_residuals (const Response &residual_response, RealVector &scaled_residuals) const

Apply the experiment data covariance to the residual data (scale functions by Gamma_d^-1/2), returning in scaled_residuals.

void scale_residuals (Response &residual_response) const

Apply the experiment data covariance to the residual data in-place (scale functions, gradients, and Hessians by Gamma_d^-1/2)

void build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals (const Response &resp, RealVector &ssr_gradient)

Build the gradient of the ssr from residuals and function gradients based on the response’s active set request vector.

void build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals (const Response &resp, const ShortArray &asrv, RealVector &ssr_gradient)

Build the gradient of the ssr from residuals and function gradients using the passed active set request vector (overrides the response’s request vector)

void build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals_from_response (const Response &resp, const ShortArray &asrv, int exp_ind, RealVector &ssr_gradient)

Update the gradient of ssr with the values from the gradient associated with a single experiment.

void build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data (const RealMatrix &func_gradients, const RealVector &residuals, RealVector &ssr_gradient, const ShortArray &asrv)

Construct the gradient of the sum of squares of residuals.

void build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals (const Response &resp, RealSymMatrix &ssr_hessian)

Build the hessian of the ssr from residuals, function gradients and function Hessians based on the response’s active set request vector.

void build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals (const Response &resp, const ShortArray &asrv, RealSymMatrix &ssr_hessian)
Build the hessian of the ssr from residuals, function gradients and function hessians using the passed active set request vector (overrides the response’s request vector)

- **void build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals_from_response** (const Response &resp, const ShortArray &asrv, int exp_ind, RealSymMatrix &ssr_hessian)

  Update the hessian of ssr with the values from the hessian associated with a single experiment.

- **void build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data** (const RealSymMatrixArray &func_hessians, const RealMatrix &func_gradients, const RealVector &residuals, RealSymMatrix &ssr_hessian, const ShortArray &asrv)

  Construct the hessian of the sum of squares of residuals.

- **void scale_residuals** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t num_calib_params, Response &residual_response) const

  in-place scale the residual response (functions, gradients, Hessians) by sqrt(multipliers), according to blocks indicated by multiplier mode

- **Real cov_determinant** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode) const

  returns the determinant of (covariance block-scaled by the passed multipliers)

- **Real half_log_cov_determinant** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode) const

  returns the log of the determinant of (covariance block-scaled by the passed multipliers)

- **void half_log_cov_det_gradient** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t hyper_offset, RealVector &gradient) const

  populated the passed gradient with derivatives w.r.t. the hyper-parameter multipliers, starting at hyper_offset (must be sized)

- **void half_log_cov_det_hessian** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t hyper_offset, RealSymMatrix &hessian) const

  populated the passed Hessian with derivatives w.r.t. the hyper-parameter multipliers, starting at hyper_offset (must be sized)

- **StringArray hyperparam_labels** (unsigned short multiplier_mode) const

  generate variable labels for the covariance (error) multiplier hyperparams

---

**Protected Member Functions**

- **ShortArray determine_active_request** (const Response &resid_resp) const

  Perform check on the active request vector to make sure it is amenable to interpolation of simulation data and application of apply covariance.

- **SizetArray residuals_per_multiplier** (unsigned short multiplier_mode) const

  count the number of residuals influenced by each multiplier

- **void generate_multipliers** (const RealVector &multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, RealVector &expanded_multipliers) const

  Generate a set of multipliers commensurate with the residual size for the total experiment data set. Instead of repeating the loops all over the place, generate an expanded set of multipliers; the conditionals get too complicated otherwise.

- **void resid2mult_map** (unsigned short multiplier_mode, IntVector &resid2mult_indices) const

  return the index of the multiplier that affects each residual
Private Member Functions

- void initialize (const StringArray &variance_types, const SharedResponseData &srd)
  shared body of constructor initialization
- void parse_sigma_types (const StringArray &sigma_types)
  parse user-provided sigma type strings and populate enums
- void load_experiment (size_t exp_index, std::ifstream &scalar_data_stream, size_t num_field_sigma_matrices, size_t num_field_sigma_diagonals, size_t num_field_sigma_scalars, size_t num_field_sigma_none, Response &exp_resp)
  Load a single experiment exp_index into exp_resp.
- void read_scalar_sigma (std::ifstream &scalar_data_stream, RealVector &sigma_scalars, IntVector &scalar_map_indices)
  read or default populate the scalar sigma
- RealVector residuals_view (const RealVector &residuals, size_t experiment) const
  Return a view (to allowing updating in place) of the residuals associated with a given experiment, from a vector containing residuals from all experiments.
- RealMatrix gradients_view (const RealMatrix &gradients, size_t experiment) const
  Return a view (to allowing updating in place) of the gradients associated with a given experiment, from a matrix containing gradients from all experiments.
- RealSymMatrixArray hessians_view (const RealSymMatrixArray &hessians, size_t experiment) const
  Return a view (to allowing updating in place) of the hessians associated with a given experiment, from an array containing the hessians from all experiments.

Private Attributes

- bool calibrationDataFlag
  whether the user specified a calibration data block
- size_t numExperiments
  the total number of experiments
- size_t numConfigVars
  number of configuration (state) variables to read for each experiment
- UShortArray varianceTypes
  type of variance specified for each variable, one per response group; empty varianceType indicates none specified by user
- Real covarianceDeterminant
  cached product of each experiment covariance’s determinant
- Real logCovarianceDeterminant
  cached sum of each experiment covariance’s log determinant
- boost::filesystem::path dataPathPrefix
  path to prepend to any data file names
- String scalarDataFilename
  the user-specified scalar data filename
- unsigned short scalarDataFormat
  tabular format of the simple scalar data file; supports TABULAR_NONE, TABULAR_HEADER, TABULAR_EVAL_ID, TABULAR_EXPER ANNOT
13.50.1 Detailed Description

Interpolation method for interpolating between experimental and model data. I need to work on inputs/outputs to this method. For now, this assumes interpolation of functional data.

As Brian suggested, this class has the experimental data (coordinates and RealVectorArray interpolated-Results; The ExperimentData class is used to read and populate data (currently from user-specified files and/or the input spec) relating to experimental (physical observations) data for the purposes of calibration. Such data may include (for example): number of experiments, configuration variables, type of data (scalar vs. functional), treatment of sigma (experimental uncertainties). This class also provides an interpolation capability to interpolate between simulation or experimental data so that the differencing between simulation and experimental data may be performed properly.

13.50.2 Member Function Documentation

void form_residuals ( const Response & sim_resp, Response & residual_resp ) const

form residuals for all experiments, interpolating if necessary

This assumes the source gradient/Hessian are size less or equal to the destination response, and that the leading part is to be populated.

References ExperimentData::determine_active_request(), ExperimentData::numExperiments, and Experiment-Data::per_exp_length().

Referenced by DataTransformModel::data_difference_core().
void form_residuals ( const Response & sim_resp, const ShortArray & total_asv, size_t exp_offset, Response & residual.resp ) const

form residuals for an individual experiment, interpolating if necessary

This assumes the source gradient/Hessian are size less or equal to the destination response, and that the leading part is to be populated.

References ExperimentData::allExperiments, ExperimentData::field_data_view(), Response::field_lengths(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_gradients_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_hessians_view(), ExperimentData::interpolate_simulation_data(), ExperimentData::interpolateFlag, ExperimentData::num_fields(), ExperimentData::num_scalars(), and ExperimentData::outputLevel.

void recover_model ( size_t num_pri_fns, RealVector & best_fns ) const

recover original model from the first experiment block in a full set of residuals; works in no interpolation case only (sizes same)

Add the data back to the residual to recover the model, for use in surrogated-based LSQ where DB lookup will fail (need approx eval DB). best_fns contains primary and secondary responses.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ExperimentData::allExperiments, Response::function_value(), ExperimentData::interpolateFlag, and Response::num_functions().

Referenced by LeastSq::post_run().

void build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data ( const RealMatrix & func_gradients, const RealVector & residuals, RealVector & ssr_gradient, const ShortArray & asrv )

Construct the gradient of the sum of squares of residuals.

Parameters

| func_gradients | A matrix containing the gradients of the residual vector |
| residuals | A vector of residuals (mismatch between experimental data and the corresponding function values |
| asrv | The active set request vector |

Referenced by ExperimentData::build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals_from_response().

void build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data ( const RealSymMatrixArray & func_hessians, const RealMatrix & func_gradients, const RealVector & residuals, RealSymMatrix & ssr_hessian, const ShortArray & asrv )

Construct the hessian of the sum of squares of residuals.

Parameters

| func_hessians | A list of matrices containing the Hessians of the function elements in the residual vector |
| func_gradients | A matrix containing the gradients of the residual vector |
| residuals | A vector of residuals (mismatch between experimental data and the corresponding function values |
asrv | The active set request vector

Referenced by ExperimentData::build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals_from_response().

```cpp
void scale_residuals ( const RealVector & multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t num_calib_params, Response & residual_response ) const
```

in-place scale the residual response (functions, gradients, Hessians) by sqrt(multipliers), according to blocks indicated by multiplier mode

In-place scaling of residual response by hyper-parameter multipliers

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_value_view(), ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints(), and ExperimentData::resid2mult_map().

```cpp
Real cov_determinant ( const RealVector & multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode ) const
```

returns the determinant of (covariance block-scaled by the passed multipliers)

Determinant of the total covariance used in inference, which has blocks mult_i * I * Cov_i.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ExperimentData::covarianceDeterminant, ExperimentData::generate_multipliers(), and ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints().

```cpp
Real half_log_cov_determinant ( const RealVector & multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode ) const
```

returns the log of the determinant of (covariance block-scaled by the passed multipliers)

Determinant of half the log of total covariance used in inference, which has blocks mult_i * I * Cov_i.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ExperimentData::generate_multipliers(), ExperimentData::logCovarianceDeterminant, and ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints().

Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::log_likelihood(), and NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::print_results().

```cpp
void half_log_cov_det_gradient ( const RealVector & multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t hyper_offset, RealVector & gradient ) const
```

populated the passed gradient with derivatives w.r.t. the hyper-parameter multipliers, starting at hyper_offset (must be sized)

Compute the gradient of scalar f(m) 0.5*log(det(mult*Cov)) w.r.t. mults. Since this is the only use case, we include the 0.5 factor and perform an update in-place.

References ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints(), and ExperimentData::residuals_per_multiplier().

Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::neg_log_post_resp_mapping().

```cpp
void half_log_cov_det_hessian ( const RealVector & multipliers, unsigned short multiplier_mode, size_t hyper_offset, RealSymMatrix & hessian ) const
```

populated the passed Hessian with derivatives w.r.t. the hyper-parameter multipliers, starting at hyper_offset (must be sized)

Compute the gradient of scalar f(m) log(det(mult*Cov)) w.r.t. mults

References ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints(), and ExperimentData::residuals_per_multiplier().

Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::neg_log_post_resp_mapping().
SizetArray residuals_per_multiplier ( unsigned short multiplier_mode ) const [protected]

count the number of residuals influenced by each multiplier

Calculate how many residuals each multiplier affects

References ExperimentData::allExperiments, SharedResponseData::num_field_response_groups(), ExperimentData::num_fields(), SharedResponseData::num_response_groups(), SharedResponseData::num_scalar_responses(), ExperimentData::numExperiments, and ExperimentData::simulationSRD.

Referenced by ExperimentData::half_log_cov_det_gradient(), and ExperimentData::half_log_cov_det_hessian().

void parse_sigma_types ( const StringArray & sigma_types ) [private]

parse user-provided sigma type strings and populate enums

Validate user-provided sigma specification. User can specify 0, 1, or num_response_groups sigmas. If specified, sigma types must be the same for all scalar responses.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedResponseData::num_response_groups(), SharedResponseData::num_scalar_responses(), ExperimentData::scalarDataFilename, ExperimentData::scalarSigmaPerRow, ExperimentData::simulationSRD, and ExperimentData::varianceTypes.

Referenced by ExperimentData::initialize().

void load_experiment ( size_t exp_index, std::ifstream & scalar_data_stream, size_t num_field_sigma_matrices, size_t num_field_sigma_diagonals, size_t num_field_sigma_scalars, size_t num_field_sigma_none, Response & exp_resp ) [private]

Load a single experiment exp_index into exp_resp.

Load an experiment from a mixture of legacy format data and field data format files

References ExperimentData::dataPathPrefix, Response::field_coords(), Response::field_group_labels(), ExperimentData::field_lengths(), Response::field_lengths(), Response::field_values(), Response::function_labels(), Response::function_value(), Dakota::is_matrix_symmetric(), SharedResponseData::num_field_response_groups(), ExperimentData::num_fields(), SharedResponseData::num_scalar_responses(), ExperimentData::numScalars(), ExperimentData::read_scalar_sigma(), ExperimentData::scalarDataFilename, ExperimentData::scalarSigmaPerRow, Response::set_full_covariance(), ExperimentData::simulationSRD, and ExperimentData::varianceTypes.

Referenced by ExperimentData::load_data().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ExperimentData.hpp
- ExperimentData.cpp

13.51 ExperimentResponse Class Reference

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. ExperimentResponse provides the body class.

Inheritance diagram for ExperimentResponse:

```
  Response
    ExperimentResponse
```
Public Member Functions

- **ExperimentResponse ()**
  default constructor
- **ExperimentResponse (const Variables &vars, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  standard constructor built from problem description database
- **ExperimentResponse (const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set)**
  alternate constructor that shares a SharedResponseData instance
- **ExperimentResponse (const SharedResponseData &srd)**
  alternate constructor that shares a SharedResponseData instance
- **ExperimentResponse (const ActiveSet &set)**
  alternate constructor using limited data
- **~ExperimentResponse ()**
  destructor
- void **set_scalar_covariance (RealVector &scalars)**
  method to set the covariance matrix defined for ExperimentResponse
- **Real get_scalar_covariance (const int this_response)**
  method to get the covariance matrix defined for ExperimentResponse
- void **set_full_covariance (std::vector<RealMatrix> &matrices, std::vector<RealVector> &diagonals, RealVector &scalars, IntVector matrix_map_indices, IntVector diagonal_map_indices, IntVector scalar_map_indices)**
  method to set the full covariance matrices for ExperimentResponse
- **Real apply_covariance (const RealVector &residual) const**
  method to compute the triple product $v' \cdot \text{inv}(C) \cdot v$. 
- void **apply_covariance_inv_sqrt (const RealVector &residuals, RealVector &weighted_residuals) const**
  method to compute $(v' \cdot \text{inv}(C)^{1/2})$, to compute weighted residual
- void **apply_covariance_inv_sqrt (const RealMatrix &gradients, RealMatrix &weighted_gradients) const**
- void **apply_covariance_inv_sqrt (const RealSymMatrixArray &hessians, RealSymMatrixArray &weighted_hessians) const**
- **void get_covariance_diagonal (RealVector &diagonal) const**
- **Real covariance_determinant () const**
  covariance determinant for this experiment (default 1.0)
- **Real log_covariance_determinant () const**
  log covariance determinant for this experiment (default 0.0)

Protected Member Functions

- void **copy_rep (Response *source_resp_rep)**
  Specialization of copy_rep; pulls base class data as well as derived specific data from the source rep into the this object.

Private Attributes

- ExperimentCovariance **expDataCovariance**
  sigma terms...
13.52. FILEREADEXCEPTION CLASS REFERENCE

Additional Inherited Members

13.51.1 Detailed Description

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. `ExperimentResponse` provides the body class.

The `ExperimentResponse` class is the "representation" of the response container class. It is the "body" portion of the "handle-body idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 58). The handle class (Response) provides for memory efficiency in management of multiple response objects through reference counting and representation sharing. The body class (ExperimentResponse) actually contains the response data (functionValues, function-Gradients, functionHessians, etc.). The representation is hidden in that an instance of ExperimentResponse may only be created by Response. Therefore, programmers create instances of the Response handle class, and only need to be aware of the handle/body mechanisms when it comes to managing shallow copies (shared representation) versus deep copies (separate representation used for history mechanisms).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ExperimentResponse.hpp
- ExperimentResponse.cpp

13.52 FileReadException Class Reference

base class for Dakota file read exceptions (to allow catching both tabular and general file truncation issues)

Inheritance diagram for FileReadException:

```
FileReadException
   |    |
   v    v
ResultsFileError TabularDataTruncated
```

Public Member Functions

- `FileReadException` (const std::string &msg)

13.52.1 Detailed Description

base class for Dakota file read exceptions (to allow catching both tabular and general file truncation issues)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dakota_global_defs.hpp

13.53 ForkApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using fork/execvp/waitpid.

Inheritance diagram for ForkApplicInterface:
Public Member Functions

- `ForkApplicInterface` (const `ProblemDescDB` &`problem_db`)
  
  *constructor*

- `~ForkApplicInterface` ()
  
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- `void wait_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &`prp_queue`)
  
  *For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version waits for at least one completion.*

- `void test_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &`prp_queue`)
  
  *For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version is nonblocking and will return without any completions if none are immediately available.*

- `pid_t create_analysis_process` (bool `block_flag`, bool `new_group`)
  
  *spawn a child process for an analysis component within an evaluation using fork()/execvp() and wait for completion using waitpid() if `block_flag` is true*

- `size_t wait_local_analyses` ()
  
  *wait for asynchronous analyses on the local processor, completing at least one job*

- `size_t test_local_analyses_send` (int `analysis_id`)
  
  *test for asynchronous analysis completions on the local processor and return results for any completions by sending messages*

- `void join_evaluation_process_group` (bool `new_group`)
  
  *create (if `new_group`) and join the process group for asynch evaluations*

- `void join_analysis_process_group` (bool `new_group`)
  
  *create (if `new_group`) and join the process group for asynch analyses*

- `void evaluation_process_group_id` (pid_t `pgid`)
  
  *set evalProcGroupId*

- `pid_t evaluation_process_group_id` () const
  
  *return evalProcGroupId*

- `void analysis_process_group_id` (pid_t `pgid`)
13.54. FSUDESIGNCOMPEXP CLASS REFERENCE

```
set analysisProcGroupId

- pid_t analysis_process_group_id () const
  return analysisProcGroupId

- pid_t wait_evaluation (bool block_flag)
  process all available completions within the evaluation process group; if block_flag = true, wait for at least one completion

- pid_t wait_analysis (bool block_flag)
  process all available completions within the analysis process group; if block_flag = true, wait for at least one completion

- void check_group (int err, pid_t proc_group_id)
  check the exit status of setpgid and abort if an error code was returned

Private Member Functions

- pid_t wait (pid_t proc_group_id, std::map< pid_t, int > &process_id_map, bool block_flag)
  core code used by wait_{evaluation,analysis}()

- void join_process_group (pid_t &process_group_id, bool new_group)
  core code used by join_{evaluation,analysis}.process_group()

Private Attributes

- pid_t evalProcGroupId
  the process group id used to identify a set of child evaluation processes used by this interface instance (to distinguish from other interface instances that could be running at the same time)

- pid_t analysisProcGroupId
  the process group id used to identify a set of child analysis processes used by this interface instance (to distinguish from other interface instances that could be running at the same time)

Additional Inherited Members

13.53.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using fork/execvp/waitpid.
ForkApplicInterface is used on Unix systems and is a peer to SpawnApplicInterface for Windows systems.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ForkApplicInterface.hpp
- ForkApplicInterface.cpp

13.54 FSUDESIGNCOMPEXP Class Reference

Wrapper class for the FSUDace QMC/CVT library.
Inheritance diagram for FSUDESIGNCOMPEXP:
Public Member Functions

- **FSUDesignCompExp (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator
- **FSUDesignCompExp (Model &model, int samples, int seed, unsigned short sampling_method)**
  alternate constructor for building a DACE iterator on-the-fly
- **~FSUDesignCompExp ()**
  destructor
- void **pre_run ()**
  pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
- void **extract_trends ()**
  Mapping of the core run() virtual function for the PStudy/DACE branch.
- void **post_input ()**
  read tabular data for post-run mode
- void **post_run (std::ostream &s)**
  post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way
- int **num_samples () const**
- void **sampling_reset (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)**
  reset sampling iterator to use at least min_samples
- unsigned short **sampling_scheme () const**
  return sampling name
- void **vary_pattern (bool pattern_flag)**
  sets varyPattern in derived classes that support it
- void **get_parameter_sets (Model &model)**
  Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)

Private Member Functions

- void **enforce_input_rules ()**
  enforce sanity checks/modifications for the user input specification
Private Attributes

- int samplesSpec
  initial specification of number of samples
- int numSamples
  current number of samples to be evaluated
- bool allDataFlag
  flag which triggers the update of allVars/allResponses for use by Iterator::all_variables() and Iterator::all_responses()
- size_t numDACERuns
  counter for number of executions for this object
- bool latinizeFlag
  flag which specifies latinization of QMC or CVT sample sets
- IntVector sequenceStart
  Integer vector defining a starting index into the sequence for random variable sampled. Default is 0 0 0 (e.g. for three random variables).
- IntVector sequenceLeap
  Integer vector defining the leap number for each sequence being generated. Default is 1 1 1 (e.g. for three random vars.)
- IntVector primeBase
  Integer vector defining the prime base for each sequence being generated. Default is 2 3 5 (e.g., for three random vars.)
- int seedSpec
  the user seed specification for the random number generator (allows repeatable results)
- int randomSeed
  current seed for the random number generator
- bool varyPattern
  flag for continuing the random number or QMC sequence from a previous execution (e.g., for surrogate-based optimization) so that multiple executions are repeatable but not identical.
- int numCVTTrials
  specifies the number of sample points taken at internal CVT iteration
- int trialType
  Trial type in CVT. Specifies where the points are placed for consideration relative to the centroids. Choices are grid (2), halton (1), uniform (0), or random (-1). Default is random.

Additional Inherited Members

13.54.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the FSUDace QMC/CVT library.

The FSUDesignCompExp class provides a wrapper for FSUDace, a C++ design of experiments library from Florida State University. This class uses quasi Monte Carlo (QMC) and Centroidal Voronoi Tessellation (CVT) methods to uniformly sample the parameter space spanned by the active bounds of the current Model. It returns all generated samples and their corresponding responses as well as the best sample found.
13.54.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FSUDesignCompExp ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator
This constructor is called for a standard iterator built with data from probDescDB.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_iv(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::methodName, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, FSUDesignCompExp::numCVTTrials, FSUDesignCompExp::numSamples, FSUDesignCompExp::primeBase, Iterator::probDescDB, FSUDesignCompExp::randomSeed, FSUDesignCompExp::seedSpec, FSUDesignCompExp::sequenceLeap, FSUDesignCompExp::sequenceStart, FSUDesignCompExp::trialType, and FSUDesignCompExp::varyPattern.

FSUDesignCompExp ( Model & model, int samples, int seed, unsigned short sampling_method )

alternate constructor for building a DACE iterator on-the-fly
This alternate constructor is used for instantiations on-the-fly, using only the incoming data. No problem description database queries are used.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::methodName, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, FSUDesignCompExp::numCVTTrials, FSUDesignCompExp::numSamples, FSUDesignCompExp::primeBase, FSUDesignCompExp::randomSeed, FSUDesignCompExp::seedSpec, FSUDesignCompExp::sequenceLeap, FSUDesignCompExp::sequenceStart, and FSUDesignCompExp::trialType.

13.54.3 Member Function Documentation

void pre_run ( ) [virtual]

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the derived run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References FSUDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and PStudyDACE::varBasedDecompFlag.

void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way
Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s post_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, SensAnalysisGlobal::compute_correlations(), Analyzer::post_run(), PStudyDACE::pStudyDACEsensGlobal, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, and PStudyDACE::varBasedDecompFlag.

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.
Reimplemented from **Analyzer**.
References FSUDesignCompExp::numSamples.

```cpp
void enforce_input_rules() [private]
```

enforce sanity checks/modifications for the user input specification

Users may input a variety of quantities, but this function must enforce any restrictions imposed by the sampling algorithms.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::methodName, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, FSUDesignCompExp::numSamples, and FSUDesignCompExp::primeBase.

Referenced by FSUDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- FSUDesignCompExp.hpp
- FSUDesignCompExp.cpp

### 13.55 FunctionEvalFailure Class Reference

exception class for function evaluation failures

Inherits runtime_error.

**Public Member Functions**

- **FunctionEvalFailure** (const std::string &msg)

### 13.55.1 Detailed Description

exception class for function evaluation failures

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dakota_global_defs.hpp

### 13.56 GaussProcApproximation Class Reference

Derived approximation class for Gaussian Process implementation.

Inheritance diagram for GaussProcApproximation:

```
Approximation

GaussProcApproximation
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **GaussProcApproximation** ()
  
  *default constructor*

- **GaussProcApproximation** (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
alternate constructor

- GaussProcApproximation (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)

standard constructor

- ~GaussProcApproximation ()

destructor

Protected Member Functions

- int min_coefficients () const
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in num-Vars dimensions

- int num_constraints () const
  return the number of constraints to be enforced via an anchor point

- void build ()
  find the covariance parameters governing the Gaussian process response

- Real value (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the function value for a given parameter set

- const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the function gradient at the predicted value for a given parameter set

- Real prediction_variance (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter set

Private Member Functions

- void GPmodel_build ()
  Function to compute hyperparameters governing the GP.

- void GPmodel_apply (const RealVector &new_x, bool variance_flag, bool gradients_flag)
  Function returns a response value using the GP surface.

- void normalize_training_data ()
  Normalizes the initial inputs upon which the GP surface is based.

- void get_trend ()
  Gets the trend (basis) functions for the calculation of the mean of the GP. If the order = 0, the trend is a constant, if the order = 1, trend is linear, if order = 2, trend is quadratic.

- void get_beta_coefficients ()
  Gets the beta coefficients for the calculation of the mean of the GP.

- int get_cholesky_factor ()
  Gets the Cholesky factorization of the covariance matrix, with error checking.

- void get_process_variance ()
  Gets the estimate of the process variance given the values of beta and the correlation lengthscales.

- void get_cov_matrix ()
  calculates the covariance matrix for a given set of input points

- void get_cov_vector ()
  calculates the covariance vector between a new point x and the set of inputs upon which the GP is based

- void optimize_theta_global ()
sets up and performs the optimization of the negative log likelihood to determine the optimal values of the covariance parameters using NCSUDirect

- **void optimize_theta_multipoint ()**
  sets up and performs the optimization of the negative log likelihood to determine the optimal values of the covariance parameters using a gradient-based solver and multiple starting points

- **void predict (bool variance_flag, bool gradients_flag)**
  Calculates the predicted new response value for x in normalized space.

- **Real calc_nll ()**
  calculates the negative log likelihood function (based on covariance matrix)

- **void calc_grad_nll ()**
  Gets the gradient of the negative log likelihood function with respect to the correlation lengthscales, theta.

- **void run_point_selection ()**
  Runs the point selection algorithm, which will choose a subset of the training set with which to construct the GP model, and estimate the necessary parameters.

- **void initialize_point_selection ()**
  Initializes the point selection routine by choosing a small initial subset of the training points.

- **void pointsel_get_errors (RealArray &delta)**
  Uses the current GP model to compute predictions at all of the training points and find the errors.

- **int addpoint (int, IntArray &added_index)**
  Adds a point to the effective training set. Returns 1 on success.

- **int pointsel_add_sel (const RealArray &delta)**
  Accepts a vector of unsorted prediction errors, determines which points should be added to the effective training set, and adds them.

- **Real maxval (const RealArray &) const**
  Return the maximum value of the elements in a vector.

- **void pointsel_write_points ()**
  Writes out the training set before and after point selection.

- **void lhood_2d_grid_eval ()**
  For problems with 2D input, evaluates the negative log likelihood on a grid.

- **void writex (const char [])**
  Writes out the current training set (in original units) to a specified file.

- **void writeCovMat (char [])**
  Writes out the covariance matrix to a specified file.

### Static Private Member Functions

- **static void negloglik (int mode, int n, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, double >&X, Real &fx, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, double >&grad_x, int &result_mode)**
  static function used by OPT++ as the objective function to optimize the hyperparameters in the covariance of the GP by minimizing the negative log likelihood

- **static void constraint_eval (int mode, int n, const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, double >&X, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector< int, double >&g, Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< int, double >&gradC, int &result_mode)**
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

static function used by OPT++ as the constraint function in the optimization of the negative log likelihood. Currently this function is empty: it is an unconstrained optimization.

- static double negloglikNCSU (const RealVector &x)
  function used by NCSUOptimizer to optimize negloglik objective

Private Attributes

- Real approxValue
  value of the approximation returned by value()

- Real approxVariance
  value of the approximation returned by prediction_variance()

- RealMatrix trainPoints
  A 2-D array (num sample sites = rows, num vars = columns) used to create the Gaussian process.

- RealMatrix trainValues
  An array of response values; one response value per sample site.

- RealVector trainMeans
  The mean of the input columns of trainPoints.

- RealVector trainStdvs
  The standard deviation of the input columns of trainPoints.

- RealMatrix normTrainPoints
  Current working set of normalized points upon which the GP is based.

- RealMatrix trendFunction
  matrix to hold the trend function

- RealMatrix betaCoeffs
  matrix to hold the beta coefficients for the trend function

- RealSymMatrix covMatrix
  The covariance matrix where each element (i,j) is the covariance between points Xi and Xj in the initial set of samples.

- RealMatrix covVector
  The covariance vector where each element (j,0) is the covariance between a new point X and point Xj from the initial set of samples.

- RealMatrix approxPoint
  Point at which a prediction is requested. This is currently a single point, but it could be generalized to be a vector of points.

- RealMatrix gradNegLogLikTheta
  matrix to hold the gradient of the negative log likelihood with respect to the theta correlation terms

- Teuchos::SerialSpdDenseSolver< int, Real > covSlvr
  The global solver for all computations involving the inverse of the covariance matrix.

- RealMatrix gradCovVector
  A matrix, where each column is the derivative of the covVector with respect to a particular component of X.

- RealMatrix normTrainPointsAll
  Set of all original samples available.

- RealMatrix trainValuesAll
All original samples available.

- RealMatrix trendFunctionAll
  Trend function values corresponding to all original samples.
- RealMatrix Rinv_YFb
  Matrix for storing inverse of correlation matrix Rinv*(Y-FB)
- size_t numObs
  The number of observations on which the GP surface is built.
- size_t numObsAll
  The original number of observations.
- short trendOrder
  The number of variables in each X variable (number of dimensions of the problem).
- RealVector thetaParams
  Theta is the vector of covariance parameters for the GP. We determine the values of theta by optimization. Currently, the covariance function is \( \theta[0] \times \exp(-0.5 \times \text{sume}) + \alpha \times \text{pow}(\text{sige},2) \). \text{sume} is the sum squared of weighted distances; it involves a sum of \( \theta[1] \times (X_i(1)-X_j(1))^2 + \theta[2] \times (X_i(2)-X_j(2))^2 + \ldots \) where \( X_i(1) \) is the first dimension value of multi-dimensional variable \( X_i \). \text{delta} \times \text{pow}(\text{sige},2) is a jitter term used to improve matrix computations. \text{delta} is zero for the covariance between different points and 1 for the covariance between the same point. \text{sige} is the underlying process error.
- Real procVar
  The process variance, the multiplier of the correlation matrix.
- IntArray pointsAddedIndex
  Used by the point selection algorithm, this vector keeps track all points which have been added.
- int cholFlag
  A global indicator for success of the Cholesky factorization.
- bool usePointSelection
  A flag to indicate the use of point selection

Static Private Attributes

- static GaussProcApproximation * GPinstance
  Pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator

Additional Inherited Members

13.56.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for Gaussian Process implementation.

The GaussProcApproximation class provides a global approximation (surrogate) based on a Gaussian process. The Gaussian process is built after normalizing the function values, with zero mean. Opt++ is used to determine the optimal values of the covariance parameters, those which minimize the negative log likelihood function.

13.56.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

GaussProcApproximation( ) [inline]

default constructor

alternate constructor used by EffGlobalOptimization and NonDGlobalReliability that does not use a problem database defaults here are no point selectinn and quadratic trend function.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

13.56.3 Member Function Documentation

void GPmodel_apply ( const RealVector & new_x, bool variance_flag, bool gradients_flag ) [private]

Function returns a response value using the GP surface.

The response value is computed at the design point specified by the RealVector function argument.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), GaussProcApproximation::approxPoint, GaussProcApproximation::get_cov_vector(), SharedApproxData::numVars, GaussProcApproximation::predict(), Approximation::sharedDataRep, GaussProcApproximation::trainMeans, and GaussProcApproximation::trainStdvs.

Referenced by GaussProcApproximation::gradient(), GaussProcApproximation::pointsel_get_errors(), GaussProcApproximation::prediction_variance(), and GaussProcApproximation::value().

13.56.4 Member Data Documentation

short trendOrder [private]

The number of variables in each X variable (number of dimensions of the problem).

The order of the basis function for the mean of the GP If the order = 0, the trend is a constant, if the order = 1, trend is linear, if order = 2, trend is quadratic.

Referenced by GaussProcApproximation::GaussProcApproximation(), GaussProcApproximation::get_beta_coefficients(), GaussProcApproximation::get_trend(), GaussProcApproximation::GPmodel_build(), and GaussProcApproximation::predict().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- GaussProcApproximation.hpp
- GaussProcApproximation.cpp

13.57 GeneralReader Class Reference

Utility used in derived read_core to read in generic format.

Public Member Functions

- template<typename ArrayType>
  void operator() ( std::istream & s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, ArrayType & array_data, StringMultiArrayView label_array)

13.57.1 Detailed Description

Utility used in derived read_core to read in generic format.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.58 GeneralWriter Class Reference

Utility used in derived write_core to write in generic format.
13.59. **GETLONGOPT CLASS REFERENCE**

**Public Member Functions**

- template<typename ArrayType>
  
  void operator()(std::ostream &s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType &array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array)

13.58.1 **Detailed Description**

Utility used in derived write core to write in generic format.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.59 **GetLongOpt Class Reference**

GetLongOpt is a general command line utility from S. Manoharan (Advanced Computer Research Institute, Lyon, France).

**Inheritance diagram for GetLongOpt:**

```
GetLongOpt
 CommandLineHandler
```

**Public Types**

- enum OptType { Valueless, OptionalValue, MandatoryValue }

  *enum for different types of values associated with command line options.*

**Public Member Functions**

- **GetLongOpt** (const char optmark= '-')

  *Constructor.*

- **~GetLongOpt** ()

  *Destructor.*

- int parse (int argc, char *const argv)

  *parse the command line args (argc, argv).*

- int parse (char *const str, char *const p)

  *parse a string of options (typically given from the environment).*

- int enroll (const char *const opt, const OptType t, const char *const desc, const char *const val)

  *Add an option to the list of valid command options.*

- const char * retrieve (const char *const opt) const

  *Retrieve value of option.*

- void usage (std::ostream &outfile=Cout) const

  *Print usage information to outfile.*

- void usage (const char *str)

  *Utility to print the usage information.*
Change header of usage output to str.

- void store (const char *name, const char *value)
  
  Store a specified option value.

**Private Member Functions**

- char * basename (char *const p) const
  
  extract the base name from a string as delimited by '/'

- int setcell (Cell *c, char *valtoken, char *nexttoken, const char *p)
  
  internal convenience function for setting Cell::value

**Private Attributes**

- Cell * table
  
  option table

- const char * ustring
  
  usage message

- char * pname
  
  program basename

- char optmarker
  
  option marker

- int enroll_done

  finished enrolling

- Cell * last

  last entry in option table

### 13.59.1 Detailed Description

GetLongOpt is a general command line utility from S. Manoharan (Advanced Computer Research Institute, Lyon, France).

GetLongOpt manages the definition and parsing of “long options.” Command line options can be abbreviated as long as there is no ambiguity. If an option requires a value, the value should be separated from the option either by whitespace or an “=”.

### 13.59.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum OptType

enum for different types of values associated with command line options.

**Enumerator**

- **Valueless**  option that may never have a value

- **OptionalValue**  option with optional value

- **MandatoryValue**  option with required value
13.59. GETLONGOPT CLASS REFERENCE

13.59.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

GetLongOpt ( const char optmark = ' -' )

Constructor.

Constructor for GetLongOpt takes an optional argument: the option marker. If unspecified, this defaults to ' -', the standard (?) Unix option marker.


13.59.4 Member Function Documentation

int parse ( int argc, char *const argv )

parse the command line args (argc, argv).

A return value < 1 represents a parse error. Appropriate error messages are printed when errors are seen.
parse returns the the optind (see getopt(3)) if parsing is successful.


Referenced by CommandLineHandler::check_usage().

int parse ( char *const str, char *const p )

parse a string of options (typically given from the environment).

A return value < 1 represents a parse error. Appropriate error messages are printed when errors are seen.
parse takes two strings: the first one is the string to be parsed and the second one is a string to be prefixed to the parse errors.


int enroll ( const char *const opt, const OptType t, const char *const desc, const char *const val )

Add an option to the list of valid command options.

enroll adds option specifications to its internal database. The first argument is the option sting. The second is an enum saying if the option is a flag (Valueless), if it requires a mandatory value (MandatoryValue) or if it takes an optional value (OptionalValue). The third argument is a string giving a brief description of the option. This description will be used by GetLongOpt::usage. GetLongOpt, for usage-printing, uses {$val} to represent values needed by the options. {<$val> } is a mandatory value and {{$val}} is an optional value. The final argument to enroll is the default string to be returned if the option is not specified. For flags (options with Valueless), use "" (empty string, or in fact any arbitrary string) for specifying TRUE and 0 (null pointer) to specify FALSE.


Referenced by CommandLineHandler::initialize_options().

const char * retrieve ( const char *const opt ) const

Retrieve value of option.

The values of the options that are enrolled in the database can be retrieved using retrieve. This returns a string and this string should be converted to whatever type you want. See atoi, atof, atol, etc. If a ”parse” is not done before retrieving all you will get are the default values you gave while enrolling! Ambiguities while retrieving (may happen when options are abbreviated) are resolved by taking the matching option that was enrolled last. For example, -{v} will expand to {-verify}. If you try to retrieve something you didn’t enroll, you will get a warning message.
References GetLongOpt::optmarker, and GetLongOpt::table. Referenced by CommandLineHandler::check_usage(), ProgramOptions::manage_run_modes(), ProgramOptions::ProgramOptions(), and CommandLineHandler::read_restart_evals().

void usage ( const char * str ) [inline]

Change header of usage output to str.
GetLongOpt::usage is overloaded. If passed a string "str", it sets the internal usage string to "str". Otherwise it simply prints the command usage.
References GetLongOpt::ustring.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- CommandLineHandler.hpp
- CommandLineHandler.cpp

13.60 Graphics Class Reference

The Graphics class provides a single interface to 2D (motif) and 3D (PLPLOT) graphics; there is only one instance of this OutputManager::dakotaGraphics.

Public Member Functions

- Graphics ()
  constructor
- ~Graphics ()
  destructor
- void create_plots_2d (const Variables &vars, const Response &response)
  creates the 2d graphics window and initializes the plots
- void add_datapoint (int graphics_cntr, const Variables &vars, const Response &response)
  adds data to each window in the 2d graphics based on the results of a model evaluation
- void add_datapoint (int i, double x, double y)
  adds data to a single window in the 2d graphics
- void new_dataset (int i)
  creates a separate line graphic for subsequent data points for a single window in the 2d graphics
- void close ()
  close graphics windows
- void set_x_labels2d (const char *x_label)
  set x label for each plot equal to x_label
- void set_y_labels2d (const char *y_label)
  set y label for each plot equal to y_label
- void set_x_label2d (int i, const char *x_label)
  set x label for ith plot equal to x_label
- void set_y_label2d (int i, const char *y_label)
  set y label for ith plot equal to y_label
Private Attributes

- Graphics2D * graphics2D
  
  pointer to the 2D graphics object

- bool win2dOn
  
  flag to indicate if 2D graphics window is active

13.60.1 Detailed Description

The Graphics class provides a single interface to 2D (motif) and 3D (PLPLOT) graphics; there is only one instance of this OutputManager::dakotaGraphics.

13.60.2 Member Function Documentation

void create_plots_2d ( const Variables & vars, const Response & response )

creates the 2d graphics window and initializes the plots

Sets up a single event loop for duration of the dakotaGraphics object, continuously adding data to a single window. There is no reset. To start over with a new data set, you need a new object (delete old and instantiate new).

References Variables::continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::cv(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::div(), Variables::drv(), Response::function_labels(), Graphics::graphics2D, Response::num_functions(), Dakota::re_match(), and Graphics::win2dOn.

Referenced by NonDReliability::initialize_graphics(), SurrBasedMinimizer::initialize_graphics(), and Iterator::initialize_graphics().

void add_datapoint ( int graphics_cntr, const Variables & vars, const Response & response )

adds data to each window in the 2d graphics based on the results of a model evaluation

Adds data to each 2d plot and each tabular data column (one for each active variable and for each response function). graphicsCntr is used for the x axis in the graphics and the first column in the tabular data.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Response::function_values(), Graphics::graphics2D, and Graphics::win2dOn.

Referenced by OutputManager::add_datapoint(), NonDLocalReliability::mean_value(), and NonDLocalReliability::update_level_data().

void add_datapoint ( int i, double x, double y )

adds data to a single window in the 2d graphics

Adds data to a single 2d plot. Allows complete flexibility in defining other kinds of x-y plotting in the 2D graphics.

References Graphics::graphics2D, and Graphics::win2dOn.

void new_dataset ( int i )

creates a separate line graphic for subsequent data points for a single window in the 2d graphics

Used for displaying multiple data sets within the same plot.

References Graphics::graphics2D, and Graphics::win2dOn.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::update_level_data().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
• DakotaGraphics.hpp
• DakotaGraphics.cpp

13.61 GridApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using grid services such as Condor or Globus.

Inheritance diagram for GridApplicInterface:

```
  Interface
     |       |       |       |       |
  ApplicationInterface
     |       |       |       |       |
  ProcessApplicInterface
     |       |       |       |       |
  SysCallApplicInterface
     |       |       |       |       |
  GridApplicInterface
```

Public Member Functions

- **GridApplicInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  * constructor

- **~GridApplicInterface** ()
  
  * destructor

- void **derived_map** (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, int fn_eval_id)
  
  Called by map() and other functions to execute the simulation in synchronous mode. The portion of performing an evaluation that is specific to a derived class.

- void **derived_map_asynch** (const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  
  Called by map() and other functions to execute the simulation in asynchronous mode. The portion of performing an asynchronous evaluation that is specific to a derived class.

- void **wait_local_evaluations** (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version waits for at least one completion.

- void **test_local_evaluations** (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  Convenience function for common code between wait and nowait case.

- int **synchronous_local_analysis** (int analysis_id)

Protected Member Functions

- bool **grid_file_test** (const String &root_file)
  
  test file(s) for existence based on root_file name
13.62. HIERARCHSURRMODEL CLASS REFERENCE

Protected Attributes

- IntSet idSet
  Set of function evaluation id’s for active asynchronous system call evaluations.
- IntShortMap failCountMap
  map linking function evaluation id’s to number of response read failures
- start_grid_computing_t start_grid_computing
  handle to dynamically linked start_grid_computing function
- perform_analysis_t perform_analysis
  handle to dynamically linked perform_analysis grid function
- get_jobs_completed_t get_jobs_completed
  handle to dynamically linked get_jobs_completed grid function
- stop_grid_computing_t stop_grid_computing
  handle to dynamically linked stop_grid_computing function

13.61.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using grid services such as Condor or Globus.
This class is currently a modified copy of SysCallApplicInterface adapted for use with an external grid services library which was dynamically linked using dlopen() services.

13.61.2 Member Function Documentation

int synchronous_local_analysis ( int analysis_id ) [inline], [virtual]

This code provides the derived function used by ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch(). TODO - allow local analyses????
Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
References SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_analysis_to_shell().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- GridApplicInterface.hpp
- GridApplicInterface.cpp

13.62 HierarchSurrModel Class Reference

Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing hierarchical surrogates (models of varying fidelity).
Inheritance diagram for HierarchSurrModel:
Public Member Functions

- HierarchSurrModel (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  constructor

- ~HierarchSurrModel ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- void derived_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  portion of compute_response() specific to HierarchSurrModel

- void derived_asynch_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to HierarchSurrModel

- const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ()
  portion of synchronize() specific to HierarchSurrModel

- const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait ()
  portion of synchronize_nowait() specific to HierarchSurrModel

- Model & surrogate_model ()
  return lowFidelityModel

- Model & truth_model ()
  return highFidelityModel

- void derived_subordinate_models (Modellst &ml, bool recurse_flag)
  return lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel

- void primary_response_fn_weights (const RealVector &wts, bool recurse_flag=true)
  set the relative weightings for multiple objective functions or least squares terms and optionally recurses into LF/HF models

- void surrogate_response_mode (short mode)
  set responseMode and pass any bypass request on to highFidelityModel for any lower-level surrogate recursions.

- void surrogate_function_indices (const IntSet &surr_fn_indices)
  (re)set the surrogate index set in SurrogateModel::surrogateFnIndices

- void build_approximation ()
  use highFidelityModel to compute the truth values needed for correction of lowFidelityModel results

- void component_parallel_mode (short mode)
  update component parallel mode for supporting parallelism in lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel

- IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds (int max_eval_concurrency)
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Model

- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevlIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  set up lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel for parallel operations

- void derived_init_serial ()
  set up lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel for serial operations.

- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevlIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  set active parallel configuration within lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel

- void derived_free_communicators (ParLevlIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  deallocate communicator partitions for the HierarchSurrModel (request forwarded to lowFidelityModel and high-FidelityModel)
• void serve_run (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)

Service lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from stop_servers().

• void stop_servers ()

Executed by the master to terminate lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel server operations when iteration on the HierarchSurrModel is complete.

• void inactive_view (short view, bool recurse_flag=true)

update the Model's inactive view based on higher level (nested) context and optionally recurse into

• int evaluation_id () const

Return the current evaluation id for the HierarchSurrModel.

• void set_evaluation_reference ()

set the evaluation counter reference points for the HierarchSurrModel (request forwarded to lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel)

• void fine_grained_evaluation_counters ()

request fine-grained evaluation reporting within lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel

• void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const

print the evaluation summary for the HierarchSurrModel (request forwarded to lowFidelityModel and highFidelityModel)

Private Member Functions

• void update_model (Model &model)

update the incoming model (lowFidelityModel or highFidelityModel) with current variable values/bounds/labels

Private Attributes

• int hierModelEvalCntr

number of calls to derived_compute_response() / derived_asynch_compute_response()

• IntResponseMap cachedTruthRespMap

map of high-fidelity responses retrieved in derived_synchronize_nowait() that could not be returned since corresponding low-fidelity response portions were still pending.

• Model lowFidelityModel

provides approximate low fidelity function evaluations. Model is of arbitrary type and supports recursions (e.g., lowFidelityModel can be a data fit surrogate on a low fidelity model).

• Model highFidelityModel

provides truth evaluations for computing corrections to the low fidelity results. Model is of arbitrary type and supports recursions.

• Response highFidRefResponse

the reference high fidelity response computed in build_approximation() and used for calculating corrections.
Additional Inherited Members

13.62.1 Detailed Description

Derived model class within the surrogate model branch for managing hierarchical surrogates (models of varying fidelity).

The HierarchSurrModel class manages hierarchical models of varying fidelity. In particular, it uses a low fidelity model as a surrogate for a high fidelity model. The class contains a lowFidelityModel which performs the approximate low fidelity function evaluations and a highFidelityModel which provides truth evaluations for computing corrections to the low fidelity results.

13.62.2 Member Function Documentation

void derived compute response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of compute response() specific to HierarchSurrModel

Compute the response synchronously using lowFidelityModel, highFidelityModel, or both (mixed case). For the lowFidelityModel portion, compute the high fidelity response if needed with build approximation(), and, if correction is active, correct the low fidelity results.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Response::active set(), DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), HierarchSurrModel::build approximation(), HierarchSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), Model::compute response(), DiscrepancyCorrection::computed(), Response::copy(), Model::current response(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, SurrogateModel::delta-Corr, Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), Model::hierarchicalTagging, HierarchSurrModel::hierModelEvalCntr, HierarchSurrModel::highFidelityModel, HierarchSurrModel::highFid-RefResponse, HierarchSurrModel::lowFidelityModel, Model::output Level, ActiveSet::request vector(), SurrogateModel::response mapping(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, Response::update(), and HierarchSurrModel::update_model().

void derived async compute response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of async compute response() specific to HierarchSurrModel

Compute the response asynchronously using lowFidelityModel, highFidelityModel, or both (mixed case). For the lowFidelityModel portion, compute the high fidelity response with build approximation() (for correcting the low fidelity results in derived synchronize() and derived synchronize_nowait()) if not performed previously.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrogateModel::approxBuilds, SurrogateModel::asv_mapping(), Model::async compute response(), Model::async_flag(), HierarchSurrModel::build approximation(), SurrogateModel::cachedApproxRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::cachedTruthRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), Model::compute response(), DiscrepancyCorrection::computed(), Response::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::current response(), Model::currentVariables, SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, Model::evaluation id(), SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), Model::hierarchicalTagging, HierarchSurrModel::hierModelEvalCntr, HierarchSurrModel::highFidelityModel, HierarchSurrModel::highFidRefResponse, HierarchSurrModel::lowFidelityModel, Model::output Level, SurrogateModel::rawVarsMap, ActiveSet::request vector(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, SurrogateModel::truthIdMap, and HierarchSurrModel::update_model().

const IntResponseMap & derived synchronize ( ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of synchronize() specific to HierarchSurrModel
Blocking retrieval of asynchronous evaluations from lowFidelityModel, highFidelityModel, or both (mixed case). For the lowFidelityModel portion, apply correction (if active) to each response in the array. derived_synchronize() is designed for the general case where derived_asynch_compute_response() may be inconsistent in its use of low fidelity evaluations, high fidelity evaluations, or both.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrogateModel::cachedApproxRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::cachedTruthRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), DiscrepancyCorrection::computed(), SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, HierarchSurrModel::highFidelityModel, HierarchSurrModel::highFidRefResponse, HierarchSurrModel::lowFidelityModel, Model::outputLevel, SurrogateModel::rawVarsMap, SurrogateModel::response_mapping(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, SurrogateModel::surrResponseMap, Model::synchronize(), and SurrogateModel::truthIdMap.

const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait() [protected], [virtual]

portion of synchronize_nowait() specific to HierarchSurrModel

Nonblocking retrieval of asynchronous evaluations from lowFidelityModel, highFidelityModel, or both (mixed case). For the lowFidelityModel portion, apply correction (if active) to each response in the map. derived_synchronize_nowait() is designed for the general case where derived_asynch_compute_response() may be inconsistent in its use of actual evals, approx evals, or both.

Reimplemented from Model.

References DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrogateModel::cachedApproxRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::cachedTruthRespMap, HierarchSurrModel::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), DiscrepancyCorrection::computed(), SurrogateModel::deltaCorr, HierarchSurrModel::highFidelityModel, HierarchSurrModel::highFidRefResponse, HierarchSurrModel::lowFidelityModel, Model::outputLevel, SurrogateModel::rawVarsMap, SurrogateModel::response_mapping(), SurrogateModel::responseMode, SurrogateModel::surrIdMap, SurrogateModel::surrResponseMap, Model::synchronize_nowait(), and SurrogateModel::truthIdMap.

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_synchronize().

int evaluation_id() const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Return the current evaluation id for the HierarchSurrModel.

return the hierarchical model evaluation count. Due to possibly intermittent use of surrogate bypass, this is not the same as either the LoFi or HiFi model evaluation counts. It also does not distinguish duplicate evals.

Reimplemented from Model.

References HierarchSurrModel::hierModelEvalCntr.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- HierarchSurrModel.hpp
- HierarchSurrModel.cpp

13.63 Interface Class Reference

Base class for the interface class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Interface:
Public Member Functions

- **Interface ()**
  default constructor
- **Interface (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  standard constructor for envelope
- **Interface (const Interface &interface_in)**
  copy constructor
- virtual ~Interface ()
  destructor
- **Interface operator= (const Interface &interface_in)**
  assignment operator
- virtual void map (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, Response &response, bool asynch_flag=false)
  the function evaluator: provides a "mapping" from the variables to the responses.
- virtual const IntResponseMap & synch ()
  recovers data from a series of asynchronous evaluations (blocking)
- virtual const IntResponseMap & synch_nowait ()
  recovers data from a series of asynchronous evaluations (nonblocking)
- virtual void serve_evaluations ()
  evaluation server function for multiprocessor executions
- virtual void stop_evaluation_servers ()
  send messages from iterator rank 0 to terminate evaluation servers
- virtual void init_communicators (const IntArray &message_lengths, int max_eval_concurrency)
  allocate communicator partitions for concurrent evaluations within an iterator and concurrent multiprocessor analyses within an evaluation.
- virtual void set_communicators (const IntArray &message_lengths, int max_eval_concurrency)
  set the local parallel partition data for an interface (the partitions are already allocated in ParallelLibrary).
- virtual void init_serial ()
reset certain defaults for serial interface objects.

- virtual int \texttt{asynch\_local\_evaluation\_concurrency} () const
  return the user-specified concurrency for asynch local evaluations

- virtual short \texttt{interface\_synchronization} () const
  return the user-specified interface synchronization

- virtual int \texttt{minimum\_points} (bool constraint\_flag) const
  returns the minimum number of points required to build a particular \texttt{ApproximationInterface} (used by DataFitSurfModels).

- virtual int \texttt{recommended\_points} (bool constraint\_flag) const
  returns the recommended number of points required to build a particular \texttt{ApproximationInterface} (used by DataFitSurfModels).

- virtual void \texttt{approximation\_function\_indices} (const IntSet &approx\_fn\_indices)
  set the (currently active) approximation function index set

- virtual void \texttt{update\_approximation} (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response\_pr)
  updates the anchor point for an approximation

- virtual void \texttt{update\_approximation} (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map)
  updates the current data points for an approximation

- virtual void \texttt{update\_approximation} (const VariablesArray &vars\_array, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map)
  updates the current data points for an approximation

- virtual void \texttt{append\_approximation} (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response\_pr)
  appends a single point to an existing approximation

- virtual void \texttt{append\_approximation} (const VariablesArray &vars\_array, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map)
  appends multiple points to an existing approximation

- virtual void \texttt{append\_approximation} (const VariablesArray &vars\_array, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map)
  appends multiple points to an existing approximation

- virtual void \texttt{build\_approximation} (const RealVector &c\_lbnds, const RealVector &c\_ubnds, const IntVector &di\_lbnds, const IntVector &di\_ubnds, const RealVector &dr\_lbnds, const RealVector &dr\_ubnds)
  builds the approximation

- virtual void \texttt{export\_approximation} (const StringArray &fn\_labels)
  export the approximation to disk

- virtual void \texttt{rebuild\_approximation} (const BoolDeque &rebuild\_deque)
  rebuilds the approximation after a data update

- virtual void \texttt{pop\_approximation} (bool save\_surr\_data)
  removes data from last append from the approximation

- virtual void \texttt{restore\_approximation} ()
  restores the approximation to a selected previous state

- virtual bool \texttt{restore\_available} ()
  queries the approximation for the ability to restore a previous increment

- virtual void \texttt{finalize\_approximation} ()
  finalizes the approximation by applying all trial increments

- virtual void \texttt{store\_approximation} ()
  move the current approximation into storage for later combination

- virtual void \texttt{combine\_approximation} (short corr\_type)
combine the current approximation with one previously stored

- virtual void clear_current ()
  clears current data from an approximation interface
- virtual void clear_all ()
  clears all data from an approximation interface
- virtual void clear_saved ()
  clears saved data (from pop invocations) from an approximation interface
- virtual SharedApproxData & shared_approximation ()
  retrieve the SharedApproxData within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual std::vector<Approximation> & approximations ()
  retrieve the Approximations within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual const Pecos::SurrogateData & approximation_data (size_t index)
  retrieve the approximation data from a particular Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual const RealVectorArray & approximation_coefficients (bool normalized=false)
  retrieve the approximation coefficients from each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual const RealVectorArray & approximations ()
  set the approximation coefficients within each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual const RealVector & approximation variances (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximation variances from each Approximation within an ApproximationInterface
- virtual const StringArray & analysis_drivers () const
  retrieve the analysis drivers specification for application interfaces
- virtual bool evaluation_cache () const
  return flag indicating usage of the global evaluation cache
- virtual void file_cleanup () const
  clean up any interface parameter/response files when aborting
- void assign_rep (Interface *interface_rep, bool ref_count_incr=true)
  replaces existing letter with a new one
- unsigned short interface_type () const
  returns the interface type
- const String & interface_id () const
  returns the interface identifier
- int evaluation_id () const
  returns the value of the (total) evaluation id counter for the interface
- void fine_grained_evaluation_counters (size_t num_fns)
  set fineGrainEvalCounters to true and initialize counters if needed
- void init_evaluation_counters (size_t num_fns)
  initialize fine grained evaluation counters, sizing if needed
- void set_evaluation_reference ()
  set evaluation count reference points for the interface
- void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header, bool relative_count) const
  print an evaluation summary for the interface
13.63. INTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

- **bool multi_proc_eval()** const
  returns a flag signaling the use of multiprocessor evaluation partitions

- **bool iterator_eval_dedicated_master()** const
  returns a flag signaling the use of a dedicated master processor at the iterator-evaluation scheduling level

- **bool is_null()** const
  function to check interfaceRep (does this envelope contain a letter?)

- **void eval_tag_prefix(const String &eval_id_str, bool append_iface_id=true)**
  set the evaluation tag prefix (does not recurse)

Protected Member Functions

- **Interface (BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- **Interface (NoDBBaseConstructor, size_t num_fns, short output_level)**
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (NoDBBaseConstructor used for on the fly instantiations without a DB)

- **void init_algebraic_mappings(const Variables &vars, const Response &response)**
  Define algebraicACVIndices, algebraicACVIds, and algebraicFnIndices.

- **void asv_mapping(const ActiveSet &total_set, ActiveSet &algebraic_set, ActiveSet &core_set)**
  define the evaluation requirements for algebraic_mappings() (algebraic_set) and the core Application/Approximation mapping (core_set) from the total Interface evaluation requirements (total_set)

- **void asv_mapping(const ActiveSet &algebraic_set, ActiveSet &total_set)**
  map an algebraic ASV back to original total ordering for asynch recovery

- **void algebraic_mappings(const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &algebraic_set, Response &algebraic_response)**
  evaluate the algebraic_response using the AMPL solver library and the data extracted from the algebraic_mappings file

- **void response_mapping(const Response &algebraic_response, const Response &core_response, Response &total_response)**
  combine the response from algebraic_mappings() with the response from derived_map() to create the total response

- **String final_eval_id_tag(int fn_eval_id)**
  form and return the final evaluation ID tag, appending iface ID if needed

Protected Attributes

- **unsigned short interfaceType**
  the interface type: enum for system, fork, direct, grid, or approximation

- **String interfaceId**
  the interface specification identifier string from the DAKOTA input file

- **bool algebraicMappings**
  flag for the presence of algebraic_mappings that define the subset of an Interface’s parameter to response mapping that is explicit and algebraic.

- **bool coreMappings**
  flag for the presence of non-algebraic mappings that define the core of an Interface’s parameter to response mapping (using analysis drivers for ApplicationInterface or functionSurfaces for ApproximationInterface).
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- short outputLevel
  output verbosity level: \{SILENT, QUIET, NORMAL, VERBOSE, DEBUG\}_OUTPUT

- int currEvalId
  identifier for the current evaluation, which may differ from the evaluation counters in the case of evaluation scheduling; used on iterator master as well as server processors. Currently, this is set prior to all invocations of derived_map() for all processors.

- bool fineGrainEvalCounters
  controls use of fn val/grad/hess counters for detailed evaluation report

- int evalIdCntr
  total interface evaluation counter

- int newEvalIdCntr
  new (non-duplicate) interface evaluation counter

- int evalIdRefPt
  iteration reference point for evalIdCntr

- int newEvalIdRefPt
  iteration reference point for newEvalIdCntr

- IntArray fnValCounter
  number of value evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray fnGradCounter
  number of gradient evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray fnHessCounter
  number of Hessian evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray newFnValCounter
  number of new value evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray newFnGradCounter
  number of new gradient evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray newFnHessCounter
  number of new Hessian evaluations by resp fn

- IntArray fnValRefPt
  iteration reference point for fnValCounter

- IntArray fnGradRefPt
  iteration reference point for fnGradCounter

- IntArray fnHessRefPt
  iteration reference point for fnHessCounter

- IntArray newFnValRefPt
  iteration reference point for newFnValCounter

- IntArray newFnGradRefPt
  iteration reference point for newFnGradCounter

- IntArray newFnHessRefPt
  iteration reference point for newFnHessCounter

- IntResponseMap rawResponseMap
  Set of responses returned after either a blocking or nonblocking schedule of asynchronous evaluations.

- StringArray fnLabels
response function descriptors (used in `print_evaluation_summary()` and derived direct interface classes); initialized in `map()` functions due to potential updates after construction

- **bool multiProcEvalFlag**
  flag for multiprocessor evaluation partitions (`evalComm`)

- **bool ieDedMasterFlag**
  flag for dedicated master partitioning at the iterator level

- **String evalTagPrefix**
  set of period-delimited evaluation ID tags to use in evaluation tagging

- **bool appendFaceId**
  whether to append the interface ID to the prefix during map (default true)

### Private Member Functions

- **Interface * get_interface (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

- **int algebraic_function_type (String)**
  Used by algebraic mappings to determine the correct AMPL function evaluation call to make.

### Private Attributes

- **StringArray algebraicVarTags**
  set of variable tags from AMPL `stub.col`

- **SizetArray algebraicACVIndices**
  set of indices mapping AMPL algebraic variables to DAKOTA all continuous variables

- **SizetArray algebraicACVIds**
  set of ids mapping AMPL algebraic variables to DAKOTA all continuous variables

- **StringArray algebraicFnTags**
  set of function tags from AMPL `stub.row`

- **IntArray algebraicFnTypes**
  function type: $> 0 = \text{objective}, < 0 = \text{constraint}$ \(|-I\) is the objective (constraint) index when making AMPL `objval` (conival) calls

- **SizetArray algebraicFnIndices**
  set of indices mapping AMPL algebraic objective functions to DAKOTA response functions

- **RealArray algebraicConstraintWeights**
  set of weights for computing Hessian matrices for algebraic constraints;

- **int numAlgebraicResponses**
  number of algebraic responses (objectives+constraints)

- **Interface * interfaceRep**
  pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)

- **int referenceCount**
  number of objects sharing `interfaceRep`

- **ASL * asl**
  pointer to an AMPL solver library (ASL) object
13.63.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the interface class hierarchy.

The Interface class hierarchy provides the part of a Model that is responsible for mapping a set of Variables into a set of Responses. The mapping is performed using either a simulation-based application interface or a surrogate-based approximation interface. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the interface hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (Interface) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in Interface::get_interface()) serves as the letter.

13.63.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Interface ( )

default constructor

used in Model envelope class instantiations

Interface ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db )

standard constructor for envelope

Used in Model instantiation to build the envelope. This constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_interface, since Interface::Interface(BaseConstructor, problem_db) builds the actual base class data inherited by the derived interfaces.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Interface::get_interface(), and Interface::interfaceRep.

Interface ( const Interface & interface_in )

copy constructor

Copy constructor manages sharing of interfaceRep and incrementing of referenceCount.

References Interface::interfaceRep, and Interface::referenceCount.

~Interface ( ) [virtual]

destructor

Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes interfaceRep if referenceCount is zero.

References Interface::interfaceRep, and Interface::referenceCount.

Interface ( BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [protected]

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all inherited interfaces. get_interface() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid the recursion of the base class constructor calling get_interface() again). Since this is the letter and the letter IS the representation, interfaceRep is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Interface).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Interface::algebraic_function_type(), Interface::algebraicConstraintWeights, Interface::algebraicFnTags, Interface::algebraicFnTypes, Interface::algebraicMappings, Interface::algebraicVarTags, Interface::asl, ProblemDescDB::get_string(), Interface::outputLevel, and Dakota::strends().
13.63. INTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

13.63.3 Member Function Documentation

**Interface operator= ( const Interface & interface_in )**

Assignment operator


References Interface::interfaceRep, and Interface::referenceCount.

**void assign_rep ( Interface * interface_rep, bool ref_count_incr = true )**

replaces existing letter with a new one

Similar to the assignment operator, the assign_rep() function decrements referenceCount for the old interfaceRep and assigns the new interfaceRep. It is different in that it is used for publishing derived class letters to existing envelopes, as opposed to sharing representations among multiple envelopes (in particular, assign_rep is passed a letter object and operator= is passed an envelope object). Letter assignment supports two models as governed by ref_count_incr:

- ref_count_incr = true (default): the incoming letter belongs to another envelope. In this case, increment the reference count in the normal manner so that deallocation of the letter is handled properly.

- ref_count_incr = false: the incoming letter is instantiated on the fly and has no envelope. This case is modeled after get_interface(): a letter is dynamically allocated using new and passed into assign_rep, the letter’s reference count is not incremented, and the letter is not remotely deleted (its memory management is passed over to the envelope).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Interface::interfaceRep, and Interface::referenceCount.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), parallel_interface_plugin(), LibraryEnvironment::plugin_interface(), and run_dakota().

**void eval_tag_prefix ( const String & eval_id_str, bool append_iface_id = true )**

set the evaluation tag prefix (does not recurse)

default implementation just sets the list of eval ID tags; derived classes containing additional models or interfaces should override (currently no use cases)

References Interface::append_ifaceId, Interface::eval_tag_prefix(), Interface::evalTagPrefix, and Interface::interfaceRep.

Referenced by NestedModel::derived_compute_response(), SingleModel::eval_tag_prefix(), and Interface::eval_tag_prefix().

**void response_mapping ( const Response & algebraic_response, const Response & core_response, Response & total_response ) [protected]**

combine the response from algebraic_mappings() with the response from derived_map() to create the total response

This function will get invoked even when only algebraic mappings are active (no core mappings from derived_map), since the AMPL algebraic_response may be ordered differently from the total_response. In this case, the core_response object is unused.

References Dakota::NPOS, Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), Interface::algebraicACVIds, Interface::algebraicFnIndices, Interface::coreMappings, Dakota::find_index(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(),
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Response::function_values_view(), Interface::outputLevel, Response::reset(), and Response::reset_inactive().

Referenced by ApproximationInterface::map(), ApplicationInterface::map(), ApplicationInterface::synchronize(), and ApplicationInterface::synchronize_nowait().

Interface * get_interface ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [private]

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.
used only by the envelope constructor to initialize interfaceRep to the appropriate derived type.
References ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), and Interface::interface_type().
Referenced by Interface::Interface().

13.63.4 Member Data Documentation

IntResponseMap rawResponseMap [protected]

Set of responses returned after either a blocking or nonblocking schedule of asynchronous evaluations.
The map is a full/partial set of completions which are identified through their evalIdCntr key. The raw set is postprocessed (i.e., finite diff grads merged) in Model::synchronize() where it becomes responseMap.

Referenced by ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations(), ApplicationInterface::process_asynchronous_local(), ApplicationInterface::process_synchronize_local(), ApplicationInterface::receive_evaluation(), ApplicationInterface::synchronize(), ApproximationInterface::synchronize(), ApproximationInterface::synchronize_nowait(), ApplicationInterface::test_local_backfill(), and ApplicationInterface::test_receives_backfill().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaInterface.hpp
- DakotaInterface.cpp

13.64 Iterator Class Reference

Base class for the iterator class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Iterator:

```
Analyzer | MetaIterator | Minimizer
---|---|---
| NonD | CellHybridMetaIterator | LeastSq
| PstudyDACE | ConcurrentMetaIterator | Optimizer
| Verification | EmbedHybridMetaIterator | PebbleMinimizer
| | SeqHybridMetaIterator | SurBaseBasedMinimizer
```

Public Member Functions

- Iterator ()
  
  default constructor
- Iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
standard envelope constructor, which constructs its own model(s)

- **Iterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  alternate envelope constructor which uses the ProblemDescDB but accepts a model from a higher level (meta-iterator) context, instead of constructing its own

- **Iterator** (const String &method_string, Model &model)
  
  alternate envelope constructor for instantiations by name without the ProblemDescDB

- **Iterator** (const Iterator &iterator)
  
  copy constructor

- virtual ~Iterator ()
  
  destructor

- **Iterator operator=(** (const Iterator &iterator)
  
  assignment operator

- virtual void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- virtual void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- virtual void initialize_run ()
  
  utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

- virtual void pre_run ()
  
  pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori

- virtual void core_run ()
  
  core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

- virtual void post_run (std::ostream &s)
  
  post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

- virtual void finalize_run ()
  
  utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

- virtual void pre_output ()
  
  write variables to file, following pre-run

- virtual void post_input ()
  
  read tabular data for post-run mode

- virtual void reset ()
  
  restore initial state for repeated sub-iterator executions

- virtual void initialize_iterator (int job_index)
  
  used by IteratorScheduler to set the starting data for a run

- virtual void pack_parameters_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)
  
  used by IteratorScheduler to pack starting data for an iterator run

- virtual void unpack_parameters_buffer (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)
  
  used by IteratorScheduler to unpack starting data for an iterator run

- virtual void unpack_parameters_initialize (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)
  
  used by IteratorScheduler to unpack starting data and initialize an iterator run

- virtual void pack_results_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)
used by *IteratorScheduler* to pack results data from an iterator run

- virtual void **unpack_results_buffer** (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer, int job_index)
  used by *IteratorScheduler* to unpack results data from an iterator run

- virtual void **update_local_results** (int job_index)
  used by *IteratorScheduler* to update local results arrays

- virtual const Variables & **variables_results** () const
  return a single final iterator solution (variables)

- virtual const Response & **response_results** () const
  return a single final iterator solution (response)

- virtual const VariablesArray & **variables_array_results** ()
  return multiple final iterator solutions (variables). This should only be used if **returns_multiple_points()** returns true.

- virtual const ResponseArray & **response_array_results** ()
  return multiple final iterator solutions (response). This should only be used if **returns_multiple_points()** returns true.

- virtual bool **accepts_multiple_points** () const
  indicates if this iterator accepts multiple initial points. Default return is false. Override to return true if appropriate.

- virtual bool **returns_multiple_points** () const
  indicates if this iterator returns multiple final points. Default return is false. Override to return true if appropriate.

- virtual void **initial_points** (const VariablesArray &pts)
  sets the multiple initial points for this iterator. This should only be used if **accepts_multiple_points()** returns true.

- virtual void **response_results_active_set** (const ActiveSet &set)
  set the requested data for the final iterator response results

- virtual void **initialize_graphics** (int iterator_server_id=1)
  initialize the 2D graphics window and the tabular graphics data

- virtual void **print_results** (std::ostream &s)
  print the final iterator results

- virtual const Model & **algorithm_space_model** () const
  return the result of any recasting or surrogate model recursion layered on top of iteratedModel by the derived *Iterator* ctor chain

- virtual unsigned short **uses_method** () const
  return name of any enabling iterator used by this iterator

- virtual void **method_recourse** ()
  perform a method switch, if possible, due to a detected conflict

- virtual const VariablesArray & **all_variables** ()
  return the complete set of evaluated variables

- virtual const RealMatrix & **all_samples** ()
  return the complete set of evaluated samples

- virtual const IntResponseMap & **all_responses** () const
  return the complete set of computed responses

- virtual int **num_samples** () const
  get the current number of samples

- virtual void **sampling_reset** (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)
  reset sampling iterator to use at least min_samples
• virtual void sampling_reference (int samples_ref)
  set reference number of samples, which is a lower bound during reset
• virtual unsigned short sampling_scheme () const
  return sampling name
• virtual bool compact_mode () const
  returns Analyzer::compactMode
• virtual IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds ()
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Iterator
• void init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  initialize the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• void set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  set the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• void free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  free the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
• void parallel_configuration_iterator (ParConfigLIter pc_iter)
  set methodPCIter
• ParConfigLIter parallel_configuration_iterator () const
  return methodPCIter
• void run (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  invoke set_communicators(pl_iter) prior to run()
• void run ()
  orchestrate initialize/pre/core/post/finalize phases
• void assign_rep (Iterator *iterator_rep, bool ref_count=true)
  replaces existing letter with a new one
• void iterated_model (const Model &model)
  set the iteratedModel (iterators and meta-iterators using a single model instance)
• Model & iterated_model ()
  return the iteratedModel (iterators & meta-iterators using a single model instance)
• ProblemDescDB & problem_description_db () const
  return the problem description database (probDescDB)
• ParallelLibrary & parallel_library () const
  return the parallel library (parallelLib)
• void method_name (unsigned short m_name)
  set the method name to an enumeration value
• unsigned short method_name () const
  return the method name via its native enumeration value
• void method_string (const String &m_str)
  set the method name by string
• String method_string () const
  return the method name by string
• String method_enum_to_string (unsigned short method_name) const
  convert a method name enumeration value to a string
• unsigned short method_string_to_enum (const String &method_name) const
convert a method name string to an enumeration value

- String submethod_enum_to_string (unsigned short submethod_name) const
  convert a method name enumeration value to a string

- const String & method_id () const
  return the method identifier (methodId)

- int maximum_evaluation_concurrency () const
  return the maximum evaluation concurrency supported by the iterator

- void maximum_evaluation_concurrency (int max_conc)
  set the maximum evaluation concurrency supported by the iterator

- void convergence_tolerance (Real conv_tol)
  set the method convergence tolerance (convergenceTol)

- Real convergence_tolerance () const
  return the method convergence tolerance (convergenceTol)

- void output_level (short out_lev)
  set the method output level (outputLevel)

- short output_level () const
  return the method output level (outputLevel)

- void summary_output (bool summary_output_flag)
  Set summary output control; true enables evaluation/results summary.

- size_t num_final_solutions () const
  return the number of solutions to retain in best variables/response arrays

- void num_final_solutions (size_t num_final)
  set the number of solutions to retain in best variables/response arrays

- void active_set (const ActiveSet &set)
  set the default active set vector (for use with iterators that employ evaluate_parameter_sets())

- const ActiveSet & active_set () const
  return the default active set vector (used by iterators that employ evaluate_parameter_sets())

- void sub_iterator_flag (bool si_flag)
  set subIteratorFlag (and update summaryOutputFlag if needed)

- void active_variable_mappings (const SizetArray &c_index1, const SizetArray &di_index1, const SizetArray &ds_index1, const SizetArray &dr_index1, const ShortArray &c_target2, const ShortArray &di_target2, const ShortArray &ds_target2, const ShortArray &dr_target2)
  set primaryA{CV,DIV,DRV}MapIndices, secondaryA{CV,DIV,DRV}MapTargets

- bool is_null () const
  function to check iteratorRep (does this envelope contain a letter?)

- Iterator * iterator_rep () const
  returns iteratorRep for access to derived class member functions that are not mapped to the top Iterator level

- virtual void eval_tag_prefix (const String &eval_id_str)
  set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix
Protected Member Functions

- **Iterator** (BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes *(BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)*

- **Iterator** (NoDBBaseConstructor, unsigned short **method_name**, Model &model)
  
  alternate constructor for base iterator classes constructed on the fly

- **Iterator** (NoDBBaseConstructor, unsigned short **method_name**)
  
  alternate constructor for base iterator classes constructed on the fly

- virtual void **derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this **Iterator** instance

- virtual void **update_from_model** (const Model &model)
  
  set inherited data attributes based on extractions from incoming model

- virtual const VariablesArray & **initial_points** () const
  
  gets the multiple initial points for this iterator. This will only be meaningful after a call to initial_points mutator.

- StrStrSizet **run_identifier** () const
  
  get the unique run identifier based on method name, id, and number of executions

Static Protected Member Functions

- static void **gnewton_set_recast** (const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, ActiveSet &sub_model_set)
  
  conversion of request vector values for the Gauss-Newton Hessian approximation

Protected Attributes

- ProblemDescDB & **probDescDB**
  
  class member reference to the problem description database

- ParallelLibrary & **parallelLib**
  
  class member reference to the parallel library

- ParConfigLIter **methodPCIter**
  
  the active ParallelConfiguration used by this **Iterator** instance

- Model **iteratedModel**
  
  the model to be iterated (for iterators and meta-iterators employing a single model instance)

- size_t **myModelLayers**
  
  number of Models locally (in **Iterator** or derived classes) wrapped around the initially passed in Model

- unsigned short **methodName**
  
  name of the iterator (the user’s method spec)

- Real **convergenceTol**
  
  iteration convergence tolerance

- int **maxIterations**
  
  maximum number of iterations for the iterator

- int **maxFunctionEvals**
  
  maximum number of fn evaluations for the iterator

- int **maxEvalConcurrency**
maximum number of concurrent model evaluations

- **ActiveSet** `activeSet`
  the response data requirements on each function evaluation

- **size_t** `numFinalSolutions`
  number of solutions to retain in best variables/response arrays

- **VariablesArray** `bestVariablesArray`
  collection of N best solution variables found during the study; always in context of *Model* originally passed to the *Iterator* (any in-flight Recasts must be undone)

- **ResponseArray** `bestResponseArray`
  collection of N best solution responses found during the study; always in context of *Model* originally passed to the *Iterator* (any in-flight Recasts must be undone)

- **bool** `subIteratorFlag`
  flag indicating if this *Iterator* is a sub-iterator (*NestedModel::subIterator* or *DataFitSurrModel::daceIterator*)

- **SizetArray** `primaryACVarMapIndices`
  "primary" all continuous variable mapping indices flowed down from higher level iteration

- **SizetArray** `primaryADIVarMapIndices`
  "primary" all discrete int variable mapping indices flowed down from higher level iteration

- **SizetArray** `primaryADSVarMapIndices`
  "primary" all discrete string variable mapping indices flowed down from higher level iteration

- **SizetArray** `primaryADRVarMapIndices`
  "primary" all discrete real variable mapping indices flowed down from higher level iteration

- **ShortArray** `secondaryACVarMapTargets`
  "secondary" all continuous variable mapping targets flowed down from higher level iteration

- **ShortArray** `secondaryADIVarMapTargets`
  "secondary" all discrete int variable mapping targets flowed down from higher level iteration

- **ShortArray** `secondaryADSVarMapTargets`
  "secondary" all discrete string variable mapping targets flowed down from higher level iteration

- **ShortArray** `secondaryADRVarMapTargets`
  "secondary" all discrete real variable mapping targets flowed down from higher level iteration

- **short** `outputLevel`
  output verbosity level: `{SILENT,QUIET,NORMAL,VERBOSE,DEBUG}`

- **bool** `summaryOutputFlag`
  flag for summary output (evaluation stats, final results); default true, but false for on-the-fly (helper) iterators and sub-iterator use cases

- **ResultsManager &** `resultsDB`
  reference to the global iterator results database

- **ResultsNames** `resultsNames`
  valid names for iterator results
13.64. **ITERATOR CLASS REFERENCE**

**Private Member Functions**

- **Iterator** ∗ get_iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem db)
  
  *Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.*

- **Iterator** ∗ get_iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem db, Model &model)
  
  *Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.*

- **Iterator** ∗ get_iterator (const String &method_string, Model &model)
  
  *Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.*

**Private Attributes**

- **String** methodId
  
  *method identifier string from the input file*

- **size_t** execNum
  
  *an execution number for this instance of the class, unique across all instances of same methodName/methodId*

- **std::map**< size_t, ParConfigLIter > methodPCIterMap
  
  *track the available configurations that have been created (init.communicators) and are available for activation at run time (set.communicators)*

- **Iterator** ∗ iteratorRep
  
  *pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)*

- **int** referenceCount
  
  *number of objects sharing iteratorRep*

**13.64.1 Detailed Description**

Base class for the iterator class hierarchy.

The **Iterator** class is the base class for one of the primary class hierarchies in DAKOTA. The iterator hierarchy contains all of the iterative algorithms which use repeated execution of simulations as function evaluations. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the iterator hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (**Iterator**) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in **Iterator::get_iterator()**) serves as the letter.

**13.64.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

**Iterator ( )**

*default constructor*

The default constructor is used in Vector<Iterator> instantiations and for initialization of **Iterator** objects contained in meta-Iterators and **Model** recursions. iteratorRep is NULL in this case, making it necessary to check for NULL pointers in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

**Iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem db )**

*standard envelope constructor, which constructs its own model(s)*

Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute **get_iterator()**, since letter holds the actual base class data. This version is used for top-level ProblemDescDB-driven construction of all Iterators and MetaIterators, which construct their own **Model** instances.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), **Iterator::get_iterator()**, and **Iterator::iteratorRep**.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )
alternate envelope constructor which uses the ProblemDescDB but accepts a model from a higher level (meta-iterator) context, instead of constructing its own
Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_iterator(), since letter holds the actual base class data. This version is used for ProblemDescDB-driven construction of Iterators that are passed a Model from a higher-level context (e.g., a MetaIterator instantiates its sub-iterator(s) by name instead of pointer and passes in its iteratedModel, since these sub-iterators lack their own model pointers).
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::get_iterator(), and Iterator::iteratorRep.

Iterator ( const String & method_string, Model & model )
alternate envelope constructor for instantiations by name without the ProblemDescDB
Used in sub-iterator instantiations within iterator constructors. Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_iterator(), since letter holds the actual base class data. This version is used for lightweight constructions without the ProblemDescDB.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::get_iterator(), and Iterator::iteratorRep.

Iterator ( const Iterator & iterator )
copy constructor
Copy constructor manages sharing of iteratorRep and incrementing of referenceCount.
References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::referenceCount.

~Iterator ( ) [virtual]
destructor
Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes iteratorRep when referenceCount reaches zero.
References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::referenceCount.

Iterator ( BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [protected]
constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
This constructor builds the base class data for all inherited iterators, including meta-iterators. get_iterator() instantiates a derived class and the derived class selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid the recursion of the base class constructor calling get_iterator() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Iterator).
References Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator::methodName, and Iterator::outputLevel.

Iterator ( NoDBBaseConstructor, unsigned short method_name, Model & model ) [protected]
alternate constructor for base iterator classes constructed on the fly
This alternate constructor builds base class data for inherited iterators. It is used for on-the-fly instantiations for which DB queries cannot be used, and is not used for construction of meta-iterators.

Iterator ( NoDBBaseConstructor, unsigned short method_name ) [protected]
alternate constructor for base iterator classes constructed on the fly
This alternate constructor builds base class data for inherited iterators. It is used for on-the-fly instantiations for which DB queries cannot be used, and is not used for construction of meta-iterators. It has no incoming model,
so only sets up a minimal set of defaults. However, its use is preferable to the default constructor, which should remain as minimal as possible.

### 13.64.3 Member Function Documentation

**Iterator operator= ( const Iterator & iterator )**

assignment operator


References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::referenceCount.

**void initialize_run( ) [virtual]**

utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

Perform initialization phases of run sequence, like allocating memory and setting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s initialize_run(), typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented in NonD, SNLLOptimizer, NLPQLPOptimizer, Analyzer, SNLLLeastSq, Minimizer, CONMINOptimizer, DOTOptimizer, Optimizer, and LeastSq.

References Iterator::initialize_run(), and Iterator::iteratorRep.

Referenced by Iterator::initialize_run(), Iterator::run(), and SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential_adaptive().

**void pre_run( ) [virtual]**

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori

pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the derived run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented in NonDLHSSampling, ConcurrentMetaIterator, NonDRKDDarts, DDACEDesignCompExp, NonDMultilevelSampling, ParamStudy, FSUDesignCompExp, and PSUADesignCompExp.

References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::pre_run().

Referenced by ParamStudy::pre_run(), Iterator::pre_run(), and Iterator::run().

**void core_run( ) [virtual]**

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post Virtual run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.

Reimplemented in NonD, SeqHybridMetaIterator, ConcurrentMetaIterator, Optimizer, EmbedHybridMetaIterator, CollabHybridMetaIterator, LeastSq, PStudyDACE, SurrBasedMinimizer, Verification, and PebblldMinimizer.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::core_run(), and Iterator::iteratorRep.

Referenced by Iterator::core_run(), and Iterator::run().

**void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]**

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way
Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `post_run()`, typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented in NonDRKDDarts, SNLLOptimizer, COLINOptimizer, SNLLLeastSq, Analyzer, Minimizer, NonDLHSSampling, Optimizer, DDACEDesignCompExp, NonDMultilevelSampling, ParamStudy, FSDesignCompExp, MetaIterator, LeastSq, and PSUADEDesignCompExp.

References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::post_run().

Referenced by Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::run().

**void finalize_run() [virtual]**

utility function to perform common operations following `post_run()`: deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

Optional: perform finalization phases of run sequence, like deallocating memory and resetting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `finalize_run()`, typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented in NonD, SNLLOptimizer, SNLLLeastSq, Minimizer, Optimizer, and LeastSq.

References Iterator::finalize_run(), and Iterator::iteratorRep.

Referenced by Minimizer::finalize_run(), Iterator::finalize_run(), NonD::finalize_run(), Iterator::run(), and SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential_adaptive().

**void initialize_graphics ( int iterator_server_id = 1 ) [virtual]**

initialize the 2D graphics window and the tabular graphics data

This is a convenience function for encapsulating graphics initialization operations. It is overridden by derived classes that specialize the graphics display.

Reimplemented in SurrBasedMinimizer, and NonDReliability.

References Model::auto_graphics(), Graphics::create_plots_2d(), OutputManager::create_tabular_datastream(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), OutputManager::graph2DFlag, OutputManager::graphics(), Iterator::initialize_graphics(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::iteratorRep, ParallelLibrary::output_manager(), Iterator::parallelLib, and OutputManager::tabularDataFlag.

Referenced by CollabHybridMetaIterator::core_run(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::core_run(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::core_run(), Environment::execute(), Iterator::initialize_graphics(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential(), and SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential_adaptive().

**void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]**

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in `finalize_run()`. 

Reimplemented in Analyzer, NonDLHSSampling, NonDWAASABIBayesCalibration, NonDPOFDarts, NonDLocalReliability, NonDUESOBayesCalibration, SeqHybridMetaIterator, NonDAdaptiveSampling, ConcurrentMetaIterator, NonDGPImpSampling, Optimizer, NonDAdaptImpSampling, NonDMultilevelSampling, NonDGlobalReliability, NonDIncrementLHSampling, NonDInterval, NonDExpansion, LeastSq, PStudyDACE, SurrBasedMinimizer, RichExtrapVerification, Verification, and PebbldMinimizer.

References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::print_results().

Referenced by MetaIterator::post_run(), Minimizer::post_run(), Iterator::print_results(), and EfficientSubspaceMethod::reduced_space_uq().
unsigned short uses_method ( ) const [virtual]

return name of any enabling iterator used by this iterator

This is used to avoid clashes in state between non-object-oriented (i.e., F77, C) iterator executions, when such
iterators could potentially be executing simultaneously (e.g., nested execution). It is not an issue (and a used
method is not reported) in cases where a helper execution is completed before a lower level one could be initiated;
an example of this is DIRECT for maximization of expected improvement: the EIF maximization is completed
before a new point evaluation (which could include nested iteration) is performed.

Reimplemented in NonDLocalReliability, and NonDLocalInterval.
References Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::uses_method().

Referenced by DOTOptimizer::initialize(), CONMINOptimizer::initialize(), NCSUOptimizer::initialize(), N-
LPQLPPOptimizer::initialize(), NonDLocalInterval::NonDLocalInterval(), NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability(),
SOLBase::SOLBase(), and Iterator::uses_method().

void run ( )

orchestrate initialize/pre/core/post/finalize phases

Iterator supports a construct/initialize-run/pre-run/core-run/post-run/finalize-run/destruct progression. This
member (non-virtual) function sequences these run phases.

References ParallelLibrary::command_line_post_run(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_pre_run(), ParallelLibrary-
::command_line_run(), Iterator::core_run(), Iterator::execNum, Iterator::finalize_run(), ResultsID::increment_id(),
Iterator::initialize_run(), ResultsID::instance(), Iterator::iteratorRep, Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator-
::method_id(), Iterator::method_string(), Iterator::methodName, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, Iterator-
::post_input(), Iterator::post_run(), Iterator::pre_output(), Iterator::pre_run(), Iterator::run(), and Iterator::summary-
OutputFlag.

Referenced by Iterator::run().

void assign_rep ( Iterator * iterator_rep, bool ref_count_incr = true )

replaces existing letter with a new one

Similar to the assignment operator, the assign_rep() function decrements referenceCount for the old iterator-
Rep and assigns the new iteratorRep. It is different in that it is used for publishing derived class letters to existing
envelopes, as opposed to sharing representations among multiple envelopes (in particular, assign_rep is passed a
letter object and operator= is passed an envelope object). Letter assignment supports two models as governed by ref_count_incr:

- ref_count_incr = true (default): the incoming letter belongs to another envelope. In this case, increment the
  reference count in the normal manner so that deallocation of the letter is handled properly.

- ref_count_incr = false: the incoming letter is instantiated on the fly and has no envelope. This case is
  modeled after get_iterator(): a letter is dynamically allocated using new and passed into assign_rep, the
  letter’s reference count is not incremented, and the letter is not remotely deleted (its memory management
  is passed over to the envelope).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::iterator_rep(), Iterator::iteratorRep, and Iterator::referenceCount.
Referenced by NonDExpansion::construct_cubature(), NonDExpansion::construct_expansion_sampler(), Non-
DAdaptiveSampling::construct_fsu_sampler(), NonD::construct_lhs(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), Non-
DExpansion::construct_sparse_grid(), Minimizer::data_transform_model(), EffGlobalMinimizer::EffGlobalMinimizer(),
EfficientSubspaceMethod::init_fullspace_sampler(), NonDLocalInterval::method_recourse(), NonDLocalReliability-
::method_recourse(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::NonDAdaptiveSampling(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(),
NonDGlobalInterval::NonDGlobalInterval(), NonDGlobalReliability::NonDGlobalReliability(), Non-
DGPImpSampling::NonDGPImpSampling(), NonDGPMSampling::NonDGPMSampling(), NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::NonDGPMSABayesCalibration(),
NonDLHSInterval::NonDLHSInterval(), NonDLocalInterval::NonDLocalInterval(), NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability(), NonDQUESTOBayesCalibration::NonDQUESTOBayesCalibration(), GaussProcApproximation::optimize_theta_global(), GaussProcApproximation::optimize_theta_multipoint(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::relax_constraints().

```cpp
void eval_tag_prefix ( const String & eval_id_str ) [virtual]
```

set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

This prepend may need to become a virtual function if the tagging should propagate to other subModels or helper Iterators an Iterator may contain.

References Iterator::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and Iterator::iterator-Rep.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_global(), NestedModel::derived_compute_response(), Iterator::eval_tag_prefix(), Iterator::init_communicators(), and NestedModel::initialize_iterator().

```cpp
void gnewton_set_recast ( const Variables & recast_vars, const ActiveSet & recast_set, ActiveSet & sub_model_set ) [static], [protected]
```

conversion of request vector values for the Gauss-Newton Hessian approximation

For Gauss-Newton Hessian requests, activate the 2 bit and mask the 4 bit.

References ActiveSet::request_value(), and ActiveSet::request_vector().

Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), and Optimizer::reduce_model().

```cpp
Iterator * get_iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [private]
```

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize iteratorRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the DB’s method_name. Supports all iterators and meta-iterators. These instantiations will NOT recurse on the Iterator(problem_db) constructor due to the use of BaseConstructor.

References ProblemDescDB::get_model(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator::method_name(), and Dakota::SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE.

Referenced by Iterator::Iterator().

```cpp
Iterator * get_iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [private]
```

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize iteratorRep to the appropriate derived type. Alternate construction of meta-iterators is supported to enable use of meta-iterators as components. These instantiations will NOT recurse on the Iterator(problem_db, model) constructor due to the use of BaseConstructor.

References ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator::method_name(), Iterator::probDescDB, and Dakota::SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE.

```cpp
Iterator * get_iterator ( const String & method_string, Model & model ) [private]
```

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize iteratorRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the passed method_string. Lightweight instantiations by name are supported by a subset of Iterators (primarily Minimizers).

References Dakota::strbegins(), and Dakota::strends().
13.64.4 Member Data Documentation

ProblemDescDB& probDescDB \[\text{[protected]}\]

class member reference to the problem description database

\textbf{Iterator} and \textbf{Model} cannot use a shallow copy of \texttt{ProblemDescDB} due to circular destruction dependency (reference counts can't get to 0), since \texttt{ProblemDescDB} contains \{iterator, model\} list.

Referenced by MetaIterator::allocate by name(), MetaIterator::allocate by pointer(), Analyzer::Analyzer(), MetaIterator::check model(), COLINOptimizer::COLINOptimizer(), CollabHybridMetaIterator::CollabHybridMetaIterator(), NonDExpansion::construct expansion sampler(), Minimizer::data transform model(), SurrBasedMinimizer::derived init communicators(), CollabHybridMetaIterator::derived init communicators(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::derived init communicators(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived init communicators(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::derived init communicators(), EffGlobalMinimizer::EffGlobalMinimizer(), MetaIterator::estimate by name(), MetaIterator::estimate by pointer(), CollabHybridMetaIterator::estimate partition bounds(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::estimate partition bounds(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::estimate partition bounds(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::estimate partition bounds(), FSUDesignCompExp::FSUDesignCompExp(), Iterator::get iterator(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::initialize model(), JEGAOptimizer::JEGAOptimizer(), MetaIterator::new model(), NL-SSOLLeastSq::NLSSOLLeastSq(), NomadOptimizer::NomadOptimizer(), NonD::NonD(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::NonDAdaptiveSampling(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), NonDCalibration::NonDCalibration(), NonDGlobalInterval::NonDGlobalInterval(), NonDGlobalReliability::NonDGlobalReliability(), NonDGPlmpSampling::NonDGPlmpSampling(), NonDGPSABayesCalibration::NonDGPSABayesCalibration(), NonDInterval::NonDInterval(), NonDLocalInterval::NonDLocalInterval(), NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability(), NonDPolynomialChaos::NonDPolynomialChaos(), NonDQuadrature::NonDQuadrature(), NonDSparseGrid::NonDSparseGrid(), NonDSphCollocation::NonDSphCollocation(), NPSOLOptimizer::NPSOLOptimizer(), OptDartsOptimizer::OptDartsOptimizer(), ParamStudy::ParamStudy(), NonlinearCGOptimizer::parse options(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::parse options(), PebblMinimizer::PebblMinimizer(), Iterатор::iter::description db(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::derive init communicators(), APPSOptimizer::set apps parameters(), COLINOptimizer::set solver parameters(), SNLLLeastSq::SNLLLeastSq(), SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer(), COLINOptimizer::solver setup(), SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer::SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer().

\texttt{int maxEvalConcurrency \[\text{[protected]}\]}

maximum number of concurrent model evaluations

This is important for parallel configuration init/set/free and may be set within empty envelope instances. Therefore, it cannot be pushed down into Analyzer/Minimizer derived classes.

Referenced by DDACEDesignCompExp::DDACEDesignCompExp(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::derived free communicators(), SurrBasedMinimizer::derived free communicators(), NonDGlobalReliability::derived free communicators(), NonDLocalInterval::derived free communicators(), NonExpansion::derived free communicators(), NonDGPlmpSampling::derived free communicators(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::derived free communicators(), NonDLocalReliability::derived free communicators(), NonDPolynomialChaos::derived free communicators(), NonDBayesCalibration::derived free communicators(), Iterатор::iter::description db(), EffGlobalMinimizer::EffGlobalMinimizer(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::EfficientSubspaceMethod(),
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Iterator::estimate_partition_bounds(), FSUDesignCompExp::FSUDesignCompExp(), NonDCubature::initialize_grid(), NonDQuadrature::initialize_grid(), NonDSparseGrid::initialize_grid(), NonDExpansion::initialize_u_space_model(), JEGAOptimizer::JEGAOptimizer(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), NonDAadaptImpSampling::NonDAadaptImpSampling(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), NonDCubature::NonDCubature(), NonDGlobalInterval::NonDGlobalInterval(), NonDGlobalReliability::NonDGlobalReliability(), NonDLHSInterval::NonDLHSInterval(), NonDPolynomialChaos::NonDPolynomialChaos(), NonDQuadrature::NonDQuadrature(), NonDSampling::NonDSampling(), NonDSparseGrid::NonDSparseGrid(), Analyzer::num_samples(), ParamStudy::ParamStudy(), PSUADEDesignCompExp::PSUADEDesignCompExp(), RichExtrapVerification::RichExtrapVerification(), APPSOptimizer::set_apps_parameters(), COLINOptimizer::set_solver_parameters(), SNLOptimizer::SNLOptimizer(), and Iterator::update_from_model().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Dakotalgorithm.hpp
- Dakotalgorithm.cpp

13.65 IteratorScheduler Class Reference

This class encapsulates scheduling operations for concurrent sub-iteration within an outer level context (e.g., meta-iteration, nested models).

Public Member Functions

- **IteratorScheduler** (ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib, bool peer_assign_jobs, int num_servers=0, int procs_per_iterator=0, short scheduling=DEFAULT_SCHEDULING)

  constructor

- **~IteratorScheduler** ()

  destructor

- void **construct_sub_iterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model, const String &method_ptr, const String &method_name, const String &model_ptr)

  instantiate sub_iterator on the current rank if not already constructed

- IntIntPair **configure** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model)

  performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server)

- IntIntPair **configure** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const String &method_string, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model)

  performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server)

- IntIntPair **configure** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator)

  performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server)

- void **partition** (int max_iterator_concurrency, IntIntPair &ppi_pr)

  convenience function for initializing iterator communicators, setting parallel configuration attributes, and managing outputs and restart.

- void **init_iterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model)

  invokes static version of this function with appropriate parallelism level

- void **init_iterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const String &method_string, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model)

  invokes static version of this function with appropriate parallelism level

- void **set_iterator** (Iterator &sub_iterator)
invokes static version of this function with appropriate parallelism level

- void run_iterator (Iterator &sub_iterator)
  - invokes static version of this function with appropriate parallelism level
- void free_iterator (Iterator &sub_iterator)
  - invokes static version of this function with appropriate parallelism level
- void free_iterator_parallelism ()
  - convenience function for deallocating the concurrent iterator parallelism level

- template<typename MetaType >
  void schedule_iterators (MetaType &meta_object, Iterator &sub_iterator)
  - short convenience function for distributing control among master_dynamic_schedule_iterators(), serve_iterators(), and peer_static_schedule_iterators()

- template<typename MetaType >
  void master_dynamic_schedule_iterators (MetaType &meta_object)
  - executed by the scheduler master to manage a dynamic schedule of iterator jobs among slave iterator servers

- void stop_iterator_servers ()
  - executed by the scheduler master to terminate slave iterator servers

- template<typename MetaType >
  void serve_iterators (MetaType &meta_object, Iterator &sub_iterator)
  - executed on the slave iterator servers to perform iterator jobs assigned by the scheduler master

- template<typename MetaType >
  void peer_static_schedule_iterators (MetaType &meta_object, Iterator &sub_iterator)
  - executed on iterator peers to manage a static schedule of iterator jobs

- void update (ParConfigLIter pc_iter)
  - update schedPCIter

- void update (size_t index)
  - update miPLIndex as well as associated settings for concurrent iterator scheduling from the corresponding Parallel-Level

- void update (ParConfigLIter pc_iter, size_t index)
  - invoke update(ParConfigLIter) and update(size_t) in sequence

- void iterator_message_lengths (int params_msg_len, int results_msg_len)
  - update paramsMsgLen and resultsMsgLen

- bool lead_rank () const
  - determines if current processor is rank 0 of the parent comm

### Static Public Member Functions

- static void init_iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - convenience function for allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

- static void init_iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - convenience function for allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

- static void init_iterator (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const String &method_string, Iterator &sub_iterator, Model &sub_model, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - convenience function for lightweight allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

- static void set_iterator (Iterator &sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
convenience function for setting comms prior to running an iterator

- static void run_iterator (Iterator &sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  Convenience function for invoking an iterator and managing parallelism. This version omits communicator repartitioning. Function must be public due to use by MINLPNode.

- static void free_iterator (Iterator &sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  convenience function for deallocating comms after running an iterator

Public Attributes

- ParallelLibrary & parallelLib
  reference to the ParallelLibrary instance

- int numIteratorJobs
  number of iterator executions to schedule

- int numIteratorServers
  number of concurrent iterator partitions

- int procsPerIterator
  partition size request

- int iteratorCommRank
  processor rank in iteratorComm

- int iteratorCommSize
  number of processors in iteratorComm

- int iteratorServerId
  identifier for an iterator server

- bool messagePass
  flag for message passing among iterator servers

- short iteratorScheduling
  \{DEFAULT,MASTER,PEER\}_SCHEDULING

- bool peerAssignJobs
  flag indicating need for peer 1 to assign jobs < to peers 2-n

- ParConfigLIter schedPCIter
  iterator for active parallel configuration

- size_t miPLIndex
  index of active parallel level (corresponding < to ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters) to use < for parallelLib send/recev

Private Attributes

- int paramsMsgLen
  length of MPI buffer for parameter input instance(s)

- int resultsMsgLen
  length of MPI buffer for results output instance(s)
13.65.1 Detailed Description

This class encapsulates scheduling operations for concurrent sub-iteration within an outer level context (e.g., meta-iteration, nested models).

In time, a Scheduler class hierarchy is envisioned, but for now, this class is not part of a hierarchy.

13.65.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

IteratorScheduler ( ParallelLibrary & parallel_lib, bool peer_assign_jobs, int num_servers = 0, int procs_per_iterator = 0, short scheduling = DEFAULT_SCHEDULING )

constructor

Current constructor parameters are the input specification components, which are requests subject to override by ParallelLibrary::init_iterator_communicators().

13.65.3 Member Function Documentation

void init_iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Iterator & sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter ) [static]

convenience function for allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the allocation of communicators prior to running an iterator.

References ProblemDescDB::get_iterator(), ProblemDescDB::get_model(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Model::init_comms_bcast_flag(), Iterator::init_communicators(), Iterator::is_null(), Model::is_null(), Iterator::iterated_model(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), Iterator::method_name(), Model::serve_init(), and Model::stop_init().

Referenced by MetaIterator::allocate_by_name(), MetaIterator::allocate_by_pointer(), Environment::construct(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_init_communicators(), and IteratorScheduler::init_iterator().

void init_iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Iterator & sub_iterator, Model & sub_model, ParLevLIter pl_iter ) [static]

convenience function for allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the allocation of communicators prior to running an iterator.

References ProblemDescDB::get_iterator(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Model::init_comms_bcast_flag(), Iterator::init_communicators(), Iterator::is_null(), Iterator::iterated_model(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), Iterator::method_name(), Model::serve_init(), and Model::stop_init().

void init_iterator ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const String & method_string, Iterator & sub_iterator, Model & sub_model, ParLevLIter pl_iter ) [static]

convenience function for lightweight allocation of an iterator and (parallel) initialization of its comms

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the allocation of communicators prior to running an iterator.

References ProblemDescDB::get_iterator(), Model::init_comms_bcast_flag(), Iterator::init_communicators(), Iterator::is_null(), Iterator::iterated_model(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), Iterator::method_string(), Model::serve_init(), and Model::stop_init().
void set_iterator ( Iterator & sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter )  [static]

convenience function for setting comms prior to running an iterator

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the deallocation of communicators after running an iterator.
References Iterator::derived_set_communicators(), and Iterator::set_communicators().
Referenced by CollabHybridMetaIterator::derived_set_communicators(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::derived_set_communicators(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived_set_communicators(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::derived_set_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_set_communicators(), and IteratorScheduler::set_iterator().

void run_iterator ( Iterator & sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter )  [static]

Convenience function for invoking an iterator and managing parallelism. This version omits communicator repartitioning. Function must be public due to use by MINLPNode.

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the parallel features (run/serve) of running an iterator. This function omits allocation/deallocation of communicators to provide greater efficiency in approaches that involve multiple iterator executions but only require communicator allocation/deallocation to be performed once.
References Iterator::iterated_model(), Iterator::maximum_evaluation_concurrency(), Iterator::method_name(), Iterator::run(), Model::serve_run(), and Model::stop_servers().
Referenced by NestedModel::derived_compute_response(), Environment::execute(), IteratorScheduler::peer_static_schedule_iterators(), IteratorScheduler::run_iterator(), and IteratorScheduler::serve_iterators().

void free_iterator ( Iterator & sub_iterator, ParLevLIter pl_iter )  [static]

convenience function for deallocating comms after running an iterator

This is a convenience function for encapsulating the deallocation of communicators after running an iterator.
References Iterator::derived_free_communicators(), Iterator::free_communicators(), and Iterator::method_name().
Referenced by CollabHybridMetaIterator::derived_free_communicators(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::derived_free_communicators(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived_free_communicators(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::derived_free_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_free_communicators(), Environment::destruct(), and IteratorScheduler::free_iterator().

IntIntPair configure ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Iterator & sub_iterator, Model & sub_model )

performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server)

This is a convenience function for computing the minimum and maximum partition size prior to concurrent iterator partitioning.
References ProblemDescDB::get_iterator(), IteratorScheduler::schedPCIter, and ParallelLevel::server_communicator_rank().
Referenced by IteratorScheduler::configure(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_init_communicators(), MetaIterator::estimate_by_name(), and MetaIterator::estimate_by_pointer().

IntIntPair configure ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const String & method_string, Iterator & sub_iterator, Model & sub_model )

performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server)

This is a convenience function for computing the minimum and maximum partition size prior to concurrent iterator partitioning.
References IteratorScheduler::configure(), ProblemDescDB::get_iterator(), IteratorScheduler::schedPCIter, and ParallelLevel::server_communicator_rank().
IntIntPair configure ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Iterator & sub_iterator )

performs sufficient initialization to define partitioning controls (min and max processors per iterator server).
This is a convenience function for computing the minimum and maximum partition size prior to concurrent iterator partitioning.

References ParallelLibrary::bcast(), Iterator::estimate_partition_bounds(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_method_node(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_model_node(), IteratorScheduler::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::schedPCIter, ParallelLevel::server_communicator_rank(), ParallelLevel::server_communicator_size(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_method_node(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_model_nodes(), and MPIPackBuffer::size().

void partition ( int max_iterator_concurrency, IntIntPair & ppi )

convenience function for initializing iterator communicators, setting parallel configuration attributes, and managing outputs and restart.
Called from derived class constructors once maxIteratorConcurrency is defined but prior to instantiating Iterators and Models.

References ParallelLibrary::init_iterator_communicators(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), IteratorScheduler::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::procsPerIterator, ParallelLibrary::push_output_tag(), and IteratorScheduler::update().
Referenced by CollabHybridMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::derived_init_communicators(), and NestedModel::derived_init_communicators().

void schedule_iterators ( MetaType & meta_object, Iterator & sub_iterator )

short convenience function for distributing control among master_dynamic_schedule_iterators(), serve_iterators(), and peer_static_schedule_iterators()
This implementation supports the scheduling of multiple jobs using a single iterator/model pair. Additional future (overloaded) implementations could involve independent iterator instances.

References IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, IteratorScheduler::iteratorServerId, IteratorScheduler::lead_rank(), IteratorScheduler::master_dynamic_schedule_iterators(), IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), IteratorScheduler::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::peer_static_schedule_iterators(), IteratorScheduler::serve_iterators(), and IteratorScheduler::stop_iterator_servers().
Referenced by CollabHybridMetaIterator::core_run(), EmbedHybridMetaIterator::core_run(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::core_run(), NestedModel::derived_synchronize(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential(), and NestedModel::serve_run().

void master_dynamic_schedule_iterators ( MetaType & meta_object )

executed by the scheduler master to manage a dynamic schedule of iterator jobs among slave iterator servers.
This function is adapted from ApplicationInterface::master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations().

References ParallelLibrary::free(), ParallelLibrary::irecv_mi(), ParallelLibrary::isend_mi(), IteratorScheduler::miPLIndex, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorJobs, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, IteratorScheduler::parallelLib, MPIPackBuffer::reset(), MPIUnpackBuffer::resize(), IteratorScheduler::resultsMsgLen, ParallelLibrary::waitall(), and ParallelLibrary::waitsome().
Referenced by IteratorScheduler::schedule_iterators().

void serve_iterators ( MetaType & meta_object, Iterator & sub_iterator )

executed on the slave iterator servers to perform iterator jobs assigned by the scheduler master.
This function is similar in structure to ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_synch().
References ParallelLibrary::bcast_i(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommRank, IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommSize, IteratorScheduler::miPLIndex, ParallelLibrary::parallel_time(), IteratorScheduler::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::paramsMsgLen, ParallelLibrary::recv_mi(), IteratorScheduler::resultsMsgLen, IteratorScheduler::run_iterator(), and ParallelLibrary::send_mi().

Referenced by IteratorScheduler::schedule_iterators().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- IteratorScheduler.hpp
- IteratorScheduler.cpp

### 13.66 JEGAOptimizer Class Reference

A version of Dakota::Optimizer for instantiation of John Eddy’s Genetic Algorithms (JEGA).

Inheritance diagram for JEGAOptimizer:

```
JEGAOptimizer
   |__ Optimizer
       |__ Minimizer
           |__ Iterator
```

#### Classes

- **class Driver**
  
  *A subclass of the JEGA front end driver that exposes the individual protected methods to execute the algorithm.*

- **class Evaluator**
  
  *An evaluator specialization that knows how to interact with Dakota.*

- **class EvaluatorCreator**
  
  *A specialization of the JEGA::FrontEnd::EvaluatorCreator that creates a new instance of a Evaluator.*

#### Public Member Functions

- **virtual void find_optimum ()**
  
  *Performs the iterations to determine the optimal set of solutions.*

- **virtual bool accepts_multiple_points () const**
  
  *Overridden to return true since JEGA algorithms can accept multiple initial points.*

- **virtual bool returns_multiple_points () const**
  
  *Overridden to return true since JEGA algorithms can return multiple final points.*

- **virtual void initial_points (const VariablesArray &pts)**
  
  *Overridden to assign the _initPts member variable to the passed in collection of Dakota::Variables.*

- **virtual const VariablesArray & initial_points () const**
Overridden to return the collection of initial points for the JEGA algorithm created and run by this JEGAOptimizer.

- JEGAOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  Constructs a JEGAOptimizer class object.
- ~JEGAOptimizer()
  Destructs a JEGAOptimizer.

Protected Member Functions

- void LoadDakotaResponses (const JEGA::Utilities::Design &from, Variables &vars, Response &resp) const
  Loads the JEGA-style Design class into equivalent Dakota-style Variables and Response objects.
- void ReCreateTheParameterDatabase ()
  Destroys the current parameter database and creates a new empty one.
- void LoadTheParameterDatabase ()
  Reads information out of the known Dakota::ProblemDescDB and puts it into the current parameter database.
- void LoadAlgorithmConfig (JEGA::FrontEnd::AlgorithmConfig &aConfig)
  Completely initializes the supplied algorithm configuration.
- void LoadProblemConfig (JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig &pConfig)
  Completely initializes the supplied problem configuration.
- void LoadTheDesignVariables (JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig &pConfig)
  Adds DesignVariableInfo objects into the problem configuration object.
- void LoadTheObjectiveFunctions (JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig &pConfig)
  Adds ObjectiveFunctionInfo objects into the problem configuration object.
- void LoadTheConstraints (JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig &pConfig)
  Adds ConstraintInfo objects into the problem configuration object.
- void GetBestSolutions (const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet &from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm &theGA, std::multimap<RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design const *> &designSortMap)
  Returns up to numBest designs sorted by DAKOTA’s fitness (L2 constraint violation, then utopia or objective), taking into account the algorithm type. The front of the returned map can be viewed as a single ”best”.
- void GetBestMOSolutions (const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet &from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm &theGA, std::multimap<RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design const *> &designSortMap)
  Retrieve the best Designs from a set of solutions assuming that they are generated by a multi objective algorithm.
- void GetBestSOSolutions (const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet &from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm &theGA, std::multimap<RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design const *> &designSortMap)
  Retrieve the best Designs from a set of solutions assuming that they are generated by a single objective algorithm.
- JEGA::DoubleMatrix ToDoubleMatrix (const VariablesArray &variables) const
  Converts the items in a VariablesArray into a DoubleMatrix whereby the items in the matrix are the design variables.

Private Attributes

- EvaluatorCreator * _theEvalCreator
  A pointer to an EvaluatorCreator used to create the evaluator used by JEGA in Dakota (a JEGAEvaluator).
- JEGA::Utilities::ParameterDatabase * _theParamDB
  A pointer to the ParameterDatabase from which all parameters are retrieved by the created algorithms.
- VariablesArray _initPts
  An array of initial points to use as an initial population.
Additional Inherited Members

13.66.1 Detailed Description

A version of Dakota::Optimizer for instantiation of John Eddy’s Genetic Algorithms (JEGA).

This class encapsulates the necessary functionality for creating and properly initializing the JEGA algorithms (MOGA and SOGA).

13.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

JEGAOptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

Constructs a JEGAOptimizer class object.

This method does some of the initialization work for the algorithm. In particular, it initialized the JEGA core.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>problem_db</th>
<th>The Dakota::ProblemDescDB with information on how the algorithm controls should be set.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>model</td>
<td>The Dakota::Model that will be used by this optimizer for problem information, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References JEGAOptimizer::theEvalCreator, ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), Iterator::iteratedModel, JEGAOptimizer::LoadTheParameterDatabase(), Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::method-Name, Iterator::numFinalSolutions, and Iterator::probDescDB.

13.66.3 Member Function Documentation

void LoadDakotaResponses ( const JEGA::Utilities::Design & from, Dakota::Variables & vars, Dakota::Response & resp ) const  [protected]

Loads the JEGA-style Design class into equivalent Dakota-style Variables and Response objects.

This version is meant for the case where a Variables and a Response object exist and just need to be loaded.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>from</th>
<th>The JEGA Design class object from which to extract the variable and response information for Dakota.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>vars</td>
<td>The Dakota::Variables object into which to load the design variable values of from.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>resp</td>
<td>The Dakota::Response object into which to load the objective function and constraint values of from.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Variables::discrete_string_variable(), Response::function_values(), and Dakota::set_index_to_value().

void LoadTheParameterDatabase ( )  [protected]

Reads information out of the known Dakota::ProblemDescDB and puts it into the current parameter database.

This should be called from the JEGAOptimizer constructor since it is the only time when the problem description database is certain to be configured to supply data for this optimizer.

Referenced by JEGAOptimizer::JEGAOptimizer().

void LoadAlgorithmConfig ( JEGA::FrontEnd::AlgorithmConfig & aConfig )  [protected]

Completely initializes the supplied algorithm configuration.

This loads the supplied configuration object with appropriate data retrieved from the parameter database.
Parameters

```
aConfig | The algorithm configuration object to load.
```

```c
void LoadProblemConfig ( JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig & pConfig ) [protected]
```
Completely initializes the supplied problem configuration.

This loads the fresh configuration object using the LoadTheDesignVariables, LoadTheObjectiveFunctions,
and LoadTheConstraints methods.

Parameters

```
pConfig | The problem configuration object to load.
```

```c
void LoadTheDesignVariables ( JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig & pConfig ) [protected]
```
Adds DesignVariableInfo objects into the problem configuration object.

This retrieves design variable information from the ParameterDatabase and creates DesignVariableInfo’s from it.

Parameters

```
pConfig | The problem configuration object to load.
```

References Model::continuous_lower_bounds().

```c
void LoadTheObjectiveFunctions ( JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig & pConfig ) [protected]
```
Adds ObjectiveFunctionInfo objects into the problem configuration object.

This retrieves objective function information from the ParameterDatabase and creates ObjectiveFunctionInfo’s from it.

Parameters

```
pConfig | The problem configuration object to load.
```

```c
void LoadTheConstraints ( JEGA::FrontEnd::ProblemConfig & pConfig ) [protected]
```
Adds ConstraintInfo objects into the problem configuration object.

This retrieves constraint function information from the ParameterDatabase and creates ConstraintInfo’s from it.

Parameters

```
pConfig | The problem configuration object to load.
```

References Dakota::asstring(), Dakota::copy_row_vector(), and Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds().

```c
void GetBestSolutions ( const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet & from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm & theGA, std::multimap<RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design * > & designSortMap ) [protected]
```
Returns up to _numBest designs sorted by DAKOTA’s fitness (L2 constraint violation, then utopia or objective),
taking into account the algorithm type. The front of the returned map can be viewed as a single “best”. 
PARAMETERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>from</td>
<td>The full set of designs returned by the solver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>theGA</td>
<td>The GA used to generate this set; needed for its weights in the SO case, provided to both for consistency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>designSortMap</td>
<td>Map of best solutions with key pair <code>&lt;constraintViolation, fitness&gt;</code> eventually this functionality must be moved into a separate post-processing application for MO datasets.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

void GetBestMOSolutions ( const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet & from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm & theGA, std::multimap< RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design * > & designSortMap ) [protected]

Retrieves the best Designs from a set of solutions assuming that they are generated by a multi-objective algorithm. eventually this functionality must be moved into a separate post-processing application for MO datasets.

void GetBestSOSolutions ( const JEGA::Utilities::DesignOFSortSet & from, const JEGA::Algorithms::GeneticAlgorithm & theGA, std::multimap< RealRealPair, JEGA::Utilities::Design * > & designSortMap ) [protected]

Retrieves the best Designs from a set of solutions assuming that they are generated by a single-objective algorithm. eventually this functionality must be moved into a separate post-processing application for MO datasets. References Dakota::abort_handler() .

JEGA::DoubleMatrix ToDoubleMatrix ( const VariablesArray & variables ) const [protected]

Converts the items in a VariablesArray into a DoubleMatrix whereby the items in the matrix are the design variables.

The matrix will not contain responses but when being used by Dakota, this doesn’t matter. JEGA will attempt to re-evaluate these points but Dakota will recognize that they do not require re-evaluation and thus it will be a cheap operation.

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>variables</td>
<td>The array of DakotaVariables objects to use as the contents of the returned matrix.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Returns

The matrix created using the supplied VariablesArray.

void find_optimum ( ) [virtual]

Performs the iterations to determine the optimal set of solutions.

Override of pure virtual method in Optimizer base class.

The extraction of parameter values actually occurs in this method when the JEGA::FrontEnd::Driver::ExecuteAlgorithm is called. Also the loading of the problem and algorithm configurations occurs in this method. That way, if it is called more than once and the algorithm or problem has changed, it will be accounted for.

Implements Optimizer.

References JEGAOptimizer::Driver::DestroyAlgorithm(), JEGAOptimizer::Driver::ExtractAllData(), and JEGAOptimizer::Driver::PerformIteations().
bool accepts_multiple_points( ) const [virtual]
Overridden to return true since JEGA algorithms can accept multiple initial points.
Returns
true, always.
Reimplemented from Iterator.

bool returns_multiple_points( ) const [virtual]
Overridden to return true since JEGA algorithms can return multiple final points.
Returns
true, always.
Reimplemented from Iterator.

void initial_points( const VariablesArray & pts ) [virtual]
Overridden to assign the _initPts member variable to the passed in collection of Dakota::Variables.
Parameters

| pts | The array of initial points for the JEGA algorithm created and run by this JEGAOptimizer. |

Reimplemented from Iterator.

const VariablesArray & initial_points( ) const [virtual]
Overridden to return the collection of initial points for the JEGA algorithm created and run by this JEGA-Optimizer.
Returns
The collection of initial points for the JEGA algorithm created and run by this JEGAOptimizer.
Reimplemented from Iterator.

13.66.4 Member Data Documentation

VariablesArray _initPts [private]
An array of initial points to use as an initial population.
This member is here to help support the use of JEGA algorithms in Dakota strategies. If this array is populated, then whatever initializer is specified will be ignored and the DoubleMatrix initializer will be used instead on a matrix created from the data in this array.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- JEGAOptimizer.hpp
- JEGAOptimizer.cpp

13.67 LabelsWriter Class Reference
Utility used in derived write_core to write labels in tabular format.
Public Member Functions

- template<typename ArrayType>
  void operator() (std::ostream &s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType &array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array)

13.67.1 Detailed Description

Utility used in derived write_core to write labels in tabular format.

13.67.2 Member Function Documentation

void operator() ( std::ostream &s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType &array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array ) [inline]

The tabular labels writer only forwards the label arrays.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.68 LeastSq Class Reference

Base class for the nonlinear least squares branch of the iterator hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for LeastSq:

```
Iterator
  
Minimizer
  
LeastSq
```

Protected Member Functions

- LeastSq ()
  default constructor
- LeastSq (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor
- LeastSq (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)
  alternate "on the fly" constructor
- ~LeastSq ()
  destructor
- void initialize_run ()
- void core_run ()
LeastSq Class Reference

Core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post:

- **void post_run (std::ostream &s)**
- **void finalize_run ()**

Utility function to perform common operations following `post_run()`: deallocation and resetting of instance pointers.

- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
- **virtual void minimize_residuals ()=0**

Used within the least squares branch for minimizing the sum of squares residuals. Redefines the `run` virtual function for the least squares branch.

- **void get_confidence_intervals ()**

Calculate confidence intervals on estimated parameters.

Protected Attributes

- `size_t numLeastSqTerms`
  - number of least squares terms
- `LeastSq * prevLeastSqInstance`
  - pointer containing previous value of `leastSqInstance`
- `bool weightFlag`
  - flag indicating whether weighted least squares is active
- `RealVector confBoundsLower`
  - lower bounds for confidence intervals on calibration parameters
- `RealVector confBoundsUpper`
  - upper bounds for confidence intervals on calibration parameters

Static Protected Attributes

- `static LeastSq * leastSqInstance`
  - pointer to `LeastSq` instance used in static member functions

Private Member Functions

- **void weight_model ()**

  Wrap `iteratedModel` in a `RecastModel` that weights the residuals.

Static Private Member Functions

- **static void primary_resp_weighter (const Variables &unweighted_vars, const Variables &weighted_vars, const Response &unweighted_response, Response &weighted_response)**

  Recast callback function to weight least squares residuals, gradients, and Hessians.

Additional Inherited Members

13.68.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the nonlinear least squares branch of the iterator hierarchy.

The `LeastSq` class provides common data and functionality for least squares solvers (including NL2OL, NLSSOLLastSq, and SNLLLeastSq).
13.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**LeastSq ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]**

standard constructor

This constructor extracts the inherited data for the least squares branch and performs sanity checking on

gradient and constraint settings.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag, Variables-::copy(), Model::current_variables(), Minimizer::data_transform_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::method-

Name, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::numTotalCalibTerms, Minimizer::optimizationFlag, Model::primary-

_fn_type(), Minimizer::scale_model(), Minimizer::scaleFlag, LeastSq::weight_model(), and LeastSq::weightFlag.

13.68.3 Member Function Documentation

**void initialize_run ( ) [protected], [virtual]**

This function should be invoked (or reimplemented) by any derived implementations of initialize_run() (which would otherwise hide it).

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in SNLLLeastSq.

References Minimizer::initialize_run(), Iterator::iteratedModel, LeastSq::leastSqInstance, Iterator::myModel-

Layers, LeastSq::prevLSqInstance, and Model::update_from_subordinate_model().

Referenced by SNLLLeastSq::initialize_run().

**void core_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]**

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

Virtual run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References LeastSq::minimize_residuals().

**void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]**

Implements portions of post_run specific to LeastSq for scaling back to native variables and functions. This function

should be invoked (reimplemented) by any derived implementations of post_run() (which would otherwise hide it), transform variables back to inbound model, before any potential lookup

Reimplemented from Iterator.

Reimplemented in SNLLLeastSq.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Minimizer::calibration-

DataFlag, Variables::continuous_variables(), ScalingModel::cv_scaled2native(), Minimizer::expData, Response-::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Response::function_values_view(), LeastSq::get_confidence_intervals(), ExperimentData::interpolate_flag(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Minimizer::local_recast_retrieve(), Model::model_rep(), LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::post_run(), Model::primary_response-_fn_weights(), ExperimentData::recover_model(), ScalingModel::resp_scaled2native(), Minimizer::scaleFlag, Minimizer-

::scalingModel, Model::subordinate_model(), and LeastSq::weightFlag.

**void finalize_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]**

utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

Optional: perform finalization phases of run sequence, like deallocation memory and resetting instance point-

ers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class

must call its nearest parent’s finalize_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.
Reimplemented from Iterator.
Reimplemented in SNLLLeastSq.
References Minimizer::finalize_run(), LeastSq::leastSqInstance, and LeastSq::prevLSqInstance.
Referenced by SNLLLeastSq::finalize_run().

```cpp
void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]
```
Redefines default iterator results printing to include nonlinear least squares results (residual terms and constraints).
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References Iterator::activeSet, Minimizer::archive_allocate_best, Minimizer::archive_best, Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag, LeastSq::confBoundsLower, LeastSq::confBoundsUpper, Model::continuous_variable_labels(), Response::copy(), Model::current_response(), Dakota::data_pairs, DataTransformModel::data_transform_response(), Minimizer::dataTransformModel, Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), Model::model_rep(), Model::num_functions(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Minimizer::numTotalCalibTerms, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::original_model(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), Minimizer::print_model_resp(), Minimizer::print_residuals(), ActiveSet::request_values(), Model::subordinate_model(), and Dakota::write_precision.

```cpp
void get_confidence_intervals ( ) [protected]
```
Calculate confidence intervals on estimated parameters.
Calculate individual confidence intervals for each parameter. These bounds are based on a linear approximation of the nonlinear model.
References Iterator::activeSet, Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag, Model::compute_response(), LeastSq::confBoundsLower, LeastSq::confBoundsUpper, Model::continuous_variables(), Response::copy(), Model::current_response(), DataTransformModel::data_transform_response(), Minimizer::dataTransformModel, Response::function_gradients(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::model_rep(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, ActiveSet::request_values(), Minimizer::scaleFlag, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.
Referenced by LeastSq::post_run(), and SNLLLeastSq::post_run().

```cpp
void weight_model ( ) [private]
```
Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that weights the residuals.
Setup Recast for weighting model. The weighting transformation doesn’t resize, so use numUserPrimaryFns.
No vars, active set or secondary mapping. All indices are one-to-one mapped (no change in counts).
References Model::assign_rep(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::myModelLayers, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, Iterator::outputLevel, LeastSq::primary_resp_weighter(), Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), and Model::subordinate_model().
Referenced by LeastSq::LeastSq().

```cpp
void primary_resp_weighter ( const Variables & unweighted_vars, const Variables & weighted_vars, const Response & unweighted_response, Response & weighted_response ) [static], [private]
```
Recast callback function to weight least squares residuals, gradients, and Hessians.
Apply weights to least squares residuals.
References Dakota::NPOS, Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::acv(), Variables::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::cv(), Dakota::find_index(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_gradients_view(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_values(), Response::function_values_view(), Variables::icv(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Iterator::iteratedModel, LeastSq::leastSqInstance, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), and Model::subordinate_model.

Referenced by LeastSq::weight_model().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaLeastSq.hpp
- DakotaLeastSq.cpp

### 13.69 LibraryEnvironment Class Reference

**Environment** corresponding to execution as an embedded library.

Inheritance diagram for LibraryEnvironment:

```
Environment
|-- LibraryEnvironment
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **LibraryEnvironment ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- **LibraryEnvironment (ProgramOptions prog_opts, bool check_bcast_construct=true, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback=NULL, void *callback_data=NULL)*
  
  *Primary constructor: program options typically specifies an input file or input string. Optionally specify a callback function to be invoked after parsing. Set check_bcast_construct if performing late updates and later calling done_modifying_db().*

- **LibraryEnvironment (MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm, ProgramOptions prog_opts=ProgramOptions(), bool check_bcast_construct=true, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback=NULL, void *callback_data=NULL)*
  
  *Alternate constructor accepting communicator, same options as primary.*

- **~LibraryEnvironment ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **void insert_nodes (Dakota::DataMethod &dme, Dakota::DataModel &dmo, Dakota::DataVariables &dv, Dakota::DataInterface &di, Dakota::DataResponses &dr)***
  
  *Insert DB nodes for a \{Method,Model,Variables,Interface,Responses\} set.*

- **void done_modifying_db ()***
  
  *Check database contents, broadcast, and construct iterators.*

- **bool plugin_interface (const String &model_type, const String &interf_type, const String &an_driver, Interface *plugin_iface)***
  
  *Plug-in the passed interface into any interface matching the specified (possibly empty) model, interface, and driver strings; returns true if a plugin was performed.*
• InterfaceList filtered_interface_list (const String &interf_type, const String &an_driver)
  
  filter the available Interface instances based on matching interface type and analysis drivers (empty String matches any)

• ModelList filtered_model_list (const String &model_type, const String &interf_type, const String &an_driver)
  
  filter the available Model instances based on matching model type, interface type, and analysis drivers (empty String matches any)

Additional Inherited Members

13.69.1 Detailed Description

Environment corresponding to execution as an embedded library.

This environment corresponds to use of Dakota as a library within another application, e.g., within library_mode.cpp. It sets up the ParallelLibrary and ProblemDescDB objects without access to command line arguments.

13.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LibraryEnvironment ( ProgramOptions prog_opts, bool check_bcast_construct = true,
DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback = NULL, void * callback_data = NULL )

Primary constructor: program options typically specifies an input file or input string. Optionally specify a callback function to be invoked after parsing. Set check_bcast_construct if performing late updates and later calling done_modifying_db().

  Construct library environment, optionally performing check/bcast of database and iterator construction

  References Environment::construct(), OutputManager::output_startup_message(), Environment::outputManager, and Environment::parse().

LibraryEnvironment ( MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm, ProgramOptions prog_opts = ProgramOptions (),
bool check_bcast_construct = true, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback = NULL, void * callback_data = NULL )

Alternate constructor accepting communicator, same options as primary.

  Construct library environment on passed MPI Comm, optionally performing check/bcast of database and iterator construction. MPI Comm is first argument so client doesn’t have to pass all args

  References Environment::construct(), OutputManager::output_startup_message(), Environment::outputManager, and Environment::parse().

13.69.3 Member Function Documentation

InterfaceList filtered_interface_list ( const String & interf_type, const String & an_driver )

filter the available Interface instances based on matching interface type and analysis drivers (empty String matches any)

  This convenience function helps clients locate and plugin to the right Interface instance for simple cases. Pass an empty string to match any instead of a specific instance

  References Interface::analysis_drivers(), Dakota::contains(), Interface::interface_type(), ProblemDescDB::model_list(), and Environment::probDescDB.
ModelList filtered_model_list ( const String & model_type, const String & interf_type, const String & an_driver )

filter the available Model instances based on matching model type, interface type, and analysis drivers (empty String matches any)

This convenience function helps clients locate and plugin to the right Interface instance for cases where the parallel configuration is needed in constructing a parallel plugin. Pass an empty string to match any instead of a specific instance

References Interface::analysis_drivers(), Dakota::contains(), Interface::interface_type(), ProblemDescDB::model_list(), and Environment::probDescDB.

Referenced by parallel_interface_plugin(), LibraryEnvironment::plugin_interface(), run_dakota(), and run_dakotamixed().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- LibraryEnvironment.hpp
- LibraryEnvironment.cpp

13.70 LightWtBaseConstructor Struct Reference

Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly Model instantiations.

Public Member Functions

- LightWtBaseConstructor (int=0)
  

  C++ structs can have constructors.

13.70.1 Detailed Description

Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly Model instantiations.

LightWtBaseConstructor is used to overload the constructor used for on-the-fly Model instantiations. Putting this struct here avoids circular dependencies.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- dakota_global_defs.hpp

13.71 MatchesWC Struct Reference

Predicate that returns true when the passed path matches the wild_card with which it was configured. Currently supports * and ?.

Public Member Functions

- MatchesWC (const bfs::path &wild_card)
  

  ctor that builds and stores the regular expression

- bool operator() (const bfs::path &dir_entry)
  

  return true is dir_entry matches wildCardRegEx
13.72. MATLABINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

Public Attributes

- boost::basic_regex
  < bfs::path::value_type > wildCardRegEx
  archived RegEx; wchar-based on Windows

13.71.1 Detailed Description

Predicate that returns true when the passed path matches the wild card with which it was configured. Currently supports * and ?.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- WorkdirHelper.hpp

13.72 MatlabInterface Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for MatlabInterface:

```
```

```
```  
```
```
```

Public Member Functions

- MatlabInterface (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  Constructor: start Matlab engine.
- ~MatlabInterface ()
  Destructor: close Matlab engine.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual int derived_map_ac (const String &ac_name)
  execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- int matlab_engine_run (const Dakota::String &ac_name)
  Helper function supporting derived_map_ac. Sends data to Matlab, executes analysis, collects return data.
- int matlab_field_prep (mxArray *dakota_matlab, const char *field_name)
  check that the dakota_matlab structure has the specified field_name and add if necessary; free structure memory in preparation for new alloc.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Protected Attributes

• engine * matlabEngine
  
  pointer to the MATLAB engine used for direct evaluations

13.72.1 Detailed Description

Specialization of DirectApplicInterface to link to Matlab analysis drivers. Includes convenience functions to map data to/from Matlab

13.72.2 Member Function Documentation

int derived_map_ac ( const String & acname ) [protected], [virtual]

execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
  
  Matlab specialization of derived analysis components.
  
  Reimplemented from DirectApplicInterface.
  
  References ApplicationInterface::analysisServerId, and MatlabInterface::matlab_engine_run().

int matlab_engine_run ( const Dakota::String & acname ) [protected]

Helper function supporting derived_map_ac. Sends data to Matlab, executes analysis, collects return data.
  
  Direct interface to Matlab through Mathworks external API. m-file executed is specified through analysis_drivers, extra strings through analysis_components. (Original BMA 11/28/2005)
  
  Special thanks to Lee Peterson for substantial enhancements 12/15/2007: Added output buffer for the M-ATLAB command response and error messages Made the Dakota variable persistent in the MATLAB engine workspace Added robustness to the user deleting required Dakota fields
  
  References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::analysisComponents, DirectApplicInterface::analysisDriverIndex, Interface::currEvalId, DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::directFnDVV, Dakota::FIELD_NAMES, DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::fnHessians, Interface::fnLabels, DirectApplicInterface::fnVals, DirectApplicInterface::gradFlag, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, MatlabInterface::matlab_field_prep(), MatlabInterface::matlabEngine, DirectApplicInterface::numACV, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, Dakota::NUMBER_OF_FIELDS, DirectApplicInterface::numDerivVars, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, Interface::outputLevel, DirectApplicInterface::xC, DirectApplicInterface::xCLabels, DirectApplicInterface::xDI, DirectApplicInterface::xDILabels, DirectApplicInterface::xDR, and DirectApplicInterface::xDRLabels.
  
  Referenced by MatlabInterface::derived_map_ac().
  
  The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• MatlabInterface.hpp
• MatlabInterface.cpp

13.73 MetaIterator Class Reference

Base class for meta-iterators.
  
  Inheritance diagram for MetaIterator:
### Protected Member Functions

- **MetaIterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  - *standard constructor*
- **MetaIterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  - *alternate constructor*
- **~MetaIterator** ()
  - *destructor*
- **void post_run** (std::ostream &s)
  - *post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way*
- **bool new_model** (const String &method_ptr, const String &model_ptr)
  - *identify presence of a new model specification identified by pointer, necessitating a new instantiation*
- **void check_model** (const String &method_ptr, const String &model_ptr)
  - *check that any model identified by pointer has the same id as the passed iteratedModel*
- **void allocate_by_pointer** (const String &method_ptr, Iterator &the_iterator, Model &the_model)
  - *initialize the_iterator and the_model based on method_ptr*
- **void allocate_by_name** (const String &method_string, const String &model_ptr, Iterator &the_iterator, Model &the_model)
  - *initialize the_iterator based on method_string*
- **std::pair< int, int > estimate_by_pointer** (const String &method_ptr, Iterator &the_iterator, Model &the_model)
  - *estimate minimum and maximum processors per iterator needed for init_iterator_parallelism(); instantiates the_iterator and the_model as needed, but on minimal processor ranks (is later augmented by allocate_by_pointer())*
- **std::pair< int, int > estimate_by_name** (const String &method_string, const String &model_ptr, Iterator &the_iterator, Model &the_model)
  - *estimate minimum and maximum processors per iterator needed for init_iterator_parallelism(); instantiates the_iterator and the_model as needed, but on minimal processor ranks (is later augmented by allocate_by_name())*

### Protected Attributes

- **IteratorScheduler iterSched**
  - *scheduler for concurrent execution of Iterators*
- **int maxIteratorConcurrency**
  - *maximum number of concurrent sub-iterator executions*
Additional Inherited Members

13.73.1 Detailed Description

Base class for meta-iterators.

This base class shares code for concurrent and hybrid meta-iterators, where the former supports multi-start and Pareto set iteration and the latter supports sequential, embedded, and collaborative hybrids.

13.73.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]
```

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/-Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way.

Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `post_run()`, typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from `Iterator`.

References `MetaIterator::iterSched`, `IteratorScheduler::lead_rank()`, and `Iterator::print_results()`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MetaIterator.hpp
- MetaIterator.cpp

13.74 Minimizer Class Reference

Base class for the optimizer and least squares branches of the iterator hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Minimizer:
Public Member Functions

- **void constraint_tolerance (Real constr_tol)**
  set the method constraint tolerance (constraintTol)

- **Real constraint_tolerance () const**
  return the method constraint tolerance (constraintTol)

Protected Member Functions

- **Minimizer ()**
  default constructor

- **Minimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor

- **Minimizer (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)**
  alternate constructor for "on the fly" instantiations

- **Minimizer (unsigned short method_name, size_t num_lin_ineq, size_t num_lin_eq, size_t num_nln_ineq, size_t num_nln_eq)**
  alternate constructor for "on the fly" instantiations

- **~Minimizer ()**
  destructor

- **void update_from_model (const Model &model)**
  set inherited data attributes based on extractions from incoming model

- **void initialize_run ()**
  utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

- **void post_run (std::ostream &s)**
  post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

- **void finalize_run ()**
  utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

- **const Model & algorithm_space_model () const**
  Return a shallow copy of the original model this Iterator was originally passed, optionally leaving recasts_left on top of it.

- **void data_transform_model ()**
  Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that subtracts provided observed data from the primary response functions (variables and secondary responses are unchanged)

- **void scale_model ()**
  Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that performs variable and/or response scaling.

- **Real objective (const RealVector &fn_vals, const BoolDeque &max_sense, const RealVector &primary_wts)**
  const
  compute a composite objective value from one or more primary functions

- **Real objective (const RealVector &fn_vals, size_t num_fns, const BoolDeque &max_sense, const RealVector &primary_wts)**
  const
  compute a composite objective with specified number of source primary functions, instead of userPrimaryFns
• void objective\_gradient (const RealVector &fn\_vals, const RealMatrix &fn\_grads, const BoolDeque &max\_sense, const RealVector &primary\_wts, RealVector &obj\_grad) const
  compute the gradient of the composite objective function
• void objective\_gradient (const RealVector &fn\_vals, size\_t num\_fns, const RealMatrix &fn\_grads, const BoolDeque &max\_sense, const RealVector &primary\_wts, RealVector &obj\_grad) const
  compute the gradient of the composite objective function
• void objective\_hessian (const RealVector &fn\_vals, const RealMatrix &fn\_grads, const RealSymMatrix-Array &fn\_hessians, const BoolDeque &max\_sense, const RealVector &primary\_wts, RealSymMatrix &obj\_hess) const
  compute the Hessian of the composite objective function
• void objective\_hessian (const RealVector &fn\_vals, size\_t num\_fns, const RealMatrix &fn\_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray &fn\_hessians, const BoolDeque &max\_sense, const RealVector &primary\_wts, RealSymMatrix &obj\_hess) const
  compute the Hessian of the composite objective function
• void archive\_allocate\_best (size\_t num\_points)
  allocate results arrays and labels for multipoint storage
• void archive\_best (size\_t index, const Variables &best\_vars, const Response &best\_resp)
  archive the best point into the results array
• void resize\_best\_vars\_array (size\_t newsize)
  Safely resize the best variables array to newsize taking into account the envelope-letter design pattern and any recasting.
• void resize\_best\_resp\_array (size\_t newsize)
  Safely resize the best response array to newsize taking into account the envelope-letter design pattern and any recasting.
• Real sum\_squared\_residuals (size\_t num\_pri\_fns, const RealVector &residuals, const RealVector &weights)
  return weighted sum of squared residuals
• void print\_residuals (size\_t num\_terms, const RealVector &best\_terms, const RealVector &weights, size\_t num\_best, size\_t best\_index, std::ostream &s)
  print num\_terms residuals and misfit for final results
• void print\_model\_resp (size\_t num\_pri\_fns, const RealVector &best\_fns, size\_t num\_best, size\_t best\_index, std::ostream &s)
  print the original user model resp in the case of data transformations
• void local\_recast\_retrieve (const Variables &vars, Response &response) const
  infers MOO/NLS solution from the solution of a single-objective optimizer

Protected Attributes

• size\_t numFunctions
  number of response functions
• size\_t numContinuousVars
  number of active continuous vars
• size\_t numDiscreteIntVars
  number of active discrete integer vars
• size\_t numDiscreteStringVars
  number of active discrete string vars
- `size_t numDiscreteRealVars`
  
  number of active discrete real vars

- `Real constraintTol`
  
  optimizer/least squares constraint tolerance

- `Real bigRealBoundSize`
  
  cutoff value for inequality constraint and continuous variable bounds

- `int bigIntBoundSize`
  
  cutoff value for discrete variable bounds

- `size_t numNonlinearIneqConstraints`
  
  number of nonlinear inequality constraints

- `size_t numNonlinearEqConstraints`
  
  number of nonlinear equality constraints

- `size_t numLinearIneqConstraints`
  
  number of linear inequality constraints

- `size_t numLinearEqConstraints`
  
  number of linear equality constraints

- `size_t numNonlinearConstraints`
  
  total number of nonlinear constraints

- `size_t numLinearConstraints`
  
  total number of linear constraints

- `size_t numConstraints`
  
  total number of linear and nonlinear constraints

- `bool optimizationFlag`
  
  flag for use where optimization and NLS must be distinguished

- `size_t numUserPrimaryFns`
  
  number of objective functions or least squares terms in the inbound model; always initialize at Minimizer, even if overridden later

- `size_t numIterPrimaryFns`
  
  number of objective functions or least squares terms in iterator’s view, after transformations; always initialize at Minimizer, even if overridden later

- `bool boundConstraintFlag`
  
  convenience flag for denoting the presence of user-specified bound constraints. Used for method selection and error checking.

- `bool speculativeFlag`
  
  flag for speculative gradient evaluations

- `bool calibrationDataFlag`
  
  flag indicating whether user-supplied calibration data is active

- `ExperimentData expData`
  
  Container for experimental data to which to calibrate model using least squares or other formulations which minimize SSE.

- `size_t numExperiments`
  
  number of experiments

- `size_t numTotalCalibTerms`
number of total calibration terms (sum over experiments of number of experimental data per experiment, including field data)

- Model dataTransformModel
  
  Shallow copy of the data transformation model, when present (cached in case further wrapped by other transformations)

- bool scaleFlag
  
  whether Iterator-level scaling is active

- Model scalingModel
  
  Shallow copy of the scaling transformation model, when present (cached in case further wrapped by other transformations)

- Minimizer * prevMinInstance
  
  pointer containing previous value of minimizerInstance

- bool vendorNumericalGradFlag
  
  convenience flag for gradient_type == numerical && method_source == vendor

Static Protected Attributes

- static Minimizer * minimizerInstance
  
  pointer to Minimizer used in static member functions

Friends

- class SOLBase
  
  the SOLBase class is not derived the iterator hierarchy but still needs access to iterator hierarchy data (to avoid attribute replication)

- class SNLLBase
  
  the SNLLBase class is not derived the iterator hierarchy but still needs access to iterator hierarchy data (to avoid attribute replication)

Additional Inherited Members

13.74.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the optimizer and least squares branches of the iterator hierarchy.

The Minimizer class provides common data and functionality for Optimizer and LeastSq.

13.74.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Minimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]

standard constructor

This constructor extracts inherited data for the optimizer and least squares branches and performs sanity checking on constraint settings.

References Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::methodName, Iterator::numFinalSolutions, and Minimizer::update_from_model().
13.74.3 Member Function Documentation

`void initialize_run( ) [protected], [virtual]`

utility function to perform common operations prior to `pre_run()`; typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

Perform initialization phases of run sequence, like allocating memory and setting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `initialize_run()`, typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
Reimplemented in `SNLOptimizer, NLPQLPOptimizer, SNLLLeastSq, DOTOptimizer, and Optimizer`.
References `Model::all_continuous_variables(), Model::all_discrete_int_variables(), Model::all_discrete_real_variables(), Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Model::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Minimizer::minimizerInstance, Iterator::myModelLayers, Minimizer::prevMinInstance, Model::set_evaluation_reference, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, Model::subordinate_model(), and Iterator::summaryOutputFlag`.

Referenced by `LeastSq::initialize_run()`, and `Optimizer::initialize_run()`.

`void post_run( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]`

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `post_run()`, typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
Reimplemented in `SNLOptimizer, SNLLLeastSq, and Optimizer`.
References `Model::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::print_evaluation_summary, Iterator::print_results, Iterator::resultsDB, Iterator::summaryOutputFlag, and ResultsManager::write_databases()`.

Referenced by `LeastSq::post_run()`, `Optimizer::post_run()`, and `SNLLLeastSq::post_run()`.

`void finalize_run( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]`

utility function to perform common operations following `post_run()`; deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

Optional: perform finalization phases of run sequence, like deallocating memory and resetting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s `finalize_run()`, typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
Reimplemented in `SNLOptimizer, SNLLLeastSq, and Optimizer`.
References `Iterator::finalize_run(), Minimizer::minimizerInstance, and Minimizer::prevMinInstance`.

Referenced by `LeastSq::finalize_run()`, and `Optimizer::finalize_run()`.

`const Model & algorithm_space_model( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]`

default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers

Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
Reimplemented in `EffGlobalMinimizer`.
References `Iterator::iteratedModel`.
void data_transform_model ( ) [protected]

Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that subtracts provided observed data from the primary response functions (variables and secondary responses are unchanged).

Reads observation data to compute least squares residuals. Does not change size of responses, and is the first wrapper, therefore sizes are based on iteratedModel.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Iterator::assign_rep(), Minimizer::dataTransformModel, Minimizer::expData, ProblemDescDB::get_sizet(), Iterator::iteratedModel, ExperimentData::load_data(), Iterator::myModelLayers, Model::num_functions(), Model::num_primary_fns(), Minimizer::numExperiments, Minimizer::numFunctions, Minimizer::numIterPrimaryFns, Minimizer::numTotalCalibTerms, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, and ActiveSet::request_vector().

Referenced by LeastSq::LeastSq(), and Optimizer::Optimizer().

void scale_model ( ) [protected]

Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that performs variable and/or response scaling.

Wrap the iteratedModel in a scaling transformation, such that iteratedModel now contains a scaling recast model. Potentially affects variables, primary, and secondary responses

References Model::assign_rep(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::myModelLayers, and Minimizer::scalingModel.

Referenced by LeastSq::LeastSq(), and Optimizer::Optimizer().

Real objective ( const RealVector & fn_vals, const BoolDeque & max_sense, const RealVector & primary_wts ) const [protected]

compute a composite objective value from one or more primary functions

The composite objective computation sums up the contributions from one of more primary functions using the primary response fn weights.

References Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approx_subprob_objective_eval(), SurrBasedMinimizer::augmented_lagrangian_merit(), EffGlobalMinimizer::expected_improvement(), SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangian_merit(), Optimizer::objective_reduction(), SurrBasedMinimizer::penalty_merit(), COLINOptimizer::post_run(), SurrBasedMinimizer::update_filter(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::update_penalty().

Real objective ( const RealVector & fn_vals, size_t num_fns, const BoolDeque & max_sense, const RealVector & primary_wts ) const [protected]

compute a composite objective with specified number of source primary functions, instead of userPrimaryFns

This "composite" objective is a more general case of the previous objective(), but doesn’t presume a reduction map from user to iterated space. Used to apply weights and sense in COLIN results sorting. Leaving as a duplicate implementation pending resolution of COLIN lookups.

References Minimizer::optimizationFlag.

void objective_gradient ( const RealVector & fn_vals, size_t num_fns, const RealMatrix & fn_grads, const BoolDeque & max_sense, const RealVector & primary_wts, RealVector & obj_grad ) const [protected]

compute the gradient of the composite objective function

The composite objective gradient computation combines the contributions from one of more primary function gradients, including the effect of any primary function weights. In the case of a linear mapping (MOO), only the primary function gradients are required, but in the case of a nonlinear mapping (NLS), primary function values
are also needed. Within RecastModel::set_mapping(), the active set requests are automatically augmented to make values available when needed, based on nonlinearRespMapping settings.

References Minimizer::numContinuousVars, and Minimizer::optimizationFlag.

```cpp
void objective_hessian ( const RealVector & fn_vals, size_t num_fns, const RealMatrix & fn_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray & fn_hessians, const BoolDeque & max_sense, const RealVector & primary_wts, RealSymMatrix & obj_hess ) const [protected]
```

compute the Hessian of the composite objective function

The composite objective Hessian computation combines the contributions from one of more primary function Hessians, including the effect of any primary function weights. In the case of a linear mapping (MOO), only the primary function Hessians are required, but in the case of a nonlinear mapping (NLS), primary function values and gradients are also needed in general (gradients only in the case of a Gauss-Newton approximation). Within the default RecastModel::set_mapping(), the active set requests are automatically augmented to make values and gradients available when needed, based on nonlinearRespMapping settings.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, and Minimizer::optimizationFlag.

```cpp
void resize_best_vars_array ( size_t newsize ) [protected]
```

Safely resize the best variables array to newsize taking into account the envelope-letter design pattern and any recasting.

Uses data from the innermost model, should any Minimizer recasts be active. Called by multipoint return solvers. Do not directly call resize on the bestVariablesArray object unless you intend to share the internal content (letter) with other objects after assignment.

References Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Variables::copy(), Model::current_variables(), and Minimizer::original_model().

Referenced by COLINOptimizer::post_run().

```cpp
void resize_best_resp_array ( size_t newsize ) [protected]
```

Safely resize the best response array to newsize taking into account the envelope-letter design pattern and any recasting.

Uses data from the innermost model, should any Minimizer recasts be active. Called by multipoint return solvers. Do not directly call resize on the bestResponseArray object unless you intend to share the internal content (letter) with other objects after assignment.

References Iterator::bestResponseArray, Response::copy(), Model::current_response(), and Minimizer::original_model().

Referenced by COLINOptimizer::post_run().

```cpp
void local_recast_retrieve ( const Variables & vars, Response & response ) const [protected]
```

infers MOO/NLS solution from the solution of a single-objective optimizer

Retrieve a MOO/NLS response based on the data returned by a single objective optimizer by performing a data_pairs search. This may get called even for a single user-specified function, since we may be recasting a single NLS residual into a squared objective. Always returns best data in the space of the original inbound Model.

References Response::active_set(), Dakota::data_pairs, Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), and Response::update().

Referenced by LeastSq::post_run(), and Optimizer::post_run().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaMinimizer.hpp
13.75 MixedVarConstraints Class Reference

Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

Inheritance diagram for MixedVarConstraints:

```
Constraints

MixedVarConstraints
```

Public Member Functions

- **MixedVarConstraints** (const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  lightweight constructor
- **MixedVarConstraints** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  standard constructor
- **~MixedVarConstraints** ()
  destructor
- void **write** (std::ostream &s) const
  write a variable constraints object to an std::ostream
- void **read** (std::istream &s)
  read a variable constraints object from an std::istream

Additional Inherited Members

13.75.1 Detailed Description

Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

Derived variable constraints classes take different views of the design, uncertain, and state variable types and the continuous and discrete domain types. The MixedVarConstraints derived class separates the continuous and discrete domain types (see Variables::get_variables(problem_db) for variables type selection; variables type is passed to the Constraints constructor in Model).

13.75.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**MixedVarConstraints** ( const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedVariablesData & svd )

standard constructor

In this class, mixed continuous/discrete variables are used. Most iterators/strategies use this approach, which is the default in Constraints::get_constraints().
References Constraints::allContinuousLowerBnds, Constraints::allContinuousUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealUpperBnds, Dakota::copy_data_partial(), ProblemDescDB::get_iv(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), Constraints::sharedVarsData, and SharedVariablesData::view().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MixedVarConstraints.hpp
- MixedVarConstraints.cpp

13.76 MixedVariables Class Reference

Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

Inheritance diagram for MixedVariables:

```
Variables
   ------------
       |       |
   MixedVariables
```

Public Member Functions

- **MixedVariables** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const std::pair<short, short> &view)
  - standard constructor
- **MixedVariables** (const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  - lightweight constructor
- **~MixedVariables** ()
  - destructor

Protected Member Functions

- void **read** (std::istream &s)
  - read a variables object from an std::istream
- void **write** (std::ostream &s) const
  - write a variables object to an std::ostream, e.g., the console
- void **write_aprepro** (std::ostream &s) const
  - write a variables object to an std::ostream in aprepro format, e.g., a parameters file
- void **read_tabular** (std::istream &s, bool active_only=false)
- void **write_tabular** (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const
  - write a variables object in tabular format to an std::ostream
- void **write_tabular_labels** (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const
  - write the labels in input spec order to a std::ostream
- template<typename Reader >
  - void **read_core** (std::istream &s, Reader read_handler, const SizetArray &vc_totals)
    - Implementation of reading various formats using the specified read handler.
**CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION**

- template<typename Writer>
  
  void write_core(std::ostream &s, Writer write_handler, const SizetArray &vc_totals) const
  
  Implementation of writing various formats using the specified write handler.

**Additional Inherited Members**

**13.76.1 Detailed Description**

Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which separates continuous and discrete variables (no domain type array merging).

Derived variables classes take different views of the design, uncertain, and state variable types and the continuous and discrete domain types. The MixedVariables derived class separates the continuous and discrete domain types (see Variables::get_variables(problem_db)).

**13.76.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

MixedVariables ( const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const std::pair< short, short > & view )

standard constructor

In this class, the distinct approach is used (design, uncertain, and state variable types and continuous and discrete domain types are distinct). Most iterators/strategies use this approach.

References Variables::allContinuousVars, Variables::allDiscreteIntVars, Variables::allDiscreteRealVars, Variables::allDiscreteStringVars, Dakota::copy_data_partial(), ProblemDescDB::get_iv(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), Variables::sharedVarsData, and SharedVariablesData::view().

**13.76.3 Member Function Documentation**

void read_tabular ( std::istream & s, bool active_only = false ) [protected], [virtual]

Tabular reader that reads data in order design, aleatory, epistemic, state according to counts in vc_totals (extract in order: cdv/ddiv/ddrv, cauv/dauiv/daurv, ceuv/deuiv/deurv, csv/dsiv/dsrv, which might reflect active or all depending on context. Assumes container sized, since might be a view into a larger array.

Reimplemented from Variables.

References SharedVariablesData::active_components_totals(), SharedVariablesData::components_totals(), MixedVariables::read_core(), and Variables::sharedVarsData.

void read_core ( std::istream & s, Reader read_handler, const SizetArray & vc_totals ) [protected]

Implementation of reading various formats using the specified read handler.

Reordering is required in all read/write cases that will be visible to the user since all derived vars classes should use the same CDV/DDV/UV/CSV/DSV ordering for clarity. Neutral file I/O, binary streams, and packed buffers do not need to reorder (so long as read/write are consistent) since this data is not intended for public consumption.

References Variables::all_continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_string_variable_labels(), Variables::allContinuousVars, Variables::allDiscreteIntVars, Variables::allDiscreteRealVars, and Variables::allDiscreteStringVars.

Referenced by MixedVariables::read(), and MixedVariables::read_tabular().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MixedVariables.hpp
- MixedVariables.cpp
13.77 Model Class Reference

Base class for the model class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Model:

```
Model
  |         |
  |  ↓      |
  | NestedModel RecastModel SingleModel SurrogateModel
  |         |         |         |         |
  |  ↓      |         |         |         |
  | DataTransformModel ScalingModel DataFitSurrModel HierarchSurrModel
```

Public Member Functions

- **Model ()**
  - default constructor
- **Model (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  - standard constructor for envelope
- **Model (const Model &model)**
  - copy constructor
- **virtual ~Model ()**
  - destructor
- **Model operator= (const Model &model)**
  - assignment operator
- **virtual Iterator & subordinate_iterator ()**
  - return the sub-iterator in nested and surrogate models
- **virtual Model & subordinate_model ()**
  - return a single sub-model defined from subModel in nested and recast models and truth_model() in surrogate models; used for a directed dive through model recursions that may bypass some components.
- **virtual Model & surrogate_model ()**
  - return the approximation sub-model in surrogate models
- **virtual Model & truth_model ()**
  - return the truth sub-model in surrogate models
- **virtual void derived_subordinate_models (ModelList &ml, bool recurse_flag)**
  - portion of subordinate_models() specific to derived model classes
- **virtual void update_from_subordinate_model (size_t depth=std::numeric_limits< size_t >::max())**
  - propagate vars/labels/bounds/targets from the bottom up
- **virtual Interface & derived_interface ()**
  - return the interface employed by the derived model class, if present: SingleModel::userDefinedInterface, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, or NestedModel::optionalInterface
- **virtual void primary_response_fn_weights (const RealVector &wts, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  - set the relative weightings for multiple objective functions or least squares terms
- **virtual void surrogate_function_indices (const IntSet &surr_fn_indices)**
  - set the (currently active) surrogate function index set
- **virtual void build_approximation ()**
build a new SurrogateModel approximation

- virtual bool build\_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response\_pr)
  - build a new SurrogateModel approximation using/enforcing response at vars

- virtual void update\_approximation (bool rebuild\_flag)
  - replace the approximation data within an existing surrogate based on data updates propagated elsewhere

- virtual void update\_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response\_pr, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - replace the anchor point data within an existing surrogate

- virtual void update\_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars\_array, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - replace the data points within an existing surrogate

- virtual void update\_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - replace the data points within an existing surrogate

- virtual void append\_approximation (bool rebuild\_flag)
  - append to the existing approximation data within a surrogate based on data updates propagated elsewhere

- virtual void append\_approximation (const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response\_pr, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - append a single point to an existing surrogate’s data

- virtual void append\_approximation (const VariablesArray &vars\_array, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - append multiple points to an existing surrogate’s data

- virtual void append\_approximation (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp\_map, bool rebuild\_flag)
  - append multiple points to an existing surrogate’s data

- virtual void pop\_approximation (bool save\_surr\_data, bool rebuild\_flag=false)
  - remove the previous data set addition to a surrogate (e.g., due to a previous append\_approximation() call); flag manages storing of surrogate data for use in a subsequent restore\_approximation()

- virtual void restore\_approximation ()
  - restore a previous approximation data state within a surrogate

- virtual bool restore\_available ()
  - query for whether a trial increment is restorable within a surrogate

- virtual void finalize\_approximation ()
  - finalize an approximation by applying all previous trial increments

- virtual void store\_approximation ()
  - move the current approximation into storage for later combination

- virtual void combine\_approximation (short corr\_type)
  - combine the current approximation with one previously stored

- virtual bool force\_rebuild ()
  - determine whether a surrogate model rebuild should be forced based on changes in the inactive data

- virtual SharedApproxData & shared\_approximation ()
  - retrieve the shared approximation data within the ApproximationInterface of a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual std::vector<Approximation> & approximations ()
retrieve the set of Approximations within the ApproximationInterface of a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual const Pecos::SurrogateData & approximation_data (size_t index)
  retrieve the approximation data from a particular Approximation instance within the ApproximationInterface of a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual const RealVectorArray & approximation_coefficients (bool normalized=false)
  retrieve the approximation coefficients from each Approximation within a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual void approximation_coefficients (const RealVectorArray &approx_coeffs, bool normalized=false)
  set the approximation coefficients for each Approximation within a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual const RealVector & approximation_variances (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximation variances from each Approximation within a DataFitSurrModel

- virtual void surrogate_response_mode (short mode)
  set response computation mode used in SurrogateModels for forming currentResponse

- virtual short surrogate_response_mode () const
  return response computation mode used in SurrogateModels for forming currentResponse

- virtual DiscrepancyCorrection & discrepancy_correction ()
  return the DiscrepancyCorrection object used by SurrogateModels

- virtual void component_parallel_mode (short mode)
  update component parallel mode for supporting parallelism in a model’s interface component, sub-model component, or neither component (componentParallelMode = 0 (none), 1 (INTERFACE/APPROX_INTERFACE/OPTIONAL_INTERFACE/ELF_MODEL/SURROGATE_MODEL), or 2 (SUB_MODEL/ACTUAL_MODEL/HF_MODEL/Truth_MODEL)).

- virtual IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds (int max_eval_concurrency)
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Model

- virtual size_t mi_parallel_level_index () const
  return the index for the metaiterator-iterator parallelism level within ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters that is active for use in a particular Model at runtime

- virtual short local_eval_synchronization ()
  return derived model synchronization setting

- virtual int local_eval_concurrency ()
  return derived model asynchronous evaluation concurrency

- virtual void serve_run (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)
  Service job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from stop_servers().

- virtual void stop_servers ()
  Executed by the master to terminate all server operations for a particular model when iteration on the model is complete.

- virtual bool derived_master_overload () const
  Return a flag indicating the combination of multiprocessor evaluations and a dedicated master iterator scheduling. Used in synchronous compute_response functions to prevent the error of trying to run a multiprocessor job on the master.

- virtual void inactive_view (short view, bool recurse_flag=true)
  update the Model’s inactive view based on higher level (nested) context

- virtual const String & interface_id () const
  return the interface identifier
• virtual int evaluation_id () const
  
  Return the value of the evaluation id counter for the Model.

• virtual bool evaluation_cache () const
  
  Indicates the usage of an evaluation cache by the Model.

• virtual void set_evaluation_reference ()
  
  Set the reference points for the evaluation counters within the Model.

• virtual void fine_grained_evaluation_counters ()
  
  Request fine-grained evaluation reporting within the Model.

• virtual void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const
  
  Print an evaluation summary for the Model.

• virtual void eval_tag_prefix (const String &eval_id_str)
  
  set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

• virtual bool db_lookup (const Variables &search_vars, const ActiveSet &search_set, Response &found_resp)
  
  search the eval database (during derivative estimation); derived may need to reimplement due to problem transformations (RecastModel); return true if found in DB

• ModelList & subordinate_models (bool recurse_flag=true)
  
  return the sub-models in nested and surrogate models

• void compute_response ()
  
  Compute the Response at currentVariables (default ActiveSet).

• void compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  Compute the Response at currentVariables (specified ActiveSet).

• void asynch_compute_response ()
  
  Spawn an asynchronous job (or jobs) that computes the value of the Response at currentVariables (default ActiveSet).

• void asynch_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  Spawn an asynchronous job (or jobs) that computes the value of the Response at currentVariables (specified ActiveSet).

• const IntResponseMap & synchronize ()
  
  Execute a blocking scheduling algorithm to collect the complete set of results from a group of asynchronous evaluations.

• const IntResponseMap & synchronize_nowait ()
  
  Execute a nonblocking scheduling algorithm to collect all available results from a group of asynchronous evaluations.

• void init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  
  allocate communicator partitions for a model and store configuration in modelPCIterMap

• void init_serial ()
  
  for cases where init_communicators() will not be called, modify some default settings to behave properly in serial.

• void set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  
  set active parallel configuration for the model (set modelPCIter from modelPCIterMap)

• void free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  
  deallocate communicator partitions for a model

• MPI_Comm analysis_comm () const
retrieve the MPI communicator on which this model is configured to conduct function evaluation analyses (provided for library clients)

- **void stop_init** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  called from IteratorScheduler::init_iterator() for iteratorComm rank 0 to terminate serve_init() on other iterator-Comm processors

- **int serve_init** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  called from IteratorScheduler::init_iterator() for iteratorComm rank != 0 to balance init_communicators() calls on iteratorComm rank 0

- **void estimate_message_lengths** ()
  estimate messageLengths for a model

- **void assign_rep** (Model *model_rep, bool ref_count_incr=true)
  replaces existing letter with a new one

- **size_t tv** () const
  returns total number of vars

- **size_t cv** () const
  returns number of active continuous variables

- **size_t div** () const
  returns number of active discrete integer vars

- **size_t dsv** () const
  returns number of active discrete string vars

- **size_t drv** () const
  returns number of active discrete real vars

- **size_t icv** () const
  returns number of inactive continuous variables

- **size_t idiv** () const
  returns number of inactive discrete integer vars

- **size_t idsv** () const
  returns number of inactive discrete string vars

- **size_t idrv** () const
  returns number of inactive discrete real vars

- **size_t acv** () const
  returns total number of continuous variables

- **size_t adiv** () const
  returns total number of discrete integer vars

- **size_t adsv** () const
  returns total number of discrete string vars

- **size_t adrv** () const
  returns total number of discrete real vars

- **void active_variables** (const Variables &vars)
  set the active variables in currentVariables

- **const RealVector & continuous_variables** () const
  return the active continuous variables from currentVariables

- **void continuous_variables** (const RealVector &c_vars)
  set the active continuous variables in currentVariables
• void continuous_variable (Real c_var, size_t i)  
  set an active continuous variable in currentVariables

• const IntVector & discrete_int_variables () const  
  return the active discrete integer variables from currentVariables

• void discrete_int_variables (const IntVector &d_vars)  
  set the active discrete integer variables in currentVariables

• void discrete_int_variable (int d_var, size_t i)  
  set an active discrete integer variable in currentVariables

• StringMultiArrayConstView discrete_string_variables () const  
  return the active discrete string variables from currentVariables

• void discrete_string_variables (StringMultiArrayConstView d_vars)  
  set the active discrete string variables in currentVariables

• void discrete_string_variable (const String &d_var, size_t i)  
  set an active discrete string variable in currentVariables

• const RealVector & discrete_real_variables () const  
  return the active discrete real variables from currentVariables

• void discrete_real_variables (const RealVector &d_vars)  
  set the active discrete real variables in currentVariables

• void discrete_real_variable (Real d_var, size_t i)  
  set an active discrete real variable in currentVariables

• UShortMultiArrayConstView continuous_variable_types () const  
  return the active continuous variable types from currentVariables

• void continuous_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView cv_types)  
  set the active continuous variable types in currentVariables

• void continuous_variable_type (unsigned short cv_type, size_t i)  
  set an active continuous variable type in currentVariables

• UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_int_variable_types () const  
  return the active discrete variable types from currentVariables

• void discrete_int_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView div_types)  
  set the active discrete variable types in currentVariables

• void discrete_int_variable_type (unsigned short div_type, size_t i)  
  set an active discrete variable type in currentVariables

• UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_string_variable_types () const  
  return the active discrete variable types from currentVariables

• void discrete_string_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView div_types)  
  set the active discrete variable types in currentVariables

• void discrete_string_variable_type (unsigned short div_type, size_t i)  
  set an active discrete variable type in currentVariables

• UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_real_variable_types () const  
  return the active discrete variable types from currentVariables

• void discrete_real_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView drv_types)  
  set the active discrete variable types in currentVariables

• void discrete_real_variable_type (unsigned short drv_type, size_t i)
13.77. MODEL CLASS REFERENCE

- Set an active discrete variable type in currentVariables
  - `SizetMultiArrayConstView continuous_variable_ids()` const
    return the active continuous variable identifiers from currentVariables
  - `void continuous_variable_ids(SizetMultiArrayConstView cv_ids)`
    set the active continuous variable identifiers in currentVariables
  - `void continuous_variable_id(size_t cv_id, size_t i)`
    set an active continuous variable identifier in currentVariables
  - `const RealVector & inactive_continuous_variables()` const
    return the inactive continuous variables in currentVariables
  - `void inactive_continuous_variables(const RealVector &i_c_vars)`
    set the inactive continuous variables in currentVariables
  - `const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_variables()` const
    return the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void inactive_discrete_int_variables(const IntVector &i_d_vars)`
    set the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_string_variables()` const
    return the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void inactive_discrete_string_variables(StringMultiArrayConstView i_d_vars)`
    set the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_variables()` const
    return the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void inactive_discrete_real_variables(const RealVector &i_d_vars)`
    set the inactive discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `UShortMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_types()` const
    return the inactive continuous variable types from currentVariables
  - `SizetMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_ids()` const
    return the inactive continuous variable identifiers from currentVariables
  - `const RealVector & all_continuous_variables()` const
    return all continuous variables in currentVariables
  - `void all_continuous_variables(const RealVector &a_c_vars)`
    set all continuous variables in currentVariables
  - `void all_continuous_variable(Real a_c_var, size_t i)`
    set a variable within the all continuous variables in currentVariables
  - `const IntVector & all_discrete_int_variables()` const
    return all discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void all_discrete_int_variables(const IntVector &a_d_vars)`
    set all discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void all_discrete_int_variable(int a_d_var, size_t i)`
    set a variable within the all discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `StringMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_variables()` const
    return all discrete variables in currentVariables
  - `void all_discrete_string_variables(StringMultiArrayConstView a_d_vars)`
    set all discrete variables in currentVariables
• void all_discrete_string_variable (const String &a_d_var, size_t i)
  set a variable within the all discrete variables in currentVariables
• const RealVector & all_discrete_real_variables () const
  return all discrete variables in currentVariables
• void all_discrete_real_variables (const RealVector &a_d_vars)
  set all discrete variables in currentVariables
• void all_discrete_real_variable (Real a_d_var, size_t i)
  set a variable within the all discrete variables in currentVariables

• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_variable_types () const
  return all continuous variable types from currentVariables
• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_int_variable_types () const
  return all discrete variable types from currentVariables
• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_variable_types () const
  return all discrete variable types from currentVariables
• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_real_variable_types () const
  return all discrete variable types from currentVariables
• SizetMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_variable_ids () const
  return all continuous variable identifiers from currentVariables
• const IntSetArray & discrete_design_set_int_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set integer variables
• void discrete_design_set_int_values (const IntSetArray &isa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set integer variables
• const StringSetArray & discrete_design_set_string_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set string variables
• void discrete_design_set_string_values (const StringSetArray &ssa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set string variables
• const RealSetArray & discrete_design_set_real_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set real variables
• void discrete_design_set_real_values (const RealSetArray &rsa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete design set real variables
• const IntSetArray & discrete_state_set_int_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set integer variables
• void discrete_state_set_int_values (const IntSetArray &isa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set integer variables
• const StringSetArray & discrete_state_set_string_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set string variables
• void discrete_state_set_string_values (const StringSetArray &ssa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set string variables
• const RealSetArray & discrete_state_set_real_values () const
  return the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set real variables
• void discrete_state_set_real_values (const RealSetArray &rsa)
  define the sets of values available for each of the discrete state set real variables
• const BitArray & discrete_int_sets ()
const BitArray & discreteIntSets (short active_view)

class Model
{
public:
    define and return discreteIntSets using active view from currentVariables

    const BitArray & discreteIntSets (short active_view)
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set integer variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetIntValues)

    const IntSetArray & discrete_set_int_values ()
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set integer variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetIntValues)

    const IntSetArray & discrete_set_int_values (short active_view)
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set integer variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetIntValues)

    const StringSetArray & discrete_set_string_values ()
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set string variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetStringValues)

    const StringSetArray & discrete_set_string_values (short active_view)
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set string variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetStringValues)

    const RealSetArray & discrete_set_real_values ()
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set real variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetRealValues)

    const RealSetArray & discrete_set_real_values (short active_view)
        return the sets of values available for each of the active discrete set real variables (aggregated in activeDiscSetRealValues)

    Pecos::AleatoryDistParams & aleatory_distribution_parameters ()
        return aleatDistParams

    const Pecos::AleatoryDistParams & aleatory_distribution_parameters () const
        return aleatDistParams

    void aleatory_distribution_parameters (const Pecos::AleatoryDistParams &adp)
        set aleatDistParams

    Pecos::EpistemicDistParams & epistemic_distribution_parameters ()
        return epistDistParams

    const Pecos::EpistemicDistParams & epistemic_distribution_parameters () const
        return epistDistParams

    void epistemic_distribution_parameters (const Pecos::EpistemicDistParams &edp)
        set epistDistParams

    StringMultiArrayConstView continuous_variable_labels () const
        return the active continuous variable labels from currentVariables

    void continuous_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView c_v_labels)
        set the active continuous variable labels in currentVariables

    StringMultiArrayConstView discrete_int_variable_labels () const
        return the active discrete variable labels from currentVariables

    void discrete_int_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView d_v_labels)
        set the active discrete variable labels in currentVariables

    StringMultiArrayConstView discrete_string_variable_labels () const
        return the active discrete variable labels from currentVariables

    void discrete_string_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView d_v_labels)
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- `StringMultiArrayConstView discrete_real_variable_labels () const` return the active discrete variable labels from `currentVariables`
- `void discrete_real_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView d_v_labels)` set the active discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_labels () const` return the inactive continuous variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void inactive_continuous_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView i_c_v_labels)` set the inactive continuous variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels () const` return the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView i_d_v_labels)` set the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_string_variable_labels () const` return the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void inactive_discrete_string_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView i_d_v_labels)` set the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_real_variable_labels () const` return the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void inactive_discrete_real_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView i_d_v_labels)` set the inactive discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_variable_labels () const` return all continuous variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_continuous_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView a_c_v_labels)` set all continuous variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_continuous_variable_label (const String &a_c_v_label, size_t i)` set a label within the all continuous labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_int_variable_labels () const` return all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_discrete_int_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView a_d_v_labels)` set all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_discrete_int_variable_label (const String &a_d_v_label, size_t i)` set a label within the all discrete labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_variable_labels () const` return all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_discrete_string_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView a_d_v_labels)` set all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_discrete_string_variable_label (const String &a_d_v_label, size_t i)` set a label within the all discrete labels in `currentVariables`
- `StringMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_real_variable_labels () const` return all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
- `void all_discrete_real_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView a_d_v_labels)` set all discrete variable labels in `currentVariables`
• void \texttt{all\_discrete\_real\_variable\_label} (const String &a\_d\_v\_label, size\_t i)
  set a label within the all discrete labels in \texttt{currentVariables}

• const StringArray & \texttt{response\_labels} () const
  return the response labels from \texttt{currentResponse}

• void \texttt{response\_labels} (const StringArray &resp\_labels)
  set the response labels in \texttt{currentResponse}

• const RealVector & \texttt{continuous\_lower\_bounds} () const
  return the active continuous lower bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{continuous\_lower\_bounds} (const RealVector &c\_l\_bnds)
  set the active continuous lower bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{continuous\_lower\_bound} (Real c\_l\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active continuous lower bound in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const RealVector & \texttt{continuous\_upper\_bounds} () const
  return the active continuous upper bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{continuous\_upper\_bounds} (const RealVector &c\_u\_bnds)
  set the active continuous upper bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{continuous\_upper\_bound} (Real c\_u\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active continuous upper bound from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const IntVector & \texttt{discrete\_int\_lower\_bounds} () const
  return the active discrete int lower bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_int\_lower\_bounds} (const IntVector &d\_l\_bnds)
  set the active discrete int lower bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_int\_lower\_bound} (int d\_l\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active discrete int lower bound in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const IntVector & \texttt{discrete\_int\_upper\_bounds} () const
  return the active discrete int upper bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_int\_upper\_bounds} (const IntVector &d\_u\_bnds)
  set the active discrete int upper bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_int\_upper\_bound} (int d\_u\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active discrete int upper bound from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const RealVector & \texttt{discrete\_real\_lower\_bounds} () const
  return the active discrete real lower bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_real\_lower\_bounds} (const RealVector &d\_l\_bnds)
  set the active discrete real lower bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_real\_lower\_bound} (Real d\_l\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active discrete real lower bound in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const RealVector & \texttt{discrete\_real\_upper\_bounds} () const
  return the active discrete real upper bounds from \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_real\_upper\_bounds} (const RealVector &d\_u\_bnds)
  set the active discrete real upper bounds in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• void \texttt{discrete\_real\_upper\_bound} (Real d\_u\_bnd, size\_t i)
  set the i-th active discrete real upper bound in \texttt{userDefinedConstraints}

• const RealVector & \texttt{inactive\_continuous\_lower\_bounds} () const
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

return the inactive continuous lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_continuous_lower_bounds (const RealVector &i_c_l_bnds)
  set the inactive continuous lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & inactive_continuous_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive continuous upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_continuous_upper_bounds (const RealVector &i_c_u_bnds)
  set the inactive continuous upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds (const IntVector &i_d_l_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds (const IntVector &i_d_u_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds (const RealVector &i_d_l_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds () const
  return the inactive discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds (const RealVector &i_d_u_bnds)
  set the inactive discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & all_continuous_lower_bounds () const
  return all continuous lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_continuous_lower_bounds (const RealVector &a_c_l_bnds)
  set all continuous lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_continuous_lower_bound (Real a_c_l_bnd, size_t i)
  set a lower bound within continuous lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & all_continuous_upper_bounds () const
  return all continuous upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_continuous_upper_bounds (const RealVector &a_c_u_bnds)
  set all continuous upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_continuous_upper_bound (Real a_c_u_bnd, size_t i)
  set an upper bound within all continuous upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const IntVector & all_discrete_int_lower_bounds () const
  return all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_int_lower_bounds (const IntVector &a_d_l_bnds)
  set all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_int_lower_bound (int a_d_l_bnd, size_t i)
  set a lower bound within all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const IntVector & all_discrete_int_upper_bounds () const
  return all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_int_upper_bounds (const IntVector &a_d_u_bnds)
  set all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_int_upper_bound (int a_d_u_bnd, size_t i)
  set an upper bound within all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & all_discrete_real_lower_bounds () const
  return all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_real_lower_bounds (const RealVector &a_d_l_bnds)
  set all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_real_lower_bound (Real a_d_l_bnd, size_t i)
  set a lower bound within all discrete lower bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• const RealVector & all_discrete_real_upper_bounds () const
  return all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_real_upper_bounds (const RealVector &a_d_u_bnds)
  set all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• void all_discrete_real_upper_bound (Real a_d_u_bnd, size_t i)
  set an upper bound within all discrete upper bounds in userDefinedConstraints
• size_t num_linear_ineq_constraints () const
  return the number of linear inequality constraints
• size_t num_linear_eq_constraints () const
  return the number of linear equality constraints
• const RealMatrix & linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs () const
  return the linear inequality constraint coefficients
• void linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs (const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs)
  set the linear inequality constraint coefficients
• const RealVector & linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds () const
  return the linear inequality constraint lower bounds
• void linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds (const RealVector &lin_ineq_l_bnds)
  set the linear inequality constraint lower bounds
• const RealVector & linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds () const
  return the linear inequality constraint upper bounds
• void linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds (const RealVector &lin_ineq_u_bnds)
  set the linear inequality constraint upper bounds
• const RealMatrix & linear_eq_constraint_coeffs () const
  return the linear equality constraint coefficients
• void linear_eq_constraint_coeffs (const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs)
  set the linear equality constraint coefficients
• const RealVector & linear_eq_constraint_targets () const
  return the linear equality constraint targets
• void linear_eq_constraint_targets (const RealVector &lin_eq_targets)
  set the linear equality constraint targets
• size_t num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints () const
  return the number of nonlinear inequality constraints
• size_t num_nonlinear_eq_constraints () const
return the number of nonlinear equality constraints

- const RealVector & nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds() const
  return the nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds

- void nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(const RealVector &nlbnds)
  set the nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds

- const RealVector & nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds() const
  return the nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds

- void nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(const RealVector &nubnds)
  set the nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds

- const RealVector & nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets() const
  return the nonlinear equality constraint targets

- void nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(const RealVector &nlntgts)
  set the nonlinear equality constraint targets

- const Variables & current_variables() const
  return the current variables (currentVariables) as const reference (preferred)

- Variables & current_variables()
  return the current variables (currentVariables) in mutable form (special cases)

- const Constraints & user_defined_constraints() const
  return the user-defined constraints (userDefinedConstraints)

- const Response & current_response() const
  return the current response (currentResponse)

- ProblemDescDB & problem_description_db() const
  return the problem description database (probDescDB)

- ParallelLibrary & parallel_library() const
  return the parallel library (parallelLib)

- const String & model_type() const
  return the model type (modelType)

- const String & surrogate_type() const
  return the surrogate type (surrogateType)

- const String & model_id() const
  return the model identifier (modelId)

- size_t num_functions() const
  return number of functions in currentResponse

- size_t num_primary_fns() const
  return number of primary functions (total less nonlinear constraints)

- const String & gradient_type() const
  return the gradient evaluation type (gradientType)

- const String & method_source() const
  return the numerical gradient evaluation method source (methodSource)

- const String & interval_type() const
  return the numerical gradient evaluation interval type (intervalType)

- bool ignore_bounds() const
  option for ignoring bounds when numerically estimating derivatives
- bool central_hess () const
  
  option for using old 2nd-order scheme when computing finite-diff Hessian

- const RealVector & fd_gradient_step_size () const
  
  return the finite difference gradient step size (fdGradStepSize)

- const String & fd_gradient_step_type () const
  
  return the finite difference gradient step type (fdGradStepType)

- const IntSet & gradient_id_analytic () const
  
  return the mixed gradient analytic IDs (gradIdAnalytic)

- const IntSet & gradient_id_numerical () const
  
  return the mixed gradient numerical IDs (gradIdNumerical)

- const RealVector & fd_hessian_by_grad_step_size () const
  
  return gradient-based finite difference Hessian step size (fdHessByGradStepSize)

- const RealVector & fd_hessian_by_fn_step_size () const
  
  return function-based finite difference Hessian step size (fdHessByFnStepSize)

- const String & fd_hessian_step_type () const
  
  return the finite difference Hessian step type (fdHessStepType)

- const IntSet & hessian_id_analytic () const
  
  return the mixed Hessian analytic IDs (hessIdAnalytic)

- const IntSet & hessian_id_numerical () const
  
  return the mixed Hessian analytic IDs (hessIdNumerical)

- const IntSet & hessian_id_quasi () const
  
  return the mixed Hessian analytic IDs (hessIdQuasi)

- void primary_response_fn_sense (const BoolDeque &sense)
  
  set the optimization sense for multiple objective functions

- const BoolDeque & primary_response_fn_sense () const
  
  get the optimization sense for multiple objective functions

- const RealVector & primary_response_fn_weights () const
  
  get the relative weightings for multiple objective functions or least squares terms

- const ScalingOptions & scaling_options () const
  
  user-provided scaling options

- short primary_fn_type () const
  
  get the primary response function type (generic, objective, calibration)

- void primary_fn_type (short type)
  
  set the primary response function type, e.g., when recasting

- bool derivative_estimation ()
  
  indicates potential usage of estimate_derivatives() based on gradientType/hessianType

- void supports_derivative_estimation (bool sed_flag)
  
  set whether this model should perform or pass on derivative estimation

- void init_comms_bcast_flag (bool icb_flag)
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- `set initCommsBcastFlag`
- `int evaluation_capacity () const`
  
  return the evaluation capacity for use in iterator logic
- `int derivative_concurrency () const`
  
  return the gradient concurrency for use in parallel configuration logic
- `bool asynch_flag () const`
  
  return the asynchronous evaluation flag (asynchEvalFlag)
- `void asynch_flag (const bool flag)`
  
  set the asynchronous evaluation flag (asynchEvalFlag)
- `short output_level () const`
  
  return the outputLevel
- `void output_level (const short level)`
  
  set the outputLevel
- `const IntArray & message_lengths () const`
  
  return the array of MPI packed message buffer lengths (messageLengths)
- `void parallel_configuration_iterator (ParConfigLIter pc_iter)`
  
  set modelPCIter
- `ParConfigLIter parallel_configuration_iterator () const`
  
  return modelPCIter
- `void auto_graphics (const bool flag)`
  
  set modelAutoGraphicsFlag to activate posting of graphics data within compute_response/synchronize functions (automatic graphics posting in the model as opposed to graphics posting at the strategy level).
- `bool is_null () const`
  
  function to check modelRep (does this envelope contain a letter)
- `Model * model_rep () const`
  
  returns modelRep for access to derived class member functions that are not mapped to the top Model level
- `Real initialize_h (Real x0,j, Real lb,j, Real ub,j, Real step_size, String step_type) const`
  
  function to determine initial finite difference h (before step length adjustment) based on type of step desired
- `Real FDstep1 (Real x0,j, Real lb,j, Real ub,j, Real h_mag)`
  
  function returning finite-difference step size (affected by bounds)
- `Real FDstep2 (Real x0,j, Real lb,j, Real ub,j, Real h)`
  
  function returning second central-difference step size (affected by bounds)

Public Attributes

- `bool shortStep`
  
  flags finite-difference step size adjusted by bounds
Protected Member Functions

- Model (BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  - constructor initializing the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)
- Model (LightWtBaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB &problem_db, ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib, const Shared-VariablesData &svd, const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set, short output_level)
  - constructor initializing base class for derived model class instances constructed on the fly
- Model (LightWtBaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB &problem_db, ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib)
  - constructor initializing base class for recast model instances
- virtual void derived_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  - portion of compute_response() specific to derived model classes
- virtual void derived_asynch_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)
  - portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to derived model classes
- virtual const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ()
  - portion of synchronize() specific to derived model classes
- virtual const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait ()
  - portion of synchronize_nowait() specific to derived model classes
- virtual void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  - portion of init_communicators() specific to derived model classes
- virtual void derived_init_serial ()
  - portion of init_serial() specific to derived model classes
- virtual void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  - portion of set_communicators() specific to derived model classes
- virtual void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  - portion of free_communicators() specific to derived model classes
- void set_ie_asynchronous_mode (int max_eval_concurrency)
  - default logic for defining asynchEvalFlag and evaluationCapacity based on ie_pl settings
- void string_variable_max (const StringSetArray &ssa, size_t offset, Variables &vars)
  - set the current value of each string variable offset + i to the longest string value found in the admissible string set ssa[i]
- void string_variable_max (const StringRealMapArray &srma, size_t offset, Variables &vars)
  - set the current value of each string variable offset + i to the longest string value found in the admissible string map srma[i]
- SizetMultiArrayConstView initialize_x0_bounds (const SizetArray &original_dvv, bool &active_derivs, bool &inactive_derivs, RealVector &x0, RealVector &fd_lb, RealVector &fd_ub) const
  - Initialize data needed for computing finite differences (active/inactive, center point, and bounds)
- Real forward_grad_step (size_t num_deriv_vars, size_t xj_index, Real x0_j, Real lb_j, Real ub_j)
  - Compute the forward step for a finite difference gradient; updates shortStep.
Protected Attributes

- **Variables currentVariables**
  the set of current variables used by the model for performing function evaluations

- **size_t numDerivVars**
  the number of active continuous variables used in computing most response derivatives (i.e., in places such as quasi-Hessians and response corrections where only the active continuous variables are supported)

- **Response currentResponse**
  the set of current responses that holds the results of model function evaluations

- **size_t numFns**
  the number of functions in currentResponse

- **Constraints userDefinedConstraints**
  Explicit constraints on variables are maintained in the Constraints class hierarchy. Currently, this includes linear constraints and bounds, but could be extended in the future to include other explicit constraints which (1) have their form specified by the user, and (2) are not catalogued in Response since their form and coefficients are published to an iterator at startup.

- **String modelId**
  model identifier string from the input file

- **String modelType**
  type of model: single, nested, or surrogate

- **String surrogateType**
  type of surrogate model: local*, multipoint*, global*, or hierarchical

- **String gradientType**
  type of gradient data: analytic, numerical, mixed, or none

- **String methodSource**
  source of numerical gradient routine: dakota or vendor

- **String intervalType**
  type of numerical gradient interval: central or forward

- **String hessianType**
  type of Hessian data: analytic, numerical, quasi, mixed, or none

- **RealVector fdGradStepSize**
  relative finite difference step size for numerical gradients

- **String fdGradStepType**
  type of finite difference step to use for numerical gradient: relative - step length is relative to x absolute - step length is what is specified bounds - step length is relative to range of x

- **RealVector fdHessByGradStepSize**
  relative finite difference step size for numerical Hessians estimated using first-order differences of gradients

- **RealVector fdHessByFnStepSize**
  relative finite difference step size for numerical Hessians estimated using second-order differences of function values

- **String fdHessStepType**
  type of finite difference step to use for numerical Hessian: relative - step length is relative to x absolute - step length is what is specified bounds - step length is relative to range of x

- **bool ignoreBounds**
  option to ignore bounds when computing finite diffs

- **bool centralHess**
option to use old 2nd-order finite diffs for Hessians

- bool supportsEstimDerivs
  whether model should perform or forward derivative estimation

- String quasiHessType
  quasi-Hessian type: bfgs, damped bfgs, sr1

- IntSet gradIdAnalytic
  analytic id’s for mixed gradients

- IntSet gradIdNumerical
  numerical id’s for mixed gradients

- IntSet hessIdAnalytic
  analytic id’s for mixed Hessians

- IntSet hessIdNumerical
  numerical id’s for mixed Hessians

- IntSet hessIdQuasi
  quasi id’s for mixed Hessians

- IntArray messageLengths
  length of packed MPI buffers containing vars, vars/set, response, and PRPair

- ProblemDescDB & probDescDB
  class member reference to the problem description database

- ParallelLibrary & parallelLib
  class member reference to the parallel library

- ParConfigLIter modelPCIter
  the ParallelConfiguration node used by this Model instance

- short componentParallelMode
  the component parallelism mode: 0 (none), 1 (INTERFACE/LF_MODEL), or 2 (SUB_MODEL/HF_MODEL/TRUTH_MODEL)

- bool asynchEvalFlag
  flags asynch evaluations (local or distributed)

- int evaluationCapacity
  capacity for concurrent evaluations supported by the Model

- short outputLevel
  output verbosity level: {SILENT, QUIET, NORMAL, VERBOSE, DEBUG} \_OUTPUT

- ModelList modelList
  used to collect sub-models for subordinate models()

- IntSetArray discreteDesignSetIntValues
  array of IntSet’s, each containing the set of allowable integer values corresponding to a discrete design integer set variable

- StringSetArray discreteDesignSetStringValues
  array of IntSet’s, each containing the set of allowable integer values corresponding to a discrete design string set variable

- RealSetArray discreteDesignSetRealValues
  array of RealSet’s, each containing the set of allowable real values corresponding to a discrete design real set variable

- IntSetArray discreteStateSetIntValues
array of IntSet’s, each containing the set of allowable integer values corresponding to a discrete state integer set variable

- **StringSetArray discreteStateSetStringValues**
  array of IntSet’s, each containing the set of allowable integer values corresponding to a discrete state string set variable

- **RealSetArray discreteStateSetRealValues**
  array of RealSet’s, each containing the set of allowable real values corresponding to a discrete state real set variable

- **Pecos::AleatoryDistParams aleatDistParams**
  container for aleatory random variable distribution parameters

- **Pecos::EpistemicDistParams epistDistParams**
  container for epistemic random variable distribution parameters

- **BoolDeque primaryRespFnSense**
  array of flags (one per primary function) for switching the sense to maximize the primary function (default is minimize)

- **RealVector primaryRespFnWts**
  primary response function weightings (either weights for multiobjective optimization or weighted least squares)

- **bool hierarchicalTagging**
  whether to perform hierarchical evalID tagging of params/results

- **ScalingOptions scalingOpts**
  user-provided scaling data from the problem DB, possibly modified by Recasting

- **String evalTagPrefix**
  cached evalTag Prefix from parents to use at compute_response time

### Private Member Functions

- **Model * get_model (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

- **int estimate_derivatives (const ShortArray &map_asv, const ShortArray &fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray &fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray &quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet &original_set, const bool asynch_flag)**
  evaluate numerical gradients using finite differences. This routine is selected with "method_source dakota" (the default method source) in the numerical gradient specification.

- **void synchronize_derivatives (const Variables &vars, const IntResponseMap &fd_responses, Response &new_response, const ShortArray &fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray &fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray &quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet &original_set)**
  combine results from an array of finite difference response objects (fd_grad_responses) into a single response (new_response)

- **void update_response (const Variables &vars, Response &new_response, const ShortArray &fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray &fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray &quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet &original_set, Response &initial_map_response, const RealMatrix &new_fn_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray &new_fn_hessians)**
  overlay results to update a response object

- **void update_quasi_hessians (const Variables &vars, Response &new_response, const ActiveSet &original_set)**
  perform quasi-Newton Hessian updates
• Real finite_difference_lower_bound (UShortMultiArrayConstView cv_types, const RealVector &global_cl_bnds, size_t cv_index) const
  return the lower bound for a finite difference offset, drawn from global or distribution bounds
• Real finite_difference_upper_bound (UShortMultiArrayConstView cv_types, const RealVector &global_cu_bnds, size_t cv_index) const
  return the upper bound for a finite difference offset, drawn from global or distribution bounds
• bool manage_asv (const ActiveSet &original_set, ShortArray &map_asv_out, ShortArray &fd_grad_asv_out, ShortArray &fd_hess_asv_out, ShortArray &quasi_hess_asv_out)
  Coordinates usage of estimate_derivatives() calls based on asv.in.

Private Attributes

• int modelEvalCntr
  evaluation counter for top-level compute_response() and asynch_compute_response() calls. Differs from lower level counters in case of numerical derivative estimation (several lower level evaluations are assimilated into a single higher level evaluation)
• bool estDerivsFlag
  flags presence of estimated derivatives within a set of calls to asynch_compute_response()
• std::map< SizetIntPair, ParConfigLIter > modelPCLIterMap
  map<> used for tracking modelPCLIter instances using depth of parallelism level and max evaluation concurrency as the lookup keys
• bool initCommsBcastFlag
  flag for determining need to bcast the max concurrency from init_communicators(); set from IteratorScheduler-::init_iterator()
• bool modelAutoGraphicsFlag
  flag for posting of graphics data within compute_response (automatic graphics posting in the model as opposed to graphics posting at the strategy level)
• VariablesList varsList
  history of vars populated in asynch_compute_response() and used in synchronize().
• std::list< ShortArray > asvList
  if estimate_derivatives() is used, transfers ASVs from asynch Compute_response() to synchronize()
• std::list< ActiveSet > setList
  if estimate_derivatives() is used, transfers ActiveSets from asynch Compute_response() to synchronize()
• BoolList initialMapList
  transfers initial_map flag values from estimate_derivatives() to synchronize_derivatives()
• BoolList dbCaptureList
  transfers db_capture flag values from estimate_derivatives() to synchronize_derivatives()
• ResponseList dbResponseList
  transfers database captures from estimate_derivatives() to synchronize_derivatives()
• RealList deltaList
  transfers deltas from estimate_derivatives() to synchronize_derivatives()
• IntIntMap numFDEvalsMap
  tracks the number of evaluations used within estimate_derivatives(). Used in synchronize() as a key for combining finite difference responses into numerical gradients.
• **IntIntMap** `rawEvalIdMap`
  maps from the raw evaluation ids returned by `derived_synchronize()` and `derived_synchronize_nowait()` to the corresponding `modelEvalCntr id`. Used for rekeying `responseMap`.

• **RealVectorArray** `xPrev`
  previous parameter vectors used in computing s for quasi-Newton updates

• **RealMatrix** `fnGradsPrev`
  previous gradient vectors used in computing y for quasi-Newton updates

• **RealSymMatrixArray** `quasiHessians`
  quasi-Newton Hessian approximations

• **SizetArray** `numQuasiUpdates`
  number of quasi-Newton Hessian updates applied

• **IntResponseMap** `responseMap`
  used to return a map of responses for asynchronous evaluations in final concatenated form. The similar map in `Interface` contains raw responses.

• **IntResponseMap** `graphicsRespMap`
  used to cache the data returned from `derived_synchronize_nowait()` prior to sequential input into the graphics

• **IntSetArray** `activeDiscSetIntValues`
  aggregation of the admissible value sets for all active discrete set integer variables

• **StringSetArray** `activeDiscSetStringValues`
  aggregation of the admissible value sets for all active discrete set string variables

• **RealSetArray** `activeDiscSetRealValues`
  aggregation of the admissible value sets for all active discrete set real variables

• **BitArray** `discreteIntSets`
  key for identifying discrete integer set variables within the active discrete integer variables

• **Model** *modelRep*
  pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)

• **int** `referenceCount`
  number of objects sharing `modelRep`

**Friends**

• **bool** `operator==(const Model &m1, const Model &m2)`
  equality operator (detect same letter instance)

• **bool** `operator!=(const Model &m1, const Model &m2)`
  inequality operator (detect different letter instances)

### 13.77.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the model class hierarchy.

The `Model` class is the base class for one of the primary class hierarchies in DAKOTA. The model hierarchy contains a set of variables, an interface, and a set of responses, and an iterator operates on the model to map the variables into responses using the interface. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the model hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (`Model`) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in `Model::get_model()`) serves as the letter.
13.77. MODEL CLASS REFERENCE

13.77.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**Model ( )**

default constructor

The default constructor is used in vector<Model> instantiations and for initialization of Model objects contained in Iterator and derived Strategy classes. modelRep is NULL in this case (a populated problem_db is needed to build a meaningful Model object). This makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

**Model ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db )**

standard constructor for envelope

Used in model instantiations within strategy constructors. Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_model, since Model(BaseConstructor, problem_db) builds the actual base class data for the derived models.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::get_model(), and Model::modelRep.

**Model ( const Model & model )**

copy constructor

Copy constructor manages sharing of modelRep and incrementing of referenceCount.

References Model::modelRep, and Model::referenceCount.

**~Model ( ) [virtual]**

destructor

Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes modelRep when referenceCount reaches zero.

References Model::modelRep, and Model::referenceCount.

**Model ( BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB & problem_db ) [protected]**

constructor initializing the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

This constructor builds the base class data for all inherited models. get_model() instantiates a derived class and the derived class selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid the recursion of the base class constructor calling get_model() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~Model).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::currentResponse, Model::fdGradStepSize, Model::fdHessByFnStepSize, Model::fdHessByGradStepSize, ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), Model::gradIdNumerical, Model::gradientType, Model::hessianType, Model::hessIdNumerical, Response::num_functions(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::primaryRespFnSense, Dakota::strbegins(), Dakota::strtolower(), and Model::userDefinedConstraints.

**Model ( LightWtBaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB & problem_db, ParallelLibrary & parallel_lib ) [protected]**

constructor initializing base class for recast model instances

This constructor also builds the base class data for inherited models. However, it is used for recast models which are instantiated on the fly. Therefore it only initializes a small subset of attributes.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

13.77.3 Member Function Documentation

Model operator= ( const Model & model )

- References Model::modelRep, and Model::referenceCount.

Iterator & subordinate_iterator ( ) [virtual]

- return the sub-iterator in nested and surrogate models
- return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but it is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
- Reimplemented in RecastModel, DataFitSurrModel, and NestedModel.
- References Dakota::dummy_iterator, Model::modelRep, and Model::subordinate_iterator().
- Referenced by NonDExpansion::compute_expansion(), NonDExpansion::compute_print_converged_results(), NonDExpansion::compute_print_iteration_results(), NonDExpansion::finalize_sets(), NonDGlobalReliability::get_best_sample(), NonDPolynomialChaos::increment_grid_from_order(), NonDExpansion::increment_sets(), NonDPolynomialChaos::increment_specification_sequence(), NonDExpansion::increment_specification_sequence(), DTOptimizer::initialize(), CONMINOptimizer::initialize(), NCSUOptimizier::initialize(), NLPQLPOptimizer::initialize(), NonDExpansion::initialize_expansion(), NonDExpansion::initialize_sets(), NonDStochCollocation::initialize_u_space_model(), NonDPolynomialChaos::initialize_u_space_model(), NonDExpansion::initialize_u_space_model(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates(), SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates(), NonDLocalInterval::NonDLocalInterval(), NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability(), NonDExpansion::refine_expansion(), SOLBase::SOLBase(), Model::subordinate_iterator(), RecastModel::subordinate_iterator(), NonDStochCollocation::update_expansion(), and NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::update_model().

Model & subordinate_model ( ) [virtual]

- return a single sub-model defined from subModel in nested and recast models and truth_model() in surrogate models; used for a directed dive through model recursions that may bypass some components.
- return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but it is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
- Reimplemented in RecastModel, NestedModel, and SurrogateModel.
- References Dakota::dummy_model, Model::modelRep, and Model::subordinate_model().
- Referenced by NonDGlobalReliability::expected_feasibility(), NonDGlobalReliability::expected_improvement(), SurrogateModel::force_rebuild(), NonDExpansion::initialize_expansion(), Minimizer::initialize_run(), NonDExpansion::initialize_u_space_model(), NonDGlobalReliability::optimize_gaussian_process(), Minimizer::original_model(), LeastSq::post_run(), COLINOptimizer::post_run(), Optimizer::primary_resp_reducer(), LeastSq::primary_resp_weighter(), LeastSq::print_results(), Model::subordinate_model(), DataFitSurrModel::update_global(), and LeastSq::weight_model().

Model & surrogate_model ( ) [virtual]

- return the approximation sub-model in surrogate models
- return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but it is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
- Reimplemented in RecastModel, DataFitSurrModel, and HierarchSurrModel.
- References Dakota::dummy_model, Model::modelRep, and Model::surrogate_model().
Model & truth_model( ) [virtual]
return the truth sub-model in surrogate models
return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
Reimplemented in RecastModel, DataFitSurrModel, and HierarchSurrModel.
References Dakota::dummy_model, Model::modelRep, and Model::truth_model().

void update_from_subordinate_model( size_t depth = std::numeric_limits<size_t>::max() ) [virtual]
propagate vars/labels/bounds/targets from the bottom up
used only for instantiate-on-the-fly model recursions (all RecastModel instantiations and alternate DataFitSurrModel instantiations). Single, Hierarchical, and Nested Models do not redefine the function since they do not support instantiate-on-the-fly. This means that the recursion will stop as soon as it encounters a Model that was instantiated normally, which is appropriate since ProblemDescDB-constructed Models use top-down information flow and do not require bottom-up updating.
Reimplemented in RecastModel, and DataFitSurrModel.
References Model::modelRep, and Model::update_from_subordinate_model().

Interface & derived_interface( ) [virtual]
return the interface employed by the derived model class, if present: SingleModel::userDefinedInterface, DataFitSurrModel::approxInterface, or NestedModel::optionalInterface
return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
Reimplemented in RecastModel, DataFitSurrModel, NestedModel, and SingleModel.
References Model::derived_interface(), Dakota::dummy_interface, and Model::modelRep.

short local_eval_synchronization( ) [virtual]
return derived model synchronization setting
SingleModels and HierarchSurrModels redefine this virtual function. A default value of "synchronous" prevents async local operations for:

- NestedModels: a subiterator can support message passing parallelism, but not async local.
- DataFitSurrModels: while async evals on approximations will work due to some added bookkeeping, avoiding them is preferable.

Reimplemented in RecastModel, NestedModel, and SingleModel.
References Model::local_eval_synchronization(), and Model::modelRep.
Referenced by Model::init_serial(), RecastModel::local_eval_synchronization(), Model::local_eval_synchronization(), and Model::set_ie_asynchronous_mode().

```cpp
int local_eval_concurrency( ) [virtual]
return derived model asynchronous evaluation concurrency
SingleModels and HierarchSurrModels redefine this virtual function.
Reimplemented in RecastModel, NestedModel, and SingleModel.
References Model::local_eval_concurrency(), and Model::modelRep.
Referenced by RecastModel::local_eval_concurrency(), Model::local_eval_concurrency(), and Model::set_ie_asynchronous_mode().
```

```cpp
const String & interface_id( ) const [virtual]
return the interface identifier
return by reference requires use of dummy objects, but is important to allow use of assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object.
Reimplemented in RecastModel, DataFitSurrModel, NestedModel, and SingleModel.
References Dakota::dummy_interface, Interface::interface_id(), Model::interface_id(), and Model::modelRep.
Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::build_global(), Model::compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), Model::db_lookup(), Model::estimate_message_lengths(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::find_center_approx(), RecastModel::interface_id(), Model::interface_id(), Minimizer::local_recast_retrieve(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates(), SNLLEstSq::post_run(), Analyzer::pre_output(), PebblMinimizer::print_results(), SurrBasedMinimizer::print_results(), LeastSq::print_results(), Optimizer::print_results(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::run_sequential(), DiscrepancyCorrection::search_db(), Model::synchronize(), Model::synchronize_nowait(), Analyzer::update_best(), ConcurrentMetaIterator::update_local_results(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::update_local_results(), and NonDLocalReliability::update_mpp_search_data().
```

```cpp
bool evaluation_cache( ) const [virtual]
Indicates the usage of an evaluation cache by the Model.
Only Models including ApplicationInterfaces support an evaluation cache: surrogate, nested, and recast mappings are not stored in the cache. Possible exceptions: HierarchSurrModel, NestedModel::optionalInterface.
Reimplemented in SingleModel.
References Model::evaluation_cache(), and Model::modelRep.
Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), and Model::evaluation_cache().
```
void eval_tag_prefix ( const String & eval_id_str ) [virtual]

set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

Derived classes containing additional models or interfaces should implement this function to pass along to their sub Models/Interfaces.

Reimplemented in RecastModel, and SingleModel.

References Model::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, and Model::modelRep.

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::build_approximation(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_async_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_async_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), Iterator::eval_tag_prefix(), RecastModel::eval_tag_prefix(), and Model::eval_tag_prefix().

ModelList & subordinate_models ( bool recurse_flag = true )

return the sub-models in nested and surrogate models

since modelList is built with list insertions (using envelope copies), these models may not be used for model::assign_rep() since this operation must be performed on the original envelope object. They may, however, be used for letter-based operations (including assign_rep() on letter contents such as an interface).

References Model::derived_subordinate_models(), Model::modelList, Model::modelRep, and Model::subordinate_models().

Referenced by DOTOptimizer::initialize(), CONMINOptimizer::initialize(), NCSUOptimizer::initialize(), NLPLPLOptimizer::initialize(), NonDLocalInterval::NonDLocalInterval(), NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability(), SOLBase::SOLBase(), Model::subordinate_models(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer().

void init_communicators ( ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag = true )

allocate communicator partitions for a model and store configuration in modelPCIterMap

The init_communicators() and derived_init_communicators() functions are structured to avoid performing the messageLengths estimation more than once. init_communicators() (not virtual) performs the estimation and then forwards the results to derived_init_communicators (virtual) which uses the data in different contexts.

References ParallelLibrary::bcast(), Model::derived_init_communicators(), Model::estimate_message_lengths(), ParallelLibrary::increment_parallel_configuration(), Model::init_communicators(). Model::initCommsBcastFlag, Model::messageLengths, Model::modelPCIter, Model::modelPCIterMap, Model::modelRep, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), ParallelLibrary::parallel_level_index(), and Model::parallelLib.

Referenced by EfficientSubspaceMethod::derived_init_communicators(), SurrBasedMinimizer::derived_init_communicators(), NonDGlobalReliability::derived_init_communicators(), NonDLocalInterval::derived_init_communicators(), NonDExpansion::derived_init_communicators(), NonDGlobalInterval::derived_init_communicators(), NonDAdaptImpSampling::derived_init_communicators(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::derived_init_communicators(), NonDGPImpSampling::derived_init_communicators(), NonDLocalReliability::derived_init_communicators(), NonDPolynomialChaos::derived_init_communicators(), NonDBayesCalibration::derived_init_communicators(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), RecastModel::derived_init_communicators(), Iterator::derived_init_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_set_communicators(), Model::init_communicators(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::reduced_space_uq(), and Model::serve_init().

void init_serial ( )

for cases where init_communicators() will not be called, modify some default settings to behave properly in serial.

The init_serial() and derived_init_serial() functions are structured to separate base class (common) operations from derived class (specialized) operations.

References Model::asyncEvalFlag, Model::derived_init_serial(), Model::init_serial(), Model::local_eval_synchronization(), and Model::modelRep.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_init_serial(), NestedModel::derived_init_serial(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_serial(), RecastModel::derived_init_serial(), and Model::init_serial().

void estimate_message_lengths()

estimate messageLengths for a model

This functionality has been pulled out of init_communicators() and defined separately so that it may be used in those cases where messageLengths is needed but model.init_communicators() is not called, e.g., for the master processor in the self-scheduling of a concurrent iterator strategy.

References Response::active_set, derivative_vector(), Model::aleatDistParams, Response::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Variables::cv(), Model::discreteDesignSetStringValues, Model::discreteStateSetStringValues, Model::epistDistParams, Model::estimate_message_lengths(), Variables::icv(), Model::interface_id(), Model::messageLengths, Model::modelRep, ParallelLibrary::mpirun_flag(), Model::numFs, Model::parallelLib, MPIPackBuffer::reset(), MPIPackBuffer::size(), and Model::string_variable_max().

Referenced by Model::estimate_message_lengths(), Model::init_communicators(), and ConcurrentMetaIterator::pre_run().

void assign_rep(Model * model_rep, bool ref_count_incr = true)

replaces existing letter with a new one

Similar to the assignment operator, the assign_rep() function decrements referenceCount for the old modelRep and assigns the new modelRep. It is different in that it is used for publishing derived class letters to existing envelopes, as opposed to sharing representations among multiple envelopes (in particular, assign_rep is passed a letter object and operator= is passed an envelope object). Letter assignment supports two models as governed by ref_count_incr:

- ref_count_incr = true (default): the incoming letter belongs to another envelope. In this case, increment the reference count in the normal manner so that deallocation of the letter is handled properly.

- ref_count_incr = false: the incoming letter is instantiated on the fly and has no envelope. This case is modeled after get_model(): a letter is dynamically allocated using new and passed into assign_rep, the letter’s reference count is not incremented, and the letter is not remotely deleted (its memory management is passed over to the envelope).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::model_rep(), Model::modelRep, and Model::referenceCount.

Referenced by ElfGlobalMinimizer::ElfGlobalMinimizer(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::NonDAdaptiveSampling(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), NonDGlobalInterval::NonDGlobalInterval(), NonDGlobalReliability::NonDGlobalReliability(), NonDPolynomialChaos::NonDPolynomialChaos(), NonDStochCollocation::NonDStochCollocation(), Optimizer::reduce_model(), EfficientSubspaceMethod::reduced_space_uq(), Minimizer::scale_model(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer(), and LeastSq::weight_model().

int derivative_concurrency() const

return the gradient concurrency for use in parallel configuration logic

This function assumes derivatives with respect to the active continuous variables. Therefore, concurrency with respect to the inactive continuous variables is not captured.

References Dakota::contains(), Model::derivative_concurrency(), Model::gradIdAnalytic, Model::gradientType, Model::hessianType, Model::hessIdNumerical, Model::intervalType, Model::methodSource, Model::modelRep, and Model::numDerivVars.
Referenced by Model::derivative_concurrency(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_free_communicators(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_set_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), NonDExpansion::initialize_u_space_model(), Analyzer::num_samples(), and Iterator::update_from_model().

**Real initialize_h** (Real \( x_j \), Real \( lb_j \), Real \( ub_j \), Real step size, String step type) const

function to determine initial finite difference \( h \) (before step length adjustment) based on type of step desired

Auxiliary function to determine initial finite difference \( h \) (before step length adjustment) based on type of step desired.

Referenced by Model::estimate_derivatives(), and Model::forward_grad_step().

**Real FDstep1** (Real \( x0_j \), Real \( lb_j \), Real \( ub_j \), Real \( h \) mag)

function returning finite-difference step size (affected by bounds)

Auxiliary function to compute forward or first central-difference step size, honoring bounds. The first step is away from zero, when possible. Flips the direction or updates shortStep if can’t take the full requested step \( h \).mag.

References Model::ignoreBounds, and Model::shortStep.

Referenced by Model::estimate_derivatives(), and Model::forward_grad_step().

**Real FDstep2** (Real \( x0_j \), Real \( lb_j \), Real \( ub_j \), Real \( h \))

function returning second central-difference step size (affected by bounds)

Auxiliary function to compute the second central-difference step size, honoring bounds.

References Model::ignoreBounds, and Model::shortStep.

Referenced by Model::estimate_derivatives(), and Model::manage_asv().

**Model * get_model** (ProblemDescDB & problem_db) [private]

Used by the envelope to instantiate the correct letter class.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize modelRep to the appropriate derived type, as given by the modelType attribute.

References ProblemDescDB::get_string(), Model::model_type(), and Model::modelType.

Referenced by Model::Model().

**int estimate_derivatives** (const ShortArray & map_asv, const ShortArray & fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray & fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray & quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet & original_set, const bool asynch_flag) [private]

evaluate numerical gradients using finite differences. This routine is selected with "method_source dakota" (the default method_source) in the numerical gradient specification.

Estimate derivatives by computing finite difference gradients, finite difference Hessians, and/or quasi-Newton Hessians. The total number of finite difference evaluations is returned for use by synchronize() to track response arrays, and it could be used to improve management of max_function_evaluations within the iterators. ! new logic

References Variables::all_continuous_variables(), Model::centralHess, Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::copy(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Model::db_lookup(), Model::dbCaptureList, Model::dbResponseList, Model::deltaList, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Model::derived_asynch_compute_response(), Model::derived_compute_response(), Model::fdHessByFnStepSize, Model::fdHessByGradStepSize, Model::fd-HessStepType, Model::FDstep1(), Model::FDstep2(), Dakota::find_index(), Model::forward_grad_step(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Model::ignoreBounds, Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(),
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Model::initialize_h(), Model::initialize_x0_bounds(), Model::initializeMapList, Model::intervalType, Model::numFns, Model::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Model::shortStep, and Model::update_response().

Referenced by Model::asynch_compute_response() and Model::compute_response().

void synchronize_derivatives ( const Variables & vars, const IntResponseMap & fd_responses, Response & new_response, const ShortArray & fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray & fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray & quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet & original_set ) [private]

combine results from an array of finite difference response objects (fd_grad_responses) into a single response (new_response)

Merge an array of fd_responses into a single new_response. This function is used both by synchronous compute_response() for the case of asynchronous estimate_derivatives() and by synchronize() for the case where one or more asynch_compute_response() calls has employed asynchronous estimate_derivatives(). !

References Response::active_set(), Model::acv(), Variables::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Model::centralHess, Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Response::copy(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Model::cv(), Model::dbCaptureList, Model::dbResponseList, Model::deltaList, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Dakota::find_index(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Model::icv(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Model::initialMapList, Model::intervalType, Model::numFns, ActiveSet::request_values(), Response::reset_inactive(), and Model::update_response().

Referenced by Model::compute_response() and Model::synchronize().

void update_response ( const Variables & vars, Response & new_response, const ShortArray & fd_grad_asv, const ShortArray & fd_hess_asv, const ShortArray & quasi_hess_asv, const ActiveSet & original_set, Response & initial_map_response, const RealMatrix & new_fn_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray & new_fn_hessians ) [private]

overlay results to update a response object

Overlay the initial_map_response with numerically estimated new_fn_grads and new_fn_hessians to populate new_response as governed by asv vectors. Quasi-Newton secant Hessian updates are also performed here, since this is where the gradient data needed for the updates is first consolidated. Convenience function used by estimate_derivatives() for the synchronous case and by synchronize_derivatives() for the asynchronous case.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Response::copy(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_values(), Model::hessianType, Model::hessIdQuasi, Response::is_null(), Model::numFns, Model::outputLevel, Model::quasiHessians, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Response::reset_inactive(), Model::supportsEstimDerivs, Model::surrogate_response_mode(), and Model::update_quasi_hessians().

Referenced by Model::compute_derivatives() and Model::synchronize_derivatives().

void update_quasi_hessians ( const Variables & vars, Response & new_response, const ActiveSet & original_set ) [private]

perform quasi-Newton Hessian updates

Quasi-Newton updates are performed for approximating response function Hessians using BFGS or SR1 formulations. These Hessians are supported only for the active continuous variables, and a check is performed on the DVV prior to invoking the function.

References Dakota::contains(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::fnGradsPrev, Response::function_gradients(), Model::hessianType, Model::hessIdQuasi, Model::modelType, Model::numDeriv_Vars, Model::numFns, Model::numQuasiUpdates, Model::outputLevel, Model::quasiHessians, Model::quasiHess_type, ActiveSet::request_vector(), and Model::xPrev.

Referenced by Model::update_response().
bool manage_asv ( const ActiveSet & original, ShortArray & map_asv_out, ShortArray & fd_grad_asv_out, ShortArray & fd_hess_asv_out, ShortArray & quasi_hess_asv_out ) [private]

Coordinates usage of estimate_derivatives() calls based on asv_in.

Splits asv_in total request into map_asv_out, fd_grad_asv_out, fd_hess_asv_out, and quasi_hess_asv_out as governed by the responses specification. If the returned use_est_deriv is true, then these asv outputs are used by estimate_derivatives() for the initial map, finite difference gradient evals, finite difference Hessian evals, and quasi-Hessian updates, respectively. If the returned use_est_deriv is false, then only map_asv_out is used.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Dakota::contains(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Model::FDstep2(), Dakota:::find_index(), Model::forward_grad_step(), Model::gradIdAnalytic, Model::gradIdNumerical, Model::gradientType, Model::hessianType, Model::hessIdAnalytic, Model::hessIdNumerical, Model::hessIdQuasi, Model::ignoreBounds, Model::initialize_x0_bounds(), Model::intervalType, Model::methodSource, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Model::shortStep, Model::supportsEstimDerivs, and Model::surrogate_response_mode().

Referenced by Model::asynch_compute_response(), and Model::compute_response().

13.77.4 Member Data Documentation

RealVector fdGradStepSize [protected]
relative finite difference step size for numerical gradients

A scalar value (instead of the vector fd_gradient_step_size spec) is used within the iterator hierarchy since this attribute is only used to publish a step size to vendor numerical gradient algorithms.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), Model::forward_grad_step(), RecastModel::initialize_data_from_submodel(), and Model::Model().

RealVector fdHessByGradStepSize [protected]
relative finite difference step size for numerical Hessians estimated using first-order differences of gradients

For vendor numerical Hessian algorithms, a scalar value is used.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), Model::estimate_derivatives(), Model::fd_hessian_by_grad_step_size(), RecastModel::initialize_data_from_submodel(), and Model::Model().

RealVector fdHessByFnStepSize [protected]
relative finite difference step size for numerical Hessians estimated using second-order differences of function values

For vendor numerical Hessian algorithms, a scalar value is used.

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::DataFitSurrModel(), Model::estimate_derivatives(), Model::fd_hessian_by_fn_step_size(), RecastModel::initialize_data_from_submodel(), and Model::Model().

ProblemDescDB & probDescDB [protected]
class member reference to the problem description database

Iterator and Model cannot use a shallow copy of ProblemDescDB due to circular destruction dependency (reference counts can’t get to 0), since ProblemDescDB contains {iterator, model}. List.

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_init_communicators(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_init_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_init_serial(), SingleModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), HierarchSurrModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), NestedModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), DataFitSurrModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), Model::problem_description_db(), and NestedModel::update_sub_iterator().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaModel.hpp
1. DakotaModel.cpp

13.78 MPIManager Class Reference

Class MPIManager to manage Dakota's MPI world, which may be a subset of MPI_COMM_WORLD.

Public Member Functions

- MPIManager()
  Default constructor: Dakota will not call MPI_Init.
- MPIManager(int &argc, char **&argv)
  Command-line constructor: parses MPI arguments during call to MPI_Init.
- MPIManager(MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm)
  Construct on specified MPI_Comm.
- ~MPIManager()
  Destructor: calls finalize if Dakota owns MPI
- MPI_Comm dakota_mpi_comm() const
  get the MPI_Comm on which Dakota is running
- int world_rank() const
  get the rank of this process in Dakota's MPI_Comm
- int world_size() const
  get the size of the MPI_Comm on which Dakota is running
- bool mpirun_flag() const
  true when Dakota is running in MPI mode

Static Public Member Functions

- static bool detect_parallel_launch(int &argc, char **&argv)
  detect parallel launch of Dakota using mpirun/mpiexec/poe/etc. based on command line arguments and environment variables

Private Attributes

- MPI_Comm dakotaMPIComm
  MPI_Comm on which DAKOTA is running.
- int dakotaWorldRank
  rank in MPI_Comm in which DAKOTA is running
- int dakotaWorldSize
  size of MPI_Comm in which DAKOTA is running
- bool mpirunFlag
  flag for a parallel mpirun/yod launch
- bool ownMPIFlag
  flag for ownership of MPI_Init/MPI_Finalize
13.78.1 Detailed Description

Class MPIManager to manage Dakota’s MPI world, which may be a subset of MPI_COMM_WORLD. The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MPIManager.hpp
- MPIManager.cpp

13.79 MPPackBuffer Class Reference

Class for packing MPI message buffers.

Public Member Functions

- **MPPackBuffer (int size=1024)**
  Constructor, which allows the default buffer size to be set.
- **~MPPackBuffer ()**
  Destructor.
- **const char ∗ buf ()**
  Returns a pointer to the internal buffer that has been packed.
- **int size ()**
  The number of bytes of packed data.
- **int capacity ()**
  the allocated size of Buffer.
- **void reset ()**
  Resets the buffer index in order to reuse the internal buffer.
- **void pack (const int ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more int’s.
- **void pack (const u_int ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more unsigned int’s.
- **void pack (const long ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more long’s.
- **void pack (const u_long ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more unsigned long’s.
- **void pack (const short ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more short’s.
- **void pack (const u_short ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more unsigned short’s.
- **void pack (const char ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more char’s.
- **void pack (const u_char ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more unsigned char’s.
- **void pack (const double ∗ data, const int num=1)**
  Pack one or more double’s.
Pack one or more float's.
- void pack (const bool *data, const int num=1)

Pack one or more bool's.
- void pack (const int &data)

Pack a int.
- void pack (const int &data)

Pack a unsigned int.
- void pack (const long &data)

Pack a long.
- void pack (const u_long &data)

Pack a unsigned long.
- void pack (const short &data)

Pack a short.
- void pack (const u_short &data)

Pack a unsigned short.
- void pack (const char &data)

Pack a char.
- void pack (const u_char &data)

Pack a unsigned char.
- void pack (const double &data)

Pack a double.
- void pack (const float &data)

Pack a float.
- void pack (const bool &data)

Pack a bool.

Protected Member Functions
- void resize (const int newsize)
  
  *Resizes the internal buffer.*

Protected Attributes
- char * Buffer
  
  *The internal buffer for packing.*
- int Index
  
  *The index into the current buffer.*
- int Size
  
  *The total size that has been allocated for the buffer.*
13.79.1 Detailed Description

Class for packing MPI message buffers.

A class that provides a facility for packing message buffers using the MPI_Pack facility. The MPIPackBuffer class dynamically resizes the internal buffer to contain enough memory to pack the entire object. When deleted, the MPIPackBuffer object deletes this internal buffer. This class is based on the Dakota_Version_3_0 version of utilib::PackBuffer from utilib/src/io/PackBuf.[cpp,h]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MPIPackBuffer.hpp
- MPIPackBuffer.cpp

13.80 MPIUnpackBuffer Class Reference

Class for unpacking MPI message buffers.

Public Member Functions

- void setup (char *buf, int size, bool flag=false)
  
  Method that does the setup for the constructors.
- MPIUnpackBuffer ()
  
  Default constructor.
- MPIUnpackBuffer (int size)
  
  Constructor that specifies the size of the buffer.
- MPIUnpackBuffer (char *buf, int size, bool flag=false)
  
  Constructor that sets the internal buffer to the given array.
- ~MPIUnpackBuffer ()
  
  Destructor.
- void resize (const int newsize)
  
  Resizes the internal buffer.
- const char * buf ()
  
  Returns a pointer to the internal buffer.
- int size ()
  
  Returns the length of the buffer.
- int curr ()
  
  Returns the number of bytes that have been unpacked from the buffer.
- void reset ()
  
  Resets the index of the internal buffer.
- void unpack (int *data, const int num=1)
  
  Unpack one or more int's.
- void unpack (u_int *data, const int num=1)
  
  Unpack one or more unsigned int's.
- void unpack (long *data, const int num=1)
  
  Unpack one or more long's.
- void unpack (u_long *data, const int num=1)
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Unpack one or more unsigned long’s.
- void unpack (short *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more short’s.
- void unpack (ushort *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more unsigned short’s.
- void unpack (char *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more char’s.
- void unpack (uchar *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more unsigned char’s.
- void unpack (double *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more double’s.
- void unpack (float *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more float’s.
- void unpack (bool *data, const int num=1)
  Unpack one or more bool’s.
- void unpack (int &data)
  Unpack an int.
- void unpack (uint &data)
  Unpack an unsigned int.
- void unpack (long &data)
  Unpack a long.
- void unpack (ulong &data)
  Unpack an unsigned long.
- void unpack (short &data)
  Unpack a short.
- void unpack (ushort &data)
  Unpack an unsigned short.
- void unpack (char &data)
  Unpack a char.
- void unpack (uchar &data)
  Unpack an unsigned char.
- void unpack (double &data)
  Unpack a double.
- void unpack (float &data)
  Unpack a float.
- void unpack (bool &data)
  Unpack a bool.
### Protected Attributes

- char * Buffer
  
  *The internal buffer for unpacking.*

- int Index
  
  *The index into the current buffer.*

- int Size
  
  *The total size that has been allocated for the buffer.*

- bool ownFlag
  
  *If TRUE, then this class owns the internal buffer.*

### 13.80.1 Detailed Description

Class for unpacking MPI message buffers.

A class that provides a facility for unpacking message buffers using the MPI_Unpack facility. This class is based on the Dakota_Version_3.0 version of utilib::UnPackBuffer from utilib/src/io/PackBuf.[cpp,h]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- MPIPackBuffer.hpp
- MPIPackBuffer.cpp

### 13.81 NCSUOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the NCSU DIRECT optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for NCSUOptimizer:

```
   NCSUOptimizer
     |     
     ↓     
  Minimizer
     |     
     ↓     
  Optimizer
     |     
  Iterator
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **NCSUOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **NCSUOptimizer (Model &model, const int &max_iter, const int &max_eval, double min_box_size=-1., double vol_box_size=-1., double solution_target=DBL_MAX)**
  
  *alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"*

- **NCSUOptimizer (Model &model)**
  
  *alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name*
• **NCSUOptimizer** (const RealVector &var_lbnds, const RealVector &var_ubnds, const int &max_iter, const int &max_eval, double(*user_obj_eval)(const RealVector &x), double min_box_size=-1., double vol_box_-size=-1., double solution_target=-DBL_MAX)

  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

• **∼NCSUOptimizer** ()

destructor

• **void find_optimum** ()

  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

### Private Member Functions

• **void initialize** ()

  shared code among model-based constructors

• **void check_inputs** ()

  verify problem respects NCSU DIRECT Fortran limits

### Static Private Member Functions

• static int **objective eval** (int *n, double c[], double l[], double u[], int point[], int *maxI, int *start, int *maxfunc, double *fvec[], int *idata[], int *iisize, double *ddata[], int *idsize, char *cdata[], int *icsize)

  'fep' in Griffin-modified NCSUDirect: computes the value of the objective function (potentially at multiple points, passed by function pointer to NCSUDirect). Include unscaling from DIRECT.

### Private Attributes

• short **setUpType**

  controls iteration mode: SETUP_MODEL (normal usage) or SETUP_USERFUNC (user-supplied functions mode for "on the fly" instantiations). see enum in NCSUOptimizer.cpp NonDGlobalReliability currently uses the model mode. GaussProcApproximation currently uses the user functions mode.

• Real **minBoxSize**

  holds the minimum boxsize

• Real **volBoxSize**

  hold the minimum volume boxsize

• Real **solutionTarget**

  holds the solution target minimum to drive towards

• RealVector **lowerBounds**

  holds variable lower bounds passed in for "user_functions" mode.

• RealVector **upperBounds**

  holds variable upper bounds passed in for "user_functions" mode.

• double(* **userObjectiveEval** )(const RealVector &x)

  holds function pointer for objective function evaluator passed in for "user_functions" mode.
Static Private Attributes

- static NCSUOptimizer * ncsudirectInstance

  *pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data*

Additional Inherited Members

13.81.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the NCSU DIRECT optimization library.

The NCSUOptimizer class provides a wrapper for a Fortran 77 implementation of the DIRECT algorithm developed at North Carolina State University. It uses a function pointer approach for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions. Any attribute used within static member functions must be either local to that function or accessed through a static pointer.

The user input mappings are as follows:

13.81.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NCSUOptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>standard constructor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This is the standard constructor with method specification support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>References NCSUOptimizer::check_inputs(), and NCSUOptimizer::initialize().</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NCSUOptimizer ( Model & model, const int & max_iter, const int & max_eval, double min_box_size = -1., double vol_box_size = -1., double solution_target = −DBL_MAX )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>alternate constructor for instantiations &quot;on the fly&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This is an alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly using a Model but no ProblemDescDB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>References NCSUOptimizer::check_inputs(), NCSUOptimizer::initialize(), Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, and Iterator::maxIterations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NCSUOptimizer ( Model & model )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This is an alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name using a Model but no ProblemDescDB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>References NCSUOptimizer::check_inputs(), and NCSUOptimizer::initialize().</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NCSUOptimizer ( const RealVector & var_l_bnds, const RealVector & var_u_bnds, const int & max_iter, const int & max_eval, double (*)(const RealVector &x) user_obj_eval, double min_box_size = -1., double vol_box_size = -1., double solution_target = −DBL_MAX )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>alternate constructor for instantiations &quot;on the fly&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>This is an alternate constructor for performing an optimization using the passed in objective function pointer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>References NCSUOptimizer::check_inputs(), Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, and Iterator::maxIterations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.81.3 Member Function Documentation

```c
int objective_eval ( int ∗ n, double c[ ], double l[ ], double u[ ], int ∗ point[ ], int ∗ maxI, int ∗ start, int ∗ maxfunc, double fvec[ ], int iidata[ ], int ∗ isize, double ddata[ ], int ∗ isize )
```

[static], [private]

'fep' in Griffin-modified NCSUDirect: computes the value of the objective function (potentially at multiple points, passed by function pointer to NCSUDirect). Include unscaling from DIRECT.

Modified batch evaluator that accepts multiple points and returns corresponding vector of functions in fvec. Must be used with modified DIRECT src (DIRbatch.f).

References Model::asynch compute response(), Model::asynch flag(), Model::compute response(), Model::continuous variables(), Model::current response(), Response::function value(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NCSU-Optimizer::ncsudirectInstance, Model::primary response fn sense(), NCSUOptimizer::setUpType, Model::synchronize(), and NCSUOptimizer::userObjectiveEval.

Referenced by NCSUOptimizer::find optimum().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NCSUOptimizer.hpp
- NCSUOptimizer.cpp

13.82 NestedModel Class Reference

Derived model class which performs a complete sub-iterator execution within every evaluation of the model.

Inheritance diagram for NestedModel:

```
Model

\[\text{NestedModel}\]
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **NestedModel** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  - constructor
- **~NestedModel** ()
  - destructor

**Protected Member Functions**

- void **derived compute response** (const ActiveSet &set)
  - portion of compute response() specific to NestedModel
- void **derived asynch compute response** (const ActiveSet &set)
  - portion of asynch compute response() specific to NestedModel
- const IntResponseMap & **derived synchronize** ()
  - portion of synchronize() specific to NestedModel
- **Iterator** & **subordinate iterator** ()
  - return subIterator
- **Model & subordinate_model ()**
  
  ```cpp
  return subModel
  ```

- **void derived_subordinate_models (ModelList &ml, bool recurse_flag)**
  
  ```cpp
  return subModel
  ```

- **Interface & derived_interface ()**
  
  ```cpp
  return optionalInterface
  ```

- **void surrogate_response_mode (short mode)**
  
  ```cpp
  pass a bypass request on to the subModel for any lower-level surrogates
  ```

- **void component_parallel_mode (short mode)**
  
  ```cpp
  update component parallel mode for supporting parallelism in optionalInterface and subModel
  ```

- **size_t mi_parallel_level_index () const**
  
  ```cpp
  return subIteratorSched.miPLIndex
  ```

- **short local_eval_synchronization ()**
  
  ```cpp
  return optionalInterface synchronization setting
  ```

- **int local_eval_concurrency ()**
  
  ```cpp
  return optionalInterface asynchronous evaluation concurrency
  ```

- **bool derived_master_overload () const**
  
  ```cpp
  flag which prevents overloading the master with a multiprocessor evaluation (forwarded to optionalInterface)
  ```

- **IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds (int max_eval_concurrency)**
  
  ```cpp
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Model
  ```

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  
  ```cpp
  set up optionalInterface and subModel for parallel operations
  ```

- **void derived_init_serial ()**
  
  ```cpp
  set up optionalInterface and subModel for serial operations.
  ```

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  
  ```cpp
  set active parallel configuration within subModel
  ```

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  
  ```cpp
  deallocate communicator partitions for the NestedModel (forwarded to optionalInterface and subModel)
  ```

- **void serve_run (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)**
  
  ```cpp
  Service optionalInterface and subModel job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from stop_servers().
  ```

- **void stop_servers ()**
  
  ```cpp
  Executed by the master to terminate server operations for subModel and optionalInterface when iteration on the NestedModel is complete.
  ```

- **const String & interface_id () const**
  
  ```cpp
  return the optionalInterface identifier
  ```

- **int evaluation_id () const**
  
  ```cpp
  Return the current evaluation id for the NestedModel.
  ```

- **void set_evaluation_reference ()**
  
  ```cpp
  set the evaluation counter reference points for the NestedModel (request forwarded to optionalInterface and subModel)
  ```

- **void fine_grained_evaluation_counters ()**
  
  ```cpp
  request fine-grained evaluation reporting within optionalInterface and subModel
  ```
- void `print_evaluation_summary` (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const

  print the evaluation summary for the NestedModel (request forwarded to optionalInterface and subModel)

- void `initialize_iterator` (int job_index)

- void `pack_parameters_buffer` (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)

- void `unpack_parameters_buffer` (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)

- void `unpack_parametersInitialize` (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)

- void `pack_results_buffer` (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)

- void `unpack_results_buffer` (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer, int job_index)

- void `update_local_results` (int job_index)

### Private Member Functions

- void `update_sub_iterator` ()
  
  update subiterator with mapping data and set subIterator-based counts

- void `initialize_iterator` (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, int eval_id)
  
  lower level function shared by initialize_iterator(int) and unpack_parametersInitialize()

- void `unpack` (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer, Variables &vars, ActiveSet &set, int &eval_id)
  
  lower level function shared by unpack_parameters_buffer() and unpack_parametersInitialize()

- void `resolve_real_variable_mapping` (const String &map1, const String &map2, size_t curr_index, short &inactive_sm_view)
  
  for a named real mapping, resolve primary index and secondary target

- void `resolve_integer_variable_mapping` (const String &map1, const String &map2, size_t curr_index, short &inactive_sm_view)
  
  for a named integer mapping, resolve primary index and secondary target

- void `resolve_string_variable_mapping` (const String &map1, const String &map2, size_t curr_index, short &inactive_sm_view)
  
  for a named string mapping, resolve primary index and secondary target

- size_t `sm_acv_index_map` (size_t pacvm_index, short sacvm_target)
  
  offset pacvm_index based on sacvm_target to create mapped_index

- size_t `sm_adiv_index_map` (size_t padvm_index, short sadvm_target)
  
  offset padvm_index based on sadvm_target to create mapped_index

- size_t `sm_adsv_index_map` (size_t padsvm_index, short sadsvm_target)
  
  offset padsvm_index based on sadsvm_target to create mapped_index

- size_t `sm_adrv_index_map` (size_t padrvm_index, short sadrvm_target)
  
  offset padrvm_index based on sadrvm_target to create mapped_index

- size_t `cv_index_map` (size_t cv_index, const Variables &vars)
  
  offset cv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays

- size_t `div_index_map` (size_t div_index, const Variables &vars)
  
  offset div_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays

- size_t `dsv_index_map` (size_t dsv_index, const Variables &vars)
  
  offset dsv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays

- size_t `drv_index_map` (size_t drv_index, const Variables &vars)
  
  offset drv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays
- `size_t ccv_index_map (size_t ccv_index, const Variables &vars)`  
  offset active complement `ccv_index` to create index into all continuous arrays
- `size_t cdiv_index_map (size_t cdiv_index, const Variables &vars)`  
  offset active complement `cdiv_index` to create index into all discrete int arrays
- `size_t cdsv_index_map (size_t cdsv_index, const Variables &vars)`  
  offset active complement `cdsv_index` to create index into all discrete string arrays
- `size_t cdrv_index_map (size_t cdrv_index, const Variables &vars)`  
  offset active complement `cdrv_index` to create index into all discrete real arrays
- `void real_variable_mapping (const Real &r_var, size_t mapped_index, short svm_target)`  
  insert `r_var` into appropriate recipient
- `void integer_variable_mapping (const int &i_var, size_t mapped_index, short svm_target)`  
  insert `i_var` into appropriate recipient
- `void string_variable_mapping (const String &s_var, size_t mapped_index, short svm_target)`  
  insert `s_var` into appropriate recipient
- `void set_mapping (const ActiveSet &mapped_set, ActiveSet &interface_set, bool &opt_interface_map, ActiveSet &sub_iterator_set, bool &sub_iterator_map)`  
  define the evaluation requirements for the optionalInterface (`interface_set`) and the subIterator (`sub_iterator_set`) from the total model evaluation requirements (`mapped_set`)
- `void response_mapping (const Response &interface_response, const Response &sub_iterator_response, Response &mapped_response)`  
  combine the response from the optional interface evaluation with the response from the sub-iteration using the primaryCoeffs/secondaryCoeffs mappings to create the total response for the model
- `void interface_response_overlay (const Response &opt_interface_response, Response &mapped_response)`  
  assign the response from the optional interface evaluation within the total response for the model
- `void iterator_response_overlay (const Response &sub_iterator_response, Response &mapped_response)`  
  overlay the sub-iteration response within the total response for the model using the primaryCoeffs/secondaryCoeffs mappings
- `Response & find_nested_response (int nested_cntr)`  
  locate existing or allocate new entry in `nestedResponseMap`
- `void check_response_map (const ShortArray &mapped_asv)`  
  check function counts for the `mapped_asv`
- `void update_inactive_view (short new_view, short &view)`  
  update inactive variables view for subIterator based on `new_view`
- `void update_inactive_view (unsigned short type, short &view)`  
  update inactive variables view for subIterator based on `type`
- `void update_sub_model (const Variables &vars, const Constraints &cons)`  
  update subModel with current variable values/bounds/labels

Private Attributes

- `int nestedModelEvalCntr`  
  number of calls to `derived_compute_response() / derived_async_compute_response()`
- `bool firstUpdate`  
  boolean to trigger one-time updates on first call to `update_sub_model()`
• IntResponseMap nestedResponseMap
  used to return a map of nested responses (including subIterator and optionalInterface contributions) for aggregation and rekeying at the base class level

• size_t outerMIPLIndex
  the miPLIndex for the outer parallelism context, prior to any subIterator partitioning

• Iterator subIterator
  the sub-iterator that is executed on every evaluation of this model

• String subMethodPointer
  the sub-method pointer from the nested model specification

• Model subModel
  the sub-model used in sub-iterator evaluations

• PRPQueue subIteratorPRPQueue
  job queue for asynchronous execution of subIterator jobs

• IteratorScheduler subIteratorSched
  scheduling object for concurrent iterator parallelism

• int subIteratorJobCntr
  subIterator job counter since last synchronize()

• IntIntMap subIteratorIdMap
  mapping from subIterator evaluation counter to nested model counter (different when subIterator evaluations do not occur on every nested model evaluation due to variable ASV content)

• size_t numSubIterFns
  number of sub-iterator response functions prior to mapping

• size_t numSubIterMappedIneqCon
  number of top-level inequality constraints mapped from the sub-iteration results

• size_t numSubIterMappedEqCon
  number of top-level equality constraints mapped from the sub-iteration results

• Interface optionalInterface
  the optional interface contributes nonnested response data to the total model response

• String optInterfacePointer
  the optional interface pointer from the nested model specification

• Response optInterfaceResponse
  the response object resulting from optional interface evaluations

• IntIntMap optInterfaceIdMap
  mapping from optionalInterface evaluation counter to nested model counter (different when optionalInterface evaluations do not occur on every nested model evaluation due to variable ASV content)

• size_t numOptInterfPrimary
  number of primary response functions (objective/least squares/generic functions) resulting from optional interface evaluations

• size_t numOptInterfIneqCon
  number of inequality constraints resulting from optional interface evaluations

• size_t numOptInterfEqCon
  number of equality constraints resulting from the optional interface evaluations

• Size<Array active1ACVarMapIndices
"primary" variable mappings for inserting active continuous currentVariables within all continuous subModel variables. If there are no secondary mappings defined, then the insertions replace the subModel variable values.

- **SizetArray active1ADIVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete int currentVariables within all discrete int subModel variables. No secondary mappings are defined for discrete int variables, so the active variables replace the subModel variable values.

- **SizetArray active1ADSVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete string currentVariables within all discrete string subModel variables. No secondary mappings are defined for discrete string variables, so the active variables replace the subModel variable values.

- **SizetArray active1ADRVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete real currentVariables within all discrete real subModel variables. No secondary mappings are defined for discrete real variables, so the active variables replace the subModel variable values.

- **ShortArray active2ACVarMapTargets**
  "secondary" variable mappings for inserting active continuous currentVariables into sub-parameters (e.g., distribution parameters for uncertain variables or bounds for continuous design/state variables) within all continuous subModel variables.

- **ShortArray active2ADIVarMapTargets**
  "secondary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete int currentVariables into sub-parameters (e.g., bounds for discrete design/state variables) within all discrete int subModel variables.

- **ShortArray active2ADSVarMapTargets**
  "secondary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete string currentVariables into sub-parameters (e.g., bounds for discrete design/state variables) within all discrete string subModel variables.

- **ShortArray active2ADRVarMapTargets**
  "secondary" variable mappings for inserting active discrete real currentVariables into sub-parameters (e.g., bounds for discrete design/state variables) within all discrete real subModel variables.

- **SizetArray complement1ACVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting the complement of the active continuous currentVariables within all continuous subModel variables

- **SizetArray complement1ADIVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting the complement of the active discrete int currentVariables within all discrete int subModel variables

- **SizetArray complement1ADSVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting the complement of the active discrete string currentVariables within all discrete string subModel variables

- **SizetArray complement1ADRVarMapIndices**
  "primary" variable mappings for inserting the complement of the active discrete real currentVariables within all discrete real subModel variables

- **BitArray extraCVarsData**
  flags for updating subModel continuous bounds and labels, one for each active continuous variable in currentVariables

- **BitArray extraDIVarsData**
  flags for updating subModel discrete int bounds and labels, one for each active discrete int variable in currentVariables

- **BitArray extraDSVarsData**
  flags for updating subModel discrete string labels, one for each active discrete string variable in currentVariables
- BitArray extraDRVarsData
  
  *flags for updating subModel discrete real bounds and labels, one for each active discrete real variable in current-Variables*

- RealMatrix primaryRespCoeffs
  
  "primary" response mapping matrix applied to the sub-iterator response functions. For OUU, the matrix is applied to UQ statistics to create contributions to the top-level objective functions/least squares/generic response terms.

- RealMatrix secondaryRespCoeffs
  
  "secondary" response mapping matrix applied to the sub-iterator response functions. For OUU, the matrix is applied to UQ statistics to create contributions to the top-level inequality and equality constraints.

Friends

- class IteratorScheduler

  *protect scheduler callback functions from general access*

Additional Inherited Members

13.82.1 Detailed Description

Derived model class which performs a complete sub-iterator execution within every evaluation of the model.

The NestedModel class nests a sub-iterator execution within every model evaluation. This capability is most commonly used for optimization under uncertainty, in which a nondeterministic iterator is executed on every optimization function evaluation. The NestedModel also contains an optional interface, for portions of the model evaluation which are independent from the sub-iterator, and a set of mappings for combining sub-iterator and optional interface data into a top level response for the model.

13.82.2 Member Function Documentation

void derived_compute_response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of compute_response() specific to NestedModel

Update subModel’s inactive variables with active variables from currentVariables, compute the optional interface and sub-iterator responses, and map these to the total model response.

Reimplemented from Model.

References NestedModel::active2ACVarMapTargets, Response::active_set(), ParallelLibrary::bcast(), ParallelLibrary::bcast_hs(), NestedModel::component_parallel_mode(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Interface::eval_tag_prefix(), Iterator::eval_tag_prefix(), Model::evalTagPrefix, Model::hierarchicalTagging, NestedModel::interface_response_overlay(), NestedModel::iterator_response_overlay(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommSize, IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, Interface::map(), IteratorScheduler::messagePass, IteratorScheduler::miPLIndex, Model::modelPCIter, NestedModel::nestedModelEvalCntr, NestedModel::optInterfaceResponse, NestedModel::optionalInterface, Model::outputLevel, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), Model::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::peerAssignJobs, Response::reset(), Iterator::response_results_active_set(), Iterator::run(), IteratorScheduler::run_iterator(), NestedModel::set_mapping(), IteratorScheduler::stop_iterator_servers(), NestedModel::subIter, NestedModel::subIteratorSched, NestedModel::update_sub_model(), and Model::userDefinedConstraints.
void derived_asynch_compute_response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to NestedModel

Asynchronous execution of subIterator on subModel and, optionally, optionalInterface.
Reimplemented from Model.
References Response::active_set(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Interface::evaluation_id(), Interface::map(), Iterator::method_id(), NestedModel::nestedModelEvalCntr, NestedModel::optInterfaceIdMap, NestedModel::optInterfaceResponse, NestedModel::optionalInterface, Iterator::response_results_active_set(), Iterator::response_results_active_set(), NestedModel::set_mapping(), NestedModel::subIterator, NestedModel::subIteratorIdMap, NestedModel::subIteratorJobCntr, and NestedModel::subIteratorPRPQueue.

const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ( ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of synchronize() specific to NestedModel

Recovery of asynchronous subIterator executions and, optionally, asynchronous optionalInterface mappings.
Reimplemented from Model.
References NestedModel::component_parallel_mode(), NestedModel::find_nested_response(), NestedModel::interface_response_overlay(), NestedModel::iterator_response_overlay(), Model::modelPCIter, NestedModel::nestedResponseMap, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorJobs, NestedModel::optInterfaceIdMap, NestedModel::optInterfacePointer, NestedModel::optionalInterface, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), Model::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::schedule_iterators(), NestedModel::subIterator, NestedModel::subIteratorIdMap, NestedModel::subIteratorJobCntr, NestedModel::subIteratorPRPQueue, NestedModel::subIteratorSched, and Interface::synch().

short local_eval_synchronization ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

return optionalInterface synchronization setting

Used in setting Model::asynchEvalFlag. subModel synchronization is used for setting asynchEvalFlag within subModel.
Reimplemented from Model.
References Interface::asynch_local_evaluation_concurrency(), Interface::interface_synchronization(), NestedModel::optInterfacePointer, and NestedModel::optionalInterface.

int local_eval_concurrency ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

return optionalInterface asynchronous evaluation concurrency

Used in setting Model::evaluationCapacity. subModel concurrency is used for setting evaluationCapacity within subModel.
Reimplemented from Model.
References Interface::asynch_local_evaluation_concurrency(), NestedModel::optInterfacePointer, and NestedModel::optionalInterface.

bool derived_master_overload ( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

flag which prevents overloading the master with a multiprocessor evaluation (forwarded to optionalInterface)

Derived master overload for subModel is handled separately in subModel.compute_response() within subIterator.run().
Reimplemented from Model.
References Iterator::isnull(), Interface::iterator_eval_dedicated_master(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, Interface::multi_proc_eval(), NestedModel::optInterfacePointer, NestedModel::optionalInterface, IteratorScheduler::procsPerIterator, NestedModel::subIterator, and NestedModel::subIteratorSched.
void derived_init_communicators ( ParLevIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag = true ) [protected], [virtual]

set up optionalInterface and subModel for parallel operations

Asynchronous flags need to be initialized for the subModel. In addition, max_eval_concurrency is the outer level iterator concurrency, not the subIterator concurrency that subModel will see, and recomputing the message_lengths on the subModel is probably not a bad idea either. Therefore, recompute everything on subModel using init_communicators().

Reimplemented from Model.

References Response::active_set(), IteratorScheduler::configure(), Model::currentVariables, ProblemDescDB::get_db_method_node(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_model_node(), Interface::init_communicators(), IteratorScheduler::init_iterator(), Iterator::is_null(), IteratorScheduler::iterator_message_lengths(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorServerId, Model::messageLengths, IteratorScheduler::messagePass, Model::modelPCIter, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, NestedModel::optInterfacePointer, NestedModel::optionalInterface, ParallelLibrary::parallel_configuration_iterator(), Model::parallelLib, IteratorScheduler::partition(), Model::probDescDB, MPIPackBuffer::reset(), Iterator::response_results(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_list_nodes(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_method_node(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_model_nodes(), MPIPackBuffer::size(), NestedModel::subIterator, NestedModel::subIteratorSched, NestedModel::subMethodPointer, NestedModel::subModel, IteratorScheduler::update(), and NestedModel::update_sub_iterator().

int evaluation_id ( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Return the current evaluation id for the NestedModel.

return the top level nested evaluation count. To get the lower level eval count, the subModel must be explicitly queried. This is consistent with the eval counter definitions in surrogate models.

Reimplemented from Model.

References NestedModel::nestedModelEvalCntr.

size_t cv_index_map ( size_t cv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset cv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays

maps index within active continuous variables to index within aggregated active continuous/discrete-int/discrete-string/discrete-real variables.

References SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().

Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

size_t div_index_map ( size_t div_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset div_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays

maps index within active discrete int variables to index within aggregated active continuous/discrete-int/discrete-string/discrete-real variables.

References SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), Variables::cv(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), SharedVariablesData::state_counts(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().

Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().
size_t dsv_index_map ( size_t dsv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset dsv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays
maps index within active discrete string variables to index within aggregated active continuous/discrete-int/discrete-string/discrete-string variables.
References SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), Variables::cv(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), Variables::div(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), SharedVariablesData::state_counts(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().
Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

size_t drv_index_map ( size_t drv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset drv_index to create index into aggregated primary/secondary arrays
maps index within active discrete real variables to index within aggregated active continuous/discrete-int/discrete-string/discrete-real variables.
References SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), Variables::cv(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), Variables::div(), Variables::dsv(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), SharedVariablesData::state_counts(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().
Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

size_t ccv_index_map ( size_t ccv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset active complement ccv_index to create index into all continuous arrays
maps index within complement of active continuous variables to index within all continuous variables.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().
Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

size_t cdiv_index_map ( size_t cdiv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset active complement cdiv_index to create index into all discrete int arrays
maps index within complement of active discrete int variables to index within all discrete int variables.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().
Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

size_t cdsv_index_map ( size_t cdsv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset active complement cdsv_index to create index into all discrete string arrays
maps index within complement of active discrete string variables to index within all discrete string variables.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().
Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().
size_t cdrv_index_map ( size_t cdrv_index, const Variables & vars ) [private]

offset active complement cdrv_index to create index into all discrete real arrays
maps index within complement of active discrete real variables to index within all discrete real variables.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesData::design_counts(), SharedVariablesData::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::view().

Referenced by NestedModel::NestedModel(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

void response_mapping ( const Response & opt_interface_response, const Response & sub_iterator_response, Response & mapped_response ) [inline], [private]

combine the response from the optional interface evaluation with the response from the sub-iteration using the primaryCoeffs/secondaryCoeffs mappings to create the total response for the model

In the OUU case,
optionalInterface fns = {f}, {g} (deterministic primary functions, constraints)
subIterator fns = {S} (UQ response statistics)

Problem formulation for mapped functions:
minimize \{f\} + [W]{S}
subject to \{g_l\} \leq \{g\} \leq \{g_u\}
\{a_l\} \leq [A]{S} \leq \{a_u\}
\{g\} = \{g_t\}
\{A\}{S} = \{a_t\}

where [W] is the primary_mapping_matrix user input (primaryRespCoeffs class attribute), [A] is the secondary_mapping_matrix user input (secondaryRespCoeffs class attribute), \{\{g_l\},\{a_l\}\} are the top level inequality constraint lower bounds, \{\{g_u\},\{a_u\}\} are the top level inequality constraint upper bounds, and \{\{g_t\},\{a_t\}\} are the top level equality constraint targets.

NOTE: optionalInterface/subIterator primary fns (obj/lsq/generic fns) overlap but optionalInterface/subIterator secondary fns (ineq/eq constraints) do not. The [W] matrix can be specified so as to allow

- some purely deterministic primary functions and some combined: [W] filled and [W].num_rows() < \{f\}.length() [combined first] or [W].num_rows() == \{f\}.length() and [W] contains rows of zeros [combined last]
- some combined and some purely stochastic primary functions: [W] filled and [W].num_rows() > \{f\}.length()
- separate deterministic and stochastic primary functions: [W].num_rows() > \{f\}.length() and [W] contains \{f\}.length() rows of zeros.

If the need arises, could change constraint definition to allow overlap as well: \{g_l\} \leq \{g\} + [A]{S} \leq \{g_u\} with [A] usage the same as for [W] above.

In the UOO case, things are simpler, just compute statistics of each optimization response function: [W] = [I], \{f\}/[g]/[A] are empty.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), NestedModel::check_response_map(), NestedModel::interface_response_overlay(), and NestedModel::iterator_response_overlay().

13.82.3 Member Data Documentation

Model subModel [private]

the sub-model used in sub-iterator evaluations
There are no restrictions on subModel, so arbitrary nestings are possible. This is commonly used to support surrogate-based optimization under uncertainty by having NestedModels contain SurrogateModels and vice versa.

Referenced by NestedModel::component_parallel_mode(), NestedModel::derived_init_communicators(), NestedModel::derived_init_serial(), NestedModel::derived_subordinate_models(), NestedModel::estimate_partition_bounds(), NestedModel::fine_grained_evaluation_counters(), NestedModel::integer_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::NestedModel(), NestedModel::print_evaluation_summary(), NestedModel::real_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::resolve_integer_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::resolve_real_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::resolve_string_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::serve_run(), NestedModel::set_mapping(), NestedModel::sm_acv_index_map(), NestedModel::sm_adiv_index_map(), NestedModel::string_variable_mapping(), NestedModel::subordinate_model(), NestedModel::surrogate_response_mode(), NestedModel::update_inactive_view(), and NestedModel::update_sub_model().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NestedModel.hpp
- NestedModel.cpp

13.83 NIDRProblemDescDB Class Reference

The derived input file database utilizing the new IDR parser.

Inheritance diagram for NIDRProblemDescDB:

ProblemDescDB

NIDRProblemDescDB

Public Member Functions

- NIDRProblemDescDB (ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib)
  constructor
- ~NIDRProblemDescDB ()
  destructor
- void derived_parse_inputs (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts)
  parses the input file and populates the problem description database using NIDR.
- void derived_broadcast ()
  perform any data processing that must be coordinated with DB buffer broadcasting (performed prior to broadcast-
ing the DB buffer on rank 0 and after receiving the DB buffer on other processor ranks)
- void derived_post_process ()
  perform any additional data post-processing

- KWH (iface_Real)
- KWH (iface_Rlit)
- KWH (iface_false)
- KWH (iface_ilit)
- KWH (iface_pint)
- KWH (iface_lit)
- KWH (iface_start)
• `KWH (iface_stop)`
• `KWH (iface_str)`
• `KWH (iface_str2D)`
• `KWH (iface_strL)`
• `KWH (iface_true)`
• `KWH (iface_type)`
• `KWH (method_Li)`
• `KWH (method_Real)`
• `KWH (method_Real01)`
• `KWH (method_RealDL)`
• `KWH (method_RealLlit)`
• `KWH (method_Realp)`
• `KWH (method_Realz)`
• `KWH (method_Ri)`
• `KWH (method_false)`
• `KWH (method_szarray)`
• `KWH (method_lit2)`
• `KWH (method_lit2p)`
• `KWH (method_int)`
• `KWH (method_ivec)`
• `KWH (method_lit)`
• `KWH (method_litc)`
• `KWH (method_liti)`
• `KWH (method_litp)`
• `KWH (method_litr)`
• `KWH (method_litz)`
• `KWH (method_nmint)`
• `KWH (method_num_resplevs)`
• `KWH (method_piecewise)`
• `KWH (method_pint)`
• `KWH (method_pintz)`
• `KWH (method_resplevs)`
• `KWH (method_resplevs01)`
• `KWH (methodshint)`
• `KWH (method_sizet)`
• `KWH (method_slit2)`
• `KWH (method_start)`
• `KWH (method_stop)`
• `KWH (method_str)`
• `KWH (method_strL)`
• `KWH (method_true)`
• `KWH (method_tr_final)`
• `KWH (method_type)`
• `KWH (method_usarray)`
• `KWH (method_ushint)`
• `KWH (method_utype)`
• **KWH** (method\_augment\_utype)
• **KWH** (method\_utype\_lit)
• **KWH** (model\_Real)
• **KWH** (model\_RealDL)
• **KWH** (model\_false)
• **KWH** (model\_int)
• **KWH** (model\_intsetm1)
• **KWH** (model\_lit)
• **KWH** (model\_order)
• **KWH** (model\_pint)
• **KWH** (model\_shint)
• **KWH** (model\_start)
• **KWH** (model\_stop)
• **KWH** (model\_str)
• **KWH** (model\_strL)
• **KWH** (model\_true)
• **KWH** (model\_type)
• **KWH** (model\_utype)
• **KWH** (model\_augment\_utype)
• **KWH** (resp\_RealDL)
• **KWH** (resp\_RealL)
• **KWH** (resp\_false)
• **KWH** (resp\_intset)
• **KWH** (resp\_ivec)
• **KWH** (resp\_lit)
• **KWH** (resp\_sizet)
• **KWH** (resp\_start)
• **KWH** (resp\_stop)
• **KWH** (resp\_str)
• **KWH** (resp\_strL)
• **KWH** (resp\_true)
• **KWH** (resp\_utype)
• **KWH** (resp\_augment\_utype)
• **KWH** (env\_int)
• **KWH** (env\_start)
• **KWH** (env\_str)
• **KWH** (env\_strL)
• **KWH** (env\_true)
• **KWH** (env\_utype)
• **KWH** (env\_augment\_utype)
• **KWH** (var\_RealLb)
• **KWH** (var\_RealUb)
• **KWH** (var\_IntLb)
• **KWH** (var\_categorical)
• **KWH** (var\_caulbl)
• **KWH** (var\_dauilbl)
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_dauslbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_daurlbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_ceulbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_deuilbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_deuslbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_deurlbl})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_pintz})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_start})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_stop})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_str})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_strL})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_true})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_newiarray})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_newsarray})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_newivec})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_newrvec})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_ivec})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_svec})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_rvec})
• \texttt{KWH} (\texttt{var\_type})

\textbf{Static Public Member Functions}

- static void \texttt{botch} (const char *fmt, ...)
  
  \textit{Print and error message and immediately abort}

- static void \texttt{check\_variables} (std::list< \texttt{DataVariables} > *)
  
  \textit{Check each node in a list of \texttt{DataVariables}, first mapping \texttt{DataVariables} members back to flat NIDR arrays if needed.}

- static void \texttt{check\_responses} (std::list< \texttt{DataResponses} > *)

- static void \texttt{check\_descriptors} (const StringArray &labels)
  
  \textit{Validate user-supplied descriptors.}

- static void \texttt{make\_variable\_defaults} (std::list< \texttt{DataVariables} > *)
  
  \textit{Bounds and initial point check and inferred bounds generation.}

- static void \texttt{make\_response\_defaults} (std::list< \texttt{DataResponses} > *)

- static void \texttt{squawk} (const char *fmt, ...)
  
  \textit{Print an error message and increment nerr, but continue}

- static void \texttt{warn} (const char *fmt, ...)
  
  \textit{Print a warning}

\textbf{Static Public Attributes}

- static \texttt{NIDRProblemDescDB *pDDBInstance}
  
  \textit{Pointer to the active object instance used within the static kwhandler functions in order to avoid the need for static data. Only initialized when parsing an input file; will be NULL for cases of direct DB population only.}

- static int \texttt{nerr} = 0
  
  \textit{Number of parse error encountered}
13.83. NIDRPROBLEMDESCDB CLASS REFERENCE

Static Private Member Functions

- static void check\_variables\_node (void *v)
  
  \textit{check a single variables node; input argument v is Var Info*}

- static int check\_driver (const String &an\_driver, const StringArray &link\_files, const StringArray &copy\_files)
  
  \textit{tokenize and try to validate the presence of an analysis driver, potentially included in the linked or copied template files}

Private Attributes

- std::list< void * > VIL

\textit{List of Var Info pointers, one per Variables instance.}

Additional Inherited Members

13.83.1 Detailed Description

The derived input file database utilizing the new IDR parser.

The NIDRProblemDescDB class is derived from ProblemDescDB for use by the NIDR parser in processing DAKOTA input file data. For information on modifying the NIDR input parsing procedures, refer to Dakota/docs/Dev\_Spec\_Change.doxygen. For more on the parsing technology, see “Specifying and Reading Program Input with NIDR” by David M. Gay (report SAND2008-2261P, which is available in PDF form as http://dakota.sandia.gov/papers/nidr08.pdf). Source for the routines declared herein is NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp, in which most routines are so short that a description seems unnecessary.

13.83.2 Member Function Documentation

\texttt{void derived\_parse\_inputs ( const ProgramOptions & prog\_opts ) [virtual]}

\texttt{parses the input file and populates the problem description database using NIDR.}

Parse the input file using the Input Deck Reader (IDR) parsing system. IDR populates the IDRProblemDescDB object with the input file data.

Reimplemented from ProblemDescDB.

References Dakota::abort\_callback(), NIDRProblemDescDB::botch(), ProblemDescDB::dataMethodList, DataMethodRep::dllDetails, DataMethodRep::dllLib, ProgramOptions::input\_file(), ProgramOptions::input\_string(), NIDRProblemDescDB::nerr, ProblemDescDB::parallel\_library(), ProgramOptions::parser\_options(), NIDRProblemDescDB::pDDBInstance, and NIDRProblemDescDB::squawk().

\texttt{int check\_driver ( const String & an\_driver, const StringArray & link\_files, const StringArray & copy\_files ) [static], [private]}

tokenize and try to validate the presence of an analysis driver, potentially included in the linked or copied template files

\texttt{return 1 if not found, 2 if found, but not executable, 0 if found (no error) in case we want to return to error on not found...}

References WorkdirHelper::find\_driver(), NIDRProblemDescDB::squawk(), WorkdirHelper::tokenize\_driver(), NIDRProblemDescDB::warn(), and WorkdirHelper::which().
void make_variable_defaults ( std::list<DataVariables> * dvl ) [static]

Bounds and initial point check and inferred bounds generation.
Size arrays for contiguous storage of aggregated uncertain types. For each variable type, call Vgen,* to generate inferred bounds and initial point, repairing initial if needed. Size the aggregate arrays for uncertain (design and state are stored separately)
References Dakota::DesignAndStateLabelsCheck, NIDRProblemDescDB::squawk(), Dakota::var_mp_drange, Dakota::VLUncertainInt, Dakota::VLUncertainReal, and Dakota::VLUncertainStr.
Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::derived_post_process().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.hpp
- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp

13.84 NL2Res Struct Reference

Auxiliary information passed to calcr and calcj via ur.

Public Attributes

- Real * r
  residual r = r(x)
- Real * J
  Jacobian J = J(x)
- Real * x
  corresponding parameter vector
- int nf
  function invocation count for r(x)

13.84.1 Detailed Description

Auxiliary information passed to calcr and calcj via ur.
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NL2SOLLeastSq.cpp

13.85 NL2SOLLeastSq Class Reference

Wrapper class for the NL2SOL nonlinear least squares library.
Inheritance diagram for NL2SOLLeastSq:
### Public Member Functions

- **NL2SOLLeastSq (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor
- **NL2SOLLeastSq (Model &model)**
  alternate constructor
- **~NL2SOLLeastSq ()**
  destructor
- **void minimize_residuals ()**
  Used within the least squares branch for minimizing the sum of squares residuals. Redefines the run virtual function for the least squares branch.

### Static Private Member Functions

- **static void calc_r (int *np, int *pp, Real *x, int *nfp, Real *r, int *ui, void *ur, Vf vf)**
  evaluator function for residual vector
- **static void calc_J (int *np, int *pp, Real *x, int *nfp, Real *J, int *ui, void *ur, Vf vf)**
  evaluator function for residual Jacobian

### Private Attributes

- **int auxprt**
  auxiliary printing bits (see Dakota Ref Manual): sum of
  - 1 = x0prt (print initial guess)
  - 2 = solprt (print final solution)
  - 4 = statpr (print solution statistics)
  - 8 = parprt (print nondefault parameters)
  - 16 = dradpr (print bound constraint drops/adds)
  - debug/verbose/normal use default = 1 (everything), < quiet uses 3, silent uses 0.
- **int outlev**
  frequency of output summary lines in number of iterations
  - (debug/verbose/normal/quiet use default = 1, silent uses 0)
- **Real dltfdj**
  finite-diff step size for computing Jacobian approximation
  - (fd.gradient_step_size)
- **Real delta0**
  finite-diff step size for gradient differences for H
  - (a component of some covariance approximations, if desired) < (fd.hessian_step_size)
- **Real dltf0c**
 finite-diff step size for function differences for H
< (fd_hessian_step_size)
• int mxfcal
   function-evaluation limit (max_function_evaluations)
• int mxiter
   iteration limit (max_iterations)
• Real rfctol
   relative fn convergence tolerance (convergence_tolerance)
• Real afctol
   absolute fn convergence tolerance (absolute_conv_tol)
• Real xctol
   x-convergence tolerance (x_conv_tol)
• Real scitol
   singular convergence tolerance (singular_conv_tol)
• Real lmaxs
   radius for singular-convergence test (singular_radius)
• Real xftol
   false-convergence tolerance (false_conv_tol)
• int covreq
   kind of covariance required (\c covariance):
   < 1 or -1 ==> sigma \wedge 2 H^{-1} J^T J H^{-1} < 2 or -2 ==> sigma \wedge 2 H^{-1} < 3 or -3 ==> sigma \wedge 2 (J^T J)^{-1}
   < 1 or 2 ==> use gradient diffs to estimate H < -1 or -2 ==> use function diffs to estimate H < default = 0 (no covariance)
• int rdreq
   whether to compute the regression diagnostic vector
   < (regression_diagnostics)
• Real fprec
   expected response function precision (function_precision)
• Real lmax0
   initial trust-region radius (initial_trust_radius)

Static Private Attributes
• static NL2SOLLeastSq * nl2solInstance
   pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions

Additional Inherited Members

13.85.1  Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the NL2SOL nonlinear least squares library.

The NL2SOLLeastSq class provides a wrapper for NL2SOL (TOMS Algorithm 573), in the updated form of Port Library routines dnfgbl from Bell Labs; see http://www.netlib.org/port/readme. The Fortran from Port has been turned into C by f2c. NL2SOL uses a function pointer approach for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions.
13.85.2 Member Function Documentation

void minimize_residuals( ) [virtual]

Used within the least squares branch for minimizing the sum of squares residuals. Redefines the run virtual function for the least squares branch.


Implements LeastSq.

References NL2SOLLeastSq::afctol, NL2SOLLeastSq::auxprt, Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Minimizer::boundConstraintFlag, NL2SOLLeastSq::calcj(), NL2SOLLeastSq::calcr(), Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), NL2SOLLeastSq::covreq, NL2SOLLeastSq::delta0, NL2SOLLeastSq::dltfdc, NL2SOLLeastSq::dltfdj, Minimizer::expData, NL2SOLLeastSq::fprec, Model::gradient_type(), ExperimentData::interpolate_flag(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NL2SOLLeastSq::lmmax0, NL2SOLLeastSq::lmaxs, NL2SOLLeastSq::mxfcal, NL2SOLLeastSq::mxiter, NL2SOLLeastSq::nsolinstance, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::speculativeFlag, Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag, NL2SOLLeastSq::xctol, and NL2SOLLeastSq::xftol.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NL2SOLLeastSq.hpp
- NL2SOLLeastSq.cpp

13.86 NLPQLPOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the NLPQLP optimization library, Version 2.0.

Inheritance diagram for NLPQLPOptimizer:

```
          +---------+        +---------+        +---------+
          |        |        |        |        |        |
          |   Iterator   |    Minimizer   |    Optimizer   |   NLPQLPOptimizer   |
          |        |        |        |        |        |
```

Public Member Functions

- **NLPQLPOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **NLPQLPOptimizer (Model &model)**

  *alternate constructor*

- **~NLPQLPOptimizer ()**

  *destructor*
• void find_optimum ()
  
  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

Protected Member Functions

• void initialize_run ()
  
  performs run-time set up

Private Member Functions

• void initialize ()
  
  Shared constructor code.
• void allocate_workspace ()
  
  Allocates workspace for the optimizer.
• void deallocate_workspace ()
  
  Releases workspace memory.
• void allocate_constraints ()
  
  Allocates constraint mappings.

Private Attributes

• int L
  
  L : Number of parallel systems, i.e. function calls during line search at predetermined iterates. HINT: If only less than 10 parallel function evaluations are possible, it is recommended to apply the serial version by setting L=1.
• int numEqConstraints
  
  numEqConstraints : Number of equality constraints.
• int MMAX
  
  MMAX : Row dimension of array DG containing Jacobian of constraints. MMAX must be at least one and greater or equal to M.
• int N
  
  N : Number of optimization variables.
• int NMAX
  
  NMAX : Row dimension of C. NMAX must be at least two and greater than N.
• int MNN2
  
  MNN2 : Must be equal to M+N+N+2.
• double * X
  
  X(NMAX,L) : Initially, the first column of X has to contain starting values for the optimal solution. On return, X is replaced by the current iterate. In the driving program the row dimension of X has to be equal to NMAX. X is used internally to store L different arguments for which function values should be computed simultaneously.
• double * F
  
  F(L) : On return, F(1) contains the final objective function value. F is used also to store L different objective function values to be computed from L iterates stored in X.
• double * G
G(MMAX,L) : On return, the first column of G contains the constraint function values at the final iterate X. In the driving program the row dimension of G has to be equal to MMAX. G is used internally to store L different set of constraint function values to be computed from L iterates stored in X.

- **double** *DF*
  
  DF(NMAX) : DF contains the current gradient of the objective function. In case of numerical differentiation and a distributed system (L>1), it is recommended to apply parallel evaluations of F to compute DF.

- **double** *DG*
  
  DG(MMAX,NMAX) : DG contains the gradients of the active constraints (ACTIVE(J)=true.) at a current iterate X. The remaining rows are filled with previously computed gradients. In the driving program the row dimension of DG has to be equal to MMAX.

- **double** *U*
  
  U(MNN2) : U contains the multipliers with respect to the actual iterate stored in the first column of X. The first M locations contain the multipliers of the M nonlinear constraints, the subsequent N locations the multipliers of the lower bounds, and the final N locations the multipliers of the upper bounds. At an optimal solution, all multipliers with respect to inequality constraints should be nonnegative.

- **double** *C*
  
  C(NMAX,NMAX) : On return, C contains the last computed approximation of the Hessian matrix of the Lagrangian function stored in form of an LDL decomposition. C contains the lower triangular factor of an LDL factorization of the final quasi-Newton matrix (without diagonal elements, which are always one). In the driving program, the row dimension of C has to be equal to NMAX.

- **double** *D*
  
  D(NMAX) : The elements of the diagonal matrix of the LDL decomposition of the quasi-Newton matrix are stored in the one-dimensional array D.

- **double** ACC
  
  ACC : The user has to specify the desired final accuracy (e.g. 1.0D-7). The termination accuracy should not be smaller than the accuracy by which gradients are computed.

- **double** ACCQP
  
  ACCQP : The tolerance is needed for the QP solver to perform several tests, for example whether optimality conditions are satisfied or whether a number is considered as zero or not. If ACCQP is less or equal to zero, then the machine precision is computed by NLPQLP and subsequently multiplied by 1.0D+4.

- **double** STPMIN
  
  STPMIN : Minimum steplength in case of L>1. Recommended is any value in the order of the accuracy by which functions are computed. The value is needed to compute a steplength reduction factor by STPMIN**(1/L-1). If STPMIN<0, then STPMIN=ACC is used.

- **int** MAXFUN
  
  MAXFUN : The integer variable defines an upper bound for the number of function calls during the line search (e.g. 20). MAXFUN is only needed in case of L=1, and must not be greater than 50.

- **int** MAXIT
  
  MAXIT : Maximum number of outer iterations, where one iteration corresponds to one formulation and solution of the quadratic programming subproblem, or, alternatively, one evaluation of gradients (e.g. 100).

- **int** MAX_NM
  
  MAX_NM : Stack size for storing merit function values at previous iterations for non-monotone line search (e.g. 10). In case of MAX_NM=0, monotone line search is performed.

- **double** TOL_NM
  
  TOL_NM : Relative bound for increase of merit function value, if line search is not successful during the very first step. Must be non-negative (e.g. 0.1).

- **int** IPRINT
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

IPRINT : Specification of the desired output level. IPRINT = 0 : No output of the program. IPRINT = 1 : Only a final convergence analysis is given. IPRINT = 2 : One line of intermediate results is printed in each iteration. IPRINT = 3 : More detailed information is printed in each iteration step, e.g. variable, constraint and multiplier values. IPRINT = 4 : In addition to ‘IPRINT=3’, merit function and steplength values are displayed during the line search.

• int MODE

MODE : The parameter specifies the desired version of NLPQLP. MODE = 0 : Normal execution (reverse communication!). MODE = 1 : The user wants to provide an initial guess for the multipliers in U and for the Hessian of the Lagrangian function in C and D in form of an LDL decomposition.

• int IOUT

IOUT : Integer indicating the desired output unit number, i.e. all write-statements start with 'WRITE(IOUT,... '

• int IFAIL

IFAIL : The parameter shows the reason for terminating a solution process. Initially IFAIL must be set to zero. On return IFAIL could contain the following values: IFAIL =-2 : Compute gradient values w.r.t. the variables stored in first column of X, and store them in DF and DG. Only derivatives for active constraints ACTIVE(J)=.TRUE. need to be computed. Then call NLPQLP again, see below. IFAIL =-1 : Compute objective fn and all constraint values subject the variables found in the first L columns of X, and store them in F and G. Then call NLPQLP again, see below. IFAIL = 0 : The optimality conditions are satisfied. IFAIL = 1 : The algorithm has been stopped after MAXIT iterations. IFAIL = 2 : The algorithm computed an uphill search direction. IFAIL = 3 : Underflow occurred when determining a new approxi-mation matrix for the Hessian of the Lagrangian. IFAIL = 4 : The line search could not be terminated successfully. IFAIL = 5 : Length of a working array is too short. More detailed error information is obtained with ‘IPRINT>0’. IFAIL = 6 : There are false dimensions, for example M>MMAX, N>=NMAX, or MNN2<>M+N+N+2. IFAIL = 7 : The search direction is close to zero, but the current iterate is still infeasible. IFAIL = 8 : The starting point violates a lower or upper bound. IFAIL = 9 : Wrong input parameter, i.e., MODE, LDL decomposition in D and C (in case of MODE=1), IPRINT, IOUT IFAIL = 10 : Internal inconsistency of the quadratic subproblem, division by zero. IFAIL > 100 : The solution of the quadratic programming subproblem has been terminated with an error message and IFAIL is set to IFQL+100, where IFQL denotes the index of an inconsistent constraint.

• double * WA

WA(LWA) : WA is a real working array of length LWA.

• int LWA

LWA : LWA value extracted from NLPQLP20.f.

• int * KWA

KWA(LKWA) : The user has to provide working space for an integer array.

• int LKWA

LKWA : LKWA should be at least N+10.

• int * ACTIVE

ACTIVE(LACTIV) : The logical array shows a user the constraints, which NLPQLP considers to be active at the last computed iterate, i.e. G(J,X) is active, if and only if ACTIVE(J)=.TRUE., J=1,...,M.

• int LACTIVE

LACTIVE : The length LACTIVE of the logical array should be at least 2*M+10.

• int LQL

LQL : If LQL = .TRUE., the quadratic programming subproblem is to be solved with a full positive definite quasi-Newton matrix. Otherwise, a Cholesky decomposition is performed and updated, so that the subproblem matrix contains only an upper triangular factor.

• int numNlpqlConstr

total number of constraints seen by NLPQL

• SizetList nonlinIneqConMappingIndices
a list of indices for referencing the DAKOTA nonlinear inequality constraints used in computing the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

- RealList nonlinIneqConMappingMultipliers
  a list of multipliers for mapping the DAKOTA nonlinear inequality constraints to the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

- RealList nonlinIneqConMappingOffsets
  a list of offsets for mapping the DAKOTA nonlinear inequality constraints to the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

- SizetList linIneqConMappingIndices
  a list of indices for referencing the DAKOTA linear inequality constraints used in computing the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

- RealList linIneqConMappingMultipliers
  a list of multipliers for mapping the DAKOTA linear inequality constraints to the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

- RealList linIneqConMappingOffsets
  a list of offsets for mapping the DAKOTA linear inequality constraints to the corresponding NLPQL constraints.

Additional Inherited Members

13.86.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the NLPQLP optimization library, Version 2.0.

AN IMPLEMENTATION OF A SEQUENTIAL QUADRATIC PROGRAMMING METHOD FOR SOLVING NONLINEAR OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS BY DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING AND NON-MONOTONE LINE SEARCH

This subroutine solves the general nonlinear programming problem

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{minimize} & \quad F(X) \\
\text{subject to} & \quad G(J,X) = 0, \quad J = 1, \ldots, ME \\
& \quad G(J,X) \geq 0, \quad J = ME+1, \ldots, M \\
& \quad XL \leq X \leq XU
\end{align*}
\]

and is an extension of the code NLPQLD. NLPQLP is specifically tuned to run under distributed systems. A new input parameter L is introduced for the number of parallel computers, that is the number of function calls to be executed simultaneously. In case of L=1, NLPQLP is identical to NLPQLD. Otherwise the line search is modified to allow L parallel function calls in advance. Moreover the user has the opportunity to use distributed function calls for evaluating gradients.

The algorithm is a modification of the method of Wilson, Han, and Powell. In each iteration step, a linearly constrained quadratic programming problem is formulated by approximating the Lagrangian function quadratically and by linearizing the constraints. Subsequently, a one-dimensional line search is performed with respect to an augmented Lagrangian merit function to obtain a new iterate. Also the modified line search algorithm guarantees convergence under the same assumptions as before.

For the new version, a non-monotone line search is implemented which allows to increase the merit function in case of instabilities, for example caused by round-off errors, errors in gradient approximations, etc.

The subroutine contains the option to predetermine initial guesses for the multipliers or the Hessian of the Lagrangian function and is called by reverse communication.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NLPQLPOptimizer.hpp
- NLPQLPOptimizer.cpp
13.87 NLSSOLLeastSq Class Reference

Wrapper class for the NLSSOL nonlinear least squares library.

Inheritance diagram for NLSSOLLeastSq:

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Iterator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LeastSq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLSSOLLeastSq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

**Public Member Functions**

- `NLSSOLLeastSq (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  *standard constructor*

- `NLSSOLLeastSq (Model &model)`
  *alternate constructor*

- `~NLSSOLLeastSq ()`
  *destructor*

- `void minimize_residuals ()`
  *Used within the least squares branch for minimizing the sum of squares residuals. Redefines the run virtual function for the least squares branch.*

**Static Private Member Functions**

- `static void least_sq_eval (int &mode, int &m, int &n, int &nrowfj, double *x, double *f, double *gradf, int &nstate)`
  *Evaluator for NLSSOL: computes the values and first derivatives of the least squares terms (passed by function pointer to NLSSOL).*

**Static Private Attributes**

- `static NLSSOLLeastSq * nlssolInstance`
  *pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data*

**Additional Inherited Members**

13.87.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the NLSSOL nonlinear least squares library.

The NLSSOLLeastSq class provides a wrapper for NLSSOL, a Fortran 77 sequential quadratic programming library from Stanford University marketed by Stanford Business Associates. It uses a function pointer approach...
for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions. Any nonstatic attribute used within static member functions must be either local to that function or accessed through a static pointer.

The user input mappings are as follows: `max_function_evaluations` is implemented directly in `NLSSOLLeastSq`'s evaluator functions since there is no NLSSOL parameter equivalent, and `max_iterations`, `convergence_tolerance`, `outputVerbosity`, `verify_level`, `function_precision`, and `linesearch_tolerance` are mapped into NLSSOL's "Major Iteration Limit", "Optimality Tolerance", "Major Print Level" (verbose: Major Print Level = 20; quiet: Major Print Level = 10), "Verify Level", "Function Precision", and "Line search Tolerance" parameters, respectively, using NLSSOL's nppopt() subroutine (as wrapped by nppopt2() from the nppoptn_wrapper.f file). Refer to [Gill, P.E., Murray, W., Saunders, M.A., and Wright, M.H., 1986] for information on NLSSOL's optional input parameters and the nppoptn() subroutine.

13.87.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

`NLSSOLLeastSq ( ProblemDescDB & problem db, Model & model )`

standard constructor

This is the primary constructor. It accepts a `Model` reference.

References Minimizer::constraintTol, Iterator::convergenceTol, Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), Model::gradient_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, SOLBase::set_options(), Minimizer::speculativeFlag, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.

`NLSSOLLeastSq ( Model & model )`

alternate constructor

This is an alternate constructor which accepts a `Model` but does not have a supporting method specification from the `ProblemDescDB`.

References Minimizer::constraintTol, Iterator::convergenceTol, Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), Model::gradient_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::outputLevel, SOLBase::set_options(), Minimizer::speculativeFlag, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NLSSOLLeastSq.hpp
- NLSSOLLeastSq.cpp

13.88 NoDBBaseConstructor Struct Reference

Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly instantiations without `ProblemDescDB` support.

Public Member Functions

- **NoDBBaseConstructor (int=0)**
  
  C++ structs can have constructors.

13.88.1 Detailed Description

Dummy struct for overloading constructors used in on-the-fly instantiations without `ProblemDescDB` support. `NoDBBaseConstructor` is used to overload the constructor used for on-the-fly instantiations in which `ProblemDescDB` queries cannot be used. Putting this struct here avoids circular dependencies.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:
13.89 NomadOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for NOMAD Optimizer.
Inheritance diagram for NomadOptimizer:

```
NomadOptimizer
    |
    v
Minimizer
    |
    v
Optimization
    |
    v
NomadOptimizer
```

Classes

- class Evaluator

  NOMAD-based Evaluator class.

Public Member Functions

- NomadOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  Constructor.
- NomadOptimizer (Model &model)
  alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations without DB
- ~NomadOptimizer ()
  Destructor.
- void find_optimum ()
  Calls the NOMAD solver.

Private Member Functions

- void load_parameters (Model &model, NOMAD::Parameters &p)
  Convenience function for Parameter loading.

Private Attributes

- int numTotalVars
  Total across all types of variables.
- int numNomadNonlinearIneqConstraints
  Number of nonlinear inequality constraints after put into the format required by NOMAD.
- int randomSeed
Algorithm control parameters passed to NOMAD.

- int `maxBlackBoxEvals`
- int `maxIterations`
- Real `epsilon`
- Real `vns`
- std::string `outputFormat`

Output control parameters passed to NOMAD.

- std::string `historyFile`
- bool `displayAll`
- int `numHops`

Parameters needed for categorical neighbor construction.

- BitArray `discreteSetIntCat`
- BitArray `discreteSetRealCat`
- RealMatrixArray `discreteSetIntAdj`
- RealMatrixArray `discreteSetRealAdj`
- RealMatrixArray `discreteSetStrAdj`
- RealMatrixArray `categoricalAdjacency`
- NOMAD::Point `initialPoint`

Point to Nomad initial point.

- NOMAD::Point `upperBound`

Point to Nomad upper bounds.

- NOMAD::Point `lowerBound`

Point to Nomad lower bounds.

- std::vector<int> `constraintMapIndices`

  map from Dakota constraint number to Nomad constraint number

- std::vector<double> `constraintMapMultipliers`

  multipliers for constraint transformations

- std::vector<double> `constraintMapOffsets`

  offsets for constraint transformations

Additional Inherited Members

13.89.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for NOMAD Optimizer.

NOMAD (is a Nonlinear Optimization by Mesh Adaptive Direct search) is a simulation-based optimization package designed to efficiently explore a design space using Mesh Adaptive Search.

Mesh Adaptive Direct Search uses Meshes, discretizations of the domain space of variables. It generates multiple meshes, and as its name implies, it also adapts the refinement of the meshes in order to find the best solution of a problem.

The objective of each iteration is to find points in a mesh that improves the current solution. If a better solution is not found, the next iteration is done over a finer mesh.

Each iteration is composed of two steps: Search and Poll. The Search step finds any point in the mesh in an attempt to find an improvement; while the Poll step generates trial mesh points surrounding the current best current solution.

The NomadOptimizer is a wrapper for the NOMAD library. It features the following attributes: `max_function_evaluations`, `display_format`, `display_all_evaluations`, `function_precision`, `max_iterations`. 
13.89.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NomadOptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

Constructor.

NOMAD Optimizer Constructor

Parameters

| model | DAKOTA Model object |

References ProblemDescDB::get_ba(), ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_rma(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), NomadOptimizer::numHops, NomadOptimizer::outputFormat, Iterator::probDescDB, and NomadOptimizer::randomSeed.

13.89.3 Member Function Documentation

void load_parameters ( Model & model, NOMAD::Parameters & p ) [private]

Convenience function for Parameter loading.

This function takes the Parameters provided by the user in the DAKOTA model.

Parameters

| model | NOMAD Model object Variables for the stuff that must go in the parameters. Will be filled by calling load_parameters after the constructor to capture model recasts. |

References Dakota::NPOS, Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::bigIntBoundSize, Minimizer::bigRealBoundSize, NomadOptimizer::constraintMapIndices, NomadOptimizer::constraintMapMultipliers, NomadOptimizer::constraintMapOffsets, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_variables(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_variables(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Model::discrete_string_variables(), NomadOptimizer::initialPoint, Iterator::iteratedModel, NomadOptimizer::lowerBound, Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteIntVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteRealVars, Minimizer::numDiscreteStringVars, NomadOptimizer::numNomadNonlinearIneqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, NomadOptimizer::numTotalVars, Dakota::set_value_to_index(), and NomadOptimizer::upperBound.

Referenced by NomadOptimizer::find_optimum().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NomadOptimizer.hpp
- NomadOptimizer.cpp

13.90 NonD Class Reference

Base class for all nondeterministic iterators (the DAKOTA/UQ branch).

Inheritance diagram for NonD:
Public Member Functions

- void initialize_random_variables (short u_space_type)
  
  *initialize natafTransform based on distribution data from iteratedModel*

- void initialize_random_variables (const Pecos::ProbabilityTransformation &transform, bool deep_copy=false)
  
  *alternate form: initialize natafTransform based on incoming data*

- void initialize_random_variable_transformation ()
  
  *initialize natafTransform*

- void initialize_random_variable_types ()
  
  *initialize natafTransform (u-space not needed)*

- void initialize_random_variable_types (short u_space_type)
  
  *initialize natafTransform (u-space not needed)*

- void initialize_random_variable_parameters ()
  
  *initialize natafTransform (u-space not needed)*

- void initialize_random_variable_correlations ()
  
  *propagate iteratedModel correlations to natafTransform*
void verify_correlation_support (short u_space_type)
    verify that correlation warping is supported by Nataf for given variable types

void transform_correlations ()
    perform correlation warping for variable types supported by Nataf

void requested_levels (const RealVectorArray &req resp_levels, const RealVectorArray &req prob_levels, const RealVectorArray &req rel_levels, const RealVectorArray &req gen rel_levels, short resp lev tgt, short resp lev tgt reduce, bool cdf_flag, bool pdf_output)
    set requested RespLevels, requested ProbLevels, requested RelLevels, requested GenRelLevels, resp LevelTarget, cdfFlag, and pdfOutput (used in combination with alternate ctors)

void distribution_parameter_derivatives (bool dist_param derivs)
    set distParamDerivs

void print_level_mappings (std::ostream &s) const
    prints the z/p/beta/beta* mappings reflected in {requested,computed} {Resp,Prob,Rel,GenRel} Levels for default qoi type and qoi labels

void print_level_mappings (std::ostream &s, String qoi type, const StringArray &qoi labels) const
    prints the z/p/beta/beta* mappings reflected in {requested,computed} {Resp,Prob,Rel,GenRel} Levels

bool pdf_output () const
    get pdfOutput

void pdf_output (bool output)
    set pdfOutput

Pecos::ProbabilityTransformation & variable transformation ()
    return natafTransform

Protected Member Functions

NonD (ProblemDescDB &problem db, Model &model)
constructor

NonD (unsigned short method name, Model &model)
alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation "on the fly"

NonD (unsigned short method name, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)
alternate constructor for sample generation "on the fly"

~NonD ()
derstructor

void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

void initialize_run ()
utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

void core_run ()

void finalize_run ()
utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

const Response & response_results () const
return the final statistics from the nondeterministic iteration

void response_results_active_set (const ActiveSet &set)
- set the active set within finalStatistics
  - virtual void quantify_uncertainty ()=0
    - Mapping of the core `run` virtual function for the NonD branch.
  - virtual void initialize_response_covariance ()
    - initializes respCovariance
  - virtual void initialize_final_statistics ()
    - initializes finalStatistics for storing NonD final results
  - virtual void update_final_statistics ()
    - update finalStatistics::functionValues
  - int generate_system_seed ()
    - create a system-generated unique seed (when a seed is unspecified)
  - void initialize_final_statistics_gradients ()
    - initializes finalStatistics::functionGradients
  - void update_aleatory_final_statistics ()
    - update finalStatistics::functionValues from momentStats and computed\{Prob,Rel,GenRel,Resp\}Levels
  - void update_system_final_statistics ()
    - update system metrics from component metrics within finalStatistics
  - void update_system_final_statistics_gradients ()
    - update finalStatistics::functionGradients
  - void initialize_level_mappings ()
    - size computed\{Resp,Prob,Rel,GenRel\}Levels
  - void compute_densities (const RealRealPairArray &min_max_fns, bool all_levels_computed=false)
    - compute the PDF bins from the CDF/CCDF values and store in computedPDF\{Abscissas,Ordinates\}
  - void print_densities (std::ostream &s) const
    - output the PDFs reflected in computedPDF\{Abscissas,Ordinates\} using default qoi_type and pdf_labels
  - void print_densities (std::ostream &s, String qoi_type, const StringArray &pdf_labels) const
    - output the PDFs reflected in computedPDF\{Abscissas,Ordinates\}
  - void print_system_mappings (std::ostream &s) const
    - print system series/parallel mappings for response levels
  - void transform_model (Model &x_model, Model &u_model, bool global_bounds=false, Real bound=10.)
    - recast x_model from x-space to u-space to create u_model
  - void construct_lhs (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &u_model, unsigned short sample_type, int num_samples, int seed, const String &rng, bool vary_pattern, short sampling_vars_mode=ACTIVE)
    - assign a NonDLHSSampling instance within u_space_sampler
  - void archive_allocate_mappings ()
    - allocate results array storage for distribution mappings
  - void archive_from_resp (size_t fn_index)
    - archive the mappings from specified response levels for specified fn
  - void archive_to_resp (size_t fn_index)
    - archive the mappings to computed response levels for specified fn
  - void archive_allocate_pdf ()
    - allocate results array storage for pdf histograms
  - void archive_pdf (size_t fn_index)
    - archive a single pdf histogram for specified function
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Static Protected Member Functions

- static void vars_u_to_x_mapping (const Variables &u_vars, Variables &x_vars)

  static function for RecastModels used for forward mapping of u-space variables from NonD Iterators to x-space
  variables for Model evaluations

- static void vars_x_to_u_mapping (const Variables &x_vars, Variables &u_vars)

  static function for RecastModels used for inverse mapping of x-space variables from data import to u-space vari-
  ables for NonD Iterators

- static void set_u_to_x_mapping (const Variables &u_vars, const ActiveSet &u_set, ActiveSet &x_set)

  static function for RecastModels used to map u-space ActiveSets from NonD Iterators to x-space ActiveSets for
  Model evaluations

- static void resp_x_to_u_mapping (const Variables &x_vars, const Variables &u_vars, const Response &x_response,
  Response &u_response)

  static function for RecastModels used to map x-space responses from Model evaluations to u-space responses for
  return to NonD Iterator.

Protected Attributes

- NonD * prevNondInstance

  pointer containing previous value of nondInstance

- Pecos::ProbabilityTransformation natafTransform

  Nonlinear variable transformation that encapsulates the required data for performing transformations from X ->
  Z -> U and back.

- size_t numContDesVars

  number of continuous design variables (modeled using uniform distribution for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscIntDesVars

  number of discrete integer design variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscStringDesVars

  number of discrete string design variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscRealDesVars

  number of discrete real design variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numDesignVars

  total number of design variables

- size_t numContStateVars

  number of continuous state variables (modeled using uniform distribution for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscIntStateVars

  number of discrete integer state variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscStringStateVars

  number of discrete string state variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numDiscRealStateVars

  number of discrete real state variables (modeled using discrete histogram distributions for All view modes)

- size_t numStateVars

  total number of state variables

- size_t numNormalVars

  number of normal uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numLognormalVars
  number of lognormal uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numUniformVars
  number of uniform uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numLoguniformVars
  number of loguniform uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numTriangularVars
  number of triangular uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numExponentialVars
  number of exponential uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numBetaVars
  number of beta uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numGammaVars
  number of gamma uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numGumbelVars
  number of gumbel uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numFrechetVars
  number of frechet uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numWeibullVars
  number of weibull uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numHistogramBinVars
  number of histogram bin uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numPoissonVars
  number of Poisson uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numBinomialVars
  number of binomial uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numNegBinomialVars
  number of negative binomial uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numGeometricVars
  number of geometric uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numHyperGeomVars
  number of hypergeometric uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numHistogramPtIntVars
  number of histogram point integer uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numHistogramPtStringVars
  number of histogram point string uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numHistogramPtRealVars
  number of histogram point real uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numContIntervalVars
  number of continuous interval uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numDiscIntervalVars
  number of discrete interval uncertain variables (native space)
- size_t numDiscSetIntUncVars
number of discrete integer set uncertain variables (native space)
- `size_t numDiscSetStringUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscSetRealUncVars`

number of discrete real set uncertain variables (native space)
- `size_t numContAleatUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscIntAleatUncVars`

total number of continuous aleatory uncertain variables (native space)
- `size_t numDiscIntAleatUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscStringAleatUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscRealAleatUncVars`

- `size_t numAleatoryUncVars`

- `size_t numContEpistUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscIntEpistUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscStringEpistUncVars`

- `size_t numDiscRealEpistUncVars`

- `size_t numEpistemicUncVars`

- `size_t numUncertainVars`

- `bool epistemicStats`

flag for computing interval-type metrics instead of integrated metrics If any epistemic variables are active in a metric evaluation, then this flag is set.

- `RealMatrix momentStats`

moments of response functions (mean, std deviation, skewness, and kurtosis calculated in compute_moments()), indexed as (moment, fn)

- `RealVectorArray requestedRespLevels`

requested response levels for all response functions

- `RealVectorArray computedProbLevels`

output probability levels for all response functions resulting from requestedRespLevels

- `RealVectorArray computedRelLevels`

output reliability levels for all response functions resulting from requestedRespLevels

- `RealVectorArray computedGenRelLevels`

output generalized reliability levels for all response functions resulting from requestedRespLevels

- `short respLevelTarget`

indicates mapping of z->p (PROBABILITIES), z->beta (RELIABILITIES), or z->beta* (GEN_RELIABILITIES)
• short respLevelTargetReduce
  indicates component or system series/parallel failure metrics
• RealVectorArray requestedProbLevels
  requested probability levels for all response functions
• RealVectorArray requestedRelLevels
  requested reliability levels for all response functions
• RealVectorArray requestedGenRelLevels
  requested generalized reliability levels for all response functions
• RealVectorArray computedRespLevels
  output response levels for all response functions resulting from requestedProbLevels, requestedRelLevels, or requestedGenRelLevels
• size_t totalLevelRequests
  total number of levels specified within requestedRespLevels, requestedProbLevels, and requestedRelLevels
• bool cdfFlag
  flag for type of probabilities/reliabilities used in mappings: cumulative/CDF (true) or complementary/CCDF (false)
• bool pdfOutput
  flag for managing output of response probability density functions (PDFs)
• RealVectorArray computedPDFAbscissas
  sorted response PDF intervals bounds extracted from min/max sample and requested/computedRespLevels (vector lengths = num bins + 1)
• RealVectorArray computedPDFOrdinates
  response PDF densities computed from bin counts divided by (unequal) bin widths (vector lengths = num bins)
• Response finalStatistics
  final statistics from the uncertainty propagation used in strategies: response means, standard deviations, and probabilities of failure
• size_t miPLIndex
  index for the active ParallelLevel within ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters

Static Protected Attributes

• static NonD * nondInstance
  pointer to the active object instance used within static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Private Member Functions

• void distribute_levels (RealVectorArray &levels, bool ascending=true)
  convenience function for distributing a vector of levels among multiple response functions if a short-hand specification is employed.
• void level_mappings_file (size_t fn_index, const String &qoi_label) const
  Write level mappings to a file for a single response.
• void print_level_map (std::ostream &s, size_t fn_index, const String &qoi_label) const
  Print level mapping for a single response function to ostream.
• unsigned short pecos_to_dakota_variable_type (unsigned short pecos_var_type)
  convert from Pecos To Dakota variable enumeration type for continuous aleatory uncertain variables used in variable transformations
Private Attributes

- bool distParamDerivs
  flags calculation of derivatives with respect to distribution parameters s within \( \text{resp}_x \to u \) mapping() using the chain rule \( df/dx \, dx/ds \). The default is to calculate derivatives with respect to standard random variables u using the chain rule \( df/dx \, dx/du \).

13.90.1 Detailed Description

Base class for all nondeterministic iterators (the DAKOTA/UQ branch).

The base class for nondeterministic iterators consolidates uncertain variable data and probabilistic utilities for inherited classes.

13.90.2 Member Function Documentation

void initialize_random_variables ( short u_space_type )
initialize natafTransform based on distribution data from iteratedModel

Build ProbabilityTransformation::ranVar arrays containing the uncertain variable distribution types and their corresponding means/standard deviations. This function is used when the Model variables are in x-space.

References NonD::initialize_random_variable_correlations(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_parameters(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_transformation(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_types(), and NonD::verify_correlation_support().

Referenced by NonDExpansion::construct_expansion_sampler(), NonDExpansion::initialize_u_space_model(), NonDAdaptImpSampling::NonDAdaptImpSampling(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), NonDGlobalReliability::NonDGlobalReliability(), and NonDLocalReliability::NonDLocalReliability().

void initialize_random_variables ( const Pecos::ProbabilityTransformation & transform, bool deep_copy = false )
alternate form: initialize natafTransform based on incoming data

This function is commonly used to publish transformation data when the Model variables are in a transformed space (e.g., u-space) and ProbabilityTransformation::ranVarTypes et al. may not be generated directly. This allows for the use of inverse transformations to return the transformed space variables to their original states.

References NonD::initialize_random_variable_transformation(), NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numContIntervalVars, and NonD::numContStateVars.

void initialize_random_variable_types ( )
initializes ranVarTypesX within natafTransform (u-space not needed)

Build ProbabilityTransformation::ranVar arrays containing the uncertain variable distribution types and their corresponding means/standard deviations. This function is used when the Model variables are in x-space.

References Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Model::cv(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numBetaVars, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContIntervalVars, NonD::numContStateVars, NonD::numExponentialVars, NonD::numFrechetVars, NonD::numGammaVars, NonD::numGumbelVars, NonD::numHistogramBinVars, NonD::numLognormalVars, NonD::numLoguniformVars, NonD::numNormalVars, NonD::numTriangularVars, NonD::numUniformVars, and NonD::numWeibullVars.

Referenced by NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonD::initialize_random_variables(), NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration(), NonDIncremLHSSampling::NonDIncremLHSSampling(), NonDIntegration::NonDIntegration(), and NonDReliability::NonDReliability().
void initialize_random_variable_types ( short u_space_type )

initializes ranVarTypesX and ranVarTypesU within natafTransform

Build ProbabilityTransformation::ranVar arrays containing the uncertain variable distribution types and their corresponding means/standard deviations. This function is used when the Model variables are in x-space.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Model::cv(), Iterator::iterated-Model, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numBetaVars, NonD::numContIntervalVars, NonD::numContStateVars, NonD::numExponentialVars, NonD::numGammaVars, NonD::numGumbelVars, NonD::numHistogramBinVars, NonD::numLognormalVars, NonD::numLoguniformVars, NonD::numNormalVars, NonD::numUniformVars, and NonD::numWeibullVars.

void initialize_random_variable_parameters ( )

initializes ranVarMeansX, ranVarStdDevsX, ranVarLowerBndsX, ranVarUpperBndsX, and ranVarAddtlParamsX within natafTransform

Build ProbabilityTransformation::ranVar arrays containing the uncertain variable distribution types and their corresponding means/standard deviations. This function is used when the Model variables are in x-space.

References Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::epistemic_distribution_parameters(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numAleatoryUncVars, NonD::numContDesVars, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonD::numContStateVars, and NonD::numEpistemicUncVars.

Referenced by NonDExpansion::initialize_expansion(), NonDBayesCalibration::initialize_model(), NonD::initialize_random_variables(), NonDLocalReliability::mean_value(), NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search(), NonDGlobalReliability::quantify_uncertainty(), and NonDIncremLHSSampling::quantify_uncertainty().

void print_level_mappings ( std::ostream & s, String qoi_type, const StringArray & qoi_labels ) const

prints the z/p/beta/beta∗ mappings reflected in \{requested,computed\} \{Resp,Prob,Rel,GenRel\} Levels

Print distribution mappings, including to file per response.

References NonD::level_mappings_file(), Analyzer::numFunctions, Iterator::outputLevel, NonD::print_densities(), NonD::print_level_map(), NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, and Dakota::write_precision.

void initialize_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

utility function to perform common operations prior to pre_run(); typically memory initialization; setting of instance pointers

Perform initialization phases of run sequence, like allocating memory and setting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s initialize_run(), typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References Analyzer::initialize_run(), NonD::nondInstance, and NonD::prevNondInstance.

void core_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Performs a forward uncertainty propagation of parameter distributions into response statistics.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Analyzer::bestVarsRespMap, and NonD::quantify_uncertainty().
void finalize_run() [inline], [protected], [virtual]

utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

Optional: perform finalization phases of run sequence, like deallocating memory and resetting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s finalize_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.
References Iterator::finalize_run(), NonD::nondInstance, and NonD::prevNondInstance.

void initialize_final_statistics() [protected], [virtual]

initializes finalStatistics for storing NonD final results

Default definition of virtual function (used by sampling, reliability, and stochastic expansion methods) defines the set of statistical results to include means, standard deviations, and level mappings.

Reimplemented in NonDInterval.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonD::cdfFlag, Model::cv(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), NonD::epistemicStats, NonD::finalStatistics, Response::function_labels(), Model::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonD::respLevelTarget, NonD::respLevelTargetReduce, and NonD::totalLevelRequests.

Referenced by NonDExpansion::NonDExpansion(), NonDIntegration::NonDIntegration(), NonDReliability::NonDReliability(), NonDSampling::NonDSampling(), and NonD::requested_levels().

void compute_densities (const RealRealPairArray & min_max_fns, bool all_levels_computed = false) [protected]

compute the PDF bins from the CDF/CCDF values and store in computedPDF{Abscissas,Ordinates}

This function infers PDFs from the CDF/CCDF level mappings, in order to enable PDF computation after CDF/CCDF probability level refinement (e.g., from importance sampling). If not accommodating refinements, it is more efficient to compute CDF/CCDF and PDF bins together, as in NonDSampling::compute_level_mappings().

References NonD::archive_allocate_pdf(), NonD::archive_pdf(), NonD::cdfFlag, NonD::computedGenRelLevels, NonD::computedPDFAbscissas, NonD::computedPDFOrdinates, NonD::computedProbLevels, NonD::computedRespLevels, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::pdfOutput, NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, and NonD::respLevelTarget.

Referenced by NonDSampling::compute_level_mappings(), NonDExpansion::compute_numerical_statistics(), NonDGlobalReliability::importance_sampling(), NonDAdaptImpSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), and NonDLocalReliability::quantify_uncertainty().

void vars_u_to_x_mapping (const Variables & u_vars, Variables & x_vars) [inline], [static], [protected]

static function for RecastModels used for forward mapping of u-space variables from NonD Iterators to x-space variables for Model evaluations

Map the variables from iterator space (u) to simulation space (x).

References Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::continuous_variables_view(), NonD::natafTransform, and NonD::nondInstance.

Referenced by NonD::transform_model().
void vars_x_to_u_mapping ( const Variables & x_vars, Variables & u_vars ) [inline], [static], [protected]

static function for RecastModels used for inverse mapping of x-space variables from data import to u-space variables for NonD Iterators
   Map the variables from simulation space (x) to iterator space (u).
   References Variables::continuous_variables(), Variables::continuous_variables_view(), NonD::natafTransform, and NonD::nondInstance.
   Referenced by NonD::transform_model().

void set_u_to_x_mapping ( const Variables & u_vars, const ActiveSet & u_set, ActiveSet & x_set ) [static], [protected]

static function for RecastModels used to map u-space ActiveSets from NonD Iterators to x-space ActiveSets for Model evaluations
   Define the DVV for x-space derivative evaluations by augmenting the iterator requests to account for correlations.
   References Dakota::NPOS, Variables::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Dakota::contains(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Dakota::find_index(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), NonD::natafTransform, and NonD::nondInstance.
   Referenced by NonD::transform_model().

void level_mappings_file ( size_t fn_index, const String & qoi_label ) const [private]

Write level mappings to a file for a single response.
   Write distribution mappings to a file for a single response.
   References NonD::print_level_map(), and Dakota::write_precision.
   Referenced by NonD::print_level_mappings().

void print_level_map ( std::ostream & s, size_t fn_index, const String & qoi_label ) const [private]

Print level mapping for a single response function to ostream.
   Print the distribution mapping for a single response function to the passed output stream. This base class version maps from one requested level type to one computed level type; some derived class implementations (e.g., local and global reliability) output multiple computed level types.
   References NonD::cdfFlag, NonD::computedGenRelLevels, NonD::computedProbLevels, NonD::computedRelLevels, NonD::computedRespLevels, NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonD::respLevelTarget, and Dakota::write_precision.
   Referenced by NonD::level_mappings_file(), and NonD::print_level_mappings().
   The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaNonD.hpp
- DakotaNonD.cpp

### 13.91 NonDAAdaptImpSampling Class Reference

Class for the Adaptive Importance Sampling methods within DAKOTA.

Inheritance diagram for NonDAAdaptImpSampling:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDAdaptImpSampling** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  - standard constructor
- **NonDAdaptImpSampling** (Model &model, unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, bool vary_pattern, unsigned short is_type, bool cdf_flag, bool x_space_model, bool use_model_bounds, bool track_extreme)
  - alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiations
- **~NonDAdaptImpSampling** ()
  - destructor
- **void derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void quantify_uncertainty** ()
  - performs adaptive importance sampling and computes probability of failure
- **void print_results** (std::ostream &s)
  - print the final statistics
- **void initialize** (const RealVectorArray &full_points, bool x_space_data, size_t resp_index, Real initial_prob, Real failure_threshold)
  - initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial set of points around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations
- **void initialize** (const RealMatrix &full_points, bool x_space_data, size_t resp_index, Real initial_prob, Real failure_threshold)
  - initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial set of points around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations
- **void initialize** (const RealVector &full_point, bool x_space_data, size_t resp_index, Real initial_prob, Real failure_threshold)
  - initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial point around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations
13.91. NONDADAPTIMPSAMPLING CLASS REFERENCE

- **Real final_probability ()**
  returns the final probability calculated by the importance sampling
- **const RealRealPairArray & extreme_values () const**
  return extremeValues

**Private Member Functions**

- **void select_rep_points (const RealVectorArray &var_samples_u, const RealVector &fn_samples)**
  select representative points from a set of samples
- **void converge_statistics (bool cov_flag)**
  iteratively generate samples and select representative points until probability and (optionally) coefficient of variation converge
- **void generate_samples (RealVectorArray &var_samples_u)**
  generate a set of samples based on multimodal sampling density
- **void evaluate_samples (const RealVectorArray &var_samples_u, RealVector &fn_samples)**
  evaluate the model at the sample points and store the responses
- **void calculate_statistics (const RealVectorArray &var_samples_u, const RealVector &fn_samples, size_t total_samples, Real &sum_prob, Real &prob, bool compute_cov, Real &sum_var, Real &cov)**
  calculate the probability of exceeding the failure threshold and the coefficient of variation (if requested)
- **Real distance (const RealVector &a, const RealVector &b)**
  compute Euclidean distance between points a and b
- **Real recentered_density (const RealVector &sample_point)**
  compute density between a representative point and a sample point, assuming standard normal

**Private Attributes**

- **Model uSpaceModel**
  importance sampling is performed in standardized probability space. This u-space model is either passed in (alternate constructor for helper AIS) or constructed using transform_model() (standard constructor for stand-alone AIS)
- **unsigned short importanceSamplingType**
  integration type (is, ais, mmais) provided by input specification
- **bool initLHS**
  flag to identify if initial points are generated from an LHS sample
- **bool useModelBounds**
  flag to control if the sampler should respect the model bounds
- **bool invertProb**
  flag for inversion of probability values using 1.-p
- **bool trackExtremeValues**
  flag for tracking min/max values encountered when evaluating samples
- **int refineSamples**
  size of sample batch within each refinement iteration
- **size_t respFnIndex**
  the active response function index in the model to be sampled
- **RealVector designPoint**
design subset for which uncertain subset is being sampled

- RealVectorArray initPointsU
  the original set of u-space samples passed in initialize()
- RealVectorArray repPointsU
  the set of representative points in u-space around which to sample
- RealVector repWeights
  the weight associated with each representative point
- Real probEstimate
  the probability estimate that is iteratively refined by importance sampling
- Real failThresh
  the failure threshold (z-bar) for the problem.

Additional Inherited Members

13.91.1 Detailed Description

Class for the Adaptive Importance Sampling methods within DAKOTA.

The NonDAdaptImpSampling implements the multi-modal adaptive importance sampling used for reliability calculations. (eventually we will want to broaden this). Need to add more detail to this description.

13.91.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDAdaptImpSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem db, Model & model )

standard constructor

  This is the primary constructor. It accepts a Model reference. It will perform refinement for all response QOI and all probability levels.

  References NonD::initialize_random_variables(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDAdaptImpSampling::refineSamples, NonDSampling::statsFlag, NonD::transform_model(), NonDAdaptImpSampling::useModelBounds, and NonDAdaptImpSampling::uSpaceModel.

NonDAdaptImpSampling ( Model & model, unsigned short sample type, int refine_samples, int refine seed, const String & rng, bool vary pattern, unsigned short is_type, bool cdf flag, bool x_space_model, bool use model bounds, bool track extreme )

alternate constructor for on-the-fly instantiations

  This is an alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly using a Model but no ProblemDescDB. It will perform refinement for one response QOI and one probability level (passed in initialize()).

  References NonD::cdfFlag, NonDSampling::extremeValues, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonDAdaptImpSampling::refineSamples, NonDAdaptImpSampling::trackExtremeValues, NonD::transform_model(), NonDAdaptImpSampling::useModelBounds, and NonDAdaptImpSampling::uSpaceModel.

13.91.3 Member Function Documentation

void initialize ( const RealVectorArray & acv points, bool x space data, size_t resp index, Real initial prob, Real failure threshold )

initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial set of points around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations
Initializes data using a vector array of starting points.

References NonDAdaptImpSampling::designPoint, NonDAdaptImpSampling::failThresh, NonDAdaptImpSampling::initPointsU, NonDAdaptImpSampling::invertProb, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDAdaptImpSampling::probEstimate, and NonDAdaptImpSampling::respFnIndex.

Referenced by NonDExpansion::compute_numerical_stat_refinements(), NonDGlobalReliability::importance_sampling(), and NonDAdaptImpSampling::quantify_uncertainty().

```cpp
void initialize ( const RealMatrix & acv_points, bool x_space_data, size_t resp_index, Real initial_prob, Real failure_threshold )
```

initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial set of points around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations

Initializes data using a matrix of starting points.

References NonDAdaptImpSampling::designPoint, NonDAdaptImpSampling::failThresh, NonDAdaptImpSampling::initPointsU, NonDAdaptImpSampling::invertProb, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDAdaptImpSampling::probEstimate, and NonDAdaptImpSampling::respFnIndex.

```cpp
void initialize ( const RealVector & acv_point, bool x_space_data, size_t resp_index, Real initial_prob, Real failure_threshold )
```

initializes data needed for importance sampling: an initial point around which to sample, a failure threshold, an initial probability to refine, and flags to control transformations

Initializes data using only one starting point.

References NonDAdaptImpSampling::designPoint, NonDAdaptImpSampling::failThresh, NonDAdaptImpSampling::initPointsU, NonDAdaptImpSampling::invertProb, NonD::natafTransform, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDAdaptImpSampling::probEstimate, and NonDAdaptImpSampling::respFnIndex.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDAdaptImpSampling.hpp
- NonDAdaptImpSampling.cpp

### 13.92 NonDAdaptiveSampling Class Reference

Class for testing various Actively sampling methods using geometric, statistical, and topological information of the surrogate.

Inheritance diagram for NonDAdaptiveSampling:
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

```
NonDAdaptiveSampling
NonDSampling
NonD
Analyzer
Iterator
```

### Public Member Functions
- **NonDAdaptiveSampling** *(ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)*
  
  Standard constructor
- **~NonDAdaptiveSampling** ()
  
  Alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation “on the fly” has not been implemented

### Protected Member Functions
- **void derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  Derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  Derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  Derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- **void quantify_uncertainty** ()
  
  Perform the GP importance sampling and return probability of failure.
- **Real final_probability** ()
  
  Returns the probability calculated by the importance sampling
- **void print_results** (std::ostream &s)
  
  Print the final statistics

### Private Member Functions
- **void calc_score_alm** ()
  
  Function to compute the ALM scores for the candidate points. ALM score is the variance computed by the surrogate at the point.
- **void calc_score_delta_x** ()
  
  Function to compute the Distance scores for the candidate points. Distance score is the shortest distance between the candidate and an existing training point.
- **void calc_score_delta_y** ()
  
  Function to compute the Gradient scores for the candidate points. Gradient score is the function value difference between a candidate’s surrogate response and its nearest evaluated true response from the training set.
Function to compute the Bottleneck scores for the candidate points. Bottleneck score is computed by determining the bottleneck distance between the persistence diagrams of two approximate Morse-Smale complexes. The complexes used include one built from only the training data, and another built from the training data and the single candidate.

Function to compute the Average Change in Persistence scores for the candidate points. Avg. Persistence score is computed as the average change in persistence each point undergoes between two approximate Morse-Smale complexes. The complexes used include one built from only the training data, and another built from the training data and the single candidate.

Function to compute the Highest Persistence scores for the candidate points. Highest Persistence score is calculated as a ranking of a set of candidates by constructing an approximate Morse-Smale complex over the entire set of candidates, using their surrogate responses, and the training data, using their true responses, and ranking points based on the most topological significance as measured by their persistence values. In the case where there are no topologically significant points, the point will be chosen randomly.

Function to compute the Hybrid scores for the candidate points. Hybrid score is computed the same as Avg. Persistence score except that instead of computing one score, three scores are computing not only a mean surface, but a mean +/- std. dev. surfaces and then averaging the three separate scores. The hope is that you strike a balance between selecting points in topologically important areas and areas of high uncertainty.

Same as the other function of the same name, only this allows the user to specify the location of the candidate.

Same as the other function of the same name, only this allows the user to specify the location of the candidate.

Same as the other function of the same name, only this allows the user to specify the location of the candidate.

Same as the other function of the same name, only this allows the user to specify the location of the candidate.

Same as the other function of the same name, only this allows the user to specify the location of the candidate.

Using the validationSet, compute the RMSE over the surface.

Using the validationSet, compute the approximate Morse-Smale complexes of the true model over the validationSet as well as the surrogate model over the validationSet, and output some topological comparisons.

Parse misc options specified in a user input deck.

Function to pick the next X value to be evaluated by the Iterated model

Temporary function for dumping validation data to output files to be visualized in TopoAS.

void update_amsc (int respFncount=0)
Update the approximate Morse-Smale complex based on the training points and selected candidates. Uses surrogate function responses.

- **void construct_fsu_sampler (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &u_model, int num_samples, int seed, unsigned short sample_type)**
  
  Copy of construct_lhs only it allows for the construction of FSU sample designs. This can break the fsu_cvt, so it is not used at the moment, and these designs only affect the initial sample build not the candidate sets constructed at each round.

- **void output_for_optimization (int dim)**
  
  This function will write an input deck for a multi-start global optimization run of DAKOTA by extracting all of the local minima off the approximate Morse-Smale complex created from the validation set of the surrogate model.

- **Real median (const RealVector &sorted_data)**
  
  compute the median of the sorted values passed in

- **void pick_new_candidates ()**
  
  Pick new candidates from Emulator.

- **void score_new_candidates ()**
  
  Score new candidates based on the chosen metrics.

**Private Attributes**

- **Iterator gpBuild**
  
  LHS iterator for building the initial GP.

- **Iterator gpEval**
  
  LHS iterator for sampling on the GP.

- **Iterator gpFinalEval**
  
  LHS iterator for sampling on the final GP.

- **Model gpModel**
  
  GP model of response, one approximation per response function.

- **int numRounds**
  
  the number of rounds of additions of size batchSize to add to the original set of LHS samples

- **int numPtsTotal**
  
  the total number of points

- **int numEmulEval**
  
  the number of points evaluated by the GP each iteration

- **int numFinalEmulEval**
  
  number of points evaluated on the final GP

- **int scoringMethod**
  
  the type of scoring metric to use for sampling

- **Real finalProb**
  
  the final calculated probability (p)

- **RealVectorArray gpCvars**
  
  Vector to hold the current values of the current sample inputs on the GP.

- **RealVectorArray gpMeans**
  
  Vector to hold the current values of the current mean estimates for the sample values on the GP.

- **RealVectorArray gpVar**
Vector to hold the current values of the current variance estimates for the sample values on the GP.

- RealVector `emulEvalScores`
  Vector to hold the scored values for the current GP samples.

- RealVector `predictionErrors`
  Vector to hold the RMSE after each round of adaptively fitting the model.

- RealVectorArray `validationSet`
  Validation point set used to determine `predictionErrors` above.

- RealVector `yTrue`
  True function responses at the values corresponding to `validationSet`.

- RealVector `yModel`
  Surrogate function responses at the values corresponding to `validationSet`.

- int `validationSetSize`
  Number of points used in the `validationSet`.

- int `batchSize`
  Number of points to add each round, default = 1.

- String `batchStrategy`
  String describing the type of batch addition to use. Allowable values are `naive`, `distance`, `topology`.

- String `outputDir`
  Temporary string for dumping validation files used in TopoAS visualization.

- String `scoringMetric`
  String describing the method for scoring candidate points. Options are: `alm`, `distance`, `gradient`, `highest_persistence`, `avg_persistence`, `bottleneck`, `alm_topo_hybrid` Note: `alm` and `alm_topo_hybrid` will fail when used with surrogates other than `global_kriging` as it is based on the variance of the surrogate. At the time of implementation, `global_kriging` is the only surrogate capable of yielding this information.

- unsigned short `sampleDesign`
  Enum describing the initial sample design. Options are: `RANDOM_SAMPLING`, `FSU_CVT`, `FSU_HALTON`, `FSU_HAMMERSLEY`

- String `approx_type`
  String describing type of surrogate is used to fit the data. Options are: `global_kriging`, `global_mars`, `global_neural_network`, `global_polynomial`, `global_moving_least_squares`, `global_radial_basis`.

- MS_Complex * `AMSC`
  The approximate Morse-Smale complex data structure.

- int `numKneighbors`
  The number of approximate nearest neighbors to use in computing the AMSC.

- bool `outputValidationData`
  Temporary variable for toggling writing of data files to be used by TopoAS.

Additional Inherited Members

### 13.92.1 Detailed Description

Class for testing various Adaptively sampling methods using geometric, statistical, and topological information of the surrogate.

`NonDAdaptiveSampling` implements an adaptive sampling method based on the work presented in Adaptive Sampling with Topological Scores by Dan Maljovec, Bei Wang, Ana Kupresanin, Gardar Johannesson, Valerio Pascucci, and Peer-Timo Bremer presented in IJUQ (insert issue). The method computes scores based on the topology of the known data and the topology of the surrogate model. A number of alternate adaption strategies are offered as well.
13.92.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDAdaptiveSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Response::active_set(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::AMSC, NonDAdaptiveSampling::approx_type, Iterator::assign_rep(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::batchSize, NonDAdaptiveSampling::batchStrategy, NonDAdaptiveSampling::construct_fsu_sampler(), NonD::construct_lhs(), Model::current_response(), ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_sat(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), NonDAdaptiveSampling::gpBuild, NonDAdaptiveSampling::gpEval, NonDAdaptiveSampling::gpFinalEval, NonDAdaptiveSampling::gpModel, Model::gradient_type(), Model::hessian_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, NonDAdaptiveSampling::numEmulEval, NonDAdaptiveSampling::numFinalEmulEval, NonDAdaptiveSampling::numKneighbors, NonDAdaptiveSampling::numRounds, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDAdaptiveSampling::outputDir, Iterator::outputLevel, NonDAdaptiveSampling::outputValidationData, NonDAdaptiveSampling::parse_options(), Iterator::probDescDB, NonDSampling::randomSeed, ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDSampling::rngName, NonDAdaptiveSampling::sampleDesign, NonDAdaptiveSampling::scoringMetric, NonDSampling::vary_pattern(), and NonDSampling::varyPattern.

~NonDAdaptiveSampling ( )

alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation ”on the fly” has not been implemented
destructor

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDAdaptiveSampling.hpp
- NonDAdaptiveSampling.cpp

13.93 NonDBayesCalibration Class Reference

Base class for Bayesian inference: generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experimental data.

Inheritance diagram for NonDBayesCalibration:
Public Member Functions

- NonDBayesCalibration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor
- ~NonDBayesCalibration ()
  destructor
- template<typename VectorType>
  Real prior_density (const VectorType &vec)
  compute the prior PDF for a particular MCMC sample
- template<typename VectorType>
  Real log prior_density (const VectorType &vec)
  compute the log prior PDF for a particular MCMC sample

Static Public Member Functions

- static void get_positive_definite_covariance_from_hessian (const RealSymMatrix &hessian, const RealMatrix &prior_chol_fact, RealSymMatrix &covariance, short output_level)
  Compute the proposal covariance C based on low-rank approximation to the prior-preconditioned misfit Hessian.

Protected Member Functions

- void derived_initCommunicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void derived_setCommunicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void derived_freeCommunicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- const Model &algorithm_space_model () const
- void initialize_model ()
  initialize emulator model and probability space transformations
- template<typename VectorType1, typename VectorType2>
  void augment_gradient_with_log_prior (VectorType1 &log_grad, const VectorType2 &vec)
  compute the (approximate) gradient of the negative log posterior by augmenting the (approximate) gradient of the negative log likelihood with the gradient of the negative log prior
- template<typename MatrixType, typename VectorType>
  void augment_hessian_with_log_prior (MatrixType &log_hess, const VectorType &vec)
  compute the (approximate) Hessian of the negative log posterior by augmenting the (approximate) Hessian of the negative log likelihood with the Hessian of the negative log prior
- Real log_likelihood (const RealVector &residuals, const RealVector &hyper_params)
  calculate log-likelihood from the passed residuals (assuming they are already sized and scaled by covariance / hyperparams...)
- void prior_cholesky_factorization ()
  compute priorCovCholFactor based on prior distributions for random variables and any hyperparameters
- void get_positive_definite_covariance_from_hessian (const RealSymMatrix &hessian, RealSymMatrix &covariance)
  member version forwards member data to static function
Static Protected Member Functions

- static void `neg_log_post_resp_mapping` (const Variables &model_vars, const Variables &nlpost_vars, const Response &model_resp, Response &nlpost_resp)
  
  `static function passed by pointer to negLogPostModel recast model`

Protected Attributes

- short `emulatorType`
  
  `the emulator type: NO_EMULATOR, GP_EMULATOR, PCE_EMULATOR, or SC_EMULATOR`

- Model `mcmcModel`
  
  `Model instance employed in the likelihood function; provides response function values from Gaussian processes, stochastic expansions (PCE/SC), or direct access to simulations (no surrogate option)`

- Model `residualModel`
  
  `DataTransformModel wrapping the mcmcModel.`

- Iterator `mapOptimizer`
  
  `SQP or NIP optimizer for pre-solving for the MAP point prior to MCMC. This is restricted to emulator cases for now, but as for derivative preconditioning, could be activated for no-emulator cases with a specification option (not active by default).`

- Model `negLogPostModel`
  
  `RecastModel for solving for MAP using negative log posterior.`

- Iterator `chainStatsSampler`
  
  `NonDSampling method for computing sample statistics on final MCMC chain.`

- Iterator `stochExpIterator`
  
  `NonDPolynomialChaos or NonDStochCollocation instance for defining a PCE/SC-based mcmcModel.`

- int `numSamples`
  
  `number of samples in the chain (e.g. number of MCMC samples)`

- int `chainCycles`
  
  `number of update cycles for MCMC chain (implemented by restarting of short chains)`

- int `randomSeed`
  
  `random seed for MCMC process`

- RealMatrix `priorCovCholFactor`
  
  `the Cholesky factor of the prior covariance`

- unsigned short `obsErrorMultiplierMode`
  
  `mode for number of observation error multipliers to calibrate (default none)`

- int `numHyperparams`
  
  `calculated number of hyperparameters augmenting the calibration parameter set, e.g., due to calibrate observation error multipliers`

- RealVector `invGammaAlphas`
  
  `alphas for inverse gamma distribution on hyper-params`

- RealVector `invGammaBetas`
  
  `alphas for inverse gamma distribution on hyper-params`

- std::vector<Pecos::RandomVariable> `invGammaDists`
  
  `distributions for hyper-params`
13.93. NONDBAYESCALIBRATION CLASS REFERENCE

- bool standardizedSpace
  flag indicating use of a variable transformation to standardized probability space for the model or emulator
- bool adaptPosteriorRefine
  flag indicating usage of adaptive posterior refinement; currently makes sense for unstructured grids in GP and PCE least squares/CS
- String proposalCovarType
  approach for defining proposal covariance
- RealVector proposalCovarData
  data from user input of proposal covariance
- String proposalCovarFilename
  filename for user-specified proposal covariance
- String proposalCovarInputType
  approach for defining proposal covariance

Static Protected Attributes

- static NonDBayesCalibration * nonDBayesInstance
  Pointer to current class instance for use in static callback functions.

13.93.1 Detailed Description

Base class for Bayesian inference: generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experimental data.

This class will eventually provide a general-purpose framework for Bayesian inference. In the short term, it only collects shared code between QUESO and GPMSA implementations.

13.93.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDBayesCalibration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set(), NonDBayesCalibration::adaptPosteriorRefine, Iterator::algorithm_space_model(), Iterator::assign_rep(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDCalibration::calibrationData, NonD::cdfFlag, NonDBayesCalibration::chainCycles, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Iterator::convergenceTol, Model::current_response(), NonDBayesCalibration::emulatorType, NonD::expData, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_sza(), ProblemDescDB::get_usa(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Iterator::gnewton_set_recast(), Model::gradient_type(), Model::hessian_type(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_correlations(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_transformation(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_types(), NonD::initialize_random_variables(), NonDBayesCalibration::invGammaAlphas, NonDBayesCalibration::invGammaBetas, NonDBayesCalibration::invGammaDists, Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDBayesCalibration::mapOptimizer, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxIterations, NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel, NonD::natafTransform, NonDBayesCalibration::neg_log_post_map_model(), NonDBayesCalibration::negLogPostModel, SharedResponseData::num_response_groups(), Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDCalibration::numExperiments,
13.93.3 Member Function Documentation

**const Model & algorithm_space_model ( ) const** [inline], [protected], [virtual]

default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel.

**Real log_likelihood ( const RealVector & residuals, const RealVector & all_params ) [protected]**
calculate log-likelihood from the passed residuals (assuming they are already sized and scaled by covariance / hyperparams...
Calculate the log-likelihood, accounting for contributions from covariance and hyperparameters, as well as constant term:
\[
\log(L) = -1/2 \times \text{Nr} \times \log(2\times\pi) - 1/2 \times \log(\det(Cov)) - 1/2 \times r'(Cov^{-1}) \times r
\]
The passed residual resp must already be size-adjusted, differenced with any data, if present, and scaled by covariance^{-1/2}.
References NonDBayesCalibration::expData, Dakota::HALF_LOG_2PI, ExperimentData::half_log_cov_determinant(), Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDBayesCalibration::numHyperparams, NonDBayesCalibration::numTotalCalibTerms, and NonDBayesCalibration::obsErrorMultiplierMode.
Referenced by NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::dakotaLogLikelihood(), NonDBayesCalibration::neg_log_post_resp_mapping(), and NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::sample_likelihood().

**void neg_log_post_resp_mapping ( const Variables & residual_vars, const Variables & nlpost_vars, const Response & residual_resp, Response & nlpost_resp ) [static], [protected]**

static function passed by pointer to negLogPostModel recast model
Response mapping callback used within RecastModel for MAP pre-solve. Computes
\[
-\log(\text{post}) = -\log(\text{like}) - \log(\text{prior}); \text{ where } -\log(\text{like}) = 1/2 \times \text{Nr} \times \log(2\times\pi) + 1/2 \times \log(\det(Cov)) + 1/2 \times r'(Cov^{-1}) \times r
\]
(misfit defined as 1/2 r^{T} (\text{mult}^{2}\times\Gamma_{d})^{-1} r) The passed residual resp has been differenced, interpolated, and covariance-scaled
References Response::active_set_request_vector(), NonDBayesCalibration::augment_gradient_with_log_prior(), NonDBayesCalibration::augment_hessian_with_log_prior(), ExperimentData::build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals(), ExperimentData::build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals(), Variables::continuous_variables(), NonDBayesCalibration::expData, Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), ExperimentData::half_log_cov_det_gradient(), ExperimentData::half_log_cov_det_hessian(), NonDBayesCalibration::log_likelihood(), NonDBayesCalibration::log_prior_density(), NonDBayesCalibration::nonDBayesInstance, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDBayesCalibration::numHyperparams, NonDBayesCalibration::obsErrorMultiplierMode, and Iterator::outputLevel.
Referenced by NonDBayesCalibration::NonDBayesCalibration().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- NonDBayesCalibration.hpp
13.94 NonDCalibration Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for NonDCalibration:

- NonD
- NonDAnalyzer
- NonDIterator
- NonDBayesCalibration
- NonDDREAMBayesCalibration
- NonDGPMSABayesCalibration
- NonDQUESOBayesCalibration
- NonDWASABIBayesCalibration

Public Member Functions

- NonDCalibration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *standard constructor*

- ~NonDCalibration ()
  
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- void set_configuration_vars (Model &model, const RealVector &x)
  
  *set the passed configuration variables into the model’s state vars*

Protected Attributes

- RealVector expStdDeviations
  
  *1 or numFunctions standard deviations*

- bool calibrationData
  
  *flag indicating whether there is calibration data present*

- size_t numExperiments
  
  *number of experiments to read from data file*

- size_t numExpConfigVars
  
  *number of columns in data file which are state variables*

- StringArray varianceTypesRead
  
  *how many sigmas to read from the data file (1 or numFunctions)*

- ExperimentData expData
  
  *Container for experimental data to which to calibrate model.*

- size_t numTotalCalibTerms
  
  *Total number of calibration terms, after replicates/interpolation.*
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Private Member Functions

- bool find_state_index (unsigned short state_type, UShortMultiArrayConstView variable_types, std::string context_message, size_t &start_index)

  helper function to lookup a state_type enum variable type in the array of variables_types to find its start_index into the all array

Private Attributes

- size_t continuousConfigVars
  number of continuous configuration variables
- size_t discreteIntConfigVars
  number of discrete integer configuration variables
- size_t discreteRealConfigVars
  number of discrete real configuration variables
- size_t continuousConfigStart
  index of configuration variables in all continuous array
- size_t discreteIntConfigStart
  index of configuration variables in all discrete integer array
- size_t discreteRealConfigStart
  index of configuration variables in all discrete real array

Additional Inherited Members

13.94.1 Detailed Description

This class ...

13.94.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDCalibration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

  This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

  References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::all_continuous_variable_types(), Model::all_discrete_int_variable_types(), Model::all_discrete_real_variable_types(), NonDCalibration::calibrationData, NonDCalibration::continuousConfigStart, NonDCalibration::continuousConfigVars, NonDCalibration::discreteConfigStart, NonDCalibration::discreteConfigVars, NonDCalibration::expData, NonDCalibration::find_state_index(), ProblemDescDB::get_sizet(), Iterator::iteratedModel, ExperimentData::load_data(), ExperimentData::num_total_exppoints(), NonDCalibration::numExpConfigVars, NonDCalibration::numTotalCalibTerms, and Iterator::probDescDB.

  The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDCalibration.hpp
- NonDCalibration.cpp
13.95 NonDCubature Class Reference

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical cubature points for evaluation of expectation integrals.

Inheritance diagram for NonDCubature:

```
NonDCubature
  NonDIntegration
    NonD
      Analyzer
        Iterator
```

**Public Member Functions**

- NonDCubature (Model &model, const Pecos::ShortArray &u_types, unsigned short cub_int_order)
- unsigned short integrand_order () const
  
  *return cubIntOrder*

**Protected Member Functions**

- NonDCubature (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *constructor*

- ~NonDCubature ()
  
  *destructor*

- void initialize_grid (const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &poly_basis)
  
  *initialize integration grid by drawing from polynomial basis settings*

- void get_parameter_sets (Model &model)
  
  *Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)*

- void sampling_reset (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)

- void increment_grid ()
  
  *increment SSG level/TPQ order*

- void increment_grid_preference (const RealVector &dim_pref)

- int num_samples () const

**Private Member Functions**

- void check_integration (const Pecos::ShortArray &u_types, const Pecos::AleatoryDistParams &adp)
  
  *verify self-consistency of integration specification*

- void increment_reference ()
  
  *increment each cubIntOrderRef entry by 1*
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Private Attributes

- Pecos::CubatureDriver * cubDriver
  
  convenience pointer to the numIntDriver representation

- unsigned short cubIntOrderRef
  
  reference point for Pecos::CubatureDriver::cubIntOrder: the original user specification for the number of Gauss points per dimension, plus any refinements posted by increment_grid()

- unsigned short cubIntRule
  
  the isotropic cubature integration rule

Additional Inherited Members

13.95.1 Detailed Description

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical cubature points for evaluation of expectation integrals.

This class is used by NonDPolynomialChaos, but could also be used for general numerical integration of moments. It employs Stroud cubature rules and extensions by D. Xiu.

13.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDCubature ( Model & model, const Pecos::ShortArray & u_types, unsigned short cubIntOrder )

This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of numerical cubature points.

References Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), NonDCubature::check_integration(), NonDCubature::cubDriver, NonDCubature::cubIntOrderRef, Iterator::iteratedModel, and NonDIntegration::numIntDriver.

NonDCubature ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification. It is not currently used, as there is not yet a separate nond_cubature method specification.

References Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), NonDCubature::check_integration(), NonDIntegration::check_variables(), NonDCubature::cubDriver, NonDCubature::cubIntOrderRef, NonDCubature::cubIntRule, Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonD::natafTransform, and NonDIntegration::numIntDriver.

13.95.3 Member Function Documentation

void sampling_reset ( int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag ) [protected], [virtual]

used by DataFitSurrModel::build_global() to publish the minimum number of points needed from the cubature routine in order to build a particular global approximation.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References NonDCubature::cubDriver, and NonDCubature::cubIntOrderRef.
void increment_grid_preference ( const RealVector & dim_pref ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Should not be used, but pure virtual must be defined.
Reimplemented from NonDIntegration.
References NonDCubature::increment_grid().

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDCubature::cubDriver.

void increment_reference ( ) [inline], [private]

increment each cubIntOrderRef entry by 1
reReferences NonDCubature::cubIntOrderRef.
Referenced by NonDCubature::increment_grid().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
• NonDCubature.hpp
• NonDCubature.cpp

13.96 NonDDREAMBayesCalibration Class Reference

Bayesian inference using the DREAM approach.

Inheritance diagram for NonDDREAMBayesCalibration:

```
   NonDDREAMBayesCalibration
      |       +---------
      |       |         |
      |       |         +----------
      |       |                   |
      |       +----------------
      |                        
      +------------------------
```

Public Member Functions

• NonDDREAMBayesCalibration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor
• ~NonDDREAMBayesCalibration ()
  destructor

Static Public Member Functions

• static void problem_size (int &chain_num, int &cr_num, int &gen_num, int &pair_num, int &par_num)
  initializer for problem size characteristics in DREAM

• static void problem_value (std::string *chain_filename, std::string *gr_filename, double &gr_threshold, int &jumpstep, double limits[ ], int par_num, int &printstep, std::string *restart_read_filename, std::string *restart_write_filename)
  Filename and data initializer for DREAM.

• static double prior_density (int par_num, double zp[ ])
  Compute the prior density at specified point zp.

• static double * prior_sample (int par_num)
  Sample the prior and return an array of parameter values.

• static double sample_likelihood (int par_num, double zp[ ])
  Likelihood function for call-back from DREAM to DAKOTA for evaluation.

Protected Member Functions

• void quantify_uncertainty ()
  redefined from DakotaNonD

Protected Attributes

• RealVector paramMins
  lower bounds on calibrated parameters

• RealVector paramMaxs
  upper bounds on calibrated parameters

• int numChains
  number of concurrent chains

• int numGenerations
  number of generations

• int numCR
  number of CR-factors

• int crossoverChainPairs
  number of crossover chain pairs

• Real grThreshold
  threshold for the Gelman-Rubin statistic

• int jumpStep
  how often to perform a long jump in generations

• std::vector< boost::math::uniform > priorDistributions
  uniform prior PDFs for each variable

• boost::mt19937 rnumGenerator
  random number engine for sampling the prior
• std::vector< boost::uniform_real<double> > priorSamplers
  samplers for the uniform prior PDFs for each variable

Static Private Attributes

• static NonDDREAMBayesCalibration * nonDDREAMInstance
  Pointer to current class instance for use in static callback functions.

Additional Inherited Members

13.96.1 Detailed Description

Bayesian inference using the DREAM approach.

This class performed Bayesian calibration using the DREAM (Markov Chain Monte Carlo acceleration by Differential Evolution) implementation of John Burkhardt (FSU), adapted from that of Guannan Zhang (ORNL)

13.96.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDDREAMBayesCalibration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::crossoverChainPairs, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::grThreshold, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::jumpStep, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numChains, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numCR, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numGenerations, and NonDBayesCalibration::numSamples.

13.96.3 Member Function Documentation

void problem_size ( int & chain_num, int & cr_num, int & gen_num, int & pair_num, int & par_num ) [static]

initializer for problem size characteristics in DREAM

See documentation in DREAM examples)

References NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::crossoverChainPairs, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numChains, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numCR, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numGenerations, and NonDBayesCalibration::numHyperparams.

void problem_value ( std::string * chain_filename, std::string * gr_filename, double & gr_threshold, int & jumpstep, double limits[], int par_num, int & printstep, std::string * restart_read_filename, std::string * restart_write_filename ) [static]

Filename and data initializer for DREAM.

See documentation in DREAM examples)

References NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::grThreshold, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::jumpStep, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::numChains, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::paramMaxs, and NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::paramMins.
double prior_density ( int par_num, double zp[] ) [static]

Compute the prior density at specified point zp.

See documentation in DREAM examples) BMA TODO: Change this to support all Dakota distribution types

References NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, and NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::prior-Distributions.

double * prior_sample ( int par_num ) [static]

Sample the prior and return an array of parameter values.

See documentation in DREAM examples)

References NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::prior-Samplers, and NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::rnumGenerator.

double sample_likelihood ( int par_num, double zp[] ) [static]

Likelihood function for call-back from DREAM to DAKOTA for evaluation.

Static callback function to evaluate the likelihood

References Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_values(), NonDBayesCalibration::log_likelihood(), NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, NonDCalibration::numTotalCalibTerms, Iterator::outputLevel, and NonDBayesCalibration::residualModel.

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]

redefined from DakotaNonD

Perform the uncertainty quantification

Implements NonD.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonDCalibration::calibrationData, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), NonDBayesCalibration::emulatorType, Non-D::generate_system_seed(), NonDBayesCalibration::initialize_model(), Iterator::iterator_rep(), NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel, NonDBayesCalibration::nonDBayesInstance, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::nonDDREAMInstance, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDBayesCalibration::numHyperparams, NonDBayesCalibration::numSamples, NonDBayesCalibration::obsErrorMultiplierMode, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::paramMaxs, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::paramMins, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::priorDistributions, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::priorSamplers, NonDBayesCalibration::randomSeed, NonDDREAMBayesCalibration::rnumGenerator, NonD-BayesCalibration::standardizedSpace, and NonDBayesCalibration::stochExpIterator.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDDREAMBayesCalibration.hpp
- NonDDREAMBayesCalibration.cpp

13.97 NonDExpansion Class Reference

Base class for polynomial chaos expansions (PCE) and stochastic collocation (SC)

Inheritance diagram for NonDExpansion:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDExpansion (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  *standard constructor*
- **NonDExpansion (unsigned short method_name, Model &model, short exp_coeffs_approach, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs)**
  *alternate constructor*
- **~NonDExpansion ()**
  *destructor*
- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*
- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  *derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*
- void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  *derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*
- void quantify_uncertainty ()
  *perform a forward uncertainty propagation using PCE/SC methods*
- void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  *print the final statistics*
- const Model & algorithm_space_model () const
- virtual void select_refinement_points (const RealVectorArray &candidate_samples, unsigned short batch_size, RealMatrix &best_samples)
  *evaluate allSamples for inclusion in the (PCE regression) approximation and retain the best set (well spaced) of size batch_size*
- virtual void append (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)
  *append new data to uSpaceModel and update expansion order (PCE only)*

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void resolve_inputs (short &u_space_type, short &data_order)
  *perform error checks and mode overrides*
- virtual void initialize_u_space_model ()
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

initialize uSpaceModel polynomial approximations with PCE/SC data

- virtual void initialize_expansion ()
  initialize random variable definitions and final stats arrays

- virtual void compute_expansion ()
  form the expansion by calling uSpaceModel.build_approximation()

- virtual void increment_order_and_grid ()
  uniformly increment the expansion order and structured/unstructured grid (PCE only)

- virtual void increment_specification_sequence ()
  increment the input specification sequence (PCE only)

- virtual void update_expansion ()
  update an expansion; avoids overhead in compute_expansion()

- virtual void print_coefficients (std::ostream &s)
  print expansion coefficients, as supported by derived instance

- virtual void archive_coefficients ()
  archive expansion coefficients, as supported by derived instance

- virtual Real compute_covariance_metric ()
  compute 2-norm of change in response covariance

- virtual Real compute_final_statistics_metric ()
  compute 2-norm of change in final statistics

- void initialize_response_covariance ()
  set covarianceControl defaults and shape respCovariance

- void update_final_statistics ()
  update function values within finalStatistics

- void update_final_statistics_gradients ()
  update function gradients within finalStatistics

- void initialize (short u_space_type)
  common constructor code for initialization of natafTransform

- void check_dimension_preference (const RealVector &dim_pref) const
  check length and content of dimension preference vector

- void refine_expansion ()
  refine the reference expansion found by compute_expansion() using uniform/adaptive p/h-refinement strategies

- void construct_cubature (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &g_u_model, unsigned short cub_int_order)
  assign a NonDCubature instance within u_space_sampler

- void construct_quadrature (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &g_u_model, const UShortArray &quad_order_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref)
  assign a NonDQuadrature instance within u_space_sampler based on a quad_order specification

- void construct_quadrature (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &g_u_model, int filtered_samples, const RealVector &dim_pref)
  assign a NonDQuadrature instance within u_space_sampler that generates a filtered tensor product sample set

- void construct_quadrature (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &g_u_model, int random_samples, int seed, const UShortArray &quad_order_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref)
  assign a NonDQuadrature instance within u_space_sampler that samples randomly from a tensor product multi-index
• void `construct_sparse_grid` (Iterator &u_space_sampler, Model &g_u_model, const UShortArray &ssg_level_seq, const RealVector &ssg_dim_pref)
  assign a `NonDSparseGrid` instance within `u_space_sampler`

• void `construct_expansion_sampler` (const String &import_approx_file, unsigned short import_build_format=T-ABULAR_ANNOTATED, bool import_build_active_only=false)
  construct the `expansionSampler` for evaluating samples on `uSpaceModel`

• void `compute_statistics` ()
  calculate analytic and numerical statistics from the expansion

• void `archive_moments` ()
  archive the central moments (numerical and expansion) to `ResultsDB`

Protected Attributes

• Model `uSpaceModel`
  `Model` representing the approximate response function in u-space, after u-space recasting and polynomial data fit recursions.

• short `expansionCoeffsApproach`
  `method` for collocation point generation and subsequent calculation of the expansion coefficients

• short `expansionBasisType`
  `type` of expansion basis: DEFAULT BASIS or Pecos::{NODAL,HIERARCHICAL}_INTERPOLANT for SC or Pecos::{TENSOR_PRODUCT,TOTAL_ORDER,ADAPTED}.BASIS for PCE regression

• size_t `numUncertainQuant`
  `number` of invocations of `quantify_uncertainty()`

• int `numSamplesOnModel`
  `number` of truth samples performed on `g_u_model` to form the expansion

• int `numSamplesOnExpansion`
  `number` of approximation samples performed on the polynomial expansion in order to estimate probabilities

• bool `nestedRules`
  `flag` for indicating state of nested and non_nested overrides of default rule nesting, which depends on the type of integration driver

• bool `piecewiseBasis`
  `flag` for `piecewise` specification, indicating usage of local basis polynomials within the stochastic expansion

• bool `useDerivs`
  `flag` for `use_derivatives` specification, indicating usage of derivative data (with respect to expansion variables) to enhance the calculation of the stochastic expansion.

• short `refineType`
  `refinement type`: NO_REFINEMENT, P_REFINEMENT, or H_REFINEMENT

• short `refineControl`
  `refinement control`: NO_CONTROL, UNIFORM_CONTROL, LOCAL_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL, SOBOL, DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_DECAY, or DIMENSION_ADAPTIVE_CONTROL_GENERALIZED

• unsigned short `softConvLimit`
  `number` of consecutive iterations within tolerance required to indicate soft convergence

• RealSymMatrix `respCovariance`
  `symmetric matrix of analytic response covariance` (full response covariance option)
• RealVector **respVariance**
  vector of response variances (diagonal response covariance option)
• RealVector **initialPtU**
  stores the initial variables data in u-space

### Private Member Functions

• void **reduce_total_sobol_sets** (RealVector &avg_sobol)
  compute average of total Sobol’ indices (from VBD) across the response set for use as an anisotropy indicator
• void **reduce_decay_rate_sets** (RealVector &min_decay)
  compute minimum of spectral coefficient decay rates across the response set for use as an anisotropy indicator
• void **initialize_sets** ()
  initialization of adaptive refinement using generalized sparse grids
• Real **increment_sets** ()
  perform an adaptive refinement increment using generalized sparse grids
• void **finalize_sets** (bool converged_within_tol)
  finalization of adaptive refinement using generalized sparse grids
• void **compute_analytic_statistics** ()
  analytic portion of compute_statistics() from post-processing of expansion coefficients
• void **compute_numerical_statistics** ()
  numerical portion of compute_statistics() from sampling on the expansion
• void **compute_numerical_stat_refinements** (RealVectorArray &imp_sampler_stats, RealRealPairArray &min_max_fns)
  refinements to numerical probability statistics from importanceSampler
• void **compute_covariance** ()
  calculate the response covariance (diagonal or full matrix)
• void **compute_diagonal_variance** ()
  calculate respVariance or diagonal terms respCovariance(i,i)
• void **compute_off_diagonal_covariance** ()
  calculate respCovariance(i,j) for j<i
• void **print_moments** (std::ostream &s)
  print expansion and numerical moments
• void **print_covariance** (std::ostream &s)
  print respCovariance
• void **print_sobol_indices** (std::ostream &s)
  print global sensitivity indices
• void **print_local_sensitivity** (std::ostream &s)
  print local sensitivities evaluated at initialPtU
• void **compute_print_increment_results** ()
  manage print of results following a refinement increment
• void **compute_print_iteration_results** (bool initialize)
  manage print of results following a refinement increment
• void **compute_print_converged_results** (bool print_override=false)
  manage print of results following convergence of iterative refinement
Private Attributes

- short ruleNestingOverride
  user override of default rule nesting: NO_NESTING_OVERRIDE, NESTED, or NON_NESTED
- short ruleGrowthOverride
  user override of default rule growth: NO_GROWTH_OVERRIDE, RESTRICTED, or UNRESTRICTED
- Iterator expansionSampler
  Iterator used for sampling on the uSpaceModel to generate approximate probability/reliability/response level statistics. Currently this is an LHS sampling instance, but AIS could also be used.
- Iterator importanceSampler
  Iterator used to refine the approximate probability estimates generated by the expansionSampler using importance sampling.
- RealMatrix expGradsMeanX
  derivative of the expansion with respect to the x-space variables evaluated at the means (used as uncertainty importance metrics)
- bool vbdFlag
  flag indicating the activation of variance-based decomposition for computing Sobol’ indices
- unsigned short vbdOrderLimit
  limits the order of interactions within the component Sobol’ indices
- Real vbdDropTol
  tolerance for omitting output of small VBD indices
- short covarianceControl
  enumeration for controlling response covariance calculation and output: {DEFAULT,DIAGONAL,FULL}_COVARIANCE

Additional Inherited Members

13.97.1 Detailed Description

Base class for polynomial chaos expansions (PCE) and stochastic collocation (SC)

The NonDExpansion class provides a base class for methods that use polynomial expansions to approximate the effect of parameter uncertainties on response functions of interest.

13.97.2 Member Function Documentation

const Model & algorithm.space_model() const [inline], [virtual]
default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

void incrementSpecification_sequence() [protected], [virtual]
increment the input specification sequence (PCE only)
default implementation is overridden by PCE
Reimplemented in NonDPolynomialChaos.
References NonDIntegration::incrementSpecification_sequence(), Iterator::iterator_rep(), Model::subordinate_iterator(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.
Referenced by NonDPolynomialChaos::incrementSpecification_sequence(), and NonDExpansion::quantify_uncertainty().
**Real compute_covariance_metric ( )** [protected], [virtual]

compute 2-norm of change in response covariance
- computes the default refinement metric based on change in respCovariance
  Reimplemented in **NonDStochCollocation**.
- References **NonDExpansion::compute_covariance()**, **NonDExpansion::covarianceControl**, **NonDExpansion::respCovariance**, and **NonDExpansion::respVariance**.
- Referenced by **NonDStochCollocation::compute_covariance_metric()**, **NonDExpansion::increment_sets()**, and **NonDExpansion::refine_expansion()**.

**Real compute_final_statistics_metric ( )** [protected], [virtual]

compute 2-norm of change in final statistics
- computes a "goal-oriented" refinement metric employing finalStatistics
  Reimplemented in **NonDStochCollocation**.
- References **NonDExpansion::compute_statistics()**, **NonD::finalStatistics**, **Response::function_values()**, **Analyzer::numFunctions**, **NonD::requestedGenRelLevels**, **NonD::requestedProbLevels**, **NonD::requestedRelLevels**, and **NonD::requestedRespLevels**.
- Referenced by **NonDStochCollocation::compute_final_statistics_metric()**, and **NonDExpansion::increment_sets()**.

**void compute_statistics ( )** [protected]

calculate analytic and numerical statistics from the expansion
- Calculate analytic and numerical statistics from the expansion and log results within final_stats for use in OUU.
  References **ResultsManager::active()**, **NonDExpansion::archive_coefficients()**, **NonDExpansion::archive_moments()**, **NonDExpansion::compute_analytic_statistics()**, **NonDExpansion::compute_numerical_statistics()**, **Model::continuous_variable_labels()**, **Model::continuous_variables()**, **NonDExpansion::expansionSampler()**, **NonDExpansion::expGrads-MeanX()**, **NonD::initialize_level_mappings()**, **NonDExpansion::initialPtU()**, **ResultsManager::insert()**, **Iterator::is_null()**, **Iterator::iteratedModel()**, **Analyzer::numContinuousVars()**, **Analyzer::numFunctions()**, **Iterator::outputLevel()**, **Model::response_labels()**, **Iterator::resultsDB()**, **Iterator::resultsNames()**, **Iterator::run_identifier()**, **Iterator::subIteratorFlag()**, **NonD::totalLevelRequests()**, and **NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel()**.
- Referenced by **NonDStochCollocation::compute_final_statistics_metric()**, **NonDExpansion::compute_final_statistics_metric()**, **NonDExpansion::compute_print_converged_results()**, **NonDExpansion::compute_print_increment_results()**, and **NonDExpansion::compute_print_iteration_results()**.

### 13.97.3 Member Data Documentation

**bool useDerivs** [protected]

flag for use_derivatives specification, indicating usage of derivative data (with respect to expansion variables) to enhance the calculation of the stochastic expansion.

This is part of the method specification since the instantiation of the global data fit surrogate is implicit with no user specification. This behavior is distinct from the usage of response derivatives with respect to auxiliary variables (design, epistemic) for computing derivatives of aleatory expansion statistics with respect to these variables.

Referenced by **NonDExpansion::compute_expansion()**, **NonDStochCollocation::initialize_u_space_model()**, **NonDPolynomialChaos::initialize_u_space_model()**, **NonDPolynomialChaos::ratio_samples_to_order()**, **NonDStochCollocation::resolve_inputs()**, **NonDPolynomialChaos::resolve_inputs()**, **NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_ratio_to_samples()**, and **NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_samples_to_ratio()**.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDExpansion.hpp
- NonDExpansion.cpp

## 13.98 NonDGlobalEvidence Class Reference

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDGlobalEvidence:

```
    Iterator
     |        
     |         
     Analyzer
     |        
    NonD
     |        
  NonDInterval
     |        
NonDGlobalInterval
     |        
NonDGlobalEvidence
```

### Public Member Functions

- **NonDGlobalEvidence (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  `constructor`

- **~NonDGlobalEvidence ()**
  
  `destructor`

- **void initialize ()**
  
  `perform any required initialization`

- **void set_cell_bounds ()**
  
  `set the optimization variable bounds for each cell`

- **void get_best_sample (bool maximize, bool eval_approx)**
  
  `determine truthFnStar and approxFnStar`

- **void post_process_cell_results (bool maximize)**
  
  `post-process a cell minimization/maximization result`

- **void post_process_response_fn_results ()**
  
  `post-process the interval computed for a response function`

- **void post_process_final_results ()**
  
  `perform final post-processing`
Additional Inherited Members

13.98.1 Detailed Description

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDEvidence class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using Dempster-Shafer theory of evidence. In this approach, one assigns a set of basic probability assignments (BPA) to intervals defined for the uncertain variables. Input interval combinations are calculated, along with their BPA. Currently, the response function is evaluated at a set of sample points, then a response surface is constructed which is sampled extensively to find the minimum and maximum within each input interval cell, corresponding to the belief and plausibility within that cell, respectively. This data is then aggregated to calculate cumulative distribution functions for belief and plausibility.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDGlobalEvidence.hpp
- NonDGlobalEvidence.cpp

13.99 NonDGlobalInterval Class Reference

Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDGlobalInterval:

```
NonDGlobalEvidence
  NonDGlobalSingleInterval
  NonDGlobalInterval
    NonDInterval
      NonD
        Analyzer
          Iterator
```

Public Member Functions

- **NonDGlobalInterval (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**  
  *constructor*

- **~NonDGlobalInterval ()**  
  *destructor*

- void **derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**  
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- void **derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this `Iterator` instance

- void `derived_free_communicators` (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this `Iterator` instance

- void `quantify_uncertainty` ()
  Performs an optimization to determine interval bounds for an entire function or interval bounds on a particular statistical estimator.

- const `Model & algorithm_space_model` () const

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void `initialize` ()
  perform any required initialization

- virtual void `set_cells_bounds` ()
  set the optimization variable bounds for each cell

- virtual void `get_best_sample` (bool maximize, bool eval_approx)
  determine `truthFnStar` and `approxFnStar`

- virtual void `post_process_cell_results` (bool maximize)
  post-process a cell minimization/maximization result

- virtual void `post_process_response_fn_results` ()
  post-process the interval computed for a response function

- virtual void `post_process_final_results` ()
  perform final post-processing

- void `post_process_run_results` (bool maximize)
  post-process an optimization execution: output results, update convergence controls, and update GP approximation

- void `evaluate_response_star_truth` ()
  evaluate the truth response at the optimal variables solution and update the GP with the new data

Protected Attributes

- `Iterator daceIterator`
  *LHS* iterator for constructing initial GP for all response functions.

- `Model fHatModel`
  GP model of response, one approximation per response function.

- `Iterator intervalOptimizer`
  optimizer for solving surrogate-based subproblem: NCSU DIRECT optimizer for maximizing expected improvement or mixed EA if discrete variables.

- `Model intervalOptModel`
  recast model which formulates the surrogate-based optimization subproblem (recasts as design problem; may assimilate mean and variance to enable max(expected improvement))

- `Real approxFnStar`
  approximate response corresponding to minimum/maximum truth response

- `Real truthFnStar`
  minimum/maximum truth response function value
Static Private Member Functions

- static void{EIF objective min} (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Expected Improvement Function (EIF) for minimizing the GP
- static void{EIF objective max} (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Expected Improvement Function (EIF) for maximizing the GP
- static void{EIF extract objective} (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used to extract the active objective function when optimizing for an interval lower or upper bound (non{EIF formulations). The sense of the optimization is set separately.

Private Attributes

- const int seedSpec
  the user seed specification (default is 0)
- int numSamples
  the number of samples used in the surrogate
- String rngName
  name of the random number generator
- bool gpModelFlag
  flag indicating use of GP surrogate emulation
- bool eifFlag
  flag indicating use of maximized expected improvement for GP iterate selection
- unsigned short improvementConvergeCntr
  counter for number of successive iterations that the iteration improvement is less than the convergenceTol
- unsigned short improvementConvergeLimit
  counter for number of successive iterations that the iteration improvement is less than the convergenceTol
- Real distanceTol
  tolerance for \(L_2\) change in optimal solution
- unsigned short distanceConvergeCntr
  counter for number of successive iterations that the \(L_2\) change in optimal solution is less than the convergenceTol
- unsigned short distanceConvergeLimit
  counter for number of successive iterations that the \(L_2\) change in optimal solution is less than the convergenceTol
- RealVector prevCVStar
  stores previous optimal point for continuous variables; used for assessing convergence
- IntVector prevDIVStar
  stores previous optimal point for discrete integer variables; used for assessing convergence
- RealVector prevDRVStar
  stores previous optimal point for discrete real variables; used for assessing convergence
- Real prevFnStar
  stores previous solution value for assessing convergence
- size_t sbIterNum
  surrogate-based minimization/maximization iteration count
13.100. NONDGLOBALRELIABILITY CLASS REFERENCE

- bool boundConverged
  - flag indicating convergence of a minimization or maximization cycle
- bool allResponsesPerIter
  - flag for maximal response extraction (all response values obtained on each function call)
- short dataOrder
  - order of the data used for surrogate construction, in ActiveSet request vector 3-bit format; user may override

Static Private Attributes

- static NonDGlobalInterval * nondGIInstance
  - pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.99.1 Detailed Description

Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

The NonDGlobalInterval class supports global nongradient-based optimization approaches to determining interval bounds for epistemic UQ. The interval bounds may be on the entire function in the case of pure interval analysis (e.g., intervals on input = intervals on output), or the intervals may be on statistics of an "inner loop" aleatory analysis such as intervals on means, variances, or percentile levels. The preliminary implementation will use a Gaussian process surrogate to determine interval bounds.

13.99.2 Member Function Documentation

const Model & algorithm_space_model( ) const [inline], [virtual]

default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers
  Reimplemented from Analyzer.
  References NonDGlobalInterval::fHatModel.
  The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

  - NonDGlobalInterval.hpp
  - NonDGlobalInterval.cpp

13.100 NonDGlobalReliability Class Reference

Class for global reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

  Inheritance diagram for NonDGlobalReliability:
**Public Member Functions**

- `NonDGlobalReliability (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  *constructor*
- `~NonDGlobalReliability ()`
  *destructor*
- `void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)`
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- `void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)`
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- `void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)`
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- `void quantify_uncertainty ()`
  performs an uncertainty propagation using analytical reliability methods which solve constrained optimization problems to obtain approximations of the cumulative distribution function of response
- `void print_results (std::ostream &s)`
  print the approximate mean, standard deviation, and importance factors when using the mean value method or the CDF/CCDF information when using MPP-search-based reliability methods

**Private Member Functions**

- `void optimize_gaussian_process ()`
  construct the GP using EGO/SKO
- `void importance_sampling ()`
  perform multimodal adaptive importance sampling on the GP
- `void get_best_sample ()`
  determine current best solution from among sample data for expected improvement function in Performance Measure Approach (PMA)
- `Real constraint_penalty (const Real &constraint, const RealVector &c_variables)`
  calculate the penalty to be applied to the PMA constraint value
- `Real expected_improvement (const RealVector &expected_values, const Variables &recast_vars)`
  expected improvement function for the GP
- `Real expected_feasibility (const RealVector &expected_values, const Variables &recast_vars)`
  expected feasibility function for the GP
13.100. NONDGLOBALRELIABILITY CLASS REFERENCE

Static Private Member Functions

- static void EIF_objective_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Expected Improvement (EIF) problem formulation for PMA
- static void EFF_objective_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Expected Feasibility (EFF) problem formulation for RIA

Private Attributes

- Real fnStar
  minimum penalized response from among true function evaluations
- short meritFunctionType
  type of merit function used to penalize sample data
- Real lagrangeMult
  Lagrange multiplier for standard Lagrangian merit function.
- Real augLagrangeMult
  Lagrange multiplier for augmented Lagrangian merit function.
- Real penaltyParameter
  penalty parameter for augmented Lagrangian merit function
- Real lastConstraintViolation
  constraint violation at last iteration, used to determine if the current iterate should be accepted (must reduce violation)
- bool lastIterateAccepted
  flag to determine if last iterate was accepted this controls update of parameters for augmented Lagrangian merit fn
- short dataOrder
  order of the data used for surrogate construction, in ActiveSet request vector 3-bit format; user may override responses spec

Static Private Attributes

- static NonDGlobalReliability * nondGlobRelInstance
  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.100.1 Detailed Description

Class for global reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDGlobalReliability class implements EGO/SKO for global MPP search, which maximizes an expected improvement function derived from Gaussian process models. Once the limit state has been characterized, a multimodal importance sampling approach is used to compute probabilities.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDGlobalReliability.hpp
- NonDGlobalReliability.cpp
13.101 NonDGlobalSingleInterval Class Reference

Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDGlobalSingleInterval:

```
    Iterator
     |      |
     |      | NonD
     |      | NonDInterval
     |      | NonDGlobalInterval
    NonDGlobalSingleInterval
```

Public Member Functions

- `NonDGlobalSingleInterval (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`  
  constructor
- `~NonDGlobalSingleInterval ()`  
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- `void initialize ()`  
  perform any required initialization
- `void post_process_cell_results (bool maximize)`  
  post-process a cell minimization/maximization result
- `void get_best_sample (bool maximize, bool eval_approx)`  
  determine truthFnStar and approxFnStar

Private Attributes

- `size_t statCntr`  
  counter for finalStatistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.101.1 Detailed Description

Class for using global nongradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.
The **NonDGlobalSingleInterval** class supports global nongradient-based optimization approaches to determining interval bounds for epistemic UQ. The interval bounds may be on the entire function in the case of pure interval analysis (e.g., intervals on input = intervals on output), or the intervals may be on statistics of an “inner loop” aleatory analysis such as intervals on means, variances, or percentile levels. The preliminary implementation will use a Gaussian process surrogate to determine interval bounds.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDGlobalSingleInterval.hpp
- NonDGlobalSingleInterval.cpp

### 13.102 NonDGPImpSampling Class Reference

Class for the Gaussian Process-based Importance Sampling method.

Inheritance diagram for NonDGPImpSampling:

```
NonDGPImpSampling
  NonDSampling
  NonD
  Analyzer
  Iterator
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **NonDGPImpSampling** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *standard constructor*

- **∼NonDGPImpSampling** ()
  
  *destructor*

- void **derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this **Iterator** instance*

- void **derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this **Iterator** instance*

- void **derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this **Iterator** instance*

- void **quantify_uncertainty** ()
  
  *perform the GP importance sampling and return probability of failure.*

- void **print_results** (std::ostream &s)
  
  *print the final statistics*

- Real **final_probability** ()
  
  *returns the probability calculated by the importance sampling*
Private Member Functions

- **RealVector** `calcExpIndicator` (const int respFnCount, const Real respThresh)
  
  _function to calculate the expected indicator probabilities_

- **Real** `calcExpIndPoint` (const int respFnCount, const Real respThresh, const RealVector this_mean, const RealVector this_var)

  _function to calculate the expected indicator probabilities for one point_

- **void** `calcRhoDraw` ()

  _function to update the rhoDraw data, adding x values and rho draw values_

- **RealVector** `drawNewX` (int this_k)

  _function to pick the next X value to be evaluated by the Iterated model_

Private Attributes

- **Iterator** `gpBuild`
  
  _LHS iterator for building the initial GP._

- **Iterator** `gpEval`
  
  _LHS iterator for sampling on the GP._

- **Model** `gpModel`

  _GP model of response, one approximation per response function._

- **Iterator** `sampleRhoOne`

  _LHS iterator for sampling from the rhoOneDistribution._

- **int** `numPtsAdd`

  _the number of points added to the original set of LHS samples_

- **int** `numPtsTotal`

  _the total number of points_

- **int** `numEmulEval`

  _the number of points evaluated by the GP each iteration_

- **Real** `finalProb`

  _the final calculated probability (p)_

- **RealVectorArray** `gpCvars`

  _Vector to hold the current values of the current sample inputs on the GP._

- **RealVectorArray** `gpMeans`

  _Vector to hold the current values of the current mean estimates for the sample values on the GP._

- **RealVectorArray** `gpVar`

  _Vector to hold the current values of the current variance estimates for the sample values on the GP._

- **RealVector** `expIndicator`

  _Vector to hold the expected indicator values for the current GP samples._

- **RealVector** `rhoDraw`

  _Vector to hold the rhoDraw values for the current GP samples._

- **RealVector** `normConst`

  _Vector to hold the normalization constant calculated for each point added._

- **RealVector** `indicator`

  _IntVector to hold indicator for actual simulation values vs. threshold._
13.102. NONDGPIMPSAMPLING CLASS REFERENCE

- RealVectorArray xDrawThis
  xDrawThis, appended locally to hold the X values of emulator points chosen
- RealVector expIndThis
  expIndThis, appended locally to hold the expected indicator
- RealVector rhoDrawThis
  rhoDrawThis, appended locally to hold the rhoDraw density for calculating draws
- RealVector rhoMix
  rhoMix, mixture density
- RealVector rhoOne
  rhoOne, original importance density

Additional Inherited Members

13.102.1 Detailed Description

Class for the Gaussian Process-based Importance Sampling method.

The NonDGPImpSampling implements a method developed by Keith Dalbey that uses a Gaussian process surrogate in the calculation of the importance density. Specifically, the mean and variance of the GP prediction are used to calculate an expected value that a particular point fails, and that is used as part of the computation of the "draw distribution." The normalization constants and the mixture distribution used are defined in (need to get SAND report).

13.102.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDGPImpSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Response::active_set(), Iterator::assign_rep(), Model::assign_rep(), NonD::construct_lhs(), Model::current_response(), ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), NonDGPImpSampling::gpBuild, NonDGPImpSampling::gpEval, NonDGPImpSampling::gpModel, Model::gradient_type(), Model::hessian_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, NonDGPImpSampling::numEmulEval, NonDGPImpSampling::numPtsAdd, NonDSampling::numSamples, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, NonDSampling::randomSeed, ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDSampling::rngName, NonDGPImpSampling::sampleRhoOne, NonDSampling::samplingVarsMode, NonDSampling::statsFlag, NonDSampling::vary_pattern(), and NonDSampling::varyPattern.

13.102.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [virtual]

perform the GP importance sampling and return probability of failure.

Calculate the failure probabilities for specified probability levels using Gaussian process based importance sampling.

Implements NonD.

References Model::acv(), Iterator::all_responses(), Analyzer::all_samples(), Iterator::all_samples(), Model::append_approximation(), Model::approximation_data(), Model::approximation_variances(), Model::build_approximation(),
NonDGPImpSampling::calcExpIndicator(), NonDGPImpSampling::calcExpIndPoint(), NonDGPImpSampling::calcRhoDraw(), NonD::cdfFlag, Model::compute_response(), NonD::computedProbLevels, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), NonDGPImpSampling::drawNewX(), Model::evaluation_id(), NonDGPImpSampling::expIndicator, NonDGPImpSampling::expIndThis, NonDGPImpSampling::finalProb, Response::function_values(), NonDGPImpSampling::gpCvars, NonDGPImpSampling::gpEval, NonDGPImpSampling::gpMeans, NonDGPImpSampling::gpModel, NonDGPImpSampling::gpVar, NonDGPImpSampling::indicator, NonD::initialize_level_mappings(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::methodPCIter, NonD::miPLIndex, NonDGPImpSampling::normConst, NonDGPImpSampling::numEmulEval, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonDGPImpSampling::numPtsAdd, NonDGPImpSampling::numPtsTotal, NonDSampling::numSamples, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::pop_approximation(), NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonDGPImpSampling::rhoDraw, NonDGPImpSampling::rhoDrawThis, NonDGPImpSampling::rhoMix, NonDGPImpSampling::rhoOne, Iterator::run(), NonDGPImpSampling::sampleRhoOne, and NonDGPImpSampling::sampleThis.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDGPImpSampling.hpp
- NonDGPImpSampling.cpp

### 13.103 NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration Class Reference

Generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experiment data.

Inheritance diagram for NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration:

```
  NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration
    |                      |                      |
   Iterator               Analyzer              NonD
                                 |                      | NonDCalibration
                                          |                      | NonDBayesCalibration
                                                   |                      | NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *constructor*

- **~NonDGPMMSABayesCalibration ()**
  
  *destructor*

**Public Attributes**

- **int emulatorSamples**
number of samples of the simulation to construct the GP

- **bool calibrateSigmaFlag**
  flag to indicate if the sigma terms should be calibrated (default true)

- **String approxImportFile**
  name of file from which to import build points to build GP

- **unsigned short approxImportFormat**
  build data import tabular format

- **bool approxImportActiveOnly**
  import active variables only

Protected Member Functions

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevIter pl_iter)**
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevIter pl_iter)**
  derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevIter pl_iter)**
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void quantify_uncertainty ()**
  performs a forward uncertainty propagation by using GPM/SA to generate a posterior distribution on parameters given a set of simulation parameter/response data, a set of experimental data, and additional variables to be specified here.

Private Attributes

- **Iterator lhsIter**
  LHS iterator for generating samples for GP.

Static Private Attributes

- **static NonDGPMSABayesCalibration * nonDGPMSAInstance**
  print the final statistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.103.1 Detailed Description

Generates posterior distribution on model parameters given experiment data.

This class provides a wrapper for the functionality provided in the Los Alamos National Laboratory code called GPM/SA (Gaussian Process Models for Simulation Analysis). Although this is a code that provides input/output mapping, it DOES NOT provide the mapping that we usually think of in the NonDeterministic class hierarchy in DAKOTA, where uncertainty in parameter inputs are mapped to uncertainty in simulation responses. Instead, this class takes a pre-existing set of simulation data as well as experimental data, and maps priors on input parameters to posterior distributions on those input parameters, according to a likelihood function. The goal of the MCMC sampling is to produce posterior values of parameter estimates which will produce simulation response values that "match well" to the experimental data. The MCMC is an integral part of the calibration. The data structures in GPM/SA are fairly detailed and nested. Part of this prototyping exercise is to determine what data structures need to be specified and initialized in DAKOTA and sent to GPM/SA, and what data structures will be returned.
13.103.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDGPMSABayesCalibration (ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model)

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes
has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Dakota::abort, Iterator::assign_rep, NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::emulatorSamples, ProblemDescDB::get_string(), NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::lhsIter, NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel, Iterator::probDescDB, and NonDBayesCalibration::randomSeed.

13.103.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]

performs a forward uncertainty propagation by using GPM/SA to generate a posterior distribution on parameters
given a set of simulation parameter/response data, a set of experimental data, and additional variables to be
specified here.

Perform the uncertainty quantification

Implements NonD.

References Iterator::all_responses(), Analyzer::all_samples(), Iterator::all_samples(), NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::approxImportActiveOnly, NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::approxImportFile, NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::approxImportFormat, NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::calibrateSigmaFlag, ExperimentData::config_vars(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::emulatorSamples, NonDCalibration::expData, NonDBayesCalibration::initialize_model(), NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::lhsIter, NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel, Iterator::methodPCIter, NonD::miPLIndex, ParallelLibrary::mpirun_flag(), NonDBayesCalibration::nonDBayesInstance, NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::nonDGPMSAInstance, NonDCalibration::numExperiments, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonDBayesCalibration::numSamples, NonD::numUncertainVars, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, Iterator::run(), and ExperimentData::scalar_data().

13.103.4 Member Data Documentation

NonDGPMSABayesCalibration * nonDGPMSAInstance [static], [private]

print the final statistics

Pointer to current class instance for use in static callback functions

Referenced by NonDGPMSABayesCalibration::quantify_uncertainty().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDGPMSABayesCalibration.hpp
- NonDGPMSABayesCalibration.cpp

13.104 NonDIncremLHSSampling Class Reference

Performs incremental LHS sampling for uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDIncremLHSSampling:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDIncremLHSSampling** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *constructor*

- **~NonDIncremLHSSampling** ()
  
  *destructor*

- void **quantify_uncertainty** ()
  
  *performs a forward uncertainty propagation by using LHS to generate a set of parameter samples, performing function evaluations on these parameter samples, and computing statistics on the ensemble of results.*

- void **print_results** (std::ostream &s)
  
  *print the final statistics*

Static Protected Member Functions

- static bool **rank_sort** (const int &x, const int &y)
  
  *sort algorithm to compute ranks for rank correlations*

Private Member Functions

- template<typename T>
  
  void **store_ranks** (IntMatrix &sample_ranks, const size_t num_vars, const size_t num_samples, const size_t offset_values, const size_t offset_ranks, const T &values)

- template<typename T>
  
  void **combine_discrete_ranks** (const T &values, const size_t num_vars, const size_t offset)

Private Attributes

- int **previousSamples**
  
  *number of samples in previous LHS run*

- bool **varBasedDecompFlag**
  
  *flags computation of VBD*
Static Private Attributes

- static RealArray rawData
  - static data used by static rank_sort() fn
- static IntArray rankCol
  - workspace for store_ranks and combine_discrete_ranks
- static IntArray finalRank
  - workspace for store_ranks and combine_discrete_ranks

Additional Inherited Members

13.104.1 Detailed Description

Performs incremental LHS sampling for uncertainty quantification.

The Latin Hypercube Sampling (LHS) package from Sandia Albuquerque’s Risk and Reliability organization provides comprehensive capabilities for Monte Carlo and Latin Hypercube sampling within a broad array of user-specified probabilistic parameter distributions. The incremental LHS sampling capability allows one to supplement an initial sample of size \( n \) to size \( 2n \) while maintaining the correct stratification of the \( 2n \) samples and also maintaining the specified correlation structure. The incremental version of LHS will return a sample of size \( n \), which when combined with the original sample of size \( n \), allows one to double the size of the sample.

13.104.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDIncremLHSSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References NonD::initialize_random_variable_transformation(), and NonD::initialize_random_variable_types().

13.104.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [virtual]

performs a forward uncertainty propagation by using LHS to generate a set of parameter samples, performing function evaluations on these parameter samples, and computing statistics on the ensemble of results.

Generate incremental samples. Loop over the set of samples and compute responses. Compute statistics on the set of responses if statsFlag is set.

Implements NonD.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, NonDSampling::compute_statistics(), Dakota::copy_data(), Dakota::data_pairs, Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Analyzer::evaluate_parameters_sets(), NonDSampling::get_parameters_sets(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_parameters(), Iterator::iterated_Model, NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteIntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteStringVars, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDIncremLHSSampling::previousSamples, NonDSampling::sampleRanks, NonDSampling::sampleRanksMode, NonDSampling::samples_Ref, NonDSampling::sampleType, Dakota::set_value_to_index(), Iterator::submethod_enum_to_string(), and NonDSampling::varyPattern.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDIncremLHSSampling.hpp
- NonDIncremLHSSampling.cpp
13.105  NonDIntegration Class Reference

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical integration points for evaluation of expectation integrals.

Inheritance diagram for NonDIntegration:

```
NonDIntegration
  |      |      |
  |      |      | NonD
  |      |      |
  |      |      | NonDIntegration
  |      |      |
  |      |      | NonDCubature
  |      |      | NonDQuadrature
  |      |      | NonDSparseGrid
```

Public Member Functions

- virtual void `initialize_grid` (const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &poly_basis)=0
  
  *initialize integration grid by drawing from polynomial basis settings*

- virtual void `increment_grid`()=0
  
  *increment SSG level/TPQ order*

- virtual void `increment_grid_preference` (const RealVector &dim_pref)
  
  *increment SSG level/TPQ order and update anisotropy*

- virtual void `increment_grid_weights` (const RealVector &aniso_wts)
  
  *increment SSG level/TPQ order and update anisotropy*

- virtual void `increment_specification_sequence`()
  
  *increment sequenceIndex and update active orders/levels*

- const Pecos::IntegrationDriver & `driver()` const
  
  *return numIntDriver*

Static Public Member Functions

- static void `dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order` (unsigned short scalar_order_spec, const RealVector &dim_pref_spec, size_t num_v, UShortArray &aniso_order)
  
  *convert scalar_order_spec and vector dim_pref_spec to vector aniso_order*

- static void `anisotropic_order_to_dimension_preference` (const UShortArray &aniso_order, unsigned short &scalar_order, RealVector &dim_pref)
  
  *convert vector aniso_order to scalar_order and vector dim_pref*
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Protected Member Functions

- **NonDIntegration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  constructor
- **NonDIntegration (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)**
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"
- **NonDIntegration (unsigned short method_name, Model &model, const RealVector &dim_pref)**
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"
- **~NonDIntegration ()**
  destructor
- void **quantify_uncertainty ()**
  Mapping of the core_run() virtual function for the NonD branch.
- void **check_variables (const std::vector<Pecos::RandomVariable> &x_ran_vars)**
  verify self-consistency of variables data
- void **print_points_weights (const String &tabular_name)**
  output integration points and weights to a tabular file

Protected Attributes

- Pecos::IntegrationDriver numIntDriver
  Pecos utility class for managing interface to tensor-product grids and VPISparseGrid utilities for Smolyak sparse grids and cubature.
- size_t numIntegrations
  counter for number of integration executions for this object
- size_t sequenceIndex
  index into NonDQuadrature::quadOrderSpec and NonDSparseGrid::ssgLevelSpec that defines the current instance of several possible refinement levels
- RealVector dimPrefSpec
  the user specification for anisotropic dimension preference

Additional Inherited Members

13.105.1 Detailed Description

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical integration points for evaluation of expectation integrals.

This class provides a base class for shared code among NonDQuadrature and NonDSparseGrid.

13.105.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**NonDIntegration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]**

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification. It is not currently used, as there are not yet separate nond_quadrature/nond_sparse_grid method specifications.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonD::initialize_final_statistics(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_correlations(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_transformation(), NonD::initialize_random_variable_types(), Analyzer::numDiscrete-IntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteStringVars, and NonD::verify_correlation_support().
NonDIntegration ( unsigned short method_name, Model & model ) [protected]
alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"
This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of numerical integration points.

NonDIntegration ( unsigned short method_name, Model & model, const RealVector & dim_pref ) [protected]
alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"
This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of numerical integration points.

Member Function Documentation

void dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order ( unsigned short scalar_order_spec, const RealVector & dim_pref_spec, size_t num_v, UShortArray & aniso_order ) [static]
convert scalar_order_spec and vector dim_pref_spec to vector aniso_order
Converts a scalar order specification and a vector anisotropic dimension preference into an anisotropic order vector. It is used for initialization and does not enforce a reference lower bound (see also NonDQuadrature::update_anisotropic_order()).
Referenced by NonDPolynomialChaos::increment_specification_sequence(), NonDQuadrature::initialize_dimension_quadrature_order(), and NonDPolynomialChaos::NonDPolynomialChaos().

void anisotropic_order_to_dimension_preference ( const UShortArray & aniso_order, unsigned short & scalar_order, RealVector & dim_pref ) [static]
convert vector aniso_order to scalar_order and vector dim_pref
Converts a vector anisotropic order into a scalar order and vector anisotropic dimension preference.
Referenced by NonDPolynomialChaos::NonDPolynomialChaos().

void check_variables ( const std::vector<Pecos::RandomVariable> & x_rand_vars ) [protected]
verify self-consistency of variables data
Virtual function called from probDescDB-based constructors and from NonDIntegration::quantify_uncertainty()
References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonD::numContAleatUncVars, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numContIntervalVars, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, and NonD::numContStateVars.
Referenced by NonDCubature::NonDCubature(), NonDQuadrature::NonDQuadrature(), NonDSparseGrid::NonDSparseGrid(), and NonDIntegration::quantify_uncertainty().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- NonDIntegration.hpp
- NonDIntegration.cpp

NonDInterval Class Reference
Base class for interval-based methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
Inheritance diagram for NonDInterval:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDInterval (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  constructor
- **~NonDInterval ()**
  
  destructor
- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  
  print the cumulative distribution functions for belief and plausibility

Protected Member Functions

- **void initialize_final_statistics ()**
  
  initialize finalStatistics for belief/plausibility results sets
- **void compute_evidence_statistics ()**
  
  method for computing belief and plausibility values for response levels or vice-versa
- **void calculate_cells_and_bpas ()**
  
  computes the interval combinations (cells) and their bpas replaces CBPIIC\_F77 from wrapper calculate\_basic\_prob\_intervals()
- **void calculate_cbf_cpf (bool complementary=true)**
  
  function to compute (complementary) distribution functions on belief and plausibility replaces CCBFPF\_F77 from wrapper calculate\_cum\_belief\_plaus()

Protected Attributes

- **bool singleIntervalFlag**
  
  flag for SingleInterval derived class
- **RealVectorArray ccBelFn**
  
  Storage array to hold CCBF values.
- **RealVectorArray ccPlausFn**
  
  Storage array to hold CCPF values.
- **RealVectorArray ccBelVal**
  
  Storage array to hold CCB response values.
- **RealVectorArray ccPlausVal**
  
  Storage array to hold CCP response values.
- **RealVectorArray cellContLowerBounds**
  
  Storage array to hold cell lower bounds for continuous variables.
13.107. NONDLHSEQUENCE CLASS REFERENCE

- RealVectorArray cellContUpperBounds
  Storage array to hold cell upper bounds for continuous variables.
- IntVectorArray cellIntRangeLowerBounds
  Storage array to hold cell lower bounds for discrete int range variables.
- IntVectorArray cellIntRangeUpperBounds
  Storage array to hold cell upper bounds for discrete int range variables.
- IntVectorArray cellIntSetBounds
  Storage array to hold cell values for discrete integer set variables.
- IntVectorArray cellRealSetBounds
  Storage array to hold cell value for discrete real set variables.
- RealVectorArray cellFnLowerBounds
  Storage array to hold cell min.
- RealVectorArray cellFnUpperBounds
  Storage array to hold cell max.
- RealVector cellBPA
  Storage array to hold cell bpa.
- size_t respFnCntr
  response function counter
- size_t cellCntr
  cell counter
- size_t numCells
  total number of interval combinations

Additional Inherited Members

13.106.1 Detailed Description

Base class for interval-based methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDInterval class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using either pure interval propagation or Dempster-Shafer theory of evidence. In the latter approach, one assigns a set of basic probability assignments (BPA) to intervals defined for the uncertain variables. Input interval combinations are calculated, along with their BPA. Currently, the response function is evaluated at a set of sample points, then a response surface is constructed which is sampled extensively to find the minimum and maximum within each input interval cell, corresponding to the belief and plausibility within that cell, respectively. This data is then aggregated to calculate cumulative distribution functions for belief and plausibility.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDInterval.hpp
- NonDInterval.cpp

13.107 NonDLHSEvidence Class Reference

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLHSEvidence:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDLHSEvidence** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  * constructor
- **~NonDLHSEvidence** ()
  
  * destructor
- void initialize ()
  
  * perform any required initialization
- void post_process_samples ()
  
  * post-process the output from executing lhsSampler

Additional Inherited Members

### 13.107.1 Detailed Description

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDEvidence class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using Dempster-Shafer theory of evidence. In this approach, one assigns a set of basic probability assignments (BPA) to intervals defined for the uncertain variables. Input interval combinations are calculated, along with their BPA. Currently, the response function is evaluated at a set of sample points, then a response surface is constructed which is sampled extensively to find the minimum and maximum within each input interval cell, corresponding to the belief and plausibility within that cell, respectively. This data is then aggregated to calculate cumulative distribution functions for belief and plausibility.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLHSEvidence.hpp
- NonDLHSEvidence.cpp

### 13.108 NonDLHSInterval Class Reference

Class for the LHS-based interval methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLHSInterval:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDLHSInterval** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *constructor*

- **~NonDLHSInterval** ()
  
  *destructor*

- void **derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- void **derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- void **derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  
  *derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- void **quantify_uncertainty** ()
  
  *performs an epistemic uncertainty propagation using LHS samples*

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void **initialize** ()
  
  *perform any required initialization*

- virtual void **post_process_samples** ()=0
  
  *post-process the output from executing lhsSampler*

Protected Attributes

- **Iterator lhsSampler**
  
  *the LHS sampler instance*

- const int **seedSpec**
  
  *the user seed specification (default is 0)*

- int **numSamples**
  
  *the number of samples used*
- String rngName
  name of the random number generator

Additional Inherited Members

13.108.1 Detailed Description

Class for the LHS-based interval methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDLHSInterval class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using LHS-based methods.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLHSInterval.hpp
- NonDLHSInterval.cpp

13.109 NonDLHSSampling Class Reference

Performs LHS and Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLHSSampling:

```
  Iterator
  |      |
  |      |       Analyzer
  |      |       |       |       NonD
  |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |       NonDSampling
  |      |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       NonDLHSSampling
```

Public Member Functions

- **NonDLHSSampling (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor

- **NonDLHSSampling (Model &model, unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, bool vary_pattern=true, short sampling_vars_mode=ACTIVE)**
  alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation “on the fly”

- **NonDLHSSampling (unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)**
  alternate constructor for sample generation “on the fly”

- **NonDLHSSampling (unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, const RealVector &means, const RealVector &std_devs, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds, RealSymMatrix &correl)**
  alternate constructor for sample generation of correlated normals “on the fly”

- ~NonDLHSSampling ()
  destructor
Protected Member Functions

- void pre_run ()
  
  generate LHS samples in non-VBD cases

- void quantify_uncertainty ()
  
  perform the evaluate parameter sets portion of run

- void post_run (std::ostream &s)
  
  generate statistics for LHS runs in non-VBD cases

- void post_input ()
  
  read tabular data for post-run mode

- void compute_pca (std::ostream &s)
  
  compute a principal components analysis on the sample set

- void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  
  print the final statistics

Private Attributes

- size_t numResponseFunctions
  
  number of response functions; used to distinguish NonD from opt/NLS usage

- bool varBasedDecompFlag
  
  flags computation of variance-based decomposition indices

- bool pcaFlag
  
  flag to specify the calculation of principal components

- Real percentVarianceExplained
  
  Threshold to keep number of principal components that explain this much variance.

Additional Inherited Members

13.109.1 Detailed Description

Performs LHS and Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

The Latin Hypercube Sampling (LHS) package from Sandia Albuquerque’s Risk and Reliability organization provides comprehensive capabilities for Monte Carlo and Latin Hypercube sampling within a broad array of user-specified probabilistic parameter distributions. It enforces user-specified rank correlations through use of a mixing routine. The NonDLHSSampling class provides a C++ wrapper for the LHS library and is used for performing forward propagations of parameter uncertainties into response statistics.

13.109.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDLHSSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Model::num_primary_fns(), NonDLHSSampling::numResponseFunctions, and Model::primary_-fn_type().
NonDLHSSampling ( Model & model, unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, bool vary_pattern = true, short sampling_vars_mode = ACTIVE )

alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation "on the fly"

This alternate constructor is used for generation and evaluation of Model-based sample sets. A set_db_list_nodes has not been performed so required data must be passed through the constructor. It’s purpose is to avoid the need for a separate LHS specification within methods that use LHS sampling.

NonDLHSSampling ( unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, const RealVector & lower_bnds, const RealVector & upper_bnds )

alternate constructor for sample generation "on the fly"

This alternate constructor is used by ConcurrentStrategy for generation of uniform, uncorrelated sample sets. It is not a letter-envelope instantiation and a set_db_list_nodes has not been performed. It is called with all needed data passed through the constructor and is designed to allow more flexibility in variables set definition (i.e., relax connection to a variables specification and allow sampling over parameter sets such as multiobjective weights). In this case, a Model is not used and the object must only be used for sample generation (no evaluation).

References NonDSampling::get_parameter_sets().

NonDLHSSampling ( unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, const RealVector & means, const RealVector & std_devs, const RealVector & lower_bnds, const RealVector & upper_bnds, RealSymMatrix & correl )

alternate constructor for sample generation of correlated normals "on the fly"

This alternate constructor is used to generate correlated normal sample sets. It is not a letter-envelope instantiation and a set_db_list_nodes has not been performed. It is called with all needed data passed through the constructor. In this case, a Model is not used and the object must only be used for sample generation (no evaluation).

References NonDSampling::get_parameter_sets().

13.109.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]

perform the evaluate parameter sets portion of run

Loop over the set of samples and compute responses. Compute statistics on the set of responses if statsFlag is set.

Implements NonD.

References NonDSampling::allDataFlag, Analyzer::evaluate_parameter_sets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteIntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, NonDLHSSampling::numResponseFunctions, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::statsFlag, NonDLHSSampling::varBasedDecompFlag, and Analyzer::variance_based_decomp().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLHSSampling.hpp
- NonDLHSSampling.cpp

13.110 NonDLHSSingleInterval Class Reference

Class for pure interval propagation using LHS.
Inheritance diagram for NonDLHSSingleInterval:

- Iterator
- Analyzer
- NonDInterval
- NonDLHSInterval
- NonDLHSSingleInterval

Public Member Functions

- NonDLHSSingleInterval (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  constructor
- ~NonDLHSSingleInterval ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- void initialize ()
  perform any required initialization
- void post_process_samples ()
  post-process the output from executing lhsSampler

Private Attributes

- size_t statCntr
  counter for finalStatistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.110.1 Detailed Description

Class for pure interval propagation using LHS.

The NonDSingleInterval class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using ...

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLHSSingleInterval.hpp
- NonDLHSSingleInterval.cpp
13.111 NonDLocalEvidence Class Reference

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLocalEvidence:

```
  NonDLocalEvidence
   |
  NonDLocalInterval
   | NonDInterval
   | NonD
   | Analyzer
   | Iterator
```

**Public Member Functions**

- `NonDLocalEvidence (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  *constructor*
- `~NonDLocalEvidence ()`
  *destructor*

**Protected Member Functions**

- `void initialize ()`
  *perform any required initialization*
- `void set_cell_bounds ()`
  *set the optimization variable bounds for each cell*
- `void truncate_to_cell_bounds (RealVector &initial_pt)`
  *truncate initial_pt to respect current cell lower/upper bounds*
- `void post_process_cell_results (bool maximize)`
  *post-process a cell minimization/maximization result*
- `void post_process_response_fn_results ()`
  *post-process the interval computed for a response function*
- `void post_process_final_results ()`
  *perform final post-processing*
Additional Inherited Members

13.111.1  Detailed Description

Class for the Dempster-Shafer Evidence Theory methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDEvidence class implements the propagation of epistemic uncertainty using Dempster-Shafer theory of evidence. In this approach, one assigns a set of basic probability assignments (BPA) to intervals defined for the uncertain variables. Input interval combinations are calculated, along with their BPA. Currently, the response function is evaluated at a set of sample points, then a response surface is constructed which is sampled extensively to find the minimum and maximum within each input interval cell, corresponding to the belief and plausibility within that cell, respectively. This data is then aggregated to calculate cumulative distribution functions for belief and plausibility.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLocalEvidence.hpp
- NonDLocalEvidence.cpp

13.112  NonDLocalInterval Class Reference

Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLocalInterval:

```
NonDLocalInterval
<p>| |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

Public Member Functions

- **NonDLocalInterval** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  *Constructor*

- **~NonDLocalInterval** ()

  *Destructor*

- void **derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)

  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- void **derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void quantify_uncertainty** ()
  Performs a gradient-based optimization to determine interval bounds for an entire function or interval bounds on a particular statistical estimator.

- **unsigned short uses_method** () const
  return name of active optimizer method

- **void method_recourse** ()
  perform an MPP optimizer method switch due to a detected conflict

Protected Member Functions

- **virtual void initialize** ()
  perform any required initialization

- **virtual void set_cell_bounds** ()
  set the optimization variable bounds for each cell

- **virtual void truncate_to_cell_bounds** (RealVector &initial_pt)
  truncate initial_pt to respect current cell lower/upper bounds

- **virtual void post_process_cell_results** (bool maximize)
  post-process a cell minimization/maximization result

- **virtual void post_process_response_fn_results** ()
  post-process the interval computed for a response function

- **virtual void post_process_final_results** ()
  perform final post-processing

Protected Attributes

- **Iterator minMaxOptimizer**
  local gradient-based optimizer

- **Model minMaxModel**
  recast model which extracts the active objective function

Static Private Member Functions

- **static void extract_objective** (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used to extract the active objective function when optimizing for an interval lower or upper bound

Private Attributes

- **bool npsolFlag**
  flag representing the gradient-based optimization algorithm selection (NPSOL SQP or OPT++ NIP)
Static Private Attributes

- static NonDLocalInterval * nondLIInstance

  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.112.1 Detailed Description

Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

The NonDLocalInterval class supports local gradient-based optimization approaches to determining interval bounds for epistemic UQ. The interval bounds may be on the entire function in the case of pure interval analysis (e.g. intervals on input = intervals on output), or the intervals may be on statistics of an “inner loop” aleatory analysis such as intervals on means, variances, or percentile levels.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLocalInterval.hpp
- NonDLocalInterval.cpp

13.113 NonDLocalReliability Class Reference

Class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLocalReliability:

```
   NonDLocalReliability
   |   NonDReliability
   |   NonD
   |   NonDLocalReliability
   +---------------------
     |   Analyzer
     |   NonD
     +---------------------
```

Public Member Functions

- NonDLocalReliability (ProblemDescDB &problem.db, Model &model)
  constructor
- ~NonDLocalReliability ()
  destructor
- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

• void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

• void quantify_uncertainty ()
  performs an uncertainty propagation using analytical reliability methods which solve constrained optimization problems to obtain approximations of the cumulative distribution function of response

• void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  print the approximate mean, standard deviation, and importance factors when using the mean value method or the CDF/CCDF information when using MPP-search-based reliability methods

• unsigned short uses_method () const
  return name of active MPP optimizer

• void method_recourse ()
  perform an MPP optimizer method switch due to a detected conflict

Private Member Functions

• void initial_taylor_series ()
  convenience function for performing the initial limit state Taylor-series approximation

• void mean_value ()
  convenience function for encapsulating the simple Mean Value computation of approximate statistics and importance factors

• void mpp_search ()
  convenience function for encapsulating the reliability methods that employ a search for the most probable point (AMV, AMV+, FORM, SORM)

• void initialize_class_data ()
  convenience function for initializing class scope arrays

• void initialize_level_data ()
  convenience function for initializing/warm starting MPP search data for each response function prior to level 0

• void initialize_mpp_search_data ()
  convenience function for initializing/warm starting MPP search data for each z/p/beta level for each response function

• void update_mpp_search_data (const Variables &vars_star, const Response &resp_star)
  convenience function for updating MPP search data for each z/p/beta level for each response function

• void update_level_data ()
  convenience function for updating z/p/beta level data and final statistics following MPP convergence

• void update_pma_maximize (const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix &fn_hess_u)
  update pmaMaximizeG from prescribed probabilities or prescribed generalized reliabilities by inverting second-order integrations

• void update_limit_state_surrogate ()
  convenience function for passing the latest variables/response data to the data fit embedded within uSpaceModel

• void assign_mean_data ()
  update mostProbPointX/U, computedRespLevel, fnGradX/U, and fnHessX/U from ranVarMeansX/U, fnValsMeanX, fnGradsMeanX, and fnHessiansMeanX

• void dg_ds_eval (const RealVector &x_vars, const RealVector &fn_grad_x, RealVector &final_stat_grad)
convenience function for evaluating $dg/ds$

- **Real dp2_dbeta_factor (Real beta, bool cdf_flag)**
  compute factor for derivative of second-order probability with respect to reliability index (from differentiating BR-EITUNG or HOHENRACK expressions)

- **Real signed_norm (const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, bool cdf_flag)**
  convert norm of mpp_u (u-space solution) to a signed reliability index

- **Real signed_norm (Real norm_mpp_u)**
  convert norm of u-space vector to a signed reliability index

- **Real signed_norm (Real norm_mpp_u, const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, bool cdf_flag)**
  shared helper function

- **Real probability (Real beta)**
  Convert reliability to probability using a first-order integration.

- **Real probability (bool cdf_flag, const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix &fn_hess_u)**
  Convert computed reliability to probability using either a first-order or second-order integration.

- **Real probability (Real beta, bool cdf_flag, const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix &fn_hess_u)**
  Convert provided reliability to probability using either a first-order or second-order integration.

- **Real reliability (Real p)**
  Convert probability to reliability using the inverse of a first-order integration.

- **Real reliability (Real p, bool cdf_flag, const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix &fn_hess_u)**
  Convert probability to reliability using the inverse of a first-order or second-order integration.

- **bool reliability_residual (const Real &p, const Real &beta, const RealVector &kappa, Real &res)**
  compute the residual for inversion of second-order probability corrections using Newton’s method (called by reliability(p))

- **Real reliability_residual_derivative (const Real &p, const Real &beta, const RealVector &kappa)**
  compute the residual derivative for inversion of second-order probability corrections using Newton’s method (called by reliability(p))

- **void principal_curvatures (const RealVector &mpp_u, const RealVector &fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix &fn_hess_u, RealVector &kappa_u)**
  Compute the kappaU vector of principal curvatures from fnHessU.

- **void scale_curvature (Real beta, bool cdf_flag, const RealVector &kappa, RealVector &scaled_kappa)**
  scale copy of principal curvatures by -1 if needed; else take a view

### Static Private Member Functions

- **static void RIA_objective_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)**
  static function used as the objective function in the Reliability Index Approach (RIA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the objective function of $(\text{norm } u)^2$.

- **static void RIA_constraint_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)**
static function used as the constraint function in the Reliability Index Approach (RIA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the constraint of \( G(u) = \) response level.

- static void PMA_objective_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the objective function in the Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the objective function of \( G(u) = \).

- static void PMA_constraint_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the constraint function in the first-order Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the equality constraint of \( \lVert u \rVert^2 = (\beta - \bar{\beta})^2 \).

- static void PMA2_constraint_eval (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used as the constraint function in the second-order Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the equality constraint of \( \beta^* = \beta^* - \bar{\beta} \).

- static void PMA2_set_mapping (const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, ActiveSet &sub_model_set)
  static function used to augment the sub-model ASV requests for second-order PMA

Private Attributes

- Real computedRespLevel
  output response level calculated
- Real computedRelLevel
  output reliability level calculated for RIA and first-order PMA
- Real computedGenRelLevel
  output generalized reliability level calculated for second-order PMA
- RealVector fnGradX
  actual \( x \)-space gradient for current function from most recent response evaluation
- RealVector fnGradU
  \( u \)-space gradient for current function updated from fnGradX and Jacobian \( dx/du \)
- RealSymMatrix fnHessX
  actual \( x \)-space Hessian for current function from most recent response evaluation
- RealSymMatrix fnHessU
  \( u \)-space Hessian for current function updated from fnHessX and Jacobian \( dx/du \)
- RealVector kappaU
  principal curvatures derived from eigenvalues of orthonormal transformation of fnHessU
- RealVector fnValsMeanX
  response function values evaluated at mean \( x \)
- RealMatrix fnGradsMeanX
  response function gradients evaluated at mean \( x \)
- RealSymMatrixArray fnHessiansMeanX
  response function Hessians evaluated at mean \( x \)
• RealVector ranVarMeansX
  vector of means for all uncertain random variables in \(x\)-space
• RealVector ranVarStdDevsX
  vector of std deviations for all uncertain random variables in \(x\)-space
• RealVector ranVarMeansU
  vector of means for all uncertain random variables in \(u\)-space
• bool initialPtUserSpec
  flag indicating user specification of (any portion of) initialPtU
• RealVector initialPtUSpec
  user specification or default initial guess for local optimization
• RealVector initialPtU
  current starting point for MPP searches in \(u\)-space
• RealVector mostProbPointX
  location of MPP in \(x\)-space
• RealVector mostProbPointU
  location of MPP in \(u\)-space
• RealVectorArray prevMPPULev0
  array of converged MPP’s in \(u\)-space for level 0. Used for warm-starting initialPtU within RBDO.
• RealMatrix prevFnGradDLev0
  matrix of limit state sensitivities w.r.t. inactive/design variables for level 0. Used for warm-starting initialPtU within RBDO.
• RealMatrix prevFnGradULev0
  matrix of limit state sensitivities w.r.t. active/uncertain variables for level 0. Used for warm-starting initialPtU within RBDO.
• RealVector prevICVars
  previous design vector. Used for warm-starting initialPtU within RBDO.
• ShortArray prevCumASVLev0
  accumulation (using \(=\)) of all previous design ASV’s from requested finalStatistics. Used to detect availability of prevFnGradDLev0 data for warm-starting initialPtU within RBDO.
• bool npsolFlag
  flag representing the optimization MPP search algorithm selection (NPSOL SQP or OPT++ NIP)
• bool warmStartFlag
  flag indicating the use of warm starts
• bool nipModeOverrideFlag
  flag indicating the use of move overrides within OPT++ NIP
• bool curvatureDataAvailable
  flag indicating that sufficient data (i.e., fnGradU, fnHessU, mostProbPointU) is available for computing principal curvatures
• bool kappaUpdated
  track when kappaU requires updating via principal_curvatures()
• short integrationOrder
  integration order (1 or 2) provided by integration specification
• short secondOrderIntType
  type of second-order integration: Breitung, Hohenbichler-Rackwitz, or Hong
• Real curvatureThresh
cut-off value for 1/sqrt() term in second-order probability corrections.
• short taylorOrder
order of Taylor series approximations (1 or 2) in MV/AMV/AMV+ derived from hessian type
• RealMatrix impFactor
importance factors predicted by MV
• int npsolDerivLevel
derivative level for NPSOL executions (1 = analytic grads of objective fn, 2 = analytic grads of constraints, 3 = analytic grads of both).
• unsigned short warningBits
set of warnings accumulated during execution

Static Private Attributes
• static NonDLocalReliability * nondLocRelInstance
pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.113.1 Detailed Description
Class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
The NonDLocalReliability class implements the following reliability methods through the support of different limit state approximation and integration options: mean value (MVFOSM/MVSOSM), advanced mean value method (AMV, AMV^2) in x- or u-space, iterated advanced mean value method (AMV+, AMV^2+) in x- or u-space, two-point adaptive nonlinearity approximation (TANA) in x- or u-space, first order reliability method (FORM), and second order reliability method (SORM). All options except mean value employ an optimizer (currently NPSOL SQP or OPT++ NIP) to solve an equality-constrained optimization problem for the most probable point (MPP). The MPP search may be formulated as the reliability index approach (RIA) for mapping response levels to reliabilities/probabilities or as the performance measure approach (PMA) for performing the inverse mapping of reliability/probability levels to response levels.

13.113.2 Member Function Documentation
void RIA_objective_eval ( const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]

static function used as the objective function in the Reliability Index Approach (RIA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the objective function of (norm u)^2.

This function recasts a G(u) response set (already transformed and approximated in other recursions) into an RIA objective function.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian_view(), and Response::function_value().

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().
void RIA_constraint_eval ( const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]

static function used as the constraint function in the Reliability Index Approach (RIA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the constraint of $G(u) = \text{response level}$.

This function recasts a G(u) response set (already transformed and approximated in other recursions) into an RIA equality constraint.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_value(), NonDLocalReliability::nondLocRelInstance, NonDReliability::requestedTargetLevel, and NonDReliability::respFnCount.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void PMA_objective_eval ( const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]

static function used as the objective function in the Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This equality-constrained optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the objective function of $G(u)$.

This function recasts a G(u) response set (already transformed and approximated in other recursions) into an PMA objective function.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::continuous_variables(), NonDLocalReliability::curvatureDataAvailable, Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_value(), NonDLocalReliability::integrationOrder, NonDLocalReliability::kappaUpdated, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonDLocalReliability::nondLocRelInstance, NonDReliability::pmaMaximizeG, NonDReliability::respFnCount, and NonDLocalReliability::update_pma_maximize().

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void PMA_constraint_eval ( const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]

static function used as the constraint function in the first-order Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the equality constraint of $(\|u\|^2 = (\beta - \bar{\beta})^2)$.

This function recasts a G(u) response set (already transformed and approximated in other recursions) into a first-order PMA equality constraint on reliability index $\beta$.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_value(), NonDLocalReliability::nondLocRelInstance, and NonDReliability::requestedTargetLevel.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void PMA2_constraint_eval ( const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]

static function used as the constraint function in the second-order Performance Measure Approach (PMA) problem formulation. This optimization problem performs the search for the most probable point (MPP) with the equality constraint of $\beta^* = \beta^* - \bar{\beta}$.

This function recasts a G(u) response set (already transformed and approximated in other recursions) into a second-order PMA equality constraint on generalized reliability index $\beta^*$. 
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), NonD::cdfFlag, NonDLocalReliability::computedGenRelLevel, NonDLocalReliability::computedRelLevel, Variables::continuous_variables(), NonDLocalReliability::dp2_dbeta_factor(), NonDLocalReliability::fnGradsMeanX, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessiansMeanX, NonDLocalReliability::fnValsMeanX, Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_values(), Model::hessian_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonD::momentStats, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarMeansX, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarStdDevsX, ActiveSet::request_vector(), NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, NonDLocalReliability::taylorOrder, and NonDReliability::uSpaceModel.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mean_value(), and NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void initial_taylor_series ( ) [private]

convenience function for performing the initial limit state Taylor-series approximation

An initial first- or second-order Taylor-series approximation is required for MV/AMV/AMV+/TANA or for the case where momentStats (from MV) are required within finalStatistics for subiterator usage of NonDLocalReliability.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Iterator::activeSet, Model::component_parallel_mode(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), NonD::finalStatistics, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradsMeanX, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessiansMeanX, NonDLocalReliability::fnValsMeanX, Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_values(), Model::hessian_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonD::momentStats, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarMeansX, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarStdDevsX, ActiveSet::request_vector(), NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, NonDLocalReliability::taylorOrder, and NonDReliability::uSpaceModel.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mean_value(), and NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void initialize_class_data ( ) [private]

convenience function for initializing class scope arrays

Initialize class-scope arrays and perform other start-up activities, such as evaluating median limit state responses.

References Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), NonD::finalStatistics, NonDReliability::mppModel, NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonDReliability::numRelAnalyses, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDLocalReliability::prevCumASVLev0, NonDLocalReliability::prevDfGradDLLev0, NonDLocalReliability::prevFnGradDLLev0, NonDLocalReliability::prevFnGradULev0, NonDLocalReliability::prevMPPULev0, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarMeansU, NonDLocalReliability::ranVarMeansX, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, Model::update_from_subordinate_model(), and NonDLocalReliability::warmStartFlag.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void initialize_level_data ( ) [private]

convenience function for initializing/warm starting MPP search data for each response function prior to level 0

For a particular response function prior to the first z/p/beta level, initialize/warm-start optimizer initial guess (initialPtU), expansion point (mostProbPointX/U), and associated response data (computedRespLevel, fnGradX/U, and fnHessX/U).

References Iterator::activeSet, NonDLocalReliability::assign_mean_data(), Model::component_parallel_mode(), Model::compute_response(), NonDLocalReliability::computedRespLevel, Model::continuous_variable_ids(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::current_response(), NonDLocalReliability::curvatureDataAvailable, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradU, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradX, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessU,
void initialize_mpp_search_data()
{
    convenience function for initializing/warm starting MPP search data for each z/p/beta level for each response function.

    For a particular response function at a particular z/p/beta level, warm-start or reset the optimizer initial guess (initialPtU), expansion point (mostProbPointX), and associated response data (computedRespLevel, fnGradX, fnHessX).

    References NonDLocalReliability::assign_mean_data(), NonD::computedGenRelLevels, NonD::computedRelLevels, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradU, Model::hessian_type(), NonDLocalReliability::initialPtU, NonDLocalReliability::levelCount, NonDLocalReliability::mostProbPointU, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonDReliability::respFnCount, Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDLocalReliability::taylorOrder, NonDLocalReliability::update_limit_state surrogate(), NonDReliability::uSpaceModel, NonDLocalReliability::warmStartFlag.

    Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().
}

void update_mpp_search_data ( const Variables & varsStar, const Response & respStar )
{
    convenience function for updating MPP search data for each z/p/beta level for each response function.

    Includes case-specific logic for updating MPP search data for the AMV/AMV+/TANA/NO APPROX methods.

    References Response::active_set(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), Iterator::activeSet, NonDReliability::approxConverged, NonDReliability::approxIters, Model::component_parallel_mode(), Model::compute_response(), NonDLocalReliability::computedRelLevel, NonDLocalReliability::computedRespLevel, Model::continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Model::continuous_variables(), Iterator::convergenceTol, Variables::copy(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), NonDLocalReliability::curvatureDataAvailable, Dakota::data_pairs, NonD::finalStatistics, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradU, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradX, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessU, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessX, Response::function_gradient_copy(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), NonDLocalReliability::initialPtU, NonDLocalReliability::integrationOrder, Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDLocalReliability::kappaUpdated, NonDReliability::levelCount, Dakota::lookup_by_value(), Iterator::maxIters, NonDLocalReliability::mostProbPointU, NonDLocalReliability::mostProbPointX, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::numNormalVars, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDReliability::pmaMaximizeG, ActiveSet::request_value(), ActiveSet::request_values(), ActiveSet::request_vector(), NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonDReliability::requestedTargetLevel, NonDReliability::respFnCount, NonDLocalReliability::signed_norm(), NonDReliability::statCount, NonDLocalReliability::taylorOrder, NonDLocalReliability::update_limit_state surrogate(), NonDLocalReliability::uSpaceModel, NonDLocalReliability::warmStartFlag, and NonDLocalReliability::warningBits.
Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void update_level_data ( ) [private]

convenience function for updating z/p/beta level data and final statistics following MPP convergence

Updates computedRespLevels/computedProbLevels/computedRelLevels, finalStatistics, warm start, and graphics data.

References Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), Graphics::add_datapoint(), NonD::cdfFlag, NonDLocalReliability::computedGenRelLev0, NonD::computedGenRelLevels, NonD::computedRespLevels, NonD::computedRelLevel, NonD::computedRelLevels, NonDLocalReliability::computed-RespLevel, NonDLocalReliability::dg_ds_eval(), NonDLocalReliability::dp2_dbeta_factor(), NonD::finalStatistics, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradU, NonDLocalReliability::fnGradX, NonDLocalReliability::fnHessU, Response::function_gradient(), OutputManager::graphics(), NonDLocalReliability::integration-Order, NonDReliability::levelCount, NonDLocalReliability::mostProbPointU, NonDLocalReliability::mostProbPointX, Graphics::new_dataset(), Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::numUncertainVars, ParallelLibrary::output_manager(), Iterator::parallelLib, NonDLocalReliability::prevCumASVLev0, NonDLocalReliability::prevFnGrad-DElv0, NonDLocalReliability::prevFnGradUElv0, NonDLocalReliability::prevMPPULEv0, NonDLocalReliability::probability(), NonDLocalReliability::reliability(), NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonD::respLevelTarget, NonD::respLevelTargetReduce, NonDReliability::respFnCount, Iterator::subIteratorFlag, NonD::totalLevelRequests, and NonDLocalReliability::warmStartFlag.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search().

void dg_ds_eval ( const RealVector & x_vars, const RealVector & fn_grad_x, RealVector & final_stat_grad ) [private]

convenience function for evaluating dg/ds

Computes dg/ds where s = design variables. Supports potentially overlapping cases of design variable augmentation and insertion.

References Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), Iterator::activeSet, Model::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Model::component_parallel_model(), Model::compute_response(), Dakota::contains(), Model::continuous_variable_ids(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::current_response(), ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), NonD::finalStatistics, Response::function_gradient_copy(), Response::function_gradients(), Model::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDReliability::mppSearchType, NonD::natafTransform, Iterator::primaryACVarMapIndices, ActiveSet::request_value(), ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDReliability::respFnCount, Iterator::secondaryACVarMapTargets, and NonDReliability::uSpaceModel.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::mean_value(), NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search(), and NonDLocalReliability::update_level_data().

Real dp2_dbeta_factor ( Real beta, bool cdf_flag ) [private]

compute factor for derivative of second-order probability with respect to reliability index (from differentiating BREITUNG or HOHENRACK expressions)

Compute sensitivity of second-order probability w.r.t. beta for use in derivatives of p_2 or beta* w.r.t. auxiliary parameters s (design, epistemic) or derivatives of beta* w.r.t. u in PMA2_constraint_eval().

References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonDLocalReliability::curvatureDataAvailable, NonDLocalReliability::curvatureThresh, NonDLocalReliability::kappaU, NonD::numUncertainVars, NonDLocalReliability::probability(), NonDLocalReliability::scale_curvature(), NonDLocalReliability::secondOrderIntType, and NonDLocalReliability::warningBits.

Referenced by NonDLocalReliability::PMA2_constraint_eval(), and NonDLocalReliability::update_level_data().
Real probability (Real beta, bool cdf_flag, const RealVector & mpp_u, const RealVector & fn_grad_u, const RealSymMatrix & fn_hess_u) [private]

Convert provided reliability to probability using either a first-order or second-order integration.

Converts beta into a probability using either first-order (FORM) or second-order (SORM) integration. The SORM calculation first calculates the principal curvatures at the MPP (using the approach in Ch. 8 of Haldar & Mahadevan), and then applies correction formulations from the literature (Breitung, Hohenbichler-Rackwitz, or Hong).

References NonDLocalReliability::curvatureDataAvailable, NonDLocalReliability::curvatureThresh, NonDAdaptImpSampling::final_probability(), NonDReliability::importanceSampler, NonDLocalReliability::integrationOrder, NonDReliability::integrationRefinement, Iterator::iterator_rep(), NonDLocalReliability::kappaU, NonDLocalReliability::kappaUpdated, Iterator::methodPCIter, NonD::miPLIndex, NonD::numUncertainVars, Iterator::outputLevel, NonDLocalReliability::principal_curvatures(), NonDLocalReliability::probability(), NonDReliability::requestedTargetLevel, NonDReliability::respFnCount, Iterator::run(), NonDLocalReliability::scale_curvature(), NonDLocalReliability::secondOrderInfType, NonDLocalReliability::warningBits, and Dakota::write_precision.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- NonDLocalReliability.hpp
- NonDLocalReliability.cpp

13.114 NonDLocalSingleInterval Class Reference

Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDLocalSingleInterval:

```
NonDLocalSingleInterval
   NonDLocalInterval
      NonDInterval
         NonD
            Analyzer
               Iterator
```

Public Member Functions

- NonDLocalSingleInterval (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)  
  constructor
- ~NonDLocalSingleInterval ()  
  destructor
Protected Member Functions

- void initialize ()
  
  perform any required initialization

- void post_process_cell_results (bool maximize)
  
  post-process a cell minimization/maximization result

Private Attributes

- size_t statCntr
  
  counter for finalStatistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.114.1 Detailed Description

Class for using local gradient-based optimization approaches to calculate interval bounds for epistemic uncertainty quantification.

The NonDLocalSingleInterval class supports local gradient-based optimization approaches to determining interval bounds for epistemic UQ. The interval bounds may be on the entire function in the case of pure interval analysis (e.g. intervals on input = intervals on output), or the intervals may be on statistics of an “inner loop” aleatory analysis such as intervals on means, variances, or percentile levels.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDLocalSingleInterval.hpp
- NonDLocalSingleInterval.cpp

13.115 NonDMultilevelSampling Class Reference

Performs Multilevel Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDMultilevelSampling:

```
    NonDMultilevelSampling
     |                     
     v                     
  NonDSampling
     |                     
     v                     
 NonD
     |                     
     v                     
  Analyzer
     |                     
     v                     
  Iterator
```

Public Member Functions

- NonDMultilevelSampling (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  - standard constructor
- ~NonDMultilevelSampling ()
  - destructor

Protected Member Functions

- void pre_run ()
  - generate LHS samples in non-VBD cases
- void quantify_uncertainty ()
  - perform the evaluate parameter sets portion of run
- void post_run (std::ostream &s)
  - generate statistics for LHS runs in non-VBD cases
- void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  - print the final statistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.115.1 Detailed Description

Performs Multilevel Monte Carlo sampling for uncertainty quantification.

Multilevel Monte Carlo (MLMC) is a variance-reduction technique that utilizes lower fidelity simulations that have response QoI that are correlated with the high-fidelity response QoI.

13.115.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDMultilevelSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

- standard constructor

  This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

  References NonDSampling::sampleType.

13.115.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty () [protected], [virtual]

- perform the evaluate parameter sets portion of run

  Loop over the set of samples and compute responses. Compute statistics on the set of responses if statsFlag is set.

  Implements NonD.

  References NonDSampling::allDataFlag, Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::evaluate_parameter_sets(), NonDSampling::get_parameter_sets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Model::num_functions(), NonDSampling::numSamples, and NonDSampling::statsFlag.

  The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

  - NonDMultilevelSampling.hpp
  - NonDMultilevelSampling.cpp
13.116 NonDPOFDarts Class Reference

Base class for POF Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDPOFDarts:

```
NonDPOFDarts
  |   |
  |   Analyst
  |   |
  |   Iterator
NonD
  |   |
|   NonDPOFDarts
```

Public Member Functions

- `NonDPOFDarts (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  *Constructor*
- `~NonDPOFDarts ()`
  *Destructor*
- `void quantify_uncertainty ()`
  *perform POFDart analysis and return probability of failure*

Protected Member Functions

- `void initiate_random_number_generator (unsigned long x)`
  *POF Darts Methods.*
- `double generate_a_random_number ()`
- `void init_pof_darts ()`
- `void exit_pof_darts ()`
- `void execute (size_t kd)`
- `void print_results (std::ostream &s)`
  *print the final statistics*
- `void classical_dart_throwing_games (size_t game_index)`
- `void line_dart_throwing_games (size_t game_index)`
- `bool valid_dart (double *x)`
- `bool valid_line_flat (size_t flat_dim, double *flat_dart)`
- `void add_point (double *x)`
- `void compute_response (double *x)`
- `void verify_neighbor_consistency ()`
- `bool add_neighbor (size_t ipoint, size_t ineighbor)`
- `void retrieve_neighbors (size_t ipoint, bool update_point_neighbors)`
- `void sample_furthest_vertex (size_t ipoint, double *fv)`
- `void update_global_L ()`
- `void assign_sphere_radius_POF (size_t isample)`
• void shrink_big_spheres ()
• double area_triangle (double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2, double x3, double y3)
• void initialize_surrogates ()
• void add_surrogate_data (const Variables &vars, const Response &resp)
• void build_surrogate ()
• double eval_surrogate (size_t fn_index, double *vin)
• void estimate_pof_surrogate ()
• bool trim_line_using_Hyperplane (size_t num_dim, double *st, double *end, double *qH, double *nH)
• double f_true (double *x)
• void plot_vertices_2d (bool plot_true_function, bool plot_surrogate)
• void plot_neighbors ()

Protected Attributes

• int samples
• int seed
• int emulatorSamples
• String lipschitzType
• RealRealPairArray extremeValues
• double Q [1220]
• int indx
• double cc
• double c
• double zc
• double zx
• double zy
• size_t qlen
• bool _eval_error
• size_t _test_function
• size_t _n_dim
• double * _xmin
• double * _xmax
• double _diag
• double _failure_threshold
• double _num_darts
• double _num_successive_misses_p
• double _num_successive_misses_m
• double _max_num_successive_misses
• double _accepted_void_ratio
• size_t _num_inserted_points
• size_t _total_budget
• double ** _sample_points
• size_t ** _sample_neighbors
• double * _sample_vsize
• double _max_vsize
• double _dart
• size_t _flat_dim
Additional Inherited Members

13.116.1 Detailed Description

Base class for POF Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDPOFDart class implements the calculation of a failure probability for a specified threshold for a specified response function using the concepts developed by Mohamed Ebeida. The approach works by throwing down a number of Poisson disk samples of varying radii, and identifying each disk as either in the failure or safe region. The center of each disk represents a "true" function evaluation. kd-darts are used to place additional points, in such a way to target the failure region. When the disks cover the space sufficiently, Monte Carlo methods or a box volume approach is used to calculate both the lower and upper bounds on the failure probability.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDPOFDarts.hpp
- NonDPOFDarts.cpp

13.117 NonDPolynomialChaos Class Reference

Nonintrusive polynomial chaos expansion approaches to uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDPolynomialChaos:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDPolynomialChaos** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  - standard constructor
- **NonDPolynomialChaos** (Model &model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray &num_int_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs)
  - alternate constructor for numerical integration (tensor, sparse, cubature)
- **NonDPolynomialChaos** (Model &model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray &exp_order_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, const SizetArray &colloc_pts_seq, Real colloc_ratio, int seed, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs, bool cv_flag, const String &import_build_points_file, unsigned short import_build_format, bool import_build_active_only)
  - alternate constructor for regression (least squares, CS, OLI)
- **~NonDPolynomialChaos** ()
  - destructor

Protected Member Functions

- void **derived_init_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void **derived_set_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void **derived_free_communicators** (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  - derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance
- void **resolve_inputs** (short &u_space_type, short &data_order)
  - perform error checks and mode overrides
- void **initialize_u_space_model** ()
  - initialize uSpaceModel polynomial approximations with PCE/SC data
- void **incrementSpecification_sequence** ()
  - increment the input specification sequence (PCE only)
- void **compute_expansion** ()
  - form or import an orthogonal polynomial expansion using PCE methods
- void **select_refinement_points** (const RealVectorArray &candidate_samples, unsigned short batch_size, RealMatrix &best_samples)
  - evaluate allSamples for inclusion in the (PCE regression) approximation and retain the best set (well spaced) of size batch size
- void **select_refinement_pointsDeprecated** (const RealVectorArray &candidate_samples, unsigned short batch_size, RealMatrix &best_samples)
- void **append** (const RealMatrix &samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_map)
  - append new data to uSpaceModel and update expansion order (PCE only)
- void **increment_order_and_grid** ()
  - uniformly increment the order of the polynomial chaos expansion and define a consistent grid increment
- void **print_coefficients** (std::ostream &s)
  - print the PCE coefficient array for the orthogonal basis
- void **archive_coefficients** ()
  - archive the PCE coefficient array for the orthogonal basis
Private Member Functions

- void increment_grid_from_order ()
  define a grid increment that is consistent with an advancement in expansion order
- void increment_order_from_grid ()
  define an expansion order that is consistent with an advancement in structured/unstructured grid level/density
- int terms_ratio_to_samples (size_t num_exp_terms, Real colloc_ratio)
  convert number of expansion terms and collocation ratio to a number of collocation samples
- Real terms_samples_to_ratio (size_t num_exp_terms, int samples)
  convert number of expansion terms and number of collocation samples to a collocation ratio
- void ratio_samples_to_order (Real colloc_ratio, int num_samples, UShortArray &exp_order, bool less_than_or_equal)
  convert collocation ratio and number of samples to expansion order
- void order_to_dim_preference (const UShortArray &order, unsigned short &p, RealVector &dim_pref)
  convert an isotropic/anisotropic expansion order vector into a scalar plus a dimension preference vector

Private Attributes

- String expansionExportFile
  filename for export of chaos coefficients
- String expansionImportFile
  filename for import of chaos coefficients
- Real collocRatio
  factor applied to terms’ termsOrder in computing number of regression points, either user specified or inferred
- Real termsOrder
  exponent applied to number of expansion terms for computing number of regression points
- int randomSeed
  seed for random number generator used for regression with LHS and sub-sampled tensor grids
- bool tensorRegression
  option for regression PCE using a filtered set tensor-product points
- bool crossValidation
  flag for use of cross-validation for selection of parameter settings in regression approaches
- RealVector noiseTols
  noise tolerance for compressive sensing algorithms; vector form used in cross-validation
- Real l2Penalty
  L2 penalty for LASSO algorithm (elastic net variant)
- unsigned short numAdvance
  number of frontier expansions per iteration with the ADAPTED_BASIS_EXPANDING_FRONT approach
- UShortArray expOrderSeqSpec
  user specification for expansion_order (array for multifidelity)
- RealVector dimPrefSpec
  user specification for dimension_preference
- SizetArray collocPtsSeqSpec
  user specification for collocation_points (array for multifidelity)
13.117. NONDPOLYNOMIALCHAOS CLASS REFERENCE

- SizetArray expSamplesSeqSpec
  user specification for expansion_samples (array for multifidelity)
- size_t sequenceIndex
  sequence index for \{expOrder, collocPts, expSamples\}SeqSpec
- RealMatrix pceGradsMeanX
  derivative of the PCE with respect to the x-space variables evaluated at the means (used as uncertainty importance metrics)
- bool normalizedCoeffOutput
  user request for use of normalization when outputting PCE coefficients

Additional Inherited Members

13.117.1 Detailed Description

Nonintrusive polynomial chaos expansion approaches to uncertainty quantification.

The NonDPolynomialChaos class uses a polynomial chaos expansion (PCE) approach to approximate the
effect of parameter uncertainties on response functions of interest. It utilizes the OrthogPolyApproximation class
to manage multiple types of orthogonal polynomials within a Wiener-Askey scheme to PCE. It supports PCE
coefficient estimation via sampling, quadrature, point-collocation, and file import.

13.117.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDPolynomialChaos ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation using the ProblemDescDB.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set(), NonDIntegration::anisotropic_order_to_dimension_preference(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDExpansion::check_dimension_preference(), NonDPolynomialChaos::collocPtsSeqSpec, NonDPolynomialChaos::collocRatio, ParallelLibrary::command_line_check(), NonDExpansion::construct_cubature(), NonDExpansion::construct_expansion_sampler(), NonD::construct_lhs(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), NonDExpansion::construct_sparse_grid(), Model::current_response(), NonDIntegration::dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order(), NonDPolynomialChaos::dimPrefSpec, NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDExpansion::expansionCoeffsApproach, NonDPolynomialChaos::expansionImportFile, NonDPolynomialChaos::expOrderSeqSpec, NonDPolynomialChaos::expSamplesSeqSpec, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_usa(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonDPolynomialChaos::initialize_u_space_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, Iterator::probDescDB, NonD::randomSeed, NonDExpansion::refineControl, NonDExpansion::refineType, ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDPolynomialChaos::resolve_inputs(), NonDPolynomialChaos::sequenceIndex, NonPolynomialChaos::tensorRegression, NonPolynomialChaos::terms_ratio_to_samples(), NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_samples_to_ratio(), NonDPolynomialChaos::termsOrder, NonD::transform_model(), NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel, and Analyzer::vary_pattern().

NonDPolynomialChaos ( Model & model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray & num_int_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs )

alternate constructor for numerical integration (tensor, sparse, cubature)

This constructor is used for helper iterator instantiation on the fly that employ numerical integration (quadrature, sparse grid, cubature).
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

References Response::active_set(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDExpansion::check_dimension_preference(), NonDExpansion::construct_cubature(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), NonDExpansion::construct_sparse_grid(), Model::current_response(), NonDPolynomialChaos::dimPrefSpec, NonDExpansion::expansionCoeffsApproach, NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonDPolynomialChaos::initialize_u_space_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel(), Iterator::outputLevel(), ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDPolynomialChaos::resolve_inputs(), NonD::transform_model(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

NonDPolynomialChaos ( Model & model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray & exp_order_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, const SizetArray & colloc_pts_seq, Real colloc_ratio, int seed, short u_space_type, bool piecewise basis, bool use_derivs, bool cv_flag, const String & import_build_points_file, unsigned short import_build_format, bool import_build_active_only )

alternate constructor for regression (least squares, CS, OLI)

This constructor is used for helper iterator instantiation on the fly that employ regression (least squares, CS, OLI).

References Response::active_set(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDExpansion::check_dimension_preference(), NonDPolynomialChaos::collocPtsSeqSpec, NonDPolynomialChaos::collocRatio, NonD::construct_lhs(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), Model::current_response(), NonDIntegration::dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order(), NonDPolynomialChaos::dimPrefSpec, NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDPolynomialChaos::expOrderSeqSpec, NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonDPolynomialChaos::initialize_u_space_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel(), Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel(), Iterator::outputLevel(), NonDPolynomialChaos::randomSeed(), ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDPolynomialChaos::resolve_inputs(), NonDPolynomialChaos::sequenceIndex, NonDPolynomialChaos::tensorRegression, NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_ratio_to_samples(), NonD::transform_model(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

13.117.3 Member Function Documentation

void increment_specification_sequence ( ) [protected], [virtual]

increment the input specification sequence (PCE only)

default implementation is overridden by PCE

Reimplemented from NonDExpansion.

References NonDPolynomialChaos::collocPtsSeqSpec, NonDPolynomialChaos::collocRatio, SharedApproxData::data_rep(), NonDIntegration::dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order(), NonDPolynomialChaos::dimPrefSpec, SharedPecosApproxData::expansion_order(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDExpansion::expansionCoeffsApproach, NonDPolynomialChaos::expOrderSeqSpec, NonDPolynomialChaos::expSamplesSeqSpec, NonDExpansion::increment_specification_sequence(), Iterator::iterator_rep(), NonDQuadrature::mode(), Model::model_rep(), Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel(), NonDQuadrature::quadrature_order(), NonDQuadrature::samples(), Iterator::sampling_reference(), NonDPolynomialChaos::sequenceIndex, Model::shared_approximation(), Model::subordinate_iterator(), NonDPolynomialChaos::tensorRegression, NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_ratio_to_samples(), DataFitSurrModel::total_points(), NonDQuadrature::update(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

void increment_order_and_grid ( ) [protected], [virtual]

uniformly increment the order of the polynomial chaos expansion and define a consistent grid increment

Used for uniform refinement of regression-based PCE.

Reimplemented from NonDExpansion.

References SharedApproxData::data_rep(), NonDPolynomialChaos::increment_grid_from_order(), SharedPecosApproxData::increment_order(), Model::shared_approximation(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.
void increment_grid_from_order( ) [private]

define a grid increment that is consistent with an advancement in expansion order
   Used for uniform refinement of regression-based PCE.
   References NonDPolynomialChaos::collocRatio, SharedApproxData::data_rep(), SharedPecosApproxData-
   ::expansion_order(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDQuadrature::increment_grid(), Iterator::iterator-
   _rep(), NonDQuadrature::mode(), Model::model_rep(), NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel, NonDQuadrature-
   ::samples(), Iterator::sampling_reference(), Model::shared_approximation(), Model::subordinate_iterator(), Non-
   DPolynomialChaos::tensorRegression, NonDPolynomialChaos::terms_ratio_to_samples(), DataFitSurrModel::total-
   _points(), NonDQuadrature::update(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.
   Referenced by NonDPolynomialChaos::increment_order_and_grid().

void increment_order_from_grid( ) [private]

define an expansion order that is consistent with an advancement in structured/unstructured grid level/density
   Used for uniform refinement of regression-based PCE.
   References NonDPolynomialChaos::collocRatio, SharedApproxData::data_rep(), SharedPecosApproxData-
   ::expansion_order(), NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel, NonDPolynomialChaos::ratio_samples_to_order(),
   Model::shared_approximation(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.
   Referenced by NonDPolynomialChaos::append().
   The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
   • NonDPolynomialChaos.hpp
   • NonDPolynomialChaos.cpp

13.118 NonDQuadrature Class Reference

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical quadrature points for evaluation of expectation integrals over uncorrelated standard normals/uniforms/exponentials/betas/gammas.

Inheritance diagram for NonDQuadrature:

```
NonDQuadrature
  NonDIntegration
    NonD
      Iterator
      Analyzer
```

Public Member Functions

• NonDQuadrature (Model &model, const UShortArray &quad_order_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, short driver_mode)

   alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" based on a quadrature order specification
• **NonDQuadrature** (Model &model, int num_filt_samples, const RealVector &dim_pref, short driver_mode)
  
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" that generate a filtered tensor product sample set

• **NonDQuadrature** (Model &model, int num_rand_samples, int seed, const UShortArray &quad_order_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, short driver_mode)
  
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" that sample randomly from a tensor product multi-index

• void **increment_grid** ()
  
  increment SSG level/TPQ order

• void **update** ()
  
  propagate any numSamples updates and/or grid updates/increments

• const Pecos::UShortArray & **quadrature_order** () const
  
  return Pecos::TensorProductDriver::quadOrder

• void **quadrature_order** (const Pecos::UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  
  set dimQuadOrderRef and map to Pecos::TensorProductDriver::quadOrder

• void **samples** (size_t samples)
  
  set numSamples

• short **mode** () const
  
  return quadMode

### Protected Member Functions

• **NonDQuadrature** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  constructor

• ~**NonDQuadrature** ()
  
  destructor

• void **initialize_grid** (const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &poly_basis)

• void **get_parameter_sets** (Model &model)
  
  Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)

• void **reset** ()
  
  restore initial state for repeated sub-iterator executions

• void **sampling_reset** (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)

• void **increment_grid_preference** (const RealVector &dim_pref)
  
  increment SSG level/TPQ order and update anisotropy

• void **increment_specification_sequence** ()
  
  increment sequenceIndex and update active orders/levels

• int **num_samples** () const

### Private Member Functions

• void **increment_grid** (UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  
  convenience function used to make increment_grid() more modular

• void **increment_grid_preference** (const RealVector &dim_pref, UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  
  convenience function used to make increment_grid_preference() more modular

• void **compute_minimum_quadrature_order** (size_t min_samples, const RealVector &dim_pref, UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
calculate smallest dim_quad_order with at least min_samples

- void filter_parameter_sets()
  prune allSamples back to size numSamples, retaining points with highest product weight

- void update_anisotropic_order(const RealVector &dim_pref, UShortArray &quad_order_ref)
  update quad_order_ref based on an updated dimension preference, enforcing previous values as a lower bound

- void initialize_dimension_quadrature_order(unsigned short quad_order_spec, const RealVector &dim_pref_spec, UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  initialize dim_quad_order from quad_order_spec and dim_pref_spec

- void increment_dimension_quadrature_order(UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  increment each dim_quad_order entry by 1

- void increment_dimension_quadrature_order(const RealVector &dimpref, UShortArray &dim_quad_order)
  increment the dim_quad_order entry with maximum preference by 1 and then rebalance

**Private Attributes**

- Pecos::TensorProductDriver * tpqDriver
  convenience pointer to the numIntDriver representation

- bool nestedRules
  for studies involving refinement strategies, allow for use of nested quadrature rules such as Gauss-Patterson

- UShortArray quadOrderSeqSpec
  a sequence of scalar quadrature orders, one per refinement level

- UShortArray dimQuadOrderRef
  reference point for Pecos::TensorProductDriver::quadOrder: the original user specification for the number of Gauss points per dimension, plus any refinements posted by increment_grid()

- short quadMode
  point generation mode: FULL_TENSOR, FILTERED_TENSOR, RANDOM_TENSOR

- size_t numSamples
  size of a subset of tensor quadrature points (filtered based on product weight or sampled uniformly from the tensor multi-index); used by the regression PCE approach known as “probabilistic collocation”

- int randomSeed
  seed for the random number generator used in sampling of the tensor multi-index

**Additional Inherited Members**

### 13.118.1 Detailed Description

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional numerical quadrature points for evaluation of expectation integrals over uncorrelated standard normals/uniforms/exponentials/betas/gammas.

This class is used by NonDPolynomialChaos, but could also be used for general numerical integration of moments. It employs Gauss-Hermite, Gauss-Legendre, Gauss-Laguerre, Gauss-Jacobi and generalized Gauss–Laguerre quadrature for use with normal, uniform, exponential, beta, and gamma density functions and integration bounds. The abscissas and weights for one-dimensional integration are extracted from the appropriate Orthogonal-Polynomial class and are extended to n-dimensions using a tensor product approach.
13.118.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDQuadrature ( Model & model, const UShortArray & quad_order_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, short driver_mode )

alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" based on a quadrature order specification
This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of numerical quadrature points.
References NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, and NonDQuadrature::tpqDriver.

NonDQuadrature ( Model & model, int num_filt_samples, const RealVector & dim_pref, short driver_mode )
alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" that generate a filtered tensor product sample set
This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of filtered tensor quadrature points.
References NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, and NonDQuadrature::tpqDriver.

NonDQuadrature ( Model & model, int num_rand_samples, int seed, const UShortArray & quad_order_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, short driver_mode )
alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" that sample randomly from a tensor product multi-index
This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of random sampling from a tensor quadrature multi-index.
References NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, and NonDQuadrature::tpqDriver.

NonDQuadrature ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]
constructor
This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes
has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification. It is not currently
used, as there is not yet a separate nond_quadrature method specification.
References NonDIntegration::check_variables(), Iterator::convergenceTol, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxIterations, NonD::natafTransform, NonDQuadrature::nestedRules, NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, NonDQuadrature::reset(), and NonDQuadrature::tpqDriver.

13.118.3 Member Function Documentation

void initialize_grid ( const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> & poly_basis ) [protected], [virtual]
Used in combination with alternate NonDQuadrature constructor.
Implements NonDIntegration.
References Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonDQuadrature::nestedRules, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDQuadrature::numSamples, NonDQuadrature::quadMode, NonDQuadrature::reset(), NonDQuadrature::tpqDriver, and NonDQuadrature::update().

void sampling_reset ( int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag ) [protected], [virtual]
used by DataFitSurrModel::build_global() to publish the minimum number of points needed from the quadrature routine in order to build a particular global approximation.
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References NonDQuad::compute_minimum_quadrature_order(), NonDIntegration::dimPrefSpec, NonDQuad::dimQuadOrderRef, NonDQuad::nestedRules, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, and NonDQuad::tpqDriver.
Referenced by NonDQuad::update()!

```
int num_samples() const [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```
Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDQuad::numSamples, NonDQuad::quadMode, and NonDQuad::tpqDriver.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDQuad.hpp
- NonDQuad.cpp

13.119 NonDQUESOBayesCalibration Class Reference
Bayesian inference using the QUESO library from UT Austin.
Inheritance diagram for NonDQUESOBayesCalibration:

```
NonDQUESOBayesCalibration
  NonDBayesCalibration
    NonDCalibration
      NonD
        Analyzer
          Iterator
```

Public Member Functions
- **NonDQUESOBayesCalibration** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  _standard constructor_
- **~NonDQUESOBayesCalibration** ()
  
  _destructor_

Protected Member Functions
- **void quantify_uncertainty** ()
  
  _redefined from DakotaNonD_
• void print\_results (std::ostream &s)
  redefined from DakotaAnalyzer
• void init\_queso\_environment ()
  initialize the QUESO FullEnvironment on the Dakota MPIComm
• void init\_precond\_request\_value ()
  initialize the ASV value for preconditioned cases
• void init\_queso\_solver ()
  define variables, options, likelihood callback, and inverse problem
• void precondition\_proposal ()
  use derivative information from the emulator to define the proposal covariance (inverse of misfit Hessian)
• void run\_queso\_solver ()
  perform the MCMC process
• void run\_chain\_with\_restarting ()
  short term option to restart the MCMC chain with updated proposal density computed from the emulator at a new starting point
• void compute\_statistics ()
  compute chain statistics for final MCMC chain
• void export\_chain (size\_t update\_cntr)
  export the acceptance chain in user space
• void accumulate\_chain (size\_t update\_cntr)
  accumulate unique samples drawn from the acceptance chain
• void aggregate\_acceptance\_chain (size\_t update\_cntr, RealMatrix &accept\_chain)
  accumulate the acceptance chain across multiple restart cycles
• void filter\_chain\_by\_probability (size\_t update\_cntr, unsigned short batch\_size)
  extract batch\_size points from the MCMC chain and store final aggregated set within allSamples; unique points with highest posterior probability are selected
• void filter\_chain\_by\_conditioning (size\_t update\_cntr, unsigned short batch\_size)
  extract batch\_size points from the MCMC chain and store final aggregated set within allSamples; unique points with best conditioning are selected, as determined by pivoted LU
• void chain\_to\_local (unsigned short batch\_size, std::map<Real, size_t> &local\_best)
  store indices of best batch\_size samples from the current MCMC chain within the local\_best array
• void local\_to\_aggregated (unsigned short batch\_size, const std::map<Real, size_t> &local\_best)
  update best\_Samples aggregation using new contributions from the current MCMC chain
• void aggregated\_to\_all ()
  following aggregation cycles, copy best\_Samples to all\_Samples
• void local\_to\_all (const std::map<Real, size_t> &local\_best)
  in the absence of aggregation cycles, copy local\_best to all\_Samples
• void update\_center ()
  update the starting point for a restarted MCMC chain using last point from previous chain
• void update\_model ()
  evaluates all\_Samples on iteratedModel and update the mcmcModel emulator with all\{Samples,Responses\}
• Real assess\_emulator\_convergence ()
  compute the L2 norm of the change in emulator coefficients
• void init\_parameter\_domain ()
initialize the QUESO parameter space, min, max, initial, and domain

- void prior_proposal_covariance()
  use covariance of prior distribution for setting proposal covariance

- void user_proposal_covariance(const String &input_fmt, const RealVector &cov_data, const String &cov_filename)
  set proposal covariance from user-provided diagonal or matrix

- void validate_proposal()

- void set_ip_options()
  set inverse problem options callIpOptionsValues common to all solvers

- void set_mh_options()
  set MH-specific inverse problem options callIpMhOptionsValues

- void update_chain_size(unsigned int size)
  update MH-specific inverse problem options callIpMhOptionsValues

- void copy_gsl(const QUESO::GslVector &qv, RealVector &rv)
  local copy data utility from GslVector to RealVector

- void copy_gsl(const RealVector &rv, QUESO::GslVector &qv)
  local copy data utility from RealVector to GslVector

- void copy_gsl_partial(const QUESO::GslVector &qv, size_t start, RealVector &rv)
  local copy data utility from portion of GslVector to RealVector

- void copy_gsl_partial(const RealVector &rv, QUESO::GslVector &qv, size_t start)
  local copy data utility from RealVector to portion of GslVector

- void copy_gsl(const QUESO::GslVector &qv, RealMatrix &rm, int i)
  local copy data utility from GslVector to column in RealMatrix

- bool equal_gsl(const QUESO::GslVector &qv1, const QUESO::GslVector &qv2)
  equality tester for two GslVectors

Static Protected Member Functions

- static double dakotaLogLikelihood(const QUESO::GslVector &paramValues, const QUESO::GslVector *paramDirection, const void *functionDataPtr, QUESO::GslVector *gradVector, QUESO::GslMatrix *hessianMatrix, QUESO::GslVector *hessianEffect)
  Log Likelihood function for call-back from QUESO to DAKOTA for evaluation.

Protected Attributes

- String mcmcType
  MCMC type ("dram" or "delayed_rejection" or "adaptive_metropolis" or "metropolis_hastings" or "multilevel", within QUESO)

- short precondRequestValue
  the active set request value to use in proposal preconditioning

- bool logitTransform
  flag indicating user activation of logit transform option

- std::ofstream exportMCMCStream
  output file stream for the MCMC chain (active based on output verbosity)

- String exportMCMCFilename
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

output filename for the MCMC chain

- short exportMCMCFormat
  output formatting options for MCMC export

Private Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::EnvOptionsValues > envOptionsValues
  options for setting up the QUESO Environment

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::FullEnvironment > quesoEnv
  top-level QUESO Environment

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::VectorSpace
    < QUESO::GslVector,
      QUESO::GslMatrix > > paramSpace
  QUESO parameter space based on number of calibrated parameters.

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::BoxSubset
    < QUESO::GslVector,
      QUESO::GslMatrix > > paramDomain
  QUESO parameter domain: hypercube based on min/max values.

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::GslVector > paramInitials
  initial parameter values at which to start chain

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::GslMatrix > proposalCovMatrix
  proposal covariance for DRAM

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::SipOptionsValues > callIpOptionsValues
  general inverse problem options

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::MhOptionsValues > callIpMhOptionsValues
  MH-specific inverse problem options.

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::GenericScalarFunction
    < QUESO::GslVector,
      QUESO::GslMatrix > > likelihoodFunctionObj

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::BaseVectorRV
    < QUESO::GslVector,
      QUESO::GslMatrix > > priorRv

- boost::shared_ptr
  < QUESO::GenericVectorRV
    < QUESO::GslVector,
      QUESO::GslMatrix > > postRv
**NONDQUESOBAYESESCALIBRATION CLASS REFERENCE**

- boost::shared_ptr
  - QUESO::StatisticalInverseProblem
  - QUESO::GslVector,
  - QUESO::GslMatrix > > inverseProb
- RealMatrix acceptanceChain
  - accumulation of acceptance chain across restarts TO DO: retire once restarts are retired
- RealVectorArray uniqueSamples
  - container for aggregating unique MCMC sample points collected across multiple (restarted) chains
- std::map< Real, QUESO::GslVector > bestSamples
  - container for managing best MCMC samples (points and associated log posterior) collected across multiple (restarted) chains
- RealVectorArray prevCoeffs
  - cache previous expansion coefficients for assessing convergence of emulator refinement process
- RealVector mapSoln
  - store MAP estimate for warm-starting pre-solves

**Static Private Attributes**

- static NonDQUESOBayesCalibration * nonDQUESOInstance
  - Pointer to current class instance for use in static callback functions.

**Additional Inherited Members**

**13.119.1 Detailed Description**

Bayesian inference using the QUESO library from UT Austin.

This class provides a wrapper to the QUESO library developed as part of the Predictive Science Academic Alliance Program (PSAAP), specifically the PECOS (Predictive Engineering and Computational Sciences) Center at UT Austin. The name QUESO stands for Quantification of Uncertainty for Estimation, Simulation, and Optimization.

**13.119.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

NonDQUESOBayesCalibration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::assign_rep(), NonDCalibration::calibrationData, NonDBayesCalibration::chainStatsSampler, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::init_queso_environment(), NonDBayesCalibration::mcmcModel, and NonDBayesCalibration::obsErrorMultiplierMode.

**13.119.3 Member Function Documentation**

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]

defined from DakotaNonD

Perform the uncertainty quantification

Implements NonD.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonDBayesCalibration::adaptPosteriorRefine, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::assess_emulator_convergence(), Analyzer::compactMode, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::compute_statistics(), Iterator::convergenceTol, NonDBayesCalibration::emulatorType, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::init_parameter_domain(), NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::init_precond_request_value(), NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::init_queso_solver(), NonDBayesCalibration::initialize_model(), NonDBayesCalibration::invGammaDists, Iterator::maxIterations, NonDBayesCalibration::nonDBayesInstance, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::nonDQUESOInstance, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDBayesCalibration::numHyperparams, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::paramInitials, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::paramSpace, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::precondRequestValue, NonDBayesCalibration::prior_cholesky_factorization(), NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::prior_proposal_covariance(), NonDBayesCalibration::proposalCovarData, NonDBayesCalibration::proposalCovarFilename, NonDBayesCalibration::proposalCovMatrix, NonDBayesCalibration::proposalCovarInputType, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::proposalCovarType, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::proposalCovMatrix, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::run_chain_with_restarting(), NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::update_model(), and NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::user_proposal_covariance().

```cpp
void prior_proposal_covariance( ) [protected]
```

use covariance of prior distribution for setting proposal covariance
Must be called after paramMins/paramMaxs set above
References NonD::natafTransform, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Iterator::outputLevel, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::proposalCovMatrix, and NonDBayesCalibration::standardizedSpace.
Referenced by NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::quantify_uncertainty().

```cpp
void user_proposal_covariance( const String & input_fmt, const RealVector & cov_data, const String & cov_filename ) [protected]
```

set proposal covariance from user-provided diagonal or matrix
This function will convert user-specified cov_type = "diagonal" | "matrix" data from either cov_data or cov_filename and populate a full QUESO::GslMatrix* in proposalCovMatrix with the covariance.
References Analyzer::numContinuousVars, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::proposalCovMatrix, and NonDBayesCalibration::standardizedSpace.
Referenced by NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::quantify_uncertainty().

```cpp
void set_ip_options( ) [protected]
```

set inverse problem options callIpOptionsValues common to all solvers
set inverse problem options common to all solvers
References NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::callIpOptionsValues.
Referenced by NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::init_queso_solver().

### 13.119.4 Member Data Documentation

**bool logitTransform [protected]**

flag indicating user activation of logit transform option
this option is useful for preventing rejection or resampling for out-of-bounds samples by transforming bounded domains to [-inf,inf].
Referenced by NonDQUESOBayesCalibration::set_mh_options().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDQUESOBayesCalibration.hpp
- NonDQUESOBayesCalibration.cpp
13.120 NonDReliability Class Reference

Base class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

Inheritance diagram for NonDReliability:

```
NonDReliability
 |     /
 |    /
 |   /
NonDGlobalReliability NonDLocalReliability
```

Protected Member Functions

- NonDReliability (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  constructor
- ~NonDReliability()
  destructor
- void initialize_graphics (int iterator_server_id=1)
  initialize graphics customized for reliability methods
- const Model & algorithm_space_model() const

Protected Attributes

- Model uSpaceModel
  Model representing the limit state in u-space, after any recastings and data fits.
- Model mppModel
  RecastModel which formulates the optimization subproblem: RIA, PMA, EGO.
- Iterator mppOptimizer
  Iterator which optimizes the mppModel.
- unsigned short mppSearchType
  the MPP search type selection: MV, x/u-space AMV, x/u-space AMV+, x/u-space TANA, x/u-space EGO, or NO A-PROX
- Iterator importanceSampler
  importance sampling instance used to compute/refine probabilities
- unsigned short integrationRefinement
  integration refinement type (NO_INT_REFINE, IS, AIS, or MMAIS) provided by refinement specification
- size_t numRelAnalyses
  number of invocations of quantify_uncertainty()
- size_t approxIters
number of approximation cycles for the current respFnCount/levelCount

- bool approxConverged
  indicates convergence of approximation-based iterations

- int respFnCount
  counter for which response function is being analyzed

- size_t levelCount
  counter for which response/probability level is being analyzed

- size_t statCount
  counter for which final statistic is being computed

- bool pmaMaximizeG
  flag indicating maximization of G(u) within PMA formulation

- Real requestedTargetLevel
  the \{response, reliability, generalized reliability\} level target for the current response function

Additional Inherited Members

13.120.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the reliability methods within DAKOTA/UQ.

The NonDReliability class provides a base class for NonDLocalReliability, which implements traditional
MPP-based reliability methods, and NonDGlobalReliability, which implements global limit state search using
Gaussian process models in combination with multimodal importance sampling.

13.120.2 Member Function Documentation

const Model & algorithm.space_model ( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]

default definition that gets redefined in selected derived Minimizers
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDReliability::uSpaceModel.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDReliability.hpp
- NonDReliability.cpp

13.121 NonDRKDDarts Class Reference

Base class for the Recursive k-d Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
Inheritance diagram for NonDRKDDarts:
Public Member Functions

- `NonDRKDarts (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  constructor
- `~NonDRKDarts ()`
  destructor
- `void quantify_uncertainty ()`

Protected Member Functions

- `void pre_run ()`
  generate samples
- `void initiate_random_number_generator (unsigned long x)`
- `double generate_a_random_number ()`
- `void init_rkd_darts ()`
- `void create_rkd_containers (size_t expected_num_samples)`
- `void execute ()`
  perform the evaluate parameter sets portion of run void quantify_uncertainty();
- `void create_initial_children (size_t parent)`
- `void create_new_sample (size_t parent, size_t left, size_t right, double position)`
- `void improve_parent_evaluation (size_t parent)`
- `void evaluate_1d_surrogate (size_t parent)`
- `double get_surrogate_interp_error (size_t parent)`
- `double estimate_surrogate_evaluation_err (size_t parent)`
- `void get_children (size_t parent, size_t *children)`
- `void get_neighbors (size_t sample, size_t &num_neighbors, size_t *neighbors)`
- `double interpolate_lagrange (size_t num_data_points, double *data_x, double *data_f, double x)`
- `double integrate_legendre_gauss (double xmin, double xmax, size_t num_data_points, double *data_x, double *data_f, double &err_est)`
- `double f_true (double *x)`
- `void initialize_surrogates ()`
- `void compute_response (double *x)`
- `void add_surrogate_data (const Variables &vars, const Response &resp)`
- `void build_surrogate ()`
- `double eval_surrogate (size_t fn_index, double *vin)`
• void estimate_rkd_surrogate ()
• void post_run (std::ostream &s)

• void print_integration_results (std::ostream &s)
• void exit_rkd_darts ()
• void destroy_rkd_containers ()

Protected Attributes
• int samples
• int seed
• int emulatorSamples
• double Q [1220]
• int indx
• double cc
• double c
• double zc
• double zx
• double zy
• size_t qlen

Private Attributes
• double * _I_RKD
• bool _eval_error
• size_t _test_function
• size_t _num_inserted_points
• size_t _num_dim
• size_t _num_samples
• size_t _max_num_samples
• size_t _num_evaluations
• size_t _evaluation_budget
• size_t _max_num_neighbors
• double _bounding_box_volume
• double _discont_jump_threshold
• double * _xmin
• double * _xmax
• double ** _fval
• size_t * _sample_dim
• size_t * _sample_parent
• size_t * _sample_first_child
• size_t * _sample_num_children
• size_t * _sample_left
• size_t * _sample_right
• double * _sample_coord
• double * _sample_value
• double * _sample_left_interp_err
13.122. NONDSAMPLING CLASS REFERENCE

- double * _sample_right_interp_err
- double * _sample_left_ev_err
- double * _sample_right_ev_err

Additional Inherited Members

13.121.1 Detailed Description
Base class for the Recursive k-d Dart methods within DAKOTA/UQ.
The NonDRKDDart class recursively implements the numerical integration of a domain based on k-d flat samples.

13.121.2 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty() [virtual]
Loop over the set of samples and compute responses.
Implements NonD.
References NonDRKDDarts::execute().

void pre_run() [protected], [virtual]
generate samples
Generate Parameter Sets.
Reimplemented from Iterator.

void post_run(std::ostream & s) [protected], [virtual]
generate statistics
Print function evaluation summary, and integration results.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References Iterator::iteratedModel, and Model::print_evaluation_summary().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
- NonDRKDDarts.hpp
- NonDRKDDarts.cpp

13.122 NonDSampling Class Reference
Base class for common code between NonDLHSSampling, NonDIncremLHSSampling, and NonDAdaptImpSampling.
Inheritance diagram for NonDSampling:

Initiator
Analyzer
NonD
NonDSampling
Public Member Functions

- **NonDSampling** (Model &model, const RealMatrix &sample_matrix)
  
  alternate constructor for evaluating and computing statistics for the provided set of samples

- **void compute_statistics** (const RealMatrix &vars_samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_samples)
  
  For the input sample set, computes mean, standard deviation, and probability/reliability/response levels (aleatory uncertainties) or intervals (epistemic or mixed uncertainties)

- **void compute_intervals** (RealRealPairArray &extreme_fns)
  
  called by compute_statistics() to calculate min/max intervals using allResponses

- **void compute_intervals** (const IntResponseMap &samples)
  
  called by compute_statistics() to calculate extremeValues from samples

- **void compute_intervals** (RealRealPairArray &extreme_fns, const IntResponseMap &samples)
  
  called by compute_statistics() to calculate min/max intervals using samples

- **void compute_moments** (const IntResponseMap &samples)
  
  called by compute_statistics() to calculate sample moments and confidence intervals

- **void compute_level_mappings** (const IntResponseMap &samples)
  
  called by compute_statistics() to calculate CDF/CCDF mappings of z to p/beta and of p/beta to z as well as PDFs

- **void print_statistics** (std::ostream &s) const
  
  prints the statistics computed in compute_statistics()

- **void print_intervals** (std::ostream &s) const
  
  prints the intervals computed in compute_intervals() with default qoi type and moment labels

- **void print_intervals** (std::ostream &s, String qoi_type, const StringArray &interval_labels) const
  
  prints the intervals computed in compute_intervals()

- **void print_moments** (std::ostream &s) const
  
  prints the moments computed in compute_moments() with default qoi type and moment labels

- **void print_moments** (std::ostream &s, String qoi_type, const StringArray &moment_labels) const
  
  prints the moments computed in compute_moments()

- **void update_final_statistics** ()
  
  update finalStatistics from minValues/maxValues, momentStats, and computedProbLevels/computedRelLevels/computed-RespLevels

- **void compute_moments** (const RealMatrix &samples)
  
  calculates sample moments for an array of observations for a set of QoI

- **void transform_samples** (bool x_to_u=true)
  
  transform allSamples imported by alternate constructor. This is needed since random variable distribution parameters are not updated until run time and an imported sample_matrix is typically in x-space.

Protected Member Functions

- **NonDSampling** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  constructor

- **NonDSampling** (unsigned short method_name, Model &model, unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, bool vary_pattern, short sampling_vars_mode)
  
  alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation “on the fly”

- **NonDSampling** (unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)
alternate constructor for sample generation "on the fly"

- **NonDSampling** (unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String &rng, const RealVector &means, const RealVector &std_devs, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds, RealSymMatrix &correl)

  alternate constructor for sample generation of correlated normals "on the fly"

- \(~\text{NonDSampling}()\)

  destructor

- void quantify_uncertainty()

- int num_samples() const

- void sampling_reset(int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)

  resets number of samples and sampling flags

- void sampling_reference(int samples_ref)

  set reference number of samples, which is a lower bound during reset

- unsigned short sampling_scheme() const

  return sampleType

- void vary_pattern(bool pattern_flag)

  set varyPattern

- void get_parameter_sets(Model &model)

  Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of samples from the distributions/bounds defined in the incoming model.

- void get_parameter_sets(const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)

  Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of uniform samples over lower_bnds/upper_bnds.

- void get_parameter_sets(const RealVector &means, const RealVector &std_devs, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds, RealSymMatrix &correl)

  Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of normal samples.

- void update_model_from_sample(Model &model, const Real *sample_vars)

  Override default update of continuous vars only.

- void sample_to_variables(const Real *sample_vars, Variables &vars)

  override default mapping of continuous variables only

- void variables_to_sample(const Variables &vars, Real *sample_vars)

- void initialize_lhs(bool write_message)

  increments numLHSRuns, sets random seed, and initializes lhsDriver

- void view_design_counts(const Model &model, size_t &num_cdv, size_t &num_ddiv, size_t &num_ddsv, size_t &num_ddrv) const

  compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

- void view_aleatory_uncertain_counts(const Model &model, size_t &num_cauv, size_t &num_dauiv, size_t &num_dausv, size_t &num_daurv) const

  compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

- void view_epistemic_uncertain_counts(const Model &model, size_t &num_ceuv, size_t &num_deuiv, size_t &num_deusv, size_t &num_deurv) const

  compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

- void view_uncertain_counts(const Model &model, size_t &num_cuv, size_t &num_duiv, size_t &num_dusv, size_t &num_durv) const
compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

- void view_state_counts (const Model &model, size_t &num_csv, size_t &num_dsv, size_t &num_dssv, size_t &num_drv) const
  
  compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

- void mode_counts (const Model &model, size_t &cv_start, size_t &num_cv, size_t &div_start, size_t &num_div, size_t &dsv_start, size_t &num_dsv, size_t &drv_start, size_t &num_drv) const
  
  compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model

Protected Attributes

- const int seedSpec
  
  the user seed specification (default is 0)

- int randomSeed
  
  the current seed

- const int samplesSpec
  
  initial specification of number of samples

- int samplesRef
  
  reference number of samples updated for refinement

- int numSamples
  
  the current number of samples to evaluate

- String rngName
  
  name of the random number generator

- unsigned short sampleType
  
  the sample type: default, random, lhs, < incremental random, or incremental lhs

- Pecos::LHSDriver lhsDriver
  
  the C++ wrapper for the F90 LHS library

- bool statsFlag
  
  flags computation/output of statistics

- bool allDataFlag
  
  flags update of allResponses
  < (allVariables or allSamples already defined)

- short samplingVarsMode
  
  the sampling mode: ALEATORY_UNCERTAIN{.UNIFORM}, EPISTEMIC_UNCERTAIN{.UNIFORM}, UNCERTAIN{.UNIFORM}, ACTIVE{.UNIFORM}, or ALL{.UNIFORM}. This is a secondary control on top of the variables view that allows sampling over subsets of variables that may differ from the view.

- short sampleRanksMode
  
  mode for input/output of LHS sample ranks: IGNORE_RANKS, GET_RANKS, SET_RANKS, or SET_GET_RANKS

- bool varyPattern
  
  flag for generating a sequence of seed values within multiple get_parameter_sets() calls so that these executions (e.g., for SBO/SBNLS) are not repeated, but are still repeatable

- RealMatrix sampleRanks
  
  data structure to hold the sample ranks
13.122. NONDSAMPLING CLASS REFERENCE

- **SensAnalysisGlobal nonDSampCorr**
  *initialize statistical post processing*

- **bool backfillFlag**
  *flags whether to use backfill to enforce uniqueness of discrete LHS samples*

- **RealRealPairArray extremeValues**
  *Minimum and maximum values of response functions for epistemic calculations (calculated in compute_intervals()).*

**Private Attributes**

- **size_t numLHSRuns**
  *counter for number of executions of get_parameter_sets() for this object*

- **RealMatrix momentCIs**
  *Matrix of confidence internals on moments, with rows for mean_lower, mean_upper, sd_lower, sd_upper (calculated in compute_moments()).*

**Additional Inherited Members**

13.122.1 Detailed Description

Base class for common code between NonDLHSSampling, NonDIncremLHSSampling, and NonDAdaptImpSampling.

This base class provides common code for sampling methods which employ the Latin Hypercube Sampling (LHS) package from Sandia Albuquerque’s Risk and Reliability organization. **NonDSampling** now exclusively utilizes the 1998 Fortran 90 LHS version as documented in SAND98-0210, which was converted to a UNIX link library in

1. The 1970’s vintage LHS (that had been f2c’d and converted to incomplete classes) has been removed.

13.122.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**NonDSampling ( Model & model, const RealMatrix & sample_matrix )**

alternate constructor for evaluating and computing statistics for the provided set of samples

This alternate constructor defines allSamples from an incoming sample matrix.

References Analyzer::allSamples, Analyzer::compactMode, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::samplesRef, NonDSampling::samplesSpec, and Iterator::subIteratorFlag.

**NonDSampling ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model ) [protected]**

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonD::epistemicStats, NonD::initialize_final_statistics(), Iterator::max-EvalConcurrency, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::sampleType, and NonD::totalLevelRequests.
NonDSampling ( unsigned short method_name, Model & model, unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, bool vary_pattern, short sampling-vars_mode ) [protected]

alternate constructor for sample generation and evaluation "on the fly"
This alternate constructor is used for generation and evaluation of on-the-fly sample sets.
References NonD::epistemicStats, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonD::numEpistemicUncVars, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::sampleType, NonDSampling::samplingVarsMode, and Iterator::subIteratorFlag.

NonDSampling ( unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, const RealVector & lower-bnds, const RealVector & upper-bnds ) [protected]

alternate constructor for sample generation "on the fly"
This alternate constructor is used by ConcurrentStrategy for generation of uniform, uncorrelated sample sets.
References Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::sampleType, and Iterator::subIteratorFlag.

NonDSampling ( unsigned short sample_type, int samples, int seed, const String & rng, const RealVector & means, const RealVector & std devs, const RealVector & lower-bnds, const RealVector & upper-bnds, RealSymMatrix & correl ) [protected]

alternate constructor for sample generation of correlated normals "on the fly"
This alternate constructor is used by ConcurrentStrategy for generation of normal, correlated sample sets.
References Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::sampleType, and Iterator::subIteratorFlag.

13.122.3 Member Function Documentation

void compute_level_mappings ( const IntResponseMap & samples )
called by compute_statistics() to calculate CDF/CCDF mappings of z to p/beta and of p/beta to z as well as PDFs
Computes CDF/CCDF based on sample binning. A PDF is inferred from a CDF/CCDF within compute_densities() after level computation.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), NonD::archive_allocate_mappings(), NonD::archive_from_resp(), NonD::archive_to_resp(), NonD::cdfFlag, NonD::compute_densities(), NonD::computedGenRelLevels, NonD::computedProbLevels, NonD::computedRespLevels, NonD::computedRespLevels, NonD::correl, NonD::initialize_level_mappings(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonD::momentStats, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::pdfOutput, NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonD::respLevelTarget, and Model::response_labels().
Referenced by NonDExpansion::compute_numerical_statistics(), and NonDSampling::compute_statistics().

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]
Default implementation generates allResponses from either allSamples or allVariables.
Implements NonD.
References NonDSampling::allDataFlag, Analyzer::evaluate_parameter_sets(), Iterator::iteratedModel, and NonDSampling::statsFlag.

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [protected], [virtual]
Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References NonDSampling::numSamples.
Referenced by NonDAdaptImpSampling::evaluate_samples(), and NonDAdaptImpSampling::select_rep_points().

```cpp
void sampling_reset ( int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```
resets number of samples and sampling flags
used by DataFitSurrModel::build_global() to publish the minimum number of samples needed from the sampling routine (to build a particular global approximation) and to set allDataFlag and statsFlag. In this case, allDataFlag is set to true (vectors of variable and response sets must be returned to build the global approximation) and statsFlag is set to false (statistics computations are not needed).
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References NonDSampling::allDataFlag, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::samplesRef, and NonDSampling::statsFlag.

```cpp
void get_parameter_sets ( Model & model ) [protected], [virtual]
```
Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of samples from the distributions/bounds defined in the incoming model.
This version of get_parameter_sets() extracts data from the user-defined model in any of the four sampling modes.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::acv(), Model::adiv(), Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Model::all_continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::all_continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::all_discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::all_discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Analyzer::allSamples, NonDSampling::backfillFlag, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::current_variables(), Model::discrete_design_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_design_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_design_set_string_values(), Model::discrete_state_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_state_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_state_set_string_values(), Model::epistemic_distribution_parameters(), NonDSampling::initialize_lhs(), NonDSampling::lhsDriver, NonDSampling::mode_counts(), NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContStateVars, NonD::numDiscIntDesVars, NonD::numDiscIntStateVars, NonD::numDiscRealDesVars, NonD::numDiscRealStateVars, NonD::numDiscStringDesVars, NonD::numDiscStringStateVars, NonDSampling::numSamples, NonDSampling::sampleRanks, NonDSampling::samplingVarsMode, and Variables::view().
Referenced by NonDLHSampling::compute_pca(), NonDLHSampling::NonDLHSampling(), NonDLHSampling::pre_run(), NonDMultilevelSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDIncremLHSSampling::quantify_uncertainty(), and NonDAdaptImpSampling::quantify_uncertainty().

```cpp
void get_parameter_sets ( const RealVector & lower_bnds, const RealVector & upper_bnds ) [protected]
```
Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of uniform samples over lower_bnds/upper_bnds.
This version of get_parameter_sets() does not extract data from the user-defined model, but instead relies on the incoming bounded region definition. It only support a UNIFORM sampling mode, where the distinction of ACTIVE_UNIFORM vs. ALL_UNIFORM is handled elsewhere.
References Analyzer::allSamples, NonDSampling::initialize_lhs(), NonDSampling::lhsDriver, and NonDSampling::numSamples.

```cpp
void get_parameter_sets ( const RealVector & means, const RealVector & std_devs, const RealVector & lower_bnds, const RealVector & upper_bnds, RealSymMatrix & correl ) [protected]
```
Uses lhsDriver to generate a set of normal samples.
This version of \texttt{get\_parameter\_sets()} does not extract data from the user-defined model, but instead relies on the incoming definition. It only support the sampling of normal variables.

References \texttt{Analyzer::allSamples}, \texttt{NonDSampling::initialize\_lhs()}, \texttt{NonDSampling::lhsDriver}, and \texttt{NonDSampling::numSamples}.

\begin{verbatim}
void \texttt{variables\_to\_sample} ( const Variables & \texttt{vars}, Real * \texttt{sample\_vars} ) \{ \texttt{protected}, \texttt{virtual} \}
\end{verbatim}

Map the active variables from \texttt{vars} to \texttt{sample\_vars} (column in allSamples)

Reimplemented from \texttt{Analyzer}.

References \texttt{Variables::continuous\_variables()}, \texttt{Variables::discrete\_int\_variables()}, \texttt{Variables::discrete\_real\_variables()}, \texttt{Model::discrete\_set\_string\_values()}, \texttt{Variables::discrete\_string\_variables()}, \texttt{Iterator::iteratedModel}, \texttt{Analyzer::num\_Continuous\_Vars}, \texttt{Analyzer::num\_Discrete\_IntVars}, \texttt{Analyzer::num\_Discrete\_RealVars}, \texttt{Analyzer::num\_Discrete\_String\_Vars}, \texttt{Dakota::set\_value\_to\_index()}, and \texttt{Variables::view()}.

\begin{verbatim}
void \texttt{view\_design\_counts} ( const Model & \texttt{model}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_cdv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_ddiv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_ddsv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_ddrv} ) const \{ \texttt{protected} \}
\end{verbatim}

compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from \texttt{samplingVarsMode} and \texttt{model}

This function computes total design variable counts, not active counts, for use in defining offsets and counts within all variables arrays.

References \texttt{Model::current\_variables()}, \texttt{Variables::cv\_start()}, \texttt{SharedVariablesData::design\_counts()}, \texttt{Variables::div\_start()}, \texttt{Variables::drv\_start()}, \texttt{Variables::dsv\_start()}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Cont\_Des\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Int\_Des\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Real\_Des\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_String\_Des\_Vars}, \texttt{Variables::shared\_data()}, and \texttt{Variables::view()}.

Referenced by \texttt{NonDSampling::mode\_counts()}.

\begin{verbatim}
void \texttt{view\_aleatory\_uncertain\_counts} ( const Model & \texttt{model}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_cauv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_dauiv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_dausv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_daurv} ) const \{ \texttt{protected} \}
\end{verbatim}

compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from \texttt{samplingVarsMode} and \texttt{model}

This function computes total aleatory uncertain variable counts, not active counts, for use in defining offsets and counts within all variables arrays.

References \texttt{SharedVariablesData::aleatory\_uncertain\_counts()}, \texttt{Model::current\_variables()}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Cont\_Aleat\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Int\_Aleat\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Real\_Aleat\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_String\_Aleat\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{Variables::shared\_data()}, and \texttt{Variables::view()}.

Referenced by \texttt{NonDSampling::mode\_counts()}.

\begin{verbatim}
void \texttt{view\_epistemic\_uncertain\_counts} ( const Model & \texttt{model}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_ceuv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_deuiv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_deusv}, size\_t & \texttt{num\_deurv} ) const \{ \texttt{protected} \}
\end{verbatim}

compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from \texttt{samplingVarsMode} and \texttt{model}

This function computes total epistemic uncertain variable counts, not active counts, for use in defining offsets and counts within all variables arrays.

References \texttt{Model::current\_variables()}, \texttt{SharedVariablesData::epistemic\_uncertain\_counts()}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Cont\_Epist\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Int\_Epist\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_Real\_Epist\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{NonD::num\_Disc\_String\_Epist\_Unc\_Vars}, \texttt{Variables::shared\_data()}, and \texttt{Variables::view()}.

Referenced by \texttt{NonDSampling::mode\_counts()}. 
**void view_uncertain_counts ( const Model & model, size_t & num_cv, size_t & num_div, size_t & num_dsv, size_t & num_drv ) const [protected]**

compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model.

This function computes total uncertain variable counts, not active counts, for use in defining offsets and counts within all variables arrays.

References Model::current_variables(), Variables::cv(), Variables::div(), Variables::drv(), Variables::dsv(), NonD::numContAleatUncVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numDiscIntAleatUncVars, NonD::numDiscIntEpistUncVars, NonD::numDiscRealAleatUncVars, NonD::numDiscRealEpistUncVars, NonD::numDiscStringAleatUncVars, NonD::numDiscStringEpistUncVars, Variables::shared_data(), SharedVariablesData::uncertain_counts(), and Variables::view().

Referenced by NonDSampling::mode_counts().

**void mode_counts ( const Model & model, size_t & cv_start, size_t & num_cv, size_t & div_start, size_t & num_div, size_t & dsv_start, size_t & num_dsv, size_t & drv_start, size_t & num_drv ) const [protected]**

compute sampled subsets (all, active, uncertain) within all variables (acv/adiv/adrv) from samplingVarsMode and model.

This function and its helpers to follow are needed since NonDSampling supports a richer set of sampling modes than just the active variable subset. mode_counts() manages the samplingVarsMode setting, while its helper functions (view_design, aleatory_uncertain, epistemic_uncertain, uncertain_state) manage the active variables view. Similar to the computation of starts and counts in creating active variable views, the results of this function are starts and counts for use within model.all_*() set/get functions.

References Model::acv(), Model::adiv(), Model::adrv(), Model::adsv(), Model::current_variables(), Variables::cv(), Variables::cv_start(), Variables::div(), Variables::div_start(), Variables::drv(), Variables::drv_start(), Variables::dsv(), Variables::dsv_start(), NonDSampling::samplingVarsMode, NonDSampling::view_aleatory_uncertain_counts(), NonDSampling::view_design_counts(), NonDSampling::view_epistemic_uncertain_counts(), and NonDSampling::view_uncertain_counts().

Referenced by NonDSampling::compute_statistics(), NonDSampling::get_parameter_sets(), NonDLHSSampling::post_input(), NonDSampling::print_statistics(), NonDSampling::sample_to_variables(), and NonDSampling::update_model_from_sample().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDSampling.hpp
- NonDSampling.cpp

### 13.123 NonDSparseGrid Class Reference

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional Smolyak sparse grids for numerical evaluation of expectation integrals over independent standard random variables.

Inheritance diagram for NonDSparseGrid:
Public Member Functions

- `NonDSparseGrid (Model &model, const UShortArray &ssg_level_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, short exp_coeffs, soln_approach, short driver_mode, short growth_rate=Pecos::MODERATE_RESTRICTED_GROWTH, short refine_control=Pecos::NO_CONTROL, bool track uniq_prod_wts=true, bool track colloc_indices=true)`
- `void increment_grid ()
  increment ssgDriver::ssgLevel`
- `void increment_grid_weights (const RealVector &aniso_wts)
  update ssgDriver::ssgAnisoLevelWts and increment ssgDriver::ssgLevel based on specified anisotropic weighting`
- `void incrementSpecification_sequence ()
  advance to next level in ssgLevelSeqSpec sequence`
- `const std::set< UShortArray > & activeMultiIndex () const
  returns SparseGridDriver::active_multi_index()`
- `void printSmolyakMultiIndex () const
  invokes SparseGridDriver::print_smolyak_multi_index()`
- `void initializeSets ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::initialize_sets()`
- `void updateReference ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::update_reference()`
- `void incrementSet (const UShortArray &set)
  invokes SparseGridDriver::push_trial_set()`
- `int incrementSize () const
  invokes SparseGridDriver::unique_trial_points()`
- `void restoreSet ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::restore_set()`
- `void evaluateSet ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::compute_trial_grid()`
- `void decrementSet ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::pop_trial_set()`
- `void updateSets (const UShortArray &set_star)
  invokes SparseGridDriver::update_sets()"
13.123. NONDSPARSEGRID CLASS REFERENCE

- void finalize_sets (bool output_sets, bool converged_within_tol)
  invokes SparseGridDriver::finalize_sets()
- void evaluate_grid_increment ()
  invokes SparseGridDriver::evaluate_grid_increment()
- int num_samples () const

Protected Member Functions

- NonDSparseGrid (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  constructor
- ~NonDSparseGrid ()
  destructor
- void initialize_grid (const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &poly_basis)
  initialize integration grid by drawing from polynomial basis settings
- void get_parameter_sets (Model &model)
  Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)
- void reset ()
  restore initial state for repeated sub-iterator executions
- void sampling_reset (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)

Private Attributes

- Pecos::SparseGridDriver * ssgDriver
  convenience pointer to the numIntDriver representation
- UShortArray ssgLevelSeqSpec
  the user specification for the Smolyak sparse grid level, defining a sequence of refinement levels.
- unsigned short ssgLevelRef
  reference point (e.g., lower bound) for the Smolyak sparse grid level maintained within ssgDriver

Additional Inherited Members

13.123.1 Detailed Description

Derived nondeterministic class that generates N-dimensional Smolyak sparse grids for numerical evaluation of expectation integrals over independent standard random variables.

This class is used by NonDPolynomialChaos and NonDStochCollocation, but could also be used for general numerical integration of moments. It employs 1-D Clenshaw-Curtis and Gaussian quadrature rules within Smolyak sparse grids.

13.123.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDSparseGrid ( Model & model, const UShortArray & ssg_level_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, short exp_coeffs_sln_approach, short driver_mode, short growth_rate = Pecos::MODERATE_RESTRICTED_GROWTH, short refine_control = Pecos::NO_CONTROL, bool track_uniq_prod_wts = true, bool track_colloc_indices = true )

This alternate constructor is used for on-the-fly generation and evaluation of sparse grids within PCE and SC.

References NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, and NonDSparseGrid::ssgDriver.
NonDSparseGrid (ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model) [protected]

constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes
has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification. It is not currently
used, as there is not a separate sparse_grid method specification.

References Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), NonDIntegration::check_variables(), Iterator::convergence-
Tol, NonDIntegration::dimPrefSpec, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), ProblemDesc-
DB::get_ushort(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxIterations, NonD::nataf-
Transform, NonDIntegration::numIntDriver, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, NonDSparseGrid::ssg-
Driver, and NonDSparseGrid::ssgLevelRef.

13.123.3 Member Function Documentation

int num_samples() const [inline], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be
costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References NonDSparseGrid::ssgDriver.

void sampling_reset (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag) [protected], [virtual]

used by DataFitSurrModel::build_global() to publish the minimum number of points needed from the sparse grid
routine in order to build a particular global approximation.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References NonDSparseGrid::ssgDriver, and NonDSparseGrid::ssgLevelRef.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDSparseGrid.hpp
- NonDSparseGrid.cpp

13.124 NonDStochCollocation Class Reference

Nonintrusive stochastic collocation approaches to uncertainty quantification.

Inheritance diagram for NonDStochCollocation:

```
    Iterator
     |        
     v        
Analyzer
     |        
     v        
NonD
     |        
     v        
NonDExpansion
     |        
     v        
NonDStochCollocation
```
Public Member Functions

- **NonDStochCollocation (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor
- **NonDStochCollocation (Model &model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray &num_int_seq, const RealVector &dim_pref, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs)**
  alternate constructor
- **~NonDStochCollocation ()**
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- **void resolve_inputs (short &u_space_type, short &data_order)**
  perform error checks and mode overrides
- **void initialize_u_space_model ()**
  initialize uSpaceModel polynomial approximations with PCE/SC data
- **void update_expansion ()**
  update an expansion; avoids overhead in compute_expansion()
- **Real compute_covariance_metric ()**
  compute 2-norm of change in response covariance
- **Real compute_final_statistics_metric ()**
  compute 2-norm of change in final statistics

Additional Inherited Members

13.124.1 Detailed Description

Nonintrusive stochastic collocation approaches to uncertainty quantification.

The NonDStochCollocation class uses a stochastic collocation (SC) approach to approximate the effect of parameter uncertainties on response functions of interest. It utilizes the InterpPolyApproximation class to manage multidimensional Lagrange polynomial interpolants.

13.124.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDStochCollocation ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation using the ProblemDescDB.

References Response::active_set(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDExpansion::check_dimension_preference(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_check(), NonDExpansion::construct_expansion_sampler(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), NonDExpansion::construct_sparse_grid(), Model::current_response(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDExpansion::expansionCoeffsApproach, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::get_usa(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonDStochCollocation::initialize_u_space_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel, NonDExpansion::nestedRules, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numContStateVars, NonDExpansion::numSamplesOnModel, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::parallelLib, NonDExpansion::piecewiseBasis, Iterator::probDescDB, NonDExpansion::refineControl, ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDStochCollocation::resolve_inputs(), NonD::transform_model(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.
NonDStochCollocation ( Model & model, short exp_coeffs_approach, const UShortArray & num_int_seq, const RealVector & dim_pref, short u_space_type, bool piecewise_basis, bool use_derivs )

alternate constructor

This constructor is used for helper iterator instantiation on the fly.

References Response::active_set(), Model::assign_rep(), NonDExpansion::check_dimension_preference(), NonDExpansion::construct_quadrature(), NonDExpansion::construct_sparse_grid(), Model::current_response(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDExpansion::expansionCoeffsApproach, NonDExpansion::initialize(), NonDStochCollocation::initialize_u_space_model(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::outputLevel, NonDExpansion::piecewiseBasis, ActiveSet::request_values(), NonDStochCollocation::resolve_inputs(), NonD::transform_model(), and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

13.124.3 Member Function Documentation

Real compute_covariance_metric ( ) [protected], [virtual]

compute 2-norm of change in response covariance

computes the default refinement metric based on change in respCovariance

Reimplemented from NonDExpansion.

References Model::approximations(), NonDExpansion::compute_covariance_metric(), PecosApproximation::delta_covariance(), PecosApproximation::expansion_coefficient_flag(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonDExpansion::initialPtU, NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numContStateVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonDExpansion::respCovariance, and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

Real compute_final_statistics_metric ( ) [protected], [virtual]

compute 2-norm of change in final statistics

computes a "goal-oriented" refinement metric employing finalStatistics

Reimplemented from NonDExpansion.

References Model::approximations(), NonD::cdfFlag, NonDExpansion::compute_final_statistics_metric(), NonDExpansion::compute_statistics(), PecosApproximation::delta_beta(), PecosApproximation::delta_z(), PecosApproximation::expansion_coefficient_flag(), NonDExpansion::expansionBasisType, NonD::finalStatistics, Response::function_values(), NonDExpansion::initialPtU, Response::num_functions(), NonD::numContDesVars, NonD::numContEpistUncVars, NonD::numContStateVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, NonD::requestedGenRelLevels, NonD::requestedProbLevels, NonD::requestedRelLevels, NonD::requestedRespLevels, NonD::respLevelTarget, and NonDExpansion::uSpaceModel.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDStochCollocation.hpp
- NonDStochCollocation.cpp

13.125 NonDWASABIBayesCalibration Class Reference

WASABI - Weighted Adaptive Surrogate Approximations for Bayesian Inference.

Inheritance diagram for NonDWASABIBayesCalibration:
Public Member Functions

- **NonDWASABIBayesCalibration (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor
- **~NonDWASABIBayesCalibration ()**
  destructor
- **void prior_sample (RealVector &sample)**
  Sample the prior and return an array of parameter values.
- **void compute_responses (RealMatrix &samples, RealMatrix &responses)**

Static Public Member Functions

- **static void problem_size (int &chain_num, int &cr_num, int &gen_num, int &pair_num, int &par_num)**
  initializer for problem size characteristics in WASABI
- **static void problem_value (std::string *chain_filename, std::string *gr_filename, double &gr_threshold, int &jumpstep, double limits[], int par_num, int &printstep, std::string *restart_read_filename, std::string *restart_write_filename)**
  Filename and data initializer for WASABI.
- **static double prior_density (int par_num, double zp[])**
  Compute the prior density at specified point zp.

Protected Member Functions

- **void quantify_uncertainty ()**
  redefined from DakotaNonD
- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  print the final iterator results
- **void extract_selected_posterior_samples (const std::vector<int> &points_to_keep, const RealMatrix &samples_for_posterior_eval, const RealVector &posterior_density, RealMatrix &posterior_data) const**
  Extract a subset of samples for posterior eval according to the indices in points_to_keep.
- **void export_posterior_samples_to_file (const std::string filename, const RealMatrix &posterior_data) const**
  Export posterior data to file.
Protected Attributes

- RealVector dataDistMeans
  The mean of the multivariate Gaussian distribution of the obs. data.
- RealVector dataDistCovariance
  The covariance of the multivariate Gaussian distribution of the obs. data.
- std::string dataDistFilename
  The filename of the file containing the data that with density estimator defines the distribution of the obs. data.
- std::string dataDistCovType
  The type of covariance data provided ("diagonal","matrix")
- std::string posteriorSamplesImportFile
  The filename of the import file containing samples at which the posterior will be evaluated.
- unsigned short posteriorSamplesImportFormat
  Format of imported posterior samples file.
- std::string exportPosteriorDensityFile
  The filename of the export file containing an arbitrary set of samples and their corresponding density values.
- std::string exportPosteriorSamplesFile
  The filename of the export file containing samples from the posterior and their corresponding density values.
- unsigned short exportFileFormat
  Format of imported posterior samples and values file.
- bool generateRandomPosteriorSamples
  Flag specifying whether to generate random samples from the posterior.
- bool evaluatePosteriorDensity
  Flag specifying whether to evaluate the posterior density at a set of samples.
- RealVector paramMins
  lower bounds on calibrated parameters
- RealVector paramMaxs
  upper bounds on calibrated parameters
- std::vector<boost::math::uniform> priorDistributions
  uniform prior PDFs for each variable
- boost::mt19937 rnumGenerator
  random number engine for sampling the prior
- std::vector< boost::uniform_real< double >> priorSamplers
  samplers for the uniform prior PDFs for each variable

Static Private Attributes

- static NonDWASABIBayesCalibration * NonDWASABIInstance
  Pointer to current class instance for use in static callback functions.

Additional Inherited Members

13.125.1 Detailed Description

WASABI - Weighted Adaptive Surrogate Approximations for Bayesian Inference.
This class performs Bayesian calibration using the WASABI approach
13.125.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NonDWASABIBayesCalibration ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor
This constructor is called for a standard letter-envelope iterator instantiation. In this case, set_db_list_nodes
has been called and probDescDB can be queried for settings from the method specification.

13.125.3 Member Function Documentation

void quantify_uncertainty ( ) [protected], [virtual]
redefined from DakotaNonD
Perform the uncertainty quantification
Implements NonD.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(),
Dakota::copy_data(), NonDBayesCalibration::emulatorType, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::evaluatePosterior-
Density, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::export_posterior_samples_to_file(), NonDWASABIBayesCalibration-
::exportPosteriorDensityFile, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::exportPosteriorSamplesFile, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::
extract_selected_posterior_samples(), NonD::generate_system_seed(), NonDWASABIBayesCalibration-
::generateRandomPosteriorSamples, NonDBayesCalibration::initialize_model(), Iterator::iterator_rep(), NonDBayes-
Calibration::mcmcModel, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::NonDWASABIInstance, Analyzer::numContinuous-
Vars, NonDBayesCalibration::numSamples, Iterator::outputLevel, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::paramMaxs,
NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::paramMins, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::posteriorSamplesImportFile, Non-
DWASABIBayesCalibration::prior_density(), NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::prior_sample(), NonDWASAB-
IBayesCalibration::priorDistributions, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::priorSamplers, NonDBayesCalibration-
::randomSeed, NonDWASABIBayesCalibration::rnumGenerator, and NonDBayesCalibration::stochExpIterator.

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]
print the final iterator results
This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation
summary printed in finalize_run().
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References Analyzer::print_results().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonDWASABIBayesCalibration.hpp
- NonDWASABIBayesCalibration.cpp

13.126 NonlinearCGOptimizer Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for NonlinearCGOptimizer:
Public Member Functions

- **NonlinearCGOptimizer** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  standard constructor
- **~NonlinearCGOptimizer** ()
  destructor
- **Real linesearch_eval** (const Real &trial_step, short req_val=1)
  evaluate the objective function given a particular step size (public for use in boost::ls_eval functor; could use friend)

Protected Member Functions

- **void find_optimum** ()
  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

Private Member Functions

- **void parse_options** ()
  constructor helper function to parse misc_options from ProblemDescDB
- **void compute_direction** ()
  compute next direction via choice of method
- **bool compute_step** ()
  compute step: fixed, simple decrease, sufficient decrease
- **void bracket_min** (Real &xa, Real &xb, Real &xc, Real &fa, Real &fb, Real &fc)
  bracket the 1-D minimum in the linesearch
- **Real brent_minimize** (Real a, Real b, Real tol)
  Perform 1-D minimization for the stepLength using Brent’s method.

Private Attributes

- **Real initialStep**
  initial step length
- **Real linesearchTolerance**
  approximate accuracy of absisssa in LS
- unsigned linesearchType
• type of line search (if any)
  • unsigned maxLinesearchIters
    maximum evaluations in line search
• Real relFunctionTol
  stopping criterion for rel change in fn
• Real relGradientTol
  stopping criterion for rel reduction in g
• bool resetStep
  whether to reset step with each linesearch
• unsigned restartIter
  iter at which to reset to steepest descent
• unsigned updateType
  type of CG direction update
• unsigned iterCurr
  current iteration number
• RealVector designVars
  current decision variables in the major iteration
• RealVector trialVars
  decision variables in the linesearch
• Real functionCurr
  current function value
• Real functionPrev
  previous function value
• RealVector gradCurr
  current gradient
• RealVector gradPrev
  previous gradient
• RealVector gradDiff
  temporary for gradient difference (gradCurr - gradPrev)
• RealVector searchDirection
  current aggregate search direction
• Real stepLength
  current step length parameter alpha
• Real gradDotGrad_init
  initial gradient norm squared
• Real gradDotGrad_curr
  gradCurr dot gradCurr
• Real gradDotGrad_prev
  gradPrev dot gradPrev

Additional Inherited Members

13.126.1 Detailed Description

Experimental implementation of nonlinear CG optimization
13.126.2 Member Function Documentation

**Real brent_minimize ( Real a, Real b, Real tol ) [private]**

Perform 1-D minimization for the stepLength using Brent’s method.

Perform 1-D minimization for the stepLength using Brent’s method. This is a C translation of fmin.f from Netlib.

References NonlinearCGOptimizer::linesearch_eval(), NonlinearCGOptimizer::maxLinesearchIters, and Iterator::outputLevel.

Referenced by NonlinearCGOptimizer::compute_step().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- NonlinearCGOptimizer.hpp
- NonlinearCGOptimizer.cpp

13.127 NPSOLOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the NPSOL optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for NPSOLOptimizer:

```
  +-----------------+  +-----------------+
  |  Iterator       |  |  Minimizer       |
  +-----------------+  +-----------------+
                   |  |  +-----------------+
                   |  |  |  Optimizer       |
                   |  |  +-----------------+
                   |  |  |  |  SOLBase         |
                   |  |  +-----------------+
                   |  |  +-----------------+  +-----------------+
                   +-----------------+  |  +-----------------+  |
                                         |  |  |  NPSOLOptimizer  |
                                         |  +-----------------+  +-----------------+
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **NPSOLOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **NPSOLOptimizer (Model &model)**
  
  *alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name*

- **NPSOLOptimizer (Model &model, const int &derivative_level, const Real &conv_tol)**
  
  *alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

- **NPSOLOptimizer (const RealVector &initial_point, const RealVector &var_lower_bnds, const RealVector &var_upper_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_ineq_lower_bnds, const RealVector &lin_ineq_upper_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_eq_targets, const RealVector &nonlin_ineq_lower_bnds, const RealVector &nonlin_ineq_upper_bnds, const RealVector &nonlin_eq_targets, void(*user_obj_eval)(int &), int &, double *, double &, double *, int &), void(*user_con_eval)(int &), int &, int &, int &, int &, double *, double *, double *, double *, int &), const int &derivative_level, const Real &conv_tol)**
  
  *alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

- **∼NPSOLOptimizer ()**
13.127. NPSOLOPTIMIZER CLASS REFERENCE

• destructor

• void find_optimum ()

  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

Private Member Functions

• void find_optimum_on_model ()

  called by find_optimum for setUpType == "model"

• void find_optimum_on_user_functions ()

  called by find_optimum for setUpType == "user_functions"

Static Private Member Functions

• static void objective_eval (int &mode, int &n, double *x, double &f, double *gradf, int &nstate)

  OBJFUN in NPSOL manual: computes the value and first derivatives of the objective function (passed by function pointer to NPSOL).

Private Attributes

• String setUpType

  controls iteration mode: "model" (normal usage) or "user functions" (user-supplied functions mode for "on the fly" instantiations). NonDReliability currently uses the user functions mode.

• RealVector initialPoint

  holds initial point passed in for "user functions" mode.

• RealVector lowerBounds

  holds variable lower bounds passed in for "user functions" mode.

• RealVector upperBounds

  holds variable upper bounds passed in for "user functions" mode.

• void(* userObjectiveEval )(int &, int &, double *, double &, double *gradf, int &)

  holds function pointer for objective function evaluator passed in for "user functions" mode.

• void(* userConstraintEval )(int &, int &, int &, int &, int *, double *, double *, double *, int &)

  holds function pointer for constraint function evaluator passed in for "user functions" mode.

Static Private Attributes

• static NPSOLOptimizer * npsolInstance

  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.127.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the NPSOL optimization library.

The NPSOLOptimizer class provides a wrapper for NPSOL, a Fortran 77 sequential quadratic programming library from Stanford University marketed by Stanford Business Associates. It uses a function pointer approach
for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions. Any attribute used within static member functions must be either local to that function or accessed through a static pointer.

The user input mappings are as follows: max_function_evaluations is implemented directly in NPSOLOptimizer's evaluator functions since there is no NPSOL parameter equivalent, and max_iterations, convergence_tolerance, output verbosity, verify_level, function_precision, and linesearch_tolerance are mapped into NPSOL's "Major Iteration Limit", "Optimality Tolerance", "Major Print Level" (verbose: Major Print Level = 20; quiet: Major Print Level = 10), "Verify Level", "Function Precision", and "Linesearch Tolerance" parameters, respectively, using NPSOL's npoptn subroutine (as wrapped by npoptn2() from the npoptn_wrapper.f file). Refer to [Gill, P.E., Murray, W., Saunders, M.A., and Wright, M.H., 1986] for information on NPSOL's optional input parameters and the npoptn() subroutine.

13.127.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NPSOLOptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

standard constructor

This is the primary constructor. It accepts a Model reference.

References Minimizer::constraintTol, Iterator::convergenceTol, Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), ProblemDescDB::get_int(), ProblemDescDB::get_real(), Model::gradient_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, SOLBase::set_options(), Minimizer::speculativeFlag, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.

NPSOLOptimizer ( Model & model )

alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name

This is an alternate constructor which accepts a Model but does not have a supporting method specification from the ProblemDescDB.

References Minimizer::constraintTol, Iterator::convergenceTol, Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), Model::gradient_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::outputLevel, SOLBase::set_options(), Minimizer::speculativeFlag, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.

NPSOLOptimizer ( Model & model, const int & derivative_level, const Real & conv_fol )

alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

This is an alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly" using the passed in objective function and constraint function pointers.

References SOLBase::allocate_arrays(), SOLBase::allocate_workspace(), SOLBase::augment_bounds(), NPSOLOptimizer::lowerBounds, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numLinearConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, and NPSOLOptimizer::upperBounds.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
13.128 OptDartsOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for OptDarts Optimizer.

Inheritance diagram for OptDartsOptimizer:

```
  OptDartsOptimizer
     |    |
     |    | Optimizer
     |    | Minimizer
     |    |    | Iterator
```

Public Member Functions

- `OptDartsOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  Constructor.
- `OptDartsOptimizer (Model &model)`
  alternate constructor for Iterator instantiations by name
- `~OptDartsOptimizer ()`
  Destructor.
- `void find_optimum ()`
  Calls the OptDarts algorithm.

Private Member Functions

- `void load_parameters (Model &model)`
  Convenience function for Parameter loading.
- `double opt_darts_f ()`
  Function evaluation.
- `void opt_darts_execute (size_t num_dim, size_t budget, double *xmin, double *xmax, double TOL, size_t problem_index, double fw_MC, double fb_MC)`
  Run the OPT-DARTS method.
- `void opt_darts_initiate (double *xmin, double *xmax)`
  Initialize OPT-DARTS.
- `void opt_darts_reset_convex_hull ()`
- `size_t opt_darts_pick_candidate (size_t ifunc)`
  Choose the next trial iterate.
- `void retrieve_extended_neighbors (size_t icandidate)`
• void opt_darts_sample_from_candidate_neighborhood (size_t icandidate, size_t ifunc)
• void DIRECT_sample_from_candidate_neighborhood (size_t icandidate)
• void opt_darts_add_dart ()
• void opt_darts_update_K_h_approximate_Voronoi (size_t isample)
• void opt_darts_terminate ()
  
  Release memory and exit cleanly.
• void opt_darts_plot_discs_2d (size_t icandidate)
  
  Convenience function for plotting iterates.
• void opt_darts_plot_hull_2d (size_t icandidate, size_t ifunc)
  
  Convenience function for plotting convex hull.
• void initiate_random_generator (unsigned long x)
• double generate_a_random_number ()
• void sample_uniformly_from_unit_sphere_surface (double *dart, size_t num_dim)
• bool trim_line_using_Hyperplane (size_t num_dim, double *st, double *end, double *qH, double *nH)

Private Attributes

• double * _xmin
• double * _xmax
• double * _dart
• double * _st
• double * _end
• double * _tmp_point
• double * _qH
• double * _nH
• double ** _x
• double ** _xc
• double ** _f
• double ** _K
• double * _h
• double * _r
• size_t ** _neighbors
• size_t * _tmp_neighbors
• size_t * _ext_neighbors
• size_t _num_ext_neighbors
• bool _use_opt_darts
• bool _estimate_K
• size_t _ib
• size_t _num_samples
• size_t _budget
• size_t _num_dim
• double _diag
• size_t _problem_index
• double _fb
• double _fw
• double _fval
Wrapper class for OptDarts Optimizer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- OptDartsOptimizer.hpp
- OptDartsOptimizer.cpp

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.128.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for OptDarts Optimizer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- OptDartsOptimizer.hpp
- OptDartsOptimizer.cpp

### 13.129 Optimizer Class Reference

Base class for the optimizer branch of the iterator hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Optimizer:
Static Public Member Functions

- static void **not available** (const std::string &package_name)
  Static helper function: third-party opt packages which are not available.

Protected Member Functions

- **Optimizer ()**
  *default constructor*

- **Optimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  *alternate constructor; accepts a model*

- **Optimizer (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)**
  *alternate constructor for "on the fly" instantiations*

- **Optimizer (unsigned short method_name, size_t num_cv, size_t num_div, size_t num_dsv, size_t num_drv, size_t num_lin_ineq, size_t num_lin_eq, size_t num_nln_ineq, size_t num_nln_eq)**
  *alternate constructor for "on the fly" instantiations*

- **~Optimizer ()**
  *destructor*
• void initialize_run ()
• void core_run ()
  core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post
• void post_run (std::ostream &s)
• void finalize_run ()
  utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers
• void print_results (std::ostream &s)
• virtual void find_optimum ()=0
  Used within the optimizer branch for computing the optimal solution. Redefines the run virtual function for the optimizer branch.

Protected Attributes

• size_t numObjectiveFns
  number of objective functions (iterator view)
• bool localObjectiveRecast
  flag indicating whether local recasting to a single objective is used
• Optimizer * prevOptInstance
  pointer containing previous value of optimizerInstance

Static Protected Attributes

• static Optimizer * optimizerInstance
  pointer to Optimizer instance used in static member functions

Private Member Functions

• void reduce_model (bool local_nls_recast, bool require_hessians)
  Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that performs (weighted) multi-objective or sum-of-squared residuals transformation.
• void objective_reduction (const Response &full_response, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &full_wts, Response &reduced_response) const
  forward mapping: maps multiple primary response functions to a single weighted objective for single-objective optimizers

Static Private Member Functions

• static void primary_resp_reducer (const Variables &full_vars, const Variables &reduced_vars, const Response &full_response, Response &reduced_response)
  Recast callback to reduce multiple objectives or residuals to a single objective, with gradients and Hessians as needed.

Additional Inherited Members

13.129.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the optimizer branch of the iterator hierarchy.

The Optimizer class provides common data and functionality for DOTOptimizer, CONMINOptimizer, NPSOLOptimizer, SNLLOptimizer, NLPQLPOptimizer, COLINOptimizer, and JEGAOptimizer.
13.129.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void initialize_run() [protected], [virtual]
```

Implements portions of initialize_run specific to Optimizers. This function should be invoked (or reimplemented) by any derived implementations of initialize_run() (which would otherwise hide it).

- Reimplemented from `Minimizer`.
- Reimplemented in `SNLLOptimizer`, `NLPQLPOptimizer`, and `DOTOptimizer`.
- Referenced by `Minimizer::initialize_run()`, `Iterator::iteratedModel`, `myModelLayers`, `Optimizer::optimizerInstance`, `Optimizer::prevOptInstance`, and `Model::update_from_subordinate_model()`.
- Referenced by `DOTOptimizer::initialize_run()`, `CONMINOptimizer::initialize_run()`, `NLPQLPOptimizer::initialize_run()`, and `SNLLOptimizer::initialize_run()`.

```cpp
void core_run() [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

- Virtual run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.
- Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
- References `Optimizer::find_optimum()`.

```cpp
void post_run(std::ostream &s) [protected], [virtual]
```

Implements portions of post_run specific to Optimizers. This function should be invoked (or reimplemented) by any derived implementations of post_run() (which would otherwise hide it).

- Reimplemented from `Minimizer`.
- Reimplemented in `SNLLOptimizer`.
- References `Dakota::abort_handler()`, `Iterator::bestResponseArray`, `bestVariablesArray`, `Variables::continuous_variables()`, `ScalingModel::cv_scaled2native()`, `Minimizer::local_recast_retrieve()`, `Optimizer::localObjectiveRecast`, `Model::model_rep()`, `Minimizer::post_run()`, `ScalingModel::resp_scaled2native()`, `Minimizer::scaleFlag`, and `Minimizer::scalingModel`.
- Referenced by `COLINOptimizer::post_run()`, and `SNLLOptimizer::post_run()`.

```cpp
void finalize_run() [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

utility function to perform common operations following post_run(); deallocation and resetting of instance pointers

- Optional: perform finalization phases of run sequence, like deallocating memory and resetting instance pointers. Commonly used in sub-iterator executions. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s finalize_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.
- Reimplemented from `Minimizer`.
- Reimplemented in `SNLLOptimizer`.
- References `Minimizer::finalize_run()`, `Optimizer::optimizerInstance`, and `Optimizer::prevOptInstance`.
- Referenced by `SNLLOptimizer::finalize_run()`.

```cpp
void print_results(std::ostream &s) [protected], [virtual]
```

Redefines default iterator results printing to include optimization results (objective functions and constraints).

- Reimplemented from `Iterator`.
- References `Dakota::abort_handler()`, `Minimizer::archive_allocate_best()`, `Minimizer::archive_best()`, `Iterator::bestResponseArray`, `bestVariablesArray`, `Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag`, `Model::current_response()`, `Dakota::data_pairs`, `DataTransformModel::data_transform_response()`, `Minimizer::dataTransformModel`, `Response::function_values()`, `Model::interface_id()`, `Dakota::lookup_by_val()`, `Model::model_rep()`, `Model::num_functions()`, `Minimizer-
::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Minimizer::numTotalCalibTerms, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::optimizationFlag, Minimizer::original_model(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), Minimizer::print_model_resp(), and Minimizer::print_residuals().

```cpp
void reduce_model ( bool local_nls_recast, bool require_hessians ) [private]
```

Wrap iteratedModel in a RecastModel that performs (weighted) multi-objective or sum-of-squared residuals transformation.

Reduce model for least-squares or multi-objective transformation. Doesn’t map variables, or secondary responses. Maps active set for Gauss-Newton. Maps primary responses to single objective so user vs. iterated matters.

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::assign_rep(), Minimizer::calibrationDataFlag, Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Iterator::gnewton_set_recast(), Model::hessian_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::myModelLayers, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numFunctions, Minimizer::numIterPrimaryFns, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, Optimizer::numObjectiveFns, Minimizer::numTotalCalibTerms, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_type(), Optimizer::primary_resp.reducer(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), ActiveSet::request_vector(), and Response::reshape().

Referenced by Optimizer::Optimizer().

```cpp
void primary_resp_reducer ( const Variables & full_vars, const Variables & reduced_vars, const Response & full_response, Response & reduced_response ) [static], [private]
```

Recast callback to reduce multiple objectives or residuals to a single objective, with gradients and Hessians as needed.

Objective function map from multiple primary responses (objective or residuals) to a single objective. Currently supports weighted sum; may later want more general transformations, e.g., goal-oriented

References Iterator::iteratedModel, Optimizer::objective_reduction(), Optimizer::optimizerInstance, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_type(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), and Model::subordinate_model().

Referenced by Optimizer::reduce_model().

```cpp
void objective_reduction ( const Response & full_response, const BoolDeque & sense, const RealVector & full_wts, Response & reduced_response ) const [private]
```

forward mapping: maps multiple primary response functions to a single weighted objective for single-objective optimizers

This function is responsible for the mapping of multiple objective functions into a single objective for publishing to single-objective optimizers. Used in DOTOptimizer, NPSOLOptimizer, SNLLOptimizer, and SGOPTApplication on every function evaluation. The simple weighting approach (using primaryRespFnWts) is the only technique supported currently. The weightings are used to scale function values, gradients, and Hessians as needed.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Response::num_functions(), Minimizer::numConstraints, Minimizer::objective(), Minimizer::objective_gradient(), Minimizer::objective_hessian(), Iterator::outputLevel, and Dakota::write_precision.

Referenced by Optimizer::primary_resp.reducer().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaOptimizer.hpp
- DakotaOptimizer.cpp
13.130 OutputManager Class Reference

Class to manage redirection of stdout/stderr, keep track of current redir state, and manage rank 0 output. Also manage tabular data output for post-processing with Matlab, Tecplot, etc. and delegate to Graphics for X Windows Graphics.

Public Member Functions

- **OutputManager ()**
  Default constructor (needed for default environment ctors)
- **OutputManager (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts, int dakota_world_rank=0, bool dakota_mpirun_flag=false)**
  Standard constructor, taking user-specified program options and optionally taking the rank of this process in Dakota’s MPI_Comm.
- **~OutputManager ()**
  Destructor that closes streams and other outputs.
- **void close_streams ()**
  helper to close streams during destructor or abnormal abort
- **Graphics & graphics ()**
  retrieve the graphics handler object
- **void parse (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  Extract environment options from ProblemDescDB.
- **void startup_message (const String &start_msg)**
  Set the Dakota startup message (“Running on...”)
- **void push_output_tag (const String &iterator_tag, const ProgramOptions &prog_opts, bool force_cout_redirect, bool force_rst_redirect)**
  Update the tag to use on files and rebind any streams as needed.
- **String build_output_tag () const**
  return the full output tag
- **void pop_output_tag ()**
  (Potentially) remove an output context and rebind streams
- **void output_version (std::ostream &os=Cout) const**
  Output the current Dakota version.
- **void output_startup_message (std::ostream &os=Cout) const**
  Output the startup header and time.
- **void output_helper (const String &message, std::ostream &os) const**
  Output only on Dakota world rank 0 (for version, help, etc.)
- **void append_restart (const ParamResponsePair &prp)**
  append a parameter/response set to the restart file
- **void add_datapoint (const Variables &vars, const String &iface, const Response &response)**
  adds data to each window in the 2d graphics and adds a row to the tabular data file based on the results of a model evaluation
- **void create_tabular_datastream (const Variables &vars, const Response &resp)**
  initialize the tabular datastream on iterator leaders
- **void close_tabular ()**
  close tabular datastream
• void graphics_counter (int cntr)
  set graphicsCntr equal to cntr
• int graphics_counter () const
  return graphicsCntr
• void tabular_counter_label (const std::string &label)
  set tabularCntrLabel equal to label

Public Attributes

• bool graph2DFlag
  whether user requested 2D graphics plots
• bool tabularDataFlag
  whether user requested tabular data file
• bool resultsOutputFlag
  whether user requested results data output
• String tabularDataFile
  filename for tabulation of graphics data
• String resultsOutputFile
  filename for results data

Private Member Functions

• void read_write_restart (bool restart_requested, bool read_restart_flag, const String &read_restart_filename, size_t stop_restart_eval, const String &write_restart_filename)
  conditionally import evaluations from restart file, then always create or overwrite restart file

Private Attributes

• int worldRank
  output manager handles rank 0 only output when needed
• bool mpiRunFlag
  some output is only for MPI runs
• StringArray fileTags
  set of tags for various input/output files (default none)
• bool redirCalled
  temporary variable to prevent recursive tagging initially
• ConsoleRedirector coutRedirector
  set of redirections for Dakota::Cout; stores any tagged filename when there are concurrent Iterators
• ConsoleRedirector cerrRedirector
  set of redirections for Dakota::Cerr; stores any tagged filename when there are concurrent Iterators and error redirection is requested
• std::vector< boost::shared_ptr
  < RestartWriter > > > restartDestinations
  Stack of active restart destinations; end is the last (active) redirection. All remain open until popped or destroyed.
• String startupMessage
• Graphics dakotaGraphics
graphics and tabular data output handler used by meta-iterators, models, and approximations; encapsulated here
so destroyed with the OutputManager

• unsigned short tabularFormat
tabular format options; see enum

• int graphicsCntr
used for x axis values in 2D graphics and for 1st column in tabular data

• std::ofstream tabularDataFStream
file stream for tabulation of graphics data within compute_response

• std::string tabularCntrLabel
label for counter used in first line comment w/i the tabular data file

• short outputLevel
output level (for debugging only; not passed in)

13.130.1 Detailed Description
Class to manage redirection of stdout/stderr, keep track of current redir state, and manage rank 0 output. Also
manage tabular data output for post-processing with Matlab, Tecplot, etc. and delegate to Graphics for X Windows Graphics.

13.130.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
OutputManager ( const ProgramOptions & prog_opts, int dakota_world_rank = 0, bool dakota_mpirun_flag = false )
Standard constructor, taking user-specified program options and optionally taking the rank of this process in
Dakota’s MPI_Comm.
Only get minimal information off ProgramOptions as may be updated later by broadcast.
References OutputManager::cerrRedirector, OutputManager::coutRedirector, ProgramOptions::error_file(), OutputManager::mpirunFlag, ProgramOptions::output_file(), OutputManager::outputLevel, ConsoleRedirector::push_back(), Dakota::start_dakota_heartbeat(), ProgramOptions::user_stderr_redirect(), ProgramOptions::user_stdout_redirect(), and OutputManager::worldRank.

13.130.3 Member Function Documentation
void pop_output_tag ( )
(Potentially) remove an output context and rebind streams
For now this assumes the tag is <int>
References OutputManager::build_output_tag(), OutputManager::cerrRedirector, OutputManager::coutRedirector, OutputManager::fileTags, OutputManager::outputLevel, ConsoleRedirector::pop_back(), OutputManager::restart_Destinations, and OutputManager::worldRank.
Referenced by ParallelLibrary::pop_output_tag().
void add_datapoint ( const Variables & vars, const String & iface, const Response & response )

adds data to each window in the 2d graphics and adds a row to the tabular data file based on the results of a model evaluation. Adds data to each 2d plot and each tabular data column (one for each active variable and for each response function). graphicsCntr is used for the x axis in the graphics and the first column in the tabular data.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), Graphics::add_datapoint(), OutputManager::dakotaGraphics, OutputManager::graphicsCntr, OutputManager::tabularDataStream, and OutputManager::tabularFormat.

Referenced by Model::compute_response(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates(), Model::synchronize(), and Model::synchronize_nowait().

void create_tabular_datastream ( const Variables & vars, const Response & response )

initialize the tabular datastream on iterator leaders.

Opens the tabular data file stream and prints headings, one for each active continuous and discrete variable and one for each response function, using the variable and response function labels. This tabular data is used for post-processing of DAKOTA results in Matlab, Tecplot, etc.

References OutputManager::build_output_tag(), OutputManager::tabularDataFile, OutputManager::tabularDataStream, and OutputManager::tabularFormat.

Referenced by SurrBasedMinimizer::initialize_graphics(), and Iterator::initialize_graphics().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- OutputManager.hpp
- OutputManager.cpp

13.131 OutputWriter Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- OutputWriter (std::ostream * output_stream)
  ostream constructor; used to construct a writer to existing stream, e.g., std::cout
- OutputWriter (const String & output_filename)
  file redirect constructor; opens an overwriting file stream to given name
- const String & filename () const
  the (possibly empty) file name for this stream
- std::ostream * output_stream ()
  a pointer to the stream, either cout/cerr or a file

Protected Attributes

- String outputFilename
  the name of the output file (empty when constructed from pointer)
- std::ofstream outputFS
  file output stream for console text; only open if string non-empty
- std::ostream * outputStream
  pointer to the stream for this writer
13.131.1 Detailed Description

Component to manage a redirected output or error stream

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- OutputManager.hpp
- OutputManager.cpp

13.132 ParallelConfiguration Class Reference

Container class for a set of ParallelLevel list iterators that collectively identify a particular multilevel parallel configuration.

Public Member Functions

- ParallelConfiguration ()
  default constructor
- ParallelConfiguration (const ParallelConfiguration &pl)
  copy constructor
- ~ParallelConfiguration()
  destructor
- ParallelConfiguration & operator= (const ParallelConfiguration &pl)
  assignment operator
- const ParallelLevel & w_parallel_level () const
  return the ParallelLevel corresponding to miPLIters.front()
- const ParallelLevel & mi_parallel_level (size_t index=NPOS) const
  return the ParallelLevel corresponding to miPLIter[index]
- const ParallelLevel & ie_parallel_level () const
- const ParallelLevel & ea_parallel_level () const
- bool w_parallel_level_defined () const
  test for definition of world parallel level
- bool mi_parallel_level_defined (size_t index=NPOS) const
  test for definition of meta-iterator-iterator parallel level
- bool ie_parallel_level_defined () const
  test for definition of iterator-evaluation parallel level
- bool ea_parallel_level_defined () const
  test for definition of evaluation-analysis parallel level
- ParLevLIter w_parallel_level_iterator () const
  return miPLIter.front()
- ParLevLIter mi_parallel_level_iterator (size_t index=NPOS) const
  return miPLIter[index]
- ParLevLIter ie_parallel_level_iterator () const
  return iePLIter
Container class for a set of ParallelLevel list iterators that collectively identify a particular multilevel parallel configuration.

Rather than containing the multilevel parallel configuration directly, ParallelConfiguration instead provides a set of list iterators which point into a combined list of ParallelLevels. This approach allows different configurations to reuse ParallelLevels without copying them. A list of ParallelConfigurations is contained in ParallelLibrary (ParallelLibrary::parallelConfigurations).
13.132.2 Member Function Documentation

\[ \text{const ParallelLevel & mi\_parallel\_level ( size\_t index = \_NPOS ) const } \] [inline]

return the ParallelLevel corresponding to miPLIters[index]
If a meaningful index is not provided, return the last mi parallel level. This is useful within the Model context,
for which we need the lowest level partition after any meta-iterator recursions.
References Dakota::NPOS, and ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters.
Referenced by ApplicationInterface::set_evaluation_communicators().

\[ \text{ParLevLIter mi\_parallel\_level\_iterator ( size\_t index = \_NPOS ) const } \] [inline]

return miPLIters[index]
If a meaningful index is not provided, return the last mi parallel level. This is useful within the Model context,
for which we need the lowest level partition after any meta-iterator recursions.
References Dakota::NPOS, and ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:
• ParallelLibrary.hpp

13.133 ParallelDirectApplicInterface Class Reference

Sample derived interface class for testing parallel simulator plug-ins using assign_rep().
Inheritance diagram for ParallelDirectApplicInterface:

```
  Interface
   |
   | ApplicationInterface
   |
   | DirectApplicInterface
   |
   | ParallelDirectApplicInterface
```

Public Member Functions

• ParallelDirectApplicInterface (const Dakota::ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const MPI_Comm &analysis_comm)
  \textit{constructor}

• ~ParallelDirectApplicInterface ()
  \textit{destructor}

Protected Member Functions

• int derived_map_ac (const Dakota::String &ac_name)
  \textit{execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation}

• void derived_map_asynch (const Dakota::ParamResponsePair &pair)
no-op hides base error; job batching occurs within `wait_local_evaluations()`

- void **wait_local_evaluations** (Dakota::PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  evaluate the batch of jobs contained in `prp_queue`

- void **test_local_evaluations** (Dakota::PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  invokes `wait_local_evaluations()` (no special nowait support)

- void **set_communicators_checks** (int max_eval_concurrency)
  
  no-op hides default run-time error checks at `DirectApplicInterface` level

**Private Member Functions**

- int **text_book** (const Dakota::RealVector &c_vars, const Dakota::ShortArray &asv, Dakota::RealVector &fn_vals, Dakota::RealMatrix &fn_grads, Dakota::RealSymMatrixArray &fn_hessians)

  demo evaluator function for parallel plug-ins

**Additional Inherited Members**

13.133.1 Detailed Description

Sample derived interface class for testing parallel simulator plug-ins using `assign_rep()`.

The plug-in `ParallelDirectApplicInterface` resides in namespace `SIM` and uses a copy of `textbook()` to perform parallel parameter to response mappings. It is used to demonstrate plugging in a parallel direct analysis driver into `Dakota` in library mode. Test input files can then use an analysis driver of "plugin_textbook".

13.133.2 Member Function Documentation

void **test_local_evaluations** ( Dakota::PRPQueue & prp_queue ) [inline], [protected]

invokes `wait_local_evaluations()` (no special nowait support)

For use by `ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch()`, which can provide a batch processing capability within message passing schedulers (called using chain `ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations()` from `Model::serve()` from `IteratorScheduler::run_iterator()`).

References `ParallelDirectApplicInterface::wait_local_evaluations()`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PluginParallelDirectApplicInterface.hpp
- PluginParallelDirectApplicInterface.cpp

13.134 ParallelLevel Class Reference

Container class for the data associated with a single level of communicator partitioning.

**Public Member Functions**

- **ParallelLevel** ()

  *default constructor*

- **ParallelLevel** (const **ParallelLevel** &pl)

  *copy constructor*

- ~**ParallelLevel** ()
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

**destructor**

- `ParallelLevel & operator= (const ParallelLevel &pl)`
  - assignment operator

- `bool dedicated_master () const`
  - return dedicatedMasterFlag

- `bool communicator_split () const`
  - return commSplitFlag

- `bool server_master () const`
  - return serverMasterFlag

- `bool message_pass () const`
  - return messagePass

- `bool idle_partition () const`
  - return idlePartition

- `int num_servers () const`
  - return numServers

- `int processors_per_server () const`
  - return procsPerServer

- `int processor_remainder () const`
  - return procRemainder

- `const MPI::Comm & server_intra_communicator () const`
  - return serverIntraComm

- `int server_communicator_rank () const`
  - return serverCommRank

- `int server_communicator_size () const`
  - return serverCommSize

- `const MPI::Comm & hub_server_intra_communicator () const`
  - return hubServerIntraComm

- `int hub_server_communicator_rank () const`
  - return hubServerCommRank

- `int hub_server_communicator_size () const`
  - return hubServerCommSize

- `const MPI::Comm & hub_server_inter_communicator () const`
  - return hubServerInterComm

- `MPI::Comm * hub_server_inter_communicators () const`
  - return hubServerInterComms

- `int server_id () const`
  - return serverId

- `void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)`
  - read a ParallelLevel object from a packed MPI buffer

- `void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const`
  - write a ParallelLevel object to a packed MPI buffer

- `void clear ()`
  - deallocate the communicators in this ParallelLevel
Private Member Functions

- void assign (const ParallelLevel &pl)
  assign the attributes of the incoming pl to this object

Private Attributes

- bool dedicatedMasterFlag
  signals dedicated master partitioning
- bool commSplitFlag
  signals a communicator split was used
- bool serverMasterFlag
  identifies master server processors
- bool messagePass
  flag for message passing at this level
- bool idlePartition
  identifies presence of an idle partition at this level
- int numServers
  number of servers
- int procsPerServer
  processors per server
- int procRemainder
  proc remainder after equal distribution
- int serverId
  server identifier
- MPI_Comm serverIntraComm
  intracomm. for each server partition
- int serverCommRank
  rank in serverIntraComm
- int serverCommSize
  size of serverIntraComm
- MPI_Comm hubServerIntraComm
  intracomm for all serverCommRank==0
  & w/ next higher level serverIntraComm
- int hubServerCommRank
  rank in hubServerIntraComm
- int hubServerCommSize
  size of hubServerIntraComm
- MPI_Comm hubServerInterComm
  intercomm. between a server & the hub
  (on server partitions only)
- MPI_Comm * hubServerInterComms
  intercomm. array on hub processor
Friends

- class ParallelLibrary
  
  The ParallelLibrary class has special access privileges in order to streamline implementation.

13.134.1 Detailed Description

Container class for the data associated with a single level of communicator partitioning.

A list of these levels is contained in ParallelLibrary (ParallelLibrary::parallelLevels), which defines all of the parallelism levels across one or more multilevel parallelism configurations.

13.134.2 Member Function Documentation

void clear( ) [inline]

deallocate the communicators in this ParallelLevel

This appears to be more robust outside of the destructor due to interactions among managed deallocation and default deallocation (e.g., explicitly freeing a communicator and then default deallocating its handle).

References ParallelLevel::commSplitFlag, ParallelLevel::dedicatedMasterFlag, ParallelLevel::hubServerInterComm, ParallelLevel::hubServerInterComms, ParallelLevel::hubServerIntraComm, ParallelLevel::idlePartition, ParallelLevel::numServers, ParallelLevel::serverId, and ParallelLevel::serverIntraComm.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ParallelLibrary.hpp

13.135 ParallelLibrary Class Reference

Class for partitioning multiple levels of parallelism and managing message passing within these levels.

Public Member Functions

- ParallelLibrary ()
  
  default constructor (used for dummy lib)

- ParallelLibrary (const MPIManager &mpi_mgr, ProgramOptions &prog_opts, OutputManager &output_mgr)
  
  stand-alone and default library mode constructor; don’t require options

- ~ParallelLibrary ()
  
  destructor

- const ParallelLevel & init_iterator_communicators (int iterator_servers, int procs_per_iterator, int min_procs_per_iterator, int max_procs_per_iterator, int max_iterator_concurrency, short default_config, short iterator_scheduling, bool peer_dynamic_avail)

  split MPI_COMM_WORLD into iterator communicators

- const ParallelLevel & init_evaluation_communicators (int evaluation_servers, int procs_per_evaluation, int min_procs_per_eval, int max_procs_per_eval, int max_evaluation_concurrency, int asynch_local_evaluation_concurrency, short default_config, short evaluation_scheduling, bool peer_dynamic_avail)

  split an iterator communicator into evaluation communicators

- const ParallelLevel & init_analysis_communicators (int analysis_servers, int procs_per_analysis, int min_procs_per_analysis, int max_procs_per_analysis, int max_analysis_concurrency, int asynch_local_analysis_concurrency, short default_config, short analysis_scheduling, bool peer_dynamic_avail)
split an evaluation communicator into analysis communicators

- void print_configuration()
  print the parallel level settings for a particular parallel configuration

- void push_output_tag(const ParallelLevel &pl)
  conditionally append an iterator server id tag to the hierarchical output tag, manage restart, and rebind cout/cerr

- void pop_output_tag(const ParallelLevel &pl)
  pop the last output tag and rebind streams as needed; pl isn’t yet used, but may be in the future when we generalize to arbitrary output context switching

- void write_restart(const ParamResponsePair &prp)
  write a parameter/response set to the restart file

- ProgramOptions & program_options()
  return programOptions reference

- OutputManager & output_manager()
  return outputManager reference

- void terminate_modelcenter()
  terminate ModelCenter if running

- void abort_helper(int code)
  finalize MPI with correct communicator for abort

- bool command_line_check() const
  return checkFlag

- bool command_line_pre_run() const
  return preRunFlag

- bool command_line_run() const
  return runFlag

- bool command_line_post_run() const
  return postRunFlag

- bool command_line_user_modes() const
  return userModesFlag

- const String & command_line_pre_run_input() const
  preRunInput filename

- const String & command_line_pre_run_output() const
  preRunOutput filename

- const String & command_line_run_input() const
  runInput filename

- const String & command_line_run_output() const
  runOutput filename

- const String & command_line_post_run_input() const
  postRunInput filename

- const String & command_line_post_run_output() const
  postRunOutput filename

- void send(MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  blocking buffer send at the current communication level
• void send (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  blocking integer send at the current communication level
• void isend (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  nonblocking buffer send at the current communication level
• void isend (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  nonblocking integer send at the current communication level
• void recv (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  blocking buffer receive at the current communication level
• void recv (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  blocking integer receive at the current communication level
• void irecv (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  nonblocking buffer receive at the current communication level
• void irecv (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req, const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, const ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  nonblocking integer receive at the current communication level
• void check_mi_index (size_t &index) const
  process _NPOS default and perform error checks
• void send_mi (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, size_t index=_NPOS)
  blocking send at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void isend_mi (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req, size_t index=_NPOS)
  nonblocking send at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void recv_mi (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status, size_t index=_NPOS)
  blocking receive at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void irecv_mi (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req, size_t index=_NPOS)
  nonblocking receive at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void send_mi (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag, size_t index=_NPOS)
  blocking send at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void isend_mi (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req, size_t index=_NPOS)
  nonblocking send at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void recv_mi (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status, size_t index=_NPOS)
  blocking receive at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void irecv_mi (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req, size_t index=_NPOS)
  nonblocking receive at the metaiterator-iterator communication level
• void send_ie (int &send_int, int dest, int tag)
  blocking send at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void isend_ie (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req)
  nonblocking send at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void recv_ie (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status)
13.135. PARALLELLIBRARY CLASS REFERENCE

blocking receive at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void irecv_ie (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req)

nonblocking receive at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void send_ie (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag)

blocking send at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void isend_ie (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req)

nonblocking send at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void recv_ie (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status)

blocking receive at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void irecv_ie (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req)

nonblocking receive at the iterator-evaluation communication level
• void send_ea (int &send_int, int dest, int tag)

blocking send at the evaluation-analysis communication level
• void isend_ea (int &send_int, int dest, int tag, MPI_Request &send_req)

nonblocking send at the evaluation-analysis communication level
• void recv_ea (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Status &status)

blocking receive at the evaluation-analysis communication level
• void irecv_ea (int &recv_int, int source, int tag, MPI_Request &recv_req)

nonblocking receive at the evaluation-analysis communication level
• void bcast (int &data, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast an integer across the serverIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast (short &data, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast an integer across the serverIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast a MPIPackBuffer across the serverIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast a MPIUnpackBuffer across the serverIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast_hs (int &data, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast an integer across the hubServerIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast_hs (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast a MPIPackBuffer across the hubServerIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast_hs (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, const ParallelLevel &pl)

broadcast a MPIUnpackBuffer across the hubServerIntraComm of a ParallelLevel
• void bcast_w (int &data)

broadcast an integer across MPI_COMM_WORLD
• void bcast_i (int &data, size_t index=NPOS)

broadcast an integer across an iterator communicator
• void bcast_i (short &data, size_t index=NPOS)

broadcast a short integer across an iterator communicator
• void bcast_e (int &data)

broadcast an integer across an evaluation communicator
• void bcast_a (int &data)

broadcast an integer across an analysis communicator
void bcast_mi (int &data, size_t index=NPOS)
    broadcast an integer across a metaiterator-iterator intra communicator

void bcast_w (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff)
    broadcast a packed buffer across MPI_COMM_WORLD

void bcast_i (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, size_t index=NPOS)
    broadcast a packed buffer across an iterator communicator

void bcast_e (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff)
    broadcast a packed buffer across an evaluation communicator

void bcast_a (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff)
    broadcast a packed buffer across an analysis communicator

void bcast_mi (MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, size_t index=NPOS)
    broadcast a packed buffer across a metaiterator-iterator intra communicator

void bcast_w (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff)
    matching receive for packed buffer broadcast across MPI_COMM_WORLD

void bcast_i (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, size_t index=NPOS)
    matching receive for packed buffer bcast across an iterator communicator

void bcast_e (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff)
    matching receive for packed buffer bcast across an evaluation communicator

void bcast_a (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff)
    matching receive for packed buffer bcast across an analysis communicator

void barrier_w ()
    enforce MPI_BARRIER on MPI_COMM_WORLD

void barrier_i (size_t index=NPOS)
    enforce MPI_BARRIER on an iterator communicator

void barrier_e ()
    enforce MPI_BARRIER on an evaluation communicator

void barrier_a ()
    enforce MPI_BARRIER on an analysis communicator

void reduce_sum_ea (double *local_vals, double *sum_vals, int num_vals)
    compute a sum over an eval-analysis intra-communicator using MPI_Reduce

void reduce_sum_a (double *local_vals, double *sum_vals, int num_vals)
    compute a sum over an analysis communicator using MPI_Reduce

void test (MPI_Request &request, int &test_flag, MPI_Status &status)
    test a nonblocking send/receive request for completion

void wait (MPI_Request &request, MPI_Status &status)
    wait for a nonblocking send/receive request to complete

void waitall (int num_recvs, MPI_Request *&recv_reqs)
    wait for all messages from a series of nonblocking receives

void waitsome (int num_sends, MPI_Request *&recv_requests, int *num_recvs, int *index_array, MPI_Status *&status_array)
    wait for at least one message from a series of nonblocking receives but complete all that are available
• void free (MPI_Request &request)
  free an MPI_Request
• int world_size () const
  return MPIManager::worldSize
• int world_rank () const
  return MPIManager::worldRank
• bool mpirun_flag () const
  return MPIManager::mpirunFlag
• bool is_null () const
  return dummyFlag
• Real parallel_time () const
  returns current MPI wall clock time
• void parallel_configuration_iterator (ParConfigLIter pc_iter)
  set the current ParallelConfiguration node
• ParConfigLIter parallel_configuration_iterator () const
  return the current ParallelConfiguration node
• const ParallelConfiguration & parallel_configuration () const
  return the current ParallelConfiguration instance
• size_t num_parallel_configurations () const
  returns the number of entries in parallelConfigurations
• bool parallel_configuration_is_complete ()
  identifies if the current ParallelConfiguration has been fully populated
• void increment_parallel_configuration (ParLevLIter mi_pl_iter)
  add a new node to parallelConfigurations and increment currPCIter; limit miPLIters within new configuration to
  mi_pl_iter level
• void increment_parallel_configuration ()
  add a new node to parallelConfigurations and increment currPCIter; copy all of miPLIters into new configuration
• bool w_parallel_level_defined () const
  test current parallel configuration for definition of world parallel level
• bool mi_parallel_level_defined (size_t index=_NPOS) const
  test current parallel configuration for definition of meta-iterator-iterator parallel level
• bool ie_parallel_level_defined () const
  test current parallel configuration for definition of iterator-evaluation parallel level
• bool ea_parallel_level_defined () const
  test current parallel configuration for definition of evaluation-analysis parallel level
• ParLevLIter w_parallel_level_iterator ()
  for this level, access through ParallelConfiguration is not necessary
• size_t parallel_level_index (ParLevLIter pl_iter)
  return the index within parallelLevels corresponding to pl_iter
• std::vector< MPI_Comm > analysis_intra_communicators ()
  return the set of analysis intra communicators for all parallel configurations (used for setting up direct simulation
  interfaces prior to execution time).
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Private Member Functions

- void init_mpi_comm()
  convenience function for initializing DAKOTA’s top-level MPI communicators, based on dakotaMPIComm
- void initialize_timers()
  initialize DAKOTA and UTILIB timers
- void output_timers()
  conditionally output timers in destructor
- void init_communicators(const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, int num_servers, int procs_per_server, int min_procs_per_server, int max_procs_per_server, int max_concurrency, int asynch_local_concurrency, short default_config, short scheduling_override, bool peer_dynamic_avail)
  split a parent communicator into child server communicators
- void split_communicator_dedicated_master(const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  split a parent communicator into a dedicated master processor and num_servers child communicators
- void split_communicator_peer_partition(const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  split a parent communicator into num_servers peer child communicators (no dedicated master processor)
- void resolve_inputs(ParallelLevel &child_pl, int avail_procs, int min_procs_per_server, int max_procs_per_server, int max_concurrency, int capacity_multiplier, short default_config, short scheduling_override, bool peer_dynamic_avail, bool print_rank)
  resolve user inputs into a sensible partitioning scheme
- void bcast(int &data, const MPI_Comm &comm)
  broadcast an integer across a communicator
- void bcast(short &data, const MPI_Comm &comm)
  broadcast a short integer across a communicator
- void bcast(MPIPackBuffer &send_buff, const MPI_Comm &comm)
  send a packed buffer across a communicator using a broadcast
- void bcast(MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buff, const MPI_Comm &comm)
  matching receive for a packed buffer broadcast
- void barrier(const MPI_Comm &comm)
  enforce MPI_Barrier on comm
- void reduce_sum(double *local_vals, double *sum_vals, int num_vals, const MPI_Comm &comm)
  compute a sum over comm using MPI_Reduce
- void check_error(const String &err_source, int err_code)
  check the MPI return code and abort if error
- void inherit_as_server_comm(const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  convenience function for updating child serverIntraComm from parent serverIntraComm
- void inherit_as_hub_server_comm(const ParallelLevel &parent_pl, ParallelLevel &child_pl)
  convenience function for updating child hubServerIntraComm from parent serverIntraComm
Private Attributes

- **const MPIManager & mpiManager**
  reference to the MPI manager with Dakota’s MPI options
- **ProgramOptions & programOptions**
  programOptions is non-const due to updates from broadcast
- **OutputManager & outputManager**
  Non-const output handler to help with file redirection.
- **bool dummyFlag**
  prevents multiple MPI_Finalize calls due to dummy_lib
- **bool outputTimings**
  timing info only beyond help/version/check
- **Real startCPUTime**
  start reference for UTILIB CPU timer
- **Real startWCTime**
  start reference for UTILIB wall clock timer
- **Real startMPITime**
  start reference for MPI wall clock timer
- **long startClock**
  start reference for local clock() timer measuring < parent+child CPU
- **std::list< ParallelLevel > parallelLevels**
  the complete set of parallelism levels for managing multilevel parallelism among one or more configurations
- **std::list< ParallelConfiguration > parallelConfigurations**
  the set of parallel configurations which manage list iterators for indexing into parallelLevels
- **ParConfigLIter currPCIter**
  list iterator identifying the current node in parallelConfigurations

13.135.1 Detailed Description

Class for partitioning multiple levels of parallelism and managing message passing within these levels.

The **ParallelLibrary** class encapsulates all of the details of performing message passing within multiple levels of parallelism. It provides functions for partitioning of levels according to user configuration input and functions for passing messages within and across MPI communicators for each of the parallelism levels. If support for other message-passing libraries beyond MPI becomes needed (PVM, ...), then **ParallelLibrary** would be promoted to a base class with virtual functions to encapsulate the library-specific syntax.

13.135.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**ParallelLibrary()**

default constructor (used for dummy_lib)

This constructor is used for creation of the global dummy_lib object, which is used to satisfy initialization requirements when the real **ParallelLibrary** object is not available.
ParallelLibrary ( const MPIManager & mpi_mngr, ProgramOptions & prog_opts, OutputManager & output_mngr )

stand-alone and default library mode constructor; don’t require options
    library mode constructor accepting communicator
    TODO: Update comment.
    Same constructor is used for executable and library environments and sequencing of object construction is
    ordered, so no need to separately get updates off command line (programOptions)
    References ParallelLibrary::init_mpi_comm(), and ParallelLibrary::initialize_timers().

13.135.3 Member Function Documentation

void push_output_tag ( const ParallelLevel & pl )

conditionally append an iterator server id tag to the hierarchical output tag, manage restart, and rebind cout/cerr
    If the user has specified the use of files for DAKOTA standard output and/or standard error, then bind these
    filenames to the Cout/Cerr macros. In addition, if concurrent iterators are to be used, create and tag multiple output
    streams in order to prevent jumbled output. Manage restart file(s) by processing any incoming evaluations from
    an old restart file and by setting up the binary output stream for new evaluations. Only master iterator processor(s)
    read & write restart information. This function must follow init_iterator_communicators so that restart can be
    managed properly for concurrent iterator strategies. In the case of concurrent iterators, each iterator has its own
    restart file tagged with iterator number.
    References ParallelLibrary::bcast(), ParallelLevel::dedicatedMasterFlag, OutputManager::graph2DFlag, Parallel-
    Level::hubServerCommRank, ParallelLevel::hubServerCommSize, ParallelLevel::hubServerIntraComm, Parallel-
    Level::numServers, ParallelLibrary::outputManager, ParallelLibrary::programOptions, OutputManager::push_output-
    _tag(), OutputManager::resultsOutputFile, OutputManager::resultsOutputFlag, ParallelLibrary::outputManager,
    ParallelLibrary::programOptions, OutputManager::push_output_tag(), OutputManager::resultsOutputFile,
    OutputManager::resultsOutputFlag, ParallelLibrary::outputManager, ParallelLibrary::resultsOutputFile.
    Referenced by Environment::construct(), and IteratorScheduler::partition().

void terminate_modelcenter ( )

terminate ModelCenter if running
    Close streams associated with manage_outputs and manage_restart and terminate any additional services that
    may be active.
    References Dakota::abort_handler(), Dakota::dc_ptr_int, and Dakota::mc_ptr_int.
    Referenced by ParallelLibrary::~ParallelLibrary().

void increment_parallel_configuration ( ParLevLIter mi_pl_iter ) [inline]

add a new node to parallelConfigurations and increment currPCIter; limit miPLIters within new configuration to
    mi_pl_iter level
    Called from the ParallelLibrary ctor and from Model::init_communicators(). An increment is performed for each
    Model initialization except the first (which inherits the world level from the first partial configuration).
    References ParallelLibrary::currPCIter, ParallelConfiguration::eaPLIter, ParallelConfiguration::endPLIter,
    ParallelConfiguration::iePLIter, ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters, ParallelConfiguration::numParallelLevels,
    ParallelLibrary::parallelConfigurations, and ParallelLibrary::parallelLevels.
    Referenced by Iterator::init_communicators(), and Model::init_communicators().
void init_mpi_comm() [private]

convenience function for initializing DAKOTA's top-level MPI communicators, based on dakotaMPIComm
shared function for initializing based on passed MPI_Comm

References Dakota::abort_handler(), MPIManager::dakota_mpi_comm(), ParallelLibrary::increment_parallel_configuration(), ParallelLibrary::mpiManager, MPIManager::mpirun_flag(), ParallelLevel::numServers, ParallelLibrary::outputManager, ParallelLibrary::parallelLevels, ParallelLevel::procsPerServer, ParallelLevel::serverCommRank, ParallelLevel::serverCommSize, ParallelLevel::serverId, ParallelLevel::serverIntraComm, ParallelLevel::serverMasterFlag, ParallelLibrary::startMPTime, OutputManager::startup_message(), MPIManager::world_rank(), and MPIManager::world_size().

Referenced by ParallelLibrary::ParallelLibrary().

void init_communicators ( const ParallelLevel & parent_pl, int num_servers, int procs_per_server, int min_procs_per_server, int max_procs_per_server, int max_concurrency, int asynch_local_concurrency, short default_config, short scheduling_override, bool peer_dynamic_avail ) [private]

split a parent communicator into child server communicators

Split parent communicator into concurrent child server partitions as specified by the passed parameters. This constructs new child intra-communicators and parent-child inter-communicators. This fn is called from Meta-Iterators and NestedModel for the concurrent iterator level and from ApplicationInterface::init_communicators() for the concurrent evaluation and concurrent analysis levels.

References ParallelLibrary::currPCIter, ParallelLevel::dedicatedMasterFlag, ParallelLevel::messagePass, ParallelLevel::numServers, ParallelLibrary::parallelLevels, ParallelLevel::procsPerServer, ParallelLibrary::resolve_inputs(), ParallelLevel::serverCommRank, ParallelLevel::serverCommSize, ParallelLibrary::split_communicator_dedicated_master(), and ParallelLibrary::split_communicator_peer_partition().

Referenced by ParallelLibrary::init_analysis_communicators(), ParallelLibrary::init_evaluation_communicators(), and ParallelLibrary::init_iterator_communicators().

void resolve_inputs ( ParallelLevel & child_pl, int avail_procs, int min_procs_per_server, int max_procs_per_server, int max_concurrency, int capacity_multiplier, short default_config, short scheduling_override, bool peer_dynamic_avail, bool print_rank ) [private]

resolve user inputs into a sensible partitioning scheme

This function is responsible for the "auto-configure" intelligence of DAKOTA. It resolves a variety of inputs and overrides into a sensible partitioning configuration for a particular parallelism level. It also handles the general case in which a user's specification request does not divide out evenly with the number of available processors for the level. If num_servers & procs_per_server are both nondefault, then the former takes precedence.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ParallelLevel::dedicatedMasterFlag, ParallelLevel::numServers, ParallelLevel::procRemainder, and ParallelLevel::procsPerServer.

Referenced by ParallelLibrary::init_communicators().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ParallelLibrary.hpp
- ParallelLibrary.cpp

13.136 ParamResponsePair Class Reference

Container class for a variables object, a response object, and an evaluation id.
Public Member Functions

- **ParamResponsePair ()**
  default constructor
- **ParamResponsePair** (const Variables &vars, const String &interface_id, const Response &response, bool deep_copy=false)
  alternate constructor for temporaries
- **ParamResponsePair** (const Variables &vars, const String &interface_id, const Response &response, const int eval_id, bool deep_copy=true)
  standard constructor for history uses
- **ParamResponsePair** (const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  copy constructor
- **~ParamResponsePair ()**
  destructor
- **ParamResponsePair & operator=** (const ParamResponsePair &pair)
  assignment operator
- **void read** (std::istream &s)
  read a ParamResponsePair object from an std::istream
- **void write** (std::ostream &s) const
  write a ParamResponsePair object to an std::ostream
- **void read.annotated** (std::istream &s)
  read a ParamResponsePair object in annotated format from an std::istream
- **void write.annotated** (std::ostream &s) const
  write a ParamResponsePair object in annotated format to an std::ostream
- **void write.tabular** (std::ostream &s, unsigned short tabular_format) const
  write a ParamResponsePair object in tabular format (all variables active/inactive) to an std::ostream
- **void write.tabular.labels** (std::ostream &s, unsigned short tabular_format) const
  write PRP labels in tabular format to an std::ostream
- **void read** (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  read a ParamResponsePair object from a packed MPI buffer
- **void write** (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  write a ParamResponsePair object to a packed MPI buffer
- **int eval_id ()** const
  return the evaluation identifier
- **void eval_id** (int id)
  set the evaluation identifier
- **const String & interface_id ()** const
  return the interface identifier from the response object
- **const IntStringPair & eval_interface_ids ()** const
  return the aggregate eval/interface identifier from the response object
- **const Variables & variables ()** const
  return the parameters object
- **void variables** (const Variables &vars)
  set the parameters object
• const Response & response () const
  return the response object
• void response (const Response &resp)
  set the response object
• const ActiveSet & active_set () const
  return the active set object from the response object
• void active_set (const ActiveSet &set)
  set the active set object within the response object

Private Member Functions

• template<class Archive >
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  serialize the PRP: write and read are symmetric for this class

Private Attributes

• Variables prpVariables
  the set of parameters for the function evaluation
• Response prpResponse
  the response set for the function evaluation
• IntStringPair evalInterfaceIds
  the evalInterfaceIds aggregate

Friends

• class boost::serialization::access
  allow boost access to serialize this class
• bool operator== (const ParamResponsePair &pair1, const ParamResponsePair &pair2)
  equality operator
• bool operator!= (const ParamResponsePair &pair1, const ParamResponsePair &pair2)
  inequality operator

13.136.1 Detailed Description

Container class for a variables object, a response object, and an evaluation id.

ParamResponsePair provides a container class for association of the input for a particular function evaluation
(a variables object) with the output from this function evaluation (a response object), along with an evaluation
identifier. This container defines the basic unit used in the data.pairs cache, in restart file operations, and in a
variety of scheduling algorithm queues. With the advent of STL, replacement of arrays of this class with map<> and
pair<> template constructs may be possible (using map<pair<int,String>, pair<Variables,Response> >, for example), assuming that deep copies, I/O, alternate constructors, etc., can be adequately addressed. Boost
tuple<> may also be a candidate.
13.136.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ParamResponsePair ( const Variables & vars, const String & interface id, const Response & response, bool deep_copy = false ) [inline]

alternate constructor for temporaries

Uses of this constructor often employ the standard Variables and Response copy constructors to share representations since this constructor is commonly used for search_pairs (which are local instantiations that go out of scope prior to any changes to values; i.e., they are not used for history).

ParamResponsePair ( const Variables & vars, const String & interface id, const Response & response, const int eval id, bool deep_copy = true ) [inline]

standard constructor for history uses

Uses of this constructor often do not share representations since deep copies are used when history mechanisms (e.g., data_pairs and beforeSynchCorePRPQueue) are involved.

13.136.3 Member Function Documentation

void read ( MPIUnpackBuffer & s ) [inline]

read a ParamResponsePair object from a packed MPI buffer

interfaceId is omitted since master processor retains interface ids and communicates asv and response data only with slaves.

References ParamResponsePair::evalInterfaceIds, ParamResponsePair::prpResponse, and ParamResponsePair::prpVariables.

void write ( MPIPackBuffer & s ) const [inline]

write a ParamResponsePair object to a packed MPI buffer

interfaceId is omitted since master processor retains interface ids and communicates asv and response data only with slaves.

References ParamResponsePair::evalInterfaceIds, ParamResponsePair::prpResponse, and ParamResponsePair::prpVariables.

13.136.4 Member Data Documentation

IntStringPair evalInterfaceIds [private]

the evalInterfaceIds aggregate

the function evaluation identifier (assigned from Interface::evalIdCntr) is paired with the interface used to generate the response object. Used in PRPCache id_vars_set_compare to prevent duplicate detection on results from different interfaces. evalInterfaceIds belongs here rather than in Response since some Response objects involve consolidation of several fn evals (e.g., Model::synchronize_derivatives()) that are not, in total, generated by a single interface. The prPair, on the other hand, is used for storage of all low level fn evals that get evaluated in ApplicationInterface::map().

Referenced by ParamResponsePair::eval_id(), ParamResponsePair::eval_interface_ids(), ParamResponsePair::interface_id(), ParamResponsePair::operator=(), Dakota::operator==(), ParamResponsePair::read(), and ParamResponsePair::write().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ParamResponsePair.hpp
13.137 ParamStudy Class Reference

Class for vector, list, centered, and multidimensional parameter studies.

Inheritance diagram for ParamStudy:

```
  ParamStudy
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
  PStudyDACE
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
  Analyzer
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
  Iterator
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
   |         |         |
```

Public Member Functions

- **ParamStudy** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)

  - constructor

- **~ParamStudy** ()

  - destructor

- void **pre_run** ()

  - pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori

- void **extract_trends** ()

  - Mapping of the core_run() virtual function for the PStudy/DACE branch.

- void **post_input** ()

  - read tabular data for post-run mode

- void **post_run** (std::ostream &s)

  - post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way

Private Member Functions

- void **sample** ()

  - performs the parameter study by sampling from a list of points

- void **vector_loop** ()

  - performs the parameter study by sampling along a vector, starting from an initial point followed by numSteps increments along continuous/discrete step vectors

- void **centered_loop** ()

  - performs a number of plus and minus offsets for each parameter centered about an initial point

- void **multidim_loop** ()

  - performs a full factorial combination for all intersections defined by a set of multidimensional partitions

- bool **load_distribute_points** (const String &points_filename, unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only)

  - load list of points from data file and distribute among listCVPoints, listDIVPoints, listDSVPoints, and listDRVPoints
• template<typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarTypeA, typename ScalarTypeC, typename ScalarTypeDI, typename ScalarTypeDS, typename ScalarTypeDR>
  bool distribute (const Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarTypeA> &all_data, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarTypeC> &c_data, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarTypeDI> &di_data, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarTypeDS> &ds_data, Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<OrdinalType, ScalarTypeDR> &dr_data)

  distributes incoming all vector in standard variable ordering among continuous, discrete int, discrete string, and discrete real vectors

• template<typename ScalarType>
  bool distribute (const std::vector<ScalarType> &all_data, std::vector<ScalarType> &c_data, std::vector<ScalarType> &di_data, std::vector<ScalarType> &ds_data, std::vector<ScalarType> &dr_data)

  distributes incoming all array in standard variable ordering among continuous, discrete int, discrete string, and discrete real arrays

• bool distribute_list_of_points (const RealVector &list_of_pts)

  distributes list_of_pts coming from user spec among listCVPoints, listDIVPoints, listDSVPoints, and listDRVPoints

• void final_point_to_step_vector ()

  compute step vectors from finalPoint, initial points, and numSteps

• void distribute_partitions ()

  compute step vectors from {cont,discInt,discString,discReal}VarPartitions and global bounds

• bool check_num_steps (int num_steps)

  perform error checks on numSteps

• bool check_step_vector (const RealVector &step_vector)

  perform error checks on numSteps

• bool check_final_point (const RealVector &final_pt)

  perform error checks on finalPoint

• bool check_steps_per_variable (const IntVector &steps_per_var)

  perform error checks on stepsPerVariable

• bool check_variable_partitions (const UShortArray &partitions)

  perform error checks on variable partitions

• bool checkFiniteBounds ()

  check for finite variable bounds within iteratedModel, as required for computing partitions of finite ranges

• bool check_ranges_sets (int num_steps)

  sanity check for vector parameter study

• bool check_ranges_sets (const IntVector &c_steps, const IntVector &di_steps, const IntVector &ds_steps, const IntVector &dr_steps)

  sanity check for centered parameter study

• bool check_sets (const IntVector &c_steps, const IntVector &di_steps, const IntVector &ds_steps, const IntVector &dr_steps)

  sanity check for increments along int/real set dimensions

• int integer_step (int range, int num_steps) const

  check for integer remainder and return step

• int index_step (size_t start, size_t end, int num_steps) const

  check for out of bounds and index remainder and return step

• void c_step (size_t c_index, int increment, Variables &vars)
helper function for performing a continuous step in one variable
• void dri_step (size_t di_index, int increment, Variables &vars)

helper function for performing a discrete step in an integer range variable
• void dsi_step (size_t di_index, int increment, const IntSet &values, Variables &vars)

helper function for performing a discrete step in an integer set variable
• void dss_step (size_t ds_index, int increment, const StringSet &values, Variables &vars)

helper function for performing a discrete step in a string set variable
• void dsr_step (size_t dr_index, int increment, const RealSet &values, Variables &vars)

helper function for performing a discrete step in a real set variable
• void reset (Variables &vars)
reset vars to initial point (center)
• void centered_header (const String &type, size_t var_index, int step, size_t hdr_index)
store a centered parameter study header within allHeaders

Private Attributes
• size_t numEvals
total number of parameter study evaluations computed from specification
• RealVectorArray listCVPoints
array of continuous evaluation points for the list parameter study
• IntVectorArray listDIVPoints
array of discrete int evaluation points for the list parameter study
• StringMulti2DArray listDSVPoints
array of discrete string evaluation points for the list parameter study
• RealVectorArray listDRVPoints
array of discrete real evaluation points for the list parameter study
• RealVector initialCVPoint
the continuous start point for vector and centered parameter studies
• IntVector initialDIVPoint
the discrete int start point for vector and centered parameter studies
• StringMultiArray initialDSVPoint
the discrete string start point for vector and centered parameter studies
• RealVector initialDRVPoint
the discrete real start point for vector and centered parameter studies
• RealVector finalCVPoint
the continuous ending point for vector parameter study
• IntVector finalDIVPoint
the discrete int range value or set index ending point for vector parameter study
• IntVector finalDSVPoint
the discrete string set index ending point for vector parameter study
• IntVector finalDRVPoint
the discrete real set index ending point for vector parameter study
• RealVector contStepVector
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

the n-dimensional continuous increment

- IntVector discIntStepVector
  the n-dimensional discrete integer range value or set index increment

- IntVector discStringStepVector
  the n-dimensional discrete string set index increment

- IntVector discRealStepVector
  the n-dimensional discrete real set index increment

- int numSteps
  the number of times continuous/discrete step vectors are applied for vector parameter study (a specification option)

- IntVector contStepsPerVariable
  number of offsets in the plus and the minus direction for each continuous variable in a centered parameter study

- IntVector discIntStepsPerVariable
  number of offsets in the plus and the minus direction for each discrete integer variable in a centered parameter study

- IntVector discStringStepsPerVariable
  number of offsets in the plus and the minus direction for each discrete string variable in a centered parameter study

- IntVector discRealStepsPerVariable
  number of offsets in the plus and the minus direction for each discrete real variable in a centered parameter study

- UShortArray contVarPartitions
  number of partitions for each continuous variable in a multidim parameter study

- UShortArray discIntVarPartitions
  number of partitions for each discrete integer variable in a multidim parameter study

- UShortArray discStringVarPartitions
  number of partitions for each discrete string variable in a multidim parameter study

- UShortArray discRealVarPartitions
  number of partitions for each discrete real variable in a multidim parameter study

Additional Inherited Members

13.137.1 Detailed Description

Class for vector, list, centered, and multidimensional parameter studies.

The ParamStudy class contains several algorithms for performing parameter studies of different types. The vector parameter study steps along an n-dimensional vector from an arbitrary initial point to an arbitrary final point in a specified number of steps. The centered parameter study performs a number of plus and minus offsets in each coordinate direction around a center point. A multidimensional parameter study fills an n-dimensional hypercube based on bounds and a specified number of partitions for each dimension. And the list parameter study provides for a user specification of a list of points to evaluate, which allows general parameter investigations not fitting the structure of vector, centered, or multidim parameter studies.

13.137.2 Member Function Documentation

void pre_run() [virtual]

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the derived run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::active_components_totals(), Analyzer::allHeaders, Analyzer::allVariables, ParamStudy::centered_loop(), Variables::continuous_variables(), ParamStudy::contStepsPerVariable, ParamStudy::contStepVector, ParamStudy::contVarPartitions, Dakota::copy_data(), Model::current_variables(), ParamStudy::discIntStepsPerVariable, ParamStudy::discIntStepVector, ParamStudy::discIntVarPartitions, ParamStudy::discRealStepsPerVariable, ParamStudy::discRealStepVector, ParamStudy::discRealVarPartitions, Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Variables::discrete_string_variables().

void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way.

Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s post_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allVariables, SensAnalysisGlobal::compute_correlations(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Iterator::methodName, Analyzer::post_run(), PStudyDACE::pStudyDACESensGlobal, and Iterator::subIteratorFlag.

bool load_distribute_points ( const String & points_filename, unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only ) [private]

load list of points from data file and distribute among listCVPoints, listDIVPoints, listDSVPoints, and listDRVPoints

Load from file and distribute points; using this function to manage construction of the temporary arrays. Historically all data was read as a real (mixture of values and indices), but now points_file is valued-based (reals, integers, strings) so file input matches tabular data output. Return false on success.

References Dakota::NPOS, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::copy(), Model::current_variables(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, ParamStudy::listCVPoints, ParamStudy::listDIVPoints, ParamStudy::listDSVPoints, ParamStudy::listDRVPoints, ParamStudy::listDSVPoints, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteIntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteStringVars, ParamStudy::numEvals, and Dakota::set_value_to_index().

Referenced by ParamStudy::ParamStudy().
bool distribute_list_of_points ( const RealVector & list_of_pts ) [private]
distributes list_of_pts coming from user spec among listCVPoints, listDIVPoints, listDSVPoints, and listDRVPoints

Parse list of points into typed data containers; list_of_pts will contain values for continuous and discrete integer range, but indices for all discrete set types (int, string, real)
References Model::discrete_int_sets(), Model::discrete_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_set_string_values(), ParamStudy::distribute(), Iterator::iteratedModel, ParamStudy::listCVPoints, ParamStudy::listDIVPoints, ParamStudy::listDSVPoints, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteIntVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteRealVars, Analyzer::numDiscreteStringVars, ParamStudy::numEvals, and Dakota::set_index_to_value().

Referenced by ParamStudy::ParamStudy().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
  - ParamStudy.hpp
  - ParamStudy.cpp

13.138 partial_prp_equality Struct Reference
predicate for comparing ONLY the interfaceId and Vars attributes of PRPair

Public Member Functions
  - bool operator() (const ParamResponsePair &database_pr, const ParamResponsePair &search_pr) const

13.138.1 Detailed Description
predicate for comparing ONLY the interfaceId and Vars attributes of PRPair

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:
  - PRPMultiIndex.hpp

13.139 partial_prp_hash Struct Reference
wrapper to delegate to the ParamResponsePair hash_value function

Public Member Functions
  - std::size_t operator() (const ParamResponsePair &prp) const

13.139.1 Detailed Description
wrapper to delegate to the ParamResponsePair hash_value function

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:
  - PRPMultiIndex.hpp
13.140 PebblBranching Class Reference

Main Branching class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer. Inherits branching.

Public Member Functions

- **PebblBranching ()**
  Default Constructor.
- **PebblBranching (Model &_model, Iterator &sub_prob_solver)**
  Constructor.
- **~PebblBranching ()**
  Destructor.
- **pebbl::branchSub * blankSub ()**
  Method that returns an empty Sub-Branch.
- **void setModel (Model &_model)**

Protected Attributes

- **int n_binary**
  Number of binary variables.
- **int n_int**
  Number of discrete variables.
- **int n_cont**
  Number of continuous variables.
- **int m_constrs**
  Number of constraints.
- **std::vector< double > x**
  Vector of x values.
- **std::vector< double > xl**
  Vector of lower bounds.
- **std::vector< double > xu**
  Vector of upper bounds.
- **std::vector< double > constrVals**
  Vector of constraint values.
- **Model parentModel**
  Original model, before branching.
- **Iterator NLPsolver**
  Nonlinear optimizer to solve subproblems.

Friends

- class PebblBranchSub
13.140.1 Detailed Description

Main Branching class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer.

13.140.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PebbldBranching ( Model & model, Iterator & sub_prob_solver )

Constructor.

PebbldOptimizer Constructor

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>model</th>
<th>DAKOTA Model object</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Get all the data from the model

Use the data obtained from the model to set the B-and-B data

References Model::all_continuous_variables(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_real(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_variables(), Model::cv(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_variables(), PebblBranching::n_cont, PebblBranching::n_int, PebblBranching::parentModel, Variables::shared_data(), Dakota::svd(), Variables::view(), PebblBranching::x, PebblBranching::xl, and PebblBranching::xu.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PEBBLBranching.hpp
- PEBBLBranching.cpp

13.141 PebbldBranchSub Class Reference

Sub Branch class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer.

Inherits branchSub.

Public Member Functions

- PebblBranching * global () const
  
  Returns a reference to the corresponding main Branching object.

- pebbl::branching * bGlobal () const
  
  Returns a reference to the corresponding main Branching object.

- PebblBranchSub (Model &_model)

  Constructor.

- ~PebbldBranchSub ()

  Destructor.

- void setGlobalInfo (PebbldBranching *global_)

  Method that sets up the main Branching object.

- void setRootComputation ()

  Method that is called when declaring the current node as a root node.

- void boundComputation (double *controlParam)
**Method that does the Bounding Operation. In other words, it calls the optimization algorithm on the relaxed domain.**

- **bool candidateSolution ()**
  Method called after the bounding operation, returns true if the bounding resulted in a possible solution to the original non-relaxed problem.

- **pebbl::solution * extractSolution ()**
  Method that returns a PEBBL-based solution.

- **int splitComputation ()**
  Method that determines how many branches are created and how. Returns the number of branches created from this object.

- **pebbl::branchSub * makeChild (int whichChild)**
  Method that returns a new PebblBranchSub object based on Objective Function improvements and the number of branches.

- **void pebblSubAsChildOf (PebblBranchSub *parent, int splitVar, int whichChild)**
  Method that creates a new PebblBranching object.

**Protected Attributes**

- **PebblBranching * globalPtr**
  Pointer referring to all info passed to subproblem.

- **int n_binary**
  Number of binary variables.

- **int n_int**
  Number of discrete variables.

- **int n_cont**
  Number of continuous variables.

- **int n**
  Total number of variables.

- **int m_constrs**
  Number of constraints.

- **std::vector< double > x**
  Vector of variable values.

- **std::vector< double > new_x**
  Vector of variable values modified for subproblem.

- **std::vector< double > xl**
  Vector of lower bounds.

- **std::vector< double > xu**
  Vector of upper bounds.

- **double objFn**
  Objective function values.

- **std::vector< double > constrVals**
  Vector of constraint values.

- **Model subModel**
  Model on which subproblem is solved.
• **Iterator NLPsolver**

  *Nonlinear optimization method to solve subproblem.*

• double **eps**

• double **precision**

• int **splitVar**

  *Variable to branch on.*

### Friends

- class **PebbldBranching**

#### 13.141.1 Detailed Description

Sub Branch class for the experimental Pebbl-based Optimizer.

#### 13.141.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**PebbldBranchSub ( Model &model )**

Constructor.

- **PebbldBranchSub Constructor**

  Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>model</th>
<th>DAKOTA Model object</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PEBBLBranching.hpp
- PEBBLBranching.cpp

### 13.142 PebbldMinimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for experimental **PebbldMinimizer**.

Inheritance diagram for PebbldMinimizer:

```
  PebbldMinimizer
     |        |
     v        v
Minimizer  Iterator
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **PebbldMinimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**

  *standard constructor*

- **PebbldMinimizer (Model &model)**
Constructor:
- **PebbldMinimizer (Model &model, int random_seed, int max_iter, int max_eval)**

Destructor:
- **~PebbldMinimizer ()**

void **bound_subproblem ()**

*Calls the Pebbl Branch and Bound solver.*

**Private Member Functions**

- void **core_run ()**
  *Implementation of branch-and-bound optimization.*
- void **print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  *Redefinition of default results printing.*

**Private Attributes**

- **PebbldBranching *branchAndBound**
- **Iterator subProbMinimizer**
  *Minimizer used to solve the subproblem on each branch.*

**Additional Inherited Members**

**13.142.1 Detailed Description**

Wrapper class for experimental PebblMinimizer.

**13.142.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

**PebbldMinimizer (Model & model)**

Constructor.
- **PebbldMinimizer Constructor**
- Parameters
  - **model** | DAKOTA Model object

**PebbldMinimizer (Model & model, int random_seed, int max_iter, int max_eval)**

Constructor.
- **PebbldMinimizer Constructor**
- Parameters
  - **model** | DAKOTA Model object
### 13.142.3 Member Function Documentation

**void bound_subproblem ( )**

Calls the Pebb B Branch and Bound solver.
redefines default iterator logic to execute branch and bound and extract optimization results.
References Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, and Minimizer::numContinuousVars.
Referenced by PebbldMinimizer::core_run().

**void print_results ( std::ostream &s ) [private], [virtual]**

Redefinition of default results printing.
Redefines default iterator results printing to include optimization results (objective functions and constraints).
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Minimizer::archive_allocate_best(), Minimizer::archive_best(), Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Dakota::data_pairs, Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), Minimizer::numFunctions, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::optimizationFlag, and ActiveSet::request_values().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PEBBLOptimizer.hpp
- PEBBLOptimizer.cpp

### 13.143 PecosApproximation Class Reference

Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.
Inheritance diagram for PecosApproximation:

```
Approximation
  PecosApproximation
```

**Public Member Functions**

- **PecosApproximation ( )**
  *default constructor*

- **PecosApproximation (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  *standard ProblemDescDB-driven constructor*

- **PecosApproximation (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)**
  *alternate constructor*

- **~PecosApproximation ( )**
13.143. **PECOSAPPROXIMATION CLASS REFERENCE**

- **Destructor**
  ```cpp
destructor
• void expansion_coefficient_flag (bool coeff_flag)
  ```
  ```cpp
  set pecosBasisApprox.configOptions.expansionCoeffFlag
  ```

- **Expansion Coefficient Flag**
  ```cpp
  bool expansion_coefficient_flag () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  get pecosBasisApprox.configOptions.expansionCoeffFlag
  ```

- **Expansion Gradient Flag**
  ```cpp
  void expansion_gradient_flag (bool grad_flag)
  ```
  ```cpp
  set pecosBasisApprox.configOptions.expansionGradFlag
  ```

- **Expansion Gradient Flag**
  ```cpp
  bool expansion_gradient_flag () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  get pecosBasisApprox.configOptions.expansionGradFlag
  ```

- **Compute Component Effects**
  ```cpp
  void compute_component_effects ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  Performs global sensitivity analysis using Sobol’ Indices by computing component (main and interaction) effects.
  ```

- **Compute Total Effects**
  ```cpp
  void compute_total_effects ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  Performs global sensitivity analysis using Sobol’ Indices by computing total effects.
  ```

- **Sobol’ Indices**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & sobol_indices () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  return polyApproxRep->sobolIndices
  ```

- **Total Sobol’ Indices**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & total_sobol_indices () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  return polyApproxRep->totalSobolIndices
  ```

- **Sparse Sobol’ Index Map**
  ```cpp
  Pecos::ULongULongMap sparse_sobol_index_map () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  return RegressOrthogPolyApproximation::sparseSobolIndexMap
  ```

- **Dimension Decay Rates**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & dimension_decay_rates () const
  ```
  ```cpp
  return OrthogPolyApproximation::decayRates
  ```

- **Allocate Arrays**
  ```cpp
  void allocate_arrays ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  invoke Pecos::PolynomialApproximation::allocate_arrays()
  ```

- **Mean**
  ```cpp
  Real mean ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the mean of the expansion, treating all variables as random
  ```

- **Mean**
  ```cpp
  Real mean (const Pecos::RealVector &x)
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the mean of the expansion for a given parameter vector, treating a subset of the variables as random
  ```

- **Mean Gradient**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & mean_gradient ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the gradient of the expansion mean for a given parameter vector, treating all variables as random
  ```

- **Mean Gradient**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & mean_gradient (const Pecos::RealVector &x, const Pecos::SizetArray &dvv)
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the gradient of the expansion mean for a given parameter vector and given DVV, treating a subset of the variables as random
  ```

- **Variance**
  ```cpp
  Real variance ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the variance of the expansion, treating all variables as random
  ```

- **Variance**
  ```cpp
  Real variance (const Pecos::RealVector &x)
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the variance of the expansion for a given parameter vector, treating a subset of the variables as random
  ```

- **Variance Gradient**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & variance_gradient ()
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the gradient of the expansion variance for a given parameter vector, treating all variables as random
  ```

- **Variance Gradient**
  ```cpp
  const Pecos::RealVector & variance_gradient (const Pecos::RealVector &x, const Pecos::SizetArray &dvv)
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the gradient of the expansion variance for a given parameter vector and given DVV, treating a subset of the variables as random
  ```

- **Covariance**
  ```cpp
  Real covariance (PecosApproximation *pecos_approx_2)
  ```
  ```cpp
  return the covariance between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
  ```
• Real covariance (const Pecos::RealVector &x, PecosApproximation *pecos_approx_2)  
  return the covariance between two response expansions, treating a subset of the variables as random
• Real delta_covariance (PecosApproximation *pecos_approx_2)  
  return the change in covariance between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
• Real delta_covariance (const Pecos::RealVector &x, PecosApproximation *pecos_approx_2)  
  return the change in covariance between two response expansions, treating a subset of the variables as random
• Real delta_mean ()  
  return the change in mean between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
• Real delta_mean (const RealVector &x)  
  return the change in mean between two response expansions, treating a subset of variables as random
• Real delta_std_deviation ()  
  return the change in standard deviation between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
• Real delta_std_deviation (const RealVector &x)  
  return the change in standard deviation between two response expansions, treating a subset of variables as random
• Real delta_beta (bool cdf_flag, Real z_bar)  
  return the change in reliability index (mapped from z_bar) between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
• Real delta_beta (const RealVector &x, bool cdf_flag, Real z_bar)  
  return the change in reliability index (mapped from z_bar) between two response expansions, treating a subset of variables as random
• Real delta_z (bool cdf_flag, Real beta_bar)  
  return the change in response level (mapped from beta_bar) between two response expansions, treating all variables as random
• Real delta_z (const RealVector &x, bool cdf_flag, Real beta_bar)  
  return the change in response level (mapped from beta_bar) between two response expansions, treating a subset of the variables as random
• void compute_moments ()  
  compute moments up to the order supported by the Pecos polynomial approximation
• void compute_moments (const Pecos::RealVector &x)  
  compute moments in all-variables mode up to the order supported by the Pecos polynomial approximation
• const RealVector & moments () const  
  return virtual Pecos::PolynomialApproximation::moments()
• const RealVector & expansion_moments () const  
  return Pecos::PolynomialApproximation::expansionMoments
• const RealVector & numerical_integration_moments () const  
  return Pecos::PolynomialApproximation::numericalMoments
• void standardize_moments (const Pecos::RealVector &central_moments, Pecos::RealVector &std_moments)  
  standardize the central moments returned from Pecos
• void build_linear_system (RealMatrix &A, const UShort2DArray &multi_index)  
  construct the Vandermonde matrix "A" for PCE regression for Ax = b
• void augment_linear_system (const RealVectorArray &samples, RealMatrix &A, const UShort2DArray &multi_index)  
  void polynomial_basis (std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &polynomial_basis)  
  void surrogate_data (Pecos::SurrogateData &surr_data)  
  Pecos::BasisApproximation & pecos_basis_approximation ()  
  return pecosBasisApprox
Protected Member Functions

- **Real value** (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function value for a given parameter vector
- **const Pecos::RealVector & gradient** (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector
- **const Pecos::RealSymMatrix & hessian** (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector
- **int min_coefficients () const**
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in num-Vars dimensions
- **void build ()**
  builds the approximation from scratch
- **void rebuild ()**
  rebuilds the approximation incrementally
- **void pop (bool save_data)**
  removes entries from end of SurrogateData::\{vars,resp\}Data (last points appended, or as specified in args)
- **void restore ()**
  restores state prior to previous append()
- **void finalize ()**
  finalize approximation by applying all remaining trial sets
- **void store ()**
  store current approximation for later combination
- **void combine (short corr_type)**
  combine current approximation with previously stored approximation
- **void print_coefficients (std::ostream &s, bool normalized)**
  print the coefficient array computed in build/rebuild()
- **RealVector approximation_coefficients (bool normalized) const**
  return expansion coefficients in a form consistent with the shared multi-index
- **void approximation_coefficients (const RealVector &approx_coeffs, bool normalized)**
  set expansion coefficients in a form consistent with the shared multi-index
- **void coefficient_labels (std::vector<std::string> &coeff_labels) const**
  print the coefficient array computed in build/rebuild()

Private Member Functions

- **void approx_type_to_basis_type** (const String &approx_type, short &basis_type)
  utility to convert Dakota type string to Pecos type enumeration

Private Attributes

- **Pecos::BasisApproximation pecosBasisApprox**
  the Pecos basis approximation, encompassing OrthogPolyApproximation and InterpPolyApproximation
- **Pecos::PolynomialApproximation * polyApproxRep**
  convenience pointer to representation of Pecos polynomial approximation
Additional Inherited Members

13.143.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.

The PecosApproximation class provides a global approximation based on basis polynomials. This includes orthogonal polynomials used for polynomial chaos expansions and interpolation polynomials used for stochastic collocation.

13.143.2 Member Function Documentation

void build ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
builds the approximation from scratch

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.
References Approximation::build(), and PecosApproximation::pecosBasisApprox.

void rebuild ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
rebuilds the approximation incrementally

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.
References PecosApproximation::pecosBasisApprox.

void pop ( bool save data ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
removes entries from end of SurrogateData::{vars,resp}Data (last points appended, or as specified in args)

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.
References PecosApproximation::pecosBasisApprox, and Approximation::pop().

void restore ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
restores state prior to previous append()

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.
References PecosApproximation::pecosBasisApprox, and Approximation::restore().

void finalize ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]
finalizes approximation by applying all remaining trial sets

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.
References Approximation::finalize(), and PecosApproximation::pecosBasisApprox.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
ProblemDescDB Class Reference

The database containing information parsed from the DAKOTA input file.

Inheritance diagram for ProblemDescDB:

[Diagram showing inheritance with ProblemDescDB at the top, NIDRProblemDescDB as a child]

Public Member Functions

- **ProblemDescDB ()**
  default constructor
- **ProblemDescDB (ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib)**
  standard constructor
- **ProblemDescDB (const ProblemDescDB &db)**
  copy constructor
- **~ProblemDescDB ()**
  destructor
- **ProblemDescDB operator= (const ProblemDescDB &db)**
  assignment operator
- **void parse_inputs (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback=NULL, void *callback_data=NULL)**
  Parses the input file or input string if present and executes callbacks. Does not perform any validation.
- **void check_and_broadcast (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts)**
  performs check_input, broadcast, and post_process, but for now, allowing separate invocation through the public API as well
- **void check_input ()**
  verifies that there is at least one of each of the required keywords in the dakota input file
- **void broadcast ()**
  invokes send_db_buffer() and receive_db_buffer() to broadcast DB data across the processor allocation. Used by manage_inputs().
- **void post_process ()**
  post-processes the (minimal) input specification to assign default variables/responses specification arrays. Used by manage_inputs().
- **void lock ()**
  Locks the database in order to prevent data access when the list nodes may not be set properly. Unlocked by a set nodes operation.
- **void unlock ()**
  Explicitly unlocks the database. Use with care.
• void set db_list_nodes (const String &method_tag)
  set dataMethodIter based on a method identifier string to activate a particular method specification in dataMethodList and use pointers from this method specification to set all other list iterators.

• void set db_list_nodes (size_t method_index)
  set dataMethodIter based on an index within dataMethodList to activate a particular method specification and use pointers from this method specification to set all other list iterators.

• void resolve_top_method (bool set_model_nodes=true)
  For a (default) environment lacking a top method pointer, this function is used to determine which of several potential method specifications corresponds to the top method and then sets the list nodes accordingly.

• void set db_method_node (const String &method_tag)
  set dataMethodIter based on a method identifier string to activate a particular method specification (only).

• void set db_method_node (size_t method_index)
  set dataMethodIter based on an index within dataMethodList to activate a particular method specification (only).

• size_t get db_method_node ()
  return the index of the active node in dataMethodList

• void set db_model_nodes (const String &model_tag)
  set the model list iterators (dataModellter, dataVariablesIter, dataInterfaceIter, and dataResponsesIter) based on the model identifier string

• void set db_model_nodes (size_t model_index)
  set the model list iterators (dataModellter, dataVariablesIter, dataInterfaceIter, and dataResponsesIter) based on an index within dataModelList

• size_t get db_model_node ()
  return the index of the active node in dataModelList

• void set db_variables_node (const String &variables_tag)
  set dataVariablesIter based on the variables identifier string

• void set db_interface_node (const String &interface_tag)
  set dataInterfaceIter based on the interface identifier string

• void set db_responses_node (const String &responses_tag)
  set dataResponsesIter based on the responses identifier string

• ParallelLibrary & parallel_library () const
  return the parallelLib reference

• IteratorList & iterator_list ()
  return a list of all Iterator objects that have been instantiated

• ModelList & model_list ()
  return a list of all Model objects that have been instantiated

• VariablesList & variables_list ()
  return a list of all Variables objects that have been instantiated

• InterfaceList & interface_list ()
  return a list of all Interface objects that have been instantiated

• ResponseList & response_list ()
  return a list of all Response objects that have been instantiated

• const RealMatrixArray & get_rma (const String &entry_name) const
  get a RealMatrixArray out of the database based on an identifier string

• const RealVector & get rv (const String &entry_name) const
get a RealVector out of the database based on an identifier string

- const IntVector & get_iv (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntVector out of the database based on an identifier string

- const BitArray & get_ba (const String &entry_name) const
get a BitArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const SizetArray & get_sza (const String &entry_name) const
get a SizetArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const UShortArray & get_usa (const String &entry_name) const
get a UShortArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const RealSymMatrix & get_rsm (const String &entry_name) const
get a RealSymMatrix out of the database based on an identifier string

- const RealVectorArray & get_rva (const String &entry_name) const
get a RealVectorArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const IntVectorArray & get_iwa (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntVectorArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const IntSet & get_is (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntSet out of the database based on an identifier string

- const IntSetArray & get_isa (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntSetArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const StringSetArray & get_ssa (const String &entry_name) const
get a StringSetArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const RealRealMapArray & get_irma (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntRealMapArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const StringRealMapArray & get_srma (const String &entry_name) const
get a StringRealMapArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const RealRealMapArray & get_rrma (const String &entry_name) const
get a RealRealMapArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const RealRealPairRealMapArray & get_rrrma (const String &entry_name) const
get a RealRealPairRealMapArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const IntIntPairRealMapArray & get_iirma (const String &entry_name) const
get an IntIntPairRealMapArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const StringArray & get_sa (const String &entry_name) const
get a StringArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const String2DArray & get_s2a (const String &entry_name) const
get a String2DArray out of the database based on an identifier string

- const String & get_string (const String &entry_name) const
get a String out of the database based on an identifier string

- const Real & get_real (const String &entry_name) const
get a Real out of the database based on an identifier string

- int get_int (const String &entry_name) const
get an int out of the database based on an identifier string
• short \texttt{get\_short} (const String &entry\_name) const
  get a short out of the database based on an identifier string

• unsigned short \texttt{get\_ushort} (const String &entry\_name) const
  get an unsigned short out of the database based on an identifier string

• size_t \texttt{get\_sizet} (const String &entry\_name) const
  get a size_t out of the database based on an identifier string

• bool \texttt{get\_bool} (const String &entry\_name) const
  get a bool out of the database based on an identifier string

• void ** \texttt{get\_voidss} (const String &entry\_name) const
  for getting a void**, e.g., &dlLib

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (const DataEnvironment &data\_env)
  set the DataEnvironment object

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (const DataMethod &data\_method)
  add a DataMethod object to the dataMethodList

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (const DataModel &data\_model)
  add a DataModel object to the dataModelList

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (DataVariables &data\_variables)
  add a DataVariables object to the dataVariablesList

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (const DataInterface &data\_interface)
  add a DataInterface object to the dataInterfaceList

• void \texttt{insert\_node} (const DataResponses &data\_responses)
  add a DataResponses object to the dataResponsesList

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const RealVector &rv)
  set a RealVector within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const IntVector &iv)
  set an IntVector within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const BitArray &ba)
  set a BitArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const RealSymMatrix &rsm)
  set a RealSymMatrix within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const RealVectorArray &rva)
  set a RealVectorArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const IntVectorArray &iva)
  set an IntVectorArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const IntSetArray &isa)
  set an IntSetArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const RealSetArray &rsa)
  set a RealSetArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const IntRealMapArray &irma)
  set an IntRealMapArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const StringRealMapArray &srma)
  set a StringRealMapArray within the database based on an identifier string

• void \texttt{set} (const String &entry\_name, const RealRealMapArray &rrma)
set a RealRealMapArray within the database based on an identifier string

- void set (const String &entry_name, const RealRealPairRealMapArray &iirma)

set a RealRealPairRealMapArray in the db based on an identifier string

- void set (const String &entry_name, const IntIntPairRealMapArray &iirma)

set an IntIntPairRealMapArray in the db based on an identifier string

- void set (const String &entry_name, const StringArray &sa)

set a StringArray within the database based on an identifier string

- int min_procs_per_ea ()

  compute minimum evaluation partition size based on lower level overrides

- int max_procs_per_ea ()

  compute maximum evaluation partition size based on lower level overrides and concurrency levels

- int min_procs_per_ie ()

  compute minimum iterator partition size based on lower level overrides

- int max_procs_per_ie (int max_eval_concurrency)

  compute maximum iterator partition size based on lower level overrides and concurrency levels

- bool is_null () const

  function to check dbRep (does this envelope contain a letter)

Static Public Member Functions

- static int min_procs_per_level (int min_procs_per_server, int pps_spec, int num_serv_spec)

  compute minimum partition size for a parallel level based on lower level overrides

- static int max_procs_per_level (int max_procs_per_server, int pps_spec, int num_serv_spec, short sched_spec, int asynch_local_conc, bool peer_dynamic_avail, int max_concurrency)

  compute maximum partition size for a parallel level based on lower level overrides

Protected Member Functions

- ProblemDescDB (BaseConstructor, ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib)

  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- virtual void derived_parse_inputs (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts)

  derived class specifics within parse_inputs()

- virtual void derived_broadcast ()

  derived class specifics within broadcast()

- virtual void derived_post_process ()

  derived class specifics within post_process()

Protected Attributes

- DataEnvironment environmentSpec

  the environment specification (only one allowed) resulting from a call to environment_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- std::list< DataMethod > dataMethodList

  list of method specifications, one for each call to method_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- std::list< DataModel > dataModelList
list of model specifications, one for each call to model_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- std::list<DataVariables> dataVariablesList

list of variables specifications, one for each call to variables_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- std::list<DataInterface> dataInterfaceList

list of interface specifications, one for each call to interface_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- std::list<DataResponses> dataResponsesList

list of responses specifications, one for each call to responses_kwhandler() or insert_node()

- size_t environmentCntr

counter for environment specifications used in check_input

Private Member Functions

- const Iterator & get_iterator ()
  retrieve an existing Iterator, if it exists in iteratorList, or instantiate a new one

- const Iterator & get_iterator (Model &model)
  retrieve an existing Iterator, if it exists in iteratorList, or instantiate a new one

- const Iterator & get_iterator (const String &method_name, Model &model)
  retrieve an existing Iterator, if it exists in iteratorByNameList, or instantiate a new one

- const Model & get_model ()
  retrieve an existing Model, if it exists, or instantiate a new one

- const Variables & get_variables ()
  retrieve an existing Variables, if it exists, or instantiate a new one

- const Interface & get_interface ()
  retrieve an existing Interface, if it exists, or instantiate a new one

- const Response & get_response (short type, const Variables &vars)
  retrieve an existing Response, if it exists, or instantiate a new one

- ProblemDescDB * get_db (ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib)

  Used by the envelope constructor to instantiate the correct letter class.

- void send_db_buffer ()

  MPI send of a large buffer containing environmentSpec and all objects in dataMethodList, dataModelList, dataVariablesList, dataInterfaceList, and dataResponsesList. Used by manage_inputs().

- void receive_db_buffer ()

  MPI receive of a large buffer containing environmentSpec and all objects in dataMethodList, dataModelList, dataVariablesList, dataInterfaceList, and dataResponsesList. Used by manage_inputs().

- bool model_has_interface (DataModelRep *model_rep) const

  helper function for determining whether an interface specification should be active, based on model type

- void echo_input_file (const ProgramOptions &prog_opts)

  echo the (potentially) specified input file or string to stdout
Private Attributes

- ParallelLibrary & parallelLib
  reference to the parallel_lib object passed from main
- std::list< DataMethod >::iterator dataMethodIter
  iterator identifying the active list node in dataMethodList
- std::list< DataModel >::iterator dataModelIter
  iterator identifying the active list node in dataModelList
- std::list< DataVariables >::iterator dataVariablesIter
  iterator identifying the active list node in dataVariablesList
- std::list< DataInterface >::iterator dataInterfaceIter
  iterator identifying the active list node in dataInterfaceList
- std::list< DataResponses >::iterator dataResponsesIter
  iterator identifying the active list node in dataResponsesList
- IteratorList iteratorList
  list of iterator objects, one for each method specification
- IteratorList iteratorByNameList
  list of iterator objects, one for each lightweight instantiation by name
- ModelList modelList
  list of model objects, one for each model specification
- VariablesList variablesList
  list of variables objects, one for each variables specification
- InterfaceList interfaceList
  list of interface objects, one for each interface specification
- ResponseList responseList
  list of response objects, one for each responses specification
- bool methodDBLocked
  prevents use of get_<type> retrieval and set_<type> update functions prior to setting the list node for the active method specification
- bool modelDBLocked
  prevents use of get_<type> retrieval and set_<type> update functions prior to setting the list node for the active model specification
- bool variablesDBLocked
  prevents use of get_<type> retrieval and set_<type> update functions prior to setting the list node for the active variables specification
- bool interfaceDBLocked
  prevents use of get_<type> retrieval and set_<type> update functions prior to setting the list node for the active interface specification
- bool responsesDBLocked
  prevents use of get_<type> retrieval and set_<type> update functions prior to setting the list node for the active responses specification
- ProblemDescDB * dbRep
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)

- int referenceCount
  number of objects sharing dbRep

Friends

- class Model
  Model requires access to get_variables() and get_response()
- class SingleModel
  SingleModel requires access to get_interface()
- class HierarchSurrModel
  HierarchSurrModel requires access to get_model()
- class DataFitSurrModel
  DataFitSurrModel requires access to get_iterator() and get_model()
- class NestedModel
  NestedModel requires access to get_interface(), get_response(), get_iterator(), and get_model()
- class Environment
  Environment requires access to get_iterator()
- class IteratorScheduler
  Environment requires access to get_iterator()
- class Iterator
  Iterator requires access to get_model()
- class MetaIterator
  Iterator requires access to get_model()
- class SeqHybridMetaIterator
  SeqHybridMetaIterator requires access to get_model()
- class CollabHybridMetaIterator
  CollabHybridMetaIterator requires access to get_model()
- class ConcurrentMetaIterator
  ConcurrentMetaIterator requires access to get_model()
- class SurrBasedLocalMinimizer
  SurrBasedLocalMinimizer requires access to get_iterator()
- class SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer
  SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer requires access to get_iterator()
- class PebbledMinimizer
  PEBBLMinimizer requires access to get_iterator()

13.144.1 Detailed Description

The database containing information parsed from the DAKOTA input file.

The ProblemDescDB class is a database for DAKOTA input file data that is populated by a parser defined in a derived class. When the parser reads a complete keyword, it populates a data class object (DataEnvironment, DataMethod, DataVariables, DataInterface, or DataResponses) and, for all cases except environment, appends the object to a linked list (dataMethodList, dataVariablesList, dataInterfaceList, or dataResponsesList). No environment linked list is used since only one environment specification is allowed.
13.144.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**ProblemDescDB ( )**

default constructor

The default constructor: dbRep is NULL in this case. This makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

**ProblemDescDB ( ParallelLibrary & parallel_lib )**

standard constructor

This is the envelope constructor which uses problem_db to build a fully populated db object. It only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_db(problem_db), since the constructor overloaded with BaseConstructor builds the actual base class data inherited by the derived classes.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProblemDescDB::dbRep, and ProblemDescDB::get_db().

**ProblemDescDB ( const ProblemDescDB & db )**

copy constructor

Copy constructor manages sharing of dbRep and incrementing of referenceCount.

References ProblemDescDB::dbRep, and ProblemDescDB::referenceCount.

**~ProblemDescDB ( )**

destructor

Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes dbRep when referenceCount reaches zero.

References Dakota::Dak_pddb, ProblemDescDB::dbRep, and ProblemDescDB::referenceCount.

**ProblemDescDB ( BaseConstructor, ParallelLibrary & parallel_lib ) [protected]**

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_db() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid the recursion of the base class constructor calling get_db() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its representation pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~ProblemDescDB).

13.144.3 Member Function Documentation

**ProblemDescDB operator= ( const ProblemDescDB & db )**

assignment operator


References ProblemDescDB::dbRep, and ProblemDescDB::referenceCount.

**void parse_inputs ( const ProgramOptions & prog_opts, DbCallbackFunctionPtr callback = NULL, void * callback_data = NULL )**

Parses the input file or input string if present and executes callbacks. Does not perform any validation.

  DB setup phase 1: parse the input file and execute callback functions if present. Rank 0 only.
  DB setup phase 2: optionally insert additional data via late sets. Rank 0 only.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProblemDescDB::dbRep, ProblemDescDB::derived_parse_inputs(), ProgramOptions::echo_input(), ProblemDescDB::echo_input_file(), ProgramOptions::input_file(), ProgramOptions::input_string(), ProblemDescDB::parallelLib, ProblemDescDB::parse_inputs(), and ParallelLibrary::world_rank().

Referenced by Environment::parse(), and ProblemDescDB::parse_inputs().

```cpp
void check_and_broadcast( const ProgramOptions & prog_opts )
```

performs check_input, broadcast, and post_process, but for now, allowing separate invocation through the public API as well

DB setup phase 3: perform basic checks on keywords counts in current DB state, then sync to all processors.

References ProblemDescDB::broadcast(), ProblemDescDB::check_and_broadcast(), ProblemDescDB::check_input(), ProblemDescDB::dbRep, ProblemDescDB::parallelLib, ProblemDescDB::post_process(), and ParallelLibrary::world_rank().

Referenced by ProblemDescDB::check_and_broadcast(), LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db(), and Environment::parse().

```cpp
void check_input( )
```

verifies that there is at least one of each of the required keywords in the dakota input file

NOTE: when using library mode in a parallel application, check_input() should either be called only on world-Rank 0, or it should follow a matched send_db_buffer()/receive_db_buffer() pair.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProblemDescDB::check_input(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_post_run_input(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_post_run_output(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_pre_run_input(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_pre_run_output(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_run_input(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_run_output(), ParallelLibrary::command_line_user_modes(), ProblemDescDB::dataInterfaceList, ProblemDescDB::dataMethodList, ProblemDescDB::dataModelList, ProblemDescDB::dataResponsesList, ProblemDescDB::dataVariablesList, ProblemDescDB::dbRep, ProblemDescDB::environmentCntr, ProblemDescDB::parallelLib, and Dakota::strbegins().

Referenced by ProblemDescDB::check_and_broadcast(), and ProblemDescDB::check_input().

```cpp
void post_process( )
```

post-processes the (minimal) input specification to assign default variables/responses specification arrays. Used by manage_inputs().

When using library mode in a parallel application, post_process() should be called on all processors following broadcast() of a minimal problem specification.

References ProblemDescDB::dbRep, and ProblemDescDB::derived_post_process().

Referenced by ProblemDescDB::check_and_broadcast().

```cpp
ProblemDescDB * get_db( ParallelLibrary & parallel_lib ) [private]
```

Used by the envelope constructor to instantiate the correct letter class.

Initializes dbRep to the appropriate derived type. The standard derived class constructors are invoked.

References Dakota::Dak_pddb.

Referenced by ProblemDescDB::ProblemDescDB().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ProblemDescDB.hpp
- ProblemDescDB.cpp
13.145 ProcessApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process and communicates with it through files.

Inheritance diagram for ProcessApplicInterface:

```
+----------------------------------+
| Interface                        |
+----------------------------------+
| ApplicationInterface             |
|                                  |
| ProcessApplicInterface           |
|                                  |
| ProcessHandleApplicInterface     |
|                                  |
| SysCallApplicInterface           |
|                                  |
| ForkApplicInterface              |
|                                  |
| SpawnApplicInterface             |
| GridApplicInterface              |
```

Public Member Functions

- `ProcessApplicInterface` (const `ProblemDescDB` &`problem_db`)
  `constructor`
- `~ProcessApplicInterface` ()
  `destructor`

Protected Member Functions

- void `derived_map` (const `Variables` &`vars`, const `ActiveSet` &`set`, `Response` &`response`, int `fn_eval_id`)
  Called by `map()` and other functions to execute the simulation in synchronous mode. The portion of performing an evaluation that is specific to a derived class.
- void `derived_map_asynch` (const `ParamResponsePair` &`pair`)
  Called by `map()` and other functions to execute the simulation in asynchronous mode. The portion of performing an asynchronous evaluation that is specific to a derived class.
- const `StringArray` & `analysis_drivers` () const
  retrieve the analysis drivers specification for application interfaces
- void `file_cleanup` () const
- void `remove_params_results_files` (const bfs::path &`params_path`, const bfs::path &`results_path`) const
  Remove (potentially autotagged for multiple programs) parameters and results files with passed root names.
- void `autotag_files` (const bfs::path &`params_path`, const bfs::path &`results_path`, const String &`eval_id_tag`) const
  Utility to automatically tag parameters and results files with passed root names (the files may already need per-program tagging)
- virtual void `map_bookkeeping` (pid_t `pid`, int `fn_eval_id`)=0
  bookkeeping of process and evaluation ids for asynchronous maps
- virtual pid_t `create_evaluation_process` (bool `block_flag`)=0
Spawn the evaluation by managing the input filter, analysis drivers, and output filter. Called from `derived_map()` & `derived_map_asynch()`.

- **void** synchronous_local_analyses (int start, int end, int step)  
  execute analyses synchronously on the local processor

- **void** define_filenames (const String &eval_id_tag)  
  define modified filenames from user input by handling Unix temp file and optionally tagging with given eval_id_tag

- **void** write_parameters_files (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, const Response &response, const int id)  
  write the parameters data and response request data to one or more parameters files (using one or more invocations of `write_parameters_file()`) in either standard or aprepro format

- **void** read_results_files (Response &response, const int id, const String &eval_id_tag)  
  read the response object from one or more results files using full eval_id_tag passed

- **bfs::path** get_workdir_name ()  
  construct a work directory name (tmp or named), with optional tag

- **void** prepare_process_environment ()  
  set PATH, environment variables, and change directory prior to fork/system/spawn

- **void** reset_process_environment ()  
  reset PATH and current directory after system/spawn (workdir case)

**Protected Attributes**

- **bool** fileTagFlag  
  flags tagging of parameter/results files

- **bool** fileSaveFlag  
  flags retention of parameter/results files

- **bool** commandLineArgs  
  flag indicating use of passing of filenames as command line arguments to the analysis drivers and input/output filters

- **bool** apreproFlag  
  flag indicating use of the APREPRO (the Sandia "A PRE PROcessor" utility) format for parameter files

- **unsigned short** resultsFileFormat  
  results file format

- **bool** multipleParamsFiles  
  flag indicating the need for separate parameters files for multiple analysis drivers

- **std::string** iFilterName  
  the name of the input filter (input filter user specification)

- **std::string** oFilterName  
  the name of the output filter (output filter user specification)

- **std::vector < String >** programNames  
  the names of the analysis code programs (analysis drivers user specification)

- **std::string** specifiedParamsFileName  
  the name of the parameters file from user specification

- **std::string** paramsFileName  
  the parameters file name actually used (modified with tagging or temp files); only valid from define_filenames to write_parameters_files
• std::string paramsFileWritten
  actual, qualified name of the params file written, possibly with workdir
• std::string specifiedResultsFileName
  the name of the results file from user specification
• std::string resultsFileName
  the results file name actually used (modified with tagging or temp files); only valid from define filenames to write parameters files
• std::string resultsFileWritten
  actual, qualified name of the results file written, possibly with workdir
• std::string fullEvalId
  complete evalIdTag, possibly including hierarchical tagging and final eval id, but not program numbers, for passing to write parameters files
• bool allowExistingResults
  by default analysis code interfaces delete results files if they exist; user may override with this flag and we’ll try to gather and only fork if needed
• std::map<int, PathTriple> fileNameMap
  Maps function evaluation ID to triples (parameters, results, and workdir) paths used in spawning function evaluations. Workdir will be empty if not created specifically for this eval.
• bool useWorkdir
  whether to use a work directory
• std::string workDirName
  work directory name, if specified...
• bool dirTag
  whether to tag the working directory
• bool dirSave
  whether dir_save was specified
• bfs::path curWorkdir
  active working directory for this evaluation; valid only from define filenames to create evaluation process
• bfs::path createdDir
  non-empty if created for this eval; valid only from define filenames to write parameters files
• StringArray linkFiles
  template directory (if specified)
• StringArray copyFiles
  template files (if specified)
• bool templateReplace
  whether to replace existing files

Private Member Functions

• void write_parameters_file (const Variables &vars, const ActiveSet &set, const Response &response, const std::string &prog, const std::vector<String> &an_comps, const std::string &params_fname)
  write the variables, active set vector, derivative variables vector, and analysis components to the specified parameters file in either standard or aprepro format
• void read_results_file (Response &response, const bfs::path &path, const int id)
  Open and read the results file at path, properly handling errors.
Private Attributes

- String2DArray analysisComponents
  
  the set of optional analysis components used by the analysis drivers (from the analysis_components interface specification)

13.145.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process and communicates with it through files.

ProcessApplicInterface is subclassed for process handles or file completion testing.

13.145.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void file_cleanup() const [protected], [virtual]
```

Remove any files and directories still referenced in the fileNameMap

Reimplemented from Interface.

References WorkdirHelper::concat_path(), ProcessApplicInterface::dirSave, ProcessApplicInterface::fileNameMap, ProcessApplicInterface::fileSaveFlag, ProcessApplicInterface::iFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::multipleParamsFiles, ProcessApplicInterface::programNames, and WorkdirHelper::recursive_remove().

```cpp
void autotag_files(const bfs::path &params_path, const bfs::path &results_path, const String &eval_id_tag) const [protected]
```

Utility to automatically tag parameters and results files with passed root names (the files may already need per-program tagging)

Move specified params and results files to unique tagged versions when needed

References WorkdirHelper::concat_path(), ProcessApplicInterface::iFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::multipleParamsFiles, ProcessApplicInterface::oFilterName, Interface::outputLevel, ProcessApplicInterface::programNames, WorkdirHelper::rename(), ProcessApplicInterface::specifiedParamsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::specifiedResultsFileName, and ApplicationInterface::suppressOutput.

Referenced by ProcessApplicInterface::read_results_files().

```cpp
void synchronous_local_analyses(int start, int end, int step) [inline], [protected]
```

execute analyses synchronously on the local processor

Execute analyses synchronously in succession on the local processor (start to end in step increments). Modeled after ApplicationInterface::synchronous_local_evaluations().

References ApplicationInterface::synchronous_local_analysis().

Referenced by ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_evaluation().

```cpp
void prepare_process_environment() [protected]
```

set PATH, environment variables, and change directory prior to fork/system/spawn

Guidance: environment (PATH, current directory) should be set immediately before Dakota spawns a process and reset immediately afterwards (except fork which never returns)

References WorkdirHelper::change_directory(), ProcessApplicInterface::curWorkdir, Interface::outputLevel, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileName, WorkdirHelper::set_environment(), WorkdirHelper::set_preferred_path(), and ProcessApplicInterface::useWorkdir.
13.146. PROCESSHANDLEAPPLICINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

Referenced by SpawnApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), ForkApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_analysis_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_evaluation_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_input_filter_to_shell(), and SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_output_filter_to_shell().

```cpp
void reset_process_environment() [protected]
```
reset PATH and current directory after system/spawn (workdir case)

- Undo anything done prior to spawn
- References Interface::outputLevel, WorkdirHelper::reset(), WorkdirHelper::startup_pwd(), and ProcessApplicInterface::useWorkdir.
- Referenced by SpawnApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), ForkApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_analysis_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_evaluation_to_shell(), SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_input_filter_to_shell(), and SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_output_filter_to_shell().

```cpp
void read_results_file (Response & response, const bfs::path & path, const int id) [private]
```
Open and read the results file at path, properly handling errors.

- Helper for read_results_files that opens the results file at results_path and reads it, handling various errors/exceptions.
- References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::read(), and ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileFormat.
- Referenced by ProcessApplicInterface::read_results_files().
- The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
  - ProcessApplicInterface.hpp
  - ProcessApplicInterface.cpp

13.146 ProcessHandleApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process, receives a process identifier, and communicates with the spawned process through files.

Inheritance diagram for ProcessHandleApplicInterface:

```
  Interface
  "- ApplicationInterface
    "- ProcessApplicInterface
      "- ProcessHandleApplicInterface
        "- ForkApplicInterface
        "- SpawnApplicInterface
```

Public Member Functions

- `ProcessHandleApplicInterface (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)`
  
    constructor
~ProcessHandleApplicInterface ()

Destructor

Protected Member Functions

- int synchronous_local_analysis (int analysis_id)
- void init_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency)
- void set_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency)
- void map_bookkeeping (pid_t pid, int fn_eval_id)
  
  Bookkeeping of process and evaluation ids for asynchronous maps
- pid_t create_evaluation_process (bool block_flag)
- virtual pid_t create_analysis_process (bool block_flag, bool new_group)=0
  
  Spawn a child process for an analysis component within an evaluation
- virtual size_t wait_local_analyses ()=0
  
  Wait for asynchronous analyses on the local processor, completing at least one job
- virtual size_t test_local_analyses_send (int analysis_id)=0
  
  Test for asynchronous analysis completions on the local processor and return results for any completions by sending messages
- virtual void join_evaluation_process_group (bool new_group)
  
  Create (if new_group) and join the process group for asynch evaluations
- virtual void join_analysis_process_group (bool new_group)
  
  Create (if new_group) and join the process group for asynch analyses
- virtual void evaluation_process_group_id (pid_t pgid)
  
  Set evalProcGroupId
- virtual pid_t evaluation_process_group_id () const
  
  Return evalProcGroupId
- virtual void analysis_process_group_id (pid_t pgid)
  
  Set analysisProcGroupId
- virtual pid_t analysis_process_group_id () const
  
  Return analysisProcGroupId
- void process_local_evaluation (PRPQueue &prp_queue, const pid_t pid)
  
  Common processing code used by {wait,test,local} evaluations.
- void check_wait (pid_t pid, int status)
  
  Check the exit status of a forked process and abort if an error code was returned
- void asynchronous_local_analyses (int start, int end, int step)
  
  Execute analyses asynchronously on the local processor
- void serve_analyses_asynch ()
  
  Serve the analysis scheduler and execute analysis jobs asynchronously
- void ifilter_argument_list ()
  
  Set argList for execution of the input filter
- void ofilter_argument_list ()
  
  Set argList for execution of the output filter
- void driver_argument_list (int analysis_id)
  
  Set argList for execution of the specified analysis driver
• void create_command_arguments (boost::shared_array<const char *> &av, StringArray &driver_and_args)
  parse argList into argument array av suitable for passing to execvp, appending parameters and results filenames if
  requested by commandLineArgs

Protected Attributes

• std::map<pid_t, int> evalProcessIdMap
  map of fork process id's to function evaluation id's for asynchronous evaluations
• std::map<pid_t, int> analysisProcessIdMap
  map of fork process id's to analysis job id's for asynchronous analyses
• std::vector<std::string> argList
  an array of strings for use with execvp(const char *, char const *). These are converted to an array of const
  char*'s in fork_program().

13.146.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class that spawns a simulation code using a separate process, receives a process
identifier, and communicates with the spawned process through files.

ProcessHandleApplicInterface is subclassed for fork/execvp/waitpid (Unix) and spawnvp (Windows).

13.146.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ProcessHandleApplicInterface (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db) [inline]

constructor
  argList sized 3 for [driver name, input file, output file]

13.146.3 Member Function Documentation

int synchronous_local_analysis (int analysis_id) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

This code provides the derived function used by ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch() as well as a con-
venience function for ProcessHandleApplicInterface::synchronous_local_analyses() below.

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.

References ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), and ProcessHandleApplicInterface::drive-
ner_argument_list().

void init_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

No derived interface plug-ins, so perform construct-time checks. However, process init issues as warnings since
some contexts (e.g., HierarchSurrModel) initialize more configurations than will be used.

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.

References ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_analysis(), and ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor-
_asynchronous().

void set_communicators_checks (int max_eval_concurrency) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Process run-time issues as hard errors.

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_analysis(), and Application-
Interface::check_multiprocessor_asynchronous().
pid_t create_evaluation_process ( bool block_flag ) [protected], [virtual]

Manage the input filter, 1 or more analysis programs, and the output filter in blocking or nonblocking mode as governed by block_flag. In the case of a single analysis and no filters, a single fork is performed, while in other cases, an initial fork is reforked multiple times. Called from derived_map() with block_flag == BLOCK and from derived_map_asynch() with block_flag == FALL_THROUGH. Uses create_analysis_process() to spawn individual program components within the function evaluation.

Implements ProcessApplicInterface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::analysis_process_group_id(), ApplicationInterface::analysisServerId, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalAnalysisFlag, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::asynchronous_local_analyses(), ParallelLibrary::barrier_e(), ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::driver_argument_list(), ApplicationInterface::eaDedMasterFlag, ApplicationInterface::evalCommRank, ApplicationInterface::evalCommSize, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::evalProcessIdMap, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::evaluation_process_group_id(), ProcessApplicInterface::iFilterName, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::join_evaluation_process_group(), ApplicationInterface::master_dynamic_schedule_analyses(), ProcessApplicInterface::multipleParamsFiles, ApplicationInterface::numAnalysisDrivers, ApplicationInterface::numAnalysisServers, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::ofilter_argument_list(), ProcessApplicInterface::oFilterName, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::programNames, ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileName, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::serve_analyses_asynch(), ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch(), ApplicationInterface::suppressOutput, and ProcessApplicInterface::synchronous_local_analyses().

void check_wait ( pid_t pid, int status ) [protected]

check the exit status of a forked process and abort if an error code was returned

Check to see if the process terminated abnormally (WIFEXITED(status)==0) or if either execvp or the application returned a status code of -1 (WIFEXITED(status)!==0 && (signed char)WEXITSTATUS(status)==-1). If one of these conditions is detected, output a failure message and abort. Note: the application code should not return a status code of -1 unless an immediate abort of dakota is wanted. If for instance, failure capturing is to be used, the application code should write the word "FAIL" to the appropriate results file and return a status code of 0 through exit().

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by ForkApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), SpawnApplicInterface::test_local_analyses_send(), SpawnApplicInterface::test_local_evaluations(), ForkApplicInterface::wait(), SpawnApplicInterface::wait_local_analyses(), and SpawnApplicInterface::wait_local_evaluations().

void asynchronous_local_analyses ( int start, int end, int step ) [protected]

execute analyses asynchronously on the local processor

Execute analyses asynchronously on the local processor using a dynamic scheduling approach (start to end in step increments). Concurrency is limited by asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency. Modeled after ApplicationInterface::asynchronous_local_evaluations(). NOTE: This function should be elevated to ApplicationInterface if and when another derived interface class supports asynchronous local analyses.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::analysisProcessIdMap, ApplicationInterface::asynchLocalAnalysisConcurrency, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::driver_argument_list(), ApplicationInterface::numAnalysisDrivers, and ProcessHandleApplicInterface::wait_local_analyses().

Referenced by ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process().
void serve_analyses_asynch ( ) [protected]

serve the analysis scheduler and execute analysis jobs asynchronously

This code runs multiple async analyses on each server. It is modeled after ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch(). NOTE: This fn should be elevated to ApplicationInterface if and when another derived interface class supports hybrid analysis parallelism.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::analysisProcessIdMap, ApplicationInterface::asyncLocalAnalysisConcurrency, ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), ProcessHandleApplicInterface::driver_argument_list(), ParallelLibrary::irecv_ea(), ApplicationInterface::numAnalysisDrivers, ApplicationInterface::parallelLib, ParallelLibrary::recv_ea(), ParallelLibrary::test(), and ProcessHandleApplicInterface::test_local_analyses_send().

Referenced by ProcessHandleApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process().

void create_command_arguments ( boost::shared_array< const char * > & av, StringArray & driver_and_args ) [protected]

parses argList into argument array av suitable for passing to execvp, appending parameters and results filenames if requested by commandLineArgs

This function will split the analysis command in argList[0] based on whitespace, but preserve spaces within quoted strings, such that quoted strings can be passed as single command arguments. NOTE: This function allocates memory in av that might be implicitly freed when the child exits (control never returns to caller). driver_and_args needs to be a return argument because av will contain pointers into its c_str()'s when done.

References ProcessHandleApplicInterface::argList, ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, and WorkdirHelper::tokenize_driver().

Referenced by SpawnApplicInterface::create_analysis_process(), and ForkApplicInterface::create_analysis_process().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• ProcessHandleApplicInterface.hpp
• ProcessHandleApplicInterface.cpp

13.147 ProgramOptions Class Reference

ProgramOptions stores options whether from the CLH or from library user; initially valid only on worldRank = 0, but then broadcast in ParallelLibrary::push_output_tag()

Public Member Functions

• ProgramOptions ( )
  
  default constructor (needed for default environment ctors and could be used by library clients to late update data)

• ProgramOptions (int world_rank)
  
  constructor that accepts world rank to help with I/O control; allows default constructed ProgramOptions to get rank in library mode

• ProgramOptions (int argc, char *argv[], int world_rank)
  
  standard constructor that uses a CommandLineHandler to parse user options

• const String & input_file ( ) const

  Dakota input file base name (no tag)

• const String & input_string ( ) const
alternate Dakota input string literal

- bool echo_input () const
  
is input echo specified?

- const String & parser_options () const
  
(deprecated) NIDR parser options

- String output_file () const
  
output (user-provided or default) file base name (no tag)

- const String & error_file () const
  
error file base name (no tag)

- const String & exit_mode () const
  
behavior of abort_handler (throw or exit)

- const String & read_restart_file () const
  
restart file base name (no tag)

- size_t stop_restart_evals () const
  
eval ID at which to stop reading restart

- String write_restart_file () const
  
write restart (user-provided or default) file base name (no tag)

- bool help () const
  
is help mode active?

- bool version () const
  
is version mode active?

- bool check () const
  
is check mode active?

- bool pre_run () const
  
is pre-run mode active?

- bool run () const
  
is run mode active?

- bool post_run () const
  
is post-run mode active?

- bool user_modes () const
  
are any non-default, user-specified run modes active?

- const String & pre_run_input () const
  
filename for pre-run input

- const String & pre_run_output () const
  
filename for pre-run output

- const String & run_input () const
  
filename for run input

- const String & run_output () const
  
filename for run output

- const String & post_run_input () const
  
filename for post-run input

- const String & post_run_output () const
  
filename for post-run output
• unsigned int pre_run_output_format () const
  tabular format for pre-run output
• unsigned int post_run_input_format () const
  tabular format for post-run input
• bool proceed_toInstantiate () const
  whether steps beyond help/version are requested (instantiation required)
• bool proceed_to_run () const
  Whether steps beyond check are requested.
• bool user_stdout_redirect () const
  whether the user/client code requested a redirect of stdout
• bool user_stderr_redirect () const
  whether the user/client code requested a redirect of stderr
• void world_rank (int world_rank)
  set the world rank to govern early conditional output
• void input_file (const String &in_file)
  set Dakota input file base name (no tag)
• void input_string (const String &in_string)
  set alternate Dakota input string literal
• void echo_input (bool echo_flag)
  set whether to echo input to output
• void exit_mode (const String &mode)
  set behavior for abort_handler
• void output_file (const String &out_file)
  set base file name for Dakota output
• void error_file (const String &err_file)
  set base file name for Dakota errors
• void read_restart_file (const String &read_rst)
  set base file name for restart file from which to read
• void stop_restart_evals (size_t stop_rst)
  set eval ID at which to stop reading restart
• void write_restart_file (const String &write_rst)
  set base file name for restart file to write
• void help (bool help_flag)
  set true to print help information and exit
• void version (bool version_flag)
  set true to print version information and exit
• void check (bool check_flag)
  set true to check input and instantiate objects, then exit
• void pre_run (bool pre_run_flag)
  set to enable/disable pre-run phase
• void run (bool run_flag)
  set to enable/disable run phase
• void post_run (bool post_run_flag)
set to enable/disable post-run phase

- void pre_run_input (const String &pre_run_in)
  Specify the pre-run phase input filename.
- void pre_run_output (const String &pre_run_out)
  Specify the pre-run phase output filename.
- void run_input (const String &run_in)
  Specify the run phase input filename.
- void run_output (const String &run_out)
  Specify the run phase output filename.
- void post_run_input (const String &post_run_in)
  Specify the post-run phase input filename.
- void post_run_output (const String &post_run_out)
  Specify the post-run phase output filename.
- void parse (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  Extract environment options from ProblemDescDB.
- void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  helper function for reading some class data from MPI buffer
- void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  helper function for writing some class data to MPI buffer

Private Member Functions

- void parse_environment_options ()
  any environment variables affecting global behavior get read here
- void manage_run_modes (const CommandLineHandler &clh)
  retrieve run mode options from the CLH
- void split_filenames (const char *filenames, std::string &input_filename, std::string &output_filename)
  manage pre/run/post filenames
- void validate ()
  verify consistency of user settings (helpful for library mode especially)
- void validate_run_modes ()
  validate user run modes and set userModesFlag
- void set_option (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const String &db_name, String &data_member)
  retrieve environment.<db_name> from the problem db and update data_member, warning if needed

Private Attributes

- int worldRank
  cache the world rank to help with conditional output
- String inputFile
  Dakota input file name, e.g., “dakota.in”.
- String inputString
  alternate input means for library clients: input string (mutually exclusive with input file)
- bool echoInput
whether to echo client’s input file at parse

- String **parserOptions**
  Deprecation option for NIDR parser options.

- String **exitMode**
  Abort or throw on error.

- String **outputFile**
  Dakota output base file name, e.g., “dakota.out”.

- String **errorFile**
  Dakota error base file name, e.g., “dakota.err”.

- String **readRestartFile**
  e.g., “dakota.old.rst”

- size_t **stopRestartEvals**
  Eval number at which to stop restart read

- String **writeRestartFile**
  e.g., “dakota.new.rst”

- bool **helpFlag**
  whether to print help message and exit

- bool **versionFlag**
  whether to print version message and exit

- bool **checkFlag**
  flags invocation with command line option -check

- bool **preRunFlag**
  flags invocation with command line option -pre_run

- bool **runFlag**
  flags invocation with command line option -run

- bool **postRunFlag**
  flags invocation with command line option -post_run

- bool **userModesFlag**
  whether any user run modes are active

- String **preRunInput**
  filename for pre_run input

- String **preRunOutput**
  filename for pre_run output

- String **runInput**
  filename for run input

- String **runOutput**
  filename for run output

- String **postRunInput**
  filename for post_run input

- String **postRunOutput**
  filename for post_run output

- unsigned short **preRunOutputFormat**
  tabular format for pre_run output

- unsigned short **postRunInputFormat**
  tabular format for post_run input
13.147.1 Detailed Description

ProgramOptions stores options whether from the CLH or from library user; initially valid only on worldRank = 0, but then broadcast in ParallelLibrary::push_output_tag()

13.147.2 Member Function Documentation

```c++
void split_filenames ( const char *filenames, std::string &input_filename, std::string &output_filename )
```

[private]

manage pre/run/post filenames

Tokenize colon-delimited input and output filenames, returns unchanged strings if tokens not found.

Referenced by ProgramOptions::manage_run_modes().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ProgramOptions.hpp
- ProgramOptions.cpp

13.148 PStudyDACE Class Reference

Base class for managing common aspects of parameter studies and design of experiments methods.

Inheritance diagram for PStudyDACE:

```
          Iterator
           |
           |
        Analyzer
           |
           |
      PStudyDACE
           |
           |
DDACEDesignCompExp   FSUDesignCompExp   ParamStudy   PSUADEDesignCompExp
```

Protected Member Functions

- **PStudyDACE** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  constructor

- **PStudyDACE** (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)
  
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

- **~PStudyDACE** ()
  
  destructor

- **void core_run ()**
  
  core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  
  print the final iterator results

- **virtual void extract_trends ()=0**
  
  Mapping of the core_run() virtual function for the PStudy/DACE branch.

- **void volumetric_quality (int ndim, int num_samples, double *sample_points)**
  
  Calculation of volumetric quality measures.
Protected Attributes

- SensAnalysisGlobal pStudyDACESensGlobal
  initialize statistical post processing
- bool volQualityFlag
  flag which specifies evaluation of volumetric quality measures
- bool varBasedDecompFlag
  flag which specifies calculating variance based decomposition sensitivity analysis metrics

Private Attributes

- double chiMeas
  quality measure
- double dMeas
  quality measure
- double hMeas
  quality measure
- double tauMeas
  quality measure

Additional Inherited Members

13.148.1 Detailed Description

Base class for managing common aspects of parameter studies and design of experiments methods.

The PStudyDACE base class manages common data and functions, such as those involving the best solutions located during the parameter set evaluations or the printing of final results.

13.148.2 Member Function Documentation

void core_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Analyzer::bestVarsRespMap, and PStudyDACE::extract_trends().

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in finalize_run().

Reimplemented from Analyzer.

References PStudyDACE::chiMeas, Analyzer::compactMode, Model::continuous_variable_labels(), SensAnalysisGlobal::correlations_computed(), Model::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_string_variable_labels(), PStudyDACE::dMeas, PStudyDACE::hMeas, Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numLsqTerms, Analyzer::numObjFs, SensAnalysisGlobal::print_correlations(), Analyzer::print_results(), Analyzer::print_sobol_indices(), PStudyDACE::pStudyDACESensGlobal, Model::response_labels(), PStudyDACE::tauMeas, PStudyDACE::varBasedDecompFlag, and PStudyDACE::volQualityFlag.
void volumetric_quality ( int ndim, int num_samples, double * sample_points ) [protected]

Calculation of volumetric quality measures. Calculation of volumetric quality measures developed by FSU. References PStudyDACE::chiMeas, PStudyDACE::dMeas, PStudyDACE::hMeas, and PStudyDACE::tauMeas. Referenced by FSUDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets(), and DDACEDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets(). The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaPStudyDACE.hpp
- DakotaPStudyDACE.cpp

13.149 PSUADEDesignCompExp Class Reference

Wrapper class for the PSUADE library. Inheritance diagram for PSUADEDesignCompExp:

```
            Iterator
               |
               Analyzer
                  |
                  PStudyDACE
                     |
                     PSUADEDesignCompExp
```

Public Member Functions

- **PSUADEDesignCompExp** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator
- **~PSUADEDesignCompExp** ()
  destructor
- void **pre_run** ()
  pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
- void **post_input** ()
  read tabular data for post-run mode
- void **extract_trends** ()
  Mapping of the core_run() virtual function for the PStudy/DACE branch.
- void **post_run** (std::ostream &s)
  post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way
- int **num_samples** () const
- void **sampling_reset** (int min_samples, bool all_data_flag, bool stats_flag)
  reset sampling iterator to use at least min_samples
• unsigned short sampling_scheme () const
  return sampling name
• void vary_pattern (bool pattern_flag)
  sets varyPattern in derived classes that support it
• void get_parameter_sets (Model &model)
  Returns one block of samples (ndim * num_samples)

Private Member Functions
• void enforce_input_rules ()
  enforce sanity checks/modifications for the user input specification

Private Attributes
• int samplesSpec
  initial specification of number of samples
• int numSamples
  current number of samples to be evaluated
• const UShortArray & varPartitionsSpec
  number of partitions in each variable direction
• int numPartitions
  number of partitions to pass to PSUADE (levels = partitions + 1)
• bool allDataFlag
  flag which triggers the update of allVars/allResponses for use by Iterator::all_variables() and Iterator::all_responses()
• size_t numDACERuns
  counter for number of executions for this object
• bool varyPattern
  flag for generating a sequence of seed values within multiple get_parameter_sets() calls so that the sample sets are not repeated, but are still repeatable
• const int seedSpec
  the user seed specification for the random number generator (allows repeatable results)
• int randomSeed
  current seed for the random number generator

Additional Inherited Members

13.149.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the PSUADE library.

The PSUADEDesignCompExp class provides a wrapper for PSUADE, a C++ design of experiments library from Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. Currently this class only includes the PSUADE Morris One-at-a-time (MOAT) method to uniformly sample the parameter space spanned by the active bounds of the current Model. It returns all generated samples and their corresponding responses as well as the best sample found.
13.149.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PSUADEDesignCompExp ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )

primary constructor for building a standard DACE iterator
This constructor is called for a standard iterator built with data from probDescDB.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::methodName, and PSUADEDesignCompExp::numSamples.

13.149.3 Member Function Documentation

void pre_run ( ) [virtual]

pre-run portion of run (optional); re-implemented by Iterators which can generate all Variables (parameter sets) a priori
pre-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, pre-run is likely integrated into the run function. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s pre_run(), if implemented, typically before performing its own implementation steps.
Reimplemented from Iterator.
References PSUADEDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets(), and Iterator::iteratedModel.

void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]

post-run portion of run (optional); verbose to print results; re-implemented by Iterators that can read all Variables/Responses and perform final analysis phase in a standalone way
Post-run phase, which a derived iterator may optionally reimplement; when not present, post-run is likely integrated into run. This is a virtual function; when re-implementing, a derived class must call its nearest parent’s post_run(), typically after performing its own implementation steps.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Analyzer::allResponses, Analyzer::allSamples, Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, Analyzer::numFunctions, PSUADEDesignCompExp::numSamples, and Analyzer::post_run().

int num_samples ( ) const [inline], [virtual]

Return current number of evaluation points. Since the calculation of samples, collocation points, etc. might be costly, provide a default implementation here that backs out from the maxEvalConcurrency.
Reimplemented from Analyzer.
References PSUADEDesignCompExp::numSamples.

void enforce_input_rules ( ) [private]

enforce sanity checks/modifications for the user input specification
Users may input a variety of quantities, but this function must enforce any restrictions imposed by the sampling algorithms.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::methodName, Analyzer::numContinuousVars, PSUADEDesignCompExp::numPartitions, PSUADEDesignCompExp::numSamples, and PSUADEDesignCompExp::varPartitionsSpec.
Referenced by PSUADEDesignCompExp::get_parameter_sets().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- PSUADEDesignCompExp.hpp
13.150  PythonInterface Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for PythonInterface:

```
  Interface
  |       |
  v       v
ApplicationInterface
  |       |
  v       v
DirectApplicInterface
  |       |
  v       v
PythonInterface
```

Public Member Functions

- **PythonInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  constructor
- **~PythonInterface** ()
  
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- virtual int derived_map_ac (const String &ac_name)
  
  execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- int python_run (const String &ac_name)
  
  direct interface to Python via API, BMA 07/02/07
- template<class ArrayT, class Size>
  
  bool python_convert_int (const ArrayT &src, Size size, PyObject **dst)
  
  convert arrays of integer types to Python list or numpy array
- bool python_convert (const RealVector &src, PyObject **dst)
  
  convert RealVector to Python list or numpy array
- bool python_convert (const RealVector &c_src, const IntVector &di_src, const RealVector &dr_src, PyObject **dst)
  
  convert RealVector + IntVector + RealVector to Python mixed list or numpy double array
- template<class StringArrayT>
  
  bool python_convert_strlist (const StringArrayT &src, PyObject **dst)
  
  convert labels
- bool python_convert (const StringMultiArray &c_src, const StringMultiArray &di_src, const StringMultiArray &dr_src, PyObject **dst)
  
  convert all labels to single list
- bool python_convert (PyObject *pyv, RealVector &rv, const int &dim)
convert python [list of int or float] or [numpy array of double] to RealVector (for fns)

- bool python_convert (PyObject *pyv, double *rv, const int &dim)

convert python [list of int or float] or [numpy array of double] to double[], for use as helper in converting gradients

- bool python_convert (PyObject *pym, RealMatrix &rm)

convert python [list of lists of int or float] or [numpy array of dbl] to RealMatrix (for gradients)

- bool python_convert (PyObject *pym, RealSymMatrix &rm)

convert python [list of lists of int or float] or [numpy array of dbl] to RealMatrix (used as helper in Hessian conversion)

- bool python_convert (PyObject *pyma, RealSymMatrixArray &rma)

convert python [list of lists of lists of int or float] or [numpy array of double] to RealSymMatrixArray (for Hessians)

Protected Attributes

- bool userNumpyFlag
  whether the user requested numpy data structures in the input file

- bool ownPython
  true if this class created the interpreter instance

13.150.1 Detailed Description

Specialization of DirectApplicInterface to link to Python analysis drivers. Includes convenience functions to map data to/from Python

13.150.2 Member Function Documentation

int derived_map_ac ( const String & ac_name ) [protected], [virtual]

execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation
- Python specialization of derived analysis components.
- Reimplemented from DirectApplicInterface.
- References ApplicationInterface::analysisServerId, and PythonInterface::python_run().

bool python_convert_int ( const ArrayT & src, Size sz, PyObject ** dst ) [protected]

convert arrays of integer types to Python list or numpy array
- convert all integer array types including IntVector, ShortArray, and SizetArray to Python list of ints or numpy array of ints
- References PythonInterface::userNumpyFlag.
- Referenced by PythonInterface::python_run().
- The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
  - PythonInterface.hpp
  - PythonInterface.cpp

13.151 QuesoJointPdf< V, M > Class Template Reference

Dakota specialization of QUESO generic joint PDF.
Inherits BaseJointPdf< V, M >.
Public Member Functions

- **QuesoJointPdf** (const char *prefix, const QUESO::VectorSet<V, M> &domainSet, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration *nond_queso_ptr)
  
  Default constructor.
- virtual ~QuesoJointPdf ()
  
  Destructor.
- double **actualValue** (const V &domainVector, const V *domainDirection, V *gradVector, M *hessianMatrix, V *hessianEffect) const
  
  Actual value of the PDF (scalar function).
- double **lnValue** (const V &domainVector, const V *domainDirection, V *gradVector, M *hessianMatrix, V *hessianEffect) const
  
  Logarithm of the value of the function.
- double **computeLogOfNormalizationFactor** (unsigned int numSamples, bool m_logOfNormalizationFactor) const
  
  Computes the logarithm of the normalization factor.

Private Attributes

- NonDQUESOBayesCalibration * nonDQUESOInstance

13.151.1 Detailed Description

template<class V, class M> class Dakota::QuesoJointPdf<V, M>

Dakota specialization of QUESO generic joint PDF.

13.151.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

QuesoJointPdf ( const char * prefix, const QUESO::VectorSet<V, M> & domainSet, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration * nond_queso_ptr )

Default constructor.

Instantiates an object of the class, i.e. a scalar function, given a prefix and its domain.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- NonDQUESOBayesCalibration.cpp

13.152 QuesoVectorRV < V, M > Class Template Reference

Dakota specialization of QUESO vector-valued random variable.

Inherits BaseVectorRV < V, M >.

Public Member Functions

- **QuesoVectorRV** (const char *prefix, const QUESO::VectorSet<V, M> &imageSet, NonDQUESOBayesCalibration *nond_queso_ptr)
  
  Default constructor.
- virtual ~QuesoVectorRV ()
Virtual destructor:

- void print (std::ostream &os) const

  TODO: Prints the vector RV (required pure virtual).

13.152.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class V, class M> class Dakota::QuesoVectorRV<V, M>
```

Dakota specialization of QUESO vector-valued random variable.

13.152.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
QuesoVectorRV ( const char *prefix, const QUESO::VectorSet<V, M> &imageSet,
NonDQUESOBayesCalibration *nond_queso_ptr )
```

Default constructor.

- Constructs a generic queso vector RV, given a prefix and the image set of the vector RV.
- The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:
  - NonDQUESOBayesCalibration.cpp

13.153 RecastModel Class Reference

Derived model class which provides a thin wrapper around a sub-model in order to recast the form of its inputs and/or outputs.

Inheritance diagram for RecastModel:

```
Model
<p>| |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
RecastModel

DataTransformModel

ScalingModel
```

Public Member Functions


standard constructor
RecastModel (const Model &sub_model, const SizetArray &vars_tots, const BitArray &all_relax_di, const BitArray &all_relax_dr, size_t num_recast_primary_fns, size_t num_recast_secondary_fns, size_t recast_secondary_offset, short recast_responder_order)

alternate constructor

~RecastModel ()

destructor


completes initialization of the RecastModel after alternate construction


provide optional inverse mappings

void transform_variables (const Variables &recast_vars, Variables &sub_model_vars)

perform transformation of Variables (recast -> sub-model)

void transform_set (const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, const ActiveSet &sub_model_set)

into sub_model_set for use with subModel.

void transform_response (const Variables &recast_vars, const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Response &sub_model_resp, Response &recast_resp)

perform transformation of Response (sub-model -> recast)

void inverse_transform_variables (const Variables &sub_model_vars, Variables &recast_vars)

perform inverse transformation of Variables (sub-model -> recast)

void inverse_transform_set (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const ActiveSet &sub_model_set, const ActiveSet &recast_set)

into sub_model_set for use with subModel.

void inverse_transform_response (const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &recast_resp, Response &sub_model_resp)

perform inverse transformation of Response (recast -> sub-model)

void submodel_supports_derivative_estimation (bool sed_flag)

override the submodel’s derivative estimation behavior

Protected Member Functions

void derived_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)

portion of compute_response() specific to RecastModel (forward to subModel.compute_response())

void derived_asynch_compute_response (const ActiveSet &set)

portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to RecastModel (forward to subModel.asynch_compute_response())

const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize ()
portion of `synchronize()` specific to `RecastModel` (forward to `subModel.synchronize()`)

- `const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait()`

  portion of `synchronize_nowait()` specific to `RecastModel` (forward to `subModel.synchronize_nowait()`)

- `Iterator & subordinate_iterator()`
  return sub-iterator, if present, within subModel

- `Model & subordinate_model()`
  return subModel

- `Model & surrogate_model()`
  return surrogate model, if present, within subModel

- `Model & truth_model()`
  return truth model, if present, within subModel

- `void derived_subordinate_models(ModelList &ml, bool recurse_flag)`
  add subModel to list and recurse into subModel

- `void update_from_subordinate_model(size_t depth=std::numeric_limits<size_t>::max())`
  pass request to subModel if recursing and then update from it

- `Interface & derived_interface()`
  return subModel interface

- `void primary_response_fn_weights(const RealVector &wts, bool recurse_flag=true)`
  set the relative weightings for multiple objective functions or least squares terms and optionally recurses into sub-Model

- `void surrogate_function_indices(const IntSet &surr_fn_indices)`
  update the subModel’s surrogate response function indices (`DataFitSurrModel::surrogateFnIndices`)

- `void surrogate_response_mode(short mode)`
  update the subModel’s surrogate response mode (`SurrogateModel::responseMode`)

- `void build_approximation()`
  builds the subModel approximation

- `bool build_approximation(const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr)`
  builds the subModel approximation

- `void update_approximation(bool rebuild_flag)`
  replaces data in the subModel approximation

- `void update_approximation(const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr, bool rebuild_flag)`
  replaces data in the subModel approximation

- `void update_approximation(const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)`
  replaces data in the subModel approximation

- `void append_approximation(bool rebuild_flag)`
  appends data to the subModel approximation

- `void append_approximation(const Variables &vars, const IntResponsePair &response_pr, bool rebuild_flag)`
  appends data to the subModel approximation

- `void append_approximation(const VariablesArray &vars_array, const IntResponseMap &resp_map, bool rebuild_flag)`
  appends data to the subModel approximation

- `void pop_approximation(bool save_surr_data, bool rebuild_flag=false)`
remove the previous data set addition to a surrogate (e.g., due to a previous `append_approximation()` call); flag manages storing of surrogate data for use in a subsequent `restore_approximation()`

- **void restore_approximation()**
  - restore a previous approximation data state within a surrogate

- **bool restore_available()**
  - query for whether a trial increment is restorable within a surrogate

- **void finalize_approximation()**
  - finalize an approximation by applying all previous trial increments

- **void store_approximation()**
  - move the current approximation into storage for later combination

- **void combine_approximation(short corr_type)**
  - combine the current approximation with one previously stored

- **std::vector<Approximation> & approximations()**
  - retrieve the set of Approximations from the subModel

- **const RealVectorArray & approximation_coefficients(bool normalized=false)**
  - retrieve the approximation coefficients from the subModel

- **void approximation_coefficients(const RealVectorArray &approx_coeffs, bool normalized=false)**
  - set the approximation coefficients within the subModel

- **const RealVector & approximation_variances(const Variables &vars)**
  - retrieve the approximation variances from the subModel

- **const Pecos::SurrogateData & approximation_data(size_t index)**
  - retrieve the approximation data from the subModel

- **void component_parallel_mode(short mode)**
  - `RecastModel` only supports parallelism in subModel, so this virtual function redefinition is simply a sanity check.

- **size_t mi_parallel_level_index() const**
  - return subModel’s MI parallel level index

- **short local_eval_synchronization()**
  - return subModel local synchronization setting

- **int local_eval_concurrency()**
  - return subModel local evaluation concurrency

- **bool derived_master_overload() const**
  - flag which prevents overloading the master with a multiprocessor evaluation (request forwarded to subModel)

- **IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds(int max_eval_concurrency)**
  - estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Model

- **void derived_init_communicators(ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  - set up `RecastModel` for parallel operations (request forwarded to subModel)

- **void derived_init_serial()**
  - set up `RecastModel` for serial operations (request forwarded to subModel).

- **void derived_set_communicators(ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  - set active parallel configuration within subModel

- **void derived_free_communicators(ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)**
  - deallocate communicator partitions for the `RecastModel` (request forwarded to subModel)

- **void serve_run(ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)**
Service subModel job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from stop_servers().

- void stop_servers()
  executed by the master to terminate subModel server operations when RecastModel iteration is complete.

- void inactive_view (short view, bool recurse_flag=true)
  update the Model’s inactive view based on higher level (nested) context and optionally recurse into subModel

- const String & interface_id () const
  return the subModel interface identifier

- int evaluation_id () const
  return the current evaluation id for the RecastModel (request forwarded to subModel)

- void set_evaluation_reference()
  set the evaluation counter reference points for the RecastModel (request forwarded to subModel)

- void fine_grained_evaluation_counters()
  request fine-grained evaluation reporting within subModel

- void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const
  print the evaluation summary for the RecastModel (request forwarded to subModel)

- void eval_tag_prefix (const String &eval_id_str)
  set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

- bool db_lookup (const Variables &search_vars, const ActiveSet &search_set, Response &found_resp)
  RecastModel may need to map variables, asv before DB lookup, or responses after lookup.

Private Member Functions

- void initialize_data_from_submodel()
  code shared among constructors to initialize base class data from submodel

- void update_from_sub_model()
  update current variables/labels/bounds/targets from subModel

Private Attributes

- Model subModel
  the sub-model underlying the function pointers

- Sizet2DArray varsMapIndices
  For each subModel variable, identifies the indices of the recast variables used to define it (maps RecastModel variables to subModel variables; data is packed with only the variable indices employed rather than a sparsely filled \( N_{asv} \times N_r \) matrix).

- bool nonlinearVarsMapping
  boolean set to true if the variables mapping involves a nonlinear transformation. Used in transform_set() to manage the requirement for gradients within the Hessian transformations. This does not require a BoolDeque for each individual variable, since response gradients and Hessians are managed per function, not per variable.

- bool respMapping
  set to true if non-NULL primaryRespMapping or secondaryRespMapping are supplied

- Sizet2DArray primaryRespMapIndices
For each recast primary function, identifies the indices of the subModel functions used to define it (maps subModel response to RecastModel Response).

- Sizet2DArray secondaryRespMapIndices
  For each recast secondary function, identifies the indices of the subModel functions used to define it (maps subModel response to RecastModel response).

- BoolDequeArray nonlinearRespMapping
  array of BoolDeques, one for each recast response function. Each BoolDeque defines which subModel response functions contribute to the recast function using a nonlinear mapping. Used in transform_set() to augment the subModel function value/gradient requirements.

- IntActiveSetMap recastSetMap
  map of recast active set passed to derived_asynch_compute_response(). Needed for currentResponse update in synchronization routines.

- IntVariablesMap recastVarsMap
  map of recast variables used by derived_asynch_compute_response(). Needed for primaryRespMapping() and secondaryRespMapping() in synchronization routines.

- IntVariablesMap subModelVarsMap
  map of subModel variables used by derived_asynch_compute_response(). Needed for primaryRespMapping() and secondaryRespMapping() in synchronization routines.

- IntResponseMap recastResponseMap
  map of recast responses used by RecastModel::derived_synchronize() and RecastModel::derived_synchronize_nowait()

- void(* variablesMapping)(const Variables &recast_vars, Variables &sub_model_vars)
  holds pointer for variables mapping function passed in ctor/initialize

- void(* setMapping)(const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, ActiveSet &sub_model_set)
  holds pointer for set mapping function passed in ctor/initialize

- void(* primaryRespMapping)(const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response)
  holds pointer for primary response mapping function passed in ctor/initialize

  holds pointer for secondary response mapping function passed in ctor/initialize

- void(* invVarsMapping)(const Variables &sub_model_vars, Variables &recast_vars)
  holds pointer for optional inverse variables mapping function passed in inverse_mappings()

- void(* invSetMapping)(const Variables &sub_model_vars, const ActiveSet &sub_model_set, ActiveSet &recast_set)
  holds pointer for optional inverse set mapping function passed in inverse_mappings()

- void(* invPriRespMapping)(const Variables &recast_vars, const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Response &recast resp, Response &sub_model resp)
  holds pointer for optional inverse primary response mapping function passed in inverse_mappings()

- void(* invSecRespMapping)(const Variables &recast_vars, const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Response &recast resp, Response &sub_model resp)
  holds pointer for optional inverse secondary response mapping function passed in inverse_mappings()
Additional Inherited Members

13.153.1 Detailed Description

Derived model class which provides a thin wrapper around a sub-model in order to recast the form of its inputs
and/or outputs.

The RecastModel class uses function pointers to allow recasting of the subModel input/output into new prob-
lem forms. This is currently used to recast SBO approximate subproblems, but can be used for multiobjective,
input/output scaling, and other problem modifications in the future.

For now, making the assumption that variables mappings are ordered by submodel active continous, discrete
int, discrete string, discrete real variables, even though all current use cases are continuous only

13.153.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

RecastModel ( const Model & sub_model, const Sizet2DArray & vars_map_indices, const SizetArray & vars_comps_totals, const BitArray & all_relax_di, const BitArray & all_relax_dr, bool nonlinear_vars_mapping, void(*)(const Variables &recast_vars, Variables &sub_model_vars) variables_map, void(*)(const Variables &recast_vars, const ActiveSet &recast_set, ActiveSet &sub_model_set) set_map, const Sizet2DArray & primary_resp_map_indices, const Sizet2DArray & secondary_resp_map_indices, size_t recast_secondary_offset, short recast_resp_order, const BooleanDequeArray & nonlinear_resp_mapping, void(*)(const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response) primary_resp_map, void(*)(const Variables &sub_model_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &sub_model_response, Response &recast_response) secondary_resp_map )

standard constructor

Default recast model constructor. Requires full definition of the transformation. Parameter vars_comps_totals
indicates the number of each type of variable {4 types} x {3 domains} in the recast variable space. Note: recast-
_secondary_offset is the start index for equality constraints, typically num nonlinear ineq constraints.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all-
_relaxed_discrete_real(), SharedVariablesData::components_totals(), Response::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::current_response(), Model::currentVariables(), Model::currentVariables, Variables::cv(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), RecastModel::initialize_data_from_submodel(), Model::modelType, RecastModel::nonlinearRespMapping, Response::num_functions(), Constraints::num_linear_eq_constraints(), Constraints::num_linear_ineq_constraints(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::numDerivVars, Model::numFns, RecastModel::primaryRespMapIndices, RecastModel::primaryRespMapping, Constraints::reshape(), Response::reshape(), RecastModel::respMapping, RecastModel::secondaryRespMapIndices, RecastModel::secondaryRespMapping, Variables::shared_data(), RecastModel::subModel, Model::supportsEstimDerivs, Dakota::svd(), Model::user_defined_constraints(), Model::userDefinedConstraints, RecastModel::variablesMapping, and Variables::view().

RecastModel ( const Model & sub_model, const SizetArray & vars_comps_totals, const BitArray & all_relax_di, const BitArray & all_relax_dr, size_t num_recast_primary_fns, size_t num_recast_secondary_fns, size_t recast_secondary_offset, short recast_resp_order )

alternate constructor

This alternate constructor defers initialization of the function pointers until a separate call to initialize(),
and accepts the minimum information needed to construct currentVariables, currentResponse, and userDefined-
Constraints. The resulting model is sufficiently complete for passing to an Iterator. Parameter vars_comps_totals
indicates the number of each type of variable {4 types} x {3 domains} in the recast variable space. Note: recast-
_secondary_offset is the start index for equality constraints, typically num nonlinear ineq constraints.
References SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_real(),
SharedVariablesData::components_totals(), Response::copy(), Constraints::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::current-
response(), Model::current_variables(), Model::currentResponse, Variables::cv(), Response-
::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), RecastModel::initialize_data_from_submodel(), Model::model-
Type, Response::num_functions(), Constraints::num_linear_eq_constraints(), Constraints::num_linear_ineq_constraints(),
Constraints::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::numDerivVars,
Model::numFns, Constraints::reshape(), Response::reshape(), Variables::shared_data(), RecastModel::subModel,
Model::supportsEstimDerivs, Dakota::svd(), Model::user_defined_constraints(), Model::userDefinedConstraints,
and Variables::view().

13.153.3 Member Function Documentation

void initialize ( const Sizet2DArray & vars_map_indices, bool nonlinear_vars_mapping, void (*)(const
Variables & recast_vars, Variables & sub_model_vars) variables_map, void (*)(const Variables
& recast_vars, const ActiveSet & recast_set, ActiveSet & sub_model_set) set_map, const Sizet2DArray &
primary_resp_map_indices, const Sizet2DArray & secondary_resp_map_indices, const BoolDequeArray &
nonlinear_resp_mapping, void (*)(const Variables & sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const
Response & sub_model_response, Response & recast_response) primary_resp_map, void (*)(const Variables
& sub_model_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & sub_model_response, Response
& recast_response) secondary_resp_map )

completes initialization of the RecastModel after alternate construction

This function is used for late initialization of the recasting functions. It is used in concert with the alternate
constructor.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), RecastModel::nonlinearRespMapping, RecastModel::nonlinearVarsMapping,
RecastModel::primaryRespMapIndices, RecastModel::primaryRespMapping, RecastModel::respMapping, Recast-
Model::secondaryRespMapIndices, RecastModel::secondaryRespMapping, RecastModel::setMapping, Recast-
Model::variablesMapping, and RecastModel::varsMapIndices.

Referenced by DataTransformModel::DataTransformModel(), EffGlobalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates_on-
model(), NonDLocalReliability::mpp_search(), NonDGlobalReliability::optimize_gaussian_process(), NonDLocal-
Interval::quantify_uncertainty(), NonDGlobalInterval::quantify_uncertainty(), and ScalingModel::ScalingModel().

void derived_compute_response ( const ActiveSet & set ) [protected], [virtual]

portion of compute_response() specific to RecastModel (forward to subModel.compute_response())

The RecastModel is evaluated by an Iterator for a recast problem formulation. Therefore, the currentVariables,
incoming active set, and output currentResponse all correspond to the recast inputs/outputs.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Response::active_set(), Model::compute_response(), Model::current_response(), Model::current-
variables(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, RecastModel::respMapping, RecastModel::sub-
Model, RecastModel::transform_response(), RecastModel::transform_set(), RecastModel::transform_variables(),
and Response::update().

void eval_tag_prefix ( const String & eval_id_str ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

RecastModel just forwards any tags to its subModel

Reimplemented from Model.

References Model::eval_tag_prefix(), and RecastModel::subModel.
void update_from_sub_model() [private]

update current variables/labels/bounds/targets from subModel

Update inactive values and labels in currentVariables and inactive bound constraints in userDefinedConstraints from variables and constraints data within subModel.

References Model::aleatDistParams, Model::aleatory_distribution_parameters(), Constraints::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::continuous_variable_labels(), Model::continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::continuous_variable_values(), Model::continuous_variable_values(), Model::current_variables(), Model::currentResponse, Model::currentVariables, Model::discrete_design_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_design_set_real_values(), Constraints::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Variables::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Model::discrete_int_variables(), Constraints::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Variables::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Model::discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Model::discrete_real_variables(), Model::discrete_state_set_int_values(), Model::discrete_state_set_real_values(), Model::discrete_DesignSetIntValues, Model::discreteDesignSetRealValues, Model::discreteStateSetRealValues, Model::epistemic_distribution_parameters(), SharedResponseData::function_label(), Constraints::inactive_continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::inactive_continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::inactive_continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::inactive_continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_labels(), Model::inactive_continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(), Model::inactive_continuous_variables(), Constraints::inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::inactive_discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::inactive_discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Model::inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variables(), Model::inactive_discrete_int_variables(), Constraints::inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::inactive_discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Constraints::inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Model::inactive_discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Model::inactive_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variables(), Model::inactive_discrete_real_variables(), RecastModel::invVarsMapping, Constraints::linear_eq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_coeffs(), Constraints::linear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_targets(), Constraints::linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs(), Constraints::linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Constraints::linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Constraints::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Constraints::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Constraints::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::num_functions(), Model::num_linear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_linear_ineq_constraints(), Constraints::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::num_fns, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), Model::primaryRespFnSense, Model::primaryRespFns, RecastModel::primaryRespMapping, Model::response_labels(), RecastModel::secondaryRespMapping, Response::shared_data(), RecastModel::subModel, Model::userDefinedConstraints, and RecastModel::variablesMapping.

Referenced by RecastModel::update_from_subordinate_model().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- RecastModel.hpp
- RecastModel.cpp
13.154 ReducedBasis Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- **ReducedBasis ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- `void set_matrix` (const RealMatrix &)

- `const RealMatrix & get_matrix ()`

- `void center_matrix ()`

- `void update_svd` (bool center_matrix_by_col_means=true)

- `bool is_valid () const`

- `const Real & get_singular_values_sum () const`

- `const Real & get_eigen_values_sum () const`

- `const RealVector & get_column_means () const`

- `const RealVector & get_singular_values () const`

- `const RealVector get_singular_values` (const TruncationCondition &) const

- `const RealMatrix & get_left_singular_vector () const`

- `const RealMatrix & get_right_singular_vectorTranspose () const`

Private Attributes

- `RealMatrix matrix`

- `RealMatrix workingMatrix`

- `RealMatrix U_matrix`

- `RealVector S_values`

- `RealMatrix VT_matrix`

- `RealVector column_means`

- `bool is_valid_svd`

- `Real singular_values_sum`

- `Real eigen_values_sum`

- `TruncationCondition * truncation`

13.154.1 Detailed Description

The **ReducedBasis** class is used to ... (TODO - RWH)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ReducedBasis.hpp
- ReducedBasis.cpp

13.155 RelaxedVarConstraints Class Reference

Derived class within the **Constraints** hierarchy which employs relaxation of discrete variables.

Inheritance diagram for RelaxedVarConstraints:
Public Member Functions

- **RelaxedVarConstraints** (const SharedVariablesData &svd)  
  lightweight constructor
- **RelaxedVarConstraints** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedVariablesData &svd)  
  standard constructor
- **~RelaxedVarConstraints** ()  
  destructor
- **void write** (std::ostream &s) const  
  write a variable constraints object to an std::ostream
- **void read** (std::istream &s)  
  read a variable constraints object from an std::istream

Additional Inherited Members

### 13.155.1 Detailed Description

Derived class within the Constraints hierarchy which employs relaxation of discrete variables.

Derived variable constraints classes take different views of the design, uncertain, and state variable types and the continuous and discrete domain types. The RelaxedVarConstraints derived class combines continuous and discrete domain types through integer relaxation. The branch and bound method uses this approach (see Variables::get_variables(problem_db) for variables type selection; variables type is passed to the Constraints constructor in Model).

### 13.155.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**RelaxedVarConstraints** (const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedVariablesData & svd)

standard constructor

In this class, a relaxed data approach is used in which continuous and discrete arrays are combined into a single continuous array (integrality is relaxed; the converse of truncating reals is not currently supported but could be in the future if needed). Iterators which use this class include: BranchBndOptimizer.

References SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_real(), Constraints::allContinuousLowerBnds, Constraints::allContinuousUpperBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntLowerBounds, Constraints::allDiscreteIntUpperBounds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealLowerBnds, Constraints::allDiscreteRealUpperBnds, Dakota::copy_data_partial(), ProblemDescDB::get_iv(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), Constraints::sharedVarsData, and SharedVariablesData::view().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- RelaxedVarConstraints.hpp
- RelaxedVarConstraints.cpp
13.156  RelaxedVariables Class Reference

Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which employs the relaxation of discrete variables.

Inheritance diagram for RelaxedVariables:

```
    Variables
     |        
     v        
RelaxedVariables
```

Public Member Functions

- **RelaxedVariables** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const std::pair< short, short > &view)
  
  *standard constructor*

- **RelaxedVariables** (const SharedVariablesData &svd)

  *lightweight constructor*

- **~RelaxedVariables** ()

  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- void **read** (std::istream &s)
  
  *read a variables object from an std::istream*

- void **write** (std::ostream &s) const

  *write a variables object to an std::ostream, e.g., the console*

- void **write_aprepro** (std::ostream &s) const

  *write a variables object to an std::ostream in aprepro format, e.g., a parameters file*

- void **read_tabular** (std::istream &s, bool active_only=false)

- void **write_tabular** (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const

  *write a variables object in tabular format to an std::ostream*

- void **write_tabular_labels** (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const

  *write the labels in input spec order to a std::ostream*

- template<typename Reader >
  void **read_core** (std::istream &s, Reader read_handler, const SizetArray &vc_totals)

  *Implementation of reading various formats using the specified read handler, accounting for reordering due to relaxation.*

- template<typename Writer >
  void **write_core** (std::ostream &s, Writer write_handler, const SizetArray &vc_totals) const

  *Implementation of writing various formats using the specified write handler, accounting for reordering due to relaxation.*
Additional Inherited Members

13.156.1 Detailed Description

Derived class within the Variables hierarchy which employs the relaxation of discrete variables.

Derived variables classes take different views of the design, uncertain, and state variable types and the continuous and discrete domain types. The RelaxedVariables derived class combines continuous and discrete domain types but separates design, uncertain, and state variable types. The branch and bound method uses this approach (see Variables::get_variables(problem_db)).

13.156.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

RelaxedVariables (const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const std::pair< short, short >& view)

standard constructor

In this class, a relaxed data approach is used in which continuous and discrete arrays are combined into a single continuous array (integrality is relaxed; the converse of truncating reals is not currently supported but could be in the future if needed). Iterators/strategies which use this class include: BranchBndOptimizer. Extract fundamental variable types and labels and merge continuous and discrete domains to create aggregate arrays and views.

References SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_real(), Variables::allContinuousVars, Variables::allDiscreteIntVars, Variables::allDiscreteRealVars, Variables::allDiscreteStringVars, Dakota::copy_data_partial(), ProblemDescDB::get_iv(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), Variables::sharedVarsData, and SharedVariablesData::view().

13.156.3 Member Function Documentation

void read_tabular (std::istream & s, bool active_only = false) [protected], [virtual]

Presumes variables object is appropriately sized to receive data

Reimplemented from Variables.

References SharedVariablesData::active_components_totals(), SharedVariablesData::components_totals(), RelaxedVariables::read_core(), and Variables::sharedVarsData.

void read_core (std::istream & s, Reader read_handler, const SizetArray & vc_totals) [protected]

Implementation of reading various formats using the specified read handler, accounting for reordering due to relaxation.

Reordering is required in all read/write cases that will be visible to the user since all derived vars classes should use the same ordering for clarity. Neutral file I/O, binary streams, and packed buffers do not need to reorder (so long as read/write are consistent) since this data is not intended for public consumption.

References Variables::all_continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_int_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_real_variable_labels(), Variables::all_discrete_string_variable_labels(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_int(), SharedVariablesData::all_relaxed_discrete_real(), Variables::allContinuousVars, Variables::allDiscreteIntVars, Variables::allDiscreteRealVars, Variables::allDiscreteStringVars, and Variables::sharedVarsData.

Referenced by RelaxedVariables::read(), and RelaxedVariables::read_tabular().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- RelaxedVariables.hpp
- RelaxedVariables.cpp
13.157  Response Class Reference

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. Response provides the enveloper base class.

Inheritance diagram for Response:

```
+-----------------------------+        +-----------------------------+
| Response                   |        | ExperimentResponse          |
|                           |        | SimulationResponse          |
```

Public Member Functions

- **Response ()**
  - default constructor
- **Response (short type, const Variables &vars, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  - standard constructor built from problem description database
- **Response (const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set)**
  - alternate constructor that shares response data
- **Response (short type, const ActiveSet &set)**
  - alternate constructor using limited data without sharing
- **Response (const SharedResponseData &srd)**
  - alternate constructor using limited data (explicit disallows implicit type conversion)
- **Response (const Response &response)**
  - copy constructor
- virtual **~Response ()**
  - destructor
- **Response operator= (const Response &response)**
  - assignment operator
- **const SharedResponseData & shared_data () const**
  - return sharedRespData
- **SharedResponseData & shared_data ()**
  - return sharedRespData
- **size_t num_functions () const**
  - return the number of response functions
- **const ActiveSet & active_set () const**
  - return the active set
- **void active_set (const ActiveSet &set)**
  - set the active set
- **const ShortArray & active_set_request_vector () const**
  - return the active set request vector
- **void active_set_request_vector (const ShortArray &asrv)**
  - set the active set request vector and verify consistent number of response functions
- **const SizetArray & active_set_derivative_vector () const**
return the active set derivative vector

- **void active_set_derivative_vector** (const SizetArray &asdv)
  set the active set derivative vector and reshape function_gradients/function_hessians if needed

- **const Real & function_value** (size_t i) const
  return a function value

- **Real & function_value_view** (size_t i)
  return a "view" of a function value for updating in place

- **const RealVector & function_values** () const
  return all function values

- **RealVector function_values_view ()**
  return all function values as a view for updating in place

- **RealVector function_values_view () const**
  return all function values as a view for accessing the function values vector from a const response

- **void function_value** (const Real &function_val, size_t i)
  set a function value

- **void function_values** (const RealVector &function_vals)
  set all function values

- **const Real * function_gradient** (int i) const
  return the i-th function gradient as a const Real*

- **RealVector function_gradient_view** (int i)
  return the i-th function gradient as a SerialDenseVector view (shallow copy) for updating in place

- **RealVector function_gradient_view** (int i) const
  return the i-th function gradient as a SerialDenseVector view (shallow copy) for accessing a column vector from a const matrix

- **RealVector function_gradient_copy** (int i) const
  return the i-th function gradient as a SerialDenseVector Teuchos::Copy (deep copy)

- **const RealMatrix & function_gradients** () const
  return all function gradients

- **RealMatrix function_gradients_view ()**
  return all function gradients as a view for updating in place

- **RealMatrix function_gradients_view () const**
  return all function gradients as a view for updating in place

- **void function_gradient** (const RealVector &function_grad, int i)
  set a function gradient

- **void function_gradients** (const RealMatrix &function_grads)
  set all function gradients

- **const RealSymMatrix & function_hessian** (size_t i) const
  return the i-th function Hessian

- **RealSymMatrix function_hessian_view** (size_t i)
  return the i-th function Hessian as a Teuchos::View (shallow copy) for updating in place

- **RealSymMatrix function_hessian_view** (size_t i) const
  return the i-th function Hessian as a Teuchos::View (shallow copy) for accessing the i-th matrix within a const matrix array
• const RealSymMatrixArray & function_hessians () const
  return all function Hessians
• RealSymMatrixArray function_hessians_view ()
  return all function Hessians as Teuchos::Views (shallow copies) for updating in place
• RealSymMatrixArray function_hessians_view () const
  return all function Hessians as Teuchos::Views (shallow copies) for updating in place
• void function_hessian (const RealSymMatrix &function_hessian, size_t i)
  set a function Hessian
• void function_hessians (const RealSymMatrixArray &function_hessians)
  set all function Hessians
• RealVector field_values_view (size_t i) const
  return const field values
• RealVector field_values_view (size_t i)
  return a "view" of a field value for updating in place
• void field_values (const RealVector &field_val, size_t i)
  set a field value
• RealMatrix field_coords_view (size_t i)
  return a "view" of a field value's coordinates
• const RealMatrix field_coords_view (size_t i) const
  return a const "view" of a field value's coordinates
• void field_coords (const RealMatrix &field_coords, size_t i)
  set a field value's coordinates
• RealMatrix field_gradients_view (size_t i) const
  return a view of the gradients of each field element
• RealSymMatrixArray field_hessians_view (size_t i) const
  return a view of the hessians of each field element
• const IntVector & field_lengths () const
  return the field lengths from sharedRespData
• void field_lengths (const IntVector &field_lens)
  set the field lengths within sharedRespData
• const IntVector & num_coords_per_field () const
  return the num_coords_per_field from sharedRespData
• void set_coord_values (const RealMatrix &coord_values, const size_t i)
  set the coordinate values per field
• const RealMatrix & get_coord_values (const size_t i) const
  return the coordinate values per field
• const StringArray & function_labels () const
  return the fine-grained (unrolled) response function identifier strings from sharedRespData
• void function_labels (const StringArray &labels)
  set the fine-grained (unrolled) response function identifier strings within sharedRespData
• const StringArray & field_group_labels ()
  return the user-provided field group labels instead of the unrolled labels available through function_labels()
• void read (std::istream &s, const unsigned short format=FLEXIBLE_RESULTS)
read a response object of specified format from an std::istream

• void write (std::ostream &s) const
  
  write a response object to an std::ostream

• void read_annotated (std::istream &s)
  
  read a response object in annotated format from an std::istream

• void write_annotated (std::ostream &s) const
  
  write a response object in annotated format to an std::ostream

• void read_tabular (std::istream &s)
  
  read responseRep::functionValues in tabular format from an std::istream

• void write_tabular (std::ostream &s) const
  
  write responseRep::functionValues in tabular format to an std::ostream

• void read_tabular_labels (std::ostream &s) const
  
  write the labels to a tabular data stream

• void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  
  read a response object from a packed MPI buffer

• void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  
  write a response object to a packed MPI buffer

• Response copy (bool deep_srd=false) const
  
  return a deep response copy of the contained responseRep for use in history mechanisms (SharedResponseData uses a shallow copy by default)

• int data_size ()
  
  return the number of doubles active in response. Used for sizing double∗ response_datal arrays passed into read_*data and write_*data.

• void read_data (double ∗response_data)
  
  read from an incoming double∗ array

• void write_data (double ∗response_data)
  
  write to an incoming double∗ array

• void overlay (const Response &response)
  
  add incoming response to functionValues/Gradients/Hessians

• void update (const Response &response)
  
  Used in place of operator= when only results data updates are desired (functionValues/functionGradients/function-Hessians are updated, ASV/labels/id’s/etc. are not). Care is taken to allow different derivative array sizing between the two response objects.

• void update (const RealVector &source_fn_vals, const RealMatrix &source_fn_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray &source_fn_hessians, const ActiveSet &source_set)
  
  Overloaded form which allows update from components of a response object. Care is taken to allow different derivative array sizing.

• void update_partial (size_t start_index_target, size_t num_items, const Response &response, size_t start_index_source)
  
  partial update of this response object from another response object. The response objects may have different numbers of response functions.

• void update_partial (size_t start_index_target, size_t num_items, const RealVector &source_fn_vals, const RealMatrix &source_fn_grads, const RealSymMatrixArray &source_fn_hessians, const ActiveSet &source_set, size_t start_index_source)
Overloaded form which allows partial update from components of a response object. The response objects may have different numbers of response functions.

- void `reshape` (size_t num_fns, size_t num_params, bool grad_flag, bool hess_flag)
  reshapes response data arrays

- void `reset` ()
  resets all response data to zero

- void `reset_inactive` ()
  resets all inactive response data to zero

- bool `is_null` () const
  function to check responseRep (does this handle contain a body)

- virtual void `set_scalar_covariance` (RealVector &scalars)
  method to set the covariance matrix defined for ExperimentResponse

- virtual Real `get_scalar_covariance` (const int this_response)
  method to get the full covariance matrix defined for ExperimentResponse

- virtual void `set_full_covariance` (std::vector<RealMatrix> &matrices, std::vector<RealVector> &diagonals, RealVector &scalars, IntVector matrix_map_indices, IntVector diagonal_map_indices, IntVector scalar_map_indices)
  method to set the full covariance matrices for ExperimentResponse

- virtual Real `apply_covariance` (const RealVector &residuals) const
  method to compute the triple product $v' \times \text{inv}(C) \times v$.

- virtual void `apply_covariance_inv_sqrt` (const RealVector &residuals, RealVector &weighted_residuals) const
  method to compute $(v' \times \text{inv}(C) \times v)^{1/2}$ to compute weighted residual

- virtual void `apply_covariance_inv_sqrt` (const RealMatrix &gradients, RealMatrix &weighted_gradients) const

- virtual void `apply_covariance_inv_sqrt` (const RealSymMatrixArray &hessians, RealSymMatrixArray &weighted_hessians) const

- virtual void `get_covariance_diagonal` (RealVector &diagonal) const

- virtual Real `covariance_determinant` () const
  covariance determinant for one experiment (default 1.0)

- virtual Real `log_covariance_determinant` () const
  log of covariance determinant for one experiment (default 0.0)

**Protected Member Functions**

- `Response` (BaseConstructor, const Variables &vars, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- `Response` (BaseConstructor, const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set)
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- `Response` (BaseConstructor, const ActiveSet &set)
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- `Response` (BaseConstructor, const SharedResponseData &srd)
constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

- virtual void copy_rep (Response *source_rep)

Implementation of data copy for Response letters (specialized by some derived letter types); pulls base class data from source_rep into the this object.

Protected Attributes

- SharedResponseData sharedRespData
  reference-counted instance of shared response data: id's, labels
- RealVector functionValues
  abstract set of response functions
- RealMatrix functionGradients
  first derivatives of the response functions
- RealSymMatrixArray functionHessians
  second derivatives of the response functions
- IntRealMatrixMap fieldCoords
  coordinates for the field values
- ActiveSet responseActiveSet
  copy of the ActiveSet used by the Model to generate a Response instance

Private Member Functions

- template<class Archive, typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void write_sdm_col (Archive &ar, int col, const Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType> &sdm) const
  write a column of a SerialDenseMatrix
- template<class Archive, typename OrdinalType, typename ScalarType>
  void read_sdm_col (Archive &ar, int col, Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType> &sdm)
  read a column of a SerialDenseMatrix
- template<class Archive>
  void load (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  read a Response from an archive<class Archive>
- template<class Archive>
  void load_rep (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  read a Response letter object from an archive
- template<class Archive>
  void save (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) const
  write a Response to an archive
- template<class Archive>
  void save_rep (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) const
  write a Response letter object to an archive

- BOOST_SERIALIZATION_SPLIT_MEMBER () Response *get_response(short type)
  Used by standard envelope constructor to instantiate a new letter class.
- Response * get_response (const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set) const
13.157. **RESPONSE CLASS REFERENCE**

*Used by alternate envelope constructor to instantiate a new letter class.*

- `Response * get_response (short type, const ActiveSet &set) const`
  *Used by alternate envelope constructor to instantiate a new letter class.*

- `Response * get_response (const SharedResponseData &sr) const`
  *Used by `copy()` to instantiate a new letter class.*

- `Response * get_response (short type) const`
  *Used by read functions to instantiate a new letter class.*

- `void read.annotated_rep (std::istream &s)`
  *Read a letter object in annotated format from an std::istream*

- `void write.annotated_rep (std::ostream &s) const`
  *Write a letter object in annotated format to an std::ostream*

- `void read.rep (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)`
  *Read a letter object from a packed MPI buffer*

- `void write.rep (MPIPackBuffer &s) const`
  *Write a letter object to a packed MPI buffer*

- `void shape_rep (const ActiveSet &set, bool initialize=true)`
  *Resizes the representation's containers*

- `void reshape_rep (size_t num_fns, size_t num_params, bool grad_flag, bool hess_flag)`
  *Resizes the representation's containers*

- `void read.gradients (std::istream &s, const ShortArray &asv, std::ostringstream &error)`
  *Read gradients from a freeform stream. Insert error messages.*

- `void read.hessians (std::istream &s, const ShortArray &asv, std::ostringstream &error)`
  *Read Hessians from a freeform stream. Insert error messages.*

- `void read.labeled_fn_vals (std::istream &s, const ShortArray &asv, std::ostringstream &errors)`
  *Read function values from an annotated stream. Insert error messages.*

- `void read.flexible_fn_vals (std::istream &s, const ShortArray &asv, std::ostringstream &errors)`
  *Read function values from a stream in a "flexible" way – ignoring any labels. Insert error messages into errors stream.*

- `bool failure_reported (std::istream &s)`
  *Check for FAIL in stream.*

**Private Attributes**

- `const Variables & vars`
- `const Variables const ProblemDescDB & problem_db const`
- `Response * responseRep`
  *Pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)*
- `int referenceCount`
  *Number of handle objects sharing responseRep*
Friends

- class boost::serialization::access
- bool operator==(const Response &resp1, const Response &resp2)
  equality operator
- bool operator!=(const Response &resp1, const Response &resp2)
  inequality operator

13.157.1 Detailed Description

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. Response provides the enveloper base class.

The Response class is a container class for an abstract set of functions (functionValues) and their first (function-Gradients) and second (functionHessians) derivatives. The functions may involve objective and constraint functions (optimization data set), least squares terms (parameter estimation data set), or generic response functions (uncertainty quantification data set). For memory efficiency, it employs the "letter-envelope idiom" approach to reference counting and representation sharing (see Coplien "Advanced C++"), for which the base Response class serves as the envelope and one of its derived classes serves as the letter.

13.157.2 Member Data Documentation

RealMatrix functionGradients [protected]

first derivatives of the response functions
the gradient vectors (plural) are column vectors in the matrix (singular) with (row, col) = (variable index, response fn index).

Referenced by Response::field_gradients_view(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradients_copy(), Response::function_gradients_view(), Response::function_gradients(), and Response::function_gradients_view().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaResponse.hpp

13.158 RestartWriter Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- RestartWriter()
  optional default ctor allowing a non-outputting RestartWriter
- RestartWriter(const String &write_restart_filename)
  typical ctor taking a filename
- const String & filename()  
  output filename for this writer
- void append_prp(const ParamResponsePair &prp_in)
  add the passed pair to the restart file
- void flush()
  flush the restart stream so we have a complete restart record should Dakota abort
Private Member Functions

- **RestartWriter** (const RestartWriter &)
  
  Copy constructor is disallowed due to file stream
- const RestartWriter & operator= (const RestartWriter &)
  
  Assignment is disallowed due to file stream

Private Attributes

- String restartOutputFilename
  
  The name of the restart output file
- std::ofstream restartOutputFS
  
  Binary stream to which restart data is written.
- boost::scoped_ptr<br/>&lt; boost::archive::binary_oarchive &gt; restartOutputArchive
  
  Binary output archive to which data is written (pointer since no default ctor for oarchive and may not be initialized).

13.158.1 Detailed Description

Component for writing restart files. Creation and destruction of archive and associated stream are managed here.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- OutputManager.hpp
- OutputManager.cpp

13.159 ResultsDBAny Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- template&lt;typename StoredType &gt;
  
  void array_allocate (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t array_size, const MetaDataType &metadata)
  
  Allocate an entry with sized array of the StoredType, e.g., array across response functions or optimization results sets
- template&lt;typename StoredType &gt;
  
  void array_insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index, const StoredType &sent_data)
  
  Insert sent_data in specified position in previously allocated array
- template&lt;typename StoredType &gt;
  
  StoredType get_data (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name) const
  
  Return requested data by value in StoredType
- template&lt;typename StoredType &gt;
  
  StoredType get_array_data (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index) const
  
  Return requested data from array by value in StoredType
- template&lt;typename StoredType &gt;
  
  const StoredType * get_data_ptr (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &result_key) const
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

return pointer to stored data entry

- template<typename StoredType>
  const StoredType * get_array_data_ptr (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index) const
        return pointer to stored data at given array location

- void insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, const boost::any &result, const MetaDataType &metadata)
  record addition with metadata map

- void dump_data (std::ostream &output_stream)
  coarsely dump the data to the passed output stream

- void print_data (std::ostream &output_stream)
  pretty print the data to the passed output stream

Private Member Functions

- const ResultsValueType & lookup_data (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name) const
  attempt to find the requested data, erroring if not found

- template<typename StoredType>
  StoredType cast_data (const boost::any &dataholder) const
  cast the reference to the any data to the requested type

- template<typename StoredType>
  const StoredType * cast_data_ptr (const boost::any *dataholder) const
  cast the pointer to the any data to the requested type

- void print_metadata (std::ostream &os, const MetaDataType &md)
  print metadata to ostream

- void extract_data (const boost::any &dataholder, std::ostream &os)
  determine the type of contained data and output it to ostream

- void output_data (const std::vector< double > &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

- void output_data (const std::vector< RealVector > &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

- void output_data (const std::vector< std::string > &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

- void output_data (const std::vector< std::vector< std::string > > &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

- void output_data (const RealMatrix &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

- void output_data (const RealMatrix &data, std::ostream &os)
  output data to ostream

Private Attributes

- std::map< ResultsKeyType, ResultsValueType > iteratorData
  core data storage (map from key to value type)
13.159.1 Detailed Description

Class: ResultsDBAny Description: A map-based container to store DAKOTA Iterator results in underlying boost::any, with optional metadata

13.159.2 Member Function Documentation

void array_insert ( const StrStrSizet & iterator_id, const std::string & data_name, size_t index, const StoredType & sent_data )

insert sent_data in specified position in previously allocated array
insert requires previous allocation, and does not allow metadata update
References Dakota::abort_handler(), ResultsDBAny::iteratorData, and Dakota::make_key().

void insert ( const StrStrSizet & iterator_id, const std::string & data_name, const boost::any & result, const MetaDataType & metadata )

record addition with metadata map
Add or update existing entry
References ResultsDBAny::iteratorData, and Dakota::make_key().
Referenced by ResultsDBAny::array_allocate().

void extract_data ( const boost::any & dataholder, std::ostream & os ) [private]

determine the type of contained data and output it to ostream
Extract the data from the held any and map to supported concrete types int double RealVector (Teuchos::SerialDenseVector<int,double) RealMatrix (Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<int,double)
References ResultsDBAny::output_data().
Referenced by ResultsDBAny::dump_data(), and ResultsDBAny::print_data().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ResultsDBAny.hpp
- ResultsDBAny.cpp

13.160 ResultsEntry< STOREDTYPE > Class Template Reference

Class to manage in-core vs. file database lookups.

Public Member Functions

- ResultsEntry (const ResultsManager &results_mgr, const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name)
  
  Construct ResultsEntry containing retrieved item of StoredType.

- ResultsEntry (const ResultsManager &results_mgr, const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t array_index)
  
  Construct ResultsEntry to retrieve item array_index from array of StoredType.
Private Member Functions

- **ResultsEntry()**
  
  *return a reference to the stored data, whether from core or file*

Private Attributes

- **bool coreActive**
  
  *whether the ResultsManager has an active in-core database*

- **StoredType dbData**
  
  *data retrieved from file data base*

- **const StoredType * dbDataPtr**
  
  *non-const pointer to const data we don’t own in the core case*

13.160.1 Detailed Description

template<typename StoredType> class Dakota::ResultsEntry<StoredType>

Class to manage in-core vs. file database lookups.

**ResultsEntry** manages database lookups. If a core database is available, will return a reference directly to the stored data; if disk, will return reference to a local copy contained in this class. Allows disk-stored data to persist for minimum time during lookup to support true out-of-core use cases.

13.160.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

**ResultsEntry() [private]**

*return a reference to the stored data, whether from core or file*

*default construction disallowed: data must be initialized from DB lookup if needed*

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- **ResultsManager.hpp**

13.161 ResultsFileError Class Reference

extexception throw for other results file read error

Inheritance diagram for ResultsFileError:

```
FileReadException
    |
    V
ResultsFileError
```

Public Member Functions

- **ResultsFileError(const std::string &msg)**
13.161.1 Detailed Description

exception throw for other results file read error

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dakota_global_defs.hpp

13.162 ResultsID Class Reference

Get a globally unique 1-based execution number for a given iterator name (combination of methodName and methodID) for use in results DB. Each Iterator::run() call creates or increments this count for its string identifier.

Public Member Functions

- size_t increment_id (const std::string &methodName, const std::string &methodID)
  explicitly increment the iterator results ID, init to 1 if needed
- size_t get_id (const std::string &methodName, const std::string &methodID)
  get (possibly creating) a unique iterator results ID for the passed name
- size_t get_id (const std::string &methodName, const std::string &methodID) const
  get a unique iterator results ID for the passed name (const version errors if not found)

Static Public Member Functions

- static ResultsID & instance ()
  get the single unique instance of ResultsID

Private Member Functions

- ResultsID ()
  Private constructor for ResultsID.
- ~ResultsID ()
  Private destructor for ResultsID.
- ResultsID (ResultsID const &)
  Private copy constructor for ResultsID.
- ResultsID & operator= (ResultsID const &)
  Private assignment operator for ResultsID.

Private Attributes

- std::map<std::pair<std::string, std::string>, size_t> idMap
  storage for the results IDs
13.162.1 Detailed Description

Get a globally unique 1-based execution number for a given iterator name (combination of methodName and methodID) for use in results DB. Each Iterator::run() call creates or increments this count for its string identifier.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ResultsManager.hpp
- ResultsManager.cpp

13.163 ResultsManager Class Reference

Results manager for iterator final data.

Public Member Functions

- **ResultsManager ()**
  
  *default constructor: no databases active until initialize called*

- **void initialize (const std::string &base_filename)**
  
  *initialize the results manager to manage an in-core database, writing to the specified file name*

- **bool active () const**
  
  *whether any databases are active*

- **void write_databases ()**
  
  *Write in-core databases to file.*

- **template<typename StoredType> void insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, const StoredType &sent_data, const MetaDataType metadata=MetaDataType())**
  
  *insert data*

- **template<typename StoredType> void insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, StringMultiArrayConstView sma_labels, const MetaDataType metadata=MetaDataType())**

- **template<typename StoredType> void array_allocate (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t array_size, const MetaDataType metadata=MetaDataType())**
  
  *allocate an entry with array of StoredType of array_size for future insertion; likely move to non-templated accessors for these*

- **template<typename StoredType> void array_insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index, const StoredType &sent_data)**
  
  *insert into a previously allocated array of StoredType at index specified; metadata must be specified at allocation*

- **template<typename StoredType> void array_insert (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index, StringMultiArrayConstView sent_data)**
  
  *specialization: insert a SMACV into a previously allocated array of StringArrayStoredType at index specified; metadata must be specified at allocation*

Public Attributes

- **ResultsNames results_names**
  
  *Copy of valid results names for when manager is passed around.*
13.163. RESULTS MANAGER CLASS REFERENCE

Private Member Functions

- template<typename StoredType >
  StoredType core_lookup (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name) const
  retrieve in-core entry given by id and name

- template<typename StoredType >
  StoredType * core_lookup_ptr (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name) const
  retrieve data via pointer to avoid copy; work-around for Boost any use of pointer (could use utilib::Any)

- template<typename StoredType >
  StoredType core_lookup (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index) const
  retrieve data from in-core array of StoredType at given index

- template<typename StoredType >
  const StoredType * core_lookup_ptr (const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name, size_t index) const
  retrieve data via pointer to entry in in-core array

- template<typename StoredType >
  void file_lookup (StoredType &db_data, const StrStrSizet &iterator_id, const std::string &data_name) const
  retrieve requested data into provided db_data StoredType

Private Attributes

- bool coreDBActive
  whether the in-core database is active

- std::string coreDBFilename
  filename for the in-core database

- bool hdf5DBActive
  whether the file database is active

- boost::scoped_ptr< ResultsDBAny > coreDB
  In-core database, with option to flush to file at end.

- boost::shared_ptr< ResultsDBHDF5 > hdf5DB
  File-based database; using shared_ptr due to potentially incomplete type and requirements for checked_delete in debug builds.

Friends

- template<typename StoredType >
  class ResultsEntry
  ResultsEntry is a friend of ResultsManager.

13.163.1 Detailed Description

Results manager for iterator final data.

The results manager provides the API for posting and retrieving iterator results data (and eventually run config/statistics). It can manage a set of underlying results databases, in or out of core, depending on configuration.

The key for a results entry is documented in results_types.hpp, e.g., tuple<std::string, std::string, size_t, std::string>.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

For now, using concrete types for most insertion, since underlying databases like HDF5 might need concrete
types; though template parameter for array allocation and retrieval.
All insertions overwrite any previous data.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ResultsManager.hpp
- ResultsManager.cpp

13.164 ResultsNames Class Reference

List of valid names for iterator results.

Public Member Functions

- **ResultsNames ()**

  Default constructor initializes all valid names.

Public Attributes

- size_t namesVersion
- std::string best_cv
- std::string best_div
- std::string best_dsv
- std::string best_drv
- std::string best_fns
- std::string moments_std
- std::string moments_central
- std::string moments_std_num
- std::string moments_central_num
- std::string moments_std_exp
- std::string moments_central_exp
- std::string moment_cis
- std::string extreme_values
- std::string map_resp_prob
- std::string map_resp_rel
- std::string map_resp_genrel
- std::string map_prob_resp
- std::string map_rel_resp
- std::string map_genrel_resp
- std::string pdf_histograms
- std::string correl_simple_all
- std::string correl_simple_io
- std::string correl_partial_io
- std::string correl_simple_rank_all
- std::string correl_simple_rank_io
- std::string correl_partial_rank_io
- std::string pce_coeffs
13.164.1 Detailed Description

List of valid names for iterator results.

All data in the ResultsNames class is public, basically just a struct.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ResultsManager.hpp

13.165 RichExtrapVerification Class Reference

Class for Richardson extrapolation for code and solution verification.

Inheritance diagram for RichExtrapVerification:

```
    Iterator
     |
     v
    Analyzer
     |
     v
    Verification
     |
     v
RichExtrapVerification
```

Public Member Functions

- RichExtrapVerification (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  
  constructor

- ~RichExtrapVerification ()
  
  destructor

- void perform_verification ()
  
  Redefines the core_run() virtual function for the Verification branch.

- void print_results (std::ostream &s)
  
  print the final iterator results

Private Member Functions

- void estimate_order ()
  
  perform a single estimation of convOrder using extrapolation()

- void converge_order ()

- std::string pce_coeff_labels
- std::string cv_labels
- std::string div_labels
- std::string dsv_labels
- std::string drv_labels
- std::string fn_labels
iterate using extrapolation() until convOrder stabilizes

- **void** converge_qoi()

iterate using extrapolation() until QOIs stabilize

- **void** extrapolation(const RealVector &refine_triple, RealMatrix &qoi_triples)

estimate convOrder from refinement and quantity of interest (QOI) triples

- **void** extrapolate_result(const RealVector &refine_triple, const RealMatrix &qoi_triples)

predict the converged value based on the convergence rate and the value of Phi

### Private Attributes

- **unsigned short** studyType
  
  *internal code for extrapolation study type: SUBMETHOD.{CONVERGE_ORDER,CONVERGE_QOI,ESTIMATE_ORDER}* 

- **size_t** numFactors
  
  *number of refinement factors defined from active state variables*

- **RealVector** initialCVars
  
  *initial reference values for refinement factors*

- **size_t** factorIndex
  
  *the index of the active factor*

- **Real** refinementRate
  
  *rate of mesh refinement (default = 2.)*

- **RealMatrix** convOrder
  
  *the orders of convergence of the QOIs (numFunctions by numFactors)*

- **RealMatrix** extrapQOI
  
  *the extrapolated value of the QOI (numFunctions by numFactors)*

- **RealMatrix** numErrorQOI
  
  *the numerical uncertainty associated with level of refinement (numFunctions by numFactors)*

- **RealVector** refinementRefPt
  
  *This is a reference point reported for the converged extrapQOI and numErrorQOI. It currently corresponds to the coarsest mesh in the final refinement triple.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.165.1 Detailed Description

Class for Richardson extrapolation for code and solution verification.

The RichExtrapVerification class contains several algorithms for performing Richardson extrapolation.

#### 13.165.2 Member Function Documentation

**void** print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [virtual]

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in finalize_run().

Reimplemented from Verification.
Scaling specialization of RecastModel.

Inheritance diagram for ScalingModel:

References Model::continuous_variable_labels(), RichExtrapVerification::convOrder, Dakota::copy_data(), RichExtrapVerification::extrapQOI, Iterator::iteratedModel, RichExtrapVerification::numErrorQOI, Verification::print_results(), RichExtrapVerification::refinementRate, RichExtrapVerification::refinementRefPt, and Model::response_labels().
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

ScalingModel
RecastModel
Model

Public Member Functions

- **ScalingModel** (Model &sub_model)
  
  *standard constructor*

- **~ScalingModel** ()
  
  *destructor*

- RealVector **cv_scaled2native** (const RealVector &scaled_cv)

  *Public members for help in final results recovery*

- **void resp_scaled2native** (const Variables &native_vars, Response &updated_resp)

  *map responses from scaled to native space, updating provided Response in-place (on entry it’s scaled response, on exit it’s native)*

- **void secondary_resp_scaled2native** (const RealVector &scaled_nln_cons, const ShortArray &asv, RealVector &native_fns)

  *Use scaled nonlinear constraints (sized total functions) to update the nonlinear constraints portion of the passed native fns array.*

Protected Member Functions

- **void initialize_scaling** (Model &sub_model)

  *initialize scaling types, multipliers, and offsets; perform error checking*

- **void compute_scaling** (int object_type, int auto_type, int num_vars, RealVector &lbs, RealVector &ubs, RealVector &targets, const StringArray &scale_strings, const RealVector &scales, IntArray &scale_types, RealVector &scale_mults, RealVector &scale_offsets)

  *general helper function for initializing scaling types and factors on a vector of variables, functions, constraints, etc.*

- RealMatrix **lin_coeffs Modify N2s** (const RealMatrix &native_coeffs, const RealVector &cv_multipliers, const RealVector &lin_multipliers)

  *general linear coefficients mapping from native to scaled space*

- bool **compute_scale_factor** (const Real lower_bound, const Real upper_bound, Real *multiplier, Real *offset)

  *automatically compute a single scaling factor – bounds case*

- bool **compute_scale_factor** (const Real target, Real *multiplier)

  *automatically compute a single scaling factor – target case*

- **void print_scaling** (const String &info, const IntArray &scale_types, const RealVector &scale_mults, const RealVector &scale_offsets, const StringArray &labels)

  *print scaling information for a particular response type in tabular form*

- **void response_scaler_core** (const Variables &native_vars, const Variables &scaled_vars, const Response &native_response, Response &iterator_response, size_t start_offset, size_t num_responses)
Core of response scaling, which doesn’t perform any output.

- **bool need_resp_trans_byvars** (const ShortArray &asv, int start_index, int num_resp) const
determine if response transformation is needed due to variable transformations

- **RealVector modify_n2s** (const RealVector &native_vars, const IntArray &scale_types, const RealVector &multipliers, const RealVector &offsets) const
general RealVector mapping from native to scaled variables vectors:

- **RealVector modify_s2n** (const RealVector &scaled_vars, const IntArray &scale_types, const RealVector &multipliers, const RealVector &offsets) const
general RealVector mapping from scaled to native variables (and values)

- **void response_modify_n2s** (const Variables &scaled_vars, const Response &native_response, Response &scaled_response, int start_offset, int num_responses) const
map responses from native to scaled variable space

- **void response_modify_s2n** (const Variables &native_vars, const Response &scaled_response, Response &native_response, int start_offset, int num_responses) const
map responses from scaled to native space

### Static Protected Member Functions

- **static short response_order** (const Model &sub_model)
  helper to compute the recast response order during member initialization

- **static void variables_scaler** (const Variables &scaled_vars, Variables &native_vars)
  RecastModel callback for variables scaling: transform variables from scaled to native (user) space.

- **static void variables_unscaler** (const Variables &native_vars, Variables &scaled_vars)
  RecastModel callback for inverse variables scaling: transform variables from native (user) to scaled space.

- **static void primary_resp_scaler** (const Variables &native_vars, const Variables &scaled_vars, const Response &native_response, Response &iterator_response)
  RecastModel callback for primary response scaling: transform responses (grads, Hessians) from native (user) to scaled space.

- **static void secondary_resp_scaler** (const Variables &native_vars, const Variables &scaled_vars, const Response &native_response, Response &scaled_response)
  RecastModel callback for secondary response scaling: transform constraints (grads, Hessians) from native (user) to scaled space.

### Protected Attributes

- **bool varsScaleFlag**
  flag for variables scaling

- **bool primaryRespScaleFlag**
  flag for primary response scaling

- **bool secondaryRespScaleFlag**
  flag for secondary response scaling

- **IntArray cvScaleTypes**
  scale flags for continuous vars.

- **RealVector cvScaleMultipliers**
  scales for continuous variables
• RealVector \texttt{cvScaleOffsets} \\
  \textit{offsets for continuous variables}

• IntArray \texttt{responseScaleTypes} \\
  \textit{scale flags for all responses}

• RealVector \texttt{responseScaleMultipliers} \\
  \textit{scales for all responses}

• RealVector \texttt{responseScaleOffsets} \\
  \textit{offsets for all responses (zero < for functions, not for nonlin con)}

• IntArray \texttt{linearIneqScaleTypes} \\
  \textit{scale flags for linear ineq}

• RealVector \texttt{linearIneqScaleMultipliers} \\
  \textit{scales for linear ineq constrs.}

• RealVector \texttt{linearIneqScaleOffsets} \\
  \textit{offsets for linear ineq constrs.}

• IntArray \texttt{linearEqScaleTypes} \\
  \textit{scale flags for linear eq.}

• RealVector \texttt{linearEqScaleMultipliers} \\
  \textit{scales for linear constraints}

• RealVector \texttt{linearEqScaleOffsets} \\
  \textit{offsets for linear constraints}

### Static Protected Attributes

• static \texttt{ScalingModel} * \texttt{scaleModelInstance} \\
  \textit{static pointer to this class for use in static callbacks}

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 13.166.1 Detailed Description

Scaling specialization of \texttt{RecastModel}.

Specialization of \texttt{RecastModel} to scale Variables and/or Responses

This class provides a simple constructor that forwards to the more complicated \texttt{RecastModel API}

#### 13.166.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

\texttt{ScalingModel ( Model & sub_model )}

standard constructor

This constructor computes various indices and mappings, then updates the properties of the \texttt{RecastModel} References Model:\texttt{cv()}, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, Model::div(), Model::drv(), Model::dsv(), RecastModel::initialize(), ScalingModel::initialize\_scaling(), RecastModel::inverse\_mappings(), Model::num\_functions(), Model::num\_primary\_fns(), Model::output\_Level, ScalingModel::primary\_resp\_scaler(), Model::primary\_response\_fn\_sense(), Model::primary\_response\_fn\_weights(), ScalingModel::primary\_Resp\_ScaleFlag, ScalingModel::response\_Scale\_Types, ScalingModel::scale\_Model\_Instance, ScalingModel::secondary\_resp\_scaler(), ScalingModel::secondary\_Resp\_Scale\_Flag, ScalingModel::variables\_scaler(), ScalingModel::variables\_unscaler(), and ScalingModel::vars\_Scale\_Flag.
13.166.3 Member Function Documentation

**RealVector cv_scaled2native ( const RealVector & scaled_cv ) const**

Public members for help in final results recovery

recover native variable values from the scaled space

References ScalingModel::cvScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::cvScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, ScalingModel::modify_s2n(), and ScalingModel::varsScaleFlag.

Referenced by LeastSq::post_run(), and Optimizer::post_run().

**void initialize_scaling ( Model & sub_model ) [protected]**

initialize scaling types, multipliers, and offsets; perform error checking

Initialize scaling types, multipliers, and offsets. Update the iteratedModel appropriately

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ScalingModel::compute_scaling(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_variable_labels(), Model::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Model::cv(), ScalingModel::cvScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::cvScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, ScalingModel::lin_coeffs_modify_n2s(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_coeffs(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::linear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), ScalingModel::linearEqScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::linearEqScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::linearEqScaleTypes, ScalingModel::linearIneqScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::linearIneqScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::linearIneqScaleTypes, ScalingModel::modify_n2s(), Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Model::num_functions(), Model::num_linear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_linear_ineq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::num_primary_fns(), Model::outputLevel, ScalingModel::primary-RespScaleFlag, ScalingModel::print_scaling(), Model::response_labels(), ScalingModel::responseScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::responseScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::responseScaleTypes, Model::scalingOpts, ScalingModel::secondary-RespScaleFlag, Model::supports_derivative_estimation(), and ScalingModel::varsScaleFlag.

Referenced by ScalingModel::ScalingModel().

**RealMatrix lin_coeffs_modify_n2s ( const RealMatrix & src_coeffs, const RealVector & cv_multipliers, const RealVector & lin_multipliers ) const [protected]**

general linear coefficients mapping from native to scaled space

Compute scaled linear constraint matrix given design variable multipliers and linear scaling multipliers. Only scales components corresponding to continuous variables so for src_coeffs of size MxN, lin_multipliers.size() \leq M, cv_multipliers.size() \leq N

Referenced by ScalingModel::initialize_scaling().

**void variables_scaler ( const Variables & scaled_vars, Variables & native_vars ) [static], [protected]**

RecastModel callback for variables scaling: transform variables from scaled to native (user) space.

Variables map from iterator/scaled space to user/native space using a RecastModel.

References Variables::continuous_variable_labels(), Variables::continuous_variable_labels(), ScalingModel::cvScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::cvScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, ScalingModel::modify_s2n(), Model::outputLevel, and ScalingModel::scaleModelInstance.

Referenced by ScalingModel::ScalingModel().
void secondary_resp_scaler ( const Variables & native_vars, const Variables & scaled_vars, const Response & native_response, Response & iterator_response ) [static], [protected]

RecastModel callback for secondary response scaling: transform constraints (grads, Hessians) from native (user) to scaled space.

Constraint function map from user/native space to iterator/scaled/combined space using a RecastModel.

References Model::num_nonlinear_eq_constraints(), Model::num_nonlinear_ineq_constraints(), Model::num_primary_fns(), ScalingModel::response_scaler_core(), and ScalingModel::scaleModelInstance.

Referenced by ScalingModel::ScalingModel().

bool need_resp_trans_byvars ( const ShortArray & asv, int start_index, int num_resp ) const [protected]

determine if response transformation is needed due to variable transformations

Determine if variable transformations present and derivatives requested, which implies a response transformation is necessary

References ScalingModel::varsScaleFlag.

Referenced by ScalingModel::resp_scaled2native(), ScalingModel::response_scaler_core(), and ScalingModel::secondary_resp_scaled2native().

RealVector modify_n2s ( const RealVector & native_vars, const IntArray & scale_types, const RealVector & multipliers, const RealVector & offsets ) const [protected]

general RealVector mapping from native to scaled variables vectors:

general RealVector mapping from native to scaled variables; loosely, in greatest generality: scaled_var = log((native_var - offset) / multiplier)

Referenced by ScalingModel::initialize_scaling(), and ScalingModel::variables_unscaler().

RealVector modify_s2n ( const RealVector & scaled_vars, const IntArray & scale_types, const RealVector & multipliers, const RealVector & offsets ) const [protected]

general RealVector mapping from scaled to native variables (and values)

general RealVector mapping from scaled to native variables and/or vals; loosely, in greatest generality: scaled_var = (LOG_BASE^scaled_var) * multiplier + offset

Referenced by ScalingModel::cv_scaled2native(), ScalingModel::secondary_resp_scaled2native(), and ScalingModel::variables_scaler().

void response_modify_n2s ( const Variables & native_vars, const Response & native_response, Response & recast_response, int start_offset, int num_responses ) const [protected]

map responses from native to scaled variable space

Scaling response mapping: modifies response from a model (user/native) for use in iterators (scaled). Maps num_responses starting at response_offset

References Response::active_set(), Variables::acv(), Variables::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::all_continuous_variables(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy_data(), Variables::cv(), ScalingModel::cvScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::cvScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Dakota::find_index(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessian_view(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_labels(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Variables::icv(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(), Model::num_primary_fns(), Model::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), Scaling-
Model::responseScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::responseScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::responseScaleTypes, and Dakota::write_precision.

Referenced by ScalingModel::response.s2n.

```cpp
void response.s2n ( const Variables & native vars,
const Response & scaled_response,
Response & native_response, int start_offset, int num_responses ) const [protected]
```

map responses from scaled to native space

Unscaling response mapping: modifies response from scaled (iterator) to native (user) space. Maps num_responses starting at response_offset

References Response::active.set(), Variables::acv(), Variables::all_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::all_continuous_variables(), Variables::continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Dakota::copy.data(), Variables::cv(), ScalingModel::cvScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::cvScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::cvScaleTypes, ActiveSet::derivative_vector(), Dakota::find_index(), Response::function.gradient.view(), Response::function.gradients(), Response::function.hessians(), Response::function_labels(), Response::function_values(), Response::function.values(), Variables::icv(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variable_ids(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(), Model::num_primary_fns(), Model::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), ScalingModel::responseScaleMultipliers, ScalingModel::responseScaleOffsets, ScalingModel::responseScaleTypes, and Dakota::write.precision.

Referenced by ScalingModel::resp.scaled2native().

### 13.166.4 Member Data Documentation

**ScalingModel * scaleModelInstance [static], [protected]**

static pointer to this class for use in static callbacks

initialization of static needed by RecastModel

Referenced by ScalingModel::primary_resp.scaler(), ScalingModel::response.scaler.core(), ScalingModel::ScalingModel(), ScalingModel::secondary_resp.scaler(), ScalingModel::variables.scaler(), and ScalingModel::variables.unscaler().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ScalingModel.hpp
- ScalingModel.cpp

### 13.167 ScalingOptions Class Reference

Simple container for user-provided scaling data, possibly expanded by replicates through the models.

**Public Member Functions**

- **ScalingOptions ()**
  default ctor: no scaling specified

- **ScalingOptions (const StringArray &cv_st, RealVector cv_s, const StringArray &pri_st, RealVector pri_s, const StringArray &nln.ineq_st, RealVector nln.ineq_s, const StringArray &nln.eq_st, RealVector nln.eq_s, const StringArray &lin.ineq_st, RealVector lin.ineq_s, const StringArray &lin.eq_st, RealVector lin.eq_s)**

  standard ctor: scaling from problem DB
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Public Attributes

- StringArray cvScaleTypes
- RealVector cvScales
- StringArray priScaleTypes
- RealVector priScales
- StringArray nlnIneqScaleTypes
- RealVector nlnIneqScales
- StringArray nlnEqScaleTypes
- RealVector nlnEqScales
- StringArray linIneqScaleTypes
- RealVector linIneqScales
- StringArray linEqScaleTypes
- RealVector linEqScales

13.167.1 Detailed Description

Simple container for user-provided scaling data, possibly expanded by replicates through the models.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaModel.hpp

13.168 ScilabInterface Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for ScilabInterface:

```
Interface

ApplicationInterface

DirectApplicInterface

ScilabInterface
```

Public Member Functions

- **ScilabInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)

  Constructor: start Matlab engine.

- **~ScilabInterface** ()

  Destructor: close Matlab engine.
13.169. SENSANALYSISGLOBAL CLASS REFERENCE

Protected Member Functions

- virtual int derived_map_ac (const String &ac_name)
  
  execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation

- int scilab_engine_run (const String &ac_name)

  principal Scilab execute function

Protected Attributes

- int scilabEngine

  identifier for the running Scilab engine

13.168.1 Detailed Description

Specialization of DirectApplicInterface to link to Scilab analysis drivers. Includes convenience functions to map data to/from Scilab

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- ScilabInterface.hpp
- ScilabInterface.cpp

13.169 SensAnalysisGlobal Class Reference

Class for a utility class containing correlation calculations and variance-based decomposition.

Public Member Functions

- SensAnalysisGlobal ()

  constructor

- ~SensAnalysisGlobal ()

  destructor

- void compute_correlations (const VariablesArray &vars_samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_samples, const StringSetArray &dss_vals)

  computes four correlation matrices for input and output data simple, partial, simple rank, and partial rank

- void compute_correlations (const RealMatrix &vars_samples, const IntResponseMap &resp_samples)

  computes four correlation matrices for input and output data simple, partial, simple rank, and partial rank

- void archive_correlations (const StrStrSizet &run_identifier, ResultsManager &iterator_results, StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView dsv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView drv_labels, const StringArray &resp_labels) const

  save correlations to database

- bool correlations_computed () const

  returns corrComputed to indicate whether compute_correlations() has been invoked

- void print_correlations (std::ostream &s, StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView dsv_labels, StringMultiArrayConstView drv_labels, const StringArray &resp_labels) const

  prints the correlations computed in compute_correlations()
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Private Member Functions

- void simple_corr (RealMatrix &total_data, bool rank_on, const int &num_in)
  computes simple correlations
- void partial_corr (RealMatrix &total_data, bool rank_on, const int &num_in)
  computes partial correlations

Static Private Member Functions

- static bool rank_sort (const int &x, const int &y)
  sort algorithm to compute ranks for rank correlations

Private Attributes

- RealMatrix simpleCorr
  matrix to hold simple raw correlations
- RealMatrix simpleRankCorr
  matrix to hold simple rank correlations
- RealMatrix partialCorr
  matrix to hold partial raw correlations
- RealMatrix partialRankCorr
  matrix to hold partial rank correlations
- size_t numFns
  number of responses
- size_t numVars
  number of inputs
- bool numericalIssuesRaw
  flag indicating numerical issues in partial raw correlation calculations
- bool numericalIssuesRank
  flag indicating numerical issues in partial rank correlation calculations
- bool corrComputed
  flag indicating whether correlations have been computed

Static Private Attributes

- static RealArray rawData = RealArray()
  array to hold temporary data before sort

13.169.1 Detailed Description

Class for a utility class containing correlation calculations and variance-based decomposition.

This class provides code for several of the sampling methods both in the NonD branch and in the PStudyD-ACE branch. Currently, the utility functions provide global sensitivity analysis through correlation calculations (e.g. simple, partial, rank, raw) as well as variance-based decomposition.
**13.169.2 Member Function Documentation**

```cpp
void compute_correlations ( const VariablesArray & vars, const IntResponseMap & resp, const StringSetArray & dss )
```

computes four correlation matrices for input and output data simple, partial, simple rank, and partial rank

This version is used when full variables objects are being processed

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Variables::continuous_variable(), SensAnalysisGlobal::corrComputed, Variables::discrete_int_variable(), Variables::discrete_real_variable(), Variables::discrete_string_variable(), Response::function_value(), SensAnalysisGlobal::numFns, SensAnalysisGlobal::numVars, SensAnalysisGlobal::partial_corr(), SensAnalysisGlobal::rank_sort(), SensAnalysisGlobal::rawData, Dakota::set_value_to_index(), and SensAnalysisGlobal::simple_corr().

Referenced by NonDSampling::compute_statistics(), FSUDesignCompExp::post_run(), ParamStudy::post_run(), and DDACEDesignCompExp::post_run().

```cpp
void compute_correlations ( const RealMatrix & vars, const IntResponseMap & resp )
```

computes four correlation matrices for input and output data simple, partial, simple rank, and partial rank

This version is used when compact samples matrix is being processed

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SensAnalysisGlobal::corrComputed, Response::function_value(), SensAnalysisGlobal::numFns, SensAnalysisGlobal::numVars, SensAnalysisGlobal::partial_corr(), SensAnalysisGlobal::rank_sort(), SensAnalysisGlobal::rawData, and SensAnalysisGlobal::simple_corr().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SensAnalysisGlobal.hpp
- SensAnalysisGlobal.cpp

**13.170 SeqHybridMetaIterator Class Reference**

Method for sequential hybrid iteration using multiple optimization and nonlinear least squares methods on multiple models of varying fidelity.

Inheritance diagram for SeqHybridMetaIterator:

```
  Iterator
  MetaIterator
  SeqHybridMetaIterator
```

Public Member Functions

- **SeqHybridMetaIterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  *standard constructor*
- **SeqHybridMetaIterator** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  *alternate constructor*
- **~SeqHybridMetaIterator** ()
  *destructor*
Protected Member Functions

- **void core_run ()**
  Performs the hybrid iteration by executing a sequence of iterators, using a similar sequence of models that may vary in fidelity.

- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  Print the final iteration results

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  Derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  Derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  Derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance

- **IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds ()**
  Estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Iterator

- **const Variables & variables_results () const**
  Return the final solution from selectedIterators (variables)

- **const Response & response_results () const**
  Return the final solution from selectedIterators (response)

- **void initialize_iterator (int job_index)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to set the starting data for a run

- **void pack_parameters_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to pack starting data for an iterator run

- **void unpack_parameters_initialize (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to unpack starting data and initialize an iterator run

- **void pack_results_buffer (MPIPackBuffer &send_buffer, int job_index)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to pack results data from an iterator run

- **void unpack_results_buffer (MPIUnpackBuffer &recv_buffer, int job_index)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to unpack results data from an iterator run

- **void update_local_results (int job_index)**
  Used by IteratorScheduler to update local results arrays

Private Member Functions

- **void run_sequential ()**
  Run a sequential hybrid

- **void run_sequential_adaptive ()**
  Run a sequential adaptive hybrid

- **void partition_sets (size_t num_sets, int job_index, size_t &start_index, size_t &job_size)**
  Convert num_sets and job_index into a start_index and job_size for extraction from parameterSets

- **void extract_parameter_sets (int job_index, VariablesArray &partial_param_sets)**
  Extract partial_param_sets from parameterSets based on job_index

- **void update_local_results (PRPArray &prp_results, int job_id)**
  Update the partial set of final results from the local iterator execution

- **void initialize_iterator (const VariablesArray &param_sets)**
  Called by unpack_parameters_initialize(MPIUnpackBuffer) and initialize_iterator(int) to update the active Model and Iterator
Private Attributes

- String seqHybridType
  
  empty (default) or "adaptive"

- StringArray methodList
  
  the list of method name identifiers

- bool lightwtCtor
  
  use of lightweight Iterator construction by name

- IteratorArray selectedIterators
  
  the set of iterators, one for each entry in methodList

- ModelArray selectedModels
  
  the set of models, one for each iterator (if not lightweight construction)

- size_t seqCount
  
  hybrid sequence counter: 0 to numIterators-1

- Real progressThreshold
  
  when the progress metric falls below this threshold, the sequential adaptive hybrid switches to the next method

- PRP2DArray prpResults
  
  2-D array of results corresponding to numIteratorJobs, one set of results per job (iterators may return multiple final solutions)

- VariablesArray parameterSets
  
  1-D array of variable starting points for the iterator jobs

Friends

- class IteratorScheduler
  
  protect scheduler callback functions from general access

Additional Inherited Members

13.170.1 Detailed Description

Method for sequential hybrid iteration using multiple optimization and nonlinear least squares methods on multiple models of varying fidelity.

Sequential hybrid meta-iteration supports two approaches: (1) the non-adaptive sequential hybrid runs one method to completion, passes its best results as the starting point for a subsequent method, and continues this succession until all methods have been executed (the stopping rules are controlled internally by each iterator), and (2) the adaptive sequential hybrid uses adaptive stopping rules for the iterators that are controlled externally by this method. Any iterator may be used so long as it defines the notion of a final solution which can be passed as starting data for subsequent iterators.

13.170.2 Member Function Documentation

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

print the final iterator results

This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in finalize_run().

Reimplemented from Iterator.
References Response::function_values(), Response::is_null(), Variables::is_null(), MetaIterator::iterSched, IteratorScheduler::messagePass, and SeqHybridMetaIterator::prpResults.

`void run_sequential() [private]`

run a sequential hybrid

In the sequential nonadaptive case, there is no interference with the iterators. Each runs until its own convergence criteria is satisfied. Status: fully operational.

References Iterator::accepts_multiple_points(), ParallelLibrary::bcast(), ParallelLibrary::bcast_hs(), Iterator::initialize_graphics(), Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, IteratorScheduler::message_lengths(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommRank, IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommSize, IteratorScheduler::iteratorScheduling, IteratorScheduler::iteratorServerId, MetaIterator::iterSched, SeqHybridMetaIterator::lightwtCtor, IteratorScheduler::messagePass, SeqHybridMetaIterator::methodList, Iterator::methodPCIter, IteratorScheduler::miPLIndex, Iterator::num_final_solutions(), IteratorScheduler::numIteratorJobs, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, SeqHybridMetaIterator::pack_parameters_buffer(), Iterator::parallelLib, SeqHybridMetaIterator::parameterSets, SeqHybridMetaIterator::prpResults, ParallelLibrary::recv(), Iterator::response_results(), IteratorScheduler::schedule_iterators(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::selectedIterators, SeqHybridMetaIterator::selectedModels, ParallelLibrary::send(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::seqCount, MPIPackBuffer::size(), Iterator::summaryOutputFlag, and Iterator::variables_results().

Referenced by SeqHybridMetaIterator::core_run().

`void run_sequential_adaptive() [private]`

run a sequential adaptive hybrid

In the sequential adaptive case, there is interference with the iterators through the use of the ++ overloaded operator. iterator++ runs the iterator for one cycle, after which a progress metric is computed. This progress metric is used to dictate method switching instead of each iterator’s internal convergence criteria. Status: incomplete.

References Iterator::finalize_run(), Iterator::initialize_graphics(), Iterator::initialize_run(), IteratorScheduler::iteratorCommRank, IteratorScheduler::iteratorServerId, MetaIterator::iterSched, SeqHybridMetaIterator::methodList, IteratorScheduler::numIteratorServers, SeqHybridMetaIterator::progressThreshold, Iterator::response_results(), SeqHybridMetaIterator::selectedIterators, SeqHybridMetaIterator::selectedModels, SeqHybridMetaIterator::seqCount, Iterator::summaryOutputFlag, and Iterator::variables_results().

Referenced by SeqHybridMetaIterator::core_run().

`void extract_parameter_sets ( int job_index, VariablesArray & partial_param_sets ) [inline], [private]`

extract partial_param_sets from parameterSets based on job_index

This convenience function is executed on an iterator master (static scheduling) or a meta-iterator master (self scheduling) at run initialization time and has access to the full parameterSets array (this is All-Reduced for all peers at the completion of each cycle in run_sequential()).

References SeqHybridMetaIterator::parameterSets, and SeqHybridMetaIterator::partition_sets().

Referenced by SeqHybridMetaIterator::initialize_iterator(), and SeqHybridMetaIterator::pack_parameters_buffer().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SeqHybridMetaIterator.hpp
- SeqHybridMetaIterator.cpp

13.171 SerialDirectApplicInterface Class Reference

Sample derived interface class for testing serial simulator plug-ins using assign_rep().
Inheritance diagram for SerialDirectApplicInterface:

```
+-----------------------------+ +-------------------+
| Interface                   | | ApplicationInterface   |
| +-----------------------------+ | +-------------------+
| DirectApplicInterface       | | SerialDirectApplicInterface |
```

### Public Member Functions

- **SerialDirectApplicInterface** (const Dakota::ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  - *constructor*

- ~SerialDirectApplicInterface ()
  - *destructor*

### Protected Member Functions

- int `derived_map_ac` (const Dakota::String &ac_name)
  - *execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation*

- void `derived_map_asynch` (const Dakota::ParamResponsePair &pair)
  - *no-op hides base error; job batching occurs within wait_local_evaluations()*

- void `wait_local_evaluations` (Dakota::PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  - *evaluate the batch of jobs contained in prp_queue*

- void `test_local_evaluations` (Dakota::PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  - *invokes wait_local_evaluations() (no special nowait support)*

- void `set_communicators_checks` (int max_evalConcurrency)
  - *no-op hides default run-time error checks at DirectApplicInterface level*

### Private Member Functions

- int `rosenbrock` (const Dakota::RealVector &c_vars, short asv, Dakota::Real &fn_val, Dakota::RealVector &fn_grad, Dakota::RealSymMatrix &fn_hess)
  - *Rosenbrock plug-in test function.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### Detailed Description

Sample derived interface class for testing serial simulator plug-ins using assign_rep().

The plug-in SerialDirectApplicInterface resides in namespace SIM and uses a copy of rosenbrock() to perform serial parameter to response mappings. It is used to demonstrate plugging in a serial direct analysis driver into Dakota in library mode. Test input files can then use an analysis_driver of "plugin_rosenbrock".
13.171.2 Member Function Documentation

```c++
void test_local_evaluations ( Dakota::PRPQueue & prp_queue ) [inline], [protected]
```

invokes `wait_local_evaluations()` (no special nowait support)

For use by `ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch()`, which can provide a batch processing capability within message passing schedulers (called using chain `IteratorScheduler::run_iterator() -> Model::serve() -> ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations() -> ApplicationInterface::serve_evaluations_asynch()`).

References `SerialDirectApplicInterface::wait_local_evaluations()`.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `PluginSerialDirectApplicInterface.hpp`
- `PluginSerialDirectApplicInterface.cpp`

13.172 SharedApproxData Class Reference

Base class for the shared approximation data class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for `SharedApproxData`:

```
SharedApproxData
|            |
|---|---|
| SharedPecosApproxData | SharedSurfpackApproxData |
```

Public Member Functions

- `SharedApproxData ()`
  
  *default constructor*

- `SharedApproxData (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, size_t num_vars)`
  
  *standard constructor for envelope*

- `SharedApproxData (const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level)`
  
  *alternate constructor for envelope*

- `SharedApproxData (const SharedApproxData &approx)`
  
  *copy constructor*

- `virtual ~SharedApproxData ()`
  
  *destructor*

- `SharedApproxData operator= (const SharedApproxData &approx)`
  
  *assignment operator*

- `virtual void build ()`
  
  *builds the shared approximation data from scratch*

- `virtual void rebuild ()`
  
  *rebuilds the shared approximation data incrementally*

- `virtual void pop (bool save_surr_data)`
  
  *back out the previous increment to the shared approximation data*
virtual bool restore_available ()
   queries availability of restoration for trial set

virtual size_t restoration_index ()
   return index of trial set within restorable bookkeeping sets

virtual void pre_restore ()
   restore a previous state of the shared approximation data

virtual void post_restore ()
   clean up saved storage following restoration

virtual size_t finalization_index (size_t i)
   return index of i-th trailing trial set within restorable bookkeeping sets

virtual void pre_finalize ()
   finalize the shared approximation data following a set of increments

virtual void post_finalize ()
   clean up saved storage following aggregation

virtual void store ()
   store the current state of the shared approximation data for later combination

virtual void pre_combine (short corr_type)
   aggregate the shared approximation data from current and saved states

virtual void post_combine (short corr_type)
   clean up saved storage after aggregation

void set_bounds (const RealVector &c_l_bnds, const RealVector &c_u_bnds, const IntVector &d_l_bnds,
   const IntVector &d_u_bnds, const RealVector &d_r_l_bnds, const RealVector &d_r_u_bnds)
   set approximation lower and upper bounds (currently only used by graphics)

SharedApproxData * data_rep () const
   returns dataRep for access to derived class member functions that are not mapped to the top SharedApproxData level

Protected Member Functions

SharedApproxData (BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB &problem_db, size_t num_vars)
   constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

SharedApproxData (NoDBBaseConstructor, const String &approx_type, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level)
   constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

Protected Attributes

size_t numVars
   number of variables in the approximation

String approxType
   approximation type identifier

short buildDataOrder
   order of the data used for surrogate construction, in ActiveSet request vector 3-bit format.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- short **outputLevel**
  
  *output verbosity level: \{SILENT, QUIET, NORMAL, VERBOSE, DEBUG\}.OUT\*

- String **modelExportPrefix**
  
  *Prefix for model export files.*

- unsigned short **modelExportFormat**
  
  *Bitmapped format reques for exported models.*

- RealVector **approxCLowerBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous lower bounds (used by 3D graphics and Surfpack KrigingModel)*

- RealVector **approxCUpperBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous upper bounds (used by 3D graphics and Surfpack KrigingModel)*

- IntVector **approxDILowerBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous lower bounds*

- IntVector **approxDIUpperBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous upper bounds*

- RealVector **approxDRLowerBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous lower bounds*

- RealVector **approxDRUpperBnds**
  
  *approximation continuous upper bounds*

**Private Member Functions**

- **SharedApproxData* get_shared_data (ProblemDescDB &problem, size_t num_vars)**

  *Used only by the standard envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.\*

- **SharedApproxData* get_shared_data (const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level)**

  *Used only by the alternate envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.\*

**Private Attributes**

- **SharedApproxData* dataRep**

  *pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)*

- int **referenceCount**

  *number of objects sharing dataRep*

**Friends**

- class **Approximation**

- class **TaylorApproximation**

- class **TANA3Approximation**

- class **GaussProcApproximation**

- class **VPSApproximation**

- class **SurfpackApproximation**

- class **PecosApproximation**
13.172. **Detailed Description**

Base class for the shared approximation data class hierarchy.

The **SharedApproxData** class is the base class for the shared approximation data class hierarchy in DAKOTA. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the approximation hierarchy employs the ”letter/envelope idiom” (see Coplien ”Advanced C++”, p. 133), for which the base class (**SharedApproxData**) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in **SharedApproxData::get_shared_data()**) serves as the letter.

13.172.2 **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

**SharedApproxData ( )**

default constructor

For the default constructor, dataRep is NULL. This makes it necessary to check for NULL in the copy constructor, assignment operator, and destructor.

Referenced by **SharedApproxData::get_shared_data()**.

**SharedApproxData ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, size_t num_vars )**

standard constructor for envelope

Envelope constructor only needs to extract enough data to properly execute get_shared_data, since **SharedApproxData(BaseConstructor, problem_db)** builds the actual base class data for the derived approximations.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), **SharedApproxData::dataRep**, and **SharedApproxData::get_shared_data()**.

**SharedApproxData ( const String & approx_type, const UShortArray & approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level )**

alternate constructor for envelope

This is the alternate envelope constructor for instantiations on the fly. Since it does not have access to **problem_db**, it utilizes the **NoDBBaseConstructor** constructor chain.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), **SharedApproxData::dataRep**, and **SharedApproxData::get_shared_data()**.

**SharedApproxData ( const SharedApproxData & shared_data )**

copy constructor

Copy constructor manages sharing of dataRep and incrementing of referenceCount.

References **SharedApproxData::dataRep**, and **SharedApproxData::referenceCount**.

**~SharedApproxData ( ) [virtual]**

destructor

Destructor decrements referenceCount and only deletes dataRep when referenceCount reaches zero.

References **SharedApproxData::dataRep**, and **SharedApproxData::referenceCount**.

**SharedApproxData ( BaseConstructor, ProblemDescDB & problem_db, size_t num_vars )**

[protected]

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (**BaseConstructor** overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. **get_shared_data()** instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

list (to avoid recursion in the base class constructor calling get_shared_data() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~SharedApproxData).

References SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::buildDataOrder, ProblemDescDB::get_bool(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_model_node(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), ProblemDescDB::set_db_model_nodes(), Dakota::strbegins(), and Dakota::strends().

SharedApproxData ( NoDBBaseConstructor, const String & approx_type, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level ) [protected]

constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

This constructor is the one which must build the base class data for all derived classes. get_shared_data() instantiates a derived class letter and the derived constructor selects this base class constructor in its initialization list (to avoid recursion in the base class constructor calling get_shared_data() again). Since the letter IS the representation, its rep pointer is set to NULL (an uninitialized pointer causes problems in ~SharedApproxData).

References SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::buildDataOrder, Dakota::strbegins(), and Dakota::strends().

13.172.3 Member Function Documentation

SharedApproxData operator= ( const SharedApproxData & shared_data )

assignment operator


References SharedApproxData::dataRep, and SharedApproxData::referenceCount.

SharedApproxData * get_shared_data ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, size_t num_vars ) [private]

Used only by the standard envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.

References ProblemDescDB::get_string(), SharedApproxData::SharedApproxData(), and Dakota::strends().

Referenced by SharedApproxData::SharedApproxData().

SharedApproxData * get_shared_data ( const String & approx_type, const UShortArray & approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level ) [private]

Used only by the alternate envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.

Used only by the envelope constructor to initialize dataRep to the appropriate derived type.

References SharedApproxData::SharedApproxData(), and Dakota::strends().

13.172.4 Member Data Documentation

short buildDataOrder [protected]

order of the data used for surrogate construction, in ActiveSet request vector 3-bit format.

This setting distinguishes derivative data intended for use in construction (includes derivatives w.r.t. the build variables) from derivative data that may be approximated separately (excludes derivatives w.r.t. auxiliary variables). This setting should also not be inferred directly from the responses specification, since we may need gradient support for evaluating gradients at a single point (e.g., the center of a trust region), but not require gradient evaluations at every point.
13.173 SHAREDPECOSAPPROXDATA CLASS REFERENCE

Referenced by SharedSurfpackApproxData::add_sd_to_surfdata(), TaylorApproximation::build(), TaylorApproximation::gradient(), TaylorApproximation::hessian(), TaylorApproximation::min_coefficients(), Approximation::min_points(), Approximation::recommended_points(), SharedApproxData::SharedApproxData(), SharedPecosApproxData::SharedPecosApproxData(), SurfpackApproximation::SurfpackApproximation(), SurfpackApproximation::surrogates_to_surfdata(), TANA3Approximation::TANA3Approximation(), and TaylorApproximation::value().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SharedApproxData.hpp
- SharedApproxData.cpp

13.173 SharedPecosApproxData Class Reference

Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.

Inheritance diagram for SharedPecosApproxData:

```
SharedApproxData
     ^
    |  
SharedPecosApproxData
```

Public Member Functions

- **SharedPecosApproxData ()**
  *default constructor*
- **SharedPecosApproxData (const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level)**
  *alternate constructor*
- **SharedPecosApproxData (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, size_t num_vars)**
  *standard ProblemDescDB-driven constructor*
- **~SharedPecosApproxData ()**
  *destructor*
- **void random_variables_key (const Pecos::BitArray &random_vars_key)**
  *set pecosBasisApprox.randomVarsKey*
- **void integration_iterator (const Iterator &iterator)**
  *set pecosBasisApprox.driverRep*
- **void construct_basis (const Pecos::ShortArray &u_types, const Pecos::AleatoryDistParams &adp)**
  *invoke Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::construct_basis()*
- **void polynomial_basis (const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> &poly_basis)**
  *set Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::polynomialBasis*
- **const std::vector<Pecos::BasisPolynomial> & polynomial_basis () const**
  *get Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::polynomialBasis*
- **void allocate (const UShort2DArray &mi)**
  *set Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::multiIndex and allocate associated arrays*
• const UShort2DArray & multi_index () const
  get Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::multiIndex
• const Pecos::BitArrayULongMap & sobol_index_map () const
  return Pecos::SharedPolyApproxData::sobolIndexMap
• void coefficients_norms_flag (bool flag)
  invoke Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::coefficients_norms_flag()
• size_t expansion_terms () const
  return Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::expansion_terms()
• const UShortArray & expansion_order () const
  return Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::expansion_order()
• void expansion_order (const UShortArray &order)
  invokes Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::expansion_order(UShortArray&)
• void increment_order ()
  invokes Pecos::SharedOrthogPolyApproxData::increment_order()
• void configuration_options (const Pecos::ExpansionConfigOptions &ec_options)
  set the expansion configuration options within Pecos::SharedPolyApproxData
• void configuration_options (const Pecos::BasisConfigOptions &bc_options)
  set the basis configuration options within Pecos::SharedPolyApproxData
• void configuration_options (const Pecos::RegressionConfigOptions &rc_options)
  set the regression configuration options within Pecos::SharedRegressOrthogPolyApproxData

Protected Member Functions

• void build ()
  builds the shared approximation data from scratch
• void rebuild ()
  rebuilds the shared approximation data incrementally
• void pop (bool save_surr_data)
  back out the previous increment to the shared approximation data
• bool restore_available ()
  queries availability of restoration for trial set
• size_t restoration_index ()
  return index of trial set within restorable bookkeeping sets
• void pre_restore ()
  restore a previous state of the shared approximation data
• void post_restore ()
  clean up saved storage following restoration
• size_t finalization_index (size_t i)
  return index of i-th trailing trial set within restorable bookkeeping sets
• void pre_finalize ()
  finalize the shared approximation data following a set of increments
• void post_finalize ()
  clean up saved storage following aggregation
• void store ()
  
  store the current state of the shared approximation data for later combination

• void pre_combine (short corr_type)
  
  aggregate the shared approximation data from current and saved states

• void post_combine (short corr_type)
  
  clean up saved storage after aggregation

Private Member Functions

• Pecos::SharedBasisApproxData & pecos_shared_data ()
  
  return pecosSharedData

• void approx_type_to_basis_type (const String &approx_type, short &basis_type)
  
  utility to convert Dakota type string to Pecos type enumeration

Private Attributes

• Pecos::SharedBasisApproxData pecosSharedData
  
  the Pecos shared approximation data

• Pecos::SharedPolyApproxData * pecosSharedDataRep
  
  convenience pointer to derived letter within pecosSharedData

Friends

• class PecosApproximation

Additional Inherited Members

13.173.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for global basis polynomials.

The SharedPecosApproxData class provides a global approximation based on basis polynomials. This includes orthogonal polynomials used for polynomial chaos expansions and interpolation polynomials used for stochastic collocation.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• SharedPecosApproxData.hpp
• SharedPecosApproxData.cpp

13.174 SharedResponseData Class Reference

Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Response instances.
Public Member Functions

- **SharedResponseData ()**
  default constructor

- **SharedResponseData (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  standard constructor

- **SharedResponseData (const ActiveSet &set)**
  alternate on-the-fly constructor (explicit disallows its use for implicit type conversion so that instantiations of Response(set) are invalid)

- **SharedResponseData (const SharedResponseData &srd)**
  copy constructor

- **~SharedResponseData ()**
  destructor

- **SharedResponseData & operator= (const SharedResponseData &srd)**
  assignment operator

- **bool operator== (const SharedResponseData &other)**
  experimental operator== for use in unit testing

- **size_t num_scalar_responses () const**
  number of scalar responses

- **size_t num_field_response_groups () const**
  number of field response groups

- **size_t num_response_groups () const**
  total number of response groups (scalars + field groups)

- **size_t num_field_functions () const**
  total number of field functions (1-norm of fieldRespGroupLengths)

- **size_t num_functions () const**
  total number of response functions (scalars + 1-norm of fieldRespGroupLengths)

- **const IntVector & field_lengths () const**
  index of field lengths for field data

- **void field_lengths (const IntVector &field_lengths)**
  set field lengths (if experiment different from simulation)

- **const IntVector & num.coords.per.field () const**
  dimensions of each function

- **const String & function_label (size_t i) const**
  return a response function identifier string

- **const StringArray & function_labels () const**
  return the response function identifier strings

- **StringArray & function_labels ()**
  return the response function identifier strings

- **void function_label (const String &label, size_t i)**
  set a response function identifier string

- **void function_labels (const StringArray &labels)**
  set the response function identifier strings

- **const StringArray & field_group_labels ()**
return the coarse (per-group) field response labels

- void field_group_labels (const StringArray &field_labels)
  set the coarse field group labels (must agree with number fields)

- const String & responses_id () const
  return the response identifier

- short response_type () const
  return the response type: {BASE, SIMULATION, EXPERIMENT}_RESPONSE

- void response_type (short type)
  set the response type: {BASE, SIMULATION, EXPERIMENT}_RESPONSE

- short primary_fn_type () const
  get the primary function type (generic, objective, calibration)

- void primary_fn_type (short type)
  set the primary function type (generic, objective, calibration)

- SharedResponseData copy () const
  create a deep copy of the current object and return by value

- void reshape (size_t num_fns)
  reshape the data, disconnecting a shared rep if necessary

- bool is_null () const
  return true if empty handle with null representation

- long reference_count () const
  how many handles (including this) are sharing this representation (body); for debugging/testing only

- template<class Archive >
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  serialize through the pointer, which requires object tracking: write and read are symmetric for this class

Private Member Functions

- template<class Archive >
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  serialize through the pointer, which requires object tracking: write and read are symmetric for this class

Private Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr
  < SharedResponseDataRep > srdRep
  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)

Friends

- class boost::serialization::access
  allow boost access to serialize this class

13.174.1 Detailed Description

Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Response instances.

An array of Response objects (e.g., Analyzer::allResponse) contains repeated configuration data (id’s, labels, counts). SharedResponseData employs a handle-body idiom to allow this shared data to be managed in a single object with many references to it, one per Response object in the array. This allows scaling to larger sample sets.
13.174.2 Member Function Documentation

SharedResponseData copy ( ) const

create a deep copy of the current object and return by value

Deep copies are used when recasting changes the nature of a Response set.
References SharedResponseData::srdRep.
Referenced by ExperimentData::initialize(), and ExperimentData::load_data().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SharedResponseData.hpp
- SharedResponseData.cpp

13.175 SharedResponseDataRep Class Reference

The representation of a SharedResponseData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple
SharedResponseData handle instances.

Public Member Functions

- ~SharedResponseDataRep ( )
  destructor must be public for shared_ptr
- template<class Archive>
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)

Private Member Functions

- SharedResponseDataRep ( )
  default constructor
- SharedResponseDataRep (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  standard constructor
- SharedResponseDataRep (const ActiveSet &set)
  alternate on-the-fly constructor
- void copy_rep (SharedResponseDataRep *srd_rep)
  copy the data from srd_rep to the current representation
- template<class Archive>
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  serialize the core shared response data: write and read are symmetric for this class
- bool operator== (const SharedResponseDataRep &other)
  experimental operator== for use in unit testing
- void build_field_labels ()
  build/update the unrolled field labels based on fieldLabels and group lengths
Private Attributes

- short responseType
  enumeration of BASE_RESPONSE, SIMULATION_RESPONSE, or EXPERIMENT_RESPONSE
- short primaryFnType
  data set type for primary response: generic, objective, calibration
- String responsesId
  response identifier string from the input file
- StringArray functionLabels
  fine-grained (unrolled) set of response function identifiers used to improve output readability; length Response-
  ::functionValues
- StringArray fieldLabels
  labels for each field group
- size_t numScalarResponses
  number of scalar responses
- IntVector fieldRespGroupLengths
  index of field lengths for field data
- IntVector numCoordsPerField
  dimensions of each function

Friends

- class SharedResponseData
- class boost::serialization::access
  allow boost access to serialize this class

13.175.1 Detailed Description

The representation of a SharedResponseData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple
SharedResponseData handle instances.

The SharedResponseData/SharedResponseDataRep pairs utilize a handle-body idiom (Coplien, Advanced
C++).

13.175.2 Member Function Documentation

void copy_rep ( SharedResponseDataRep * srd_rep ) [private]

copy the data from srd_rep to the current representation

Deep copies are used when recasting changes the nature of a Response set.

References SharedResponseDataRep::fieldLabels, SharedResponseDataRep::fieldRespGroupLengths, Shared-
ResponseDataRep::functionLabels, SharedResponseDataRep::numCoordsPerField, SharedResponseDataRep::num-
ScalarResponses, SharedResponseDataRep::primaryFnType, SharedResponseDataRep::responsesId, and Shared-
ResponseDataRep::responseType.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SharedResponseData.hpp
- SharedResponseData.cpp
13.176  SharedSurfpackApproxData Class Reference

Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.

Inheritance diagram for SharedSurfpackApproxData:

```
SharedApproxData

 SharedSurfpackApproxData
```

Public Member Functions

- **SharedSurfpackApproxData ()**
  - default constructor
- **SharedSurfpackApproxData (const String &approx_type, const UShortArray &approx_order, size_t num_vars, short data_order, short output_level)**
  - alternate constructor
- **SharedSurfpackApproxData (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, size_t num_vars)**
  - standard constructor: Surfpack surface of appropriate type will be created
- **∼SharedSurfpackApproxData ()**
  - destructor

Private Member Functions

- **void add_sd_to_surfdata (const Pecos::SurrogateDataVars &sdv, const Pecos::SurrogateDataResp &sdr, short fail_code, SurfData &surf_data)**
  - *add Pecos::SurrogateData::SurrogateData{Vars,Resp} to SurfData, accounting for buildDataOrder available*
- **void copy_matrix (const RealSymMatrix &rsm, SurfpackMatrix<Real> &surfpack_matrix)**
  - *copy RealSymMatrix to SurfpackMatrix (Real type only)*
- **void merge_variable_arrays (const RealVector &cv, const IntVector &div, const RealVector &drv, RealArray &ra)**
  - *merge cv, div, and drv vectors into a single ra array*
- **void sdv_to_realarray (const Pecos::SurrogateDataVars &sdv, RealArray &ra)**
  - *aggregate {continuous,discrete int,discrete real} variables from SurrogateDataVars into ra*
- **void vars_to_realarray (const Variables &vars, RealArray &ra)**
  - *aggregate {active,all} {continuous,discrete int,discrete real} variables into ra*

Private Attributes

- **unsigned short approxOrder**
  - order of polynomial approximation
- **StringArray diagnosticSet**
  - set of diagnostic metrics
- **bool crossValidateFlag**
13.177. **SHAREDVARIABLESDATA CLASS REFERENCE**

whether to perform cross validation

- unsigned **numFolds**
  number of folds for CV
- Real **percentFold**
  percentage of data for CV
- bool **pressFlag**
  whether to perform PRESS

**Friends**

- class **SurfpackApproximation**
- class **VPSApproximation**

**Additional Inherited Members**

13.176.1 **Detailed Description**

Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.

The **SharedSurfpackApproxData** class is the interface between Dakota and Surfpack. Based on the information in the ProblemDescDB that is passed in through the constructor, **SharedSurfpackApproxData** builds a Surfpack Surface object that corresponds to one of the following data-fitting techniques: polynomial regression, kriging, artificial neural networks, radial basis function network, or multivariate adaptive regression splines (M-ARS).

13.176.2 **Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

**SharedSurfpackApproxData** ( const String & **approx_type**, const UShortArray & **approx_order**, size_t **num_vars**, short **data_order**, short **output_level** )

alternate constructor

On-the-fly constructor which uses mostly Surfpack model defaults.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::approxOrder, and SharedApproxData::approxType.

**SharedSurfpackApproxData** ( ProblemDescDB & **problem_db**, size_t **num_vars** )

standard constructor: Surfpack surface of appropriate type will be created

Initialize the embedded Surfpack surface object and configure it using the specifications from the input file. Data for the surface is created later.

References SharedSurfpackApproxData::approxOrder, SharedApproxData::approxType, ProblemDescDB::get_short(), and ProblemDescDB::get_string().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SharedSurfpackApproxData.hpp
- SharedSurfpackApproxData.cpp

13.177 **SharedVariablesData Class Reference**

Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Variables instances.
Public Member Functions

- **SharedVariablesData ()**
  default constructor

- **SharedVariablesData (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const std::pair< short, short > &view)**
  standard constructor

- **SharedVariablesData (const std::pair< short, short > &view, const std::map< unsigned short, size_t > &vars_comps, const BitArray &all_relax_di=BitArray(), const BitArray &all_relax_dr=BitArray())**
  medium weight constructor providing detailed variable counts

- **SharedVariablesData (const std::pair< short, short > &view, const SizetArray &vars_comps_totals, const BitArray &all_relax_di=BitArray(), const BitArray &all_relax_dr=BitArray())**
  lightweight constructor providing variable count totals

- **SharedVariablesData (const SharedVariablesData &svd)**
  copy constructor

- **~SharedVariablesData ()**
  destructor

- **SharedVariablesData & operator= (const SharedVariablesData &svd)**
  assignment operator

- **SharedVariablesData copy () const**
  create a deep copy of the current object and return by value

- **void all_counts (size_t &num_acv, size_t &num_adiv, size_t &num_adsv, size_t &num_adrv) const**
  compute all variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void design_counts (size_t &num_cdv, size_t &num_ddiv, size_t &num_ddsv, size_t &num_ddrv) const**
  compute design variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void aleatory_uncertain_counts (size_t &num_cauv, size_t &num_dauiv, size_t &num_dausv, size_t &num_daurv) const**
  compute aleatory uncertain variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void epistemic_uncertain_counts (size_t &num_ceuv, size_t &num_deuiv, size_t &num_deusv, size_t &num_deurv) const**
  compute epistemic uncertain variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void uncertain_counts (size_t &num_cuv, size_t &num_duiv, size_t &num_dusv, size_t &num_durv) const**
  compute uncertain variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void state_counts (size_t &num_csv, size_t &num_dsv, size_t &num_dsrv) const**
  compute state variables sums from `SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsTotals` and `SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}`

- **void initialize_active_start_counts ()**
  initialize start index and counts for active variables

- **void initialize_inactive_start_counts ()**
  initialize start index and counts for inactive variables

- **void initialize_active_components ()**
initialize the active components totals given active variable counts
• void initialize_inactive_components ()
  initialize the inactive components totals given inactive variable counts
• const BitArray & all_released_discrete_int () const
  return allRelaxedDiscreteInt
• const BitArray & all_released_discrete_real () const
  return allRelaxedDiscreteReal
• StringMultiArrayView all_continuous_labels (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  get num_items continuous labels beginning at index start
• void all_continuous_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  set num_items continuous labels beginning at index start
• void all_continuous_label (const String &cv_label, size_t index)
  set continuous label at index start
• StringMultiArrayView all_discrete_int_labels (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  get num_items discrete integer labels beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_int_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  set num_items discrete integer labels beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_int_label (const String &div_label, size_t index)
  set discrete integer label at index start
• StringMultiArrayView all_discrete_string_labels (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  get num_items discrete string labels beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_string_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView dsv_labels, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  set num_items discrete string labels beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_string_label (const String &dsv_label, size_t index)
  set discrete string label at index start
• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_types (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  get num_items continuous types beginning at index start
• void all_continuous_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView cv_types, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  set num_items continuous types beginning at index start
• void all_continuous_type (unsigned short cv_type, size_t index)
  set continuous type at index
• UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_int_types (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  get num_items discrete integer types beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_int_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView div_types, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  set num_items discrete integer types beginning at index start
• void all_discrete_int_type (unsigned short div_type, size_t index)
  set discrete integer type at index
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_types** (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  
  get num_items discrete string types beginning at index start

- **void all_discrete_string_types** (UShortMultiArrayConstView dsv_types, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  
  set num_items discrete string types beginning at index start

- **void all_discrete_string_type** (unsigned short dsv_type, size_t index)
  
  set discrete string type at index

- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_real_types** (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  
  get num_items discrete real types beginning at index start

- **void all_discrete_real_types** (UShortMultiArrayConstView drv_types, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  
  set num_items discrete real types beginning at index start

- **void all_discrete_real_type** (unsigned short drv_type, size_t index)
  
  set discrete real type at index

- **SizetMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_ids** (size_t start, size_t num_items) const
  
  get num_items continuous ids beginning at index start

- **void all_continuous_ids** (SizetMultiArrayConstView cv_ids, size_t start, size_t num_items)
  
  set num_items continuous ids beginning at index start

- **void all_continuous_id** (size_t id, size_t index)
  
  set num_items continuous ids beginning at index start

- **const String & id** () const
  
  return the user-provided or default Variables identifier

- **const SizetArray & components_totals** () const
  
  return variable type counts for {continuous,discrete integer,discrete real} {design,aleatory uncertain,epistemic uncertain,state}

- **const SizetArray & active_components_totals** () const
  
  return active variable type counts for {continuous,discrete integer,discrete real} {design,aleatory uncertain,epistemic uncertain,state}

- **const SizetArray & inactive_components_totals** () const
  
  return inactive variable type counts for {continuous,discrete integer,discrete real} {design,aleatory uncertain,epistemic uncertain,state}

- **size_t vclookup** (unsigned short key) const
  
  retrieve the variables type count within svdRep->variablesComponents corresponding to (a fine-grain variables type) key

- **const std::pair< short, short > & view** () const
  
  retrieve the Variables view

- **void inactive_view** (short view2)
  
  set the inactive Variables view

- **size_t cv** () const
  
  get number of active continuous vars

- **size_t cv_start** () const
  
  get start index of active continuous vars

- **size_t div** () const
  
  get number of active discrete int vars

- **size_t div_start** () const
  
  get start index of active discrete int vars
- size_t dsv() const
  get number of active discrete string vars
- size_t dsv_start() const
  get start index of active discrete string vars
- size_t drv() const
  get number of active discrete real vars
- size_t drv_start() const
  get start index of active discrete real vars
- size_t icv() const
  get number of inactive continuous vars
- size_t icv_start() const
  get start index of inactive continuous vars
- size_t idiv() const
  get number of inactive discrete int vars
- size_t idiv_start() const
  get start index of inactive discrete int vars
- size_t idsv() const
  get number of inactive discrete string vars
- size_t idsv_start() const
  get start index of inactive discr string vars
- size_t idrv() const
  get number of inactive discrete real vars
- size_t idrv_start() const
  get start index of inactive discrete real vars
- void cv(size_t ncv)
  set number of active continuous vars
- void cv_start(size_t cvs)
  set start index of active continuous vars
- void div(size_t ndiv)
  set number of active discrete int vars
- void div_start(size_t divs)
  set start index of active discrete int vars
- void dsv(size_t ndsv)
  set number of active discrete string vars
- void dsv_start(size_t dsvs)
  set start index of active discr string vars
- void drv(size_t ndrv)
  set number of active discrete real vars
- void drv_start(size_t drvs)
  set start index of active discrete real vars
- void icv(size_t nicv)
  set number of inactive continuous vars
- void icv_start(size_t icvs)


set start index of inactive continuous vars

- void idiv (size_t nidiv)
  set number of inactive discrete int vars

- void idiv_start (size_t idivs)
  set start index of inactive discr int vars

- void idsv (size_t nidsv)
  set number of inactive discr string vars

- void idsv_start (size_t idsvs)
  set start index of inact discr string vars

- void idrv (size_t nidrv)
  set number of inactive discrete real vars

- void idrv_start (size_t idrvs)
  set start index of inact discr real vars

- template <class Archive>
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)


Private Member Functions

- template <class Archive>
  void serialize (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)

  serialize through the pointer, which requires object tracking: write and read are symmetric for this class


Private Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr
  < SharedVariablesDataRep > svdRep

  pointer to the body (handle-body idiom)


Friends

- class boost::serialization::access

  allow boost access to serialize this class


13.177.1 Detailed Description

Container class encapsulating variables data that can be shared among a set of Variables instances.

An array of Variables objects (e.g., Analyzer::allVariables) contains repeated configuration data (id’s, labels, counts). SharedVariablesData employs a handle-body idiom to allow this shared data to be managed in a single object with many references to it, one per Variables object in the array. This allows scaling to larger sample sets.

13.177.2 Member Function Documentation

SharedVariablesData copy () const

create a deep copy of the current object and return by value

Deep copies are used when recasting changes the nature of a Variables set.

References Dakota::svd(), and SharedVariablesData::svdRep.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
13.178  **SharedVariablesDataRep Class Reference**

The representation of a *SharedVariablesData* instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple *SharedVariablesData* handle instances.

**Public Member Functions**

- `~SharedVariablesDataRep ()`
  
  destructor must be public for shared_ptr

- `template<class Archive> void save (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) const`

- `template<class Archive> void load (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)`

**Private Member Functions**

- `SharedVariablesDataRep (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const std::pair< short, short > &view)`
  
  standard constructor

- `SharedVariablesDataRep (const std::pair< short, short > &view, const std::map< unsigned short, size_t > &vars_comps, const BitArray &all_relax_di, const BitArray &all_relax_dr)`
  
  medium weight constructor providing detailed variable counts

- `SharedVariablesDataRep (const std::pair< short, short > &view, const SizetArray &vars_comps_totals, const BitArray &all_relax_di, const BitArray &all_relax_dr)`
  
  lightweight constructor providing variable count totals

- `SharedVariablesDataRep ()`
  
  default constructor

- `void initialize_components_totals (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)`
  
  populate variables{Components,CompsTotals} from user variable type and count specifications

- `void components_to_totals ()`
  
  update variablesCompsTotals from variablesComponents

- `void relax_noncategorical (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)`
  
  populate allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real} from user specifications (relax variables that are not declared as categorical)

- `void set_relax (const BitArray &user_cat_spec, size_t ucs_index, size_t ard_cntr, BitArray &ard_container)`
  
  Set the ard_cntr entry in the all-relaxed-discrete integer or real container ard_container, based on user-specification of categorical, accounting for empty.

- `void all_counts (size_t &num_acv, size_t &num_adiv, size_t &num_adsv, size_t &num_adrv) const`
  
  compute all variables sums from variablesCompsTotals

- `void relax_counts (size_t &num_cv, size_t &num_div, size_t &num_driv, size_t &num_dr) const`
  
  adjust counts based on allRelaxedDiscrete{Int,Real}

- `void design_counts (size_t &num_cdv, size_t &num_ddiv, size_t &num_ddsv, size_t &num_ddrv) const`

- `SharedVariablesData.hpp`

- `SharedVariablesData.cpp`
compute design variables sums from variablesCompsTotals
• void aleatory_uncertain_counts (size_t &num_cauv, size_t &num_dauiv, size_t &num_dausv, size_t &num_daurv) const
  compute aleatory uncertain variables sums from variablesCompsTotals
• void epistemic_uncertain_counts (size_t &num_ceuv, size_t &num_deuiv, size_t &num_deusv, size_t &num_deurv) const
  compute epistemic uncertain variables sums from variablesCompsTotals
• void uncertain_counts (size_t &num_cuv, size_t &num_duiv, size_t &num_dusv, size_t &num_durv) const
  compute uncertain variables sums from variablesCompsTotals
• void state_counts (size_t &num_csv, size_t &num_dsiv, size_t &num_dssv, size_t &num_dsrv) const
  compute state variables sums from variablesCompsTotals
• void view_start_counts (short_view, size_t &cv_start, size_t &div_start, size_t &dsv_start, size_t &drv_start,
  size_t &num_cv, size_t &num_div, size_t &num_dsv, size_t &num_drv) const
  define start indices and counts for active variables based on view
• void size_all_labels ()
  size all{Continuous, DiscreteInt, DiscreteString, DiscreteReal} Labels, with or without discrete relaxation

• void size_all_types ()
  size all{Continuous, DiscreteInt, DiscreteString, DiscreteReal} Types, with or without discrete relaxation

• void initialize_all_labels (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  aggregate all{Continuous, DiscreteInt, DiscreteString, DiscreteReal} Labels from user specification or defaults

• void initialize_all_types ()
  initialize all{Continuous, DiscreteInt, DiscreteString, DiscreteReal} Types, with or without discrete relaxation

• void initialize_all_ids ()
  initialize allContinuousIds (discrete not currently needed), with or without discrete relaxation

• void initialize_active_start_counts ()
  initialize {c,di,dr}vStart and num{D,DI,DS,DR}V

• void initialize_inactive_start_counts ()
  initialize i{c,di,dr}vStart and numI{D,DI,DS,DR}V

• void initialize_active_components ()
  initialize activeVarsCompsTotals given {c,di,dr}vStart and num{C,DI,DR}V

• void initialize_inactive_components ()
  initialize inactiveVarsCompsTotals given i{c,di,dr}vStart and numI{C,DI,DR}V

• size_t vc_lookup (unsigned short key) const
  retrieve the count within variablesComponents corresponding to key

• void copy_rep (SharedVariablesDataRep *svd_rep)
  copy the data from svd_rep to the current representation

• template<class Archive>
  void save (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) const
  serialize the core shared variables data

• template<class Archive>
  void load (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  load the core shared variables data and restore class state

• BOOST_SERIALIZATION_SPLIT_MEMBER () String variablesId
  variables identifier string from the input file
Private Attributes

- std::map<unsigned short, size_t> variablesComponents
  
  map linking variable types to counts

- SizetArray variablesCompsTotals
  
  totals for variable type counts for \{continuous, discrete integer, discrete string, discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

- SizetArray activeVarsCompsTotals
  
  totals for active variable type counts for \{continuous, discrete integer, discrete string, discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

- SizetArray inactiveVarsCompsTotals
  
  totals for inactive variable type counts for \{continuous, discrete integer, discrete string, discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

- std::pair<short, short> variablesView
  
  the variables view pair containing active (first) and inactive (second) view enumerations

- size_t cvStart
  
  start index of active continuous variables within allContinuousVars

- size_t divStart
  
  start index of active discrete integer variables within allDiscreteIntVars

- size_t dsvStart
  
  start index of active discrete string vars within allDiscreteStringVars

- size_t drvStart
  
  start index of active discrete real variables within allDiscreteRealVars

- size_t icvStart
  
  start index of inactive continuous variables within allContinuousVars

- size_t idivStart
  
  start index of inactive discrete integer vars within allDiscreteIntVars

- size_t idsvStart
  
  start index of inactive discrete string vars within allDiscreteStringVars

- size_t idrvStart
  
  start index of inactive discrete real variables within allDiscreteRealVars

- size_t numCV
  
  number of active continuous variables

- size_t numDIV
  
  number of active discrete integer variables

- size_t numDSV
  
  number of active discrete string variables

- size_t numDRV
  
  number of active discrete real variables

- size_t numICV
  
  number of inactive continuous variables

- size_t numIDIV
  
  number of inactive discrete integer variables

- size_t numIDSV
number of inactive discrete string variables
• size_t numIDRV

number of inactive discrete real variables
• StringMultiArray allContinuousLabels
  array of variable labels for all of the continuous variables
• StringMultiArray allDiscreteIntLabels
  array of variable labels for all of the discrete integer variables
• StringMultiArray allDiscreteStringLabels
  array of variable labels for all of the discrete string variables
• StringMultiArray allDiscreteRealLabels
  array of variable labels for all of the discrete real variables
• UShortMultiArray allContinuousTypes
  array of variable types for all of the continuous variables
• UShortMultiArray allDiscreteIntTypes
  array of variable types for all of the discrete integer variables
• UShortMultiArray allDiscreteStringTypes
  array of variable types for all of the discrete string variables
• UShortMultiArray allDiscreteRealTypes
  array of variable types for all of the discrete real variables
• SizetMultiArray allContinuousIds
  array of 1-based position identifiers for the all continuous variables array
• BitArray allRelaxedDiscreteInt
  array of booleans to indicate relaxation (promotion from DiscreteInt to Continuous) for all specified discrete int variables Note: container will be empty when not relaxing variables
• BitArray allRelaxedDiscreteReal
  array of booleans to indicate relaxation (promotion from DiscreteReal to Continuous) for all specified discrete real variables Note: container will be empty when not relaxing variables

Friends
• class SharedVariablesData
• class boost::serialization::access
  allow boost access to serialize this class

13.178.1 Detailed Description
The representation of a SharedVariablesData instance. This representation, or body, may be shared by multiple SharedVariablesData handle instances.

The SharedVariablesData/SharedVariablesDataRep pairs utilize a handle-body idiom (Coplien, Advanced C++).
13.178.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void copy_rep ( SharedVariablesDataRep * svd_rep ) [private]
```

copy the data from svd_rep to the current representation

Deep copies are used when recasting changes the nature of a Variables set.

References SharedVariablesDataRep::activeVarsCompsTotals, SharedVariablesDataRep::allContinuousIds, SharedVariablesDataRep::allContinuousLabels, SharedVariablesDataRep::allContinuousTypes, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteIntLabels, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteIntTypes, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteRealLabels, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteRealTypes, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteStringLabels, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteStringTypes, SharedVariablesDataRep::allDiscreteStringView, SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscreteInt, SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscreteReal, SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscreteString, SharedVariablesDataRep::allRelaxedDiscreteView, SharedVariablesDataRep::cvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::divStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::drvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::dsvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::icvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::idivStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::idrvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::idsvStart, SharedVariablesDataRep::inactiveVarsCompsTotals, SharedVariablesDataRep::numCV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numDIV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numDRV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numDSV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numICV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numIDIV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numIDRV, SharedVariablesDataRep::numIDSV, and SharedVariablesDataRep::variablesCompsView.

13.178.3 Member Data Documentation

**SizeArray variablesCompsTotals** [private]

totals for variable type counts for \{continuous,discrete integer,discrete string,discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

This data reflects the variable counts as originally specified and is not altered by relaxation.

References SharedVariablesDataRep::aleatory_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesDataRep::all_counts(), SharedVariablesDataRep::components_to_totals(), SharedVariablesDataRep::copy_rep(), SharedVariablesDataRep::design_counts(), SharedVariablesDataRep::epistemic_uncertain_counts(), SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_active_components(), SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_all_ids(), SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_components_totals(), SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_inactive_components(), SharedVariablesDataRep::relax_noncategorical(), SharedVariablesDataRep::state_counts(), SharedVariablesDataRep::uncertain_counts(), and SharedVariablesDataRep::view_start_counts().

**SizeArray activeVarsCompsTotals** [private]

totals for active variable type counts for \{continuous,discrete integer,discrete string,discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

This data reflects the variable counts as originally specified and is not altered by relaxation.

References SharedVariablesDataRep::copy_rep(), and SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_active_components().

**SizeArray inactiveVarsCompsTotals** [private]

totals for inactive variable type counts for \{continuous,discrete integer,discrete string,discrete real\} \{design, aleatory uncertain, epistemic uncertain, state\}.

This data reflects the variable counts as originally specified and is not altered by relaxation.

References SharedVariablesDataRep::copy_rep(), and SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_inactive_components().
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

SizetMultiArray allContinuousIds  [private]
array of 1-based position identifiers for the all continuous variables array
   These identifiers define positions of the all continuous variables array within the total variable sequence. A
   primary use case is for defining derivative ids (DVV) based on an active subset.
   Referenced by SharedVariablesDataRep::copy_rep(), and SharedVariablesDataRep::initialize_all_ids().
   The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
   • SharedVariablesData.hpp
   • SharedVariablesData.cpp

13.179   SimulationResponse Class Reference

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. SimulationResponse provides the body class.
Inheritance diagram for SimulationResponse:

   Response
   ▼
  SimulationResponse

Public Member Functions

• SimulationResponse ()
  default constructor
• SimulationResponse (const Variables &vars, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  standard constructor built from problem description database
• SimulationResponse (const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set)
  alternate constructor that shares a SharedResponseData instance
• SimulationResponse (const SharedResponseData &srd)
  alternate constructor that shares a SharedResponseData instance
• SimulationResponse (const ActiveSet &set)
  alternate constructor using limited data
• ~SimulationResponse ()
  destructor

Additional Inherited Members

13.179.1   Detailed Description

Container class for response functions and their derivatives. SimulationResponse provides the body class.
   The SimulationResponse class is the "representation" of the response container class. It is the "body" portion
   of the "handle-body idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 58). The handle class (Response) provides for
   memory efficiency in management of multiple response objects through reference counting and representation
   sharing. The body class (SimulationResponse) actually contains the response data (functionValues, function-
   Gradients, functionHessians, etc.). The representation is hidden in that an instance of SimulationResponse may
only be created by Response. Therefore, programmers create instances of the Response handle class, and only need to be aware of the handle/body mechanisms when it comes to managing shallow copies (shared representation) versus deep copies (separate representation used for history mechanisms).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SimulationResponse.hpp
- SimulationResponse.cpp

### 13.180 SingleModel Class Reference

Derived model class which utilizes a single interface to map variables into responses.

Inheritance diagram for SingleModel:

```
    Model
     |
     V
SingleModel
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **SingleModel** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  constructor
- **~SingleModel** ()
  
  destructor

#### Protected Member Functions

- **Interface & derived_interface** ()
  
  return userDefinedInterface
- **void derived_compute_response** (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  portion of compute_response() specific to SingleModel (invokes a synchronous map() on userDefinedInterface)
- **void derived_asynch_compute_response** (const ActiveSet &set)
  
  portion of asynch_compute_response() specific to SingleModel (invokes an asynchronous map() on userDefinedInterface)
- **const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize** ()
  
  portion of synchronize() specific to SingleModel (invokes synch() on userDefinedInterface)
- **const IntResponseMap & derived_synchronize_nowait** ()
  
  portion of synch_nowait() specific to SingleModel (invokes synch_nowait() on userDefinedInterface)
- **void component_parallel_mode** (short mode)
  
  SingleModel only supports parallelism in userDefinedInterface, so this virtual function redefinition is simply a sanity check.
- **short local_eval_synchronization** ()
  
  return userDefinedInterface synchronization setting
- **int local_eval_concurrency** ()
  
  return userDefinedInterface asynchronous evaluation concurrency
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- bool derived_master_overload () const
  flag which prevents overloading the master with a multiprocessor evaluation (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- IntIntPair estimate_partition_bounds (int max_eval_concurrency)
  estimate the minimum and maximum partition sizes that can be utilized by this Model
- void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  set up SingleModel for parallel operations (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- void derived_init_serial ()
  set up SingleModel for serial operations (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface).
- void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency, bool recurse_flag=true)
  set active parallel configuration for the SingleModel (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- void serve_run (ParLevLIter pl_iter, int max_eval_concurrency)
  Service userDefinedInterface job requests received from the master. Completes when a termination message is received from stop_servers().
- void stop_servers ()
  executed by the master to terminate userDefinedInterface server operations when SingleModel iteration is complete.
- const String & interface_id () const
  return the userDefinedInterface identifier
- int evaluation_id () const
  return the current evaluation id for the SingleModel (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- bool evaluation_cache () const
  return flag indicated usage of an evaluation cache by the SingleModel (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- void set_evaluation_reference ()
  set the evaluation counter reference points for the SingleModel (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- void fine_grained_evaluation_counters ()
  request fine-grained evaluation reporting within the userDefinedInterface
- void print_evaluation_summary (std::ostream &s, bool minimal_header=false, bool relative_count=true) const
  print the evaluation summary for the SingleModel (request forwarded to userDefinedInterface)
- void eval_tag_prefix (const String &eval_id_str)
  set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

Private Attributes
- Interface userDefinedInterface
  the interface used for mapping variables to responses

Additional Inherited Members

13.180.1 Detailed Description

Derived model class which utilizes a single interface to map variables into responses.

The SingleModel class is the simplest of the derived model classes. It provides the capabilities of the original Model class, prior to the development of surrogate and nested model extensions. The derived response computation and synchronization functions utilize a single interface to perform the function evaluations.
13.180.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void eval_tag_prefix ( const String & eval_id_str ) [protected], [virtual]
```

set the hierarchical eval ID tag prefix

**SingleModel** doesn’t need to change the tagging, so just forward to Interface
Reimplemented from Model.
References Interface::eval_tag_prefix(), and SingleModel::userDefinedInterface.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SingleModel.hpp
- SingleModel.cpp

13.181 SNLLBase Class Reference

Base class for OPT++ optimization and least squares methods.

Inheritance diagram for SNLLBase:

```
SNLLBase
   
SNLLLeastSq  SNLLOptimizer
```

Public Member Functions

- **SNLLBase ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- **SNLLBase (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  
  *standard constructor*

- **~SNLLBase ()**
  
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- **void copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp (const RealVector &local_fn_vals, RealVector &g, size_t offset)**
  
  *convenience function for copying local_fn_vals to g; used by constraint evaluator functions*

- **void copy_con_vals_optpp_to_dak (const RealVector &g, RealVector &local_fn_vals, size_t offset)**
  
  *convenience function for copying g to local_fn_vals; used in final solution logging*

- **void copy_con_grad (const RealMatrix &local_fn_grads, RealMatrix &grad_g, size_t offset)**
  
  *convenience function for copying local_fn_grads to grad_g; used by constraint evaluator functions*

- **void copy_con_hess (const RealSymMatrixArray &local_fn_hessians, OPTPP::OptppArray<RealSymMatrix>& hess_g, size_t offset)**
  
  *convenience function for copying local_fn_hessians to hess_g; used by constraint evaluator functions*

- **void snll_pre_instantiate (bool bound_constr_flag, int num_constr)**
  
  *convenience function for setting OPT++ options prior to the method instantiation*
• void snll.post_instantiate (int num_cv, bool vendor_num_grad_flag, const String &finite_diff_type, const RealVector &fdss, int max_iter, int max_fn_evals, Real conv_tol, Real grad_tol, Real max_step, bool bound_constr_flag, int num_constr, short output_level, OPTPP::OptimizeClass *the_optimizer, OPTPP::NLP0 *nlf_objective, OPTPP::FDNLF1 *fd_nlf1, OPTPP::FDNLF1 *fd_nlf1_con)

  convenience function for setting OPT++ options after the method instantiation

• void snll.initialize_run (OPTPP::NLP0 *nlf_objective, OPTPP::NLP *nlp_constraint, const RealVector &init_pt, bool bound_constr_flag, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &lin_ineq_u_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_eq_targets, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_targets)

  convenience function for OPT++ configuration prior to the method invocation

• void snll.post_run (OPTPP::NLP0 *nlf_objective)

  convenience function for setting OPT++ options after the method instantiations

### Static Protected Member Functions

• static void init_fn (int n, RealVector &x)

  An initialization mechanism provided by OPT++ (not currently used).

#### Protected Attributes

- String searchMethod
  
  value_based_line_search, gradient_based_line_search, trust_region, or tr_pds

- OPTPP::SearchStrategy searchStrat
  
  enum: LineSearch, TrustRegion, or TrustPDS

- OPTPP::MeritFcn meritFn
  
  enum: NormFmu, ArgaezTapia, or VanShanno

- Real maxStep
  
  value from max_step specification

- Real stepLenToBndry
  
  value from steplength_to_boundary specification

- Real centeringParam
  
  value from centering parameter specification

- bool constantASVFlag

  flags a user selection of active_set_vector == constant. By mapping this into mode override, reliance on duplicate detection can be avoided.

#### Static Protected Attributes

- static Minimizer * optLSqInstance

  pointer to the active base class object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

- static bool modeOverrideFlag

  flags OPT++ mode override (for combining value, gradient, and Hessian requests)

- static EvalType lastFnEvalLocn
an enum used to track whether an nlf evaluator or a constraint evaluator was the last location of a function evaluation

- static int `lastEvalMode`
  *copy of mode from constraint evaluators*
- static `RealVector` `lastEvalVars`
  *copy of variables from constraint evaluators*

### 13.182 SNLLLeastSq Class Reference

Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for SNLLLeastSq:

```
  Iterator
    Minimizer
      LeastSq
      SNLLBase
        SNLLLeastSq
```

**Public Member Functions**

- `SNLLLeastSq (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  *standard constructor*
- `SNLLLeastSq (const String &method_name, Model &model)`
  *alternate constructor for instantiations without ProblemDescDB support*
- `~SNLLLeastSq ()`
  *destructor*
- `void minimize_residuals ()`
  *Performs the iterations to determine the least squares solution.*
Protected Member Functions

- void initialize_run ()
  invokes LeastSq::initialize_run(), SNLLBase::snll_initialize_run(), and performs other set-up
- void post_run (std::ostream &s)
  invokes snll_post_run and re-implements post_run (does not call parent) and performs other solution processing
- void finalize_run ()
  restores instances

Static Private Member Functions

- static void nlf2_evaluator_gn (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, RealSymMatrix &hess_f, int &result_mode)
  objective function evaluator function which obtains values and gradients for least square terms and computes objective function value, gradient, and Hessian using the Gauss-Newton approximation.
- static void constraint1_evaluator_gn (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, int &result_mode)
  constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values and gradients to OPT++ Gauss-Newton methods.
- static void constraint2_evaluator_gn (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, OPTPP::OptppArray<RealSymMatrix> &hess_g, int &result_mode)
  constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ Gauss-Newton methods.

Private Attributes

- SNLLLeastSq * prevSnllLeastSqInstance
  pointer to the previously active object instance used for restoration in the case of iterator/model recursion
- OPTPP::NLP0 * nlfObjective
  objective NLF base class pointer
- OPTPP::NLP0 * nlfConstraint
  constraint NLF base class pointer
- OPTPP::NLP * nlpConstraint
  constraint NLP pointer
- OPTPP::NLF2 * nlf2
  pointer to objective NLF for full Newton optimizers
- OPTPP::NLF2 * nlf2Con
  pointer to constraint NLF for full Newton optimizers
- OPTPP::NLF1 * nlf1Con
  pointer to constraint NLF for Quasi Newton optimizers
- OPTPP::OptimizeClass * theOptimizer
  optimizer base class pointer
- OPTPP::OptNewton * optnewton
  Newton optimizer pointer.
- OPTPP::OptBCNewton * optbcnewton
  Bound constrained Newton optimizer ptr.
- OPTPP::OptDHNIPS * optdhnips
  Disaggregated Hessian NIPS optimizer ptr.
Static Private Attributes

- static SNLLLeastSq * snllLSqInstance

  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

Additional Inherited Members

13.182.1 Detailed Description

Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

The SNLLLeastSq class provides a wrapper for OPT++, a C++ optimization library of nonlinear programming and pattern search techniques from the Computational Sciences and Mathematics Research (CSMR) department at Sandia’s Livermore CA site. It uses a function pointer approach for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions. Any attribute used within static member functions must be either local to that function, a static member, or accessed by static pointer.

The user input mappings are as follows: max_iterations, max_function_evaluations, convergence_tolerance, max_step, gradient_tolerance, search_method, and search_scheme_size are set using OPT++’s setMaxIter(), setMaxFeval(), setFcnTol(), setMaxStep(), setGradTol(), setSearchStrategy(), and setSSS() member functions, respectively; output verbosity is used to toggle OPT++’s debug mode using the setDebug() member function. Internal to OPT++, there are 3 search strategies, while the DAKOTA search_method specification supports 4 (value_based_line_search, gradient_based_line_search, trust_region, or tr_pds). The difference stems from the "is_expensive" flag in OPT++. If the search strategy is LineSearch and "is_expensive" is turned on, then the value_based_line_search is used. Otherwise (the "is_expensive" default is off), the algorithm will use the gradient_based_line_search. Refer to [Meza, J.C., 1994] and to the OPT++ source in the Dakota/packages/OPTPP directory for information on OPT++ class member functions.

13.182.2 Member Function Documentation

void post_run ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

invokes snll_post_run and re-implements post_run (does not call parent) and performs other solution processing

SNLLLeastSq requires fn DB lookup, so overrides LeastSq::post_run and directly invokes Iterator::post_run when complete.

Reimplemented from LeastSq.

References Iterator::activeSet, Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_optpp_to_dak(), Dakota::copy_data_partial(), Dakota::data_pairs, LeastSq::get_confidence_intervals(), Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), Model::model_rep(), SNLLLeastSq::nlfObjective, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::post_run(), ActiveSet::request_vector(), Minimizer::scaleFlag, Minimizer::scalingModel, SNLLBase::snll_post_run(), and SNLLLeastSq::theOptimizer.

void nlf2_evaluator_gn ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, double & f, RealVector & grad_f, RealSymMatrix & hess_f, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]

objective function evaluator function which obtains values and gradients for least square terms and computes objective function value, gradient, and Hessian using the Gauss-Newton approximation.

This nlf2 evaluator function is used for the Gauss-Newton method in order to exploit the special structure of the nonlinear least squares problem. Here, \( f_x = \sum (T_i - Tbar_i)^2 \) and Response is made up of residual functions and their gradients along with any nonlinear constraints. The objective function and its gradient vector
and Hessian matrix are computed directly from the residual functions and their derivatives (which are returned from the Response object).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Minimizer::numFunctions, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Iterator::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), SNLLLeastSq::snllLSqInstance, and Dakota::write_precision.

Referenced by SNLLLeastSq::SNLLLeastSq().

```cpp
void constraint1_evaluator_gn ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, RealVector & g, RealMatrix & grad_g, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]
```

constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values and gradients to OPT++ Gauss-Newton methods.

While it does not employ the Gauss-Newton approximation, it is distinct from constraint1_evaluator() due to its need to anticipate the required modes for the least squares terms. This constraint evaluator function is used with diaggregated Hessian NIPS and is currently active.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), SNLLBase::copy_con_grad(), SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Minimizer::numFunctions, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Iterator::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), and SNLLLeastSq::snllLSqInstance.

Referenced by SNLLLeastSq::SNLLLeastSq().

```cpp
void constraint2_evaluator_gn ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, RealVector & g, RealMatrix & grad_g, OPTPP::OptppArray<RealSymMatrix> & hess_g, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]
```

constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ Gauss-Newton methods.

While it does not employ the Gauss-Newton approximation, it is distinct from constraint2_evaluator() due to its need to anticipate the required modes for the least squares terms. This constraint evaluator function is used with full Newton NIPS and is currently inactive.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), SNLLBase::copy_con_grad(), SNLLBase::copy_con_hess(), SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, SNLLBase::modeOverrideFlag, Minimizer::numFunctions, LeastSq::numLeastSqTerms, Iterator::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_vector(), and SNLLLeastSq::snllLSqInstance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SNLLLeastSq.hpp
- SNLLLeastSq.cpp

### 13.183 SNLLOptimizer Class Reference

Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

Inheritance diagram for SNLLOptimizer:
Public Member Functions

- **SNLLOptimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  standard constructor

- **SNLLOptimizer (const String &method_string, Model &model)**
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

- **SNLLOptimizer (const RealVector &initial_pt, const RealVector &var_l_bnds, const RealVector &var_u_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &lin_ineq_u_bnds, const RealMatrix &lin_eq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_eq_tgts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts, void(*user_obj_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, int &result_mode), void(*user_con_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, int &result_mode))**
  alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

- **~SNLLOptimizer ()**
  destructor

- **void find_optimum ()**
  Performs the iterations to determine the optimal solution.

Protected Member Functions

- **void initialize_run ()**
  invokes Optimizer::initialize_run(), SNLLBase::snll_initialize_run(), and performs other set-up

- **void post_run (std::ostream &s)**
  performs data recovery and calls Optimizer::post_run()

- **void finalize_run ()**
  performs cleanup, restores instances and calls parent finalize

Private Member Functions

- **void default_instantiate_q_newton (void(*obj_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, int &result_mode), void(*con_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, int &result_mode))**
  instantiate an OPTPP_Q_NEWTON solver using standard settings
• void default_instantiate_newton (void(*obj_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, RealSymMatrix &hess_f, int &result_mode), void(*con_eval)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, OPTPP::OptppArray< RealSymMatrix > &hess_g, int &result_mode))

  instantiate an OPTPP_NEWTON solver using standard settings

Static Private Member Functions

• static void nlf0_evaluator (int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, int &result_mode)
  objective function evaluator function for OPT++ methods which require only function values.

• static void nlf1_evaluator (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, int &result_mode)
  objective function evaluator function which provides function values and gradients to OPT++ methods.

• static void nlf2_evaluator (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, RealSymMatrix &hess_f, int &result_mode)
  objective function evaluator function which provides function values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ methods.

• static void constraint0_evaluator (int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, int &result_mode)
  constraint evaluator function for OPT++ methods which require only constraint values.

• static void constraint1_evaluator (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, int &result_mode)
  constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values and gradients to OPT++ methods.

• static void constraint2_evaluator (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, OPTPP::OptppArray< RealSymMatrix > &hess_g, int &result_mode)
  constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ methods.

Private Attributes

• SNLLOptimizer * prevSnllOptInstance
  pointer to the previously active object instance used for restoration in the case of iterator/model recursion

• OPTPP::NLP0 * nlfObjective
  objective NLF base class pointer

• OPTPP::NLP0 * nlfConstraint
  constraint NLF base class pointer

• OPTPP::NLP * nlpConstraint
  constraint NLP pointer

• OPTPP::NLF0 * nlf0
  pointer to objective NLF for nongradient optimizers

• OPTPP::NLF1 * nlf1
  pointer to objective NLF for (analytic) gradient-based optimizers

• OPTPP::NLF1 * nlf1Con
  pointer to constraint NLF for (analytic) gradient-based optimizers

• OPTPP::FDNLF1 * fdnlf1
  pointer to objective NLF for (finite diff) gradient-based optimizers

• OPTPP::FDNLF1 * fdnlf1Con
  pointer to constraint NLF for (finite diff) gradient-based optimizers
• OPTPP::NLF2 * nlf2
  pointer to objective NLF for full Newton optimizers
• OPTPP::NLF2 * nlf2Con
  pointer to constraint NLF for full Newton optimizers
• OPTPP::OptimizeClass * theOptimizer
  optimizer base class pointer
• OPTPP::OptPDS * optpds
  PDS optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptCG * optcg
  CG optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptLBFGS * optlbfgs
  L-BFGS optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptNewton * optnewton
  Newton optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptQNewton * optqnewton
  Quasi-Newton optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptFDNewton * optfdnewton
  Finite Difference Newton opt pointer.
• OPTPP::OptBCNewton * optbcnewton
  Bound constrained Newton opt pointer.
• OPTPP::OptBCQNewton * optbcqnewton
  Bnd constrained Quasi-Newton opt ptr.
• OPTPP::OptBCFDNewton * optbcfdnewton
  Bnd constrained FD-Newton opt ptr.
• OPTPP::OptNIPS * optnips
  NIPS optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptQNIPS * optqnips
  Quasi-Newton NIPS optimizer pointer.
• OPTPP::OptFDNIPS * optfdnips
  Finite Difference NIPS opt pointer.
• String setUpType
  flag for iteration mode: ”model” (normal usage) or ”user functions” (user-supplied functions mode for ”on the fly” instantiations). NonDReliability currently uses the user functions mode.
• RealVector initialPoint
  holds initial point passed in for ”user functions” mode.
• RealVector lowerBounds
  holds variable lower bounds passed in for ”user functions” mode.
• RealVector upperBounds
  holds variable upper bounds passed in for ”user functions” mode.

Static Private Attributes

• static SNLLOptimizer * snlOptInstance
  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data
Additional Inherited Members

**13.183.1 Detailed Description**

Wrapper class for the OPT++ optimization library.

The `SNLLOptimizer` class provides a wrapper for OPT++, a C++ optimization library of nonlinear programming and pattern search techniques from the Computational Sciences and Mathematics Research (CSMR) department at Sandia’s Livermore CA site. It uses a function pointer approach for which passed functions must be either global functions or static member functions. Any attribute used within static member functions must be either local to that function, a static member, or accessed by static pointer.

The user input mappings are as follows: `max_iterations, max_function_evaluations, convergence_tolerance, max_step, gradient_tolerance, search_method, and search_scheme_size` are set using `OPT++`’s `setMaxIter()`, `setMaxEval()`, `setFcnTol()`, `setMaxStep()`, `setGradTol()`, `setSearchStrategy()`, and `setSSS()` member functions, respectively; `output verbosity` is used to toggle `OPT++`’s debug mode using the `setDebug()` member function. Internal to `OPT++`, there are 3 search strategies, while the DAKOTA `search_method specification supports 4` (`value_based_line_search, gradient_based_line_search, trust_region, or tr_pds`). The difference stems from the “is_expensive” flag in `OPT++`. If the `search strategy is LineSearch and “is_expensive” is turned on, then the value_based_line_search is used. Otherwise (the “is_expensive” default is off), the algorithm will use the gradient_based_line_search. Refer to [Meza, J.C., 1994] and to the `OPT++ source in the Dakota/packages/OPTPP directory for information on OPT++ class member functions`.

**13.183.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**

`SNLLOptimizer ( ProblemDescDB & problem_db, Model & model )`

standard constructor

This constructor is used for normal instantiations using data from the `ProblemDescDB`.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::boundConstraintFlag, SNLLBase::centeringParam, SNLLOptimizer::constraint0_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::constraint1_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::constraint2_evaluator(), Iterator::convergenceTol, SNLLOptimizer::default_instantiate_newton(), SNLLOptimizer::default_instantiate_q_newton(), Model::fd_gradient_step_size(), SNLLOptimizer::fdnlf1, SNLLOptimizer::fdnlf1Con, ProblemDescDB::getint(), ProblemDescDB::getreal(), SNLLBase::init_fn(), Model::interval_type(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::LARGE_SCALE, Iterator::maxEvalConcurrency, Iterator::maxFunctionEvals, Iterator::maxIterations, SNLLBase::maxStep, SNLLBase::init_fn(), Iterator::method_enum_to_string(), Iterator::methodName, SNLLOptimizer::nlf0, SNLLOptimizer::nlf0_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::nlf1, SNLLOptimizer::nlf1_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::nlf1Con, SNLLOptimizer::nlf2_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::nlf2Objective, SNLLOptimizer::nlfConstraint, SNLLOptimizer::nlfObjective, SNLLOptimizer::nlfConstraint, Minimizer::numConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstrains, SNLLOptimizer::optbcdnlnewton, SNLLOptimizer::optbcqnewton, SNLLOptimizer::optcg, SNLLOptimizer::optdfnewton, SNLLOptimizer::optdfnips, SNLLOptimizer::optlbfgs, SNLLOptimizer::optpds, SNLLOptimizer::optqnewton, SNLLOptimizer::optqnips, Iterator::outputLevel, Iterator::probDescDB, SNLLBase::searchStrat, SNLLBase::snll_post_instantiate(), SNLLBase::snll_pre_instantiate(), SNLLBase::stepLenToBndry, SNLLOptimizer::theOptimizer, and Minimizer::vendorNumericalGradFlag.

`SNLLOptimizer ( const String & method_string, Model & model )`

alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

This is an alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly using a `Model` but no `ProblemDescDB`.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::boundConstraintFlag, SNLLOptimizer::constraint1_evaluator(), SNLLOptimizer::constraint2_evaluator(), Iterator::convergenceTol, SNLLOptimizer::default_instantiate_newton(),
SNLLOptimizer (const RealVector &initial_pt, const RealVector &var_lbnds, const RealVector &var_ubnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_ineq_lbnds, const RealMatrix &lin_ineq_ubnds, const RealVector &lin_eq_coeffs, const RealVector &lin_eq_tgts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_lbnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_ubnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts, void(*)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, int &result_mode) user_obj_eval, void(*)(int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, RealVector &g, RealMatrix &grad_g, int &result_mode) user_con_eval)

This is an alternate constructor for instantiations "on the fly"

References Minimizer::bigRealBoundSize, Minimizer::boundConstraintFlag, SNLLOptimizer::default_instantiate_q_newton(), SNLLOptimizer::initialPoint, SNLLOptimizer::lowerBounds, SNLLOptimizer::nlpObjective, SNLLOptimizer::nlpConstraint, Minimizer::numConstraints, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Iterator::outputLevel, SNLLBase::snll_initialize_run(), SNLLBase::snll_post_instantiate(), SNLLBase::snll_pre_instantiate(), SNLLOptimizer::theOptimizer, and SNLLOptimizer::upperBounds.

13.183.3 Member Function Documentation

void nlf0_evaluator (int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, int &result_mode) [static], [private]

objective function evaluator function for OPT++ methods which require only function values.

For use when DAKOTA computes f and gradients are not directly available. This is used by nongradient-based optimizers such as PDS and by gradient-based optimizers in vendor numerical gradient mode (opt++’s internal finite difference routine is used).

References Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_value(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), and SNLLOptimizer::snllOptInstance.

Referenced by SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer().

void nlf1_evaluator (int mode, int n, const RealVector &x, double &f, RealVector &grad_f, int &result_mode) [static], [private]

objective function evaluator function which provides function values and gradients to OPT++ methods.

For use when DAKOTA computes f and df/dX (regardless of gradient type). Vendor numerical gradient case is handled by nlf0_evaluator.

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradient_copy(), Response::function_value(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), ActiveSet::request_values(), and SNLLOptimizer::snllOptInstance.

Referenced by SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer().
void nlf2_evaluator ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, double & f, RealVector & grad_f, RealSymMatrix & hess_f, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]

objective function evaluator function which provides function values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ methods.

For use when DAKOTA receives $f$, $df/dx$, and $d^2f/dx^2$ from the ApplicationInterface (analytic only). Finite differencing does not make sense for a full Newton approach, since lack of analytic gradients & Hessian should dictate the use of quasi-newton or fd-newton. Thus, there is no fdnlf2_evaluator for use with full Newton approaches, since it is preferable to use quasi-newton or fd-newton with nlf1. Gauss-Newton does not fit this model; it uses nlf2_evaluator_gn instead of nlf2_evaluator.

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradient_copy(), Response::function_hessian(), Response::function_value(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, Iterator::outputLevel, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), ActiveSet::request_values(), and SNLLOptimizer::snllOptInstance.

Referenced by SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer().

void constraint0_evaluator ( int n, const RealVector & x, RealVector & g, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]

cost function evaluator function for OPT++ methods which require only cost function values.

For use when DAKOTA computes g and gradients are not directly available. This is used by non-gradient-based optimizers and by gradient-based optimizers in vendor numerical gradient mode (OPT++’s internal finite difference routine is used).

References Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Optimizer::numObjectiveFns, Iterator::outputLevel, and SNLLOptimizer::snllOptInstance.

Referenced by SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer().

void constraint1_evaluator ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, RealVector & g, RealMatrix & grad_g, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]

constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values and gradients to OPT++ methods.

For use when DAKOTA computes g and dg/dx (regardless of gradient type). Vendor numerical gradient case is handled by constraint0_evaluator.

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), SNLLBase::copy_con_grad(), SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SNLLBase::lastEvalMode, SNLLBase::lastEvalVars, SNLLBase::lastFnEvalLocn, Optimizer::numObjectiveFns, Iterator::outputLevel, ActiveSet::request_values(), and SNLLOptimizer::snllOptInstance.

Referenced by SNLLOptimizer::SNLLOptimizer().

void constraint2_evaluator ( int mode, int n, const RealVector & x, RealVector & g, RealMatrix & grad_g, OPTPP::OptppArray<RealSymMatrix> & hess_g, int & result_mode ) [static], [private]

constraint evaluator function which provides constraint values, gradients, and Hessians to OPT++ methods.

For use when DAKOTA computes g, dg/dx, and $d^2g/dx^2$ (analytic only).

References Iterator::activeSet, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), SNLLBase::copy_con_grad(), SNLLBase::copy_con_hess(), SNLLBase::copy_con_vals_dak_to_optpp(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_hessians(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel,
13.184 SOLBase Class Reference

Base class for Stanford SOL software.

Inheritance diagram for SOLBase:

```
SOLBase
  |________|
  \________|
   \________|
     \________|
      \________|
       \________|
        \________|
         \________|
          \________|
           \________|
            \________|
             \________|
              \________|
               \________|
                \________|
                 \________|
                  \________|
                   \________|
                    \________|
                     \________|
                      \________|
                       \________|
                        \________|
                         \________|
                          \________|
                           \________|
                            \________|
                             \________|
                              \________|
                               \________|
                                \________|
                                 \________|
                                  \________|
                                   \________|
                                    \________|
                                     \________|
                                      \________|
                                       \________|
                                        \________|
                                         \________|
                                          \________|
                                           \________|
                                            \________|
                                             \________|
                                              \________|
                                               \________|
                                                \________|
                                                 \________|
                                                  \________|
                                                   \________|
                                                    \________|
                                                     \________|
                                                      \________|
                                                       \________|
                                                        \________|
                                                         \________|
                                                          \________|
                                                           \________|
                                                            \________|
                                                             \________|
                                                              \________|
                                                               \________|
                                                                \________|
                                                                 \________|
                                                                  \________|
                                                                   \________|
                                                                    \________|
                                                                     \________|
                                                                      \________|
                                                                       \________|
                                                                        \________|
                                                                         \________|
                                                                          \________|
                                                                           \________|
                                                                            \________|
                                                                             \________|
                                                                              \________|
                                                                               \________|
                                                                                \________|
                                                                                 \________|
                                                                                   \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                     \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
                                                                                    \________|
                                                                                       \________|
Static Protected Member Functions

- static void constraint_eval (int &mode, int &ncnln, int &n, int &nrowj, int *needc, double *x, double *c, double *cjac, int &nstate)

  CONFUN in NPSOL manual: computes the values and first derivatives of the nonlinear constraint functions.

Protected Attributes

- int realWorkSpaceSize
  size of realWorkSpace
- int intWorkSpaceSize
  size of intWorkSpace
- RealArray realWorkSpace
  real work space for NPSOL/NLSSOL
- IntArray intWorkSpace
  int work space for NPSOL/NLSSOL
- int nlncArraySize
  used for non-zero array sizing (nonlinear constraints)
- int linArraySize
  used for non-zero array sizing (linear constraints)
- RealArray cLambda
  CLAMBDA from NPSOL manual: Langrange multipliers.
- IntArray constraintState
  ISTATE from NPSOL manual: constraint status.
- int informResult
  INFORM from NPSOL manual: optimization status on exit.
- int numberIterations
  ITER from NPSOL manual: number of (major) iterations performed.
- int boundsArraySize
  length of augmented bounds arrays (variable bounds plus linear and nonlinear constraint bounds)
- double * linConstraintMatrixF77
  [A] matrix from NPSOL manual: linear constraint coefficients
- double * upperFactorHessianF77
- double * constraintJacMatrixF77
  [CJAC] matrix from NPSOL manual: nonlinear constraint Jacobian
- int fnEvalCntr
  counter for testing against maxFunctionEvals
- size_t constrOffset
  used in constraint_eval() to bridge NLSSOLLeastSq::numLeastSqTerms and NPSOLOptimizer::numObjectiveFns
13.185 SPAWNAPPLICINTERFACE CLASS REFERENCE

Static Protected Attributes

- static SOLBase * solInstance

  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

- static Minimizer * optLSqInstance

  pointer to the active base class object instance used within the static evaluator functions in order to avoid the need for static data

13.184.1 Detailed Description

Base class for Stanford SOL software.

The SOLBase class provides a common base class for NPSOLOptimizer and NLSSOLLeastSq, both of which are Fortran 77 sequential quadratic programming algorithms from Stanford University marketed by Stanford Business Associates.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SOLBase.hpp
- SOLBase.cpp

13.185 SpawnApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using spawnvp.

Inheritance diagram for SpawnApplicInterface:

```
        Interface
          |   
          |  ApplicationInterface
          |   |   
          |  |  ProcessApplicInterface
          |  |   |   
          |  |  |  ProcessHandleApplicInterface
          |  |   |   |   
          |  |  |  |  SpawnApplicInterface
```

Public Member Functions

- `SpawnApplicInterface` (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  constructor

- `~SpawnApplicInterface` ()
  destructor
**Protected Member Functions**

- void `wait_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  *For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version waits for at least one completion.*

- void `test_local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
  
  *For asynchronous function evaluations, this method is used to detect completion of jobs and process their results. It provides the processing code that is specific to derived classes. This version is nonblocking and will return without any completions if none are immediately available.*

- `pid_t create_analysis_process` (bool block_flag, bool new_group)
  
  *spawn a child process for an analysis component within an evaluation*

- `size_t wait_local_analyses` ()
  
  *wait for asynchronous analyses on the local processor, completing at least one job*

- `size_t test_local_analyses_send` (int analysis_id)
  
  *test for asynchronous analysis completions on the local processor and return results for any completions by sending messages*

**Additional Inherited Members**

**13.185.1 Detailed Description**

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using spawnvp.

`SpawnApplicInterface` is used on Windows systems and is a peer to `ForkApplicInterface` for Unix systems.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SpawnApplicInterface.hpp
- SpawnApplicInterface.cpp

**13.186 SurfpackApproximation Class Reference**

Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.

Inheritance diagram for SurfpackApproximation:

```
Approximation

SurfpackApproximation
```

**Public Member Functions**

- `SurfpackApproximation` ()
  
  *default constructor*

- `SurfpackApproximation` (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  
  *standard constructor: Surfpack surface of appropriate type will be created*

- `SurfpackApproximation` (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  
  *alternate constructor*

- `~SurfpackApproximation` ()
  
  *destructor*
Protected Member Functions

- `int min_coefficients () const`  
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in numVars dimensions

- `int recommended_coefficients () const`  
  return the recommended number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in numVars dimensions

- `void build ()`  
  `SurfData` object will be created from Dakota’s SurrogateData, and the appropriate Surfpack build method will be invoked.

- `void export_model (const String &fn_label, const String &export_prefix= "", const unsigned short export_format= NO_MODEL_FORMAT)`  
  export the Surfpack model to disk or console

- `Real value (const Variables &vars)`  
  Return the value of the Surfpack surface for a given parameter vector x.

- `const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)`  
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector x

- `const RealSymMatrix & hessian (const Variables &vars)`  
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector x

- `Real prediction_variance (const Variables &vars)`  
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter set x (KrigingModel only)

- `Real value (const RealVector &c_vars)`  
  Return the value of the Surfpack surface for a given parameter vector x.

- `const RealVector & gradient (const RealVector &c_vars)`  
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector x

- `const RealSymMatrix & hessian (const RealVector &c_vars)`  
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector x

- `Real prediction_variance (const RealVector &c_vars)`  
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter set x (KrigingModel only)

- `bool diagnostics_available ()`  
  check if the diagnostics are available (true for the Surfpack types)

- `Real diagnostic (const String &metric_type)`  
  retrieve a single diagnostic metric for the diagnostic type specified on the primary model and data

- `Real diagnostic (const String &metric_type, const SurfpackModel &model, const SurfData &data)`  
  retrieve a single diagnostic metric for the diagnostic type specified on the given model and data

- `void primary_diagnostics (int fn_index)`  
  compute and print all requested diagnostics and cross-validation

- `void challenge_diagnostics (const RealMatrix &challenge_points, int fn_index)`  
  compute and print all requested diagnostics for user provided challenge pts
Private Member Functions

- SurfData * surrogates_to_surf_data ()
  
  copy from SurrogateData to SurfPoint/SurfData

- void add_anchor_to_surfdata (SurfData &surf_data)
  
  set the anchor point (including gradient and hessian if present) into surf_data

Private Attributes

- SurfpackModel * model
  
  The native Surfpack approximation.

- SurfpackModelFactory * factory
  
  factory for the SurfpackModel instance

- SurfData * surfData
  
  The data used to build the approximation, in Surfpack format.

Additional Inherited Members

13.186.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for Surfpack approximation classes. Interface between Surfpack and Dakota.

The SurfpackApproximation class is the interface between Dakota and Surfpack. Based on the information in the ProblemDescDB that is passed in through the constructor, SurfpackApproximation builds a Surfpack Surface object that corresponds to one of the following data-fitting techniques: polynomial regression, kriging, artificial neural networks, radial basis function network, or multivariate adaptive regression splines (MARS).

13.186.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

SurfpackApproximation ( const ProblemDescDB & problem_db, const SharedApproxData & shared_data )

standard constructor: Surfpack surface of appropriate type will be created

Initialize the embedded Surfpack surface object and configure it using the specifications from the input file.

Data for the surface is created later.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::approxOrder, SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::buildDataOrder, Dakota::copy_data(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::crossValidateFlag, SharedSurfpackApproxData::diagnosticSet, SurfpackApproximation::factory, ProblemDescDB::get_real(), ProblemDescDB::get_rv(), ProblemDescDB::get_short(), ProblemDescDB::get_string(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::numFolds, SharedApproxData::numVars, SharedApproxData::outputLevel, SharedSurfpackApproxData::percentFold, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

SurfpackApproximation ( const SharedApproxData & shared_data )

alternate constructor

On-the-fly constructor which uses mostly Surfpack model defaults.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::approxOrder, SharedApproxData::approxType, SharedApproxData::buildDataOrder, SurfpackApproximation::factory, SharedApproxData::numVars, SharedApproxData::outputLevel, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.
13.186. Member Function Documentation

void build() [protected], [virtual]

SurfData object will be created from Dakota’s SurrogateData, and the appropriate Surfpack build method will be invoked.

surfData will be deleted in dtor

Todo Right now, we’re completely deleting the old data and then recopying the current data into a SurfData object. This was just the easiest way to arrive at a solution that would build and run. This function is frequently called from addPoint rebuild, however, and it’s not good to go through this whole process every time one more data point is added.

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), SharedApproxData::approxCLowerBnds, SharedApproxData::approxCUpperBnds, SharedApproxData::approxDLowerBnds, SharedApproxData::approxDUpperBnds, SharedApproxData::approxDRLowerBnds, SharedApproxData::approxDRUpperBnds, Approximation::build(), SurfpackApproximation::factory, SharedSurfpackApproxData::merge_variable_arrays(), SurfpackApproximation::model, Approximation::sharedDataRep, SurfpackApproximation::surfData, and SurfpackApproximation::surrogates_to_surf_data().

const RealSymMatrix & hessian ( const Variables & vars ) [protected], [virtual]

retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector x

Todo Make this acceptably efficient

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxHessian, SharedApproxData::approxType, Variables::cv(), SurfpackApproximation::model, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

Referenced by SurfpackApproximation::add_anchor_to_surfdata().

const RealSymMatrix & hessian ( const RealVector & c_vars ) [protected], [virtual]

retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector x

Todo Make this acceptably efficient

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxHessian, SharedApproxData::approxType, SurfpackApproximation::model, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

SurfData * surrogates_to_surf_data() [private]

copy from SurrogateData to SurfPoint/SurfData

Copy the data stored in Dakota-style SurrogateData into Surfpack-style SurfPoint and SurfData objects.

References SurfpackApproximation::add_anchor_to_surfdata(), SharedSurfpackApproxData::add_sd_to_surfdata(), Approximation::approxData, SharedApproxData::buildDataOrder, SurfpackApproximation::factory, SharedApproxData::outputLevel, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

Referenced by SurfpackApproximation::build().
void add_anchor_to_surfdata ( SurfData & surf_data ) [private]

set the anchor point (including gradient and hessian if present) into surf_data
If there is an anchor point, add an equality constraint for its response value. Also add constraints for gradient
and hessian, if applicable.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxData, Dakota::copy_data(), SharedSurfpackApprox-
Data::copy_matrix(), SurfpackApproximation::gradient(), SurfpackApproximation::hessian(), SharedApproxData-
::outputLevel, SharedSurfpackApproxData::svd_to_realarray(), and Approximation::sharedDataRep.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:
• SurfpackApproximation.hpp
• SurfpackApproximation.cpp

13.187 SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer Class Reference

The global surrogate-based minimizer which sequentially minimizes and updates a global surrogate model without
trust region controls.
Inheritance diagram for SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer:

Public Member Functions
• SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)
  constructor
• ~SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions
• bool returns_multiple_points () const
  Global surrogate-based methods can return multiple points.

Private Member Functions
• void minimize_surrogates ()
  Performs global surrogate-based optimization by repeatedly optimizing on and improving surrogates of the response
  functions.
Private Attributes

- `bool replacePoints`

  flag for replacing the previous iteration’s point additions, rather than continuing to append, during construction of the next surrogate

Additional Inherited Members

13.187.1 Detailed Description

The global surrogate-based minimizer which sequentially minimizes and updates a global surrogate model without trust region controls.

This method uses a `SurrogateModel` to perform minimization (optimization or nonlinear least squares) through a set of iterations. At each iteration, a surrogate is built, the surrogate is minimized, and the optimal points from the surrogate are then evaluated with the "true" function, to generate new points upon which the surrogate for the next iteration is built.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer.hpp`
- `SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer.cpp`

13.188 SurrBasedLocalMinimizer Class Reference

Class for provably-convergent local surrogate-based optimization and nonlinear least squares.

Inheritance diagram for SurrBasedLocalMinimizer:

```
Iterator
  ↓
Minimizer
  ↓
SurrBasedMinimizer
  ↓
SurrBasedLocalMinimizer
```

Public Member Functions

- `SurrBasedLocalMinimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)`
  constructor
- `~SurrBasedLocalMinimizer ()`
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- `void reset ()`
  reset convergence controls in case of multiple SBLM executions
Private Member Functions

- void minimize_surrogates ()
  Performs local surrogate-based minimization by minimizing local, global, or hierarchical surrogates over a series of trust regions.
- bool tr_bounds (const RealVector &global_lower_bnds, const RealVector &global_upper_bnds, RealVector &tr_lower_bnds, RealVector &tr_upper_bnds)
  compute current trust region bounds
- void find_center_truth (const Iterator &dace_iterator, Model &truth_model)
  retrieve responseCenterTruth if possible, evaluate it if not
- void find_center_approx ()
  retrieve responseCenter_approx if possible, evaluate it if not
- void hard_convergence_check (const Response &response_truth, const RealVector &c_vars, const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)
  check for hard convergence (norm of projected gradient of merit function near zero)
- void tr_ratio_check (const RealVector &c_vars_star, const RealVector &tr_lower_bounds, const RealVector &tr_upper_bounds)
  compute trust region ratio (for SBLM iterate acceptance and trust region resizing) and check for soft convergence (diminishing returns)
- void update_penalty (const RealVector &fns_center_truth, const RealVector &fns_star_truth)
  initialize and update the penaltyParameter
- void relax_constraints (const RealVector &lower_bnds, const RealVector &upper_bnds)
  relax constraints by updating bounds when current iterate is infeasible

Static Private Member Functions

- static void approx_subprob_objective_eval (const Variables &surrogate_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &surrogate_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used to define the approximate subproblem objective.
- static void approx_subprob_constraint_eval (const Variables &surrogate_vars, const Variables &recast_vars, const Response &surrogate_response, Response &recast_response)
  static function used to define the approximate subproblem constraints.
- static void hom_objective_eval (int &mode, int &n, double *tau_and_x, double &f, double *grad_f, int &)
  static function used by NPSOL as the objective function in the homotopy constraint relaxation formulation.
- static void hom_constraint_eval (int &mode, int &ncon, int &n, int &nrowj, int &neede, double *tau_and_x, double *c, double *cjac, int &nstate)
  static function used by NPSOL as the constraint function in the homotopy constraint relaxation formulation.

Private Attributes

- Real origTrustRegionFactor
  original user specification for trustRegionFactor
- Real trustRegionFactor
  the trust region factor is used to compute the total size of the trust region – it is a percentage, e.g. for trustRegionFactor = 0.1, the actual size of the trust region will be 10% of the global bounds (upper bound - lower bound for each design variable).
- Real `minTrustRegionFactor`
  a soft convergence control: stop SBLM when the trust region factor is reduced below the value of `minTrustRegionFactor`
- Real `trRatioContractValue`
  trust region ratio min value: contract tr if ratio below this value
- Real `trRatioExpandValue`
  trust region ratio sufficient value: expand tr if ratio above this value
- Real `gammaContract`
  trust region contraction factor
- Real `gammaExpand`
  trust region expansion factor
- short `approxSubProbObj`
  type of approximate subproblem objective: ORIGINAL_OBJ, LAGRANGIAN_OBJ, or AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_OBJ
- short `approxSubProbCon`
  type of approximate subproblem constraints: NO_CON, LINEARIZED_CON, or ORIGINAL_CON
- Model `approxSubProbModel`
  the approximate sub-problem formulation solved on each approximate minimization cycle: may be a shallow copy of `iteratedModel`, or may involve a RecastModel recursion applied to `iteratedModel`
- bool `recastSubProb`
  flag to indicate when `approxSubProbModel` involves a RecastModel recursion
- short `trConstraintRelax`
  type of trust region constraint relaxation for infeasible starting points: NO_RELAX or HOMOTOPY
- short `meritFnType`
  type of merit function used in trust region ratio logic: PENALTY_MERIT, ADAPTIVE_PENALTY_MERIT, LAGRANGIAN_MERIT, or AUGMENTED_LAGRANGIAN_MERIT
- short `acceptLogic`
  type of iterate acceptance test logic: FILTER or TR_RATIO
- int `penaltyIterOffset`
  iteration offset used to update the scaling of the penalty parameter for adaptive penalty merit functions
- short `convergenceFlag`
  code indicating satisfaction of hard or soft convergence conditions
- unsigned short `softConvCount`
  number of consecutive candidate point rejections. If the count reaches `softConvLimit`, stop SBLM.
- unsigned short `softConvLimit`
  the limit on consecutive candidate point rejections. If exceeded by `softConvCount`, stop SBLM.
- bool `truthGradientFlag`
  flags the use/availability of truth gradients within the SBLM process
- bool `approxGradientFlag`
  flags the use/availability of surrogate gradients within the SBLM process
- bool `truthHessianFlag`
  flags the use/availability of truth Hessians within the SBLM process
- bool `approxHessianFlag`
  flags the use/availability of surrogate Hessians within the SBLM process
• short correctionType
  flags the use of surrogate correction techniques at the center of each trust region
• bool globalApproxFlag
  flags the use of a global data fit surrogate (rsm, ann, mars, kriging)
• bool multiptApproxFlag
  flags the use of a multipoint data fit surrogate (TANA)
• bool localApproxFlag
  flags the use of a local data fit surrogate (Taylor series)
• bool hierarchApproxFlag
  flags the use of a model hierarchy/multifidelity surrogate
• bool newCenterFlag
  flags the acceptance of a candidate point and the existence of a new trust region center
• bool daceCenterPtFlag
  flags the availability of the center point in the DACE evaluations for global approximations (CCD, Box-Behnken)
• bool multiLayerBypassFlag
  flags the simultaneous presence of two conditions: (1) additional layerings w/i actual_model (e.g., surrogateModel = layered/nested/layered -> actual_model = nested/layered), and (2) a user-specification to bypass all layerings within actual_model for the evaluation of truth data (responseCenterTruth and responseStarTruth).
• bool useDerivsFlag
  flag for the "use derivatives" specification for which derivatives are to be evaluated at each DACE point in global surrogate builds.
• RealVector nonlinIneqLowerBndsSlack
  individual violations of nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds
• RealVector nonlinIneqUpperBndsSlack
  individual violations of nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds
• RealVector nonlinEqTargetsSlack
  individual violations of nonlinear equality constraint targets
• Real tau
  constraint relaxation parameter
• Real alpha
  constraint relaxation parameter backoff parameter (multiplier)
• Variables varsCenter
  variables at the trust region center
• Response responseCenterApprox
  approx response at trust region center
• Response responseStarApprox
  approx response at SBLM cycle minimum
• IntResponsePair responseCenterTruth
  truth response at trust region center
• IntResponsePair responseStarTruth
  truth response at SBLM cycle minimum
Static Private Attributes

- static SurrBasedLocalMinimizer * sblmInstance
  pointer to SBLM instance used in static member functions

Additional Inherited Members

13.188.1 Detailed Description

Class for provably-convergent local surrogate-based optimization and nonlinear least squares.

This minimizer uses a SurrogateModel to perform minimization based on local, global, or hierarchical surrogates. It achieves provable convergence through the use of a sequence of trust regions and the application of surrogate corrections at the trust region centers.

13.188.2 Member Function Documentation

void minimize_surrogates() [private], [virtual]

Performs local surrogate-based minimization by minimizing local, global, or hierarchical surrogates over a series of trust regions.

Trust region-based strategy to perform surrogate-based optimization in subregions (trust regions) of the parameter space. The minimizer operates on approximations in lieu of the more expensive simulation-based response functions. The size of the trust region is varied according to the goodness of the agreement between the approximations and the true response functions.

Implements SurrBasedMinimizer.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set(), Iterator::active_set(), Model::active_variables(), OutputManager::add_datapoint(), DiscrepancyCorrection::apply(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxGradientFlag, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxHessianFlag, SurrBasedMinimizer::approxSubProbMinimizer, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbModel, Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Model::build_approximation(), Model::component_parallel_mode(), DiscrepancyCorrection::compute(), Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Model::continuous_variables(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::convergenceFlag, Variables::copy(), Dakota::copy_data(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::correctionType, Model::current_response(), Model::current_variables(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::daceCenterPtFlag, Model::discrepancy_correction(), Model::evaluation_id(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::find_center_approx(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::find_center_trust(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::globalApproxFlag, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::hard_convergence_check(), Model::interface_id(), Iterator::is_null(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::localApproxFlag, Iterator::maxIterations, Iterator::methodPCIter, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minTrustRegionFactor, SurrBasedMinimizer::miPLIndex, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::multiLayerBypassFlag, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::multiptApproxFlag, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::newCenterFlag, Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Minimizer::numContinuousVars, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, ParallelLibrary::output_manager(), Iterator::parallelLib, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::recastSubProb, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::relax_constraints(), ActiveSet::request_values(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::reset(), Iterator::response_results(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseCenterApprox, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseCenterTruth, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseStarApprox, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseStarTruth, Iterator::run(), Iterator::sampling_scheme(), SurrBasedMinimizer::sblmInstance, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::softConvCount, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::softConvLimit, Model::subordinate_iterator(), Model::surrogate_model(), Model::surrogate_response_model(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tr bounds(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tr ratio_check(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::trConstraintRelax, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::trustRegionFactor, Model::truth_model(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::truthGradient-
Flag, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::truthHessianFlag, Response::update(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::useDerivsFlag, Iterator::variables_results(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::varsCenter.

```cpp
void hard_convergence_check ( const Response & response_truth, const RealVector & c_yars, const RealVector & lower_bnds, const RealVector & upper_bnds ) [private]
```

check for hard convergence (norm of projected gradient of merit function near zero)

The hard convergence check computes the gradient of the merit function at the trust region center, performs a projection for active bound constraints (removing any gradient component directed into an active bound), and signals convergence if the 2-norm of this projected gradient is less than convergenceTol.

References SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::acceptLogic, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbObj, SurrBasedMinimizer::constraint_violation(), Minimizer::constraintTol, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::convergenceFlag, Iterator::convergenceTol, Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangian_gradient(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::meritFnType, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numNonlinearConstraints, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, Model::primary_response_fn(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), SurrBasedMinimizer::sbIterNum, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::truthGradientFlag, SurrBasedMinimizer::update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers(), SurrBasedMinimizer::update_filter(), and SurrBasedMinimizer::update_penalty().

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates().

```cpp
void tr_ratio_check ( const RealVector & c_yars_star, const RealVector & tr_lower_bnds, const RealVector & tr_upper_bnds ) [private]
```

compute trust region ratio (for SBLM iterate acceptance and trust region resizing) and check for soft convergence (diminishing returns)

Assess acceptance of SBLM iterate (trust region ratio or filter) and compute soft convergence metrics (number of consecutive failures, min trust region size, etc.) to assess whether the convergence rate has decreased to a point where the process should be terminated (diminishing returns).

References SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::acceptLogic, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbObj, SurrBasedMinimizer::augmented_lagrangian_merit(), Minimizer::constraintTol, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::convergenceFlag, Iterator::convergenceTol, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::gammaContract, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::gammaExpand, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::globalApproxFlag, Iterator::iteratedModel, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::lagrangian_merit(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::meritFnType, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::newCenterFlag, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::penalty_merit(), Model::primary_response_fn(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseCenterApprox, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseCenterTruth, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseStarApprox, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseStarTruth, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::softConvCount, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::trRatioContractValue, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::trRatioExpandValue, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::trustRegionFactor, SurrBasedMinimizer::update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers(), SurrBasedMinimizer::update_filter(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::update_penalty().

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates().

```cpp
void update_penalty ( const RealVector & fns_center_truth, const RealVector & fns_star_truth ) [private]
```

initialize and update the penaltyParameter

Scaling of the penalty value is important to avoid rejecting SBLM iterates which must increase the objective to achieve a reduction in constraint violation. In the basic penalty case, the penalty is ramped exponentially based
on the iteration counter. In the adaptive case, the ratio of relative change between center and star points for the objective and constraint violation values is used to rescale penalty values.

References SurrBasedMinimizer::alphaEta, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbObj, SurrBasedMinimizer::constraintViolation(), Minimizer::constraintTol, SurrBasedMinimizer::eta, SurrBasedMinimizer::etaSequence, Iterator::iteratedModel, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::meritFnType, Minimizer::objective(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::penaltyIterOffset, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::penaltyParameter, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), and SurrBasedMinimizer::sbIterNum.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tr_ratio_check().

```cpp
void approx_subprob_objective_eval ( const Variables & surrogate_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & surrogate_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]
```

static function used to define the approximate subproblem objective.

Objective functions evaluator for solution of approximate subproblem using a RecastModel.

References Response::active_set_request_vector(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbCon, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbModel, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbObj, SurrBasedMinimizer::augmented_lagrangian_gradient(), SurrBasedMinimizer::augmented_lagrangianMerit(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Iterator::iteratedModel, SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangianGradient(), SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangianMerit(), Model::nonlinear_eq_constraint_targets(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_lower_bounds(), Model::nonlinear_ineq_constraint_upper_bounds(), Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::objective(), Minimizer::objective_gradient(), SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::sblmInstance.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer().

```cpp
void approx_subprob_constraint_eval ( const Variables & surrogate_vars, const Variables & recast_vars, const Response & surrogate_response, Response & recast_response ) [static], [private]
```

static function used to define the approximate subproblem constraints.

Constraint functions evaluator for solution of approximate subproblem using a RecastModel.

References Response::active_set_derivative_vector(), Response::active_set_request_vector(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbCon, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbObj, Variables::continuous_variables(), Response::function_gradient(), Response::function_gradient_view(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_value(), Response::function_values(), Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::responseCenterApprox, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::sblmInstance, and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::varsCenter.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer().

```cpp
void hom_objective_eval ( int & mode, int & n, double * tau_and_x, double & f, double * grad_f, int & ) [static], [private]
```

static function used by NPSOL as the objective function in the homotopy constraint relaxation formulation.

NPSOL objective functions evaluator for solution of homotopy constraint relaxation parameter optimization. This constrained optimization problem performs the update of the tau parameter in the homotopy heuristic approach used to relax the constraints in the original problem.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::relax_constraints().

```cpp
void hom_constraint_eval ( int & mode, int & ncnlIn, int & n, int & nrowj, int * needc, double * tau_and_x, double * c, double * cjac, int & nstate ) [static], [private]
```

static function used by NPSOL as the constraint function in the homotopy constraint relaxation formulation.
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

NPSOL constraint functions evaluator for solution of homotopy constraint relaxation parameter optimization. This constrained optimization problem performs the update of the tau parameter in the homotopy heuristic approach used to relax the constraints in the original problem.

References Response::active_set(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approxSubProbModel, Model::compute_response(), Model::continuous_variables(), Model::current_response(), Response::function_gradients(), Response::function_values(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::nonlinEqTargetsSlack, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::nonlinIneqLowerBndsSlack, SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::nonlinIneqUpperBndsSlack, Model::num_functions(), Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, ActiveSet::request_vector(), SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::sblmInstance, and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tau.

Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::relaxConstraints().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SurrBasedLocalMinimizer.hpp
- SurrBasedLocalMinimizer.cpp

13.189 SurrBasedMinimizer Class Reference

Base class for local/global surrogate-based optimization/least squares.

Inheritance diagram for SurrBasedMinimizer:

```
   +-------------------+                 +-------------------+                 +-------------------+
   |                  |                 |                  |                 |                  |
   |   Iterator        |                 |   Minimizer      |                 |   SurrBasedMinimizer|
   |                   |                 |                   |                 |                   |
   |                   |                 |                   |                 |                   |
   |   EffGlobalMinimizer |             |   SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer |             |   SurrBasedLocalMinimizer |
```

Protected Member Functions

- **SurrBasedMinimizer (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  
  *constructor*

- **~SurrBasedMinimizer ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **void derived_init_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  
  *derived class contributions to initializing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **void derived_set_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  
  *derived class contributions to setting the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **void derived_free_communicators (ParLevLIter pl_iter)**
  
  *derived class contributions to freeing the communicators associated with this Iterator instance*

- **void initialize_graphics (int iterator_server_id=1)**
  
  *initialize graphics customized for surrogate-based iteration*

- **void core_run ()**
  
  *core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post*
void print_results (std::ostream &s)

virtual void minimize_surrogates ()=0

Used for computing the optimal solution using a surrogate-based approach. Redefines the Iterator::core.run() virtual function.

void update_lagrange_multipliers (const RealVector &fn_vals, const RealMatrix &fn_grads)

initialize and update Lagrange multipliers for basic Lagrangian

void update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers (const RealVector &fn_vals)

initialize and update the Lagrange multipliers for augmented Lagrangian

bool update_filter (const RealVector &fn_vals)

update a filter from a set of function values

Real lagrangian_merit (const RealVector &fn_vals, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts)

compute a Lagrangian function from a set of function values

void lagrangian_gradient (const RealVector &fn_vals, const RealMatrix &fn_grads, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts, RealVector &lag_grad)

compute the gradient of the Lagrangian function

Real augmented_lagrangian_merit (const RealVector &fn_vals, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts)

compute an augmented Lagrangian function from a set of function values

void augmented_lagrangian_gradient (const RealVector &fn_vals, const RealMatrix &fn_grads, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts, const RealVector &nln_ineq_l_bnds, const RealVector &nln_ineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &nln_eq_tgts, RealVector &alag_grad)

compute the gradient of the augmented Lagrangian function

Real penalty_merit (const RealVector &fn_vals, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts)

compute a penalty function from a set of function values

void penalty_gradient (const RealVector &fn_vals, const RealMatrix &fn_grads, const BoolDeque &sense, const RealVector &primary_wts, RealVector &pen_grad)

compute the gradient of the penalty function

Real constraint_violation (const RealVector &fn_vals, const Real &constraint_tol)

compute the constraint violation from a set of function values

Protected Attributes

- Iterator approxSubProbMinimizer
  the minimizer used on the surrogate model to solve the approximate subproblem on each surrogate-based iteration

- int sbIterNum
  surrogate-based minimization iteration number

- RealVectorList sbFilter
  Set of response function vectors defining a filter (objective vs. constraint violation) for iterate selection/rejection.

- RealVector lagrangeMult
  Lagrange multipliers for basic Lagrangian calculations.

- RealVector augLagrangeMult
Lagrange multipliers for augmented Lagrangian calculations.

- **Real** `penaltyParameter`
  
  the penalization factor for violated constraints used in quadratic penalty calculations; increased in update_penalty()

- **RealVector** `origNonlinIneqLowerBnds`
  
  original nonlinear inequality constraint lower bounds (no relaxation)

- **RealVector** `origNonlinIneqUpperBnds`
  
  original nonlinear inequality constraint upper bounds (no relaxation)

- **RealVector** `origNonlinEqTargets`
  
  original nonlinear equality constraint targets (no relaxation)

- **Real** `eta`
  
  constant used in etaSequence updates

- **Real** `alphaEta`
  
  power for etaSequence updates when updating penalty

- **Real** `betaEta`
  
  power for etaSequence updates when updating multipliers

- **Real** `etaSequence`
  
  decreasing sequence of allowable constraint violation used in augmented Lagrangian updates (refer to Conn, Gould, and Toint, section 14.4)

- **size_t** `miPLIndex`
  
  index for the active ParallelLevel within ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters

**Additional Inherited Members**

**13.189.1 Detailed Description**

Base class for local/global surrogate-based optimization/least squares.

These minimizers use a SurrogateModel to perform optimization based either on local trust region methods or global updating methods.

**13.189.2 Member Function Documentation**

```cpp
void core_run() [inline], [protected], [virtual]
```

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

Virtual run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References SurrBasedMinimizer::minimize_surrogates().

```cpp
void print_results(std::ostream & s) [protected], [virtual]
```

Redefines default iterator results printing to include optimization results (objective functions and constraints).

Reimplemented from Iterator.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Iterator::activeSet, Minimizer::archive_allocate_best(), Minimizer::archive_best(), Iterator::bestResponseArray, Iterator::bestVariablesArray, Dakota::data_pairs, Model::interface_id(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Dakota::lookup_by_val(), Iterator::methodName, Minimizer::numFunctions, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::optimizationFlag, ActiveSet::request_values(), and Model::truth_model().
void update_lagrange_multipliers ( const RealVector & fn_vals, const RealMatrix & fn_grads ) [protected]
initialize and update Lagrange multipliers for basic Lagrangian
For the Rockafellar augmented Lagrangian, simple Lagrange multiplier updates are available which do not
require the active constraint gradients. For the basic Lagrangian, Lagrange multipliers are estimated through
solution of a nonnegative linear least squares problem.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Minimizer::bigRealBoundSize, Minimizer::constraintTol, Iterator::iterated-
Model, SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangeMult, Minimizer::numContinuousVars, Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints,
Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, Minimizer::objective_gradient(), Surr-
BasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, Model::primary-
_response_fn_sense(), and Model::primary_response_fn_weights().
Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::hard_convergence_check().

void update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers ( const RealVector & fn_vals ) [protected]
initialize and update the Lagrange multipliers for augmented Lagrangian
For the Rockafellar augmented Lagrangian, simple Lagrange multiplier updates are available which do not
require the active constraint gradients. For the basic Lagrangian, Lagrange multipliers are estimated through
solution of a nonnegative linear least squares problem.
References SurrBasedMinimizer::augLagrangeMult, SurrBasedMinimizer::betaEta, Minimizer::bigRealBound-
Size, SurrBasedMinimizer::etaSequence, Minimizer::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneq-
Constraints, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinEqTargets, SurrBasedMinimizer-
::origNonlinIneqLowerBnds, SurrBasedMinimizer::origNonlinIneqUpperBnds, and SurrBasedMinimizer::penalty-
Parameter.
Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::hard_convergence_check(), EffGlobalMinimizer::minimize_surrogates-
on_model(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tr_ratio_check().

bool update_filter ( const RealVector & fn_vals ) [protected]
update a filter from a set of function values
Update the sbFilter with fn_vals if new iterate is non-dominated.
References SurrBasedMinimizer::constraint_violation(), Iterator::iteratedModel, Minimizer::numNonlinear-
Constraints, Minimizer::objective(), Model::primary_response_fn_sense(), Model::primary_response_fn_weights(),
and SurrBasedMinimizer::sbFilter.
Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::hard_convergence_check(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::tr_ratio-
_check().

Real lagrangian_merit ( const RealVector & fn_vals, const BoolDeque & sense, const RealVector &
primary_wts, const RealVector & nln_jineq_l_bnds, const RealVector & nln_jineq_u_bnds, const RealVector &
nln_eq_lgts ) [protected]
compute a Lagrangian function from a set of function values
The Lagrangian function computation sums the objective function and the Lagrange multiplier terms for in-
equality/equality constraints. This implementation follows the convention in Vanderplaats with g<=0 and h=0.
The bounds/targets passed in may reflect the original constraints or the relaxed constraints.
References Minimizer::bigRealBoundSize, Minimizer::constraintTol, SurrBasedMinimizer::lagrangeMult, Minimizer-
::numNonlinearEqConstraints, Minimizer::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, Minimizer::numUserPrimaryFns, and
Minimizer::objective().
Referenced by SurrBasedLocalMinimizer::approx_subprob_objective_eval(), and SurrBasedLocalMinimizer-
::tr_ratio_check().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SurrBasedMinimizer.hpp
- SurrBasedMinimizer.cpp

### 13.190 SurrogateModel Class Reference

Base class for surrogate models (DataFitSurrModel and HierarchSurrModel).

Inheritance diagram for SurrogateModel:
Protected Member Functions

- **SurrogateModel** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  
  *constructor*

- **SurrogateModel** (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, ParallelLibrary &parallel_lib, const SharedVariablesData &svd, const SharedResponseData &srd, const ActiveSet &set, short output_level)
  
  *alternate constructor*

- **~SurrogateModel** ()
  
  *destructor*

- **Model & subordinate_model** ()
  
  *return truth_model()*

- short **surrogate_response_mode** () const
  
  *return responseMode*

- size_t **mi_parallel_level_index** () const
  
  *return miPLIndex*

- **DiscrepancyCorrection & discrepancy_correction** ()
  
  *return deltaCorr*

- void **check_submodel_compatibility** (const Model &sub_model)
  
  *verify compatibility between SurrogateModel attributes and attributes of the submodel (DataFitSurrModel::actual-Model or HierarchSurrModel::highFidelityModel)*

- bool **force_rebuild** ()
  
  *evaluate whether a rebuild of the approximation should be forced based on changes in the inactive data*

- void **asv_mapping** (const ShortArray &orig_asv, ShortArray &actual_asv, ShortArray &approx_asv, bool build_flag)
  
  *distributes the incoming orig_asv among actual_asv and approx_asv*

- void **asv_mapping** (const ShortArray &actual_asv, const ShortArray &approx_asv, ShortArray &combined_asv)
  
  *reconstitutes a combined_asv from actual_asv and approx_asv*

- void **response_mapping** (const Response &actual_response, const Response &approx_response, Response &combined_response)
  
  *overlays actual_response and approx_response to update combined_response*
Protected Attributes

- IntSet **surrogateFnIndices**
  for mixed response sets, this array specifies the response function subset that is approximated

- IntResponseMap **surrResponseMap**
  map of surrogate responses used in **derived_synchronize()** and **derived_synchronize_nowait()** functions

- IntVariablesMap **rawVarsMap**
  map of raw continuous variables used by **apply_correction()**. Model::varsList cannot be used for this purpose since it does not contain lower level variables sets from finite differentiating.

- IntIntMap **truthIdMap**
  map from actualModel/highFidelityModel evaluation ids to DataFitSurrModel.hppierarchSurrModel ids

- IntIntMap **surrIdMap**
  map from approxInterface/lowFidelityModel evaluation ids to DataFitSurrModel.hppierarchSurrModel ids

- IntResponseMap **cachedApproxRespMap**
  map of approximate responses retrieved in **derived_synchronize_nowait()** that could not be returned since corresponding truth model response portions were still pending.

- short **responseMode**
  an enumeration that controls the response calculation mode in **{DataFit,Hierarch}SurrModel** approximate response computations

- size_t **approxBuilds**
  number of calls to **build_approximation()**

- size_t **miPLIndex**
  the index of the active metaiterator-iterator parallelism level (corresponding to ParallelConfiguration::miPLIters) used at runtime

- RealVector **referenceCLBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active continuous lower bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- RealVector **referenceCUBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active continuous upper bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- IntVector **referenceDILBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active discrete int lower bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- IntVector **referenceDIUBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active discrete int upper bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- RealVector **referenceDRLBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active discrete real lower bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- RealVector **referenceDRUBnds**
  stores a reference copy of active discrete real upper bounds when the approximation is built; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- RealVector **referenceICVars**
  stores a reference copy of the inactive continuous variables when the approximation is built using a Distinct view; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- IntVector **referenceIDIVars**
13.190. SURROGATEMODEL CLASS REFERENCE

stores a reference copy of the inactive discrete int variables when the approximation is built using a Distinct view; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- RealVector referenceIDRVars
  stores a reference copy of the inactive discrete real variables when the approximation is built using a Distinct view; used to detect when a rebuild is required.

- DiscrepancyCorrection deltaCorr
  manages construction and application of correction functions that are applied to a surrogate model (DataFitSurr or HierarchSurr) in order to reproduce high fidelity data.

Private Attributes

- Variables truthModelVars
  copy of the truth model variables object used to simplify conversion among differing variable views in force_rebuild()

- Constraints truthModelCons
  copy of the truth model constraints object used to simplify conversion among differing variable views in force_rebuild()

Additional Inherited Members

13.190.1 Detailed Description

Base class for surrogate models (DataFitSurrModel and HierarchSurrModel).

The SurrogateModel class provides common functions to derived classes for computing and applying corrections to approximations.

13.190.2 Member Function Documentation

bool force_rebuild() [protected], [virtual]

evaluate whether a rebuild of the approximation should be forced based on changes in the inactive data.

This function forces a rebuild of the approximation according to the sub-model variables view, the approximation type, and whether the active approximation bounds or inactive variable values have changed since the last approximation build.

Reimplemented from Model.

References Constraints::all_continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::all_continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::all_continuous_variables(), Constraints::all_discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::all_discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Variables::all_discrete_int_variables(), Constraints::all_discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Constraints::all_discrete_real_upper_bounds(), Variables::all_discrete_real_variables(), Constraints::continuous_lower_bounds(), Model::continuous_lower_bounds(), Constraints::continuous_upper_bounds(), Model::continuous_upper_bounds(), Variables::continuous_variables(), Constraints::copy(), Variables::copy(), Model::current_variables(), Model::currentVariables, Constraints::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_lower_bounds(), Constraints::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Model::discrete_int_upper_bounds(), Variables::discrete_int_variables(), Constraints::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Model::discrete_real_lower_bounds(), Variables::discrete_real_variables(), Constraints::inactive_continuous_lower_bounds(), Variables::inactive_continuous_variables(), Variables::inactive_discrete_int_variables(), Variables::inactive_discrete_real_variables(), Constraints::is_null(), Variables::is_null(), Model::is_null(), Model::model_type(), SurrogateModel::referenceCLBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceCUBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceDILBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceDIUBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceDRLBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceDRUBnds, SurrogateModel::referenceICVars, SurrogateModel::referenceIDIVars, SurrogateModel::referenceIDRVars, Dakota::strbegins(), Model::subordinate_model(), Model::surrogateType, Model::truth_model(), Surrogate-
Model::truthModelCons, SurrogateModel::truthModelVars, Model::user_defined_constraints(), Model::userDefinedConstraints, and Variables::view().

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), and DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response().

13.190.3 Member Data Documentation

short responseMode [protected]

an enumeration that controls the response calculation mode in \{DataFit,Hierarch\}SurrModel approximate response computations

_**SurrBasedLocalMinimizer**_ toggles this mode since compute_correction() does not back out old corrections.

Referenced by HierarchSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_set_communicators(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_synchronize(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_synchronize_nowait(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_synchronize_nowait(), SurrogateModel::surrogate_response_mode(), HierarchSurrModel::surrogate_response_mode(), and DataFitSurrModel::surrogate_response_mode().

size_t approxBuilds [protected]

number of calls to _build_approximation_()

used as a flag to automatically build the approximation if one of the derived compute_response functions is called prior to _build_approximation_().

Referenced by DataFitSurrModel::append_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::approximation_coefficients(), HierarchSurrModel::build_approximation(), DataFitSurrModel::build_approximation(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_asynch_compute_response(), HierarchSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::derived_compute_response(), DataFitSurrModel::pop_approximation(), and DataFitSurrModel::update_approximation().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SurrogateModel.hpp
- SurrogateModel.cpp

13.191 SysCallApplicInterface Class Reference

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using system calls.

Inheritance diagram for SysCallApplicInterface:
Public Member Functions

- `SysCallApplicInterface` (const `ProblemDescDB &problem_db`)
  constructor
- `~SysCallApplicInterface` ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- `wait_Local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
- `test_Local_evaluations` (PRPQueue &prp_queue)
- `synchronous_Local_analysis` (int analysis_id)
- `init_communicators_checks` (int max Eval_concurrency)
- `set_communicators_checks` (int max_eval_concurrency)
- `map_bookkeeping` (pid_t pid, int fn_eval_id)
  bookkeeping of process and evaluation ids for asynchronous maps
- `create_evaluation_process` (bool block_flag)
  Spawn the evaluation by managing the input filter, analysis drivers, and output filter. Called from `derived_map()` & `derived_map_async()`.

Private Member Functions

- `system_call_file_test` (const bfs::path &root_file)
  detect completion of a function evaluation through existence of the necessary results file(s)
- `spawn_evaluation_to_shell` (bool block_flag)
  spawn a complete function evaluation
- `spawn_input_filter_to_shell` (bool block_flag)
  spawn the input filter portion of a function evaluation
- `spawn_analysis_to_shell` (int analysis_id, bool block_flag)
  spawn a single analysis as part of a function evaluation
- `spawn_output_filter_to_shell` (bool block_flag)
  spawn the output filter portion of a function evaluation
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Private Attributes

- IntSet sysCallSet
  set of function evaluation id's for active asynchronous system call evaluations
- IntShortMap failCountMap
  map linking function evaluation id's to number of response read failures

Additional Inherited Members

13.191.1 Detailed Description

Derived application interface class which spawns simulation codes using system calls. system() is part of the C API and can be used on both Windows and Unix systems.

13.191.2 Member Function Documentation

void wait_local_evaluations ( PRPQueue & prp_queue ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Check for completion of active async jobs (tracked with sysCallSet). Wait for at least one completion and complete all jobs that have returned. This satisfies a "fairness" principle, in the sense that a completed job will always be processed (whereas accepting only a single completion could always accept the same completion - the case of very inexpensive fn. evals. - and starve some servers).

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
References ApplicationInterface::completionSet, and SysCallApplicInterface::test_local_evaluations().

void test_local_evaluations ( PRPQueue & prp_queue ) [protected], [virtual]

Check for completion of active async jobs (tracked with sysCallSet). Make one pass through sysCallSet & complete all jobs that have returned.

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), Response::active_set(), ApplicationInterface::completionSet, SysCallApplicInterface::failCountMap, ProcessApplicInterface::fileNameMap, Interface::final_eval_id_tag(), Dakota::lookup_by_eval_id(), ApplicationInterface::manage_failure(), ProcessApplicInterface::read_results_files(), SysCallApplicInterface::sysCallSet, and SysCallApplicInterface::system_call_file_test().

Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::wait_local_evaluations().

int synchronous_local_analysis ( int analysis_id ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

This code provides the derived function used by ApplicationInterface::serve_analyses_synch().

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
References SysCallApplicInterface::spawn_analysis_to_shell().

void init_communicators_checks ( int max_eval_concurrency ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

No derived interface plug-ins, so perform construct-time checks. However, process init issues as warnings since some contexts (e.g., HierarchSurrModel) initialize more configurations than will be used.

Reimplemented from ApplicationInterface.
References ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_analysis().
void set
communicators
checks (int
max_eval
concurrency) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Process run-time issues as hard errors.
References Dakota::abort_handler(), and ApplicationInterface::check_multiprocessor_analysis().

void spawn_evaluation_to_shell(bool block_flag) [private]

spawn a complete function evaluation
Put the SysCallApplicInterface to the shell. This function is used when all portions of the function evaluation
(i.e., all analysis drivers) are executed on the local processor.
References CommandShell::asynch_flag(), ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, ProcessApplicInterface::
curWorkdir, Dakota::flush(), ProcessApplicInterface::iFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::multipleParamsFiles,
ProcessApplicInterface::oFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::prepare
_process_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::programNames, ProcessApplicInterface::reset_process_environment(),
ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileName, CommandShell::suppress_output_flag(), ApplicationInterface::suppress
Output, and ProcessApplicInterface::useWorkdir.
Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process().

void spawn_input_filter_to_shell(bool block_flag) [private]

spawn the input filter portion of a function evaluation
Put the input filter to the shell. This function is used when multiple analysis drivers are spread between
processors. No need to check for a Null input filter, as this is checked externally. Use of nonblocking shells is
supported in this fn, although its use is currently prevented externally.
References CommandShell::asynch_flag(), ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, Dakota::flush(), Process
ApplicInterface::iFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::prepare_process
_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::reset_process_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileName,
CommandShell::suppress_output_flag(), and ApplicationInterface::suppressOutput.
Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process().

void spawn_analysis_to_shell(int analysis_id, bool block_flag) [private]

spawn a single analysis as part of a function evaluation
Put a single analysis to the shell. This function is used when multiple analysis drivers are spread between
processors. Use of nonblocking shells is supported in this fn, although its use is currently prevented externally.
References CommandShell::asynch_flag(), ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, Dakota::flush(), Process
ApplicInterface::multipleParamsFiles, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::prepare_process
_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::programNames, ProcessApplicInterface::reset_process_environment(),
ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileName, CommandShell::suppress_output_flag(), and ApplicationInterface::suppress
Output.
Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process(), SysCallApplicInterface::synchronous
_local_analysis(), and GridApplicInterface::synchronous_local_analysis().

void spawn_output_filter_to_shell(bool block_flag) [private]

spawn the output filter portion of a function evaluation
Put the output filter to the shell. This function is used when multiple analysis drivers are spread between
processors. No need to check for a Null output filter, as this is checked externally. Use of nonblocking shells is
supported in this fn, although its use is currently prevented externally.
References CommandShell::asynch_flag(), ProcessApplicInterface::commandLineArgs, Dakota::flush(), ProcessApplicInterface::oFilterName, ProcessApplicInterface::paramsFileName, ProcessApplicInterface::prepare_process_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::reset_process_environment(), ProcessApplicInterface::resultsFileNames, CommandShell::suppress_output_flag(), and ApplicationInterface::suppressOutput.

Referenced by SysCallApplicInterface::create_evaluation_process().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- SysCallApplicInterface.hpp
- SysCallApplicInterface.cpp

### 13.192 TabularDataTruncated Class Reference

exception thrown when data read truncated

Inheritance diagram for TabularDataTruncated:

```
TabularDataTruncated
    FileReadException
        TabularDataTruncated
```

#### Public Member Functions

- **TabularDataTruncated** (const std::string &msg)

#### 13.192.1 Detailed Description

exception thrown when data read truncated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dakota_globaldefs.hpp

### 13.193 TabularReader Class Reference

Utility used in derived read_core to read values in tabular format.

#### Public Member Functions

- **template<typename ArrayType>**
  - void *operator*(std::istream &s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, ArrayType &array, StringMultiArrayView label_array)

#### 13.193.1 Detailed Description

Utility used in derived read_core to read values in tabular format.
13.193.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void operator() ( std::istream & s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, ArrayType & array_data, StringMultiArrayView label_array ) [inline]
```

The tabular reader doesn’t forward the label arrays

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.194 TabularWriter Class Reference

Utility used in derived write_core to write values in tabular format.

**Public Member Functions**

- template<typename ArrayType>
  ```cpp
  void operator() (std::ostream & s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType & array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array)
  ```

13.194.1 Detailed Description

Utility used in derived write_core to write values in tabular format.

13.194.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void operator() ( std::ostream & s, size_t start_index, size_t num_items, const ArrayType & array_data, StringMultiArrayConstView label_array ) [inline]
```

The tabular writer doesn’t forward the label arrays

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.195 TANA3Approximation Class Reference

Derived approximation class for TANA-3 two-point exponential approximation (a multipoint approximation).

Inheritance diagram for TANA3Approximation:

```
  Approximation
  |
  -- TANA3Approximation
```
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Public Member Functions

- TANA3Approximation ()
  default constructor
- TANA3Approximation (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  standard constructor
- TANA3Approximation (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  alternate constructor
- ~TANA3Approximation ()
  destructor

Protected Member Functions

- int min_coefficients () const
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in num-Vars dimensions
- int num_constraints () const
  return the number of constraints to be enforced via an anchor point
- void build ()
  builds the approximation from scratch
- Real value (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function value for a given parameter vector
- const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector
- void clear_current ()

Private Member Functions

- void find_scaled_coefficients ()
  compute TANA coefficients based on scaled inputs
- void offset (const RealVector &x, RealVector &s)
  based on minX, apply offset scaling to x to define s

Private Attributes

- RealVector pExp
  vector of exponent values
- RealVector minX
  vector of minimum parameter values used in scaling
- RealVector scX1
  vector of scaled x1 values
- RealVector scX2
  vector of scaled x2 values
- Real H
  the scalar Hessian value in the TANA-3 approximation
Additional Inherited Members

13.195.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for TANA-3 two-point exponential approximation (a multipoint approximation).

The TANA3Approximation class provides a multipoint approximation based on matching value and gradient data from two points (typically the current and previous iterates) in parameter space. It forms an exponential approximation in terms of intervening variables.

13.195.2 Member Function Documentation

void build() [protected], [virtual]

builds the approximation from scratch

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxData, Approximation::build(), TANA3Approximation::find_scaled_coefficients(), TANA3Approximation::minX, SharedApproxData::numVars, TANA3Approximation::pExp, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

void clear_current() [inline], [protected], [virtual]

Redefine default implementation to support history mechanism.

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Approximation::approxData.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• TANA3Approximation.hpp
• TANA3Approximation.cpp

13.196 TaylorApproximation Class Reference

Derived approximation class for first- or second-order Taylor series (a local approximation).

Inheritance diagram for TaylorApproximation:

 Approximation
  ▼
  TaylorApproximation

Public Member Functions

• TaylorApproximation()
  default constructor

• TaylorApproximation(ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  standard constructor

• TaylorApproximation(const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
alternate constructor
- ~TaylorApproximation ()

destructor

Protected Member Functions
- int min_coefficients () const
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in num- Vars dimensions
- void build ()
  builds the approximation from scratch
- Real value (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function value for a given parameter vector
- const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function gradient for a given parameter vector
- const RealSymMatrix & hessian (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the approximate function Hessian for a given parameter vector

Additional Inherited Members

13.196.1 Detailed Description
Derived approximation class for first- or second-order Taylor series (a local approximation).

The TaylorApproximation class provides a local approximation based on data from a single point in parameter space. It uses a zeroth-, first- or second-order Taylor series expansion: f(x) = f(x_c) for zeroth-order, plus grad(x-x_c)'(x - x_c) for first- and second-order, and plus (x - x_c)' Hess(x_c) (x - x_c) / 2 for second-order.

13.196.2 Member Function Documentation

void build ( ) [protected], [virtual]
builds the approximation from scratch

This is the common base class portion of the virtual fn and is insufficient on its own; derived implementations should explicitly invoke (or reimplement) this base class contribution.

Reimplemented from Approximation.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Approximation::approxData, Approximation::build(), SharedApproxData- ::buildDataOrder, SharedApproxData::numVars, and Approximation::sharedDataRep.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- TaylorApproximation.hpp
- TaylorApproximation.cpp

13.197 TestDriverInterface Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for TestDriverInterface:
Public Member Functions

- **TestDriverInterface** (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  *constructor*
- **\sim TestDriverInterface** ()
  *destructor*

Protected Member Functions

- virtual int **derived_map_ac** (const Dakota::String &ac_name)
  *execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation*

Private Member Functions

- int **cantilever** ()
  *scaled cantilever test function for optimization*
- int **mod_cantilever** ()
  *unscaled cantilever test function for UQ*
- int **cyl_head** ()
  *the cylinder head constrained optimization test fn*
- int **multimodal** ()
  *multimodal UQ test function*
- int **log_ratio** ()
  *the log_ratio UQ test function*
- int **short_column** ()
  *the short_column UQ/OUU test function*
- int **lf_short_column** ()
  *a low fidelity short_column test function*
- int **mf_short_column** ()
  *alternate short_column formulations for \multifidelity or model form studies*
- int **alternate_short_column_forms** (int form)
  *helper fn for alternate forms*
- int **side_impact_cost** ()
  *the side_impact_cost UQ/OUU test function*
• int side_impact_perf ()
  the side_impact_perf UQ/OUU test function
• int rosenbrock ()
  the Rosenbrock optimization and least squares test fn
• int generalized_rosenbrock ()
  n-dimensional Rosenbrock (Schittkowski)
• int extended_rosenbrock ()
  n-dimensional Rosenbrock (Nocedal/Wright)
• int lf_rosenbrock ()
  a low fidelity version of the Rosenbrock function
• int mf_rosenbrock ()
  alternate Rosenbrock formulations for multifidelity or model form studies
• int lf_poly_prod ()
  modified low fidelity Rosenbrock to test SBO with hierarchical approximations
• int poly_prod ()
  modified low fidelity Rosenbrock to test SBO with hierarchical approximations
• int gerstner ()
  the isotropic/anisotropic Gerstner test function family
• int scalable_gerstner ()
  scalable versions of the Gerstner test family
• void get_genz_coefficients (int numDims, Real factor, int c_type, RealVector &c, RealVector &w)
  define coefficients needs for genz model
• int genz ()
  scalable test functions from the Genz test suite
• int damped_oscillator ()
  1d-6d that returns field values (ode solution)
• int diffusion_1d ()
  solve the 1d diffusion equation with random coeff.
• int steel_column_cost ()
  the steel_column_cost UQ/OUU test function
• int steel_column_perf ()
  the steel_column_perf UQ/OUU test function
• int sobol_rational ()
  Sobol SA rational test function.
• int sobol_g_function ()
  Sobol SA discontinuous test function.
• int sobol_ishigami ()
  Sobol SA transcendental test function.
• int text_book ()
  the text_book constrained optimization test function
• int text_book1 ()
  portion of text_book() evaluating the objective fn
• int text_book2 ()
portion of `text_book()` evaluating constraint 1

- `int text_book3 ()`

portion of `text_book()` evaluating constraint 2

- `int text_book_ouu ()`

  *the text_book_ouu OUU test function*

- `int scalable_text_book ()`

  *scalable version of the text_book test function*

- `int scalable_monomials ()`

  *simple monomials for UQ exactness testing*

- `int mogatest1 ()`

  *MOP2 from Van Veldhuizen, pp. 5-13.*

- `int mogatest2 ()`

  *MOP2 from Van Veldhuizen, pp. 5-13.*

- `int mogatest3 ()`

  *Srinivas' from Van Veldhuizen, pp. B-5.*

- `int illumination ()`

  *illumination example in Boyd as a general minimization problem*

- `int barnes ()`

  *barnes test for SBO performance from Rodriguez, Perez, Renaud, et al.*

- `int barnes_lf ()`

  *lo-fi barnes test for SBO performance*

- `void herbie1D (size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector<Real> &w_and_ders)`

  *1D components of herbie function*

- `void smooth_herbie1D (size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector<Real> &w_and_ders)`

  *1D components of smooth_herbie function*

- `void shubert1D (size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector<Real> &w_and_ders)`

  *1D components of shubert function*

- `int herbie ()`

  *returns the N-D herbie function*

- `int smooth_herbie ()`

  *returns the N-D smooth herbie function*

- `int shubert ()`

  *returns the N-D shubert function*

- `int bayes_linear ()`

  *Scalable test function for Bayesian methods, to estimate parameters.*

- `void separable_combine (Real mult_scale_factor, std::vector<Real> &w, std::vector<Real> &d1w, std::vector<Real> &d2w)`

  *utility to combine components of separable fns*

- `Real levenshtein_distance (const String &v)`

  *Compute Levenshtein distance between v and LEV_REF.*

- `int salinas ()`

  *direct interface to the SALINAS structural dynamics code*

- `int mc_api_run ()`

  *direct interface to ModelCenter via API, HKIM 4/3/03*

- `int aniso_quad_form ()`

  *1-D function using a anisotropic quadratic form*
Static Private Attributes

- static StringRealMap levenshteinDistanceCache

  Cache results of Levenshtein distance calc for efficiency.

Additional Inherited Members

13.197.1 Detailed Description

Specialization of DirectApplicInterface to embed algebraic test function drivers directly in Dakota

13.197.2 Member Function Documentation

**int derived_map_ac**  ( const Dakota::String & `ac_name` )  [protected], [virtual]

execute an analysis code portion of a direct evaluation invocation

Derived map to evaluate a particular built-in test analysis function

Reimplemented from DirectApplicInterface.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), ApplicationInterface::analysisServerId, TestDriverInterface::aniso_quad_form(), TestDriverInterface::barnes(), TestDriverInterface::barnes_if(), TestDriverInterface::bayes_linear(), TestDriverInterface::cantilever(), TestDriverInterface::cyl_head(), TestDriverInterface::damped_oscillator(), TestDriverInterface::diffusion_1d(), DirectApplicInterface::driverTypeMap, TestDriverInterface::extended_rosenbrock(), TestDriverInterface::generalized_rosenbrock(), TestDriverInterface::genz(), TestDriverInterface::gerstner(), TestDriverInterface::herbie(), TestDriverInterface::illumination(), TestDriverInterface::lf_poly_prod(), TestDriverInterface::lf_rosenbrock(), TestDriverInterface::lf_short_column(), TestDriverInterface::log_ratio(), TestDriverInterface::mf_api_run(), TestDriverInterface::mf_rosenbrock(), TestDriverInterface::mod_cantilever(), TestDriverInterface::mogatest1(), TestDriverInterface::mogatest2(), TestDriverInterface::mogatest3(), TestDriverInterface::multimodal(), TestDriverInterface::poly_prod(), TestDriverInterface::rosenbrock(), TestDriverInterface::salinas(), TestDriverInterface::scalable_gerstner(), TestDriverInterface::scalable_monomials(), TestDriverInterface::scalable_text_book(), TestDriverInterface::short_column(), TestDriverInterface::shubert(), TestDriverInterface::side_impact_cost(), TestDriverInterface::side_impact_perf(), TestDriverInterface::smooth_herbie(), TestDriverInterface::sobol_g_function(), TestDriverInterface::sobol_ishigami(), TestDriverInterface::sobol_rational(), TestDriverInterface::steel_column_cost(), TestDriverInterface::steel_column_perf(), TestDriverInterface::text_book(), TestDriverInterface::text_book1(), TestDriverInterface::text_book2(), TestDriverInterface::text_book3(), and TestDriverInterface::text_book_ouu().

**int lf_poly_prod**  ( )  [private]

modified low fidelity Rosenbrock to test SBO with < hierarchical approximations

modified lo-fi Rosenbrock to test SBO with hierarchical approximations

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::fnHessians, DirectApplicInterface::fnVals, DirectApplicInterface::gradFlag, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numACV, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADR, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, and DirectApplicInterface::xC.

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

**int poly_prod**  ( )  [private]

modified low fidelity Rosenbrock to test SBO with < hierarchical approximations

modified lo-fi Rosenbrock to test SBO with hierarchical approximations
References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, and DirectApplicInterface::xC. Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

**int diffusion_1d( ) [private]**

solve the 1d diffusion equation with random coeff.

Solve the 1D diffusion equation with an uncertain variable coefficient using the spectral Chebyshev collocation method.

\[
\begin{align*}
\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} &= f \text{ on } [0,1] \text{ subject to } u(0) = 0 \quad u(1) = 0 \\
\end{align*}
\]

Here we set \( f = -1 \) and \( k = 1 + 4 \sum_{d=1}^{num\_dims} \frac{\cos(2\pi x)/(\pi d)^2 \cdot z_d}{z_d} \) for \( d = 1, \ldots, num\_dims \) where \( z_d \) are random variables, typically i.i.d uniform[-1,1].

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::fnVals, DirectApplicInterface::gradFlag, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, DirectApplicInterface::xC, and DirectApplicInterface::xDI.

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

**int barnes( ) [private]**

barnes test for SBO performance from Rodriguez, Perez, Renaud, et al.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::fvals, DirectApplicInterface::gradFlag, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, DirectApplicInterface::xC, and DirectApplicInterface::xDI.

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

**int barnes_lf( ) [private]**

lo-fi barnes test for SBO performance from Rodriguez, Perez, Renaud, et al.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::fvals, DirectApplicInterface::gradFlag, DirectApplicInterface::hessFlag, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, DirectApplicInterface::xC, and DirectApplicInterface::xDI.

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

**void herbie1D( size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector< Real > & w_and_ders ) [private]**

1D components of herbie function

1D Herbie function and its derivatives (apart from a multiplicative factor)

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::herbie().
void smooth_herbie1D ( size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector<Real> & w, std::vector<Real> & ders ) [private]

1D components of smooth_herbie function
1D Smoothed Herbie= 1DHerbie minus the high frequency sine term, and its derivatives (apart from a multiplicative factor)
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::smooth_herbie().

void shubert1D ( size_t der_mode, Real xc_loc, std::vector<Real> & w, std::vector<Real> & ders ) [private]

1D components of shubert function
1D Shubert function and its derivatives (apart from a multiplicative factor)
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::shubert().

int herbie ( ) [private]
returns the N-D herbie function
N-D Herbie function and its derivatives.
References DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::directFnDVV, TestDriverInterface::herbie1D(), DirectApplicInterface::numDerivVars, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, TestDriverInterface::separable_combine(), and DirectApplicInterface::xC.
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

int smooth_herbie ( ) [private]
returns the N-D smooth herbie function
N-D Smoothed Herbie function and its derivatives.
References DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::directFnDVV, DirectApplicInterface::numDerivVars, DirectApplicInterface::numVars, TestDriverInterface::separable_combine(), TestDriverInterface::smooth_herbie1D(), and DirectApplicInterface::xC.
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().

void separable_combine ( Real mult_scale_factor, std::vector<Real> & w, std::vector<Real> & d1w, std::vector<Real> & d2w ) [private]
utility to combine components of separable fn's
this function combines N 1D functions and their derivatives to compute a N-D separable function and its derivatives, logic is general enough to support different 1D functions in different dimensions (can mix and match)
References DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, DirectApplicInterface::directFnDVV, DirectApplicInterface::fnGrads, DirectApplicInterface::fnHessians, DirectApplicInterface::fnVals, DirectApplicInterface::numDerivVars, and DirectApplicInterface::numVars.
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::herbie(), TestDriverInterface::shubert(), and TestDriverInterface::smooth_herbie().

Real levenshtein_distance ( const String & v ) [private]
Compute Levenshtein distance between v and LEV_REF.
Levenshtein distance is the number of changes (single character
References Dakota::LEV_REF, and TestDriverInterface::levenshteinDistanceCache.
Referenced by TestDriverInterface::text_book1(), TestDriverInterface::text_book2(), and TestDriverInterface::text_book3().
13.198. TRACKERHTTP CLASS REFERENCE

int mc_api_run ( ) [private]
direct interface to ModelCenter via API, HKIM 4/3/03

The ModelCenter interface doesn’t have any specific construct vs. run time functions. For now, we manage it
along with the integrated test drivers

References Dakota::abort_handler(), DirectApplicInterface::analysisComponents, DirectApplicInterface::analysis-
DriverIndex, Dakota::dc_ptr_int, DirectApplicInterface::directFnASV, Interface::fnLabels, DirectApplicInterface-
::fnVals, Dakota::mc_ptr_int, ApplicationInterface::multiProcAnalysisFlag, DirectApplicInterface::numACV, Direct-
ApplicInterface::numADIV, DirectApplicInterface::numADRV, DirectApplicInterface::numFns, DirectApplicInterface-
::xC, DirectApplicInterface::xCLabels, DirectApplicInterface::xDI, DirectApplicInterface::xDILabels, DirectApplic-
Interface::xDR, and DirectApplicInterface::xDRLabels.

Referenced by TestDriverInterface::derived_map_ac().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

• TestDriverInterface.hpp
• TestDriverInterface.cpp

13.198 TrackerHTTP Class Reference

TrackerHTTP: a usage tracking module that uses HTTP/HTTPS via the curl library.

Public Member Functions

• TrackerHTTP ()
  default constructor is allowed, but doesn’t generate output

• TrackerHTTP (int world_rank=0)
  standard constructor with ProblemDescDB, rank

• ~TrackerHTTP ()
  destructor to free handles

• void post_start (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  post the start of an analysis and archive start time

• void post_finish (unsigned runtime=0)
  post the completion of an analysis including elapsed time

Private Member Functions

• void initialize (int world_rank=0)
  shared initialization functions across constructors

• void url_add_field (std::string &url, const char *keyword, const std::string &value, bool delimit=true) const
  append keyword/value pair to url in GET style (with &keyword=value); set delimit = false to omit the &

• void build_default_data (std::string &url, std::time_t &rawtime, const std::string &mode) const
  construct URL with shared information for start/finish

• void send_data_using_get (const std::string &urltopost) const
  transmit data to the web server using GET

• void send_data_using_post (const std::string &datatopost) const
  POST separate location and query; datatopost = "name=daniel&project(curl)".
CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

- **void** populate_method_list (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  extract list of methods from problem database
- **std::string** get_uid () const
  get the real user ID
- **std::string** get_username () const
  get the username as reported by the environment
- **std::string** get_hostname () const
  get the system hostname
- **std::string** get_os () const
  get the operating system
- **std::string** get_datetime (const std::time_t &rawtime) const
  get the date and time as a string YYYYMMDDHHMMSS

**Private Attributes**

- **CURL * curlPtr**
  pointer to the curl handler instance
- **FILE * devNull**
  pointer to /dev/null
- **std::string** trackerLocation
  base URL for the tracker
- **std::string** proxyLocation
  if empty, proxy may still be specified via environment variables (unlike default CURL behavior)
- **long** timeoutSeconds
  seconds until the request will timeout (may have issues with signals)
- **std::string** methodList
  list of active methods
- **std::string** dakotaVersion
  DAKOTA version.
- **std::time_t** startTime
  cached starting time in raw seconds
- **short** outputLevel
  verbosity control

13.198.1 Detailed Description

**TrackerHTTP**: a usage tracking module that uses HTTP/HTTPS via the curl library.

13.198.2 Member Function Documentation

**void send_data_using_get ( const std::string & urltopost ) const [private]**
transmit data to the web server using GET
whole url including location&fields
References TrackerHTTP::curlPtr, and TrackerHTTP::outputLevel.
void send_data_using_post ( const std::string & datatopost ) const  [private]

POST separate location and query; datatopost="name=daniel&project=curl".
separate location and query; datatopost="name=daniel&project=curl"
References TrackerHTTP::curlPtr, TrackerHTTP::outputLevel, and TrackerHTTP::trackerLocation.
Referenced by TrackerHTTP::post_finish(), and TrackerHTTP::post_start().
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- TrackerHTTP.hpp
- TrackerHTTP.cpp

13.199 UsageTracker Class Reference

Lightweight class to manage conditionally active Curl-based HTTP tracker via PIMPL.

Public Member Functions

- UsageTracker ()
  default construction: no output
- UsageTracker (int world_rank)
  standard constructor; will output on rank 0
- void post_start (ProblemDescDB &problem_db)
  post the start of an analysis and archive start time
- void post_finish (unsigned runtime=0)
  post the completion of an analysis including elapsed time

Private Member Functions

- UsageTracker (const UsageTracker &)
  copy construction is disallowed

Private Attributes

- boost::shared_ptr< TrackerHTTP > pTrackerHTTP
  posts usage data to Web server; using shared_ptr due to potentially incomplete type and requirements for checked-
delete in debug builds (scoped_ptr would suffice)

13.199.1 Detailed Description

Lightweight class to manage conditionally active Curl-based HTTP tracker via PIMPL.
All conditional compilation in managed in the cpp file; all operations are no-op in this wrapper if not enabling tracking...
13.199.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

UsageTracker ( int world_rank )

standard constructor; will output on rank 0

standard constructor; will output on rank 0 and only initializes if tracking compiled in and not disable by environment

References UsageTracker::pTrackerHTTP.
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- UsageTracker.hpp
- UsageTracker.cpp

13.200 Var_icheck Struct Reference

structure for verifying bounds and initial point for string-valued vars

Public Attributes

- const char * name
- size_t DataVariablesRep::* n
- void(* vgen )(DataVariablesRep *, size_t)
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* L
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* U
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* V
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* Lbl

13.200.1 Detailed Description

structure for verifying bounds and initial point for string-valued vars
structure for verifying bounds and initial point for integer-valued vars

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp

13.201 Var_rcheck Struct Reference

structure for verifying bounds and initial point for real-valued vars

Public Attributes

- const char * name
- size_t DataVariablesRep::* n
- void(* vgen )(DataVariablesRep *, size_t)
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* L
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* U
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* V
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* Lbl
13.201.1 Detailed Description

structure for verifying bounds and initial point for real-valued vars

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp

13.202 Variables Class Reference

Base class for the variables class hierarchy.

Inheritance diagram for Variables:

```
Variables
  ↓
MixedVariables  RelaxedVariables
```

Public Member Functions

- **Variables ()**
  default constructor
- **Variables (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db)**
  standard constructor (explicit disallows its use for implicit type conversion)
- **Variables (const SharedVariablesData &svd)**
  alternate constructor for instantiations on the fly (explicit disallows its use for implicit type conversion)
- **Variables (const Variables &vars)**
  copy constructor
- **virtual ~Variables ()**
  destructor
- **Variables operator= (const Variables &vars)**
  assignment operator
- **virtual void read (std::istream &s)**
  read a variables object from an std::istream
- **virtual void write (std::ostream &s) const**
  write a variables object to an std::ostream, e.g., the console
- **virtual void write_aprepro (std::ostream &s) const**
  write a variables object to an std::ostream in aprepro format, e.g., a parameters file
- **virtual void read.annotated (std::istream &s)**
  read a variables object in annotated format from an istream
- **virtual void write.annotated (std::ostream &s) const**
  write a variables object in annotated format to an std::ostream
- **virtual void read.tabular (std::istream &s, bool active_only=false)**
  read a variables object in tabular format from an istream
- **virtual void write.tabular (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const**
write a variables object in tabular format to an std::ostream

- virtual void write_tabular_labels (std::ostream &s, bool active_only=false) const
  
  write the labels in input spec order to a std::ostream

- virtual void read (MPIUnpackBuffer &s)
  
  read a variables object from a packed MPI buffer

- virtual void write (MPIPackBuffer &s) const
  
  write a variables object to a packed MPI buffer

- size_t tv () const
  
  total number of vars

- size_t cv () const
  
  number of active continuous vars

- size_t cv_start () const
  
  start index of active continuous vars

- size_t div () const
  
  number of active discrete int vars

- size_t div_start () const
  
  start index of active discrete int vars

- size_t dsv () const
  
  number of active discrete string vars

- size_t dsv_start () const
  
  start index of active discrete string vars

- size_t drv () const
  
  number of active discrete real vars

- size_t drv_start () const
  
  start index of active discrete real vars

- size_t icv () const
  
  number of inactive continuous vars

- size_t icv_start () const
  
  start index of inactive continuous vars

- size_t idiv () const
  
  number of inactive discrete int vars

- size_t idiv_start () const
  
  start index of inactive discrete int vars

- size_t idsv () const
  
  number of inactive discrete string vars

- size_t idsv_start () const
  
  start index of inactive discrete string vars

- size_t idrv () const
  
  number of inactive discrete real vars

- size_t idrv_start () const
  
  start index of inactive discrete real vars

- size_t acv () const
  
  total number of continuous vars
• size_t adiv () const
  total number of discrete integer vars
• size_t adsv () const
  total number of discrete string vars
• size_t adrv () const
  total number of discrete real vars
• const SharedVariablesData & shared_data () const
  return sharedVarsData
• SharedVariablesData & shared_data ()
  return sharedVarsData
• void shape ()
  shape a Variables object based on sharedVarsData
• void reshape ()
  reshape an existing Variables object based on updated sharedVarsData
• Real continuous_variable (size_t index) const
  return an active continuous variable
• const RealVector & continuous_variables () const
  return the active continuous variables (Note: returns a view by const reference, but initializing a RealVector from this reference invokes the Teuchos matrix copy constructor to create a Teuchos::Copy instance; to obtain a mutable view, use continuous_variables_view())
• void continuous_variable (Real c_var, size_t index)
  set an active continuous variable
• void continuous_variables (const RealVector &c_vars)
  set the active continuous variables
• int discrete_int_variable (size_t index) const
  return an active discrete integer variable
• const IntVector & discrete_int_variables () const
  return the active discrete integer variables (Note: returns a view by const reference, but initializing an IntVector from this reference invokes the Teuchos matrix copy constructor to create a Teuchos::Copy instance; to obtain a mutable view, use discrete_int_variables_view())
• void discrete_int_variable (int di_var, size_t index)
  set an active discrete integer variable
• void discrete_int_variables (const IntVector &di_vars)
  set the active discrete integer variables
• const String & discrete_string_variable (size_t index) const
  return an active discrete string variable
• StringMultiArrayConstView discrete_string_variables () const
  return the active discrete string variables (Note: returns a view by const reference, but initializing a StringArray from this reference invokes the Teuchos matrix copy constructor to create a Teuchos::Copy instance; to obtain a mutable view, use discrete_string_variables_view())
• void discrete_string_variable (const String &ds_var, size_t index)
  set an active discrete string variable
• void discrete_string_variables (StringMultiArrayConstView ds_vars)
  set the active discrete string variables
- **Real** `discrete_real_variable (size_t index) const`  
  return an active discrete real variable
- **const RealVector** & `discrete_real_variables () const`  
  return the active discrete real variables (Note: returns a view by const reference, but initializing a RealVector from this reference invokes the Teuchos matrix copy constructor to create a Teuchos::Copy instance; to obtain a mutable view, use `discrete_real_variables_view()`)
- **void** `discrete_real_variable (Real dr_var, size_t index)`  
  set an active discrete real variable
- **void** `discrete_real_variables (const RealVector &dr_vars)`  
  set the active discrete real variables
- **void** `active_variables (const Variables &vars)`  
  copy the active cv/div/dsv/drv variables from vars
- **RealVector** & `continuous_variables_view ()`  
  return a mutable view of the active continuous variables
- **IntVector** & `discrete_int_variables_view ()`  
  return a mutable view of the active discrete integer variables
- **StringMultiArrayView** `discrete_string_variables_view ()`  
  return a mutable view of the active discrete string variables
- **RealVector** & `discrete_real_variables_view ()`  
  return a mutable view of the active discrete real variables
- **StringMultiArrayConstView** `continuous_variable_labels () const`  
  return the active continuous variable labels
- **void** `continuous_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView cv_labels)`  
  set the active continuous variable labels
- **void** `continuous_variable_label (const String &cv_label, size_t index)`  
  set an active continuous variable label
- **StringMultiArrayConstView** `discrete_int_variable_labels () const`  
  return the active discrete integer variable labels
- **void** `discrete_int_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView div_labels)`  
  set the active discrete integer variable labels
- **void** `discrete_int_variable_label (const String &div_label, size_t index)`  
  set an active discrete integer variable label
- **StringMultiArrayConstView** `discrete_string_variable_labels () const`  
  return the active discrete string variable labels
- **void** `discrete_string_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView dsv_labels)`  
  set the active discrete string variable labels
- **void** `discrete_string_variable_label (const String &dsv_label, size_t index)`  
  set an active discrete string variable label
- **StringMultiArrayConstView** `discrete_real_variable_labels () const`  
  return the active discrete real variable labels
- **void** `discrete_real_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView drv_labels)`  
  set the active discrete real variable labels
- **void** `discrete_real_variable_label (const String &drv_label, size_t index)`
set an active discrete real variable label

- `UShortMultiArrayConstView continuous_variable_types () const`
  return the active continuous variable types
- `void continuous_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView cv_types)`
  set the active continuous variable types
- `void continuous_variable_type (unsigned short cv_type, size_t index)`
  set an active continuous variable type
- `UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_int_variable_types () const`
  return the active discrete integer variable types
- `void discrete_int_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView div_types)`
  set the active discrete integer variable types
- `void discrete_int_variable_type (unsigned short div_type, size_t index)`
  set an active discrete integer variable type
- `UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_string_variable_types () const`
  return the active discrete string variable types
- `void discrete_string_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView dsv_types)`
  set the active discrete string variable types
- `void discrete_string_variable_type (unsigned short dsv_type, size_t index)`
  set an active discrete string variable type
- `UShortMultiArrayConstView discrete_real_variable_types () const`
  return the active discrete real variable types
- `void discrete_real_variable_types (UShortMultiArrayConstView drv_types)`
  set the active discrete real variable types
- `void discrete_real_variable_type (unsigned short drv_type, size_t index)`
  set an active discrete real variable type
- `SizetMultiArrayConstView continuous_variable_ids () const`
  return the active continuous variable position identifiers
- `void continuous_variable_ids (SizetMultiArrayConstView cv_ids)`
  set the active continuous variable position identifiers
- `void continuous_variable_id (size_t cv_id, size_t index)`
  set an active continuous variable position identifier
- `const RealVector & inactive_continuous_variables () const`
  return the inactive continuous variables
- `void inactive_continuous_variables (const RealVector &ic_vars)`
  set the inactive continuous variables
- `const IntVector & inactive_discrete_int_variables () const`
  return the inactive discrete variables
- `void inactive_discrete_int_variables (const IntVector &idi_vars)`
  set the inactive discrete variables
- `StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_string_variables () const`
  return the inactive discrete variables
- `void inactive_discrete_string_variables (StringMultiArrayConstView ids_vars)`
  set the inactive discrete variables
• const RealVector & inactive_discrete_real_variables () const
  return the inactive discrete variables
• void inactive_discrete_real_variables (const RealVector &idr_vars)
  set the inactive discrete variables
• StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_labels () const
  return the inactive continuous variable labels
• void inactive_continuous_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView ic_vars)
  set the inactive continuous variable labels
• StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels () const
  return the inactive discrete variable labels
• void inactive_discrete_int_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView idi_vars)
  set the inactive discrete variable labels
• StringMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_string_variable_labels () const
  return the inactive discrete variable labels
• void inactive_discrete_string_variable_labels (StringMultiArrayConstView ids_vars)
  set the inactive discrete variable labels
• UShortMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_types () const
  return the inactive continuous variable types
• UShortMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_int_variable_types () const
  return the inactive discrete integer variable types
• UShortMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_string_variable_types () const
  return the inactive discrete string variable types
• UShortMultiArrayConstView inactive_discrete_real_variable_types () const
  return the inactive discrete real variable types
• SizetMultiArrayConstView inactive_continuous_variable_ids () const
  return the inactive continuous variable position identifiers
• const RealVector & all_continuous_variables () const
  returns a single array with all continuous variables
• void all_continuous_variables (const RealVector &ac_vars)
  sets all continuous variables using a single array
• void all_continuous_variable (Real ac_var, size_t index)
  set a variable within the all continuous array
• const IntVector & all_discrete_int_variables () const
  returns a single array with all discrete variables
• void all_discrete_int_variables (const IntVector &adi_vars)
  sets all discrete variables using a single array
• void all_discrete_int_variable (int adi_var, size_t index)
  set a variable within the all discrete array
• StringMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_variables () const
returns a single array with all discrete variables

- **void all_discrete_string_variables** (StringMultiArrayConstView ads_vars)
  sets all discrete variables using a single array
- **void all_discrete_string_variable** (const String &ads_var, size_t index)
  set a variable within the all discrete array
- **const RealVector & all_discrete_real_variables** () const
  returns a single array with all discrete variables
- **void all_discrete_real_variables** (const RealVector &adr_vars)
  sets all discrete variables using a single array
- **void all_discrete_real_variable** (Real adr_var, size_t index)
  set a variable within the all discrete array
- **StringMultiArrayView all_continuous_variable_labels** () const
  returns a single array with all continuous variable labels
- **void all_continuous_variable_labels** (StringMultiArrayConstView acv_labels)
  sets all continuous variable labels using a single array
- **void all_continuous_variable_label** (const String &acv_label, size_t index)
  set a label within the all continuous label array
- **StringMultiArrayView all_discrete_int_variable_labels** () const
  returns a single array with all discrete variable labels
- **void all_discrete_int_variable_labels** (StringMultiArrayConstView adiv_labels)
  sets all discrete variable labels using a single array
- **void all_discrete_int_variable_label** (const String &adiv_label, size_t index)
  set a label within the all discrete label array
- **StringMultiArrayView all_discrete_string_variable_labels** () const
  returns a single array with all discrete variable labels
- **void all_discrete_string_variable_labels** (StringMultiArrayConstView adsv_labels)
  sets all discrete variable labels using a single array
- **void all_discrete_string_variable_label** (const String &adsv_label, size_t index)
  set a label within the all discrete label array
- **StringMultiArrayView all_discrete_real_variable_labels** () const
  returns a single array with all discrete variable labels
- **void all_discrete_real_variable_labels** (StringMultiArrayConstView adrv_labels)
  sets all discrete variable labels using a single array
- **void all_discrete_real_variable_label** (const String &adrv_label, size_t index)
  set a label within the all discrete label array
- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_variable_types** () const
  return all continuous variable types
- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_int_variable_types** () const
  return all discrete variable types
- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_string_variable_types** () const
  return all discrete variable types
- **UShortMultiArrayConstView all_discrete_real_variable_types** () const
  return all discrete variable types
• `SizetMultiArrayConstView all_continuous_variable_ids () const
  return all continuous variable position identifiers

• `Variables copy (bool deep_svd=false) const
  a deep variables copy for use in history mechanisms (SharedVariablesData uses a shallow copy by default)

• const std::pair< short, short > & view () const
  returns variablesView

• std::pair< short, short > get_view (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db) const
  defines variablesView from problem_db attributes

• void inactive_view (short view2)
  sets the inactive view based on higher level (nested) context

• const String & variables_id () const
  returns the variables identifier string

• const SizetArray & variables_components_totals () const
  returns the number of variables for each of the constitutive components

• bool is_null () const
  function to check variablesRep (does this envelope contain a letter)

Protected Member Functions

• `Variables (BaseConstructor, const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const std::pair< short, short > &view)
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

• `Variables (BaseConstructor, const SharedVariablesData &svd)
  constructor initializes the base class part of letter classes (BaseConstructor overloading avoids infinite recursion in the derived class constructors - Coplien, p. 139)

• void build_views ()
  construct active/inactive views of all variables arrays

• void build_active_views ()
  construct active views of all variables arrays

• void build_inactive_views ()
  construct inactive views of all variables arrays

Protected Attributes

• SharedVariablesData sharedVarsData
  reference-counted instance of shared variables data: id’s, labels, counts

• RealVector allContinuousVars
  array combining all of the continuous variables

• IntVector allDiscreteIntVars
  array combining all of the discrete integer variables

• StringMultiArray allDiscreteStringVars
  array combining all of the discrete string variables

• RealVector allDiscreteRealVars
  array combining all of the discrete real variables
• RealVector \texttt{continuousVars}
  \textit{the active continuous variables array view}
• IntVector \texttt{discreteIntVars}
  \textit{the active discrete integer variables array view}
• RealVector \texttt{discreteRealVars}
  \textit{the active discrete real variables array view}
• RealVector \texttt{inactiveContinuousVars}
  \textit{the inactive continuous variables array view}
• IntVector \texttt{inactiveDiscreteIntVars}
  \textit{the inactive discrete integer variables array view}
• RealVector \texttt{inactiveDiscreteRealVars}
  \textit{the inactive discrete real variables array view}

\textbf{Private Member Functions}

• \texttt{Variables * get\_variables (const ProblemDescDB &problem\_db)}
  \textit{Used by the standard envelope constructor to instantiate the correct letter class.}
• \texttt{Variables * get\_variables (const SharedVariablesData &svd) const}
  \textit{Used by the alternate envelope constructors, by read functions, and by \texttt{copy()} to instantiate a new letter class.}
• short \texttt{method\_map} (short view\_spec, bool relaxed) const
  \textit{infer domain from method selection}
• short \texttt{method\_domain} (const ProblemDescDB &problem\_db) const
  \textit{infer domain from method selection}
• short \texttt{method\_view} (const ProblemDescDB &problem\_db) const
  \textit{infer view from method selection}
• short \texttt{response\_view} (const ProblemDescDB &problem\_db) const
  \textit{infer view from type of response data set}
• void \texttt{check\_view\_compatibility ()}
  \textit{perform sanity checks on view.first and view.second after update}
• template<class Archive >
  void \texttt{load} (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version)
  \textit{read a Variables object from an archive}
• template<class Archive >
  void \texttt{save} (Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) const
  \textit{write a Variables object to an archive}
• \texttt{BOOST\_SERIALIZATION\_SPLIT\_MEMBER () Variables *variablesRep}
  \textit{pointer to the letter (initialized only for the envelope)}

\textbf{Private Attributes}

• int \texttt{referenceCount}
  \textit{number of objects sharing variablesRep}
Friends

- class boost::serialization::access
  for serializing private data members
- bool operator==(const Variables &vars1, const Variables &vars2)
  strict equality operator (for boost hash-based lookups)
- bool operator!=(const Variables &vars1, const Variables &vars2)
  strict inequality operator
- bool nearby(const Variables &vars1, const Variables &vars2, Real rel_tol)
  tolerance-based equality operator
- std::size_t hash_value(const Variables &vars)
  hash_value

13.202.1 Detailed Description

Base class for the variables class hierarchy.

The Variables class is the base class for the class hierarchy providing design, uncertain, and state variables for continuous and discrete domains within a Model. Using the fundamental arrays from the input specification, different derived classes define different views of the data. For memory efficiency and enhanced polymorphism, the variables hierarchy employs the "letter/envelope idiom" (see Coplien "Advanced C++", p. 133), for which the base class (Variables) serves as the envelope and one of the derived classes (selected in Variables::get_variables()) serves as the letter.

13.202.2 Member Function Documentation

StringMultiArrayView discrete_string_variables_view() [inline]
return a mutable view of the active discrete string variables
same as discrete_string_variables(), except mutable view
References Variables::allDiscreteStringVars, SharedVariablesData::dsv(), SharedVariablesData::dsv_start(), and Variables::sharedVarsData.

void build_views() [inline], [protected]
construct active/inactive views of all variables arrays
= EMPTY)
= EMPTY)
References Variables::build_active_views(), Variables::build_inactive_views(), Variables::sharedVarsData, Variables::view(), and SharedVariablesData::view().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DakotaVariables.hpp

13.203 Verification Class Reference

Base class for managing common aspects of verification studies.

Inheritance diagram for Verification:
13.203. VERIFICATION CLASS REFERENCE

Protected Member Functions

- **Verification (ProblemDescDB &problem_db, Model &model)**
  constructor

- **Verification (unsigned short method_name, Model &model)**
  alternate constructor for instantiations “on the fly”

- **~Verification ()**
  destructor

- **void core_run ()**
  core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

- **void print_results (std::ostream &s)**
  print the final iterator results

- **virtual void perform_verification ()=0**
  Redefines the core_run() virtual function for the Verification branch.

Additional Inherited Members

13.203.1 Detailed Description

Base class for managing common aspects of verification studies.

The Verification base class manages common data and functions, such as those involving ...

13.203.2 Member Function Documentation

void core_run ( ) [inline], [protected], [virtual]

core portion of run; implemented by all derived classes and may include pre/post steps in lieu of separate pre/post

  Virtual run function for the iterator class hierarchy. All derived classes need to redefine it.

  Reimplemented from Iterator.

  References Verification::perform_verification().

void print_results ( std::ostream & s ) [protected], [virtual]

print the final iterator results

  This virtual function provides additional iterator-specific final results outputs beyond the function evaluation summary printed in finalize_run().

  Reimplemented from Analyzer.
1024

CHAPTER 13. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Reimplemented in RichExtrapVerification. References Analyzer::print_results(). Referenced by RichExtrapVerification::print_results(). The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- DakotaVerification.hpp
- DakotaVerification.cpp

13.204 VLInt Struct Reference

structure for validating integer uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

Public Attributes

- int n
- VarLabel Var_Info::* VL
- Var_uinfo * vui
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* Labels
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* LowerBnds
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* UpperBnds
- IntVector DataVariablesRep::* UncVars

13.204.1 Detailed Description

structure for validating integer uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp

13.205 VLreal Struct Reference

structure for validating real uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

Public Attributes

- int n
- VarLabel Var_Info::* VL
- Var_uinfo * vui
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* Labels
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* LowerBnds
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* UpperBnds
- RealVector DataVariablesRep::* UncVars

13.205.1 Detailed Description

structure for validating real uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp
13.206  VLstr Struct Reference

structure for validating string uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

Public Attributes

- int n
- VarLabel Var_Info::* VL
- Var_uinfo * vui
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* Labels
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* LowerBnds
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* UpperBnds
- StringArray DataVariablesRep::* UncVars

13.206.1  Detailed Description

structure for validating string uncertain variable labels, bounds, values

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- NIDRProblemDescDB.cpp

13.207  VPSApproximation Class Reference

Derived approximation class for VPS implementation.

Inheritance diagram for VPSApproximation:

```
Approximation

VPSApproximation
```

Public Member Functions

- VPSApproximation ()
  default constructor
- VPSApproximation (const ProblemDescDB &problem_db, const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  standard constructor (to call VPS from an input deck)
- VPSApproximation (const SharedApproxData &shared_data)
  Alternate constructor (to call VPS from another method like POF-darts)
- ~VPSApproximation ()
  destructor
- bool VPS_execute()
- void VPS_create_containers()
- void VPS_retrieve_neighbors (size_t ipoint, bool update_point_neighbors)
- void VPS_adjust_extend_neighbors_of_all_points()
- void VPS_extend_neighbors (size_t ipoint)
• void VPS_build_local_surrogate (size_t cell_index)
• double VPS_evaluate_surrogate (double *x)
• void VPS_destroy_global_containers ()
• void retrieve_permutations (size_t &m, size_t **&perm, size_t num_dim, size_t upper_bound, bool force_sum_constraint, size_t sum_constraint)
• void build_radial_basis_function (size_t icell)
• void VPS_LS_retrieve_weights (size_t cell_index)
• double evaluate_basis_function (double *x, size_t icell, size_t ibasis)
• int constrained_leastSquare (size_t n, size_t m, double **H, double *w, double *f)
• double vec_dot_vec (size_t n, double *vec_a, double *vec_b)
• double vec_pow_vec (size_t num_dim, double *vec_a, size_t *vec_b)
• bool Cholesky (int n, double **A, double **LD)
• void GMRES (int n, double **LD, double *b, double *x)
• void printMatrix (size_t m, size_t n, double **M)
• void initiate_random_number_generator (unsigned long x)
• double generate_random_number ()
• size_t retrieve_closest_cell (double *x)
• bool trim_line_using_Hyperplane (size_t num_dim, double *st, double *end, double *qH, double *nH)
• double f_test (double *x)
• double *grad_f_test (double *x)
• double **hessian_f_test (double *x)
• void generate_poisson_disk_sample (double r)
• void generate_MC_sample ()
• void isocontouring (std::string file_name, bool plot_test_function, bool plot_surrogate, std::vector<double> contours)
• void isocontouring_solid (std::string file_name, bool plot_test_function, bool plot_surrogate, std::vector<double> contours)
• void plot_neighbors ()

Protected Member Functions

• int min_coefficients () const
  return the minimum number of samples (unknowns) required to build the derived class approximation type in num-Vars dimensions
• int num_constraints () const
  return the number of constraints to be enforced via an anchor point
• void build ()
  builds the approximation from scratch
• Real value (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the predicted function value for a given parameter set
• const RealVector & gradient (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the function gradient at the predicted value for a given parameter set
• Real prediction_variance (const Variables &vars)
  retrieve the variance of the predicted value for a given parameter set
Private Types

- enum subsurrogate { LS, GP }
- enum subsurrogate_basis { polynomial, radial }
- enum testfunction {
  SmoothHerbie, Herbie, Cone, Cross,
  UnitSphere, Linear34 }

Private Member Functions

- void VPSmodel_build ()
  Function to compute coefficients governing the VPS surrogates.
- void VPSmodel_apply (const RealVector &new_x, bool variance_flag, bool gradients_flag)
  Function returns a response value using the VPS surface.

Private Attributes

- Real approxValue
  value of the approximation returned by value()
- Real approxVariance
  value of the approximation returned by prediction_variance()
- RealMatrix trainPoints
  A 2-D array (num sample sites = rows, num vars = columns) used to create the Gaussian process.
- RealMatrix trainValues
  An array of response values; one response value per sample site.
- size_t numObs
  The number of observations on which the GP surface is built.
- int surrogateOrder
  The order of the polynomial in each Voronoi cell.
- subsurrogate _vps_subsurrogate
- subsurrogate_basis _vps_subsurrogate_basis
- testfunction _vps_test_function
- double Q [1220]
- int index
- double cc
- double c
- double zc
- double zx
- double zy
- size_t qlen
- size_t _n_dim
- double * _xmin
- double * _xmax
- double _diag
- size_t _num_inserted_points
- double ** _sample_points
## Static Private Attributes

- static `VPSApproximation * VPSinstance`  
  pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator

## Additional Inherited Members

### 13.207.1 Detailed Description

Derived approximation class for VPS implementation.

The `VPSApproximation` class provides a set of piecewise surrogate approximations.

each of which is valid within a Voronoi cell.

### 13.207.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void VPSmodel_apply ( const RealVector & new_x, bool variance_flag, bool gradients_flag ) [private]
```

Function returns a response value using the VPS surface.

The response value is computed at the design point specified by the `RealVector` function argument.

References `VPSApproximation::approxValue`, `VPSApproximation::gradient()`, `VPSApproximation::prediction_variance()`, and `VPSApproximation::value()`.
13.207.3 Member Data Documentation

VPSApproximation * VPSInstance [static], [private]

pointer to the active object instance used within the static evaluator
default constructor

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- VPSApproximation.hpp
- VPSApproximation.cpp

13.208 WorkdirHelper Class Reference

Static Public Member Functions

- static void initialize ()
  initialize (at runtime) cached values for paths and environment
- static const std::string & startup ()
  Query for dakota’s startup $PWD.
- static void change_directory (const bfs::path &new_dir)
  change current directory
- static void prepend_preferred_env_path (const std::string &extra_path)
  Prepend cached preferredEnvPath with extra_path and update $PATH environment variable.
- static void set_environment (const std::string &env_name, const std::string &env_val, bool overwrite_flag=true)
  Set an environment variable.
- static bfs::path which (const std::string &driver_name)
  Returns the bfs::path for the analysis driver, supporting typical windows filename extensions, or empty if not found.
- static bfs::path rel_to_abs (const bfs::path &subdir_path)
  get a valid absolute bfs::path to a subdirectory relative to rundir
- static StringArray tokenize_driver (const String &user_an_driver)
  tokenize a white-space separated analysis driver, respecting escapes and nested quotes
- static bfs::path concat_path (const bfs::path &p_in, const String &tag)
  concatenate a string onto the end of a path
- static bfs::path system_tmp_file (const std::string &prefix)
  generate a valid temporary file name <prefix>_%%_%%_%%
- static bfs::path system_tmp_path ()
  get the system tmp path, e.g., /tmp or C:
- static bool create_directory (const bfs::path &dir_path, short mkdir_option)
  Create a directory, with options for remove or error.
- static void recursive_remove (const bfs::path &rm_path, short fileop_option)
Remove a path (file, directory, or symlink) without regard to its type. Only error if existed and there's an error in the remove.

- static void rename (const bfs::path &old_path, const bfs::path &new_path, short fileop_option)
  Rename a file, catching any errors and optionally warning/erroring.

- static void link_items (const StringArray &source_items, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  top-level link a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), potentially including wildcards, from destination_dir, which must exist

- static void copy_items (const StringArray &source_items, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  copy a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), potentially including wildcards into destination_dir, which must exist

- static void prepend_path_items (const StringArray &source_items)
  prepend any directories (including wildcards) found in source_items to the preferred environment path; this will update cached preferred path and PATH

- static bool check_equivalent_dest (const StringArray &source_items, const bfs::path &dest_dir)
  check whether any of the passed source items are filesystem equivalent to the destination path, return true if any one is equivalent to dest

- static bool find_driver (const StringArray &source_items, const bfs::path &search_driver)
  check whether the any of the passed source items (possibly including wildcards to be expanded) matches the passed search driver

- static bool link (const bfs::path &src_path, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  create link from dest_dir/src_path.filename() to a single path (file, dir, link) in source directory

- static bool recursive_copy (const bfs::path &src_path, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  Recursive copy of src_path into dest_dir, with optional top-level overwrite (remove/recreate) of dest_dir/src_path.-filename()

- static bool prepend_path_item (const bfs::path &src_path, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  prepend the preferred env path with source path if it's a directory; this will update cached preferred path and manipulate PATH

- static bool check_equivalent (const bfs::path &src_path, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  return true if the src and dest are filesystem equivalent

- static bool find_file (const bfs::path &src_path, const bfs::path &search_file, bool overwrite)
  return true if the src_path is a regular file and has same filename as search_file

- static bool file_op_items (const file_op_function &file_op, const StringArray &source_paths, const bfs::path &dest_dir, bool overwrite)
  recursively perform file_op (copy, path adjust, etc.) on a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), which potentially include wildcards, w.r.t. destination_dir

- static void set_preferred_path ()
  set/reset PATH to dakPreferredEnvPath

- static void set_preferred_path (const boost::filesystem::path &extra_path)
  set PATH to absolute(extra_path):dakPreferredEnvPath, without changing cached preferred PATH

- static void reset ()
  Resets the working directory "state" to its initial state when DAKOTA was launched.
Private Member Functions

- **WorkdirHelper ()**
  
  *default constructor*

- **WorkdirHelper (const WorkdirHelper &)**
  
  *copy constructor*

- **~WorkdirHelper ()**
  
  *destructor*

- **WorkdirHelper & operator= (const WorkdirHelper &)**
  
  *assignment operator*

Static Private Member Functions

- **static bfs::path po_which (const std::string &driver_name)**
  
  *Returns the bfs::path for the analysis driver - POSIX-style implementation, returns empty if not found.*

- **static std::string init_startup_path ()**
  
  *Initializes class member, startupPATH.*

- **static std::string init_preferred_env_path ()**
  
  *Initializes class member, dakPreferredEnvPath.*

- **static std::vector<std::string> tokenize_env_path (const std::string &path)**
  
  *Tokenizes $PATH$ environment variable into a "list" of directories.*

Static Private Attributes

- **static std::string startupPWD = "."**
  
  *Value of $PWD$ var upon entry to dakota main()*

- **static std::string startupPATH = "."**
  
  *Value of $PATH$ ($PATH\%$ on windows) var upon entry to dakota main(), omitting any leading PATH= or Path=.*

- **static std::string dakPreferredEnvPath = "."**
  
  *Dakota preferred search PATH/Path = ".:startupPWD:startupPATH", omitting any leading PATH= or Path=.*

13.208.1 Detailed Description

Utility class for cross-platform management of environment and paths. Including directory and file operations. On initialization, this class does not manipulate the present working directory, nor the PATH environment variable, but stores context to manipulate them later.

13.208.2 Member Function Documentation

```cpp
void initialize ( ) [static]
```

initialize (at runtime) cached values for paths and environment

Initialize defers calls to Boost filesystem utilities until runtime (required on some operating systems.

References WorkdirHelper::dakPreferredEnvPath, WorkdirHelper::init_preferred_env_path(), WorkdirHelper::init_startup_path(), WorkdirHelper::startupPATH, and WorkdirHelper::startupPWD.

Referenced by Environment::Environment().
void prepend_preferred_env_path ( const std::string & extra_path ) [static]

Prepend cached preferredEnvPath with extra_path and update $PATH environment variable.
- Overwrites $PATH with an additional directory prepended, typically for the purpose of ensuring templatedir is in the $PATH; updates cached preferred PATH and environment PATH, so exercise caution with repeated calls.
- References WorkdirHelper::dakPreferredEnvPath, WorkdirHelper::set_environment(), and WorkdirHelper::startup_PWD.
  Referenced by WorkdirHelper::prepend_path_item().

bfs::path which ( const std::string & driver_name ) [static]

Returns the bfs::path for the analysis driver, supporting typical windows filename extensions, or empty if not found.
- Uses string representing $PATH to locate an analysis driver on the host computer. Returns the path to the driver (as a string)
  This version is a wrapper over the "plain ol' which" implementation, allowing an array of windows, 3-letter extensions to be checked.
  References Dakota::get_pathext(), and WorkdirHelper::po_which().
  Referenced by NIDRProblemDescDB::check_driver().

void split_wildcard ( const std::string & path_with_wc, bfs::path & search_dir, bfs::path & wildcard ) [static]

given a string with an optional path and a wildcard, e.g., /tmp/D*?pp, parse it into the search path /tmp (default .) and the wildcard D*?pp. Return wildcard as path to reduce wstring conversions
- Input: path_with_wc; Output: search_dir, wildcard
  Referenced by WorkdirHelper::file_op_items().

bool create_directory ( const bfs::path & dir_path, short mkdir_option ) [static]

Create a directory, with options for remove or error.
- mkdir_option is DIR_CLEAN (remove and recreate), DIR_PERSIST (leave existing), or DIR_ERROR (don’t allow existing) returns whether a new directory was created.
  References Dakota::abort_handler(), and WorkdirHelper::recursive_remove().
  Referenced by ProcessApplicInterface::define_filenames().

void link_items ( const StringArray & source_items, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]

top-level link a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), potentially including wildcards, from destination_dir, which must exist
- Iterate source items (paths or wildcards), linking each of them from the destination. If overwrite, remove and replace any existing destination target, otherwise, allow to persist
  References WorkdirHelper::file_op_items(), and WorkdirHelper::link().
  Referenced by ProcessApplicInterface::define_filenames().

void copy_items ( const StringArray & source_items, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]

copy a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), potentially including wildcards into destination_dir, which must exist
Iterate source items (paths or wildcards), copying each of them into the destination. If overwrite, remove and replace any existing destination target, otherwise, allow to persist.

References WorkdirHelper::file_op_items(), and WorkdirHelper::recursive_copy().

Referenced by ProcessApplicInterface::define_filenames().

```cpp
bool link ( const bfs::path & src_path, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]
```

Create link from dest_dir/src_path.filename() to a single path (file, dir, link) in source directory.

Assumes source file exists since it was iterated in the calling context. If overwrite, any existing file in dest_dir will be removed prior to creating the new link.

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::link_items().

```cpp
bool recursive_copy ( const bfs::path & src_path, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]
```

Recursive copy of src_path into dest_dir, with optional top-level overwrite (remove/recreate) of dest_dir/src_path.filename()

Note dest_dir is the containing folder for the src_path contents to be placed in for consistency with other convenience functions (may need to reconsider).

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::copy_items().

```cpp
bool prepend_path_item ( const bfs::path & src_path, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]
```

Prepend the preferred env path with source path if it's a directory; this will update cached preferred path and manipulate PATH.

Prepend the env path with source path if it's a directory or directory symlink.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), and WorkdirHelper::prepend_preferred_env_path().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::prepend_path_items().

```cpp
bool file_op_items ( const file_op_function & file_op, const StringArray & source_items, const bfs::path & dest_dir, bool overwrite ) [static]
```

Recursively perform file_op (copy, path adjust, etc.) on a list of source_paths (files, directories, symlinks), which potentially include wildcards, w.r.t. destination_dir.

`Iterator` implementation for copy, link, etc file operation. Iterate source items (paths or wildcards), performing file_op on each w.r.t. destination. If overwrite, remove and replace any existing destination target (at top-level), otherwise, allow to persist. Return code true indicates abnormal behavior.

References WorkdirHelper::splitWildcard(), and Dakota::strContains().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::check_equivalent_dest(), WorkdirHelper::copy_items(), WorkdirHelper::find_driver(), WorkdirHelper::link_items(), and WorkdirHelper::prepend_path_items().

```cpp
void set_preferred_path ( const boost::filesystem::path & extra_path ) [static]
```

Set PATH to absolute(extra_path)::dakPreferredEnvPath, without changing cached preferred PATH.

If needed, convert the passed item to an absolute path (while could make sense to prepend a relative path, no current use cases) and prepend when setting environment. Does not update cached preferred path.

References WorkdirHelper::dakPreferredEnvPath, WorkdirHelper::rel_to_abs(), and WorkdirHelper::set_environment().
bfs::path po_which ( const std::string & driver_name ) [static], [private]

Returns the bfs::path for the analysis driver - POSIX-style implementation, returns empty if not found.

For absolute driver_name, validates that is regular file. For relative, uses string representing $PATH (preferred path) to locate an analysis driver on the host computer. Returns the path to the driver, or empty if not found.

This is the "plain ol' which" impl that worked well, historically, on POSIX.

References Dakota::contains(), WorkdirHelper::dakPreferredEnvPath, and WorkdirHelper::tokenize_env_path().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::which().

std::string init_startup_path ( ) [static], [private]

Initializes class member, startupPATH.

Gets the $PATH (PATH% on windows) and returns the std::string value

References Dakota::abort_handler().

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::initialize().

std::string init_preferred_env_path ( ) [static], [private]

Initializes class member, dakPreferredEnvPath.

Prepends '.' and the startupPWD to the initial startup $PATH string so that analysis driver detection is more robust

References WorkdirHelper::startupPATH, and WorkdirHelper::startupPWD.

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::initialize().

std::vector< std::string > tokenize_env_path ( const std::string & env_path ) [static], [private]

Tokenizes $PATH environment variable into a "list" of directories.

Creates a a vector of directories (as an aid to search) by breaking up the $PATH environment variable (passed in as a string argument)

Referenced by WorkdirHelper::po_which().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- WorkdirHelper.hpp
- WorkdirHelper.cpp
Chapter 14

File Documentation

14.1  dakota_dll_api.cpp File Reference

This file contains a DakotaRunner class, which launches DAKOTA.

Namespaces

• Dakota

  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Constant Groups

• Dakota

  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Functions

• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_create (int *dakota_ptr_int, const char *logname)
  create and configure a new DakotaRunner, adding it to list of instances

• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_readInput (int id, const char *dakotaInput)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to read from file dakotaInput

• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_get_variable_info (int id, char ***pVarNames, int *pNumVarNames, char ***pRespNames, int *pNumRespNames)
  return the variable and response names

• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_start (int id)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to start (plugin interface and run strategy)

• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_destroy (int id)
  delete Dakota runner instance id and remove from active list

• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_stop (int *id)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to stop execution

• const char *DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_getStatus (int id)
  return current results output as a string

• int get_mc_ptr_int ()
get the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter
• void set_mc_ptr_int (int ptr_int)
  set the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter
• int get_dc_ptr_int ()
  get the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter current design point
• void set_dc_ptr_int (int ptr_int)
  set the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter current design point

14.1.1 Detailed Description
This file contains a DakotaRunner class, which launches DAKOTA.

14.1.2 Function Documentation
void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_stop ( int * id )
command DakotaRunner instance id to stop execution
  TODO: trick application to quit through the syscall interface or throw exception.

14.2 dakota_dll_api.h File Reference
API for DLL interactions.

Functions
• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_create (int *dakota_ptr_int, const char *logname)
  create and configure a new DakotaRunner, adding it to list of instances
• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_readInput (int id, const char *dakotaInput)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to read from file dakotaInput
• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_start (int id)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to start (plugin interface and run strategy)
• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_destroy (int id)
  delete Dakota runner instance id and remove from active list
• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_stop (int *id)
  command DakotaRunner instance id to stop execution
• const char *DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_getStatus (int id)
  return current results output as a string
• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN get_mc_ptr_int ()
  get the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter
• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN set_mc_ptr_int (int ptr_int)
  set the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter
• int DAKOTA_DLL_FN get_dc_ptr_int ()
  get the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter current design point
• void DAKOTA_DLL_FN set_dc_ptr_int (int ptr_int)
  set the DAKOTA pointer to ModelCenter current design point
14.3. **DAKOTA_LINEAR_ALGEBRA.HPP FILE REFERENCE**

- void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_get_variable_info (int id, char **pVarNames, int *pNumVarNames, char **pRespNames, int *pNumRespNames)
  
  return the variable and response names

**14.2.1 Detailed Description**

API for DLL interactions.

**14.2.2 Function Documentation**

void DAKOTA_DLL_FN dakota_stop ( int * id )

command DakotaRunner instance id to stop execution

   TODO: trick application to quit through the syscall interface or throw exception.

**14.3 dakota_linear_algebra.hpp File Reference**

**Dakota** linear algebra utilities.

**Namespaces**

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

**Constant Groups**

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

**Functions**

- void svd (RealMatrix &matrix, RealVector &singular_vals, RealMatrix &v_trans)
  
  Compute the SVD of an arbitrary matrix \( A = UV^T \).

**14.3.1 Detailed Description**

Dakota linear algebra utilities. Convenience functions to perform Teuchos::LAPACK operations on Dakota RealMatrix/RealVector

**14.4 dakota_tabular_io.hpp File Reference**

Utility functions for reading and writing tabular data files Emerging utilities for tabular file I/O. For now, just extraction of capability from separate contexts to facilitate rework. These augment (and leverage) those in data_util.h.
Namespaces

- **Dakota**
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Constant Groups

- **Dakota**
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Functions

- **String** format name (unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  Translate tabular format into a user-friendly name.

- **void** print_expected_format (std::ostream &s, unsigned short tabular_format, size_t num_rows, size_t num_cols)
  
  Describe the expected data file format based on passed parameters.

- **void** print_unexpected_data (std::ostream &s, const String &filename, const String &context_message, unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  Print a warning if there’s extra data in the file.

- **void** open_file (std::ifstream &data_file, const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message)
  
  Open the file specified by name for reading, using passed input stream, presenting context-specific error on failure.

- **void** open_file (std::ofstream &data_file, const std::string &output_filename, const std::string &context_message)
  
  Open the file specified by name for writing, using passed output stream, presenting context-specific error on failure.

- **void** close_file (std::ifstream &data_file, const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message)
  
  Close the file specified by name after reading, using passed input stream, presenting context-specific error on failure.

- **void** close_file (std::ofstream &data_file, const std::string &output_filename, const std::string &context_message)
  
  Close the file specified by name after writing, using passed output stream, presenting context-specific error on failure.

- **void** write_header_tabular (std::ostream &tabular_ostream, const Variables &vars, const Response &response, const std::string &counter_label, unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  Output the header row (labels) for a tabular data file for variables and responses, with variables in input spec order. Conditionally include interface ID. Primary uses: environment tabular data, pre-run output, surrogate approx evals.

- **void** write_header_tabular (std::ostream &tabular_ostream, const Variables &vars, const StringArray &addtnl_labels, const std::string &counter_label, unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  Output the header row (labels) for a tabular data file for variables and additional labels not tied to a response. Variables are in input spec order. Conditionally include interface ID. Primary uses: MCMC chain export, including calibration sigmas.

- **void** write_leading_columns (std::ostream &tabular_ostream, size_t eval_id, const String &iface_id, unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  Write the leading column with eval ID and conditionally, the interface ID.

- **void** write_data_tabular (std::ostream &tabular_ostream, const Variables &vars, const String &iface, const Response &response, size_t counter, unsigned short tabular_format)
Output a row of tabular data from variables and response object used by graphics to append to tabular file during iteration. All active/inactive variables written in input spec order. Conditionally include interface ID. Primary uses: environment tabular data, pre-run output, surrogate approx evals.

- **void write_data_tabular** (const std::string &output_filename, const std::string &context_message, const RealVectorArray &output_coeffs, const UShort2DArray &output_indices)

  PCE export: write freeform format file with whitespace-separated data where each row has num_fns reals from coeffs, followed by num_vars unsigned shorts from indices.

- **bool exists_extra_data** (std::istream &tabular_file)

  Check if an input stream contains unexpected additional data.

- **void read_header_tabular** (std::istream &input_stream, unsigned short tabular_format)

  read and discard header line from the stream

- **size_t read_leading_columns** (std::istream &input_stream, unsigned short tabular_format)

  read leading columns { int eval_id [ String iface_id ] }

- **void read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, Variables vars, size_t num_entries, unsigned short tabular_format)

  read possibly header-annotated whitespace-separated data into a vector of length num_entries; if annotated then it’s a column vector for now

- **void read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, Variables vars, size_t num_fns, RealArray &input_vector, unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only)

  read possibly header-annotated whitespace-separated data of Variables, followed by num_fns, into a dynamic vector with minimal error checking

- **void read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, VariablesList &input_vars, ResponseList &input_resp, unsigned short tabular_format, bool verbose=false, bool active_only=false)

  read whitespace-separated data with optional row and column headers into lists of Variables and Responses until out of data; continuous variables only

- **void read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, RealMatrix &input_matrix, size_t record_len, unsigned short tabular_format, bool verbose=false)

  read whitespace-separated data with optional row and column headers into a single matrix, with length of record as specified and number of records to be determined by file content. The matrix is stored as record_len rows by num_records columns.

- **void read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, RealMatrix &input_matrix, size_t num_rows, size_t num_cols, unsigned short tabular_format, bool verbose=false)

  read whitespace-separated data with optional row and column headers into a single matrix, with size as specified

- **size_t read_data_tabular** (const std::string &input_filename, const std::string &context_message, RealVectorArray &cva, IntVectorArray &diva, StringMulti2DArray &dsva, RealVectorArray &drva, unsigned short tabular_format, bool active_only, Variables vars)

  read specified input data file into arrays with sizes specified by the passed vc_totals array; used in ParamStudy
14.4.1 Detailed Description

Utility functions for reading and writing tabular data files Emerging utilities for tabular file I/O. For now, just extraction of capability from separate contexts to facilitate rework. These augment (and leverage) those in data_util.h. Design/capability goals: Ability to read/write data with row/col headers or in free-form Detect premature end of file, report if extra data More consistent and reliable checks for file open errors Require right number of cols in header mode; only total data checking in free-form (likely) Allow comment character for header rows or even in data? variables vs. variables/responses for both read and write Should we support CSV? delimiter = ","; other? Verify treatment of trailing newline without reading a zero Allow reading into the transpose of the data structure

14.5 dll_tester.cpp File Reference

Test the DLL with a DAKOTA input file.

Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])  
   The main program for exercising the DLL API with a simple command-line.

14.5.1 Detailed Description

Test the DLL with a DAKOTA input file.

14.6 JEGAOptimizer.cpp File Reference

Contains the implementation of the JEGAOptimizer class.

Classes

• class JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator  
   An evaluator specialization that knows how to interact with Dakota.
• class JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator  
   A specialization of the JEGA::FrontEnd::EvaluatorCreator that creates a new instance of a Evaluator.
• class JEGAOptimizer::Driver  
   A subclass of the JEGA front end driver that exposes the individual protected methods to execute the algorithm.

Namespaces

• Dakota  
   The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Constant Groups

• Dakota  
   The primary namespace for DAKOTA.
14.7 JEGAOPTIMIZER.HPP FILE REFERENCE

Functions

- template<typename T>
  string asstring (const T &val)
  
  Creates a string from the argument val using an ostringstream.

14.6.1 Detailed Description

Contains the implementation of the JEGAOptimizer class.

14.7 JEGAOptimizer.hpp File Reference

Contains the definition of the JEGAOptimizer class.

Classes

- class JEGAOptimizer
  
  A version of Dakota::Optimizer for instantiation of John Eddy’s Genetic Algorithms (JEGA).

Namespaces

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Constant Groups

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

14.7.1 Detailed Description

Contains the definition of the JEGAOptimizer class.

14.8 library_mode.cpp File Reference

file containing a mock simulator main for testing Dakota in library mode

Classes

- struct callback_data

Functions

- void fpinit_AS ()
- void run_dakota_parse (const char *dakota_input_file)
  
  Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, mode 1: parsing an input file.
- void run_dakota_data ()
Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, mode 2: from C++ API inserted data.

- void run_dakota_mixed (const char *dakota_input_file, bool mpirun_flag)
  
  Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, from string or input file input, supplemented with additional C++ API adjustments.

- void serial_interface_plugin (Dakota::LibraryEnvironment &env)
  
  Convenience function with simplest example of interface plugin: plugin a serial DirectApplicInterface that can be constructed independent of Dakota’s configuration details.

- void parallel_interface_plugin (Dakota::LibraryEnvironment &env)
  
  Convenience function to plug a library client’s interface into the appropriate model, demonstrating use of Dakota parallel configuration in constructing the plugin Interface on the right MPI_Comm.

- static void callback_function (Dakota::ProblemDescDB *db, void *ptr)
  
  Example: user-provided post-parse callback (Dakota::DbCallbackFunction)

- int main (int argc, char *argv[])
  
  A mock simulator main for testing Dakota in library mode.

Variables

- static const char serial_input []
  
  Default Dakota input string for serial case (rosenbrock):

- static const char parallel_input []
  
  Default Dakota input string for parallel case (text_book)

14.8.1 Detailed Description

A file containing a mock simulator main for testing Dakota in library mode

14.8.2 Function Documentation

void fpinit_ASLe ( )

Floating-point initialization from AMPL: switch to 53-bit rounding if appropriate, to eliminate some cross-platform differences.

  Referenced by main().

void run_dakota_parse ( const char *dakota_input_file )

Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, mode 1: parsing an input file.

  Simplest library case: this function parses from an input file to define the ProblemDescDB data.

  References Environment::execute(), ProgramOptions::input_file(), Environment::mpi_manager(), MPIManager::mpirun_flag(), parallel_interface_plugin(), serial_interface_plugin(), and MPIManager::world_rank().

  Referenced by main().

void run_dakota_data ( )

Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, mode 2: from C++ API inserted data.

  Rather than parsing from an input file, this function populates Data class objects directly using a minimal specification and relies on constructor defaults and post-processing in post_process() to fill in the rest.
References DataInterface::data_rep(), DataResponses::data_rep(), DataVariables::data_rep(), DataMethod::data_rep(), LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db(), Environment::execute(), Environment::exit_mode(), DataResponsesRep::gradientType, DataResponsesRep::hessianType, LibraryEnvironment::insert_nodes(), DataMethodRep::methodName, Environment::mpi_manager(), MPIManager::mpirun_flag(), ParallelLibrary::mpirun_flag(), DataVariablesRep::numContinuousDesVars, DataResponsesRep::numNonlinearIneqConstraints, DataResponsesRep::numObjectiveFunctions, parallel_interface_plugin(), Environment::parallel_library(), serial_interface_plugin(), and ParallelLibrary::world_rank().

Referenced by main().

\textbf{void run\_dakota\_mixed ( const char \* \textit{dakota\_input\_file}, bool \textit{mpirun\_flag} )}

Run a Dakota LibraryEnvironment, from string or input file input, supplemented with additional C++ API adjustments.

Function to encapsulate the Dakota object instantiations for mode 3: mixed parsing and direct updating.

This function showcases multiple features. For parsing, either an input file (dakota_input_file != NULL) or a default input string (dakota_input_file == NULL) are shown. This parsed input is then mixed with input from three sources: (1) input from a user-supplied callback function, (2) updates to the DB prior to Environment instantiation, (3) updates directly to Iterators/Models following Environment instantiation.

References callback\_function(), LibraryEnvironment::done_modifying_db(), ProgramOptions::echo_input(), Environment::execute(), LibraryEnvironment::filtered_model_list(), ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), ProgramOptions::input_file(), ProgramOptions::input_string(), Environment::mpi_manager(), MPIManager::mpirun_flag(), parallel_input, parallel\_interface_plugin(), Environment::parallel\_library(), Environment::problem\_description\_db(), ProblemDescDB::resolve\_top\_method(), callback\_data::rosen\_cdv\_upper\_bd, serial\_input, serial\_interface\_plugin(), ProblemDescDB::set(), and ParallelLibrary::world_rank().

Referenced by main().

\textbf{void serial\_interface\_plugin ( Dakota::LibraryEnvironment \& \textit{env} )}

Convenience function with simplest example of interface plugin: plugin a serial DirectApplicInterface that can be constructed independent of Dakota’s configuration details.

Demonstration of simple plugin where client code doesn’t require access to detailed Dakota data (such as Model-based parallel configuration information) to construct the DirectApplicInterface. This example plugs-in a derived serial direct application interface instance (“plugin\_rosenbrock”).

References Dakota::abort_handler(), LibraryEnvironment::plugin\_interface(), and Environment::problem\_description\_db().

Referenced by run\_dakota\_data(), run\_dakota\_mixed(), and run\_dakota\_parse().

\textbf{void parallel\_interface\_plugin ( Dakota::LibraryEnvironment \& \textit{env} )}

Convenience function to plug a library client’s interface into the appropriate model, demonstrating use of Dakota parallel configuration in constructing the plugin Interface on the right MPI Comm.

From a filtered list of Model candidates, plug-in a derived direct application interface instance (“plugin\_text\_book” for parallel). This approach provides more complete access to the Model, e.g., for access to analysis communicators.

References Dakota::abort_handler(), Interface::assign\_rep(), LibraryEnvironment::filtered_model_list(), ProblemDescDB::get_db_model_node(), Environment::problem\_description\_db(), and ProblemDescDB::set\_db_model\_nodes().

Referenced by run\_dakota\_data(), run\_dakota\_mixed(), and run\_dakota\_parse().
static void callback_function ( Dakota::ProblemDescDB * db, void * ptr ) [static]

Example: user-provided post-parse callback (Dakota::DbCallbackFunction)
   Example of user-provided callback function (an instance of Dakota::DbCallbackFunction) to override input
   provided by parsed Dakota input file or input string data.
   References Dakota::contains(), ProblemDescDB::get_sa(), ProblemDescDB::get_ushort(), ProblemDescDB-
   ::resolve_top_method(), callback_data::rosen_cdv_upper_bd, and ProblemDescDB::set().
   Referenced by run_dakota_mixed().

int main ( int argc, char * argv[] )

A mock simulator main for testing Dakota in library mode.
   Overall Usage: dakota_library_mode [-mixed] [dakota.in]
   Uses alternative instantiation syntax as described in the library mode documentation within the Developers
   Manual. Tests several problem specification modes:
   (1) run_dakota_parse: reads all problem specification data from a Dakota input file. Usage: dakota_library_-
   mode dakota.in
   (2) run_dakota_data: creates all problem specification from direct Data instance instantiations in the C++ code.
   Usage: dakota_library_mode
   (3) run_dakota_mixed: a mixture of input parsing and direct data updates, where the data updates occur: (a)
   via the DB during Environment instantiation, and (b) via Iterators/Models following Environment instantiation.
   Usage: dakota_library_mode -mixed (input from default string) dakota_library_mode -mixed dakota.in (input from
   specified file)
   Serial cases use a plugin rosenbrock model, while parallel cases use textbook.
   References MPIManager::detect_parallel_launch(), fpinit_ASL(), Dakota::mpi_debug_hold(), run_dakota_data(),
   run_dakota_mixed(), and run_dakota_parse().

14.8.3 Variable Documentation

const char serial_input[] [static]

Initial value:

" = " # method,
" optpp_q_newton"
" max_iterations = 50"
" convergence_tolerance = 1e-4"
" variables," # continuous_design = 2"
" descriptors 'x1' 'x2'
" interface," # direct"
" analysis_driver = 'plugin_rosenbrock'
" responses," # num_objective_functions = 1"
" analytic_gradients"
" no_hessians"

Default Dakota input string for serial case (rosenbrock):
Referenced by run_dakota_mixed().

const char parallel_input[] [static]

Initial value:
= " method," 
  " optpp_e_newton*
  " max_iterations = 50*
  " convergence_tolerance = 1e-4*
  " variables,*
  " continuous_design = 2*
  " descriptors 'x1' 'x2'"
  " interface,*
  " direct*
  " analysis_driver = 'plugin_text_book’"
  " responses,*
  " num_objective_functions = 1*
  " num_nonlinear_inequality_constraints = 2" 
  " analytic_gradients"
  " no_hessians"

Default Dakota input string for parallel case (text_book)
Referenced by run_dakota Mixed().

14.9 library_split.cpp File Reference

file containing a mock simulator main for testing DAKOTA in library mode on a split communicator

Functions

- void manage_mpi (MPI_Comm &my_comm, int &color)
  
  Split MPI_COMM_WORLD, returning the comm and color.

- void gen_dakota_input (const int &color, std::string &input)
  
  Return the appropriate DAKOTA input based on color (1 or 2)

- void run_dakota (const MPI_Comm &comm, const std::string &input, const int &color)
  
  Launch DAKOTA on passed communicator, tagging output/error with color.

- void collect_results ()
  
  Wait for and collect results from DAKOTA runs.

- int main (int argc, char *argv[])
  
  Driver routine for testing library mode with partitioned MPI_Comm. This test fixture requires MPI and can be run on 3–8 processors.

14.9.1 Detailed Description

file containing a mock simulator main for testing DAKOTA in library mode on a split communicator

14.10 main.cpp File Reference

file containing the main program for DAKOTA

Functions

- void fpinit_AS ()

- int main (int argc, char *argv[])
  
  The main DAKOTA program.
14.10.1 Detailed Description

file containing the main program for DAKOTA

14.10.2 Function Documentation

void fpinit_ASL()

Floating-point initialization from AMPL: switch to 53-bit rounding if appropriate, to eliminate some cross-platform differences.

int main ( int argc, char * argv[])

The main DAKOTA program.

Manage command line inputs, input files, restart file(s), output streams, and top level parallel iterator communicators. Instantiate the ExecutableEnvironment and invoke its execute() virtual function.

References Environment::check(), ExecutableEnvironment::execute(), fpinit_ASL(), Dakota::mpi_debug_hold(), and Dakota::register_signal_handlers().

14.11 restart_util.cpp File Reference

file containing the DAKOTA restart utility main program

Namespaces

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Constant Groups

- Dakota
  
  The primary namespace for DAKOTA.

Functions

- void print_usage (std::ostream &s)
  
  print restart utility help message
- void print_restart (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest)
  
  print a restart file
- void print_restart_pdb (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest)
  
  print a restart file (PDB format)
- void print_restart_tabular (StringArray pos_args, String print_dest, unsigned short tabular_format)
  
  print a restart file (tabular format)
- void read_neutral (StringArray pos_args)
  
  read a restart file (neutral file format)
- void repair_restart (StringArray pos_args, String identifier_type)
  
  repair a restart file by removing corrupted evaluations
- void concatenate_restart (StringArray pos_args)
14.11. RESTART_UTIL.CPP FILE REFERENCE

concatenate multiple restart files

• int main (int argc, char *argv[ ])

The main program for the DAKOTA restart utility.

14.11.1 Detailed Description

file containing the DAKOTA restart utility main program

14.11.2 Function Documentation

int main ( int argc, char * argv[ ] )

The main program for the DAKOTA restart utility.

Parse command line inputs and invoke the appropriate utility function (print_restart(), print_restart_tabular(), read_neutral(), repair_restart(), or concatenate_restart()).

References Dakota::concatenate_restart(), Dakota::print_restart(), Dakota::print_restart_pdb(), Dakota::print_restart_tabular(), Dakota::print_usage(), Dakota::read_neutral(), and Dakota::repair_restart().
Index

~Approximation
  Dakota::Approximation, 381
~Constraints
  Dakota::Constraints, 430
~DataFitSurrModel
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 440
~EffGlobalMinimizer
  Dakota::EffGlobalMinimizer, 510
~Environment
  Dakota::Environment, 520
~Interface
  Dakota::Interface, 568
~Iterator
  Dakota::Iterator, 578
~Model
  Dakota::Model, 639
~NonDAdaptiveSampling
  Dakota::NonDAdaptiveSampling, 704
~ProblemDescDB
  Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 863
~SharedApproxData
  Dakota::SharedApproxData, 935
_initPts
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 595
_model
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 528
A
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 421
APPSEvalMgr, 389
  Dakota::APPSEvalMgr, 391
APPSOptimizer, 392
abort_handler_t
  Dakota, 156
abort_mode
  Dakota, 161
accepts_multiple_points
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 594
ActiveSet, 353
activeVarsCompsTotals
  Dakota::SharedVariablesDataRep, 955
actualModel
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 447
add.Anchor_to_Surfdata
  Dakota::SurfpackApproximation, 977
add_datapoint
  Dakota::Graphics, 555
  Dakota::OutputManager, 818
algorithm_space_model
  Dakota::Analyzer, 361
  Dakota::EffGlobalMinimizer, 511
  Dakota::Minimizer, 611
  Dakota::NonDBayesCalibration, 708
  Dakota::NonDExpansion, 721
  Dakota::NonDGlobalInterval, 727
  Dakota::NonDReliability, 784
allContinuousIds
  Dakota::SharedVariablesDataRep, 955
Analyzer, 355
anisotropic_order_to_dimension_preference
  Dakota::NonDIntegration, 741
append_approximation
  Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 387, 388
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 443, 444
ApplicationInterface, 362
approx_subprob_constraint_eval
  Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 985
approx_subprob_objective_eval
  Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 985
approxBuilds
  Dakota::SurrogateModel, 994
Approximation, 377
    Dakota::Approximation, 381
    Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 384
    ApreproWriter, 395
array_insert
  Dakota::ResultsDBAny, 909
assess_reconstruction
  Dakota::EfficientSubspaceMethod, 514
assign_rep
  Dakota::Interface, 569
Dakota::Iterator, 581
Dakota::Model, 644
asstring
Dakota, 158
asynchronous_local_analyses
Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 872
asynchronous_local_evaluations
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 374
asynchronous_local_evaluations_nowait
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 375
augmented_lagrangian_merit
Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 989
autotag_files
Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 868

B
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
barnes
Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1007
barnes_if
Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1007
BaseConstructor, 395
bootstrapRNG
Dakota::BootstrapSamplerBase, 399
BootstrapSampler< Data >, 396
BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< Ordinal_Type, ScalarType > >, 397
BootstrapSamplerBase< Data >, 398
BootstrapSamplerWithGS< Data, Getter, Setter >, 399
bound_subproblem
Dakota::PebbldMinimizer, 850
brent_minimize
Dakota::NonlinearCGOptimizer, 806
build
Dakota::Approximation, 382
Dakota::PecosApproximation, 854
Dakota::SurfpackApproximation, 977
Dakota::TANA3Approximation, 1001
Dakota::TaylorApproximation, 1002
build_approximation
Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 388
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 442
build_global
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445
build_gradient_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data
Dakota::ExperimentData, 535
build_hessian_of_sum_square_residuals_from_function_data
Dakota::ExperimentData, 535
build_local_multipoint
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 446
build_views
Dakota::Constraints, 431
Dakota::Variables, 1022
buildDataOrder
Dakota::SharedApproxData, 936
C
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
CAUVLbl
Dakota, 346
CEUVLbl
Dakota, 347
COLINApplication, 400
COLINOptimizer, 403
Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 405, 406
CONMINOptimizer, 415
CT
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
callback_data, 400
callback_function
library_mode.cpp, 1043
ccv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 665
cdiv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 665
cdrv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 665
cdsv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 665
check_and_broadcast
Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 864
check_driver
Dakota::NIDRProblemDescDB, 671
check_input
Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 864
check_variables
Dakota::NonDIntegration, 741
check_wait
Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 872
clear
Dakota::ParallelLevel, 826
clear_all
Dakota::Approximation, 383
clear_current
Dakota::Approximation, 383
Dakota::TANA3Approximation, 1001
Clone
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 527
Dakota::OutputManager, 819
CreateEvaluator
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator, 528
cv_index_map
  Dakota::NestedModel, 664
cv_scaled2native
  Dakota::ScalingModel, 921
DAUIVLbl
  Dakota, 346
DAURVLbl
  Dakota, 347
DAUSVLbl
  Dakota, 346
DDACEDesignCompExp, 492
  Dakota::DDACEDesignCompExp, 494
DEUIVLbl
  Dakota, 347
DEURVLbl
  Dakota, 347
DEUSVLbl
  Dakota, 347
DF
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 421
DOTOptimizer, 503
DakFuncs0
  Dakota, 162
Dakota, 71
  abort_handler_t, 156
  abort_mode, 161
  asstring, 158
CAUVLbl, 346
CEUVLbl, 347
concatenate_restart, 161
contains, 161
copy_field_data, 157
DAUIVLbl, 346
DAURVLbl, 347
DAUSVLbl, 346
DEUIVLbl, 347
DEURVLbl, 347
DEUSVLbl, 347
DakFuncs0, 162
DesignAndStateLabelsCheck, 348
DiscSetLbl, 347
FIELD_NAMES, 162
flush, 155
generate restart, 161
getRmax, 161
getRmax, 158
getdist, 158
id_vars_exact_compare, 159
kw_1, 162, 257
kw_10, 164, 258
kw_100, 181, 275
kw_101, 182, 275
kw_102, 182, 275
kw_103, 182, 275
kw_104, 182, 275
kw_105, 183, 276
kw_106, 183, 276
kw_107, 183, 276
kw_108, 184, 276
kw_109, 184, 276
kw_11, 164, 258
kw_110, 184, 277
kw_111, 184, 277
kw_112, 184, 277
kw_113, 185, 277
kw_114, 185, 277
kw_115, 185, 278
kw_116, 186, 278
kw_117, 186, 278
kw_118, 186, 278
kw_119, 187, 278
kw_12, 164, 258
kw_120, 187, 278
kw_121, 188, 279
kw_122, 188, 279
kw_123, 188, 279
kw_124, 188, 279
kw_125, 189, 279
kw_126, 189, 280
kw_127, 190, 280
kw_128, 190, 280
kw_129, 190, 280
kw_13, 164, 259
kw_130, 190, 281
kw_131, 190, 281
kw_132, 191, 281
kw_133, 191, 281
kw_134, 191, 282
kw_135, 191, 282
kw_136, 192, 282
kw_137, 192, 282
kw_138, 192, 283
kw_139, 192, 283
kw_14, 165, 259
kw_140, 193, 283
kw_141, 193, 283
INDEX

kw_142, 193, 283
kw_143, 193, 284
kw_144, 193, 284
kw_145, 193, 284
kw_146, 194, 284
kw_147, 194, 284
kw_148, 194, 285
kw_149, 194, 285
kw_15, 165, 259
kw_150, 194, 285
kw_151, 195, 285
kw_152, 195, 285
kw_153, 195, 286
kw_154, 195, 286
kw_155, 195, 286
kw_156, 195, 286
kw_157, 196, 286
kw_158, 196, 287
kw_159, 196, 287
kw_16, 165, 259
kw_160, 196, 287
kw_161, 197, 287
kw_162, 197, 287
kw_163, 197, 287
kw_164, 197, 288
kw_165, 197, 288
kw_166, 198, 288
kw_167, 198, 288
kw_168, 198, 288
kw_169, 198, 289
kw_17, 165, 259
kw_170, 198, 289
kw_171, 199, 289
kw_172, 199, 289
kw_173, 199, 289
kw_174, 199, 289
kw_175, 199, 290
kw_176, 199, 290
kw_177, 200, 290
kw_178, 200, 290
kw_179, 200, 290
kw_18, 165, 260
kw_180, 200, 290
kw_181, 200, 291
kw_182, 201, 291
kw_183, 201, 291
kw_184, 201, 291
kw_185, 201, 291
kw_186, 201, 291
kw_187, 202, 292
kw_188, 202, 292
kw_189, 202, 292
kw_19, 166, 260
kw_190, 202, 292
kw_191, 203, 292
kw_192, 203, 293
kw_193, 203, 293
kw_194, 203, 293
kw_195, 203, 293
kw_196, 204, 293
kw_197, 204, 293
kw_198, 204, 294
kw_199, 204, 294
kw_2, 162, 257
kw_20, 166, 260
kw_200, 204, 294
kw_201, 204, 294
kw_202, 205, 294
kw_203, 205, 295
kw_204, 205, 295
kw_205, 205, 295
kw_206, 205, 295
kw_207, 206, 295
kw_208, 206, 295
kw_209, 206, 296
kw_210, 206, 296
kw_211, 206, 296
kw_212, 207, 296
kw_213, 207, 296
kw_214, 207, 297
kw_215, 207, 297
kw_216, 207, 297
kw_217, 208, 297
kw_218, 208, 297
kw_219, 208, 298
kw_22, 167, 261
kw_220, 208, 298
kw_221, 208, 298
kw_222, 208, 298
kw_223, 209, 298
kw_224, 209, 299
kw_225, 209, 299
kw_226, 210, 299
kw_227, 210, 299
kw_228, 210, 299
kw_229, 210, 300
kw_23, 167, 261
INDEX

kw_230, 211, 300
kw_231, 211, 300
kw_232, 211, 300
kw_233, 212, 300
kw_234, 212, 300
kw_235, 212, 301
kw_236, 212, 301
kw_237, 212, 301
kw_238, 213, 301
kw_239, 213, 302
kw_24, 167, 261
kw_240, 213, 302
kw_241, 213, 302
kw_242, 213, 302
kw_243, 213, 303
kw_244, 214, 303
kw_245, 214, 303
kw_246, 214, 303
kw_247, 214, 303
kw_248, 214, 304
kw_249, 214, 304
kw_25, 167, 261
kw_250, 215, 304
kw_251, 215, 304
kw_252, 215, 304
kw_253, 216, 304
kw_254, 216, 305
kw_255, 216, 305
kw_256, 216, 305
kw_257, 216, 305
kw_258, 217, 305
kw_259, 217, 305
kw_26, 167, 261
kw_260, 217, 306
kw_261, 217, 306
kw_262, 217, 306
kw_263, 217, 306
kw_264, 306
kw_265, 218, 307
kw_266, 218, 307
kw_267, 218, 307
kw_268, 218, 307
kw_269, 218, 307
kw_27, 168, 261
kw_270, 219, 308
kw_271, 219, 308
kw_272, 219, 308
kw_273, 219, 308
kw_274, 219, 308
kw_275, 220, 309
kw_276, 220, 309
kw_277, 220, 309
kw_278, 220, 309
kw_279, 221, 309
kw_28, 168, 262
kw_280, 221, 310
kw_281, 221, 310
kw_282, 221, 310
kw_283, 221, 310
kw_284, 221, 311
kw_285, 222, 311
kw_286, 222, 311
kw_287, 311
kw_288, 222, 311
kw_289, 222, 311
kw_29, 168, 262
kw_290, 223, 312
kw_291, 223, 312
kw_292, 223, 312
kw_293, 223, 312
kw_294, 224, 312
kw_295, 224, 313
kw_296, 224, 313
kw_297, 224, 313
kw_298, 225, 313
kw_299, 225, 313
kw_3, 163, 257
kw_30, 168, 262
kw_300, 225, 313
kw_301, 225, 314
kw_302, 226, 314
kw_303, 226, 314
kw_304, 226, 314
kw_305, 226, 315
kw_306, 226, 315
kw_307, 227, 315
kw_308, 227, 316
kw_309, 228, 316
kw_31, 168, 262
kw_310, 228, 316
kw_311, 228, 316
kw_312, 228, 316
kw_313, 228, 317
kw_314, 229, 317
kw_315, 229, 317
kw_316, 317
kw_317, 229, 317
kw_318, 230, 318
kw_319, 230, 318
kw_32, 169, 262
kw_320, 230, 318
kw_321, 230, 318
kw_322, 230, 318
kw_323, 231, 318
kw_324, 231, 319
kw_325, 231, 319
kw_326, 231, 319
kw_327, 231, 319
kw_328, 232, 320
kw_329, 232, 320
kw_33, 169, 262
kw_330, 232, 320
kw_331, 232, 320
kw_332, 232, 321
kw_333, 232
kw_334, 233, 321
kw_335, 233, 321
kw_336, 233, 321
kw_337, 233, 321
kw_338, 233, 322
kw_339, 234, 322
kw_34, 169, 263
kw_340, 234, 322
kw_341, 234, 322
kw_342, 234, 322
kw_343, 234, 322
kw_344, 234, 323
kw_345, 235, 323
kw_346, 235, 323
kw_347, 235, 323
kw_348, 235, 323
kw_349, 235, 323
kw_35, 169, 263
kw_350, 235, 324
kw_351, 236, 324
kw_352, 236, 324
kw_353, 236, 324
kw_354, 236, 324
kw_355, 236, 325
kw_356, 236, 325
kw_357, 237, 325
kw_358, 237, 325
kw_359, 237, 325
kw_36, 169, 263
kw_360, 238, 325
kw_361, 238, 326
kw_362, 238, 326
kw_363, 238, 326
kw_364, 239, 326
kw_365, 239, 326
kw_366, 239, 326
kw_367, 239, 327
kw_368, 239, 327
kw_369, 240, 327
kw_37, 169, 263
kw_370, 240, 327
kw_371, 240, 327
kw_372, 240, 328
kw_373, 241, 328
kw_374, 241, 328
kw_375, 241, 328
kw_376, 242, 329
kw_377, 242, 329
kw_378, 242, 329
kw_379, 242, 329
kw_38, 170, 263
kw_380, 242, 329
kw_381, 243, 329
kw_382, 243, 330
kw_383, 243, 330
kw_384, 244, 330
kw_385, 244, 330
kw_386, 244, 330
kw_387, 244, 331
kw_388, 244, 331
kw_389, 245, 331
kw_390, 245, 331
kw_391, 245, 332
kw_392, 246, 332
kw_393, 246, 332
kw_394, 246, 332
kw_395, 247, 333
kw_396, 247, 333
kw_397, 247, 333
kw_398, 247, 333
kw_399, 248, 333
kw_4, 163, 257
kw_40, 170, 264
kw_400, 248, 333
kw_401, 248, 334
kw_402, 248, 334
kw_403, 248, 334
kw_404, 249, 334
kw_405, 249, 335
kw_406, 249, 335
kw_407, 249, 335
kw_408, 250, 335
kw_409, 250, 336
kw_41, 170, 264
kw_410, 250, 336
kw_411, 250, 336
kw_412, 251, 336
kw_413, 251, 337
kw_414, 251, 337
kw_415, 251, 337
kw_416, 252, 337
kw_417, 252, 338
kw_418, 252, 338
kw_419, 252, 338
kw_42, 171, 264
kw_420, 253, 338
kw_421, 253, 338
kw_422, 253, 339
kw_423, 253, 339
kw_424, 254, 339
kw_425, 254, 339
kw_426, 254, 340
kw_427, 254, 340
kw_428, 255, 340
kw_429, 255, 340
kw_43, 171, 264
kw_430, 255, 341
kw_431, 255, 341
kw_432, 256, 341
kw_433, 256, 341
kw_434, 341
kw_435, 256, 342
kw_436, 342
kw_437, 342
kw_438, 342
kw_439, 343
kw_44, 171, 264
kw_440, 343
kw_441, 343
kw_442, 343
kw_443, 343
kw_444, 344
kw_445, 344
kw_446, 344
kw_447, 344
kw_448, 345
kw_449, 345
kw_45, 171, 265
kw_450, 345
kw_451, 345
kw_453, 346
kw_46, 172, 265
kw_47, 172, 265
kw_48, 172, 265
kw_49, 172, 266
kw_5, 163, 257
kw_50, 172, 266
kw_51, 173, 266
kw_52, 173, 266
kw_53, 173, 266
kw_54, 173, 267
kw_55, 173, 267
kw_56, 173, 267
kw_57, 174, 267
kw_58, 174, 267
kw_59, 174, 267
kw_6, 163, 257
kw_60, 174, 268
kw_61, 174, 268
kw_62, 175, 268
kw_63, 175, 268
kw_64, 175, 268
kw_65, 175, 268
kw_66, 175, 269
kw_67, 175, 269
kw_68, 176, 269
kw_69, 176, 269
kw_7, 163, 258
kw_70, 176, 269
kw_71, 176, 270
kw_72, 176, 270
kw_73, 177, 270
kw_74, 177, 270
kw_75, 177, 270
kw_76, 177, 271
kw_77, 177, 271
kw_78, 177, 271
kw_79, 178, 271
kw_8, 163, 258
kw_80, 178, 271
kw_81, 178, 271
kw_82, 178, 272
kw_83, 178, 272
kw_84, 179, 272
kw_85, 179, 272
kw_86, 179, 272
kw_87, 179, 272
kw_88, 179, 273
serve_evaluations_synch, 375
serve_evaluations_synch_peer, 376
set_communicators_checks, 371
stop_evaluation_servers, 371
synch, 370
synch_nowait, 370
synchronous_local_evaluations, 374

Dakota::Approximation
~Approximation, 381
Approximation, 381
build, 382
clear_all, 383
clear_current, 383
export_model, 382
finalize, 383
get_approx, 383
operator=, 382
pop, 382
rebuild, 382
restore, 383

Dakota::ApproximationInterface
append_approximation, 387, 388
build_approximation, 388
export_approximation, 388
functionSurfaces, 389
pop_approximation, 388
read_challenge_points, 389
rebuild_approximation, 388
restore_approximation, 389
update_approximation, 387

Dakota::BootstrapSampler
operator(), 396

Dakota::BootstrapSampler< Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix< OrdinalType, ScalarType > >
operator(), 397

Dakota::BootstrapSamplerBase
bootstrapRNG, 399

Dakota::COLINApplication
colin_request_to_dakota_request, 403
collect_evaluation_impl, 402
dakota_response_to_colin_response, 403
evaluation_available, 402
map_domain, 403
perform_evaluation_impl, 402
set_problem, 402
spawn_evaluation_impl, 402

Dakota::CONMINOptimizer
COLINOptimizer, 405, 406
colin_cache_lookup, 407
constraintViolation, 407
find_optimum, 406
post_run, 407
returns_multiple_points, 406
set_rng, 406
set_solver_parameters, 406
solver_setup, 406

Dakota::CommandLineHandler

Dakota::CommandShell
flush, 412
operator<<, 411

Dakota::ConcurrentMetaIterator
pre_run, 414
print_results, 414

Dakota::Constraints
~Constraints, 430
build_views, 431
Constraints, 429, 430
copy, 430
get_constraints, 432
manage_linear_constraints, 431
operator=, 430
reshape, 431
shape, 431
Dakota::Graphics
   add_datapoint, 555
   create_plots_2d, 555
   new_dataset, 555
Dakota::GridApplicInterface
   synchronous_local_analysis, 557
Dakota::HierarchSurrModel
   derived_asynch_compute_response, 560
   derived_compute_response, 560
   derived_synchronize, 560
   derived_synchronize_nowait, 561
evaluation_id, 561
Dakota::Interface
   ~Interface, 568
   assign_rep, 569
   eval_tag_prefix, 569
   get_interface, 570
   Interface, 568
   operator=, 569
   rawResponseMap, 570
   response_mapping, 569
Dakota::Iterator
   ~Iterator, 578
   assign_rep, 581
   core_run, 579
   eval_tag_prefix, 582
   finalize_run, 580
   get_iterator, 582
   gnewton_set_recast, 582
   initialize_graphics, 580
   initialize_run, 579
   Iterator, 577, 578
   maxEvalConcurrency, 583
   operator=, 579
   post_run, 579
   pre_run, 579
   print_results, 580
   probDescDB, 583
   run, 581
   uses_method, 580
Dakota::IteratorScheduler
   configure, 588
   free_iterator, 588
   init_iterator, 587
   IteratorScheduler, 587
   master_dynamic_schedule_iterators, 589
   partition, 589
   run_iterator, 588
   schedule_iterators, 589
serve_iterators, 589
set_iterator, 587
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer
   _initPts, 595
   accepts_multiple_points, 594
   find_optimum, 594
   GetBestMOSolutions, 594
   GetBestSOSolutions, 594
   GetBestSolutions, 593
   initial_points, 595
   JEGAOptimizer, 592
   LoadAlgorithmConfig, 592
   LoadDakotaResponses, 592
   LoadProblemConfig, 593
   LoadTheConstraints, 593
   LoadTheDesignVariables, 593
   LoadTheObjectiveFunctions, 593
   LoadTheParameterDatabase, 592
   returns_multiple_points, 595
   ToDoubleMatrix, 594
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Driver
   DestroyAlgorithm, 508
   Driver, 507
   ExtractAllData, 508
   PerformIterations, 508
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator
   _model, 528
   Clone, 527
   Description, 525
   Evaluate, 526, 527
   Evaluator, 524, 525
   GetDescription, 527
   GetName, 527
   GetNumberLinearConstraints, 526
   GetNumberNonLinearConstraints, 526
   Name, 525
   RecordResponses, 526
   SeparateVariables, 525
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator
   CreateEvaluator, 528
   EvaluatorCreator, 528
Dakota::LabelsWriter
   operator(), 596
Dakota::LeastSq
   core_run, 598
   finalize_run, 598
   get_confidence_intervals, 599
   initialize_run, 598
   LeastSq, 598
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post run, 598</th>
<th>Init serial, 643</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary resp weighter, 599</td>
<td>Initialize h, 645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print results, 599</td>
<td>Interface id, 642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight model, 599</td>
<td>Local eval concurrency, 642</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::LibraryEnvironment</td>
<td>Local eval synchronization, 641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filtered interface list, 601</td>
<td>Manage asv, 646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filtered model list, 601</td>
<td>Model, 639</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LibraryEnvironment, 601</td>
<td>Operator=, 640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::MatlabInterface</td>
<td>ProbDescDB, 647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derived_map_ac, 604</td>
<td>Subordinate iterator, 640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Matlab_engine_run, 604</td>
<td>Subordinate model, 640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::MetaIterator</td>
<td>Subordinate models, 643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post run, 606</td>
<td>Surrogate model, 640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::Minimizer</td>
<td>Synchronize derivatives, 646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algorithm_space_model, 611</td>
<td>Truth model, 641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data_transform_model, 611</td>
<td>Update_from_subordinate_model, 641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finalize run, 611</td>
<td>Update_quasi_hessians, 646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize run, 611</td>
<td>Update_response, 646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local_recast_retrieve, 613</td>
<td>Dakota::NCSUOptimizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimizer, 610</td>
<td>NCSUOptimizer, 655</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective, 612</td>
<td>Objective eval, 656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective gradient, 612</td>
<td>Dakota::NIDRProblemDescDB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objective hessian, 613</td>
<td>Check driver, 671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post run, 611</td>
<td>Derived parse inputs, 671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resize best resp array, 613</td>
<td>Make variable defaults, 671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resize best vars array, 613</td>
<td>Dakota::NL2SOLLeastSq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scale model, 612</td>
<td>Minimize residuals, 675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::MixedVarConstraints</td>
<td>Dakota::NLSSOLLeastSq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MixedVarConstraints, 614</td>
<td>NLSSOLLeastSq, 681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::MixedVariables</td>
<td>Dakota::NPSOLOptimizer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MixedVariables, 616</td>
<td>NPSOLOptimizer, 808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read core, 616</td>
<td>Dakota::NestedModel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read tabular, 616</td>
<td>Ccv_index_map, 665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dakota::Model</td>
<td>Cdiv_index_map, 665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>~Model, 639</td>
<td>Cdrv_index_map, 665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign rep, 644</td>
<td>Cdsv_index_map, 665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derivative concurrency, 644</td>
<td>Cv_index_map, 664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derived interface, 641</td>
<td>Derived asynch compute response, 662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimate derivatives, 645</td>
<td>Derived compute response, 662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimate message lengths, 644</td>
<td>Derived init communicators, 663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eval_tag prefix, 642</td>
<td>Derived master overload, 663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaluation cache, 642</td>
<td>Derived synchronize, 663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDstep1, 645</td>
<td>Div_index_map, 664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDstep2, 645</td>
<td>Drv_index_map, 665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FdGradStepSize, 647</td>
<td>Dsv_index_map, 664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FdHessByFnStepSize, 647</td>
<td>Evaluation id, 664</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FdHessByGradStepSize, 647</td>
<td>Local eval concurrency, 663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Get model, 645</td>
<td>Local eval synchronization, 663</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Init communicators, 643</td>
<td>Response mapping, 666</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX

subModel, 666
Dakota::NomadOptimizer
load_parameters, 684
NomadOptimizer, 684
Dakota::NomadOptimizer::Evaluator
eval_x, 522
Evaluator, 522
Dakota::NonD
compute_densities, 694
core_run, 693
finalize_run, 693
initialize_final_statistics, 694
initialize_random_variable_parameters, 693
initialize_random_variable_types, 692
initialize_random_variables, 692
initialize_run, 693
levelMappings_file, 695
print_level_map, 695
print_level_mappings, 693
set_u_to_x_mapping, 695
vars_u_to_x_mapping, 694
vars_x_to_u_mapping, 694
Dakota::NonDAdaptImpSampling
initialize, 698, 699
NonDAdaptImpSampling, 698
Dakota::NonDAdaptiveSampling
~NonDAdaptiveSampling, 704
NonDAdaptiveSampling, 704
Dakota::NonDBayesCalibration
algorithm_space_model, 708
log_likelihood, 708
neg_log_post_resp_mapping, 708
NonDBayesCalibration, 707
Dakota::NonDCalibration
NonDCalibration, 710
Dakota::NonDCubature
element_grid_preference, 712
element_reference, 713
NonDCubature, 712
num_samples, 713
sampling_reset, 712
Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration
NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 715
prior_density, 715
prior_sample, 716
problem_size, 715
problem_value, 715
quantify_uncertainty, 716
sample_likelihood, 716
Dakota::NonDExpansion
algorithm_space_model, 721
compute_covariance_metric, 721
compute_final_statistics_metric, 722
compute_statistics, 722
increment_specification_sequence, 721
useDerivs, 722
Dakota::NonDGPImpSampling
NonDGPImpSampling, 733
quantify_uncertainty, 733
Dakota::NonDGPMSABayesCalibration
NonDGPMSABayesCalibration, 736
nonDGPMSAInstance, 736
quantify_uncertainty, 736
Dakota::NonDGlobalInterval
algorithm_space_model, 727
Dakota::NonDIncremLHSSampling
NonDIncremLHSSampling, 738
quantify_uncertainty, 738
Dakota::NonDIntegration
anisotropic_order_to_dimension_preference, 741
check_variables, 741
dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order, 741
NonDIntegration, 740, 741
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability
dg_ds_eval, 762
dp2_dbeta_factor, 762
initial_taylor_series, 760
initialize_class_data, 760
initialize_level_data, 760
initialize_mpp_search_data, 761
PMA2_constraint_eval, 759
PMA_constraint_eval, 759
PMA_objective_eval, 759
probability, 762
RIA_constraint_eval, 758
RIA_objective_eval, 758
update_level_data, 762
update_mpp_search_data, 761
Dakota::NonDMultilevelSampling
NonDMultilevelSampling, 765
quantify_uncertainty, 765
Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos
increment_grid_from_order, 772
increment_order_and_grid, 772
increment_order_from_grid, 773
increment_specification_sequence, 772
NonDPolynomialChaos, 771, 772
Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration
logitTransform, 782
NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 781
prior_proposal_covariance, 782
quantify_uncertainty, 781
set_ip_options, 782
user_proposal_covariance, 782
Dakota::NonDQuadrature
initialize_grid, 776
NonDQuadrature, 776
num_samples, 777
sampling_reset, 776
Dakota::NonDRKDDarts
post_run, 787
pre_run, 787
quantify_uncertainty, 787
Dakota::NonDReliability
algorithm_space_model, 784
Dakota::NonDSampling
compute_level_mappings, 792
generate_parameter_sets, 793
mode_counts, 795
NonDSampling, 791, 792
num_samples, 792
quantify_uncertainty, 792
sampling_reset, 793
variables_to_sample, 794
view_aleatory_uncertain_counts, 794
view_design_counts, 794
view_epistemic_uncertain_counts, 794
view_uncertain_counts, 794
Dakota::NonDSparseGrid
NonDSparseGrid, 797
num_samples, 798
sampling_reset, 798
Dakota::NonDStochCollocation
compute_covariance_metric, 800
calculate_final_statistics_metric, 800
NonDStochCollocation, 799
Dakota::NonDWasabiBayesCalibration
NonDWasabiBayesCalibration, 803
print_results, 803
quantify_uncertainty, 803
Dakota::NonlinearCGOptimizer
brent_minimize, 806
Dakota::Optimizer
core_run, 814
final_run, 814
initialize_run, 814
objective_reduction, 815
post_run, 814
primary_resp_reducer, 815
print_results, 814
reduce_model, 815
Dakota::OutputManager
add_datapoint, 818
create_tabular_datastream, 819
OutputManager, 818
pop_output_tag, 818
Dakota::PSUADEDesignCompExp
enforce_input_rules, 882
num_samples, 882
PSUADEDesignCompExp, 882
post_run, 882
pre_run, 882
Dakota::PStudyDACE
core_run, 879
print_results, 879
volumetric_quality, 879
Dakota::ParallelConfiguration
mi_parallel_level, 822
mi_parallel_level_iterator, 822
Dakota::ParallelLevel
clear, 826
Dakota::ParallelLibrary
increment_parallel_configuration, 834
init_communicators, 835
init_mpi_comm, 834
ParallelLibrary, 833
push_output_tag, 834
resolve_inputs, 835
terminate_modelcenter, 834
Dakota::ParamResponsePair
evalInterfaceIds, 838
ParamResponsePair, 838
read, 838
write, 838
Dakota::ParamStudy
distribute_list_of_points, 843
load_distribute_points, 843
post_run, 843
pre_run, 842
Dakota::PebblBranchSub
PebblBranchSub, 848
Dakota::PebblBranching
PebblBranching, 846
Dakota::PebbldMinimizer
  bound_subproblem, 850
  PebblMinimizer, 849
  print_results, 850
Dakota::PebblMinimizer
  build, 854
  finalize, 854
  pop, 854
  rebuild, 854
  restore, 854
Dakota::PecosApproximation
  build, 854
  finalize, 854
  pop, 854
  rebuild, 854
  restore, 854
Dakota::ProblemDescDB
  ~ProblemDescDB, 863
  check_and_broadcast, 864
  check_input, 864
  get_db, 864
  operator=, 863
  parse_inputs, 863
  post_process, 864
  ProblemDescDB, 863
Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface
  autotag_files, 868
  file_cleanup, 868
  prepare_process_environment, 868
  read_results_file, 869
  reset_process_environment, 869
  synchronous_local_analyses, 868
Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface
  asynchronous_local_analyses, 872
  check_wait, 872
  create_command_arguments, 873
  create_evaluation_process, 871
  init_communicators_checks, 871
  ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 871
  serve_analyses_async, 872
  set_communicators_checks, 871
  synchronous_local_analysis, 871
Dakota::ProgramOptions
  split_filenames, 878
Dakota::PythonInterface
  derived_map_ac, 884
  python_convert_int, 884
Dakota::QuesoJointPdf
  QuesoJointPdf, 885
Dakota::QuesoVectorRV
  QuesoVectorRV, 886
Dakota::RecastModel
  derived_compute_response, 893
  eval_tag_prefix, 893
  initialize, 893
  RecastModel, 892
  update_from_sub_model, 893
Dakota::RelaxedVarConstraints
  RelaxedVarConstraints, 896
Dakota::RelaxedVariables
  read_core, 898
  read_tabular, 898
  RelaxedVariables, 898
Dakota::Response
  functionGradients, 916
Dakota::ResultsDBAny
  array_insert, 909
  extract_data, 909
  insert, 909
Dakota::ResultsEntry
  ResultsEntry, 910
Dakota::RichExtrapVerification
  converge_order, 917
  converge_qoi, 917
  estimate_order, 917
  print_results, 916
Dakota::SNLLLeastSq
  constraint1_evaluator_gn, 964
  constraint2_evaluator_gn, 964
  nlf2_evaluator_gn, 963
  post_run, 963
Dakota::SNLLOptimizer
  constraint0_evaluator, 970
  constraint1_evaluator, 970
  constraint2_evaluator, 970
  nlf0_evaluator, 969
  nlf1_evaluator, 969
  nlf2_evaluator, 969
  SNLLOptimizer, 968, 969
Dakota::ScalingModel
  cv_scaled2native, 921
  initialize_scaling, 921
  lin_coeffs_modify_n2s, 921
  modify_n2s, 922
  modify_s2n, 922
  need_resp_trans_byvars, 922
  response_modify_n2s, 922
  response_modify_s2n, 923
  scaleModelInstance, 923
  ScalingModel, 920
  secondary_resp_scaler, 921
  variables_scaler, 921
Dakota::SensAnalysisGlobal
  compute_correlations, 927
Dakota::SeqHybridMetaIterator
  extract, parameter_sets, 930
  print_results, 929
  run_sequential, 930
  run_sequential_adaptive, 930
Dakota::SharedApproxData
  ~SharedApproxData, 935
  buildDataOrder, 936
  get_shared_data, 936
  operator=, 936
  SharedApproxData, 935, 936
Dakota::SharedResponseData
  copy, 942
Dakota::SharedResponseDataRep
  copy_rep, 943
Dakota::SharedSurfpackApproxData
  SharedSurfpackApproxData, 945
Dakota::SharedVariablesData
  copy, 950
Dakota::SharedVariablesDataRep
  activeVarsCompsTotals, 955
  allContinuousIds, 955
  copy_rep, 955
  inactiveVarsCompsTotals, 955
  variablesCompsTotals, 955
Dakota::SingleModel
  eval_tag_prefix, 959
Dakota::SurfpackApproximation
  add_anchor_to_surfdata, 977
  build, 977
  hessian, 977
  SurfpackApproximation, 976
  surrogates_to_surf_data, 977
Dakota::SurfpackApproximation
  approx_subprob_constraint_eval, 985
  approx_subprob_objective_eval, 985
  hard_convergence_check, 984
  hom_constraint_eval, 985
  hom_objective_eval, 985
  minimize_surrogates, 983
  tr_ratio_check, 984
  update_penalty, 984
Dakota::SurfpackApproximation
  augmented_lagrangian_merit, 989
  constraintViolation, 990
  core_run, 988
  lagrangian_merit, 989
  penalty_merit, 990
  print_results, 988
  update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers, 989
  update_filter, 989
  update_lagrange_multipliers, 988
Dakota::SurrogateModel
  approxBuilds, 994
  force_rebuild, 993
  responseMode, 994
Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface
  init_communicators_checks, 996
  set_communicators_checks, 996
  spawn_analysis_to_shell, 997
  spawn_evaluation_to_shell, 997
  spawn_input_filter_to_shell, 997
  spawn_output_filter_to_shell, 997
  synchronous_local_analysis, 996
  test_local_evaluations, 996
  wait_local_evaluations, 996
Dakota::TANA3Approximation
  build, 1001
  clear_current, 1001
Dakota::TabularReader
  operator(), 999
Dakota::TabularWriter
  operator(), 999
Dakota::TaylorApproximation
  build, 1002
Dakota::TestDriverInterface
  barnes, 1007
  barnes_lf, 1007
  derived_map_ac, 1006
  diffusion_1d, 1007
  herbie, 1008
  herbie1D, 1007
  levenshtein_distance, 1008
  lf_poly_prod, 1006
  mc_api_run, 1008
  poly_prod, 1006
  separable_combine, 1008
  shubert1D, 1008
  smooth_herbie, 1008
  smooth_herbie1D, 1007
Dakota::TrackerHTTP
  send_data_using_get, 1010
  send_data_using_post, 1010
Dakota::UsageTracker
  UsageTracker, 1012
Dakota::VPSApproximation
  VPSinstance, 1029
  VPSmodel_apply, 1028
Dakota::Variables
  build_views, 1022
  discrete_string_variables_view, 1022
Dakota::Verification
  core_run, 1023
  print_results, 1023
Dakota::WorkdirHelper
  copy_items, 1032
  create_directory, 1032
  file_op_items, 1033
  init_preferred_env_path, 1034
  init_startup_path, 1034
  initialize, 1031
  link, 1033
  link_items, 1032
  po_which, 1033
  prepend_path_item, 1033
  prepend_preferred_env_path, 1031
  recursive_copy, 1033
  set_preferred_path, 1033
  split_wildcard, 1032
  tokenize_env_path, 1034
  which, 1032
  dakota_dll_api.cpp, 1035
  dakota_stop, 1036
  dakota_dll_api.h, 1036
  dakota_stop, 1037
  dakota_linear_algebra.hpp, 1037
  dakota_response_to_colin_response
    Dakota::COLINApplication, 403
  dakota_stop
    dakota_dll_api.cpp, 1036
    dakota_dll_api.h, 1037
    dakota_tabular_io.hpp, 1037
  data_difference_core
    Dakota::DataTransformModel, 476
  data_transform_model
    Dakota::Minimizer, 611
DataEnvironment, 432
DataEnvironmentRep, 433
DataFitSurrModel, 435
DataInterface, 447
DataMethod, 448
DataMethodRep, 449
DataModel, 463
DataModelRep, 464
DataResponses, 469
DataResponsesRep, 470
DataTransformModel, 474
  Dakota::DataTransformModel, 476
DataVariables, 477
DataVariablesRep, 479
derivVarsVector
  Dakota::ActiveSet, 355
derivative_concurrency
  Dakota::Model, 644
derived_asynch_compute_response
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 441
  Dakota::HierarchSurrModel, 560
  Dakota::NestedModel, 662
derived_compute_response
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 440
  Dakota::HierarchSurrModel, 560
  Dakota::NestedModel, 662
  Dakota::RecastModel, 893
derived_init_communicators
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 444
  Dakota::EfficientSubspaceMethod, 514
  Dakota::NestedModel, 663
derived_interface
  Dakota::Model, 641
derived_map_ac
  Dakota::DirectApplicInterface, 499
  Dakota::MatlabInterface, 604
  Dakota::PythonInterface, 884
  Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1006
derived_master_overload
  Dakota::NestedModel, 663
derived_parse_inputs
  Dakota::NIDRProblemDescDB, 671
derived_synchronize
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 441
  Dakota::HierarchSurrModel, 560
  Dakota::NestedModel, 663
derived_synchronize_nowait
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 441
  Dakota::HierarchSurrModel, 561
Description
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 525
DesignAndStateLabelsCheck
  Dakota, 348
DestroyAlgorithm
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Driver, 508
dg_ds_eval
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 762
diffusion_1d
  Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1007
dimension_preference_to_anisotropic_order
Dakota::NonDIntegration, 741
DirectApplicInterface, 495
DiscSetLbl
Dakota, 347
DiscrepancyCorrection, 500
discrete_string_view
Dakota::Variables, 1022
distribute_list_of_points
Dakota::ParamStudy, 843
div_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 664
dll_tester.cpp, 1040
dotFDSinfo
Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 505
dotInfo
Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 505
dotMethod
Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 506
dp2_dbeta_factor
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 762
Driver
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Driver, 507
drv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 665
dsv_index_map
Dakota::NestedModel, 664
dtModelInstance
Dakota::DataTransformModel, 477
duplication_detect
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 372
EffGlobalMinimizer, 509
EfficientSubspaceMethod, 511
EmbedHybridMetaIterator, 515
enforce_input_rules
Dakota::FSUDesignCompExp, 545
Dakota::PSUADEDesignCompExp, 882
enroll
Dakota::GetLongOpt, 553
Environment, 517
Dakota::Environment, 519, 520
estimate_derivatives
Dakota::Model, 645
estimate_message_lengths
Dakota::Model, 644
estimate_order
Dakota::RichExtrapVerification, 917
eval_tag_prefix
Dakota::Interface, 569
Dakota::Iterator, 582
Dakota::Model, 642
Dakota::RecastModel, 893
Dakota::SingleModel, 959
eval_x
Dakota::NomadOptimizer::Evaluator, 522
evalInterfaceIds
Dakota::ParamResponsePair, 838
Evaluate
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 526, 527
evaluate_parameter_sets
Dakota::Analyzer, 361
evaluation_available
Dakota::COLINApplication, 402
evaluation_cache
Dakota::Model, 642
evaluation_id
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445
Dakota::HierarchSurrModel, 561
Dakota::NestedModel, 664
Evaluator
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 524, 525
Dakota::NomadOptimizer::Evaluator, 522
EvaluatorCreator
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator, 528
ExecutableEnvironment, 529
exit_mode
Dakota::Environment, 520
expand_scales_array
Dakota::DataTransformModel, 477
ExperimentData, 529
ExperimentResponse, 537
export_approximation
Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 388
export_model
Dakota::Approximation, 382
export_point
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445
extract_data
Dakota::ResultsDBAny, 909
extract_parameter_sets
Dakota::SeqHybridMetaIterator, 930
ExtractAllData
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Driver, 508
FDstep1
Dakota::Model, 645
FDstep2
Dakota::Model, 645
FIELD_NAMES
Dakota, 162
INDEX

FSUDesignCompExp, 541
  Dakota::FSUDesignCompExp, 544
fdGradStepSize
  Dakota::Model, 647
fdHessByFnStepSize
  Dakota::Model, 647
fdHessByGradStepSize
  Dakota::Model, 647
file_cleanup
  Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 868
file_op_items
  Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1033
FileReadException, 539
filtered_interface_list
  Dakota::LibraryEnvironment, 601
filtered_model_list
  Dakota::LibraryEnvironment, 601
finalize
  Dakota::Approximation, 383
  Dakota::PecosApproximation, 854
finalize_export
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445
finalize_run
  Dakota::Iterator, 580
  Dakota::LeastSq, 598
  Dakota::Minimizer, 611
  Dakota::NonD, 693
  Dakota::Optimizer, 814
find_optimum
  Dakota::APPSOptimizer, 394
  Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 406
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 594
flush
  Dakota, 155
  Dakota::CommandShell, 412
force_rebuild
  Dakota::SurrogateModel, 993
ForkApplicInterface, 539
form_residuals
  Dakota::ExperimentData, 534
fpinit_ASLL
  library_mode.cpp, 1042
  main.cpp, 1046
free_iterator
  Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 588
FunctionEvalFailure, 545
functionGradients
  Dakota::Response, 906
functionSurfaces
  Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 389
G1
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
G2
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
GPlusModel_apply
  Dakota::GaussProcApproximation, 550
  Dakota::GaussProcApproximation, 549
GeneralReader, 550
GeneralWriter, 550
get_approx
  Dakota::Approximation, 383
get_best_sample
  Dakota::EffGlobalMinimizer, 511
get_confidence_intervals
  Dakota::LeastSq, 599
get_constraints
  Dakota::Constraints, 432
get_db
  Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 864
get_environment
  Dakota::Environment, 521
get_interface
  Dakota::Interface, 570
get_iterator
  Dakota::Iterator, 582
get_model
  Dakota::Model, 645
get_parameter_sets
  Dakota::NonDSampling, 793
get_pathext
  Dakota, 161
get_shared_data
  Dakota::SharedApproxData, 936
GetBestMOSolutions
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 594
GetBestSOSolutions
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 594
GetBestSolutions
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 593
GetDescription
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 527
GetLongOpt, 551
  Dakota::GetLongOpt, 553
GetName
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 527
GetNumberOfLinearConstraints
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 526
GetNumberNonLinearConstraints
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 526

getRmax
Dakota, 158

getdist
Dakota, 158

gnewton_set_recast
Dakota::Iterator, 582

Graphics, 554

GridApplicInterface, 556

half_log_cov_det_gradient
Dakota::ExperimentData, 536

half_log_cov_det_hessian
Dakota::ExperimentData, 536

half_log_cov_determinant
Dakota::ExperimentData, 536

hard_convergence_check
Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 984

herbie
Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1008

herbie1D
Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1007

hessian
Dakota::SurpackApproximation, 977

HierarchSurrModel, 557

hom_constraint_eval
Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 985

hom_objective_eval
Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 985

IC
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 421

ISC
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 421

id_vars_exact_compare
Dakota, 159

import_points
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445

inactiveVarsCompsTotals
Dakota::SharedVariablesDataRep, 955

increment_grid_from_order
Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos, 772

increment_grid_preference
Dakota::NonDCubature, 712

increment_order_and_grid
Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos, 772

increment_order_from_grid
Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos, 773

increment_parallel_configuration
Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 834

increment_reference
Dakota::NonDCubature, 713

increment_specification_sequence
Dakota::NonDExpansion, 721

Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos, 772

init_communicators
Dakota::Model, 643

Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 835

init_communicators_checks
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 371

Dakota::DirectApplicInterface, 499

Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 871

Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 996

init_default_asv
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 372

init_iterator
Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 587

init_mpi_comm
Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 834

init_preferred_env_path
Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1034

init_serial
Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 369

Dakota::Model, 643

init_startup_path
Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1034

initial_points
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 595

initial_taylor_series
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 760

initialize
Dakota::NonDAdaptImpSampling, 698, 699

Dakota::RecastModel, 893

Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1031

initialize_class_data
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 760

initialize_export
Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445

initialize_final_statistics
Dakota::NonD, 694

initialize_graphics
Dakota::Iterator, 580

initialize_grid
Dakota::NonDQuadrature, 776

initialize_h
Dakota::Model, 645

initialize_level_data
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 760
initialize_mpp_search_data
   Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 761
initialize_random_variable_parameters
   Dakota::NonD, 693
initialize_random_variable_types
   Dakota::NonD, 692
initialize_random_variables
   Dakota::NonD, 692
initialize_run
   Dakota::Analyzer, 359
   Dakota::Iterator, 579
   Dakota::LeastSq, 598
   Dakota::Minimizer, 611
   Dakota::NonD, 693
   Dakota::Optimizer, 814
initialize_scaling
   Dakota::ScalingModel, 921
initialize_variables_and_constraints
   Dakota::APPSOptimizer, 394
insert
   Dakota::ResultsDBAny, 909
intCntlParmArray
   Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 506
Interface, 561
   Dakota::Interface, 568
interface_id
   Dakota::Model, 642
isReadyForWork
   Dakota::APPSEvalMgr, 391
Iterator, 570
   Dakota::Iterator, 577, 578
IteratorScheduler, 584
   Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 587
JEGAOptimizer, 590
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 592
JEGAOptimizer.cpp, 1040
JEGAOptimizer.hpp, 1041
JEGAOptimizer::Driver, 507
JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 523
JEGAOptimizer::EvaluatorCreator, 528

kw_1
   Dakota, 162, 257
kw_10
   Dakota, 164, 258
kw_100
   Dakota, 181, 275
kw_101
   Dakota, 182, 275

kw_102
   Dakota, 182, 275
kw_103
   Dakota, 182, 275
kw_104
   Dakota, 182, 275
kw_105
   Dakota, 183, 276
kw_106
   Dakota, 183, 276
kw_107
   Dakota, 183, 276
kw_108
   Dakota, 184, 276
kw_109
   Dakota, 184, 276
kw_11
   Dakota, 164, 258
kw_110
   Dakota, 184, 277
kw_111
   Dakota, 184, 277
kw_112
   Dakota, 184, 277
kw_113
   Dakota, 185, 277
kw_114
   Dakota, 185, 277
kw_115
   Dakota, 185, 278
kw_116
   Dakota, 186, 278
kw_117
   Dakota, 186, 278
kw_118
   Dakota, 186, 278
kw_119
   Dakota, 187, 278
kw_12
   Dakota, 164, 258
kw_120
   Dakota, 187, 278
kw_121
   Dakota, 188, 279
kw_122
   Dakota, 188, 279
kw_123
   Dakota, 188, 279
kw_124
Dakota, 188, 279
kw_125
Dakota, 189, 279
kw_126
Dakota, 189, 280
kw_127
Dakota, 190, 280
kw_128
Dakota, 190, 280
kw_129
Dakota, 190, 280
kw_13
Dakota, 164, 259
kw_130
Dakota, 190, 281
kw_131
Dakota, 190, 281
kw_132
Dakota, 191, 281
kw_133
Dakota, 191, 281
kw_134
Dakota, 191, 282
kw_135
Dakota, 191, 282
kw_136
Dakota, 192, 282
kw_137
Dakota, 192, 282
kw_138
Dakota, 192, 283
kw_139
Dakota, 192, 283
kw_14
Dakota, 165, 259
kw_140
Dakota, 193, 283
kw_141
Dakota, 193, 283
kw_142
Dakota, 193, 283
kw_143
Dakota, 193, 284
kw_144
Dakota, 193, 284
kw_145
Dakota, 193, 284
kw_146
Dakota, 194, 284
kw_147
Dakota, 194, 284
kw_148
Dakota, 194, 285
kw_149
Dakota, 194, 285
kw_15
Dakota, 194, 285
kw_150
Dakota, 165, 259
kw_151
Dakota, 194, 285
kw_152
Dakota, 195, 285
kw_153
Dakota, 195, 286
kw_154
Dakota, 195, 286
kw_155
Dakota, 195, 286
kw_156
Dakota, 195, 286
kw_157
Dakota, 196, 286
kw_158
Dakota, 196, 287
kw_159
Dakota, 196, 287
kw_16
Dakota, 165, 259
kw_160
Dakota, 196, 287
kw_161
Dakota, 197, 287
kw_162
Dakota, 197, 287
kw_163
Dakota, 197, 287
kw_164
Dakota, 197, 288
kw_165
Dakota, 197, 288
kw_166
Dakota, 198, 288
kw_167
Dakota, 198, 288
kw_168
Dakota, 198, 288
kw_169
INDEX

Dakota, 198, 289
kw_17
  Dakota, 165, 259
kw_170
  Dakota, 198, 289
kw_171
  Dakota, 199, 289
kw_172
  Dakota, 199, 289
kw_173
  Dakota, 199, 289
kw_174
  Dakota, 199, 289
kw_175
  Dakota, 199, 290
kw_176
  Dakota, 199, 290
kw_177
  Dakota, 200, 290
kw_178
  Dakota, 200, 290
kw_179
  Dakota, 200, 290
kw_18
  Dakota, 165, 260
kw_180
  Dakota, 200, 290
kw_181
  Dakota, 200, 291
kw_182
  Dakota, 201, 291
kw_183
  Dakota, 201, 291
kw_184
  Dakota, 201, 291
kw_185
  Dakota, 201, 291
kw_186
  Dakota, 201, 291
kw_187
  Dakota, 202, 292
kw_188
  Dakota, 202, 292
kw_189
  Dakota, 202, 292
kw_19
  Dakota, 166, 260
kw_190
  Dakota, 202, 292
kw_191
  Dakota, 203, 292
kw_192
  Dakota, 203, 293
kw_193
  Dakota, 203, 293
kw_194
  Dakota, 203, 293
kw_195
  Dakota, 203, 293
kw_196
  Dakota, 204, 293
kw_197
  Dakota, 204, 293
kw_198
  Dakota, 204, 294
kw_199
  Dakota, 204, 294
kw_2
  Dakota, 162, 257
kw_20
  Dakota, 166, 260
kw_200
  Dakota, 204, 294
kw_201
  Dakota, 204, 294
kw_202
  Dakota, 205, 294
kw_203
  Dakota, 205, 295
kw_204
  Dakota, 205, 295
kw_205
  Dakota, 205, 295
kw_206
  Dakota, 205, 295
kw_207
  Dakota, 205, 295
kw_208
  Dakota, 206, 295
kw_209
  Dakota, 206, 296
kw_21
  Dakota, 167, 260
kw_210
  Dakota, 206, 296
kw_211
  Dakota, 206, 296
kw_212
Dakota, 207, 296
Dakota, 207, 296
Dakota, 207, 297
Dakota, 207, 297
Dakota, 207, 297
Dakota, 207, 297
Dakota, 208, 297
Dakota, 208, 297
Dakota, 208, 297
Dakota, 208, 298
Dakota, 167, 261
Dakota, 208, 298
Dakota, 208, 298
Dakota, 209, 298
Dakota, 209, 299
Dakota, 209, 299
Dakota, 210, 299
Dakota, 210, 299
Dakota, 210, 299
Dakota, 210, 300
Dakota, 210, 300
Dakota, 167, 261
Dakota, 211, 300
Dakota, 211, 300
Dakota, 211, 300
Dakota, 212, 300
Dakota, 212, 300
kw_235
Dakota, 212, 301
kw_236
Dakota, 212, 301
kw_237
Dakota, 212, 301
kw_238
Dakota, 213, 301
kw_239
Dakota, 213, 302
kw_24
Dakota, 167, 261
kw_240
Dakota, 213, 302
kw_241
Dakota, 213, 302
kw_242
Dakota, 213, 302
kw_243
Dakota, 213, 303
kw_244
Dakota, 213, 303
kw_245
Dakota, 214, 303
kw_246
Dakota, 214, 303
kw_247
Dakota, 214, 303
kw_248
Dakota, 214, 304
kw_249
Dakota, 214, 304
kw_25
Dakota, 167, 261
kw_250
Dakota, 215, 304
kw_251
Dakota, 215, 304
kw_252
Dakota, 215, 304
kw_253
Dakota, 216, 304
kw_254
Dakota, 216, 305
kw_255
Dakota, 216, 305
kw_256
Dakota, 216, 305
kw_257
INDEX

Dakota, 216, 305
kw_258
Dakota, 217, 305
kw_259
Dakota, 217, 305
kw_26
Dakota, 167, 261
kw_260
Dakota, 217, 306
kw_261
Dakota, 217, 306
kw_262
Dakota, 217, 306
kw_263
Dakota, 217, 306
kw_264
Dakota, 306
kw_265
Dakota, 218, 307
kw_266
Dakota, 218, 307
kw_267
Dakota, 218, 307
kw_268
Dakota, 218, 307
kw_269
Dakota, 218, 307
kw_27
Dakota, 168, 261
kw_270
Dakota, 219, 308
kw_271
Dakota, 219, 308
kw_272
Dakota, 219, 308
kw_273
Dakota, 219, 308
kw_274
Dakota, 219, 308
kw_275
Dakota, 220, 309
kw_276
Dakota, 220, 309
kw_277
Dakota, 220, 309
kw_278
Dakota, 220, 309
kw_279
Dakota, 221, 309
kw_28
Dakota, 168, 262
kw_280
Dakota, 221, 310
kw_281
Dakota, 221, 310
kw_282
Dakota, 221, 310
kw_283
Dakota, 221, 310
kw_284
Dakota, 221, 311
kw_285
Dakota, 222, 311
kw_286
Dakota, 222, 311
kw_287
Dakota, 311
kw_288
Dakota, 222, 311
kw_289
Dakota, 222, 311
kw_29
Dakota, 168, 262
kw_290
Dakota, 223, 312
kw_291
Dakota, 223, 312
kw_292
Dakota, 223, 312
kw_293
Dakota, 223, 312
kw_294
Dakota, 224, 312
kw_295
Dakota, 224, 313
kw_296
Dakota, 224, 313
kw_297
Dakota, 224, 313
kw_298
Dakota, 225, 313
kw_299
Dakota, 225, 313
kw_3
Dakota, 163, 257
kw_30
Dakota, 168, 262
kw_300
Dakota, 225, 313
kw_301
Dakota, 225, 314
kw_302
Dakota, 226, 314
kw_303
Dakota, 226, 314
kw_304
Dakota, 226, 314
kw_305
Dakota, 226, 315
kw_306
Dakota, 226, 315
kw_307
Dakota, 227, 315
kw_308
Dakota, 227, 316
kw_309
Dakota, 228, 316
kw_31
Dakota, 168, 262
kw_310
Dakota, 228, 316
kw_311
Dakota, 228, 316
kw_312
Dakota, 228, 316
kw_313
Dakota, 228, 317
kw_314
Dakota, 229, 317
kw_315
Dakota, 229, 317
kw_316
Dakota, 317
kw_317
Dakota, 229, 317
kw_318
Dakota, 230, 318
kw_319
Dakota, 230, 318
kw_32
Dakota, 169, 262
kw_320
Dakota, 230, 318
kw_321
Dakota, 230, 318
kw_322
Dakota, 230, 318
kw_323
Dakota, 231, 318
kw_324
Dakota, 231, 319
kw_325
Dakota, 231, 319
kw_326
Dakota, 231, 319
kw_327
Dakota, 231, 319
kw_328
Dakota, 232, 320
kw_329
Dakota, 232, 320
kw_33
Dakota, 169, 262
kw_330
Dakota, 232, 320
kw_331
Dakota, 232, 320
kw_332
Dakota, 232, 321
kw_333
Dakota, 232
kw_334
Dakota, 233, 321
kw_335
Dakota, 233, 321
kw_336
Dakota, 233, 321
kw_337
Dakota, 233, 321
kw_338
Dakota, 233, 322
kw_339
Dakota, 234, 322
kw_34
Dakota, 169, 263
kw_340
Dakota, 234, 322
kw_341
Dakota, 234, 322
kw_342
Dakota, 234, 322
kw_343
Dakota, 234, 322
kw_344
Dakota, 234, 323
kw_345
INDEX

Dakota, 235, 323
kw_346
Dakota, 235, 323
kw_347
Dakota, 235, 323
kw_348
Dakota, 235, 323
kw_349
Dakota, 235, 323
kw_35
Dakota, 169, 263
kw_350
Dakota, 235, 324
kw_351
Dakota, 236, 324
kw_352
Dakota, 236, 324
kw_353
Dakota, 236, 324
kw_354
Dakota, 236, 324
kw_355
Dakota, 236, 325
kw_356
Dakota, 236, 325
kw_357
Dakota, 237, 325
kw_358
Dakota, 237, 325
kw_359
Dakota, 237, 325
kw_36
Dakota, 169, 263
kw_360
Dakota, 238, 325
kw_361
Dakota, 238, 326
kw_362
Dakota, 238, 326
kw_363
Dakota, 238, 326
kw_364
Dakota, 239, 326
kw_365
Dakota, 239, 326
kw_366
Dakota, 239, 326
kw_367
Dakota, 239, 327
kw_368
Dakota, 239, 327
kw_369
Dakota, 240, 327
kw_37
Dakota, 169, 263
kw_370
Dakota, 240, 327
kw_371
Dakota, 240, 327
kw_372
Dakota, 240, 328
kw_373
Dakota, 241, 328
kw_374
Dakota, 241, 328
kw_375
Dakota, 241, 328
kw_376
Dakota, 242, 329
kw_377
Dakota, 242, 329
kw_378
Dakota, 242, 329
kw_379
Dakota, 242, 329
kw_38
Dakota, 170, 263
kw_380
Dakota, 242, 329
kw_381
Dakota, 243, 329
kw_382
Dakota, 243, 330
kw_383
Dakota, 243, 330
kw_384
Dakota, 244, 330
kw_385
Dakota, 244, 330
kw_386
Dakota, 244, 330
kw_387
Dakota, 244, 331
kw_388
Dakota, 244, 331
kw_389
Dakota, 245, 331
kw_39
Dakota, 170, 263
kw_390
Dakota, 245, 331
kw_391
Dakota, 245, 332
kw_392
Dakota, 246, 332
kw_393
Dakota, 246, 332
kw_394
Dakota, 248, 332
kw_395
Dakota, 247, 333
kw_396
Dakota, 247, 333
kw_397
Dakota, 247, 333
kw_398
Dakota, 247, 333
kw_399
Dakota, 248, 333
kw_4
Dakota, 163, 257
kw_40
Dakota, 170, 264
kw_400
Dakota, 248, 333
kw_401
Dakota, 248, 334
kw_402
Dakota, 248, 334
kw_403
Dakota, 248, 334
kw_404
Dakota, 249, 334
kw_405
Dakota, 249, 335
kw_406
Dakota, 249, 335
kw_407
Dakota, 249, 335
kw_408
Dakota, 250, 335
kw_409
Dakota, 250, 336
kw_41
Dakota, 170, 264
kw_410
Dakota, 250, 336
kw_411
Dakota, 250, 336
kw_412
Dakota, 251, 336
kw_413
Dakota, 251, 337
kw_414
Dakota, 251, 337
kw_415
Dakota, 251, 337
kw_416
Dakota, 252, 337
kw_417
Dakota, 252, 338
kw_418
Dakota, 252, 338
kw_419
Dakota, 252, 338
kw_42
Dakota, 252, 338
kw_420
Dakota, 253, 338
kw_421
Dakota, 253, 338
kw_422
Dakota, 253, 339
kw_423
Dakota, 253, 339
kw_424
Dakota, 254, 339
kw_425
Dakota, 254, 339
kw_426
Dakota, 254, 340
kw_427
Dakota, 254, 340
kw_428
Dakota, 254, 340
kw_429
Dakota, 255, 340
kw_43
Dakota, 255, 340
kw_430
Dakota, 255, 341
kw_431
Dakota, 255, 341
kw_432
Dakota, 256, 341
kw_433
Dakota, 256, 341
kw_434
  Dakota, 341
kw_435
  Dakota, 256, 342
kw_436
  Dakota, 342
kw_437
  Dakota, 342
kw_438
  Dakota, 342
kw_439
  Dakota, 343
kw_44
  Dakota, 171, 264
kw_440
  Dakota, 343
kw_441
  Dakota, 343
kw_442
  Dakota, 343
kw_443
  Dakota, 343
kw_444
  Dakota, 344
kw_445
  Dakota, 344
kw_446
  Dakota, 344
kw_447
  Dakota, 344
kw_448
  Dakota, 345
kw_449
  Dakota, 345
kw_45
  Dakota, 171, 265
kw_450
  Dakota, 345
kw_451
  Dakota, 345
kw_453
  Dakota, 346
kw_46
  Dakota, 172, 265
kw_47
  Dakota, 172, 265
kw_48
  Dakota, 172, 265
kw_49
  Dakota, 172, 266
kw_5
  Dakota, 163, 257
kw_50
  Dakota, 172, 266
kw_51
  Dakota, 173, 266
kw_52
  Dakota, 173, 266
kw_53
  Dakota, 173, 266
kw_54
  Dakota, 173, 267
kw_55
  Dakota, 173, 267
kw_56
  Dakota, 173, 267
kw_57
  Dakota, 174, 267
kw_58
  Dakota, 174, 267
kw_59
  Dakota, 174, 267
kw_6
  Dakota, 163, 257
kw_60
  Dakota, 174, 268
kw_61
  Dakota, 174, 268
kw_62
  Dakota, 175, 268
kw_63
  Dakota, 175, 268
kw_64
  Dakota, 175, 268
kw_65
  Dakota, 175, 268
kw_66
  Dakota, 175, 269
kw_67
  Dakota, 175, 269
kw_68
  Dakota, 176, 269
kw_69
  Dakota, 176, 269
kw_7
  Dakota, 163, 258
kw_70
Dakota::ExperimentData, 537
load_parameters
   Dakota::NomadOptimizer, 684
LoadAlgorithmConfig
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 592
LoadDakotaResponses
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 592
LoadProblemConfig
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 593
LoadTheConstraints
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 593
LoadTheDesignVariables
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 593
LoadTheObjectiveFunctions
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 593
LoadTheParameterDatabase
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 592
local_eval_concurrency
   Dakota::Model, 642
   Dakota::NestedModel, 663
local_eval_synchronization
   Dakota::Model, 641
   Dakota::NestedModel, 663
local_recast_retrieve
   Dakota::Minimizer, 613
log_likelihood
   Dakota::NonDBayesCalibration, 708
logitTransform
   Dakota::NonDQUESTBayesCalibration, 782
lookup_by_val
   Dakota, 159, 160
MPIManager, 648
MPIPackBuffer, 649
MPIUnpackBuffer, 651
MS1
   Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
main
   library_mode.cpp, 1044
   main.cpp, 1046
   restart_util.cpp, 1047
main.cpp, 1045
fpinit_ASL, 1046
main, 1046
make_variable_defaults
   Dakota::NIDRProblemDescDB, 671
manage_asv
   Dakota::Model, 646
manage_data_recastings
   Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 445
manage_linear_constraints
   Dakota::Constrained, 431
MandatoryValue
   Dakota::GetLongOpt, 552
map
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 369
map_domain
   Dakota::COLINApplication, 403
map_xi_to_x
   Dakota::EfficientSubspaceMethod, 515
master_dynamic_schedule_analyses
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 371
master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 373
master_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 374
master_dynamic_schedule_iterators
   Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 589
MatchesWC, 602
matlab_engine_run
   Dakota::MatlabInterface, 604
MatlabInterface, 603
maxEvalConcurrency
   Dakota::Iterator, 583
mc_api_run
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1008
MetaIterator, 604
mi_parallel_level
   Dakota::ParallelConfiguration, 822
mi_parallel_level_iterator
   Dakota::ParallelConfiguration, 822
mindist
   Dakota, 158
mindistindx
   Dakota, 158
minimize_residuals
   Dakota::NL2SOLLeastSq, 675
minimize_surrogates
   Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 983
Minimizer, 606
   Dakota::Minimizer, 610
MixedVarConstraints, 614
   Dakota::MixedVarConstraints, 614
MixedVariables, 615
   Dakota::MixedVariables, 616
mode_counts
   Dakota::NonDSampling, 795
Model, 617
   Dakota::Model, 639
modify_n2s
  Dakota::ScalingModel, 922
modify_s2n
  Dakota::ScalingModel, 922
mpi_debug_hold
  Dakota, 156

N1
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 419
N2
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 419
N3
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 419
N4
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 419
N5
  Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 419
NCSUOptimizer, 653
  Dakota::NCSUOptimizer, 655
NIDRProblemDescDB, 667
NL2Res, 672
NL2SOLLeastSq, 672
NLPLQPOptimizer, 675
NLSSOLLeastSq, 680
  Dakota::NLSSOLLeastSq, 681
NPSOLOptimizer, 806
  Dakota::NPSOLOptimizer, 808
NUMBER_OF_FIELDS
  Dakota, 162
Name
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 525
need_resp_trans_byvars
  Dakota::ScalingModel, 922
neg_log_post_resp_mapping
  Dakota::NonDBayesCalibration, 708
NestedModel, 656
new_dataset
  Dakota::Graphics, 555
nlf0_evaluator
  Dakota::SNLLOptimizer, 969
nlf1_evaluator
  Dakota::SNLLOptimizer, 969
nlf2_evaluator
  Dakota::SNLLOptimizer, 969
nlf2_evaluator_gn
  Dakota::SNLLeastSq, 963
NoDBaseConstructor, 681
NomadOptimizer, 682
  Dakota::NomadOptimizer, 684
NomadOptimizer::Evaluator, 521
NonD, 684
NonDAdaptImpSampling, 695
  Dakota::NonDAdaptImpSampling, 698
NonDAdaptiveSampling, 699
  Dakota::NonDAdaptiveSampling, 704
NonDBayesCalibration, 704
  Dakota::NonDBayesCalibration, 707
NonDCalibration, 709
  Dakota::NonDCalibration, 710
NonDCubature, 711
  Dakota::NonDCubature, 712
NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 713
  Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 715
NonDExpansion, 716
NonDGPImpSampling, 731
  Dakota::NonDGPImpSampling, 733
NonDGPMASBayesCalibration, 734
  Dakota::NonDGPMASBayesCalibration, 736
  nonDGPMASInstance
    Dakota::NonDGPMASBayesCalibration, 736
    NonDGGlobalEvidence, 723
    NonDGGlobalInterval, 724
    NonDGGlobalReliability, 727
    NonDGGlobalSingleInterval, 730
    NonDIncrementLHSSampling, 736
      Dakota::NonDIncrementLHSSampling, 738
    NonDIntegration, 739
      Dakota::NonDIntegration, 740, 741
    NonDInterval, 741
    NonDLHSEvidence, 743
    NonDLHSInterval, 744
    NonDLHSSampling, 746
      Dakota::NonDLHSSampling, 747, 748
    NonDLHSSingleInterval, 748
    NonDLocalEvidence, 750
    NonDLocalInterval, 751
    NonDLocalReliability, 753
    NonDLocalSingleInterval, 763
    NonDMultilevelSampling, 764
      Dakota::NonDMultilevelSampling, 765
    NonDPOFDarts, 766
    NonDPolynomialChaos, 768
      Dakota::NonDPolynomialChaos, 771, 772
    NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 777
      Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 781
    NonDQuadrature, 773
      Dakota::NonDQuadrature, 776
    NonDRKDDarts, 784
    NonDReliability, 783
NonDSampling, 787
Dakota::NonDSampling, 791, 792
NonDSparseGrid, 795
Dakota::NonDSparseGrid, 797
NonDStochCollocation, 798
Dakota::NonDStochCollocation, 799
NonDWASABIBayesCalibration, 800
Dakota::NonDWASABIBayesCalibration, 803
NonlinearCGOptimizer, 803
num_samples
Dakota::Analyzer, 359
Dakota::DDACEDesignCompExp, 495
Dakota::FSUDesignCompExp, 544
Dakota::NonDCubature, 713
Dakota::NonDQuadrature, 777
Dakota::NonDSampling, 792
Dakota::NonDSparseGrid, 798
Dakota::PSUADEDesignCompExp, 882
objective
Dakota::Minimizer, 612
objective_eval
Dakota::NCSUOptimizer, 656
objective_gradient
Dakota::Minimizer, 612
objective_hessian
Dakota::Minimizer, 613
objective_reduction
Dakota::Optimizer, 815
operator<<
Dakota::CommandLineHandler, 410
OutputManager, 816
Dakota::OutputManager, 818
OutputWriter, 819
operator=
Dakota::BootstrapSampler, 396
Dakota::BootstrapSampler<Teuchos::SerialDenseMatrix<OrdinalType, ScalarType>>, 397
Dakota::LabelsWriter, 596
Dakota::TabularReader, 999
Dakota::TabularWriter, 999
operator=
Dakota::Approximation, 382
Dakota::Constraints, 430
Dakota::Environment, 520
Dakota::Interface, 569
Dakota::Iterator, 579
Dakota::Model, 640
Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 863
Dakota::SharedApproxData, 936
operator==
Dakota, 156, 159
OptDartsOptimizer, 809
OptType
Dakota::GetLongOpt, 552
Optimizer, 811
OptionalValue
Dakota::GetLongOpt, 552
output_helper
Dakota::CommandLineHandler, 410
OutputManager, 816
Dakota::OutputManager, 818
OutputWriter, 819
PMA2_constraint_eval
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 759
PMA_constraint_eval
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 759
PMA_objective_eval
Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 759
PRPMultiIndexCache
Dakota, 155
PRPMultiIndexQueue
Dakota, 155
PSUADEDesignCompExp, 880
Dakota::PSUADEDesignCompExp, 882
PStudyDACE, 878
parallel_input
library_mode.cpp, 1044
parallel_interface_plugin
library_mode.cpp, 1043
ParallelConfiguration, 820
ParallelDirectApplicInterface, 822
ParallelLevel, 823
ParallelLibrary, 826
Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 833
ParamResponsePair, 835
Dakota::ParamResponsePair, 838
ParamStudy, 839
parse
Dakota::Environment, 521
Dakota::GetLongOpt, 553
parse_inputs
Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 863
parse_sigma_types
Dakota::ExperimentData, 537
partial_prp_equality, 844
partial_prp_hash, 844
partition
Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 589
PebbldBranchSub, 846
Dakota::PebbldBranchSub, 848
PebbldBranching, 845
Dakota::PebbldBranching, 846
PebbldMinimizer, 848
Dakota::PebbldMinimizer, 849
PecosApproximation, 850
peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 373
peer_dynamic_schedule_evaluations_nowait
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 375
peer_static_schedule_evaluations
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 373
penaltyMerit
   Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 990
perform_analysis
   Dakota, 158
perform_evaluation_impl
   Dakota::COLINApplication, 402
PerformIterations
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Driver, 508
po_which
   Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1033
poly_prod
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1006
pop
   Dakota::Approximation, 382
   Dakota::PecosApproximation, 854
pop_approximation
   Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 388
pop_output_tag
   Dakota::OutputManager, 818
post_process
   Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 864
post_run
   Dakota::Analyzer, 360
   Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 407
   Dakota::DDACEDesignCompExp, 494
   Dakota::FSUDesignCompExp, 544
   Dakota::Iterator, 579
   Dakota::LeastSq, 598
   Dakota::MetaIterator, 606
   Dakota::Minimizer, 611
   Dakota::NonDRKDarts, 787
   Dakota::Optimizer, 814
   Dakota::ParamStudy, 843
   Dakota::PSUADesignCompExp, 882
   Dakota::SNLLLeastSq, 963
pre_output
   Dakota::Analyzer, 360
pre_run
   Dakota::ConcurrentMetaIterator, 414
Dakota::DDACEDesignCompExp, 494
Dakota::FSUDesignCompExp, 544
Dakota::Iterator, 579
Dakota::NonDRKDarts, 787
Dakota::ParamStudy, 842
Dakota::PSUADesignCompExp, 882
prepare_process_environment
   Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 868
prepend_path_item
   Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1033
prepend_preferred_env_path
   Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1031
primaryrespReducer
   Dakota::Optimizer, 815
primaryresp_weighter
   Dakota::LeastSq, 599
print_level_map
   Dakota::NonD, 695
print_level_mappings
   Dakota::NonD, 693
print_restart
   Dakota, 160
print_restart_pdb
   Dakota, 160
print_restart_tabular
   Dakota, 160
print_results
   Dakota::Analyzer, 360
   Dakota::ConcurrentMetaIterator, 414
   Dakota::Iterator, 580
   Dakota::LeastSq, 599
   Dakota::NonD, 693
   Dakota::NonDWSABIBayesCalibration, 803
   Dakota::Optimizer, 814
   Dakota::PebbldMinimizer, 850
   Dakota::PSStudyDAECE, 879
   Dakota::RichExtrapVerification, 916
   Dakota::SeqHybridMetaIterator, 929
   Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 988
   Dakota::Verification, 1023
print_sobol_indices
   Dakota::Analyzer, 362
printControl
   Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 418
   Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 506
prior_density
   Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 715
prior_proposal_covariance
   Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 782
prior_sample
INDEX

Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 716
probDescDB
  Dakota::Iterator, 583
  Dakota::Model, 647
probability
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 762
problem_size
  Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 715
problem_value
  Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 715
ProblemDescDB, 855
  Dakota::ProblemDescDB, 863
ProcessApplicInterface, 865
ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 869
  Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 871
ProgramOptions, 873
push_output_tag
  Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 834
python_convert_int
  Dakota::PythonInterface, 884
PythonInterface, 883
quantify_uncertainty
  Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 716
  Dakota::NonDGImpSampling, 733
  Dakota::NonDGPMSABayesCalibration, 736
  Dakota::NonDIncremLHSSampling, 738
  Dakota::NonDLHSSampling, 748
  Dakota::NonDMultilevelSampling, 765
  Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 781
  Dakota::NonDRKDDarts, 787
  Dakota::NonDSampling, 792
  Dakota::NonDWASABIBayesCalibration, 803
QuesoJointPdf
  Dakota::QuesoJointPdf, 885
QuesoJointPdf< V, M >, 884
QuesoVectorRV
  Dakota::QuesoVectorRV, 886
QuesoVectorRV< V, M >, 885
RIA.constraint_eval
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 758
RIA.objective_eval
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 758
rawResponseMap
  Dakota::Interface, 570
read
  Dakota::ParamResponsePair, 838
read_challenge_points
  Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 389
read_core
  Dakota::MixedVariables, 616
  Dakota::RelaxedVariables, 898
read_neutral
  Dakota, 161
read_results_file
  Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 869
read_tabular
  Dakota::MixedVariables, 616
  Dakota::RelaxedVariables, 898
read_variables_responses
  Dakota::Analyzer, 361
realCntlParmArray
  Dakota::DOTOptimizer, 506
rebuild
  Dakota::Approximation, 382
  Dakota::PecosApproximation, 854
 rebuilding_approximation
  Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 388
RecastModel, 886
  Dakota::RecastModel, 892
RecordResponses
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 526
recover_model
  Dakota::ExperimentData, 535
recursive_copy
  Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1033
recv
  Dakota::APPSEvalMgr, 392
reduce_model
  Dakota::Optimizer, 815
reduced_space_uq
  Dakota::EfficientSubspaceMethod, 514
ReducedBasis, 895
register_signal Handlers
  Dakota, 156
RelaxedVarConstraints, 895
  Dakota::RelaxedVarConstraints, 896
RelaxedVariables, 897
  Dakota::RelaxedVariables, 898
repair_restart
  Dakota, 161
requestVector
  Dakota::ActiveSet, 355
reset_process_environment
  Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 869
reshape
  Dakota::Constraints, 431
residuals_per_multiplier
Dakota::ExperimentData, 536
resize_best_resp_array
Dakota::Minimizer, 613
resize_best_vars_array
Dakota::Minimizer, 613
resolve_inputs
Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 835
resolve_samples_symbols
Dakota::DDACEDesignCompExp, 495
Response, 899
response_mapping
Dakota::Interface, 569
Dakota::NestedModel, 666
response_modify_n2s
Dakota::ScalingModel, 922
response_modify_s2n
Dakota::ScalingModel, 923
responseMode
Dakota::SurrogateModel, 994
restart_util.cpp, 1046
main, 1047
RestartWriter, 906
restore
Dakota::Approximation, 383
Dakota::PecosApproximation, 854
restore_approximation
Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 389
ResultsDBAny, 907
ResultsEntry
Dakota::ResultsEntry, 910
ResultsEntry<StoredType>, 909
ResultsFileError, 910
ResultsID, 911
ResultsManager, 912
ResultsNames, 914
retrieve
Dakota::GetLongOpt, 553
returns_multiple_points
Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 406
Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 595
RichExtrapVerification, 915
run
Dakota::Iterator, 581
run_dakota_data
library_mode.cpp, 1042
run_dakota_mixed
library_mode.cpp, 1043
run_dakota_parse
library_mode.cpp, 1042
run_iterator
Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 588
run_sequential
Dakota::SeqHybridMetaIterator, 930
run_sequential_adaptive
Dakota::SeqHybridMetaIterator, 930
S
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 420
SUBMETHOD_COLLABORATIVE
Dakota, 155
SCAL
Dakota::CONMINOptimizer, 421
SCI_FIELD_NAMES
Dakota, 351
SIM, 352
SIM::ParallelDirectApplicInterface
test_local_evaluations, 823
SIM::SerialDirectApplicInterface
test_local_evaluations, 932
SNLLBase, 959
SNLLLeastSq, 961
SNLOptimizer, 964
Dakota::SNLOptimizer, 968, 969
SOLBase, 971
sample_likelihood
Dakota::NonDDREAMBayesCalibration, 716
sample_to_variables
Dakota::Analyzer, 359
sampling_reset
Dakota::NonDCubature, 712
Dakota::NonDQuadrature, 776
Dakota::NonDSampling, 793
Dakota::NonDSparseGrid, 798
scale_model
Dakota::Minimizer, 612
cscale_residuals
Dakota::ExperimentData, 536
cscaleModelInstance
Dakota::ScalingModel, 923
ScalingModel, 917
Dakota::ScalingModel, 920
ScalingOptions, 923
schedule_iterators
Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 589
ScilabInterface, 924
secondary_resp_scaler
Dakota::ScalingModel, 921
send_data_using_get
Dakota::TrackerHTTP, 1010
send_data_using_post
   Dakota::TrackerHTTP, 1010
SensAnalysisGlobal, 925
separable_combine
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1008
SeparateVariables
   Dakota::JEGAOptimizer::Evaluator, 525
SeqHybridMetaIterator, 927
serial_input
   library_mode.cpp, 1044
serial_interface_plugin
   library_mode.cpp, 1043
SerialDirectApplicInterface, 930
serve_analyses_asynch
   Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 872
serve_analyses_sync
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 372
serve_evaluations
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 371
serve_evaluations_asynch
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 376
serve_evaluations_asynch_peer
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 376
serve_evaluations_sync
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 375
serve_evaluations_sync_peer
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 376
serve_iterators
   Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 589
set_apps_parameters
   Dakota::APPSOptimizer, 394
set_communicators_checks
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 371
   Dakota::DirectApplicInterface, 499
   Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 871
   Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 996
set_compare
   Dakota, 159
set_ip_options
   Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 782
set_iterator
   Dakota::IteratorScheduler, 587
set_mapping
   Dakota::DataTransformModel, 476
set_preferred_path
   Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1033
set_problem
   Dakota::COLINApplication, 402
set_rng
   Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 406
set_solver_parameters
   Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 406
set_u_to_x_mapping
   Dakota::NonD, 695
shape
   Dakota::Constraints, 431
SharedApproxData, 932
   Dakota::SharedApproxData, 935, 936
SharedPecosApproxData, 937
SharedResponseData, 939
SharedResponseDataRep, 942
SharedSurfpackApproxData, 944
   Dakota::SharedSurfpackApproxData, 945
SharedVariablesData, 945
SharedVariablesDataRep, 951
shubert1D
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1008
SimulationResponse, 956
SingleModel, 957
smooth_herbie
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1008
smooth_herbie1D
   Dakota::TestDriverInterface, 1007
solver_setup
   Dakota::COLINOptimizer, 406
spawn_analysis_to_shell
   Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 997
spawn_evaluation_impl
   Dakota::COLINApplication, 402
spawn_evaluation_to_shell
   Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 997
spawn_input_filter_to_shell
   Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 997
spawn_output_filter_to_shell
   Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 997
SpawnApplicInterface, 973
split_filenames
   Dakota::ProgramOptions, 878
splitWildcard
   Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1032
start_dakota_heartbeat
   Dakota, 159
start_grid_computing
   Dakota, 158
stop_evaluation_servers
   Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 371
stop_grid_computing
   Dakota, 158
INDEX

subModel
  Dakota::NestedModel, 666
submit
  Dakota::APPSEvalMgr, 391
subordinate_iterator
  Dakota::Model, 640
subordinate_model
  Dakota::Model, 640
subordinate_models
  Dakota::Model, 643
SurfpackApproximation, 974
  Dakota::SurfpackApproximation, 976
SurrBasedGlobalMinimizer, 978
SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 979
SurrBasedMinimizer, 986
surrogate_model
  Dakota::Model, 640
SurrogateModel, 990
surrogates_to_surf_data
  Dakota::SurfpackApproximation, 977
svd
  Dakota, 156
symmetric_eigenvalue_decomposition
  Dakota, 158
synch
  Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 370
synch_nowait
  Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 370
synchronize_derivatives
  Dakota::Model, 646
synchronous_local_analyses
  Dakota::ProcessApplicInterface, 868
synchronous_local_analysis
  Dakota::DirectApplicInterface, 499
  Dakota::GridApplicInterface, 557
  Dakota::ProcessHandleApplicInterface, 871
  Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 996
synchronous_local_evaluations
  Dakota::ApplicationInterface, 374
SysCallApplicInterface, 994
TANA3Approximation, 999
TabularDataTruncated, 998
TabularReader, 998
TabularWriter, 999
TaylorApproximation, 1001
terminate_modelcenter
  Dakota::ParallelLibrary, 834
test_local_evaluations
  Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 996
SIM::ParallelDirectApplicInterface, 823
SIM::SerialDirectApplicInterface, 932
TestDriverInterface, 1002
ToDoubleMatrix
  Dakota::JEGAOptimizer, 594
tokenize_env_path
  Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1034
tr_ratio_check
  Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 984
TrackerHTTP, 1009
trendOrder
  Dakota::GaussProcApproximation, 550
truth_model
  Dakota::Model, 641
uncertain_vars_to_subspace
  Dakota::EfficientSubspaceMethod, 514
update_actual_model
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 446
update_approximation
  Dakota::ApproximationInterface, 387
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 442, 443
update_augmented_lagrange_multipliers
  Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 989
update_filter
  Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 989
update_from_actual_model
  Dakota::DataFitSurrModel, 446
update_from_sub_model
  Dakota::RecastModel, 893
update_from_subordinate_model
  Dakota::Model, 641
update_lagrange_multipliers
  Dakota::SurrBasedMinimizer, 988
update_level_data
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 762
update_mpp_search_data
  Dakota::NonDLocalReliability, 761
update_penalty
  Dakota::SurrBasedLocalMinimizer, 984
update_quasi_hessians
  Dakota::Model, 641
update_response
  Dakota::Model, 646
usage
  Dakota::GetLongOpt, 554
UsageTracker, 1011
  Dakota::UsageTracker, 1012
useDerivs
  Dakota::NonDExpansion, 722
INDEX

user_proposal_covariance
    Dakota::NonDQUESOBayesCalibration, 782
uses_method
    Dakota::Iterator, 580

VLUncertainInt
    Dakota, 348
VLUncertainReal
    Dakota, 348
VLUncertainStr
    Dakota, 349
VLint, 1024
VLreal, 1024
VLstr, 1025
VPSApproximation, 1025
VPSInstance
    Dakota::VPSApproximation, 1029
VPSmodel_apply
    Dakota::VPSApproximation, 1028
Valueless
    Dakota::GetLongOpt, 552
Var_i_check, 1012
var_mp_cbound
    Dakota, 351
var_mp_check_cau
    Dakota, 349
var_mp_check_ceu
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_cv
    Dakota, 349
var_mp_check_dai
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_dau
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_daus
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_deui
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_deur
    Dakota, 351
var_mp_check_deus
    Dakota, 350
var_mp_check_dset
    Dakota, 349
var_mp_drange
    Dakota, 351
Var_r_check, 1012
Variables, 1013
variables_expand
    Dakota::DataTransformModel, 476
variables_scaler
    Dakota::ScalingModel, 921
variables_to_sample
    Dakota::Analyzer, 362
    Dakota::NonDSampling, 794
variablesCompsTotals
    Dakota::SharedVariablesDataRep, 955
variance_based_decomp
    Dakota::Analyzer, 361
vars_u_to_x_mapping
    Dakota::NonD, 694
vars_x_to_u_mapping
    Dakota::NonD, 694
Verification, 1022
view_aleatory_uncertain_counts
    Dakota::NonDSampling, 794
view_design_counts
    Dakota::NonDSampling, 794
view_epistemic_uncertain_counts
    Dakota::NonDSampling, 794
view_uncertain_counts
    Dakota::NonDSampling, 794
volumetric_quality
    Dakota::PStudyDACE, 879

wait_local_evaluations
    Dakota::SysCallApplicInterface, 996
weight_model
    Dakota::LeastSq, 599
which
    Dakota::WorkdirHelper, 1032
WorkdirHelper, 1029
write
    Dakota::ParamResponsePair, 838
write_ordered
    Dakota, 157